

# Logistic Regression Applications Solutions

Lt Col Ken Horton

Lt Col Kris Pruitt

Professor Bradley Warner

18 November, 2020

## Exercises

### 1. Possum classification

Let's investigate the `possum` data set again. This time we want to model a binary outcome variable. As a reminder, the common brushtail possum of the Australia region is a bit cuter than its distant cousin, the American opossum. We consider 104 brushtail possums from two regions in Australia, where the possums may be considered a random sample from the population. The first region is Victoria, which is in the eastern half of Australia and traverses the southern coast. The second region consists of New South Wales and Queensland, which make up eastern and northeastern Australia.

We use logistic regression to differentiate between possums in these two regions. The outcome variable, called `pop`, takes value `Vic` when a possum is from Victoria and `other` when it is from New South Wales or Queensland. We consider five predictors: `sex`, `head_l`, `skull_w`, `total_l`, and `tail_l`.

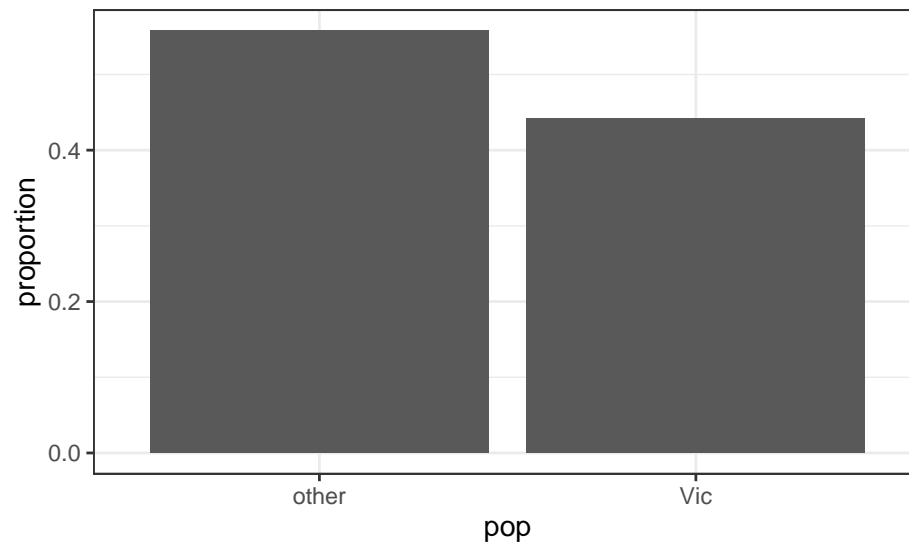
- Explore the data by making histograms of the quantitative variables, and bar charts of the discrete variables. Are there any outliers that are likely to have a very large influence on the logistic regression model?

```
possum <- read_csv("data/possum.csv") %>%  
  select(pop,sex,head_l,skull_w,total_l,tail_l) %>%  
  mutate(pop=factor(pop),sex=factor(sex))
```

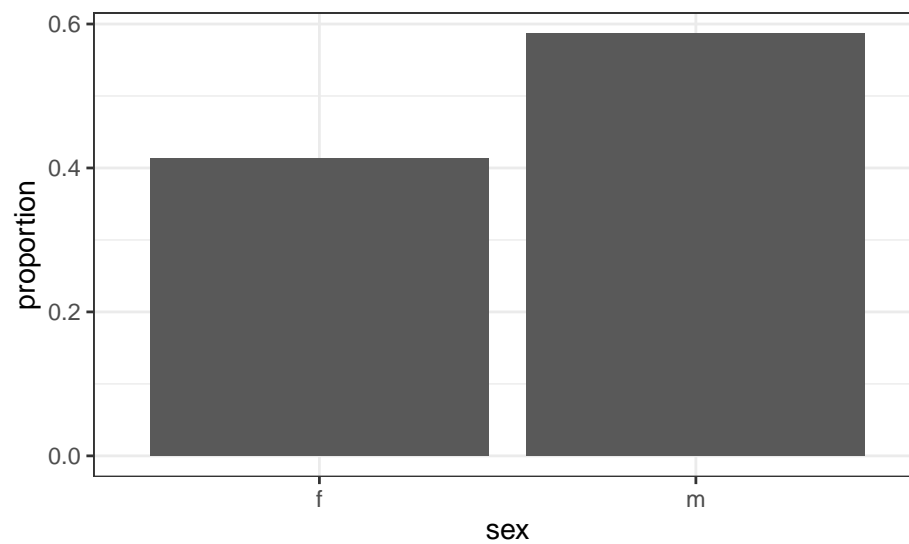
```
inspect(possum)
```

```
##  
## categorical variables:  
##   name class levels   n missing                distribution  
## 1  pop factor      2 104         0 other (55.8%), Vic (44.2%)  
## 2  sex factor      2 104         0 m (58.7%), f (41.3%)  
##  
## quantitative variables:  
##      name  class min      Q1 median      Q3   max    mean      sd   n  
## ...1 head_l numeric 82.5 90.675 92.80 94.725 103.1 92.60288 3.573349 104  
## ...2 skull_w numeric 50.0 54.975 56.35 58.100 68.6 56.88365 3.113426 104  
## ...3 total_l numeric 75.0 84.000 88.00 90.000 96.5 87.08846 4.310549 104  
## ...4 tail_l  numeric 32.0 35.875 37.00 38.000 43.0 37.00962 1.959518 104  
##      missing  
## ...1      0  
## ...2      0  
## ...3      0  
## ...4      0
```

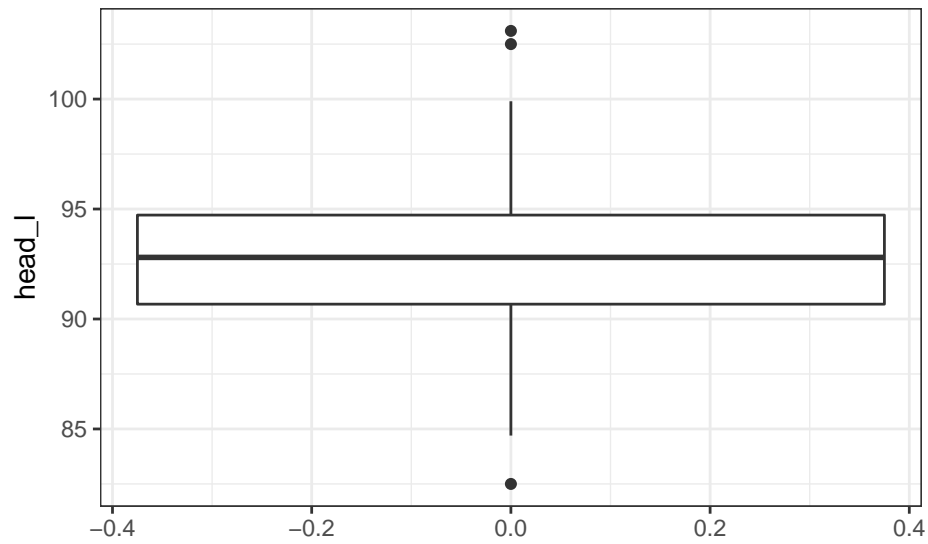
```
possum %>%
  gf_props(~pop) %>%
  gf_theme(theme_bw())
```



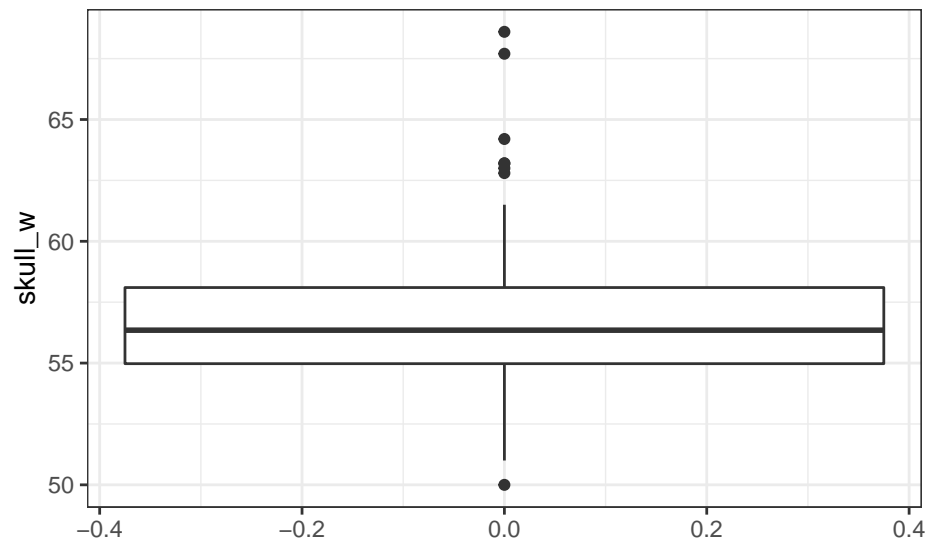
```
possum %>%
  gf_props(~sex) %>%
  gf_theme(theme_bw())
```



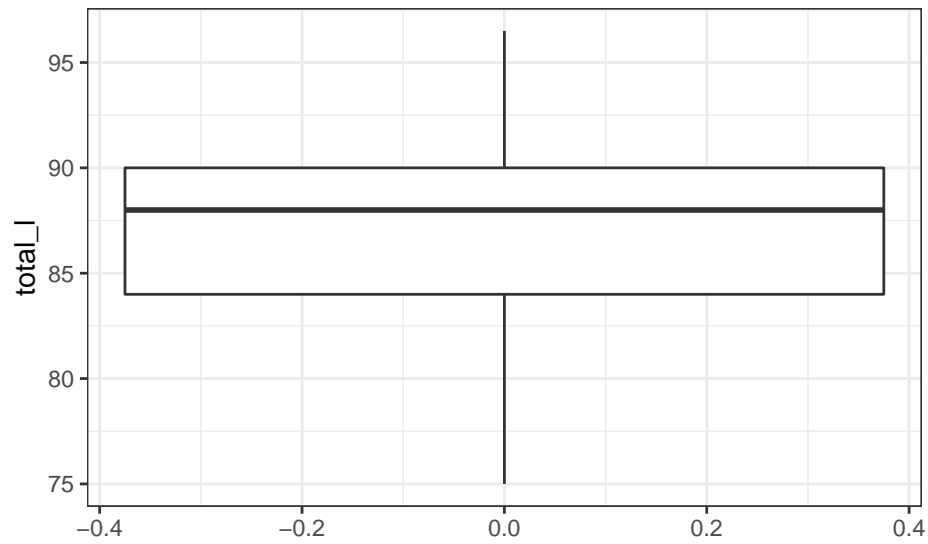
```
possum %>%
  gf_boxplot(~head_1) %>%
  gf_theme(theme_bw())
```



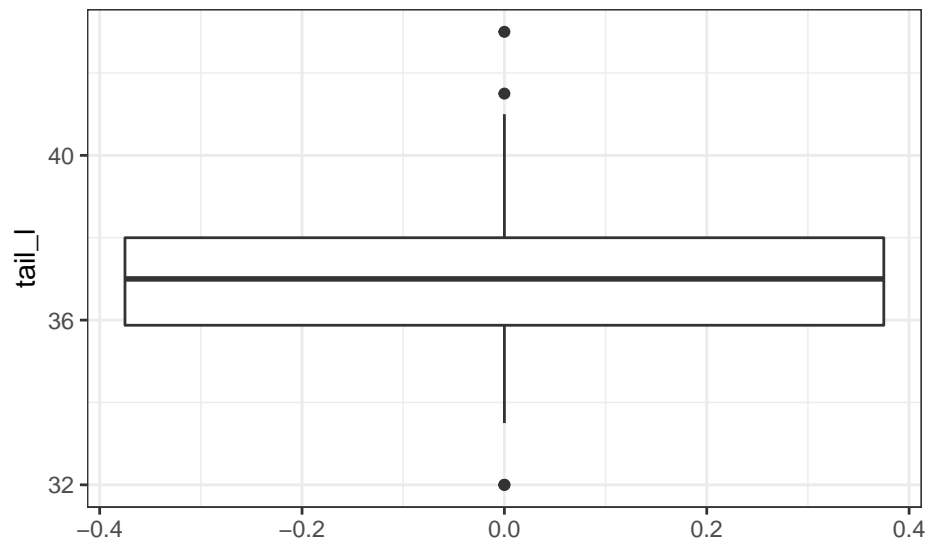
```
possum %>%
  gf_boxplot(~skull_w) %>%
  gf_theme(theme_bw())
```



```
possum %>%
  gf_boxplot(~total_l) %>%
  gf_theme(theme_bw())
```

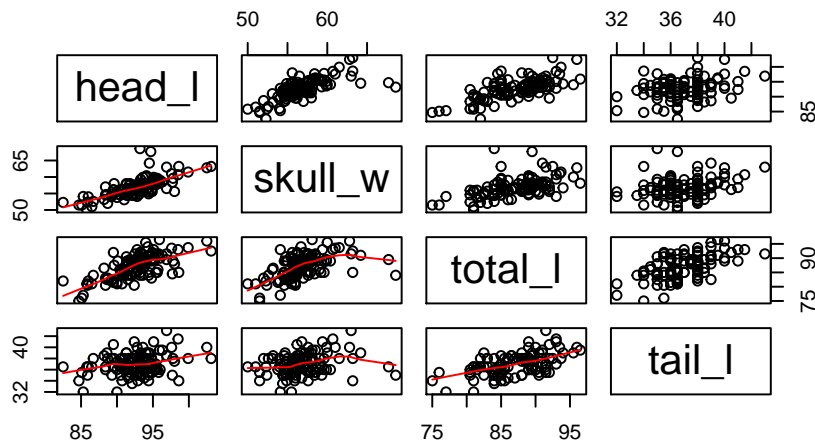


```
possum %>%
  gf_boxplot(~tail_l) %>%
  gf_theme(theme_bw())
```



There are some potential outliers for skull width but otherwise not much concern.

```
pairs(possum[,3:6], lower.panel = panel.smooth)
```



We can see that `head_l` is correlated with the other three variables. This will cause some multicollinearity problems.

b. Build a logistic regression model with all the variable. Report a summary of the model.

```
possum_mod <- glm(pop=="Vic"~.,data=possum,family="binomial")
```

```
summary(possum_mod)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = pop == "Vic" ~ ., family = "binomial", data = possum)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.6430  -0.5514  -0.1182   0.3760   2.8501
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)  39.2349    11.5368   3.401 0.000672 ***
## sexm         -1.2376     0.6662  -1.858 0.063195 .
## head_l        -0.1601     0.1386  -1.155 0.248002
## skull_w       -0.2012     0.1327  -1.517 0.129380
## total_l        0.6488     0.1531   4.236 2.27e-05 ***
## tail_l       -1.8708     0.3741  -5.001 5.71e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 142.787  on 103  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance:  72.155  on  98  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 84.155
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
confint(possum_mod)
```

```
## Waiting for profiling to be done...
```

```
##              2.5 %      97.5 %  
## (Intercept) 18.8530781 64.66444839  
## sexm        -2.6227018  0.02472167  
## head_l      -0.4428559  0.10865739  
## skull_w     -0.4933140  0.04479826  
## total_l     0.3768179  0.98455786  
## tail_l     -2.7170468 -1.23231969
```

c. Using the p-values decide if you want to remove a variable(S) and if so build that model.

Let's remove head\_l first.

```
possum_mod_red <- glm(pop=="Vic"~sex+skull_w+total_l+tail_l,data=possum,family="binomial")
```

```
summary(possum_mod_red)
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## glm(formula = pop == "Vic" ~ sex + skull_w + total_l + tail_l,  
##      family = "binomial", data = possum)  
##  
## Deviance Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max   
## -1.8102  -0.5683  -0.1222   0.4153   2.7599   
##  
## Coefficients:  
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)      
## (Intercept)  33.5095     9.9053   3.383 0.000717 ***  
## sexm        -1.4207     0.6457  -2.200 0.027790 *    
## skull_w     -0.2787     0.1226  -2.273 0.023053 *    
## total_l      0.5687     0.1322   4.302 1.69e-05 ***  
## tail_l     -1.8057     0.3599  -5.016 5.26e-07 ***  
## ---  
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1  
##  
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)  
##  
##    Null deviance: 142.787  on 103  degrees of freedom  
## Residual deviance:  73.516  on  99  degrees of freedom  
## AIC: 83.516  
##  
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

Since head\_l was correlated with the other variables, removing it has increased the precision, decreased the standard error, of the other predictors. There p-values are all now less than 0.05.

d. For any variable you decide to remove, build a 95% confidence interval for the parameter.

```
confint(possum_mod)
```

```
## Waiting for profiling to be done...
```

```
##           2.5 %      97.5 %  
## (Intercept) 18.8530781 64.66444839  
## sexm        -2.6227018 0.02472167  
## head_l      -0.4428559 0.10865739  
## skull_w     -0.4933140 0.04479826  
## total_l     0.3768179 0.98455786  
## tail_l      -2.7170468 -1.23231969
```

We are 95% confident that the true slope coefficient for `head_l` is between -0.44 and 0.108.

The bootstrap is not working for this problem. It may be that we have convergence issues when we resample the data. This is a reminder that we need to be careful and not just run methods without checking results. Here is the code:

```
set.seed(952)  
results<-do(1000)*glm(pop=="Vic"~.,data=resample(possum),family="binomial")
```

```
head(results)
```

```
##      Intercept      sexm      head_l      skull_w      total_l  
## 1 -1184.61875 2.122389e+01 3.861561e+00 2.749263e+00 7.274005e+00  
## 2 6371.55550 -1.301514e+02 1.023732e+01 -2.738816e+01 -1.076913e+01  
## 3 -9612.61941 -2.392900e+03 -1.875252e+02 5.782027e+02 -2.820691e+02  
## 4 -25.18662 -1.852185e+01 2.097593e+01 -1.353619e+01 1.483815e+01  
## 5 -26.56607 -1.398995e-14 -2.258909e-14 6.528545e-15 2.388756e-14  
## 6 -1025.00035 6.159665e+01 2.526181e+01 -2.032143e+01 1.438639e+01  
##      tail_l orig.id102 orig.id103 orig.id104 orig.id12 orig.id15  
## 1 3.651693e-01 -1.122791e+01 1.830254e+01 -30.06351 9.691673 38.52117  
## 2 -1.268187e+02 -6.013872e+01 -1.755235e+02 315.41584 NA NA  
## 3 5.516366e+02 NA 3.566885e+02 -4457.23937 1654.519130 1509.96846  
## 4 -6.444674e+01 NA -2.679856e+01 103.36587 -263.501068 -176.17714  
## 5 -3.702267e-14 1.750610e-13 1.941549e-14 NA NA NA  
## 6 -4.000390e+01 NA 2.039059e+01 NA NA NA  
##      orig.id16 orig.id17 orig.id19 orig.id2 orig.id20 orig.id22 orig.id23  
## 1 44.12043 -4.982253 23.26590 16.73273 29.062437 -19.09794 39.22422  
## 2 -317.45001 132.433698 -380.82833 -100.12632 4.028447 390.84406 -231.54072  
## 3 NA -6636.047683 NA -644.61784 NA NA -206.66839  
## 4 NA NA -265.68649 -114.22065 NA 37.53452 -129.65294  
## 5 53.13214 53.132137 53.13214 53.13214 NA 53.13214 53.13214  
## 6 NA 207.594757 -109.17251 29.15153 40.603330 17.05419 NA  
##      orig.id25 orig.id26 orig.id27 orig.id28 orig.id30 orig.id31  
## 1 -19.34349 -10.76200 80.80735 26.15158 82.72554 -7.120802  
## 2 -105.92746 NA -424.78233 -307.29246 -644.89802 10.658336  
## 3 2398.36905 1447.85074 NA 2288.58868 NA 3975.534037  
## 4 -217.18353 -160.13003 -114.45314 -195.91828 -231.20021 -139.402101  
## 5 53.13214 53.13213 53.13213 NA 53.13213 53.132133  
## 6 -137.52370 -90.83382 50.18438 NA -37.88613 -112.726291  
##      orig.id32 orig.id34 orig.id35 orig.id37 orig.id38 orig.id39 orig.id40
```

## 1	-6.841683	51.71343	34.99329	102.80146	80.67304	184.5574	80.77377
## 2	200.766711	NA	-178.02745	-431.20393	-258.05139	NA	NA
## 3	-460.608750	798.15409	649.30597	NA	103.52953	NA	-1121.24437
## 4	NA	NA	-99.49100	-48.12580	-16.48625	50.5334	-46.30721
## 5	53.132137	53.13214	NA	53.13213	53.13213	NA	53.13214
## 6	NA	NA	-20.83852	122.56094	55.81312	NA	NA
##	orig.id42	orig.id43	orig.id45	orig.id46	orig.id49	orig.id5	orig.id51
## 1	140.05083	110.18040	84.42337	63.65698	-26.12220	67.99495	-6.405154
## 2	-718.96127	-815.80810	NA	-317.35251	-15.56427	NA	NA
## 3	NA	-378.56648	811.04644	2104.18891	-795.41935	-1497.07611	NA
## 4	-66.90598	NA	-86.26996	-101.32511	-59.33191	-54.03626	NA
## 5	53.13214	53.13214	NA	NA	NA	53.13213	NA
## 6	106.89994	20.67055	NA	-21.79366	NA	94.31185	NA
##	orig.id52	orig.id55	orig.id56	orig.id57	orig.id6	orig.id61	
## 1	-102.4909	-121.7735	-113.4715	-6.394241e+01	29.75290	-3.436999e+01	
## 2	NA	222.7481	NA	4.562610e+02	NA	NA	
## 3	NA	-100.4041	620.9428	-3.310210e+03	1356.43221	-8.930887e+02	
## 4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-1.872334e+01	
## 5	NA	NA	NA	3.569360e-15	NA	4.053929e-14	
## 6	NA	-193.9330	-164.9053	1.053552e+02	-68.52307	1.165930e+00	
##	orig.id62	orig.id63	orig.id64	orig.id65	orig.id66		
## 1	-2.650416e+01	-9.895249	-3.654841e+01	-1.843685e+01	1.666557e+01		
## 2	NA	-23.084937	3.669481e+00	-1.105276e+01	NA		
## 3	-2.815222e+03	-1771.331692	-9.040277e+02	NA	-1.602168e+03		
## 4	3.918779e+01	NA	NA	NA	NA		
## 5	-1.189173e-13	NA	3.537457e-14	1.071007e-14	7.030941e-15		
## 6	1.288583e+02	67.429596	NA	4.985831e+01	7.161574e+01		
##	orig.id67	orig.id68	orig.id69	orig.id7	orig.id72	orig.id74	
## 1	-13.43152	-3.812871e+01	-4.826951e+01	-2.222496	62.72098	5.495169e+01	
## 2	-101.29629	7.461278e+01	-4.506194e+01	-67.154169	-406.64765	-1.690399e+02	
## 3	11.72032	1.246652e+03	2.344065e+03	1638.110671	NA	-1.397453e+03	
## 4	NA	NA	-1.748907e+02	-148.856764	-14.22850	5.934741e+01	
## 5	NA	-5.182242e-15	4.526154e-14	53.132137	NA	2.033970e-14	
## 6	-12.27520	NA	-1.748038e+02	-82.214506	NA	1.405044e+02	
##	orig.id75	orig.id76	orig.id77	orig.id78	orig.id79		
## 1	-4.638070e+01	-3.849598e+01	-3.284425e+00	6.006826e+01	6.552061e+01		
## 2	1.405837e+02	NA	NA	NA	-2.757429e+02		
## 3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
## 4	-3.556608e+01	1.695434e+02	NA	NA	NA		
## 5	-1.659973e-14	4.965611e-14	5.295878e-14	1.098947e-14	2.455674e-14		
## 6	-1.228508e+01	1.166753e+02	-5.391930e+01	8.292921e+01	NA		
##	orig.id8	orig.id82	orig.id83	orig.id84	orig.id85	orig.id88	
## 1	11.30555	6.770113e+01	5.662433e+01	4.665353e+01	-4.728733e+01	2.24768	
## 2	-65.64737	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
## 3	NA	-2.514791e+03	NA	-1.660379e+02	NA	NA	
## 4	-122.82285	NA	NA	NA	1.455141e+02	54.91457	
## 5	NA	-3.283904e-14	4.400705e-15	1.525840e-14	-1.296601e-13	NA	
## 6	NA	NA	NA	9.528016e+01	NA	174.95861	
##	orig.id89	orig.id90	orig.id91	orig.id92	orig.id94	orig.id96	
## 1	-2.843704e+01	-3.210972e+00	-6.595084e+01	NA	NA	NA	
## 2	-3.200426e+02	NA	1.407166e+02	-46.87452	NA	NA	
## 3	1.060689e+03	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
## 4	-2.398799e+02	NA	-9.916551e+01	NA	NA	NA	
## 5	5.515735e-14	1.140355e-14	3.439707e-14	NA	NA	NA	



```

## 6 -1.599827e+02 2.445159e+01 -8.285017e+01 46.98960 NA NA
## orig.id97 orig.id99 .row orig.id10 orig.id101 orig.id13 orig.id14
## 1 NA NA 1 NA NA NA NA
## 2 NA NA 1 23.2755 157.5174 -18.54683 -63.07253
## 3 NA NA 1 NA -1277.1247 NA NA
## 4 NA NA 1 NA 188.3804 -121.65005 -188.75237
## 5 NA NA 1 NA NA NA 53.13213
## 6 NA NA 1 123.7400 NA -42.61572 -125.70632
## orig.id18 orig.id21 orig.id24 orig.id29 orig.id33 orig.id36 orig.id44
## 1 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
## 2 -111.81282 313.062580 -461.1891 -374.93855 -4.391855 -159.52493 -355.02674
## 3 2887.10658 NA 2929.2997 NA 2295.620871 NA NA
## 4 NA -59.621238 -221.9315 -186.90793 -43.915123 NA NA
## 5 NA 53.132137 NA 53.13214 53.132138 53.13214 53.13214
## 6 -94.74002 1.501875 -127.4223 NA NA -27.76164 NA
## orig.id47 orig.id48 orig.id50 orig.id53 orig.id54 orig.id59
## 1 NA NA NA NA NA NA
## 2 24.67150 -3.192271e+02 -2.437457e+01 39.13670 9.040662e+02 5.092646e+02
## 3 NA -8.532396e+02 -1.987376e+03 -1842.82567 NA -9.766937e+01
## 4 -34.84794 -2.656503e+02 NA -69.08107 2.508742e+02 -1.294101e+02
## 5 NA 1.434615e-13 -4.787834e-15 NA 4.342819e-14 -2.136850e-13
## 6 NA -1.323725e+02 8.472751e+01 38.22207 NA -1.572490e+02
## orig.id70 orig.id71 orig.id73 orig.id86 orig.id87 orig.id9
## 1 NA NA NA NA NA NA
## 2 -3.821490e+01 401.53342 -168.1978 -2.995413e+01 650.61940 -81.53516
## 3 -2.213188e+03 -602.42467 204.7150 -1.473635e+03 NA NA
## 4 -7.568901e+00 92.69708 130.1489 NA 67.25214 -118.47267
## 5 -7.027829e-17 NA NA -3.931598e-14 NA NA
## 6 NA 68.43743 196.0079 NA NA NA
## orig.id93 orig.id98 orig.id100 orig.id3 orig.id4 orig.id41
## 1 NA NA NA NA NA NA
## 2 NA NA NA NA NA NA
## 3 NA NA -762.9931 -2001.83141 -910.6692 -3464.13722
## 4 NA NA 40.8204 -11.43343 NA 89.78318
## 5 NA NA NA NA NA 53.13214
## 6 NA NA NA NA NA NA
## orig.id60 orig.id81 orig.id11 orig.id58 orig.id80 orig.id95
## 1 NA NA NA NA NA NA
## 2 NA NA NA NA NA NA
## 3 -3.346934e+03 -2.558937e+02 NA NA NA NA
## 4 7.222230e+01 5.506440e+01 54.37726 NA NA NA
## 5 -3.181852e-14 1.402462e-14 53.13213 -3.207989e-14 -1.600303e-14 NA
## 6 1.587278e+02 7.623006e+01 129.59604 1.052235e+02 1.272378e+02 NA
## .index
## 1 1
## 2 2
## 3 3
## 4 4
## 5 5
## 6 6

```

```
confint(results)
```

```
##      name      lower      upper level      method      estimate
```

```
## 1 Intercept -8030.43219 8566.11832 0.95 percentile 39.2349178
## 2      sexm  -201.28404  207.55196 0.95 percentile -1.2375895
## 3     head_l -122.70294   63.61867 0.95 percentile -0.1600622
## 4     skull_w  -35.94883   92.78429 0.95 percentile -0.2012445
## 5     total_l  -32.84729   87.94284 0.95 percentile  0.6488131
## 6      tail_l -138.14608  151.97362 0.95 percentile -1.8708001
```

These intervals are much too large.

- e. Explain why the remaining parameter estimates change between the two models.

When coefficient estimates are sensitive to which variables are included in the model, this typically indicates that some variables are collinear. For example, a possum's gender may be related to its head length, which would explain why the coefficient (and p-value) for sex male changed when we removed the head length variable. Likewise, a possum's skull width is likely to be related to its head length, probably even much more closely related than the head length was to gender.

- f. Write out the form of the model. Also identify which of the following variables are positively associated (when controlling for other variables) with a possum being from Victoria: `head_l`, `skull_w`, `total_l`, and `tail_l`.

We dropped `head_l` from the model. Here is the equation:

$$\log_e \left( \frac{p_i}{1 - p_i} \right) = 33.5 - 1.42 \text{ sex} - 0.28 \text{ skull width} + 0.57 \text{ total length} - 1.81 \text{ tail length}$$

Only `total_l` is positively association with the probability of being from Victoria.

- g. Suppose we see a brushtail possum at a zoo in the US, and a sign says the possum had been captured in the wild in Australia, but it doesn't say which part of Australia. However, the sign does indicate that the possum is male, its skull is about 63 mm wide, its tail is 37 cm long, and its total length is 83 cm. What is the reduced model's computed probability that this possum is from Victoria? How confident are you in the model's accuracy of this probability calculation?

Let's predict the outcome. We use `response` for the type to put the answer in the form of a probability. See the help menu on `predict.glm` for more information.

```
predict(possum_mod_red,newdata = data.frame(sex="m",skull_w=63,tail_l=37,total_l=83),
        type="response",se.fit = TRUE)
```

```
## $fit
##      1
## 0.006205055
##
## $se.fit
##      1
## 0.008011468
##
## $residual.scale
## [1] 1
```

While the probability, 0.006, is very near zero, we have not run diagnostics on the model. We should also have a little skepticism that the model will hold for a possum found in a US zoo. However, it is encouraging that the possum was caught in the wild.

As a rough sense of the accuracy, we will use the standard error. The errors are really binomial but we are trying to use a normal approximation. If you remember back to our block on probability, with such a low probability, this assumption of normality is suspect. However, we will use it to give us an upper bound.

```
0.0062+c(-1,1)*1.96*.008
```

```
## [1] -0.00948  0.02188
```

So at most, the probability of the possum being from Victoria is 2%.

## File Creation Information

- File creation date: 2020-11-18
- Windows version: Windows 10 x64 (build 18362)
- R version 3.6.3 (2020-02-29)
- `mosaic` package version: 1.7.0
- `tidyverse` package version: 1.3.0
- `openintro` package version: 2.0.0