

Package ‘wildxing’

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Title An R package for the optimization of the positioning wildlife crossing structures
Version 0.0.0.9000
Description This package provides a series of functions to characterize the importance of linear features for wildlife movement and provide an algorithm to select optimal positioning of potential crossing structures.
Depends R (>= 3.3.2), sp, adehabitatLT
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Imports raster, rgdal, rgeos, Rsymphony

R topics documented:

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avg_inds	<i>Averaged intersection between multiple trajectories and segmented line</i>
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Description

Combined a list list of corriIntersects object to obtain population level averaged statistics regarding crossing count

Usage

```
avg_inds(SpLlst)
```

Arguments

SpLlst A list of animal trajectory of class lttraj containing multiple individuals

Value

A SpatialLinesDataFrame object

Examples

```
require(adehabitatLT)
x <- c(0,0)
y <- c(-6500000,-4500000)
t1<-SpatialLines(list(Lines(Line(cbind(x,y)), ID="a")))
t2<-SegmentSpL(t1, n.parts=20, merge.last=F)
data (albatross) #From package adehabitatLT
t3<-corriIntersects_All(albatross, t2)
t4<-avg_inds(t3)
```

corriIntersects	<i>Intersection between individual trajectory and segmented line</i>
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Description

Calculate summary statistics regarding frequency of intersections between an animal trajectory and a segmented SpatialLines object

Usage

```
corriIntersects(traj, corri, per_day = TRUE, plot = F)
```

Arguments

traj	An animal trajectory of class lttraj
corri	A segmented SpatialLines as returned bt function SegmentSpL
per_day	Specify if the number of crossing should be standardized over the time (in days) the animal was monitored or over the total number of locations, default=TRUE. Long gap in data should be identified as separate burst
plot	Whether a plot should be returned (default=F)

Value

A SpatialLinesDataFrame object

Examples

```
require(adehabitatLT)
x <- c(0,0)
y <- c(-6500000,-4500000)
t1<-SpatialLines(list(Lines(Line(cbind(x,y)), ID="a")))
t2<-SegmentSpl(t1, n.parts=20, merge.last=F)
data (albatross) #From package adehabitatLT
t3<-corriIntersects(albatross[3], t2, plot=T)
plot(ltraj2sldf(albatross[3]), add=T)
```

corriIntersects_All *Intersection between multiple trajectories and segmented line*

Description

Wrapper function that apply corriIntersects to all individual in a trajectory object

Usage

```
corriIntersects_All(trajs, corri)
```

Arguments

corri	A segmented SpatialLines as returned bt function SegmentSpl
traj	An animal trajectory of class ltraj containing multiple individuals

Value

A list of SpatialLinesDataFrame object

Examples

```
require(adehabitatLT)
x <- c(0,0)
y <- c(-6500000,-4500000)
t1<-SpatialLines(list(Lines(Line(cbind(x,y)), ID="a")))
t2<-SegmentSpl(t1, n.parts=20, merge.last=F)
data (albatross) #From package adehabitatLT
t3<-corriIntersects_All(albatross, t2)
```

hr_split	<i>Intersection of a home-range (polygon) with linear features</i>
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Description

Intersects a SpatialPolygons* object with a SpatialLines* object and return a divided polygon (when overlap) with summary metric regarding

Usage

```
hr_split(pol = hr, line = corri)
```

Arguments

pol	A SpatialPolygons* object representing an animal home-range.
line	A linear feature of class SpatialLines

Value

A list containing the segmented polygon, the

Examples

```
pol<-SpatialPolygons(list(Polygons(list(Polygon(cbind(c(0,1,1,0,0),c(0,0,1,1,0)))), ID="polygon")))
line<-SpatialLines(list(Lines(list(Line(cbind(c(0,1),c(0.4,0.4)))), ID="line")))
spl<-hr_split(pol, line)
plot(spl[[1]])
spl[2:4]
```

match_pts	<i>Associate closest elements between two SpatialPoints features</i>
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Description

Evaluate the distance between a SpatialPoints/Lines* object and another SpatialPoints* object and return which features in first object that are the closest to each feature in second object

Usage

```
match_pts(pts1, pts2)
```

Arguments

pts1	A SpatialLines* or SpatialPoints object. If a SpatialLines is provided, the object is first converted to point using getSpatialLinesMidPoints
pts2	A SpatialPoints* object

Examples

```
x <- c(1,5,4,8)
y <- c(1,3,4,7)
t1<-SpatialLines(list(Lines(Line(cbind(x,y)), ID="a")))
t2<-SegmentSpl(t1, n.parts=10, merge.last=F)
Pts<-SpatialPoints(matrix(c(1,3,7,1,2,7), nrow=3, ncol=2))
match_pts(t2, Pts)
```

 optim_corri

Optimization of wildlife crossing locations over a linear features

Description

The function use linear programming to optimize the location of wildlife crossing over a linear feature. The function maximise the spatial spread of locations, and the importance of specific location for animal crossing. The user can specify the number of crossing location desired, if some segment should be excluded, or if the location of some crossings are already decided. The user also need to specify the weight given to the spatial argument and the importance of crossing (default is equal importance to each).

Usage

```
optim_corri(corri, var = 4, n = 5, pct_keep = 1, nb_ind = 2, ln = F,
  rm = NULL, add = NULL, weight = 0.5, plot = T, time_limit = -1,
  gap_limit = -1, first_feasible = F, ...)
```

Arguments

corri	A segmented SpatialLines object returned by avg_inds
var	Variable used to represent importance of segment for animal. Number refer to columns of dataframe produced by avg_inds (default = 4, average percent crossing)
n	Number of crossing to place (default =5) in addition to fixed points (i.e. if a SpatialPoints* object is provided to the add argument)
pct_keep	Percentage of segment to consider in optimization. Removal is based on percentile of values of importance of segment for animal crossing
ln	Whether the natural logarithm of the variable value should be taken. Default=F
rm	A SpatialPoints object indicating the location that must be excluded from the optimization (default is NULL)
add	A SpatialPoints object indicating the location where a crossing is already present, or must be place to this location. Number of points included here will be added to n to give the total number of crossing selected.
weight	Argument setting the weight given to the spatial spread relative to the crossing importance (default = 0.5 meaning equal importance)
plot	Whether a plot showing the crossing location should be returned (default=T)
...	additional arguments that can be specify to Rsymphony_solve_lp (time_limit, gap_limit, first_feasible)
cost	A vector of same length that the number of segment in corri giving the cost for each segment

Value

A list containing the segmented polygon, the

Examples

```
require(adehabitatLT)
x <- c(0,0)
y <- c(-6500000,-4500000)
t1<-SpatialLines(list(Lines(Line(cbind(x,y)), ID="a")))
t2<-SegmentSpl(t1, n.parts=20, merge.last=F)
data (albatross) #From package adehabitatLT
t3<-corriIntersects_All(albatross, t2)
t4<-avg_inds(t3)
opti1<-optim_corri(t4, var=4, n=3, nb_ind=1, weight=0.5, plot=T) #Equal weight
opti2<-optim_corri(t4, var=4, n=3, nb_ind=1, weight=0.95, plot=T) #More importance to spatial spread
```

plotcorri_grp

Plot of density of crossing of multiple individuals with linear features

Description

Produce a color-coded plot of density of crossing of multiple individuals with a segmented linear features. Used to display result of function avg_inds

Usage

```
plotcorri_grp(SpL, nb_breaks = 5, var = 4, main = "Default")
```

Arguments

SpL	A SpatialLinesDataFrame object returned by avg_inds
nb_breaks	The number of breaks to use in display (default =5), must be <=10
var	Variable to display (default =4) 1= Average count, 2=Total count, 3=Average count standardized by length of tracking, 4=Average count standardized by length of tracking and spatial sampling bias, 5= Number of different individuals

Value

A plot

Examples

```
require(adehabitatLT)
x <- c(0,0)
y <- c(-6500000,-4500000)
t1<-SpatialLines(list(Lines(Line(cbind(x,y)), ID="a")))
t2<-SegmentSpl(t1, n.parts=20, merge.last=F)
data (albatross) #From package adehabitatLT
t3<-corriIntersects_All(albatross, t2)
t4<-avg_inds(t3)
plotcorri_grp(t4, nb_breaks=5, var=4, main="Albatross")
```

plotcorri_ind	<i>Plot of density of crossing of an individual with linear features</i>
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Description

Produce a color-coded plot of density of crossing of an individual with a segmented linear features. Used to display result of function corriIntersects

Usage

```
plotcorri_ind(SpL, nb_breaks = 5, extent = NULL)
```

Arguments

SpL	A SpatialLinesDataFrame object returned by corriIntersects
nb_breaks	The number of breaks to use in display (default =5), must be <=10
extent	If not NULL, an extent object (from package raster) that specify boundaries of the display.

Value

A plot

Examples

```
require(adehabitatLT)
x <- c(0,0)
y <- c(-6500000,-4500000)
t1<-SpatialLines(list(Lines(Line(cbind(x,y)), ID="a")))
t2<-SegmentSpL(t1, n.parts=20, merge.last=F)
data (albatross) #From package adehabitatLT
t3<-corriIntersects(albatross[3], t2, plot=F)
plotcorri_ind(t3, nb_breaks=4, extent=raster::extent(ltraj2spdf(albatross)))
```

plot_optim	<i>Plot of selected crossing structures following optimization using ILP</i>
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Description

Produce a color-coded plot of density of crossing of multiple individuals and optimal crossing structure. Used to display result of function optim_corri

Usage

```
plot_optim(corri, var = 4, optim, main = "Default", ...)
```

Arguments

corri	A SpatialLinesDataFrame object returned by avg_inds
var	Variable to display (default =4) 1= Average count, 2=Total count, 3=Average count standardized by length of tracking, 4=Average count standardized by length of tracking and spatial sampling bias, 5= Number of different individuals
optim	Output of the optimization function optim_corri

Value

A plot

Examples

```
require(adehabitatLT)
x <- c(0,0)
y <- c(-6500000,-4500000)
t1<-SpatialLines(list(Lines(Line(cbind(x,y)), ID="a")))
t2<-SegmentSpl(t1, n.parts=20, merge.last=F)
data (albatross) #From package adehabitatLT
t3<-corriIntersects_All(albatross, t2)
t4<-avg_inds(t3)
opti1<-optim_corri(t4, var=4, n=3, nb_ind=1, weight=0.5, plot=T) #Equal weight
plot_optim(t4, var=4, opti1, main="Crossings")
```

range01

Range standardisation (0,1)

Description

This function standardises a vector between 0 and 1

Usage

```
range01(x)
```

Arguments

x	A vector
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Examples

```
v<-c(1,2,2,3,4,4,5,6)
range01(v)
```

SegmentSpL*Segmentation of SpatialLines object into multiple segments*

Description

Segment a SpatialLines object in segment of equal length (taken from: <http://rstudio-pubs-static.s3.amazonaws.com/1068>)

Usage

```
SegmentSpL(sl, length = 0, n.parts = 0, merge.last = FALSE)
```

Arguments

sl	SpatialLines object
length	Length of individual segment (in units of sl)
n.parts	Alternatively, the number of segments to create
merge.last	Whether the last segment (of a different length) should be merged with the previous segment

Value

A SpatialLines object

Examples

```
x <- c(1,5,4,8)
y <- c(1,3,4,7)
t1<-SpatialLines(list(Lines(Line(cbind(x,y)), ID="a")))
t2<-SegmentSpL(t1, n.parts=10, merge.last=F)
plot(t2, col = rep(c(1, 2), length.out = length(t2)), axes = T)
```

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