Numerical Data Applications Solutions

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Exercises

Create an Rmd file for the work including headers, file creation data, and explanation of your work. Make sure your plots have a title and the axes are labeled.

1. Mammals exploratory

Data were collected on 39 species of mammals distributed over 13 orders. The data is in the openintro package as mammals

a. Using help, report the units for the variable BrainWt.

?mammals

b. Using inspect how many variables are numeric?

inspect(mammals)

```
##
  categorical variables:
##
        name class levels
                            n missing
## 1 Species factor
                         62 62
                                       distribution
  1 Africanelephant (1.6%)
##
##
## quantitative variables:
##
                    class
                              min
                                      Q1
                                          median
                                                        Q3
             name
                                                              max
                                                                         mean
                                                   48.2025 6654.0 198.789984
## 1
           BodyWt numeric
                            0.005
                                   0.600
                                          3.3425
## 2
          BrainWt numeric
                            0.140
                                   4.250 17.2500 166.0000 5712.0 283.134194
## 3
      NonDreaming numeric
                            2.100
                                   6.250
                                          8.3500
                                                   11.0000
                                                             17.9
                                                                    8.672917
                            0.000
                                          1.8000
                                                    2.5500
                                                              6.6
## 4
         Dreaming numeric
                                   0.900
                                                                    1.972000
## 5
       TotalSleep numeric
                           2.600
                                   8.050 10.4500
                                                   13.2000
                                                             19.9
                                                                   10.532759
## 6
         LifeSpan numeric 2.000
                                   6.625 15.1000
                                                   27.7500
                                                            100.0
                                                                   19.877586
        Gestation numeric 12.000 35.750 79.0000 207.5000
                                                            645.0 142.353448
## 8
        Predation integer 1.000
                                   2.000
                                          3.0000
                                                    4.0000
                                                              5.0
                                                                    2.870968
## 9
         Exposure integer 1.000
                                  1.000
                                          2.0000
                                                    4.0000
                                                              5.0
                                                                    2.419355
## 10
           Danger integer 1.000 1.000
                                         2.0000
                                                    4.0000
                                                              5.0
                                                                    2.612903
##
              sd n missing
     899.158011 62
## 1
```

```
930.278942 62
## 3
        3.666452 48
                          14
## 4
        1.442651 50
                          12
## 5
        4.606760 58
                           4
       18.206255 58
                           4
## 7
      146.805039 58
        1.476414 62
## 9
        1.604792 62
                           0
## 10
        1.441252 62
                           0
```

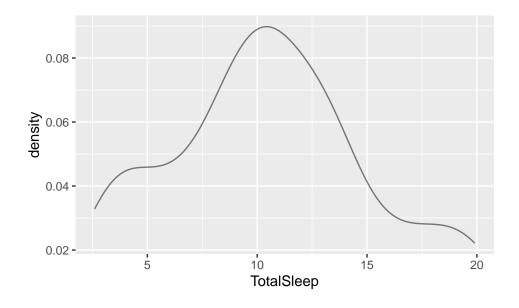
c. What type of variable is Danger?

Categorical

d. Create a density plot of TotalSleep and describe the distribution.

gf_dens(~TotalSleep,data=mammals)

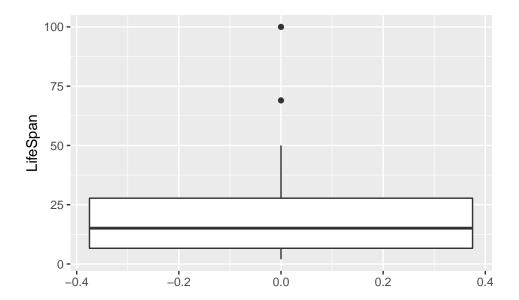
Warning: Removed 4 rows containing non-finite values (stat_density).



e. Create a boxplot of ${\tt LifeSpan}$ and describe the distribution.

gf_boxplot(~LifeSpan,data=mammals)

Warning: Removed 4 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).



f. Report the mean and median life span of a mammal.

```
mean(~LifeSpan,data=mammals,na.rm=TRUE)
```

[1] 19.87759

```
median(~LifeSpan,data=mammals,na.rm=TRUE)
```

[1] 15.1

g. Calculate the summary statistics for LifeSpan broken down by Danger.

favstats(LifeSpan~Danger,data=mammals)

```
##
     Danger
                     Q1 median
                                    Q3
                                                                n missing
             min
                                         max
                                                 mean
                                                            sd
## 1
                  7.700 17.60 32.500 100.0 24.20556 23.53829 18
                                                                         1
                  4.500
                        10.40 13.000
                                        50.0 12.92308 13.15948 13
                                                                         1
                          5.35 7.875
                  4.175
                                                                         2
## 3
          3
             2.0
                                        38.6
                                             9.43750 11.99559
## 4
          4
             2.6
                  9.775
                         22.10 27.000
                                        69.0 23.11000 18.75482 10
                                                                         0
          5 17.0 20.000
## 5
                         23.60 30.000
                                        46.0 26.95556 10.18910
                                                                         0
```

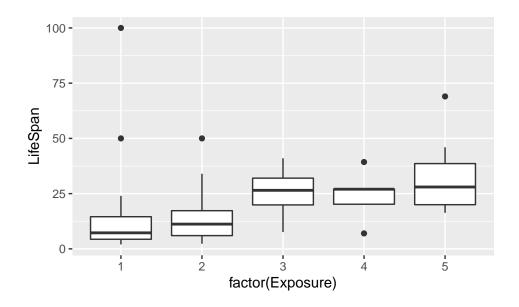
2. Mammals life spans

Continue using the mammals data set.

a. Create side-by-side boxplots for LifeSpan broken down by Exposure. Note: you will have to change Exposure to a factor(). Report on any findings.

```
mammals %>%
gf_boxplot(LifeSpan~factor(Exposure))
```

Warning: Removed 4 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).



b. What happened to the median and third quartile in exposure group 4?

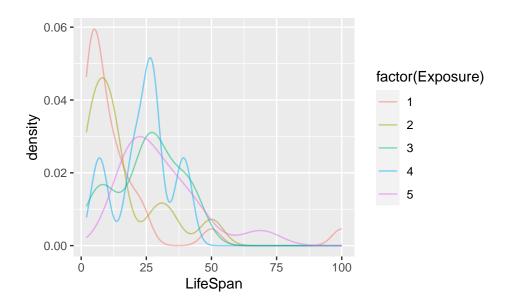
favstats(LifeSpan~factor(Exposure),data=mammals)

```
##
     factor(Exposure)
                       min
                              Q1 median
                                            QЗ
                                                 max
                                                         mean
                                                                    sd n missing
## 1
                       2.0
                           4.35
                                   7.25 14.550 100.0 14.55000 20.98594 24
                                                                                3
## 2
                                 11.20 17.275
                      2.3 6.00
                                                50.0 15.39167 14.55819 12
                                                                                1
## 3
                      7.6 19.90
                                 26.50 32.000
                                                41.0 25.40000 13.84582 4
                                                                                0
                                  27.00 27.000
## 4
                      7.0 20.20
                                                39.3 24.10000 11.78431
                                                                                0
## 5
                    5 16.3 20.00 28.00 38.600 69.0 30.53077 14.98084 13
                                                                                0
```

c. Create overlapping density plots. What are the shorcomings of this plot?

```
gf_dens(~LifeSpan,color=~factor(Exposure),data=mammals)
```

Warning: Removed 4 rows containing non-finite values (stat_density).



d. Create a new variable Exposed that is a factor with level Low if exposure is 1 or 2 and High otherwise.

```
mammals <- mammals %>%
mutate(Exposed=factor(ifelse((Exposure==1)|(Exposure==2),"Low","High")))
```

inspect(mammals)

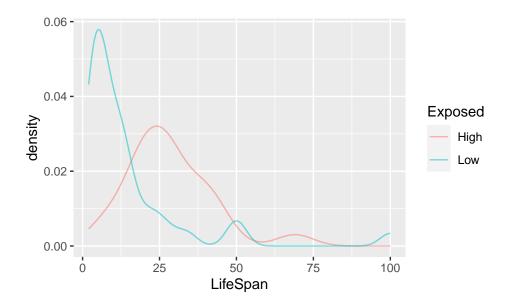
```
##
  categorical variables:
##
        name class levels
                            n missing
## 1 Species factor
                         62 62
                                     0
  2 Exposed factor
                          2 62
                                     0
##
                                       distribution
## 1 Africanelephant (1.6%) ...
## 2 Low (64.5%), High (35.5%)
##
## quantitative variables:
##
             name
                    class
                              min
                                      Q1
                                          median
                                                        QЗ
                                                              max
## 1
           BodyWt numeric
                            0.005
                                   0.600
                                          3.3425
                                                   48.2025 6654.0 198.789984
## 2
                                   4.250 17.2500 166.0000 5712.0 283.134194
          BrainWt numeric
                            0.140
## 3
      NonDreaming numeric
                            2.100
                                   6.250
                                          8.3500
                                                   11.0000
                                                             17.9
                                                                    8.672917
## 4
         Dreaming numeric
                            0.000
                                   0.900
                                         1.8000
                                                    2.5500
                                                              6.6
                                                                    1.972000
## 5
       TotalSleep numeric
                            2.600
                                   8.050 10.4500
                                                   13.2000
                                                             19.9
                                                                    10.532759
## 6
         LifeSpan numeric
                          2.000
                                   6.625 15.1000
                                                   27.7500
                                                            100.0
                                                                   19.877586
## 7
        Gestation numeric 12.000 35.750 79.0000 207.5000
                                                            645.0 142.353448
## 8
        Predation integer
                           1.000
                                   2.000
                                          3.0000
                                                    4.0000
                                                              5.0
                                                                    2.870968
## 9
         Exposure integer 1.000
                                   1.000
                                          2.0000
                                                    4.0000
                                                              5.0
                                                                    2.419355
## 10
           Danger integer 1.000 1.000 2.0000
                                                    4.0000
                                                              5.0
                                                                    2.612903
##
              sd n missing
## 1
      899.158011 62
                           0
## 2
      930.278942 62
                           0
                          14
## 3
        3.666452 48
## 4
        1.442651 50
                          12
## 5
        4.606760 58
```

```
## 6 18.206255 58 4
## 7 146.805039 58 4
## 8 1.476414 62 0
## 9 1.604792 62 0
## 10 1.441252 62 0
```

e. Repeat part c with the new variable.

```
gf_dens(~LifeSpan,color=~Exposed,data=mammals)
```

Warning: Removed 4 rows containing non-finite values (stat_density).

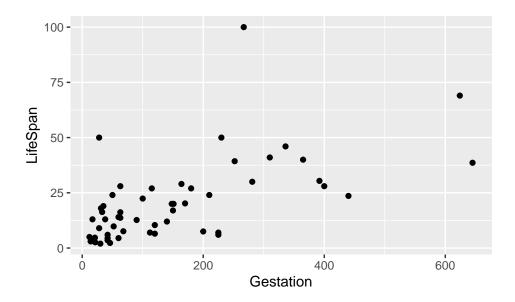


3. Mammals life spans continued

a. Create a scatterplot of life span versus length of gestation.

```
mammals %>%
gf_point(LifeSpan~Gestation)
```

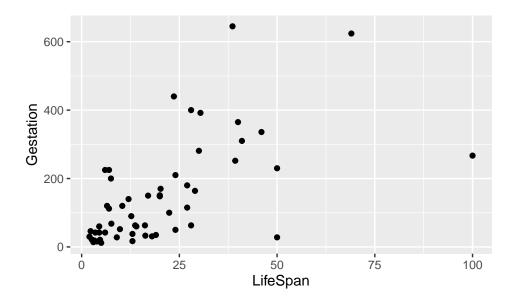
Warning: Removed 7 rows containing missing values (geom_point).



- b. What type of an association is apparent between life span and length of gestation?
- c. What type of an association would you expect to see if the axes of the plot were reversed, i.e. if we plotted length of gestation versus life span?
- d. Create the new scatterplot suggested in c.

```
mammals %>%
gf_point(Gestation~LifeSpan)
```

Warning: Removed 7 rows containing missing values (geom_point).



e. Are life span and length of gestation independent? Explain your reasoning.