

# ice-prediction-using-decision-tree

January 14, 2024

## Stock Market Price Prediction using decision tree

### *Importing important libraries*

```
[227]: import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, recall_score, \
    precision_score, f1_score, roc_auc_score
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
from sklearn.svm import SVR
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error, r2_score
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

### *Tesla Dataset*

In this project, I selected tesla datasets which play a crucial role as they form the foundation for training and evaluating machine learning models i.e decision tree for stock market price prediction. Dataset represents historical stock market data for different assets, and understanding their characteristics is vital for building effective predictive models.

Features of dataset \* Date: Essential for organizing data chronologically and identifying trends over time. \* Open: The opening price of Datasets on a given day. \* High: The highest price of Datasets on a given day. \* Low: The lowest price of Datasets on a given day. \* Close: The closing price of Datasets on a given day. \* Adj Close: The adjusted closing price of Datasets on a given day, considering dividends, stock splits, etc. \* Volume: The volume of Datasets traded on a given day.

### *Load the dataset*

```
[228]: data = pd.read_csv('TESLA.csv')
print(data)
```

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	\
0	2021-09-29	259.933319	264.500000	256.893341	260.436676	260.436676	
1	2021-09-30	260.333344	263.043335	258.333344	258.493347	258.493347	
2	2021-10-01	259.466675	260.260010	254.529999	258.406677	258.406677	

```

3    2021-10-04  265.500000  268.989990  258.706665  260.510010  260.510010
4    2021-10-05  261.600006  265.769989  258.066681  260.196655  260.196655
..
248 2022-09-23  283.089996  284.500000  272.820007  275.329987  275.329987
249 2022-09-26  271.829987  284.089996  270.309998  276.010010  276.010010
250 2022-09-27  283.839996  288.670013  277.510010  282.940002  282.940002
251 2022-09-28  283.079987  289.000000  277.570007  287.809998  287.809998
252 2022-09-29  282.760010  283.649994  265.779999  268.209991  268.209991

```

```

      Volume
0    62828700
1    53868000
2    51094200
3    91449900
4    55297800
..
248 63615400
249 58076900
250 61925200
251 54664800
252 77393100

```

[253 rows x 7 columns]

*Quick peek at functions:*

```
[229]: data.shape
```

```
[229]: (253, 7)
```

```
[230]: data.columns
```

```
[230]: Index(['Date', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Adj Close', 'Volume'],
dtype='object')
```

```
[231]: print(data.describe())
```

```

      Open      High      Low      Close  Adj Close  \
count  253.000000  253.000000  253.000000  253.000000  253.000000
mean    300.136008  307.486021  292.114058  299.709104  299.709104
std      46.139272  46.789896  44.685331  45.788283  45.788283
min     207.949997  217.973328  206.856674  209.386673  209.386673
25%     266.513336  273.166656  260.723328  266.923340  266.923340
50%     298.500000  303.709991  289.130005  296.666656  296.666656
75%     335.600006  344.950012  327.510010  336.336670  336.336670
max     411.470001  414.496674  405.666656  409.970001  409.970001

```

```

      Volume

```

```

count    2.530000e+02
mean     8.050938e+07
std      2.546595e+07
min      3.504270e+07
25%      6.255570e+07
50%      7.695630e+07
75%      9.347310e+07
max      1.885563e+08

```

```
[232]: print(data.info())
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 253 entries, 0 to 252
Data columns (total 7 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Date        253 non-null   object
1   Open        253 non-null   float64
2   High        253 non-null   float64
3   Low         253 non-null   float64
4   Close       253 non-null   float64
5   Adj Close   253 non-null   float64
6   Volume      253 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 14.0+ KB
None

```

### *Data Preprocessing*

#### Handling Missing Values:

```
[233]: missing_values = data.isnull().sum()
print("Missing Values:\n", missing_values)
data = data.dropna()
print("Missing Values After Handling:\n", data.isnull().sum())
```

```

Missing Values:
Date      0
Open      0
High      0
Low       0
Close     0
Adj Close 0
Volume    0
dtype: int64
Missing Values After Handling:
Date      0
Open      0
High      0

```

```

Low          0
Close        0
Adj Close    0
Volume       0
dtype: int64

```

### Feature Scaling

```

[234]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
data[['High']] = scaler.fit_transform(data[['High']])
data[['Low']] = scaler.fit_transform(data[['Low']])
data

```

```

[234]:
      Date      Open      High      Low      Close  Adj Close  \
0  2021-09-29  259.933319  0.236749  0.251681  260.436676  260.436676
1  2021-09-30  260.333344  0.229337  0.258924  258.493347  258.493347
2  2021-10-01  259.466675  0.215174  0.239793  258.406677  258.406677
3  2021-10-04  265.500000  0.259596  0.260802  260.510010  260.510010
4  2021-10-05  261.600006  0.243211  0.257583  260.196655  260.196655
..      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
248 2022-09-23  283.089996  0.338518  0.331791  275.329987  275.329987
249 2022-09-26  271.829987  0.336432  0.319166  276.010010  276.010010
250 2022-09-27  283.839996  0.359737  0.355381  282.940002  282.940002
251 2022-09-28  283.079987  0.361416  0.355683  287.809998  287.809998
252 2022-09-29  282.760010  0.334193  0.296380  268.209991  268.209991

      Volume
0    62828700
1    53868000
2    51094200
3    91449900
4    55297800
..      ...
248  63615400
249  58076900
250  61925200
251  54664800
252  77393100

```

[253 rows x 7 columns]

### Feature Engineering

```

[235]: data['DailyReturn'] = data['Adj Close'].pct_change() * 100
data['MovingAverage'] = data['Adj Close'].rolling(window=5).mean()
data['PriceToVolumeRatio'] = data['Adj Close']/data['Volume']
data=data.dropna()

```

```
data
```

```
[235]:
```

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	\
4	2021-10-05	261.600006	0.243211	0.257583	260.196655	260.196655	
5	2021-10-06	258.733337	0.225147	0.255939	260.916656	260.916656	
6	2021-10-07	261.820007	0.256255	0.272974	264.536682	264.536682	
7	2021-10-08	265.403320	0.241634	0.268833	261.829987	261.829987	
8	2021-10-11	262.549988	0.249877	0.276529	263.980011	263.980011	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
248	2022-09-23	283.089996	0.338518	0.331791	275.329987	275.329987	
249	2022-09-26	271.829987	0.336432	0.319166	276.010010	276.010010	
250	2022-09-27	283.839996	0.359737	0.355381	282.940002	282.940002	
251	2022-09-28	283.079987	0.361416	0.355683	287.809998	287.809998	
252	2022-09-29	282.760010	0.334193	0.296380	268.209991	268.209991	

	Volume	DailyReturn	MovingAverage	PriceToVolumeRatio
4	55297800	-0.120285	259.608673	0.000005
5	43898400	0.276714	259.704669	0.000006
6	57587400	1.387426	260.913336	0.000005
7	50215800	-1.023183	261.597998	0.000005
8	42600900	0.821153	262.291998	0.000006
..	...	...	...	...
248	63615400	-4.594757	296.503998	0.000004
249	58076900	0.246985	289.891998	0.000005
250	61925200	2.510776	284.733997	0.000005
251	54664800	1.721212	282.135999	0.000005
252	77393100	-6.810051	278.059998	0.000003

```
[249 rows x 10 columns]
```

### Data Splitting and Model Training

```
[236]: features = ['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Volume', 'DailyReturn', 'MovingAverage', 'PriceToVolumeRatio']
X = data[features]
Y = data['Close']
print(X.columns)
print(Y.name)

Index(['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Volume', 'DailyReturn', 'MovingAverage',
      'PriceToVolumeRatio'],
      dtype='object')
Close

[237]: imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')
X = imputer.fit_transform(X)
```

```
[238]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,Y, test_size=0.2,
↳random_state=42)
print("X_train shape:", X_train.shape)
print("X_test shape:", X_test.shape)
print("y_train shape:", y_train.shape)
print("y_test shape:", y_test.shape)
```

```
X_train shape: (199, 7)
X_test shape: (50, 7)
y_train shape: (199,)
y_test shape: (50,)
```

```
[239]: model = DecisionTreeRegressor()
```

#### Model Evaluation

```
[240]: model.fit(X_train, y_train)
predictions = model.predict(X_test)
predictions
```

```
[240]: array([355.983337, 272.773346, 262.369995, 352.26001 , 274.820007,
233.070007, 239.706665, 236.473328, 300.980011, 275.609985,
266.679993, 300.980011, 268.573334, 303.996674, 349.869995,
303.083344, 237.036667, 352.420013, 233.070007, 383.196655,
287.809998, 399.926666, 312.23999 , 352.420013, 233.070007,
352.26001 , 340.790009, 290.253326, 349.869995, 355.983337,
276.01001 , 364.66333 , 310.      , 216.759995, 342.320007,
264.536682, 366.523346, 239.706665, 224.473328, 234.516663,
334.763336, 268.193329, 276.01001 , 227.263336, 244.919998,
343.503326, 233.066666, 366.523346, 231.733337, 381.816681])
```

```
[241]: y_test
```

```
[241]: 141    336.260010
10     270.359985
101    254.679993
64     356.779999
116    280.076660
184    235.070007
200    240.546661
187    232.663330
13     290.036682
108    279.429993
203    271.706665
219    300.029999
205    268.433319
243    303.350006
71     352.706665
```

```
227    297.096680
197    237.039993
19     339.476654
166    235.910004
28     387.646667
250    282.940002
23     402.863342
118    301.796661
72     354.799988
179    233.000000
49     356.320007
59     336.290009
14     288.089996
34     351.576660
124    363.946655
204    272.243347
37     379.019989
144    292.140015
163    224.966660
29     341.166656
115    267.296661
22     371.333344
199    240.066666
177    215.736664
162    221.300003
122    337.973328
100    273.843323
112    279.433319
188    228.490005
194    250.763336
20     345.953339
198    238.313339
73     368.739990
176    232.229996
42     378.996674
Name: Close, dtype: float64
```

```
[242]: mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions)
print(f'Mean Squared Error: {mse}')
```

Mean Squared Error: 44.04801666119099

```
[243]: # Calculate Mean Absolute Error
mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions)
print(f'Mean Absolute Error: {mae:.2f}')
```

Mean Absolute Error: 4.91

```
[244]: # Calculate R-squared
r2 = r2_score(y_test, predictions)
print(f'R-squared: {r2:.2f}')
```

R-squared: 0.98

```
[245]: df_results = pd.DataFrame({'Date': pd.to_datetime(y_test.index,
↪format='%Y-%m-%d'),
                                'Actual_Close': y_test.values,
                                'Predicted_Close': predictions})

# Display the new DataFrame
print(df_results)
```

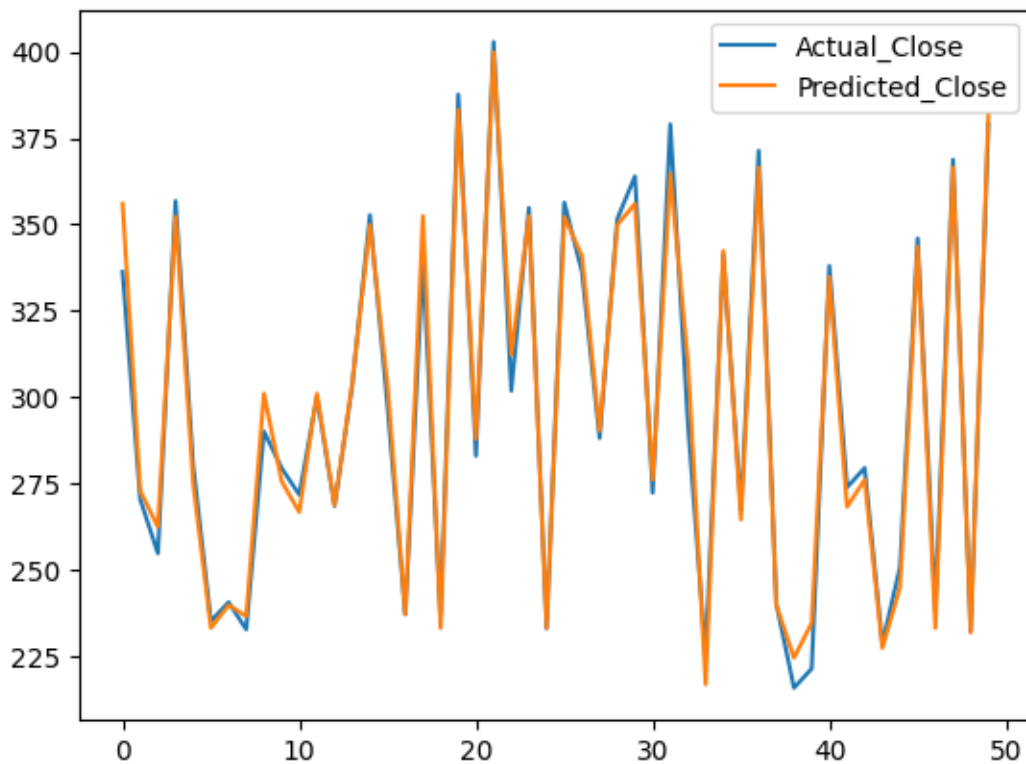
	Date	Actual_Close	Predicted_Close
0	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000141	336.260010	355.983337
1	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000010	270.359985	272.773346
2	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000101	254.679993	262.369995
3	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000064	356.779999	352.260010
4	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000116	280.076660	274.820007
5	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000184	235.070007	233.070007
6	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000200	240.546661	239.706665
7	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000187	232.663330	236.473328
8	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000013	290.036682	300.980011
9	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000108	279.429993	275.609985
10	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000203	271.706665	266.679993
11	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000219	300.029999	300.980011
12	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000205	268.433319	268.573334
13	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000243	303.350006	303.996674
14	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000071	352.706665	349.869995
15	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000227	297.096680	303.083344
16	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000197	237.039993	237.036667
17	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000019	339.476654	352.420013
18	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000166	235.910004	233.070007
19	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000028	387.646667	383.196655
20	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000250	282.940002	287.809998
21	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000023	402.863342	399.926666
22	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000118	301.796661	312.239990
23	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000072	354.799988	352.420013
24	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000179	233.000000	233.070007
25	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000049	356.320007	352.260010
26	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000059	336.290009	340.790009
27	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000014	288.089996	290.253326
28	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000034	351.576660	349.869995
29	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000124	363.946655	355.983337
30	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000204	272.243347	276.010010
31	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000037	379.019989	364.663330



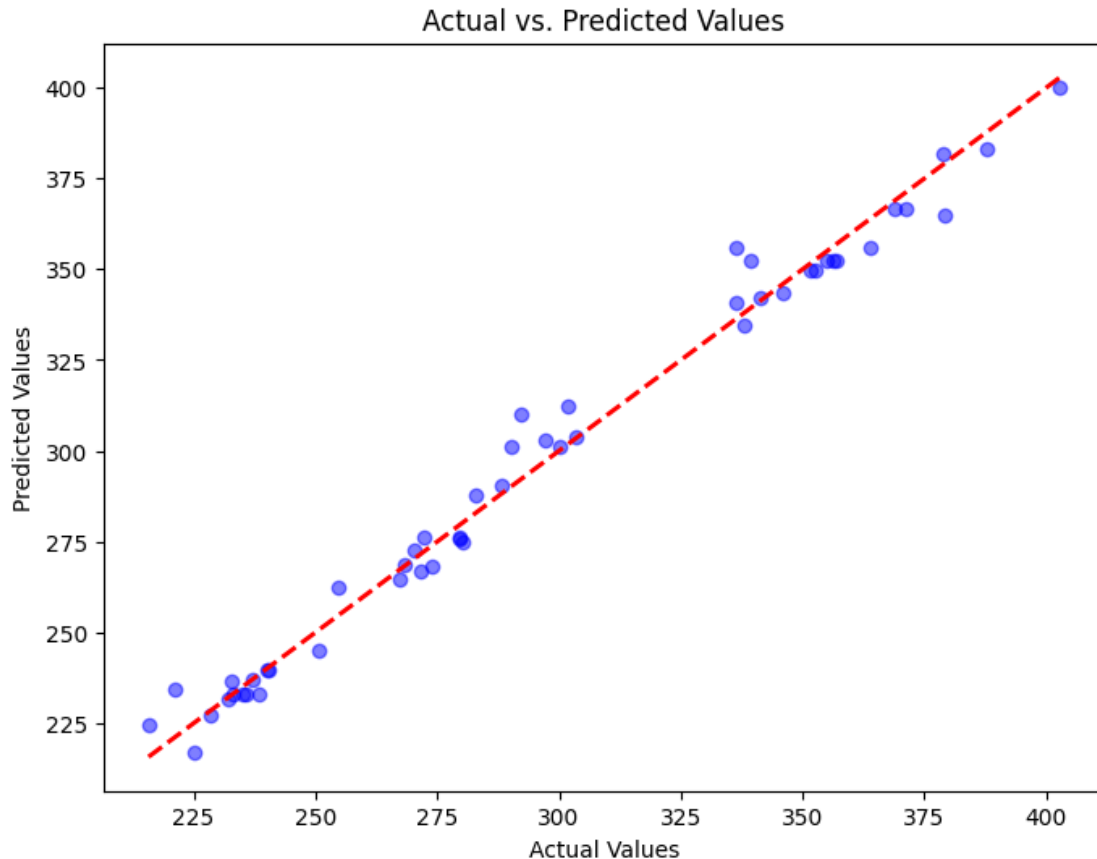
32	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000144	292.140015	310.000000
33	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000163	224.966660	216.759995
34	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000029	341.166656	342.320007
35	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000115	267.296661	264.536682
36	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000022	371.333344	366.523346
37	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000199	240.066666	239.706665
38	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000177	215.736664	224.473328
39	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000162	221.300003	234.516663
40	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000122	337.973328	334.763336
41	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000100	273.843323	268.193329
42	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000112	279.433319	276.010010
43	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000188	228.490005	227.263336
44	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000194	250.763336	244.919998
45	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000020	345.953339	343.503326
46	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000198	238.313339	233.066666
47	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000073	368.739990	366.523346
48	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000176	232.229996	231.733337
49	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000042	378.996674	381.816681

```
[246]: df_results[['Actual_Close', 'Predicted_Close']].plot()
```

```
[246]: <Axes: >
```



```
[247]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(y_test, predictions, color='blue', alpha=0.5)
plt.plot([min(y_test), max(y_test)], [min(y_test), max(y_test)], linestyle='--',
color='red', linewidth=2)
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted Values')
plt.xlabel('Actual Values')
plt.ylabel('Predicted Values')
plt.show()
```



### *Netflix Dataset*

In this project, I selected Netflix datasets which play a crucial role as they form the foundation for training and evaluating machine learning models i.e decision tree for stock market price prediction. Dataset represents historical stock market data for different assets, and understanding their characteristics is vital for building effective predictive models.

Features of dataset \* Date: Essential for organizing data chronologically and identifying trends over time. \* Open: The opening price of Datasets on a given day. \* High: The highest price of Datasets on a given day. \* Low: The lowest price of Datasets on a given day. \* Close: The closing price of Datasets on a given day. \* Adj Close: The

adjusted closing price of Datasets on a given day, considering dividends, stock splits, etc. \* Volume: The volume of Datasets traded on a given day.

*Load the dataset*

```
[248]: data = pd.read_csv('NFLX.csv')
print(data)
```

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close \
0	2018-02-05	262.000000	267.899994	250.029999	254.259995	254.259995
1	2018-02-06	247.699997	266.700012	245.000000	265.720001	265.720001
2	2018-02-07	266.579987	272.450012	264.329987	264.559998	264.559998
3	2018-02-08	267.079987	267.619995	250.000000	250.100006	250.100006
4	2018-02-09	253.850006	255.800003	236.110001	249.470001	249.470001
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1004	2022-01-31	401.970001	427.700012	398.200012	427.140015	427.140015
1005	2022-02-01	432.959991	458.480011	425.540009	457.130005	457.130005
1006	2022-02-02	448.250000	451.980011	426.480011	429.480011	429.480011
1007	2022-02-03	421.440002	429.260010	404.279999	405.600006	405.600006
1008	2022-02-04	407.309998	412.769989	396.640015	410.170013	410.170013

	Volume
0	11896100
1	12595800
2	8981500
3	9306700
4	16906900
...	...
1004	20047500
1005	22542300
1006	14346000
1007	9905200
1008	7782400

[1009 rows x 7 columns]

*Quick peek at functions:*

```
[249]: data.shape
```

```
[249]: (1009, 7)
```

```
[250]: data.columns
```

```
[250]: Index(['Date', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Adj Close', 'Volume'],
dtype='object')
```

```
[251]: print(data.describe())
```

	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close \
count	1009.000000	1009.000000	1009.000000	1009.000000	1009.000000
mean	419.059673	425.320703	412.374044	419.000733	419.000733
std	108.537532	109.262960	107.555867	108.289999	108.289999
min	233.919998	250.649994	231.229996	233.880005	233.880005
25%	331.489990	336.299988	326.000000	331.619995	331.619995
50%	377.769989	383.010010	370.880005	378.670013	378.670013
75%	509.130005	515.630005	502.529999	509.079987	509.079987
max	692.349976	700.989990	686.090027	691.690002	691.690002

	Volume
count	1.009000e+03
mean	7.570685e+06
std	5.465535e+06
min	1.144000e+06
25%	4.091900e+06
50%	5.934500e+06
75%	9.322400e+06
max	5.890430e+07

```
[252]: print(data.info())
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1009 entries, 0 to 1008
Data columns (total 7 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Date        1009 non-null   object
1   Open        1009 non-null   float64
2   High        1009 non-null   float64
3   Low         1009 non-null   float64
4   Close       1009 non-null   float64
5   Adj Close   1009 non-null   float64
6   Volume      1009 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 55.3+ KB
None
```

### *Data Preprocessing*

Handling Missing Values:

```
[253]: missing_values = data.isnull().sum()
print("Missing Values:\n", missing_values)
data = data.dropna()
print("Missing Values After Handling:\n", data.isnull().sum())
```

Missing Values:

```
Date      0
```

```

Open          0
High          0
Low           0
Close         0
Adj Close     0
Volume        0
dtype: int64
Missing Values After Handling:
Date          0
Open          0
High          0
Low           0
Close         0
Adj Close     0
Volume        0
dtype: int64

```

#### Feature Scaling

```

[254]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
data[['High']] = scaler.fit_transform(data[['High']])
data[['Low']] = scaler.fit_transform(data[['Low']])
data

```

```

[254]:
      Date      Open      High      Low      Close      Adj Close  \
0  2018-02-05  262.000000  0.038304  0.041331  254.259995  254.259995
1  2018-02-06  247.699997  0.035640  0.030273  265.720001  265.720001
2  2018-02-07  266.579987  0.048408  0.072770  264.559998  264.559998
3  2018-02-08  267.079987  0.037683  0.041265  250.100006  250.100006
4  2018-02-09  253.850006  0.011436  0.010729  249.470001  249.470001
...
1004 2022-01-31  401.970001  0.393147  0.367080  427.140015  427.140015
1005 2022-02-01  432.959991  0.461496  0.427186  457.130005  457.130005
1006 2022-02-02  448.250000  0.447062  0.429253  429.480011  429.480011
1007 2022-02-03  421.440002  0.396611  0.380447  405.600006  405.600006
1008 2022-02-04  407.309998  0.359995  0.363650  410.170013  410.170013

```

```

      Volume
0  11896100
1  12595800
2   8981500
3   9306700
4  16906900
...
1004 20047500
1005 22542300
1006 14346000

```

```
1007    9905200
1008    7782400
```

```
[1009 rows x 7 columns]
```

### Feature Engineering

```
[255]: data['DailyReturn'] = data['Adj Close'].pct_change() * 100
data['MovingAverage'] = data['Adj Close'].rolling(window=5).mean()
data['PriceToVolumeRatio'] = data['Adj Close']/data['Volume']
data=data.dropna()
data
```

```
[255]:
```

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	\
4	2018-02-09	253.850006	0.011436	0.010729	249.470001	249.470001	
5	2018-02-12	252.139999	0.018875	0.039067	257.950012	257.950012	
6	2018-02-13	257.290009	0.023893	0.051598	258.269989	258.269989	
7	2018-02-14	260.470001	0.042701	0.063976	266.000000	266.000000	
8	2018-02-15	270.029999	0.066283	0.080025	280.269989	280.269989	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1004	2022-01-31	401.970001	0.393147	0.367080	427.140015	427.140015	
1005	2022-02-01	432.959991	0.461496	0.427186	457.130005	457.130005	
1006	2022-02-02	448.250000	0.447062	0.429253	429.480011	429.480011	
1007	2022-02-03	421.440002	0.396611	0.380447	405.600006	405.600006	
1008	2022-02-04	407.309998	0.359995	0.363650	410.170013	410.170013	

	Volume	DailyReturn	MovingAverage	PriceToVolumeRatio
4	16906900	-0.251901	256.822000	0.000015
5	8534900	3.399211	257.560004	0.000030
6	6855200	0.124046	256.070001	0.000038
7	10972000	2.992996	256.358002	0.000024
8	10759700	5.364658	262.391998	0.000026
...	...	...	...	...
1004	20047500	11.130199	384.864007	0.000021
1005	22542300	7.021115	403.006006	0.000020
1006	14346000	-6.048606	416.962006	0.000030
1007	9905200	-5.560213	420.742004	0.000041
1008	7782400	1.126728	425.904010	0.000053

```
[1005 rows x 10 columns]
```

### Data Splitting and Model Training

```
[256]: features = ['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Volume', 'DailyReturn', 'MovingAverage', 'PriceToVolumeRatio']
X = data[features]
Y = data['Close']
print(X.columns)
```

```
print(Y.name)
```

```
Index(['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Volume', 'DailyReturn', 'MovingAverage',  
      'PriceToVolumeRatio'],  
      dtype='object')  
Close
```

```
[257]: imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')  
X = imputer.fit_transform(X)
```

```
[258]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2,  
    ↪ random_state=42)  
print("X_train shape:", X_train.shape)  
print("X_test shape:", X_test.shape)  
print("y_train shape:", y_train.shape)  
print("y_test shape:", y_test.shape)
```

```
X_train shape: (804, 7)  
X_test shape: (201, 7)  
y_train shape: (804,)  
y_test shape: (201,)
```

```
[259]: model = DecisionTreeRegressor()
```

#### Model Evaluation

```
[260]: model.fit(X_train, y_train)  
predictions = model.predict(X_test)  
predictions
```

```
[260]: array([629.76001 , 484.119995, 486.23999 , 368.769989, 320.799988,  
            466.929993, 466.929993, 339.559998, 369.950012, 332.630005,  
            553.330017, 316.480011, 547.580017, 307.350006, 358.        ,  
            534.659973, 493.369995, 610.340027, 359.070007, 398.390015,  
            611.659973, 496.950012, 274.459991, 329.540009, 449.869995,  
            361.399994, 307.350006, 363.920013, 292.01001 , 517.919983,  
            512.659973, 548.219971, 399.390015, 345.089996, 541.940002,  
            349.730011, 665.640015, 262.799988, 364.130005, 379.23999 ,  
            343.429993, 300.940002, 355.059998, 681.169983, 349.190002,  
            351.350006, 298.5        , 629.76001 , 500.859985, 641.900024,  
            480.23999 , 521.659973, 329.809998, 503.839996, 419.600006,  
            539.440002, 294.339996, 312.279999, 318.450012, 315.        ,  
            515.409973, 270.720001, 290.299988, 489.429993, 503.859985,  
            328.899994, 294.179993, 258.269989, 367.320007, 513.469971,  
            404.980011, 233.880005, 289.619995, 351.350006, 532.280029,  
            368.769989, 317.5        , 632.659973, 293.970001, 429.480011,  
            488.809998, 377.049988, 329.809998, 369.609985, 325.899994,  
            592.640015, 586.72998 , 657.580017, 364.130005, 495.98999 ,
```

```

466.26001 , 575.429993, 520.650024, 288.75 , 552.780029,
369.029999, 315. , 363.519989, 386.190002, 325.899994,
503.839996, 410.170013, 269.579987, 491.899994, 447.769989,
362.869995, 515.409973, 547.530029, 629.76001 , 641.900024,
573.140015, 602.440002, 490.649994, 530.869995, 374.230011,
386.700012, 539.440002, 379.23999 , 371.119995, 365.799988,
358. , 632.659973, 302.859985, 503.380005, 361.450012,
337.48999 , 339.100006, 503.839996, 302.859985, 364.559998,
504.579987, 499.890015, 530.869995, 294.179993, 410.170013,
363.519989, 311.690002, 339.850006, 305.76001 , 315.25 ,
343.089996, 310.839996, 343.160004, 291.450012, 592.640015,
593.73999 , 520.700012, 268.149994, 494.730011, 380.399994,
356.559998, 518.909973, 503.380005, 346.459991, 418.649994,
641.900024, 681.169983, 597.98999 , 369.609985, 325.899994,
345.609985, 298.070007, 441.950012, 363.440002, 505.869995,
528.909973, 466.26001 , 374.130005, 510.399994, 367.320007,
352.600006, 337.48999 , 349.359985, 352.600006, 367.679993,
335.779999, 504.579987, 317.940002, 364.130005, 369.429993,
365.98999 , 270.600006, 266.690002, 480.670013, 369.670013,
278.140015, 500.859985, 368.48999 , 368.329987, 624.940002,
256.079987, 547.820007, 466.26001 , 413.549988, 310.619995,
352.600006, 275.329987, 529.559998, 349.730011, 266.769989,
379.23999 ] )

```

```

[261]: mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions)
print(f'Mean Squared Error: {mse}')

```

Mean Squared Error: 30.48792478286902

```

[262]: # Calculate Mean Absolute Error
mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions)
print(f'Mean Absolute Error: {mae:.2f}')

```

Mean Absolute Error: 4.03

```

[263]: # Calculate R-squared
r2 = r2_score(y_test, predictions)
print(f'R-squared: {r2:.2f}')

```

R-squared: 1.00

```

[264]: df_results = pd.DataFrame({'Date': pd.to_datetime(y_test.index,
↪format='%Y-%m-%d'),
                                'Actual_Close': y_test.values,
                                'Predicted_Close': predictions})

# Display the new DataFrame

```



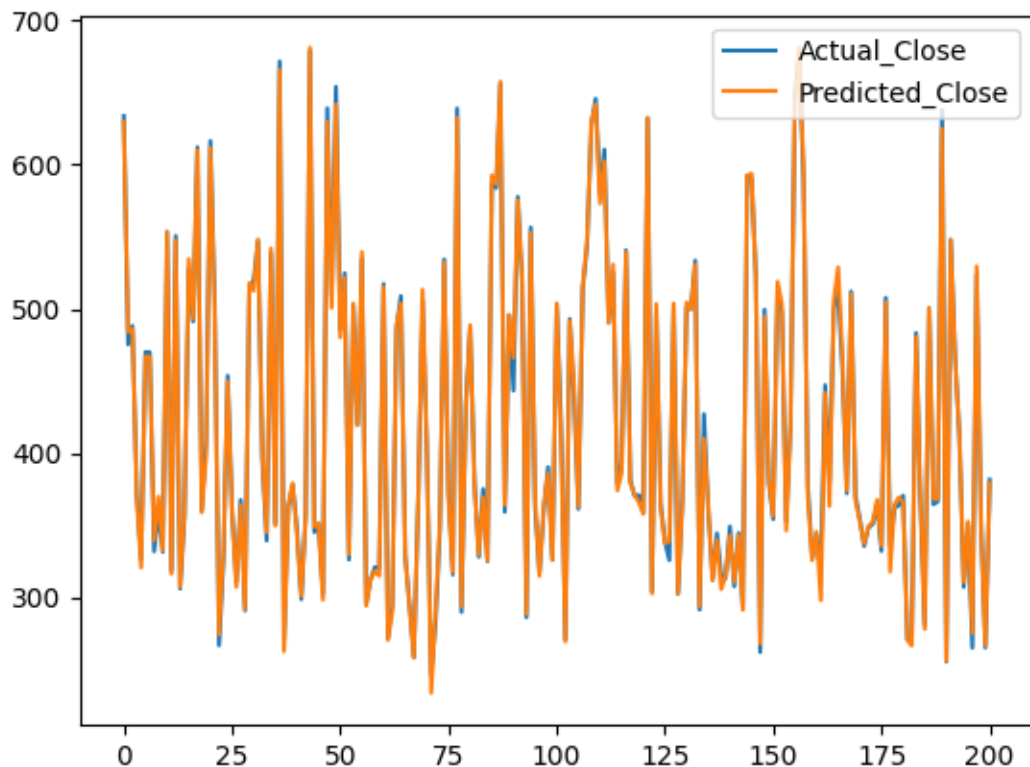
```
print(df_results)
```

	Date	Actual_Close	Predicted_Close
0	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000930	633.799988	629.760010
1	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000634	475.470001	484.119995
2	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000686	488.239990	486.239990
3	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000518	371.709991	368.769989
4	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000369	326.459991	320.799988
..	...	...	...
196	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000212	265.140015	275.329987
197	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000782	524.030029	529.559998
198	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000338	351.269989	349.730011
199	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000214	265.320007	266.769989
200	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000354	381.720001	379.239990

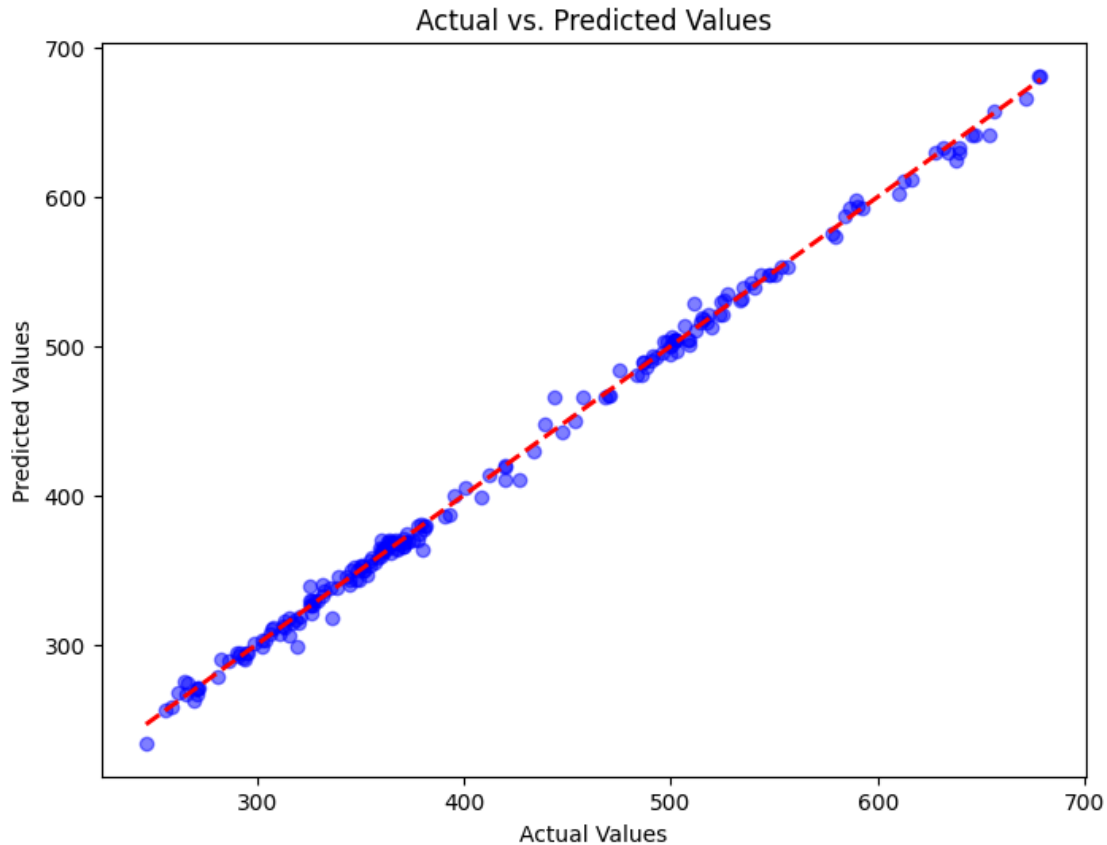
[201 rows x 3 columns]

```
[265]: df_results[['Actual_Close', 'Predicted_Close']].plot()
```

[265]: <Axes: >



```
[266]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(y_test, predictions, color='blue', alpha=0.5)
plt.plot([min(y_test), max(y_test)], [min(y_test), max(y_test)], linestyle='--',
         color='red', linewidth=2)
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted Values')
plt.xlabel('Actual Values')
plt.ylabel('Predicted Values')
plt.show()
```



### ***Bitcoin Dataset***

In this project, I select Bitcoin datasets which play a crucial role as they form the foundation for training and evaluating machine learning models i.e decision tree for stock market price prediction. Dataset represents historical stock market data for different assets, and understanding their characteristics is vital for building effective predictive models.

Features of dataset \* Date: Essential for organizing data chronologically and identifying trends over time. \* Open: The opening price of Datasets on a given day. \* High: The highest price of Datasets on a given day. \* Low: The lowest price of Datasets on a given day. \* Close: The closing price of Datasets on a given day. \* Adj Close: The

adjusted closing price of Datasets on a given day, considering dividends, stock splits, etc. \* Volume: The volume of Datasets traded on a given day.

*Load the dataset*

```
[267]: data = pd.read_csv('BTC-USD.csv')
print(data)
```

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close \
0	2022-12-19	16759.041016	16807.527344	16398.136719	16439.679688
1	2022-12-20	16441.787109	17012.984375	16427.867188	16906.304688
2	2022-12-21	16904.527344	16916.800781	16755.912109	16817.535156
3	2022-12-22	16818.380859	16866.673828	16592.408203	16830.341797
4	2022-12-23	16829.644531	16905.218750	16794.458984	16796.953125
..	...	...	...	...	...
361	2023-12-15	43028.250000	43087.824219	41692.968750	41929.757813
362	2023-12-16	41937.742188	42664.945313	41723.113281	42240.117188
363	2023-12-17	42236.109375	42359.496094	41274.542969	41364.664063
364	2023-12-18	41348.203125	42720.296875	40530.257813	42623.539063
365	2023-12-19	42641.511719	43281.062500	41848.339844	42150.578125

	Adj Close	Volume
0	16439.679688	17221074814
1	16906.304688	22722096615
2	16817.535156	14882945045
3	16830.341797	16441573050
4	16796.953125	15329265213
..	...	...
361	41929.757813	19639442462
362	42240.117188	14386729590
363	41364.664063	16678702876
364	42623.539063	25224642008
365	42150.578125	25344405504

[366 rows x 7 columns]

*Quick peek at functions:*

```
[268]: data.shape
```

```
[268]: (366, 7)
```

```
[269]: data.columns
```

```
[269]: Index(['Date', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Adj Close', 'Volume'],
dtype='object')
```

```
[270]: print(data.describe())
```

	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close \
count	366.000000	366.000000	366.000000	366.000000	366.000000
mean	27892.374450	28351.467635	27512.248116	27961.859242	27961.859242
std	5679.175786	5798.605380	5573.093646	5698.534708	5698.534708
min	16441.787109	16628.986328	16398.136719	16439.679688	16439.679688
25%	25614.489746	25957.333008	24999.646973	25754.951660	25754.951660
50%	27438.595703	27926.062500	26966.659179	27461.631836	27461.631836
75%	29913.611817	30364.928223	29675.398926	29975.025390	29975.025390
max	44180.019531	44705.515625	43627.597656	44166.601563	44166.601563

	Volume
count	3.660000e+02
mean	1.802335e+10
std	8.494735e+09
min	5.331173e+09
25%	1.200029e+10
50%	1.575343e+10
75%	2.262914e+10
max	5.462223e+10

```
[271]: print(data.info())
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 366 entries, 0 to 365
Data columns (total 7 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Date        366 non-null   object
1   Open        366 non-null   float64
2   High        366 non-null   float64
3   Low         366 non-null   float64
4   Close       366 non-null   float64
5   Adj Close   366 non-null   float64
6   Volume      366 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 20.1+ KB
None
```

### *Data Preprocessing*

Handling Missing Values:

```
[272]: missing_values = data.isnull().sum()
print("Missing Values:\n", missing_values)
data = data.dropna()
print("Missing Values After Handling:\n", data.isnull().sum())
```

```
Missing Values:
Date      0
```

```

Open          0
High          0
Low           0
Close         0
Adj Close     0
Volume        0
dtype: int64
Missing Values After Handling:
Date          0
Open          0
High          0
Low           0
Close         0
Adj Close     0
Volume        0
dtype: int64

```

#### Feature Scaling

```

[273]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
data[['High']] = scaler.fit_transform(data[['High']])
data[['Low']] = scaler.fit_transform(data[['Low']])
data

```

```

[273]:
      Date      Open      High      Low      Close      Adj Close \
0  2022-12-19  16759.041016  0.006359  0.000000  16439.679688  16439.679688
1  2022-12-20  16441.787109  0.013677  0.001092  16906.304688  16906.304688
2  2022-12-21  16904.527344  0.010251  0.013139  16817.535156  16817.535156
3  2022-12-22  16818.380859  0.008466  0.007135  16830.341797  16830.341797
4  2022-12-23  16829.644531  0.009839  0.014555  16796.953125  16796.953125
..      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
361 2023-12-15  43028.250000  0.942383  0.928951  41929.757813  41929.757813
362 2023-12-16  41937.742188  0.927321  0.930058  42240.117188  42240.117188
363 2023-12-17  42236.109375  0.916442  0.913584  41364.664063  41364.664063
364 2023-12-18  41348.203125  0.929293  0.886250  42623.539063  42623.539063
365 2023-12-19  42641.511719  0.949265  0.934657  42150.578125  42150.578125

      Volume
0  17221074814
1  22722096615
2  14882945045
3  16441573050
4  15329265213
..      ...
361 19639442462
362 14386729590
363 16678702876

```

```
364 25224642008
365 25344405504
```

```
[366 rows x 7 columns]
```

### Feature Engineering

```
[274]: data['DailyReturn'] = data['Adj Close'].pct_change() * 100
data['MovingAverage'] = data['Adj Close'].rolling(window=5).mean()
data['PriceToVolumeRatio'] = data['Adj Close']/data['Volume']
data=data.dropna()
data
```

```
[274]:
```

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close \
4	2022-12-23	16829.644531	0.009839	0.014555	16796.953125	16796.953125
5	2022-12-24	16796.976563	0.008396	0.014521	16847.755859	16847.755859
6	2022-12-25	16847.505859	0.008248	0.013115	16841.986328	16841.986328
7	2022-12-26	16842.250000	0.010369	0.015213	16919.804688	16919.804688
8	2022-12-27	16919.291016	0.011784	0.008959	16717.173828	16717.173828
..	...	...	...	...	...	...
361	2023-12-15	43028.250000	0.942383	0.928951	41929.757813	41929.757813
362	2023-12-16	41937.742188	0.927321	0.930058	42240.117188	42240.117188
363	2023-12-17	42236.109375	0.916442	0.913584	41364.664063	41364.664063
364	2023-12-18	41348.203125	0.929293	0.886250	42623.539063	42623.539063
365	2023-12-19	42641.511719	0.949265	0.934657	42150.578125	42150.578125

	Volume	DailyReturn	MovingAverage	PriceToVolumeRatio
4	15329265213	-0.198384	16758.162891	0.000001
5	9744636213	0.302452	16839.778125	0.000002
6	11656379938	-0.034245	16826.914453	0.000001
7	11886957804	0.462050	16847.368359	0.000001
8	15748580239	-1.197596	16824.734766	0.000001
..	...	...	...	...
361	19639442462	-2.543268	42107.705469	0.000002
362	14386729590	0.740189	42306.962500	0.000003
363	16678702876	-2.072563	42289.850782	0.000002
364	25224642008	3.043358	42236.410157	0.000002
365	25344405504	-1.109624	42061.731250	0.000002

```
[362 rows x 10 columns]
```

### Data Splitting and Model Training

```
[275]: features = ['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Volume', 'DailyReturn', 'MovingAverage', 'PriceToVolumeRatio']
X = data[features]
Y = data['Close']
print(X.columns)
```

```
print(Y.name)
```

```
Index(['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Volume', 'DailyReturn', 'MovingAverage',  
      'PriceToVolumeRatio'],  
      dtype='object')  
Close
```

```
[276]: imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')  
X = imputer.fit_transform(X)
```

```
[277]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2,  
    ↪ random_state=42)  
print("X_train shape:", X_train.shape)  
print("X_test shape:", X_test.shape)  
print("y_train shape:", y_train.shape)  
print("y_test shape:", y_test.shape)
```

```
X_train shape: (289, 7)  
X_test shape: (73, 7)  
y_train shape: (289,)  
y_test shape: (73,)
```

```
[278]: model = DecisionTreeRegressor()
```

#### Model Evaluation

```
[279]: model.fit(X_train, y_train)  
predictions = model.predict(X_test)  
predictions
```

```
[279]: array([27132.007813, 22777.625    , 17091.144531, 36693.125    ,  
    24327.642578, 30485.699219, 21651.183594, 27493.285156,  
    26579.390625, 29178.679688, 25940.167969, 22934.431641,  
    29397.714844, 23947.492188, 27591.384766, 30485.699219,  
    25800.724609, 29170.347656, 34938.242188, 27530.785156,  
    16547.496094, 30688.164063, 22353.349609, 27494.707031,  
    37831.085938, 30391.646484, 29397.714844, 26608.693359,  
    26930.638672, 42623.539063, 20688.78125  , 29473.787109,  
    23475.466797, 43746.445313, 26539.673828, 30342.265625,  
    23522.871094, 21086.792969, 28328.341797, 25576.394531,  
    26106.150391, 39476.332031, 21819.039063, 27297.265625,  
    30399.066406, 42623.539063, 28038.675781, 23947.492188,  
    16717.173828, 22934.431641, 29429.591797, 27968.839844,  
    27021.546875, 29792.015625, 25833.34375  , 37880.582031,  
    28044.140625, 16836.736328, 27297.265625, 19909.574219,  
    37476.957031, 26008.462891, 21086.792969, 22840.138672,  
    26334.818359, 22219.769531, 29178.679688, 28033.5625  ,  
    28033.5625  , 24436.353516, 27583.677734, 37796.792969,
```

29792.015625])

```
[280]: mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions)
print(f'Mean Squared Error: {mse}')
```

Mean Squared Error: 113528.4115859737

```
[281]: # Calculate Mean Absolute Error
mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions)
print(f'Mean Absolute Error: {mae:.2f}')
```

Mean Absolute Error: 250.19

```
[282]: # Calculate R-squared
r2 = r2_score(y_test, predictions)
print(f'R-squared: {r2:.2f}')
```

R-squared: 1.00

```
[283]: df_results = pd.DataFrame({'Date': pd.to_datetime(y_test.index,
    ↪format='%Y-%m-%d'),
                                'Actual_Close': y_test.values,
                                'Predicted_Close': predictions})

# Display the new DataFrame
print(df_results)
```

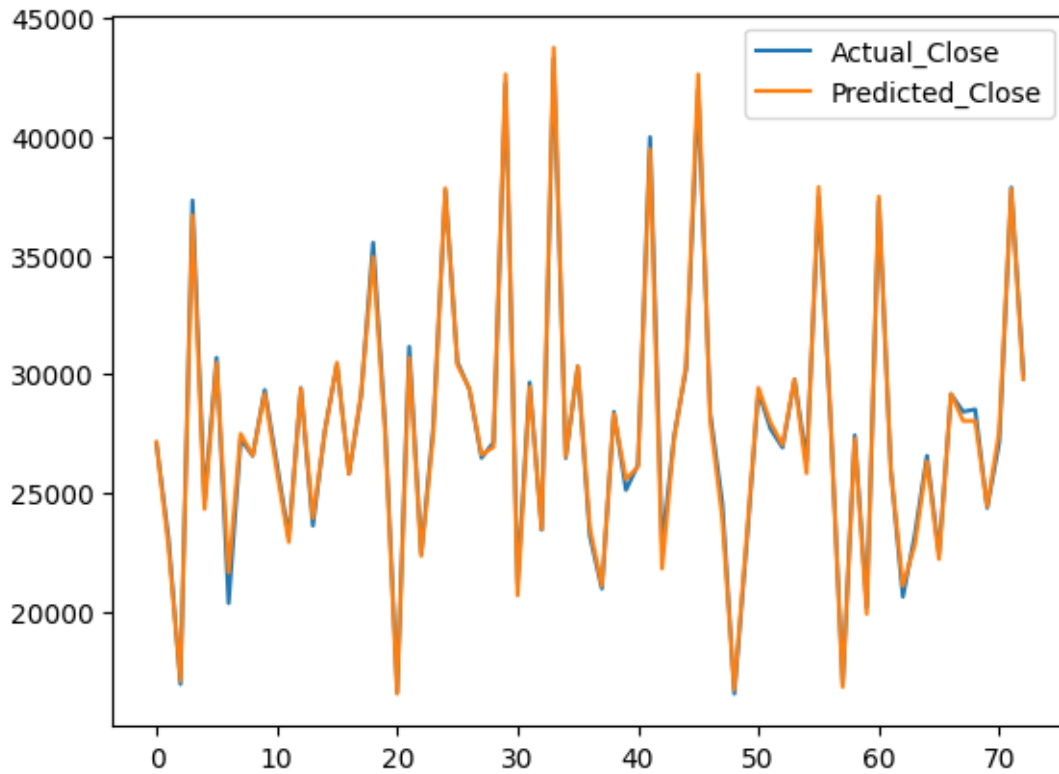
	Date	Actual_Close	Predicted_Close
0	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000167	27119.066406	27132.007813
1	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000037	23117.859375	22777.625000
2	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000019	16955.078125	17091.144531
3	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000326	37313.968750	36693.125000
4	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000061	24641.277344	24327.642578
..	...	...	...
68	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000301	28519.466797	28033.562500
69	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000086	24375.960938	24436.353516
70	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000098	27139.888672	27583.677734
71	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000345	37858.492188	37796.792969
72	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000307	29993.896484	29792.015625

[73 rows x 3 columns]

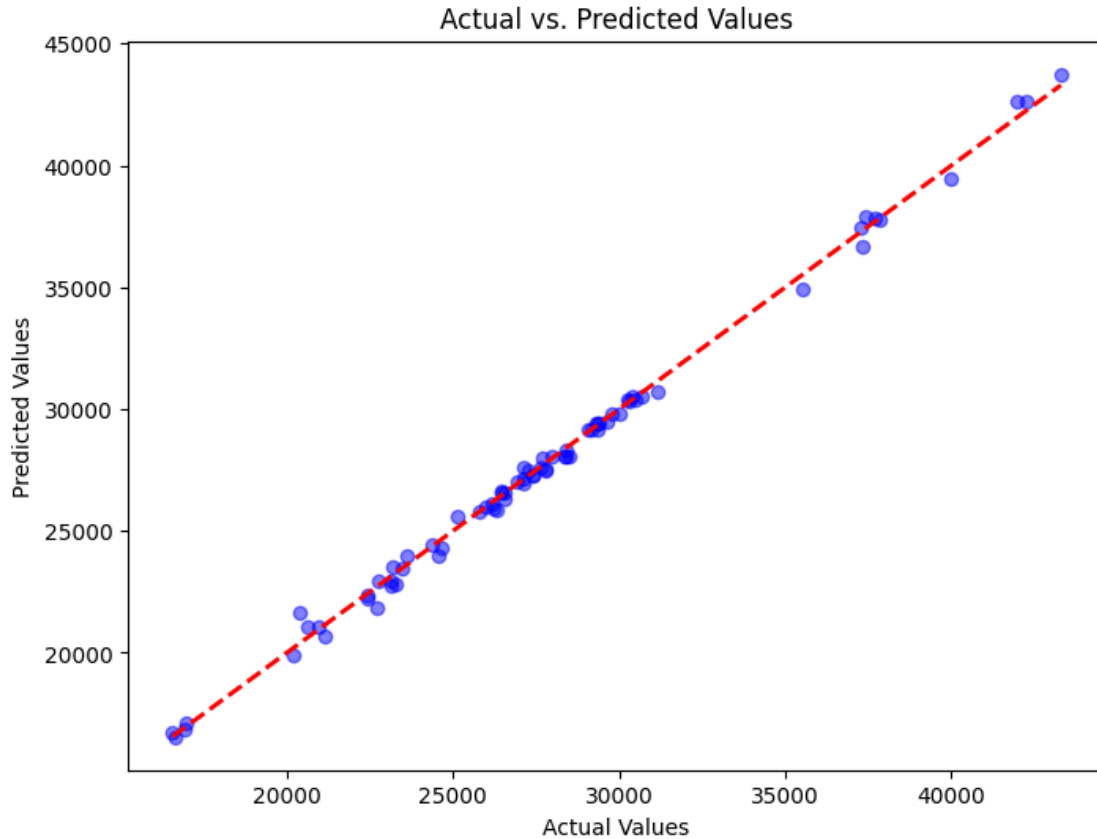
```
[284]: df_results[['Actual_Close', 'Predicted_Close']].plot()
```

```
[284]: <Axes: >
```





```
[285]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(y_test, predictions, color='blue', alpha=0.5)
plt.plot([min(y_test), max(y_test)], [min(y_test), max(y_test)],linestyle='--',
        color='red', linewidth=2)
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted Values')
plt.xlabel('Actual Values')
plt.ylabel('Predicted Values')
plt.show()
```



### *Binance Dataset*

In this project, I select Binance datasets which play a crucial role as they form the foundation for training and evaluating machine learning models i.e decision tree for stock market price prediction. Dataset represents historical stock market data for different assets, and understanding their characteristics is vital for building effective predictive models.

Features of dataset \* Date: Essential for organizing data chronologically and identifying trends over time. \* Open: The opening price of Datasets on a given day. \* High: The highest price of Datasets on a given day. \* Low: The lowest price of Datasets on a given day. \* Close: The closing price of Datasets on a given day. \* Adj Close: The adjusted closing price of Datasets on a given day, considering dividends, stock splits, etc. \* Volume: The volume of Datasets traded on a given day.

*Load the dataset*

```
[286]: data = pd.read_csv('BNB-USD.csv')
       print(data)
```

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	\
0	2022-12-19	251.242676	252.933014	238.650787	240.657806	240.657806	

1	2022-12-20	240.668228	252.628662	239.801437	251.744537	251.744537
2	2022-12-21	251.694321	251.694321	245.757248	246.046982	246.046982
3	2022-12-22	246.068329	248.032028	240.483200	245.890625	245.890625
4	2022-12-23	245.894135	248.274719	244.452942	246.148178	246.148178
..	...	...	...	...	...	...
361	2023-12-15	253.517441	253.549713	243.867371	244.898438	244.898438
362	2023-12-16	244.896423	248.086380	243.450653	244.350967	244.350967
363	2023-12-17	244.350708	244.432175	239.230637	239.308289	239.308289
364	2023-12-18	239.247147	241.348434	232.752808	241.348434	241.348434
365	2023-12-19	241.347687	253.778625	241.347687	253.105240	253.105240

	Volume
0	751196285
1	667866377
2	479296549
3	543367184
4	388929772
..	...
361	769388533
362	651447427
363	650163942
364	871708609
365	1226686976

[366 rows x 7 columns]

*Quick peek at functions:*

```
[287]: data.shape
```

```
[287]: (366, 7)
```

```
[288]: data.columns
```

```
[288]: Index(['Date', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Adj Close', 'Volume'],
dtype='object')
```

```
[289]: print(data.describe())
```

	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close \
count	366.000000	366.000000	366.000000	366.000000	366.000000
mean	265.041061	269.089091	261.058403	265.037719	265.037719
std	41.667309	42.656486	40.717153	41.663551	41.663551
min	205.225800	206.659103	203.655441	205.229416	205.229416
25%	231.900402	236.389728	228.605893	231.913357	231.913357
50%	246.355537	251.505004	242.926544	246.388756	246.388756
75%	308.557312	313.169899	304.356903	308.555268	308.555268
max	348.175751	350.072296	338.260620	348.220917	348.220917

	Volume
count	3.660000e+02
mean	5.566887e+08
std	2.657211e+08
min	2.038465e+08
25%	3.765235e+08
50%	4.849198e+08
75%	6.678265e+08
max	2.480554e+09

```
[290]: print(data.info())
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 366 entries, 0 to 365
Data columns (total 7 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Date        366 non-null    object
1   Open        366 non-null    float64
2   High        366 non-null    float64
3   Low         366 non-null    float64
4   Close       366 non-null    float64
5   Adj Close   366 non-null    float64
6   Volume      366 non-null    int64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 20.1+ KB
None
```

### *Data Preprocessing*

#### Handling Missing Values:

```
[291]: missing_values = data.isnull().sum()
print("Missing Values:\n", missing_values)
data = data.dropna()
print("Missing Values After Handling:\n", data.isnull().sum())
```

```
Missing Values:
Date      0
Open      0
High      0
Low       0
Close     0
Adj Close 0
Volume    0
dtype: int64
Missing Values After Handling:
Date      0
```

```

Open      0
High      0
Low       0
Close     0
Adj Close 0
Volume    0
dtype: int64

```

## Feature Scaling

```

[292]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
data[['High']] = scaler.fit_transform(data[['High']])
data[['Low']] = scaler.fit_transform(data[['Low']])
data

```

```

[292]:
      Date      Open      High      Low      Close  Adj Close  \
0  2022-12-19  251.242676  0.322661  0.259985  240.657806  240.657806
1  2022-12-20  240.668228  0.320539  0.268533  251.744537  251.744537
2  2022-12-21  251.694321  0.314024  0.312780  246.046982  246.046982
3  2022-12-22  246.068329  0.288488  0.273598  245.890625  245.890625
4  2022-12-23  245.894135  0.290180  0.303090  246.148178  246.148178
..      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
361 2023-12-15  253.517441  0.326962  0.298740  244.898438  244.898438
362 2023-12-16  244.896423  0.288867  0.295644  244.350967  244.350967
363 2023-12-17  244.350708  0.263386  0.264293  239.308289  239.308289
364 2023-12-18  239.247147  0.241884  0.216168  241.348434  241.348434
365 2023-12-19  241.347687  0.328558  0.280021  253.105240  253.105240

      Volume
0    751196285
1    667866377
2    479296549
3    543367184
4    388929772
..      ...
361  769388533
362  651447427
363  650163942
364  871708609
365 1226686976

```

```
[366 rows x 7 columns]
```

## Feature Engineering

```

[293]: data['DailyReturn'] = data['Adj Close'].pct_change() * 100
data['MovingAverage'] = data['Adj Close'].rolling(window=5).mean()

```

```
data['PriceToVolumeRatio'] = data['Adj Close']/data['Volume']
data=data.dropna()
data
```

```
[293]:
```

	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Adj Close	\
4	2022-12-23	245.894135	0.290180	0.303090	246.148178	246.148178	
5	2022-12-24	246.151642	0.275586	0.299376	244.635529	244.635529	
6	2022-12-25	244.636398	0.272443	0.282642	243.141495	243.141495	
7	2022-12-26	243.147934	0.264528	0.286534	244.198288	244.198288	
8	2022-12-27	244.202652	0.286031	0.289043	246.596680	246.596680	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
361	2023-12-15	253.517441	0.326962	0.298740	244.898438	244.898438	
362	2023-12-16	244.896423	0.288867	0.295644	244.350967	244.350967	
363	2023-12-17	244.350708	0.263386	0.264293	239.308289	239.308289	
364	2023-12-18	239.247147	0.241884	0.216168	241.348434	241.348434	
365	2023-12-19	241.347687	0.328558	0.280021	253.105240	253.105240	

	Volume	DailyReturn	MovingAverage	PriceToVolumeRatio
4	388929772	0.104743	246.097626	6.328859e-07
5	280627376	-0.614528	246.893170	8.717451e-07
6	298063868	-0.610718	245.172562	8.157362e-07
7	276115280	0.434641	244.802823	8.844070e-07
8	391342277	0.982149	244.944034	6.301304e-07
..	...	...	...	...
361	769388533	-3.408825	250.355765	3.183027e-07
362	651447427	-0.223550	249.941785	3.750893e-07
363	650163942	-2.063703	246.904447	3.680738e-07
364	871708609	0.852517	244.689468	2.768682e-07
365	1226686976	4.871300	244.602274	2.063324e-07

[362 rows x 10 columns]

## Data Splitting and Model Training

```
[294]: features = ['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Volume', 'DailyReturn', 'MovingAverage', 'PriceToVolumeRatio']
X = data[features]
Y = data['Close']
print(X.columns)
print(Y.name)
```

```
Index(['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Volume', 'DailyReturn', 'MovingAverage',
      'PriceToVolumeRatio'],
      dtype='object')
Close
```

```
[295]: imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')
X = imputer.fit_transform(X)
```

```
[296]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,Y, test_size=0.2,
↳random_state=42)
print("X_train shape:", X_train.shape)
print("X_test shape:", X_test.shape)
print("y_train shape:", y_train.shape)
print("y_test shape:", y_test.shape)
```

```
X_train shape: (289, 7)
X_test shape: (73, 7)
y_train shape: (289,)
y_test shape: (73,)
```

```
[297]: model = DecisionTreeRegressor()
```

#### Model Evaluation

```
[298]: model.fit(X_train, y_train)
predictions = model.predict(X_test)
predictions
```

```
[298]: array([304.953278, 308.912201, 272.701538, 251.421616, 317.040009,
247.75943 , 277.289642, 323.349792, 216.465775, 321.887726,
216.465775, 309.245636, 237.808563, 323.349792, 313.928619,
243.890533, 215.134659, 242.733139, 239.089081, 307.695831,
244.898438, 246.349197, 290.282837, 212.282837, 234.439941,
239.706894, 242.798599, 259.867157, 308.964294, 246.148178,
304.973175, 314.063171, 331.995087, 229.424408, 305.954132,
336.978241, 306.866699, 308.912201, 210.679672, 238.946213,
214.363327, 229.300842, 309.245636, 210.99437 , 323.349792,
229.300842, 326.212891, 315.377441, 242.65683 , 321.952698,
241.977036, 314.083527, 215.075989, 241.797501, 241.348434,
229.692963, 321.611053, 243.141495, 214.448547, 277.289642,
236.280685, 214.305664, 277.289642, 337.645538, 210.638947,
289.343689, 238.946213, 328.724213, 212.378448, 307.068878,
318.953766, 229.300842, 214.821304])
```

```
[299]: mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions)
print(f'Mean Squared Error: {mse}')
```

Mean Squared Error: 15.029912793055043

```
[300]: # Calculate Mean Absolute Error
mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions)
print(f'Mean Absolute Error: {mae:.2f}')
```

Mean Absolute Error: 2.48

```
[301]: # Calculate R-squared
r2 = r2_score(y_test, predictions)
print(f'R-squared: {r2:.2f}')
```

R-squared: 0.99

```
[302]: df_results = pd.DataFrame({'Date': pd.to_datetime(y_test.index,
    ↪format='%Y-%m-%d'),
                                'Actual_Close': y_test.values,
                                'Predicted_Close': predictions})

# Display the new DataFrame
print(df_results)
```

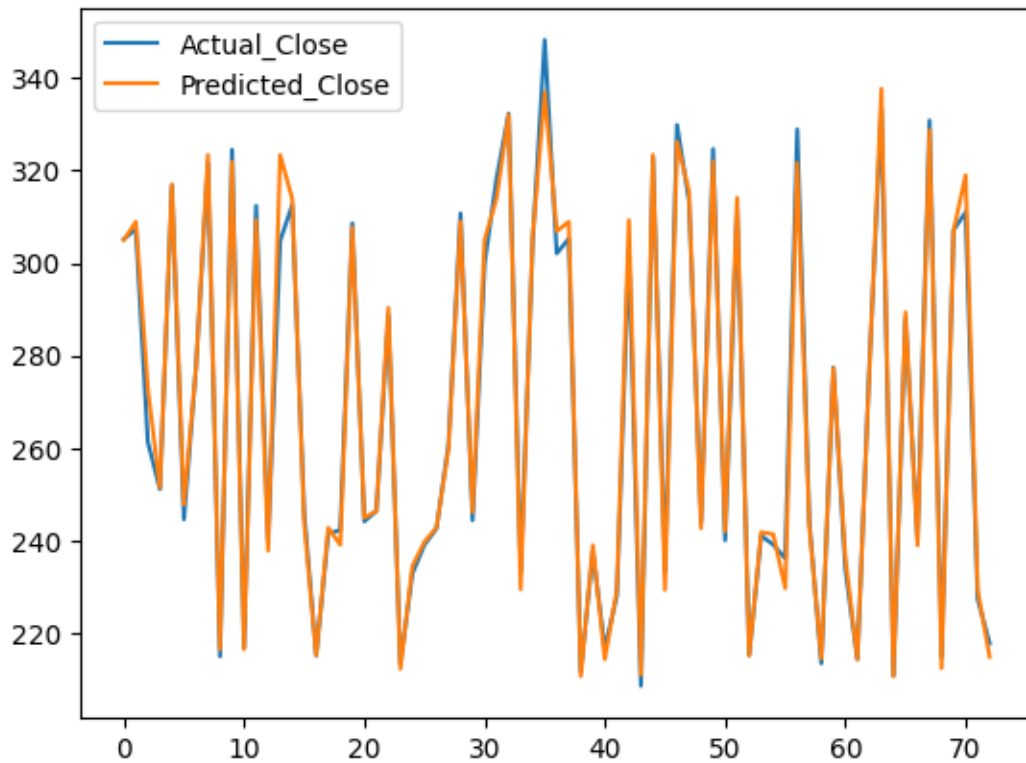
	Date	Actual_Close	Predicted_Close
0	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000167	305.156799	304.953278
1	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000037	307.307648	308.912201
2	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000019	261.282837	272.701538
3	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000326	251.082367	251.421616
4	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000061	316.682709	317.040009
..	...	...	...
68	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000301	214.823959	212.378448
69	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000086	307.124939	307.068878
70	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000098	310.949127	318.953766
71	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000345	227.342758	229.300842
72	1970-01-01 00:00:00.000000307	217.747375	214.821304

[73 rows x 3 columns]

```
[303]: df_results[['Actual_Close', 'Predicted_Close']].plot()
```

[303]: <Axes: >





```
[304]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(y_test, predictions, color='blue', alpha=0.5)
plt.plot([min(y_test), max(y_test)], [min(y_test), max(y_test)], linestyle='--',
        color='red', linewidth=2)
plt.title('Actual vs. Predicted Values')
plt.xlabel('Actual Values')
plt.ylabel('Predicted Values')
plt.show()
```

