# **G**Set

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### August 27, 2017

#### Contents

1	Interface	1
2	Code	4
3	Makefile	11
4	Usage	11

#### Introduction

GSet library is a C library to manipulate sets of data.

Elements of the GSet are void pointers toward any kind of data. These data must be allocated and freed separately. The GSet only provides a mean to manipulate sets of pointers toward these data.

It offers functions to add elements (at first position, last position, given position, or sorting based on a float value), to access elements (at first position, last position, given position), to get index of first/last element pointing to a given data, to remove elements (at first position, last position, given position, or first/last/all pointing toward a given data), to search for data in elements (first one or last one), to print the set on a stream.

#### 1 Interface

```
// ********** GSET.H *********
#ifndef GSET_H
#define GSET_H
// ========= Include ==========
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
// ========= Define ==========
// ======= Data structures ==========
// Structure of one element of the GSet
struct GSetElem;
typedef struct GSetElem {
  // Pointer toward the data
  void* _data;
  \ensuremath{//} Pointer toward the next element in the GSet
  struct GSetElem *_next;
  // Pointer toward the previous element in the {\tt GSet}
  struct GSetElem *_prev;
  // Value to sort element in the GSet, 0.0 by default
  double _sortVal;
} GSetElem;
// Structure of the {\tt GSet}
typedef struct GSet {
  // Pointer toward the element at the head of the GSet
  GSetElem *_head;
  // Pointer toward the last element of the GSet
  GSetElem *_tail;
  // Number of element in the GSet
 int _nbElem;
} GSet;
// ======= Functions declaration ==========
// Function to create a new GSet,
// Return a pointer toward the new GSet, or null if it couldn't
// create the GSet
GSet* GSetCreate();
// Function to free the memory used by the GSet
void GSetFree(GSet **s);
// Function to empty the GSet
void GSetFlush(GSet *s);
// Function to print a GSet
// Use the function 'printData' to print the data pointed to by
// the elements, and print 'sep' between each element // Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetPrint(GSet *s, FILE* stream,
  void(*printData)(void *data, FILE *stream), char *sep);
// Function to insert an element pointing toward 'data' at the
// head of the GSet
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetPush(GSet *s, void* data);
// Function to insert an element pointing toward 'data' at the
// position defined by 'v' sorting the set in decreasing order
```

```
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetAddSort(GSet *s, void* data, double v);
// Function to insert an element pointing toward 'data' at the
// 'iElem'-th position
// If 'iElem' is greater than or equal to the number of element
\ensuremath{//} in the GSet, elements pointing toward null data are added
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetInsert(GSet *s, void* data, int iElem);
// Function to insert an element pointing toward 'data' at the
// tail of the GSet
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetAppend(GSet *s, void* data);
// Function to remove the element at the head of the GSet
// Return the data pointed to by the removed element, or null if the
// GSet is empty
// Return null if arguments are invalid
void* GSetPop(GSet *s);
// Function to remove the element at the tail of the GSet
// Return the data pointed to by the removed element, or null if the
// GSet is empty
// Return null if arguments are invalid
void* GSetDrop(GSet *s);
// Function to remove the element at the 'iElem'-th position of the \mathsf{GSet}
// Return the data pointed to by the removed element
// Return null if arguments are invalid
void* GSetRemove(GSet *s, int iElem);
// Function to remove the first element of the GSet pointing to 'data'
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetRemoveFirst(GSet *s, void *data);
// Function to remove the last element of the GSet pointing to 'data'
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetRemoveLast(GSet *s, void *data);
// Function to remove all the selement of the GSet pointing to 'data'
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetRemoveAll(GSet *s, void *data);
// Function to get the element at the 'iElem'-th position of the GSet
// without removing it
// Return the data pointed to by the element
// Return null if arguments are invalid
void* GSetGet(GSet *s, int iElem);
// Function to get the index of the first element of the GSet
// which point to 'data'
// Return -1 if arguments are invalid or 'data' is not in the GSet
int GSetGetIndexFirst(GSet *s, void *data);
// Function to get the index of the last element of the GSet
// which point to 'data'
// Return -1 if arguments are invalid or 'data' is not in the GSet
int GSetGetIndexLast(GSet *s, void *data);
```

#endif

#### 2 Code

```
// ********** GSET.C *********
// ========= Include ==========
#include "gset.h"
// ====== Functions implementation ==========
// Function to create a new GSet,
// Return a pointer toward the new GSet, or null if it couldn't
// create the GSet
GSet* GSetCreate() {
 // Allocate memory for the GSet
 GSet *s = (GSet*)malloc(sizeof(GSet));
 // If we couldn't allocate memory return null
 if (s == NULL) return NULL;
 \ensuremath{//} Set the pointer to head and tail, and the number of element
 s->_head = NULL;
 s->_tail = NULL;
 s \rightarrow nbElem = 0;
 // Return the new GSet
 return s;
// Function to free the memory used by the GSet
void GSetFree(GSet **s) {
 // If the arguments are invalid, return null
 if (s == NULL || *s == NULL) return;
 // Empty the GSet
 GSetFlush(*s);
 // Free the memory
 free(*s);
 // Set the pointer to null
  *s = NULL;
// Function to empty the GSet
void GSetFlush(GSet *s) {
 // If the arguments are invalid, stop
 if (s == NULL) return;
 // Pop element until the GSet is null
 void *p = NULL;
 while (s->_nbElem > 0) p = GSetPop(s);
 // To avoid warning
 p = p;
// Function to print a GSet
// Use the function 'printData' to print the data pointed to by
// the elements, and print 'sep' between each element
\ensuremath{//} If printData is null, print the pointer value instead
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetPrint(GSet *s, FILE* stream,
 \verb|void(*printData)(void *data, FILE *stream), char *sep)| \{
  // If the arguments are invalid, stop
 if (s == NULL || stream == NULL ||
   sep == NULL) return;
  // Set a pointer to the head element
 GSetElem *p = s->_head;
  // While the pointer hasn't reach the end
```

```
while (p != NULL) {
    // If there is a print function for the data
    if (printData != NULL) {
      // Use the argument function to print the data of the
      // current element
      (*printData)(p->_data, stream);
    // Else, there is no print function for the data
    } else {
      // Print the pointer value instead
      fprintf(stream, "%p", p->_data);
    // Flush the stream
    fflush(stream);
    // Move to the next element
    p = p->_next;
    ^{-} // If there is a next element
    if (p != NULL)
      // Print the separator
      fprintf(stream, "%s", sep);
 }
}
// Function to insert an element pointing toward 'data' at the
// head of the GSet
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetPush(GSet *s, void* data) {
  // If the arguments are invalid, stop
  if (s == NULL || data == NULL) return;
  // Allocate memory for the new element
  GSetElem *e = (GSetElem*)malloc(sizeof(GSetElem));
  // If we could allocate memory
  if (e != NULL) {
   \ensuremath{//} Memorize the pointer toward data
    e->_data = data;
    // By default set the sorting value to 0.0
    e->_sortVal = 0.0;
    // Add the element at the head of the {\tt GSet}
    e->_prev = NULL;
    if (s->_head != NULL) s->_head->_prev = e;
    e->_next = s->_head;
    s \rightarrow head = e;
    if (s->_tail == NULL) s->_tail = e;
    // Increment the number of elements in the GSet
    ++(s->_nbElem);
 }
}
// Function to insert an element pointing toward 'data' at the
// position defined by 'v' sorting the set in decreasing order
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetAddSort(GSet *s, void* data, double v) {
  // If the arguments are invalid, stop
  if (s == NULL || data == NULL) return;
  // Allocate memory for the new element
  GSetElem *e = (GSetElem*)malloc(sizeof(GSetElem));
  // If we could allocate memory
  if (e != NULL) {
    // Memorize the pointer toward data
    e->_data = data;
    // Memorize the sorting value
    e->_sortVal = v;
    // If the GSet is empty
```

```
if (s->_nbElem == 0) {
      \ensuremath{//} Add the element at the head of the GSet
      s \rightarrow head = e;
      s \rightarrow tail = e;
      e->_next = NULL;
      e->_prev = NULL;
    } else {
      // Set a pointer to the head of the GSet
      GSetElem *p = s->_head;
      // While the pointed element has a greater value than the
      // new element, move the pointer to the next element
      while (p != NULL && p->_sortVal >= v) p = p->_next;
      // Set the next element of the new element to the current element
      e->_next = p;
      // If the current element is not null
      if (p != NULL) {
       // Insert the new element inside the list of elements before p
        e->_prev = p->_prev;
        if (p->_prev != NULL)
         p->_prev->_next = e;
        else
         s \rightarrow head = e;
        p->_prev = e;
      // Else, if the current element is null
      } else {
        // Insert the new element at the tail of the {\tt GSet}
        e->_prev = s->_tail;
        if (s->_tail != NULL) s->_tail->_next = e;
        s \rightarrow tail = e;
        if (s->_head == NULL) s->_head = e;
      }
    // Increment the number of elements
    ++(s->_nbElem);
// Function to insert an element pointing toward 'data' at the
// 'iElem'-th position
// If 'iElem' is greater than or equal to the number of element
// in the GSet, elements pointing toward null data are added
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetInsert(GSet *s, void* data, int iElem) {
 // If the arguments are invalid, stop
if (s == NULL || data == NULL || iElem < 0) return;</pre>
  // If iElem is greater than the number of elements, append
  // elements pointing toward null data to fill in the gap
  int nbAddElement = iElem - s->_nbElem - 1;
  while (nbAddElement > 0) {
    GSetAppend(s, NULL);
   nbAddElement -
  // If iElem is in the list of element or at the tail
  if (iElem <= s->_nbElem + 1) {
    ^{\prime} If the insert position is the head
    if (iElem == 0) \{
      // Push the data
      GSetPush(s, data);
    // Else, if the insert position is the tail
    } else if (iElem == s->_nbElem + 1) {
      // Append data
      GSetAppend(s, data);
```

```
// Else, the insert position is inside the list
                } else {
                        // Allocate memory for the new element
                        GSetElem *e = (GSetElem*)malloc(sizeof(GSetElem));
                        // If we could allocate memory
                        if (e != NULL) {
                                // Memorize the pointer toward data % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 
                               e->_data = data;
                               // By default set the sorting value to 0.0
                               e \rightarrow sortVal = 0.0;
                               // Set a pointer toward the head of the GSet
                               GSetElem *p = s->_head;
                                // Move the pointer to the iElem-th element
                               for (int i = iElem; i > 0 && p != NULL; --i, p = p->_next);
                                // Insert the element before the pointer
                               e->_next = p;
                               e->_prev = p->_prev;
                               p->_prev = e;
                               e->_prev->_next = e;
                               // Increment the number of elements
                               ++(s->_nbElem);
            }
     }
}
 // Function to insert an element pointing toward 'data' at the
 // tail of the GSet
 // Do nothing if arguments are invalid
 void GSetAppend(GSet *s, void* data) {
        // If the arguments are invalid, stop
        if (s == NULL) return;
        GSetElem *e = (GSetElem*)malloc(sizeof(GSetElem));
        if (e != NULL) {
                e->_data = data;
                e->_sortVal = 0.0;
                e->_prev = s->_tail;
                e->_next = NULL;
                if (s->_tail != NULL) s->_tail->_next = e;
                s->_tail = e;
                if (s->_head == NULL) s->_head = e;
                ++(s->_nbElem);
       }
 // Function to remove the element at the head of the GSet
 // Return the data pointed to by the removed element, or null if the
 // GSet is empty
 // Return null if arguments are invalid
 void* GSetPop(GSet *s) {
         // If the arguments are invalid, return null
        if (s == NULL) return NULL;
        void *ret = NULL;
         GSetElem *p = s->_head;
        if (p != NULL) {
             ret = p->_data;
                s->_head = p->_next;
                if (p->_next != NULL) p->_next->_prev = NULL;
                p->_next = NULL;
                p->_data = NULL;
                if (s->_tail == p) s->_tail = NULL;
                free(p);
```

```
--(s->_nbElem);
 }
 return ret;
// Function to remove the element at the tail of the GSet
// Return the data pointed to by the removed element, or null if the
// GSet is empty
// Return null if arguments are invalid
void* GSetDrop(GSet *s) {
 // If the arguments are invalid, return null
 if (s == NULL) return NULL;
 void *ret = NULL;
 GSetElem *p = s->_tail;
 if (p != NULL) {
   ret = p->_data;
   s->_tail = p->_prev;
   if (p->_prev != NULL) p->_prev->_next = NULL;
   p->_prev = NULL;
   p->_data = NULL;
   if (s->_head == p) s->_head = NULL;
   free(p);
    --(s->_nbElem);
 return ret;
// Function to remove the element at the 'iElem'-th position of the {\sf GSet}
// Return the data pointed to by the removed element
// Return null if arguments are invalid
void* GSetRemove(GSet *s, int iElem) {
 \ensuremath{//} If the arguments are invalid, return null
 if (s == NULL) return NULL;
  // Variable to memorize the return value
  void *ret = NULL;
  // If iElem is a valid index
  if (iElem >= 0 && iElem < s-_nbElem) {
    // Set a pointer to the head of the Gset
   GSetElem *p = s->_head;
   // Move the pointer to the iElem-th element
   for (int i = iElem; i > 0 && p != NULL; --i, p = p->_next);
   // Memorize the data at iElem-th position
   ret = p->_data;
   // Remove the element
   if (p->_next != NULL) p->_next->_prev = p->_prev;
    if (p->_prev != NULL) p->_prev->_next = p->_next;
   if (s->_head == p) s->_head = p->_next;
   if (s->_tail == p) s->_tail = p->_prev;
   p->_next = NULL;
   p->_prev = NULL;
   p->_data = NULL;
   free(p):
   // Decrement the number of elements
    --(s->_nbElem);
 // Return the data
 return ret;
// Function to remove the first element of the GSet pointing to 'data'
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetRemoveFirst(GSet *s, void *data) {
```

```
// If the arguments are invalid, stop
  if (s == NULL) return;
  // Set a pointer toward the head of the GSet
  GSetElem *p = s->_head;
  // Loop on elements until we have found the
  // requested data or reached the end of the list
  while (p != NULL \&\& p->_data != data) {
  p = p->_next;
  ^{\prime\prime} // If the pointer is null it means the data wasn't in the GSet
  if (p != NULL) {
    // Remove the element
    if (p->_next != NULL) p->_next->_prev = p->_prev;
    if (p->_prev != NULL) p->_prev->_next = p->_next;
    if (s->_head == p) s->_head = p->_next;
    if (s->_tail == p) s->_tail = p->_prev;
   p->_next = NULL;
   p->_prev = NULL;
    p->_data = NULL;
    free(p);
    // Decrement the number of elements
    --(s->_nbElem);
 }
}
// Function to remove the last element of the GSet pointing to 'data'
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetRemoveLast(GSet *s, void *data) {
  // If the arguments are invalid, stop
  if (s == NULL) return;
  // Set a pointer toward the tail of the GSet
  GSetElem *p = s->_tail;
 // Loop on elements until we have found the
  // requested data or reached the head of the list
  while (p != NULL && p->_data != data) {
   p = p->_prev;
  }
  // If the pointer is null it means the data wasn't in the GSet
  if (p != NULL) {
    // Remove the element
    if (p->_next != NULL) p->_next->_prev = p->_prev;
    if (p->_prev != NULL) p->_prev->_next = p->_next;
    if (s->_head == p) s->_head = p->_next;
    if (s->_tail == p) s->_tail = p->_prev;
    p->_next = NULL;
   p->_prev = NULL;
    p->_data = NULL;
    free(p);
    // Decrement the number of elements
    --(s->_nbElem);
 }
// Function to remove all the selement of the GSet pointing to 'data'
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GSetRemoveAll(GSet *s, void *data) {
  // If the arguments are invalid, stop
  if (s == NULL) return;
  // Set a pointer toward the tail of the GSet
  GSetElem *p = s->_tail;
  // Loop on elements until we reached the head of the list
  while (p != NULL) {
```

```
// If the element points toward data
    if (p->_data == data) {
      // Memorize the previous element before deleting
      GSetElem *prev = p->_prev;
      // Remove the element
      if (p\rightarrow\_next != NULL) p\rightarrow\_next\rightarrow\_prev = p\rightarrow\_prev;
      if (p->_prev != NULL) p->_prev->_next = p->_next;
      if (s\rightarrow\_head == p) s\rightarrow\_head = p\rightarrow\_next;
      if (s->_tail == p) s->_tail = p->_prev;
      p->_next = NULL;
      p->_prev = NULL;
      p->_data = NULL;
      free(p);
      // Decrement the number of elements
      --(s->_nbElem);
      // Continue with previous element
      p = prev;
    // Else, the element doesn't point toward data
    } else {
      // Continue with previous element
      p = p->_prev;
    }
 }
}
// Function to get the element at the 'iElem'-th position of the GSet
// without removing it
// Return the data pointed to by the element
// Return null if arguments are invalid
void* GSetGet(GSet *s, int iElem) {
  // If the arguments are invalid, return null
  if (s == NULL) return NULL;
  // Set a pointer for the return value
  void *ret = NULL;
  // If iElem is a valid index
  if (iElem >= 0 \&\& iElem < s->_nbElem) {
    // Set a pointer to the head of the GSet
    GSetElem *p = s->_head;
    // Move to the next element iElem times
    for (int i = iElem; i > 0 && p != NULL; --i, p = p->_next);
    // If the pointer is not null (in case the GSet is empty)
    if (p != NULL)
      // Memorize the data pointed to by the elem
      ret = p->_data;
  // Return the element
  return ret;
// Function to get the index of the first element of the {\sf GSet}
// which point to 'data'
// Return -1 if arguments are invalid or 'data' is not in the GSet
int GSetGetIndexFirst(GSet *s, void *data) {
  // If the arguments are invalid, return -1
  if (s == NULL) return -1;
  \ensuremath{//} Set a pointer toward the head of the GSet
  GSetElem *p = s->_head;
  // Set a variable to memorize index
  int index = 0;
  // Loop on elements until we have found the
  // requested data or reached the end of the list
  while (p != NULL && p->_data != data) {
```

```
++index;
   p = p->_next;
  // If the pointer is null it means the data wasn't in the GSet
  if (p == NULL)
   index = -1;
  // Return the index
 return index;
// Function to get the index of the last element of the GSet
// which point to 'data'
// Return -1 if arguments are invalid or 'data' is not in the GSet
int GSetGetIndexLast(GSet *s, void *data) {
 // If the arguments are invalid, return -1
 if (s == NULL) return -1;
 \ensuremath{//} Set a pointer toward the tail of the GSet
 GSetElem *p = s->_tail;
 // Set a variable to memorize index
 int index = s->_nbElem - 1;
  // Loop on elements until we have found the
  // requested data or reached the head of the list
 while (p != NULL && p->_data != data) {
   --index;
   p = p->_prev;
 // If the pointer is null it means the data wasn't in the GSet
 if (p == NULL)
   index = -1;
  // Return the index
 return index;
```

### 3 Makefile

```
OPTIONS_DEBUG=-ggdb -g3 -Wall
OPTIONS_RELEASE=-03
OPTIONS=$(OPTIONS_RELEASE)

all : gset

clean:
    rm *.o gset

gset : gset_main.o gset.o Makefile
    gcc gset_main.o gset.o $(OPTIONS) -o gset -lm

gset_main.o : gset.h gset_main.c Makefile
    gcc -c gset_main.c $(OPTIONS)

gset.o : gset.c gset.h Makefile
    gcc -c gset.c $(OPTIONS)
```

# 4 Usage

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "gset.h"
```

```
struct Test {
 int v;
}:
void TestPrint(void *t, FILE *stream) {
  if (t == NULL) {
    fprintf(stream, "(null)");
  } else {
    fprintf(stream, "%d", ((struct Test*)t)->v);
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  GSet *theSet = GSetCreate();
  fprintf(stderr, "Created the set, nb elem : %d\n", theSet->_nbElem);
  struct Test data[4];
  for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i) data[i].v = i;
  GSetPush(theSet, &(data[1]));
  GSetPush(theSet, &(data[3]));
  GSetPush(theSet, &(data[2]));
fprintf(stderr, "Pushed [1,3,2], nb elem : %d\n", theSet->_nbElem);
fprintf(stderr, "Print GSet:\n");
  GSetPrint(theSet, stdout, &TestPrint, (char*)", ");
  fprintf(stderr, "\n");
  fprintf(stderr, "Pop elements : \n");
  while (theSet->_nbElem > 0) {
    struct Test *p = (struct Test *)GSetPop(theSet);
    fprintf(stderr, "%d, ", p->v);
  fprintf(stderr, "\n");
  GSetPush(theSet, &(data[1]));
  GSetPush(theSet, &(data[3]));
  GSetPush(theSet, &(data[2]));
  fprintf(stderr, "Push back and drop elements :\n");
  while (theSet->_nbElem > 0) {
    struct Test *p = (struct Test *)GSetDrop(theSet);
fprintf(stderr, "%d, ", p->v);
  fprintf(stderr, "\n");
  GSetAppend(theSet, &(data[1]));
  GSetAppend(theSet, &(data[3]));
  GSetAppend(theSet, &(data[2]));
  fprintf(stderr, "Append back and pop elements :\n");
  while (theSet->_nbElem > 0) {
    struct Test *p = (struct Test *)GSetPop(theSet);
    fprintf(stderr, "%d, ", p->v);
  fprintf(stderr, "\n");
  GSetAppend(theSet, &(data[1]));
  GSetAppend(theSet, &(data[3]));
GSetAppend(theSet, &(data[2]));
  fprintf(stderr, "Append back and drop elements :\n");
  while (theSet->_nbElem > 0) {
    struct Test *p = (struct Test *)GSetDrop(theSet);
fprintf(stderr, "%d, ", p->v);
```

```
fprintf(stderr, "\n");
  GSetAddSort(theSet, &(data[2]), data[2].v);
GSetAddSort(theSet, &(data[3]), data[3].v);
  GSetAddSort(theSet, &(data[1]), data[1].v);
  fprintf(stderr, "Add sort [2,3,1] and get elements :\n");
for (int i = 0; i < theSet->_nbElem; ++i) {
    struct Test *p = (struct Test *)GSetGet(theSet, i);
fprintf(stderr, "%d, ", p->v);
  fprintf(stderr, "\n");
  GSetInsert(theSet, &(data[0]), 0);
  GSetInsert(theSet, &(data[0]), 2);
  GSetInsert(theSet, &(data[0]), 8);
  fprintf(stderr, "Insert 0 at 0, 2, 8 and get elements :\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < theSet->_nbElem; ++i) {
    struct Test *p = (struct Test *)GSetGet(theSet, i);
    TestPrint(p, stderr);
    fprintf(stderr, ", ");
  1
  fprintf(stderr, "\n");
  GSetRemove(theSet, 7);
  GSetRemove(theSet, 1);
GSetRemove(theSet, 0);
  fprintf(stderr, "Remove at 7,1,0 and get elements :\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < theSet->_nbElem; ++i) {
    struct Test *p = (struct Test *)GSetGet(theSet, i);
    TestPrint(p, stderr);
    fprintf(stderr, ", ");
  fprintf(stderr, "\n");
  fprintf(stderr, "Index of first null data : %d\n",
    GSetGetIndexFirst(theSet, NULL));
  fprintf(stderr, "Index of last null data : d\n",
    GSetGetIndexLast(theSet, NULL));
  GSetRemoveAll(theSet, NULL);
  fprintf(stderr, "Delete all null and get elements :\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < theSet->_nbElem; ++i) {
    struct Test *p = (struct Test *)GSetGet(theSet, i);
    TestPrint(p, stderr);
    fprintf(stderr, ", ");
  fprintf(stderr, "\n");
  GSetFree(&theSet);
   Output:
Created the set, nb elem: 0
Pushed [1,3,2], nb elem : 3
Print GSet:
2, 3, 1
Pop elements :
2, 3, 1,
Push back and drop elements :
1, 3, 2,
```

```
Append back and pop elements:
1, 3, 2,
Append back and drop elements:
2, 3, 1,
Add sort [2,3,1] and get elements:
3, 2, 1,
Insert 0 at 0, 2, 8 and get elements:
0, 3, 0, 2, 1, (null), (null), 0,
Remove at 7,1,0 and get elements:
0, 2, 1, (null), (null),
Index of first null data: 3
Index of last null data: 4
Delete all null and get elements:
0, 2, 1,
```