

# Submit a solution for J-106664. Balanced Binary Search Tree

Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

### Problem J: 106664. Balanced Binary Search Tree

You have an array with  $2^N$  - 1 elements in it. You want to build the Binary Search Tree on this array, adding elements in order of their appearance array (from left to right). But there is a probability that the tree would be imbalanced. That's why you decided to shuffle your array to obtain **perfect balanced** Binary Search Tree (i.e. BST with prefect binary tree underneath) after adding elements (from left to right, again). Your task is to print yo array after appropriate shuffle. If there are several possible shuffles, print the array after applying any of them.

Note, that you are not asked for building Binary Search Tree, but only for shuffling array.

### Input format

The first line of input consists of single integer N that describes the length of the array (1  $\leq N \leq$  15).

The next line contains  $2^N$  - 1 integers  $a_i$  - elements of the array (0  $\leqslant a_i \leqslant$  2  $\cdot$  10 $^9$ ).

It is guaranteed that there are no duplicates in the array.

#### **Output format**

Print  $2^N$  - 1 integers - elements in your array after applying required shuffle.

## **Examples**

Input

3 5 1

Output

3 5 1

Input

1 3 5

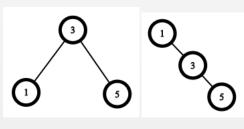
Output

3 1 5

### **Notes**

In the first sample given array can be used for building balanced BST (left picture).

In the second sample given array gives such chain tree (right picture), so it must be shuffled.



Note that for both complex 12 E 11 and 12 1 El are correct appli

