#### The max-min-hill-climbing algorithm

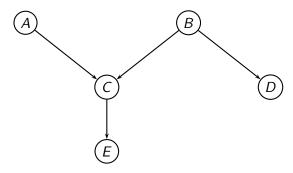
Michael Bauer

M.Sc. Comp. Science

July 15, 2014

#### Definition

A Bayesian Network is a directed acyclic graph (DAG) whose nodes are random variables and edges represent conditional dependencies. If two random variables are connected they are said to be dependent. If there is no connection they are said to be conditional independent.



- directed edges
- free of cycles
- random variable is represented as a node
- edges encode dependencies
- For instance: parent A, child C

Bioinformatics

## Predicting the effect of missense mutations on protein function: analysis with Bayesian networks

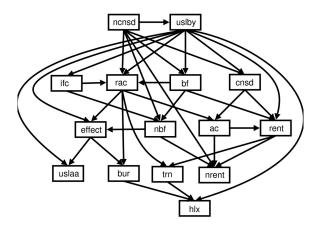


Figure: http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2105/7/405/figure/F2?highres=y (by Chris J Needham1, James R Bradford, Andrew J Bulpitt, Matthew A Care and David R Westhead)

#### Bayesian Networks in sports and medicine

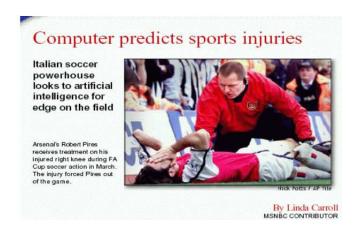


Figure: http://www-ekp.physik.uni-karlsruhe.de/z̃upanc/WS1011/docs/Datenanalyse2010\_3.pdf

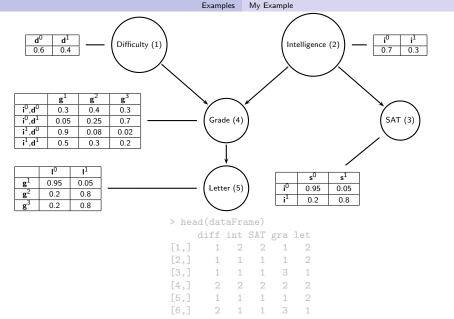


Figure: The data we observe from following the rules above.

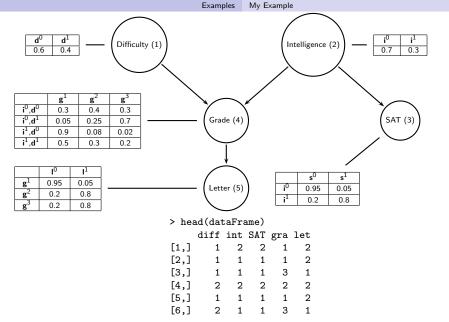
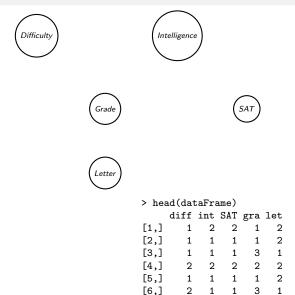
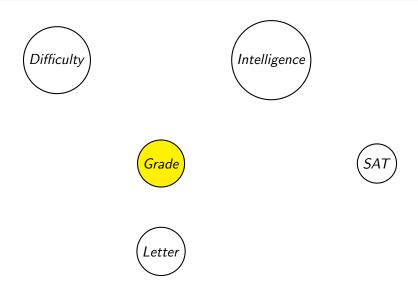


Figure: The data we observe from following the rules above.

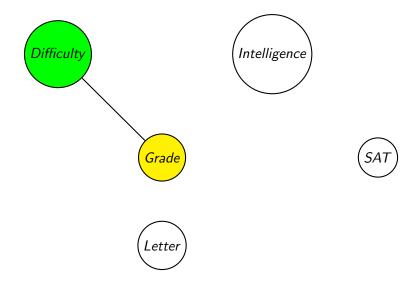
#### Empty graph without any edges



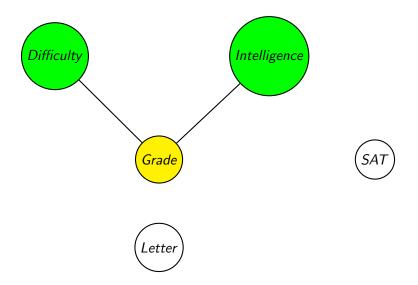
#### One iteration for the "Grade" node



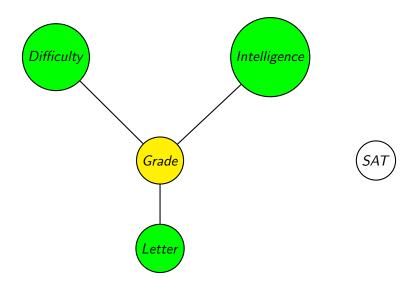
#### One iteration for the "Grade" node



#### One iteration for the "Grade" node



## All parents or children are found



#### Start new iteration

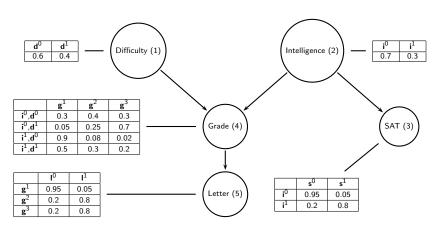


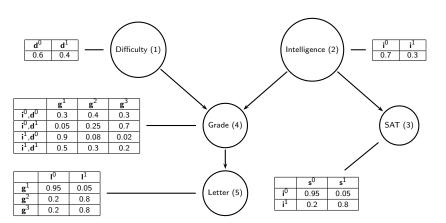






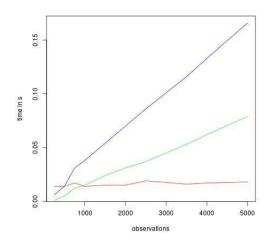






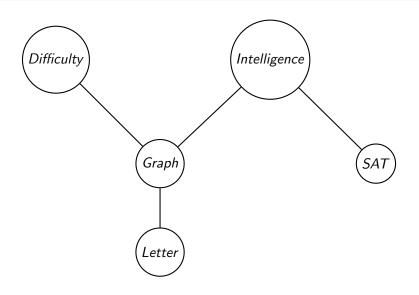
#### 

## The benchmark for this algorithm



| nobs | R     | C     | bnlearn |
|------|-------|-------|---------|
| 250  | 0.006 | 0.001 | 0.014   |
| 500  | 0.014 | 0.005 | 0.014   |
| 750  | 0.031 | 0.012 | 0.017   |
| 1000 | 0.038 | 0.015 | 0.014   |
| 1500 | 0.054 | 0.024 | 0.015   |
| 2500 | 0.086 | 0.037 | 0.019   |
| 5000 | 0.166 | 0.079 | 0.018   |

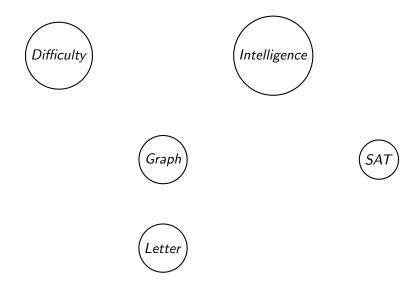
## The arrows are still missing



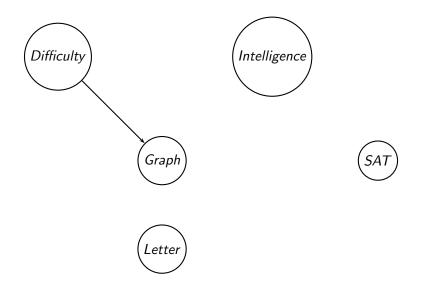
## Bayesian Dirichlet equivalent uniform (BDeu) score

$$BDeu(G) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^{q_i} \left( log \left( \frac{\Gamma(\frac{\eta}{q_i})}{\Gamma(N_{ij} + \frac{\eta}{q_i})} \right) + \sum_{k=1}^{r_i} log \left( \frac{\Gamma(N_{ijk} + \frac{\eta}{r_i q_i})}{\Gamma(\frac{\eta}{r_i q_i})} \right) \right).$$

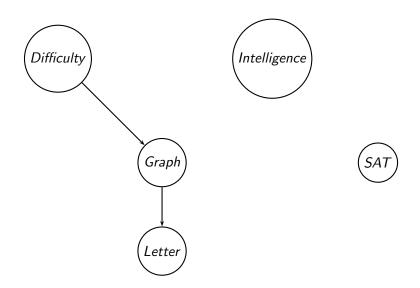
## Bayesian Dirichlet equivalent uniform (BDeu) score



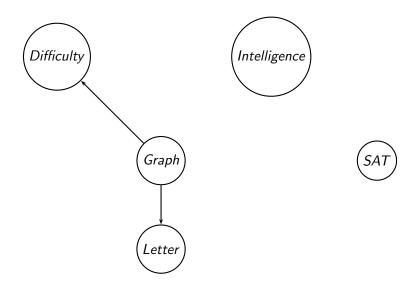
#### Adding an edge



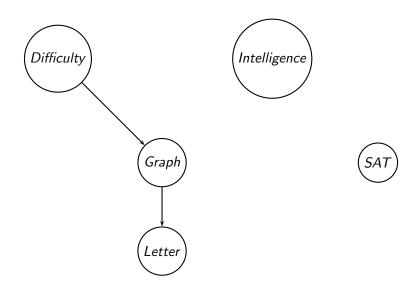
#### Adding an edge



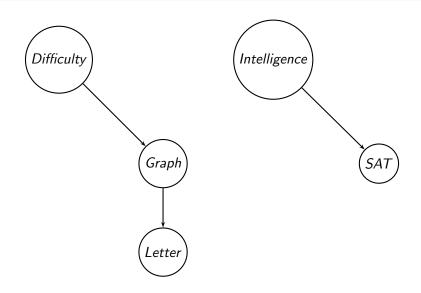
#### Also possible: reverse and delete



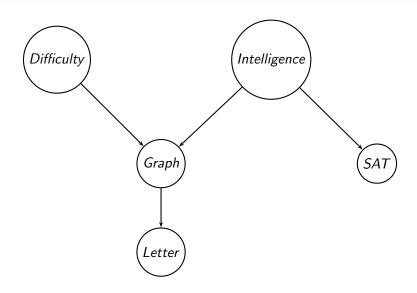
#### Reverse again



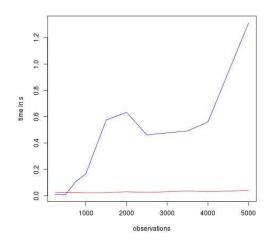
#### Adding an edge



## Adding an edge

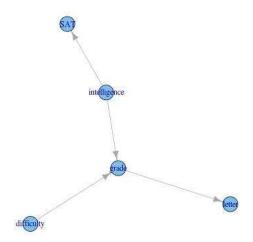


#### Benchmark for the whole program



| C     | bnlearn  |
|-------|--|
| 0.011 | 0.023  |
| 0.007 | 0.024  |
| 0.107 | 0.024  |
| 0.166 | 0.022  |
| 0.575 | 0.023  |
| 0.493 | 0.036  |
| 1.313 | 0.041  |
|       | 0.011<br>0.007<br>0.107<br>0.166<br>0.575<br>0.493 |

#### Output of my program



# Thanks for your attention!