Multiple Regression Applications Solutions

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- 1. The mtcars dataset contains average mileage (mpg) and other information about specific makes and models of cars. (This dataset is built-in to R; for more information about this dataset, reference the documentation with ?mtcars).
 - a. Build and interpret the coefficients of a model fitting mpg against displacement (disp), horsepower (hp), rear axle ratio (drat), and weight in 1000 lbs (wt).

```
cars_mod<-lm(mpg~disp+hp+drat+wt,data=mtcars)
summary(cars_mod)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mpg ~ disp + hp + drat + wt, data = mtcars)
## Residuals:
      Min
                10 Median
                                30
                                       Max
## -3.5077 -1.9052 -0.5057
                           0.9821
                                   5.6883
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 29.148738
                           6.293588
                                      4.631 8.2e-05 ***
                           0.010805
## disp
                0.003815
                                      0.353
                                             0.72675
               -0.034784
                                     -2.999
## hp
                           0.011597
                                             0.00576 **
                1.768049
                           1.319779
                                      1.340
                                             0.19153
## drat
## wt
               -3.479668
                           1.078371
                                     -3.227
                                             0.00327 **
## ---
                  0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '. ' 0.1 ' 1
## Signif. codes:
## Residual standard error: 2.602 on 27 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8376, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8136
## F-statistic: 34.82 on 4 and 27 DF, p-value: 2.704e-10
```

$$E(mpg) = 29.15 + 0.004 * disp - 0.035 * hp + 1.768 * drat - 3.480 * wt$$

Each coefficient represents the expected increase in mpg for a unit increase in the respective variable, leaving all other variables constant.

b) Given your model, what is the expected, average, mpg for a vehicle with a displacement of 170, a horsepower of 100, a drat of 3.80 and a wt of 2,900 lbs. Construct a 95% confidence interval and prediction interval for that expected mpg.

```
predict(cars_mod,newdata=data.frame(disp=170,hp=100,drat=3.8,wt=2.9),interval="confidence")
##
          fit
                   lwr
                             upr
## 1 22.94652 21.76569 24.12735
predict(cars_mod,newdata=data.frame(disp=170,hp=100,drat=3.8,wt=2.9),interval="prediction")
##
          fit
                   lwr
## 1 22.94652 17.47811 28.41494
  c. Repeat part (b) with a bootstrap for the confidence interval.
set.seed(732)
results <- do(1000)*lm(mpg~disp+hp+drat+wt,data=resample(mtcars))
head(results)
##
     Intercept
                        disp
                                       hp
                                               drat
                                                                  sigma r.squared
                                                            wt
## 1 20.28185 -0.0017783926 -0.02620557 2.8897199 -2.016023 2.300320 0.8210210
## 2 33.66818 -0.0128734640 -0.01960700 0.3309526 -2.862143 2.102123 0.8760470
## 3 25.54583 -0.0001983653 -0.03743247 2.1905290 -2.392723 2.814197 0.7947977
## 4 33.22436 0.0112562822 -0.04151242 1.4796584 -4.557451 2.699223 0.8523512
      25.96975 -0.0002882344 -0.03093247 2.3689688 -2.861715 2.670069 0.8643060
## 5
## 6
     34.17742 0.0054509451 -0.04085537 0.9019272 -3.975107 2.562486 0.8377108
##
            F numdf dendf .row .index
## 1 30.96393
                  4
                       27
                              1
                                     1
                                     2
## 2 47.70611
                  4
                       27
                              1
## 3 26.14436
                  4
                                     3
                       27
                             1
## 4 38.96659
                  4
                       27
                             1
                                     4
## 5 42.99429
                       27
                                     5
                  4
                              1
## 6 34.84241
                  4
                       27
                                     6
results %>%
mutate(pred=Intercept+disp*170+hp*100+drat*3.8+wt*2.9) %>%
cdata(~pred,data=.)
           lower
                    upper central.p
## 2.5% 21.76703 24.15803
                                0.95
```

2. Is that the best model for predicting mpg? Try a variety of different models. You could explore higher order terms or even interactions. One place to start is by using the pairs() function on mtcars to plot a large pairwise scatterplot. How high could you get adjusted R-squared? Keep in mind that is only one measure of fit.

Answers will vary, but we tried this and got 0.8694.

```
summary(lm(mpg~disp+I(disp^2)+hp+I(hp^2)+wt,data=mtcars))
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mpg \sim disp + I(disp^2) + hp + I(hp^2) + wt, data = mtcars)
##
## Residuals:
##
               1Q Median
                               3Q
      Min
                                      Max
## -3.1591 -1.4907 -0.3903 1.5851 3.7795
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 4.440e+01 2.639e+00 16.823 1.71e-15 ***
              -4.532e-02 2.131e-02 -2.127 0.043100 *
## disp
## I(disp^2)
               8.844e-05 3.315e-05
                                     2.668 0.012967 *
              -8.652e-02 3.813e-02 -2.269 0.031813 *
## hp
## I(hp^2)
               1.585e-04 8.932e-05
                                     1.775 0.087666 .
## wt
              -3.517e+00 8.874e-01 -3.963 0.000515 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 2.178 on 26 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8904, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8694
## F-statistic: 42.26 on 5 and 26 DF, p-value: 1.129e-11
```

File Creation Information

- File creation date: 2020-11-23
- Windows version: Windows 10 x64 (build 18362)
- R version 3.6.3 (2020-02-29)
- mosaic package version: 1.7.0
- tidyverse package version: 1.3.0
- openintro package version: 2.0.0