# PBErr

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#### Contents

1	Interface	1
2	Code           2.1 pberr.c	7 7
3	Makefile	19
4	Unit tests	20
5	Unit tests output	<b>2</b> 5

### Introduction

PBErr is a C library providing structures and functions to manage exception at runtime.

It uses no external library.

#### 1 Interface



```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <execinfo.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <setjmp.h>
#include <signal.h>
// ========= Define =========
#define PBERR_MAXSTACKHEIGHT 10
#define PBERR_MSGLENGTHMAX 256
// ======= Data structure =========
typedef enum PBErrType {
 PBErrTypeUnknown,
 PBErrTypeMallocFailed,
 PBErrTypeNullPointer,
 PBErrTypeInvalidArg,
 {\tt PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed,}
 PBErrTypeOther,
 PBErrTypeInvalidData,
 PBErrTypeIOError,
 PBErrTypeNotYetImplemented,
 {\tt PBErrTypeRuntimeError},\\
 PBErrTypeNb
} PBErrType;
typedef struct PBErr {
 // Error message
 char _msg[PBERR_MSGLENGTHMAX];
 // Error type
 PBErrType _type;
 // Stream for output
 FILE* _stream;
 // Fatal mode, if true exit when catch
 bool _fatal;
} PBErr;
// ========== Global variable ==========
extern PBErr thePBErr;
extern PBErr* PBMathErr;
extern PBErr* GSetErr;
extern PBErr* ELORankErr;
extern PBErr* ShapoidErr;
extern PBErr* BCurveErr;
extern PBErr* GenBrushErr;
extern PBErr* FracNoiseErr;
extern PBErr* GenAlgErr;
extern PBErr* GradErr;
extern PBErr* KnapSackErr;
extern PBErr* NeuraNetErr;
extern PBErr* PBPhysErr;
extern PBErr* GenTreeErr;
extern PBErr* JSONErr;
extern PBErr* MiniFrameErr;
extern PBErr* PixelToPosEstimatorErr;
extern PBErr* PBDataAnalysisErr;
extern PBErr* PBImgAnalysisErr;
extern PBErr* PBFileSysErr;
```

```
extern PBErr* SDSIAErr;
extern PBErr* GDataSetErr;
extern PBErr* ResPublishErr;
extern PBErr* TheSquidErr;
extern PBErr* CBoErr;
extern PBErr* CrypticErr;
extern PBErr* GradAutomatonErr;
extern PBErr* SmallyErr;
extern PBErr* BuzzyErr;
extern PBErr* NeuraMorphErr;
// ====== Functions declaration ==========
// Static constructor
PBErr PBErrCreateStatic(void);
// Reset thePBErr
void PBErrReset(PBErr* const that);
// Hook for error handling
void PBErrCatch(PBErr* const that);
// Print the PBErr 'that' on 'stream'
void PBErrPrintln(const PBErr* const that, FILE* const stream);
// Secured malloc
#if defined(PBERRALL) || defined(PBERRSAFEMALLOC)
 void* PBErrMalloc(PBErr* const that, const size_t size);
#else
  #define PBErrMalloc(That, Size) malloc(Size)
#endif
// Secured I/O
#if defined(PBERRALL) || defined(PBERRSAFEIO)
  FILE* PBErrOpenStreamIn(PBErr* const that, const char* const path);
  FILE* PBErrOpenStreamOut(PBErr* const that, const char* const path);
  void PBErrCloseStream(PBErr* const that, FILE* const fd);
  bool _PBErrScanfShort(PBErr* const that,
    FILE* const stream, const char* const format, short* const data);
  bool _PBErrScanfInt(PBErr* const that,
   FILE* const stream, const char* const format, int* const data);
  bool _PBErrScanfFloat(PBErr* const that,
   FILE* const stream, const char* const format, float* const data);
  bool _PBErrScanfStr(PBErr* const that,
   FILE* const stream, const char* const format, char* const data);
  bool _PBErrPrintfShort(PBErr* const that,
   FILE* const stream, const char* const format, const short data);
  bool _PBErrPrintfInt(PBErr* const that,
    FILE* const stream, const char* const format, const int data);
  bool _PBErrPrintfLong(PBErr* const that,
    FILE* const stream, const char* const format, const long data);
  bool _PBErrPrintfFloat(PBErr* const that,
   FILE* const stream, const char* const format, const float data);
  bool _PBErrPrintfStr(PBErr* const that,
   FILE* const stream, const char* const format,
    const char* const data);
#else
  #define PBErrOpenStreamIn(Err, Path) \
    fopen(Path, "r")
  #define PBErrOpenStreamOut(Err, Path) \
```

```
fopen(Path, "w")
  #define PBErrCloseStream(Err, Stream) \
    fclose(Stream)
  #define PBErrScanf(Err, Stream, Format, Data) \
    (fscanf(Stream, Format, Data) == EOF)
  #define PBErrPrintf(Err, Stream, Format, Data) \
    (fprintf(Stream, Format, Data) < 0)</pre>
// Hook for invalid polymorphisms
void PBErrInvalidPolymorphism(void*t, ...);
// List of exceptions ID, must starts at 1 (0 is reserved for the setjmp at
// the beginning of the TryCatch blocks). One can extend the list at will
// here, or user-defined exceptions can be added directly in the user code
// enum UserDefinedExceptions {
//
//
    myUserExceptionA = TryCatchException_LastID,
// myUserExceptionB,
//
     myUserExceptionC
//
// };
// TryCatchException_LastID is not an exception but a convenience to
// create new exceptions (as in the example above) while ensuring
// their ID doesn't collide with the ID of exceptions in TryCatchException.
// Exception defined here are only examples, one should create a list of
// default exceptions according to the planned use of this trycatch module.
enum TryCatchException {
  TryCatchException_test = 1,
  TryCatchException_NaN,
  TryCatchException_Segv,
  TryCatchException_LastID
};
// Function called at the beginning of a TryCatch block to guard against
// overflow of the stack of jump_buf
void TryCatchGuardOverflow(
  // No parameters
  void):
// Function called to get the jmp_buf on the top of the stack when
// starting a new TryCatch block
jmp_buf* TryCatchGetJmpBufOnStackTop(
  // No parameters
  void);
// Function called when a raised TryCatchException has not been caught
// by a Catch segment
void TryCatchDefault(
  // File where the exception occured
  char const* const filename,
  // Line where the exception occured
          int const line);
// Function called at the end of a TryCatch block
void TryCatchEnd(
```

```
// No parameters
 void);
// Head of the TryCatch block, to be used as
// Try {
   /*... code of the TryCatch block here ...*/
//
//
// Comments on the macro:
    // Guard against recursive incursion overflow
//
// TryCatchGuardOverflow();
// // Memorise the jmp_buf on the top of the stack, setjmp returns 0 \,
//
    switch (setjmp(*TryCatchGetJmpBufOnStackTop())) {
//
      // Entry point for the code of the TryCatch block
//
      case 0:
#define Try \
 TryCatchGuardOverflow(); \
 switch (setjmp(*TryCatchGetJmpBufOnStackTop())) { \
// Catch segment in the TryCatch block, to be used as
//
// Catch (/*... one of TryCatchException or user-defined exception ...*/) {
   /*... code executed if the exception has been raised in the
//
      TryCatch block ...*/
//
// Comments on the macro:
       // End of the previous case
11
//
       break:
//
     // case of the raised exception
//
     case e:
#define Catch(e) \
    break;\
    case e:
// Macro to assign several exceptions to one Catch segment in the TryCatch
// block, to be used as
// Catch (/*... one of TryCatchException or user-defined exception ...*/)
// CatchAlso (/*... another one ...*/) {
// /*... as many CatchAlso statement as your need ...*/
   /*... code executed if one of the exception has been raised in the
//
      TryCatch block ...
//
//
       (Use TryCatchGetLastExc() if you need to know which exception as
//
      been raised) */
//
// Comments on the macro:
//
     // case of the raised exception
//
     case e:
#define CatchAlso(e) \
    case e:
// Macro to declare the default Catch segment in the TryCatch
// block, must be the last Catch segment in the TryCatch block,
// to be used as
//
// CatchDefault {
    /*... code executed if an exception has been raised in the
//
//
       TryCatch block and hasn't been catched by a previous Catch segment...
//
       (Use TryCatchGetLastExc() if you need to know which exception as
//
      been raised) */
```

```
// Comments on the macro:
     // default case
      default:
#define CatchDefault \
      break;\
    default:
// Tail of the TryCatch block if it doesn't contain CatchDefault,
// to be used as
//
// } EndTry;
11
// Comments on the macro:
//
        // End of the previous case
//
        break:
//
      // default case, i.e. any raised exception which hasn't been caught
     // by a previous Catch is caught here
//
//
      default:
//
        // Processing of uncaught exception
//
        TrvCatchDefault():
// // End of the switch statement at the head of the TryCatch block
// }
// Post processing of the TryCatchBlock
// TryCatchEnd()
#define EndTry \
     break; \
    default: \
      TryCatchDefault(__FILE__, __LINE__); \
  TryCatchEnd()
// Tail of the TryCatch block if it contains CatchDefault,
// to be used as
//
// } EndTryWithDefault;
11
// Comments on the macro:
// // End of the switch statement at the head of the TryCatch block // \}
// // Post processing of the TryCatchBlock
// TryCatchEnd()
#define EndTryWithDefault \
 } \
 TryCatchEnd()
// Function called to raise the TryCatchException 'exc'
void Raise(
  // The \mbox{TryCatchException} to raise. Do not use the type enum
  // TryCatchException to allow the user to extend the list of exceptions
  // with user-defined exception outside of enum TryCatchException.
  int exc);
// The struct siginfo_t used to handle the SIGSEV is not defined in
// ANSI C, guard against this.
#ifndef __STRICT_ANSI__
// Function to set the handler function of the signal SIGSEV and raise
// TryCatchException_Segv upon reception of this signal. Must have been
// called before using Catch(TryCatchException_Segv)
void TryCatchInitHandlerSigSegv(
  // No parameters
  void);
```

```
#endif
// Function to get the ID of the last raised exception
int TryCatchGetLastExc(
 // No parameters
 void);
// Function to convert from enum TryCatchException to char*
char const* TryCatchExceptionToStr(
 // The exception ID
 enum TryCatchException exc);
// ======== Polymorphism =========
#if defined(PBERRALL) || defined(PBERRSAFEIO)
 \verb|#define PBErrScanf(Err, Stream, Format, Data) _Generic(Data, \\ \\ \\ \\ \\
    short*: _PBErrScanfShort, \
    int*: _PBErrScanfInt, \
   float*: _PBErrScanfFloat, \
    char*: _PBErrScanfStr, \
    default: PBErrInvalidPolymorphism) (Err, Stream, Format, Data)
  #define PBErrPrintf(Err, Stream, Format, Data) _Generic(Data, \
    short: _PBErrPrintfShort, \
    int: _PBErrPrintfInt, \
    long: _PBErrPrintfLong, \
    float: _PBErrPrintfFloat, \
    char*: _PBErrPrintfStr, \
    default: PBErrInvalidPolymorphism) (Err, Stream, Format, Data)
#endif
#endif
```

#### 2 Code

#### 2.1 pberr.c

```
// ======= PBERR.C ========
// ========= Include =========
#include "pberr.h"
// ======== Define =======
// Default PBErr
PBErr thePBErr = {._msg[0] = '\0', ._type = PBErrTypeUnknown,
  ._stream = NULL, ._fatal = true};
// Declare a pointer for each repository, by default they are
// all pointing toward the default PBErr, but it allows the
// user to manage separately the errors if necessary
PBErr* PBMathErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* GSetErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* ELORankErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* ShapoidErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* BCurveErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* GenBrushErr = &thePBErr;
```

```
PBErr* FracNoiseErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* GenAlgErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* GradErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* KnapSackErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* NeuraNetErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* PBPhysErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* GenTreeErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* JSONErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* MiniFrameErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* PixelToPosEstimatorErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* PBDataAnalysisErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* PBImgAnalysisErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* PBFileSysErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* SDSIAErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* GDataSetErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* ResPublishErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* TheSquidErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* CBoErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* CrypticErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* GradAutomatonErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* SmallyErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* BuzzyErr = &thePBErr;
PBErr* NeuraMorphErr = &thePBErr;
const char* PBErrTypeLbl[PBErrTypeNb] = {
  "unknown",
  "malloc failed",
  "null pointer",
  "invalid arguments",
  "unit test failed",
  "other",
  "invalid data",
  "I/O error",
  "not yet implemented",
  "runtime error"
// ====== Functions implementation ========
// Static constructor
PBErr PBErrCreateStatic(void) {
 PBErr that = {._msg[0] = '\0', ._type = PBErrTypeUnknown,
    ._stream = NULL, ._fatal = true};
 return that;
// Reset thePBErr
void PBErrReset(PBErr* const that) {
  if (that == NULL)
    return;
  that->_{msg}[0] = '\0';
  that->_type = PBErrTypeUnknown;
  that->_fatal = true;
// Hook for error handling
// Print the error type, the error message, the stack
// Exit if _fatal == true
// Reset the PBErr
void PBErrCatch(PBErr* const that) {
 if (that == NULL)
    return;
```

```
FILE* stream = (that->_stream ? that->_stream : stderr);
  fprintf(stream, "---- PBErrCatch ----\n");
  PBErrPrintln(that, stream);
  fprintf(stream, "Stack:\n");
  void* stack[PBERR_MAXSTACKHEIGHT] = {NULL};
  int stackHeight = backtrace(stack, PBERR_MAXSTACKHEIGHT);
  backtrace_symbols_fd(stack, stackHeight, fileno(stream));
  if (errno != 0) {
   fprintf(stream, "errno: %s\n", strerror(errno));
    errno = 0;
  }
  if (that->_fatal) {
    fprintf(stream, "Exiting\n");
    fprintf(stream, "-----\n");
    exit(that->_type);
  fprintf(stream, "-----\n");
 PBErrReset(that);
// Print the PBErr 'that' on 'stream'
void PBErrPrintln(const PBErr* const that, FILE* const stream) {
  // If the PBErr or stream is null
  if (that == NULL || stream == NULL)
    // Nothing to do
    return;
  if (that->_type > 0 && that->_type < PBErrTypeNb)
   fprintf(stream, "PBErrType: %s\n", PBErrTypeLbl[that->_type]);
  if (that->_msg[0] != '\0')
   fprintf(stream, "PBErrMsg: %s\n", that->_msg);
  if (that->_fatal)
   fprintf(stream, "PBErrFatal: true\n");
  else
    fprintf(stream, "PBErrFatal: false\n");
// Secured malloc
#if defined(PBERRALL) || defined(PBERRSAFEMALLOC)
void* PBErrMalloc(PBErr* const that, const size_t size) {
  void* ret = malloc(size);
  if (ret == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeMallocFailed;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "malloc of %ld bytes failed\n",
      (unsigned long int)size);
    that-> fatal = true:
   PBErrCatch(that);
 return ret;
#endif
// Secured I/O
#if defined(PBERRALL) || defined(PBERRSAFEIO)
{\tt FILE*\ PBErr0penStreamIn(PBErr*\ const\ that,\ const\ char*\ const\ path)\ \{}
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
```

```
if (path == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'path' is null");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
#endif
  FILE* fd = fopen(path, "r");
  if (fd == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeIOError;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "fopen failed for %s", path);
    that->_fatal = false;
   PBErrCatch(that);
 return fd;
{\tt FILE*\ PBErrOpenStreamOut(PBErr*\ const\ that,\ const\ char*\ const\ path)\ \{}
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  if (path == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'path' is null");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
#endif
 FILE* fd = fopen(path, "w");
  if (fd == NULL) {
   that->_type = PBErrTypeIOError;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "fopen failed for %s", path);
    that->_fatal = false;
   PBErrCatch(that);
 }
 return fd;
void PBErrCloseStream(PBErr* const that, FILE* const fd) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
  if (fd == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'fd' is null");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
#endif
  (void)that;
  fclose(fd);
```

```
bool _PBErrScanfShort(PBErr* const that,
 #if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
   that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  if (stream == NULL) {
   that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'stream' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
  if (format == NULL) {
   that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'format' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
  if (data == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'data' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
#endif
  // Read from the stream
  if (fscanf(stream, format, data) == EOF) {
   that->_type = PBErrTypeIOError;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "fscanf failed\n");
    that->_fatal = false;
   PBErrCatch(that);
   return false;
  return true;
bool _PBErrScanfInt(PBErr* const that,
 FILE* const stream, const char* const format, int* const data) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
   that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
   sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  if (stream == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'stream' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  if (format == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'format' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  if (data == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
```

```
sprintf(that->_msg, "'data' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
    PBErrCatch(that);
 }
#endif
  // Read from the stream
  if (fscanf(stream, format, data) == EOF) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeIOError;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "fscanf failed\n");
    that->_fatal = false;
    PBErrCatch(that);
   return false;
 return true;
}
bool _PBErrScanfFloat(PBErr* const that,
  #if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
    PBErrCatch(that);
  if (stream == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'stream' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
  if (format == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'format' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
  if (data == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'data' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
#endif
  // Read from the stream
  if (fscanf(stream, format, data) == EOF) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeIOError;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "fscanf failed\n");
    that->_fatal = false;
    PBErrCatch(that);
   return false;
 return true;
bool _PBErrScanfStr(PBErr* const that,
  FILE* const stream, const char* const format, char* const data) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
   that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
```

```
PBErrCatch(that);
  }
  if (stream == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'stream' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
  if (format == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'format' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  if (data == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'data' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
    PBErrCatch(that);
 }
#endif
  // Read from the stream
  if (fscanf(stream, format, data) == EOF) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeIOError;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "fscanf failed\n");
    that->_fatal = false;
    PBErrCatch(that);
   return false;
 return true;
bool _PBErrPrintfShort(PBErr* const that,
 FILE* const stream, const char* const format, const short data) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
    PBErrCatch(that);
  if (stream == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'stream' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
  if (format == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'format' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
    PBErrCatch(that);
  }
#endif
  // Print to the stream \,
  if (fprintf(stream, format, data) < 0) {</pre>
    that->_type = PBErrTypeIOError;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "fprintf failed\n");
    that->_fatal = false;
    PBErrCatch(that);
    return false;
```

```
return true;
}
bool _PBErrPrintfLong(PBErr* const that,
  FILE* const stream, const char* const format, const long data) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  if (stream == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'stream' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
  if (format == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'format' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
#endif
  // Print to the stream
  if (fprintf(stream, format, data) < 0) {</pre>
    that->_type = PBErrTypeIOError;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "fprintf failed\n");
    that->_fatal = false;
   PBErrCatch(that);
   return false;
 return true;
bool _PBErrPrintfInt(PBErr* const that,
  FILE* const stream, const char* const format, const int data) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  if (stream == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'stream' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  if (format == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'format' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
#endif
  // Print to the stream
  if (fprintf(stream, format, data) < 0) {</pre>
    that->_type = PBErrTypeIOError;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "fprintf failed\n");
```

```
that->_fatal = false;
    PBErrCatch(that);
    return false;
 return true;
bool _PBErrPrintfFloat(PBErr* const that,
 FILE* const stream, const char* const format, const float data) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
    PBErrCatch(that);
  if (stream == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'stream' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
    PBErrCatch(that);
  if (format == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'format' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
    PBErrCatch(that);
  }
#endif
  // Print to the stream
  if (fprintf(stream, format, data) < 0) {</pre>
    that->_type = PBErrTypeIOError;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "fprintf failed\n");
    that->_fatal = false;
    PBErrCatch(that);
    return false;
  }
 return true;
}
bool _PBErrPrintfStr(PBErr* const that,
  FILE* const stream, const char* const format,
  const char* const data) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'that' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
   PBErrCatch(that);
  }
  if (stream == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    \label{lem:sprintf} $$\operatorname{sprintf(that->_msg, "'stream' is null'n");}$
    that->_fatal = true;
    PBErrCatch(that);
  }
  if (format == NULL) {
    that->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "'format' is null\n");
    that->_fatal = true;
    PBErrCatch(that);
```

```
#endif
  // Print to the stream
  if (fprintf(stream, format, data) < 0) {</pre>
    that->_type = PBErrTypeIOError;
    sprintf(that->_msg, "fprintf failed\n");
    that->_fatal = false;
   PBErrCatch(that);
    return false;
 return true;
#endif
// Try/catch
// Size of the stack of TryCatch blocks, define how many recursive incursion
// of TryCatch blocks can be done, overflow is checked at the beginning of
// each TryCatch blocks with TryCatchGuardOverflow()
// (Set delibarately low here to be able to test it in the example main.c)
#define TryCatchMaxExcLvl 3
// Stack of jmp_buf to memorise the TryCatch blocks
// To avoid exposing this variable to the user, implement any code using
// it as functions here instead of in the #define-s of trycatch.h
jmp_buf tryCatchExcJmp[TryCatchMaxExcLvl];
// Index of the next TryCatch block in the stack of jmp_buf
// To avoid exposing this variable to the user, implement any code using
// it as functions here instead of in the #define-s of trycatch.h
int tryCatchExcLvl = 0;
// ID of the last raised exception
// To avoid exposing this variable to the user, implement any code using
// it as functions here instead of in the #define-s of trycatch.h
// Do not use the type enum TryCatchException to allow the user to extend
// the list of exceptions with user-defined exceptions outside of enum
// TryCatchException.
int tryCatchExc = 0;
// Label of exceptions, must match the declaration of enum TryCatchException
// Take care of index 0 which is unused in the enum
char* TryCatchExceptionStr[TryCatchException_LastID] = {
  "TryCatchException_test",
  "TryCatchException_NaN",
  "TryCatchException_Segv",
// Function called at the beginning of a TryCatch block to guard against
// overflow of the stack of jump_buf
void TryCatchGuardOverflow(
  // No parameters
  void) {
  // If the max level of incursion is reached
  if (tryCatchExcLvl == TryCatchMaxExcLvl) {
    // Print a message on the standard error output and exit
    fprintf(
     stderr.
      "TryCatch blocks recursive incursion overflow, exiting. "
```

```
"(You can try to raise the value of TryCatchMaxExcLvl in trycatch.c, "
      "it was: %d)\n",
      TryCatchMaxExcLvl);
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  }
}
// Function called to get the jmp_buf on the top of the stack when
// starting a new TryCatch block
jmp_buf* TryCatchGetJmpBufOnStackTop(
  // No parameters
  void) {
  // Reset the last raised exception
  tryCatchExc = 0;
  // Memorise the current jmp_buf at the top of the stack
  jmp_buf* topStack = tryCatchExcJmp + tryCatchExcLvl;
  // Move the index of the top of the stack of jmp_buf to the upper level
  tryCatchExcLvl++;
  // Return the jmp_buf previously at the top of the stack
  return topStack;
}
// Function called to raise the TryCatchException 'exc'
void Raise(
  // The TryCatchException to raise. Do not use the type enum
  // TryCatchException to allow the user to extend the list of exceptions
  // with user-defined exception outside of enum TryCatchException.
  int exc) {
  // If we are in a TryCatch block
  if (tryCatchExcLvl > 0) {
    \ensuremath{//} Memorise the last raised exception to be able to handle it if
    // it reaches the default case in the swith statement of the TryCatch
    // block
    tryCatchExc = exc;
    // Move to the top of the stack of jmp_buf to the lower level
    tryCatchExcLvl--;
    // Call longjmp with the appropriate jmp_buf in the stack and the
    // raised TryCatchException.
    longjmp(
      tryCatchExcJmp[tryCatchExcLvl],
      exc);
  // Else we are not in a TryCatch block
  } else {
    // Print a message on the standard error stream and ignore the
    // exception
    fprintf(
      stderr,
      "Unhandled exception (%s).\n",
      TryCatchExceptionToStr(exc));
```

```
}
}
// Function called when a raised TryCatchException has not been caught
// by a Catch segment
void TryCatchDefault(
  // File where the exception occured
  char const* const filename,
  // Line where the exception occured
          int const line) {
  // If we are outside of a TryCatch block
  if (tryCatchExcLvl == 0) {
    // The exception has not been caught by a Catch segment,
    \ensuremath{//} print a message on the standard error stream and ignore it
    fprintf(
      stderr.
      "Unhandled exception (%s) in %s, line %d.\n",
      TryCatchExceptionToStr(tryCatchExc),
      filename,
      line);
  \ensuremath{//} Else, the exception has not been caught in the current
  // TryCatch block but may be catchable at lower level
  } else {
    // Move to the lower level in the stack of jmp_buf and raise the
    // exception again
    Raise(tryCatchExc);
  }
// Function called at the end of a TryCatch block
void TryCatchEnd(
  // No parameters
  void) {
  // The execution has reached the end of the current TryCatch block,
  // move back to the lower level in the stack of jmp_buf
  if (tryCatchExcLvl > 0) tryCatchExcLvl--;
}
// The struct siginfo_t used to handle the SIGSEV is not defined in
// ANSI C, guard against this.
#ifndef __STRICT_ANSI__
// Handler function to raise the exception TryCatchException_Segv when
// receiving the signal SIGSEV.
void TryCatchSigSegvHandler(
  // Received signal, will always be SIGSEV, unused
  int signal,
  // Info about the signal, unused
  siginfo_t *si,
  // Optional arguments, unused
  void *arg) {
```

```
// Unused parameters
  (void)signal; (void)si; (void)arg;
  // Raise the exception
  Raise(TryCatchException_Segv);
// Function to set the handler function of the signal SIGSEV and raise
// TryCatchException_Segv upon reception of this signal. Must have been
// called before using Catch(TryCatchException_Segv)
{\tt void\ TryCatchInitHandlerSigSegv(}
  // No parameters
  void) {
  // Create a struct sigaction to set the handler
  struct sigaction sigActionSegv;
  memset(
    &sigActionSegv,
    0,
    sizeof(struct sigaction));
  sigemptyset(&(sigActionSegv.sa_mask));
  sigActionSegv.sa_sigaction = TryCatchSigSegvHandler;
  sigActionSegv.sa_flags = SA_SIGINFO;
  // Set the handler
  sigaction(
    SIGSEGV,
    &sigActionSegv,
    NULL);
}
// Function to get the ID of the last raised exception
int TryCatchGetLastExc(
  // No parameters
  void) {
  // Return the ID
  return tryCatchExc;
// Function to convert from enum TryCatchException to char*
char const* TryCatchExceptionToStr(
  // The exception ID
  enum TryCatchException exc) {
 return TryCatchExceptionStr[exc];
}
#endif
```

### 3 Makefile

# Build mode

```
# 0: development (max safety, no optimisation)
# 1: release (min safety, optimisation)
# 2: fast and furious (no safety, optimisation)
BUILD_MODE?=1
all: pbmake_wget main
# Automatic installation of the repository PBMake in the parent folder
pbmake_wget:
if [ ! -d ../PBMake]; then wget https://github.com/BayashiPascal/PBMake/archive/master.zip; unzip master.zip; rm -f
# Makefile definitions
MAKEFILE_INC=../PBMake/Makefile.inc
include $(MAKEFILE_INC)
# Rules to make the executable
repo=pberr
$($(repo)_EXENAME): \
$($(repo)_EXENAME).o \
$($(repo)_EXE_DEP) \
$($(repo)_DEP)
$(COMPILER) 'echo "$($(repo)_EXE_DEP) $($(repo)_EXENAME).o" | tr ' ' '\n' | sort -u' $(LINK_ARG) $($(repo)_LINK_ARG)
((repo)_EXENAME).o: \
$($(repo)_DIR)/$($(repo)_EXENAME).c \
$($(repo)_INC_H_EXE) \
$($(repo)_EXE_DEP)
$(COMPILER) $(BUILD_ARG) $($(repo)_BUILD_ARG) 'echo "$($(repo)_INC_DIR)" | tr ', '\n' | sort -u' -c $($(repo)_DIR)/
```

#### 4 Unit tests

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "pberr.h"
void UnitTestCreateStatic() {
  printf("UnitTestCreateStatic\n");\\
  PBErr err = PBErrCreateStatic();
 PBErrPrintln(&err, stdout);
void UnitTestReset() {
  printf("UnitTestReset\n");
  PBErr err = PBErrCreateStatic();
 PBErr clone = err;
  memset(&err, 0, sizeof(PBErr));
  PBErrReset(&err);
   printf("Reset ");
  if (memcmp(&err, &clone, sizeof(PBErr)) == 0)
   printf("OK");
  else
   printf("NOK");
 printf("\n");
```

```
void UnitTestMalloc() {
  printf("UnitTestMalloc\n");
  char* arr = PBErrMalloc(&thePBErr, 2);
  printf("Malloc ");
  if (arr == NULL)
   printf("NOK");
  else
   printf("OK");
  printf("\n");
  arr[0] = 0;
  arr[1] = 1;
 free(arr);
void UnitTestIO() {
  FILE* fd = PBErrOpenStreamOut(&thePBErr, "./testio.txt");
  short a = 1;
  PBErrPrintf(&thePBErr, fd, "%hi\n", a);
  short b = 2;
  PBErrPrintf(&thePBErr, fd, "%i\n", b);
  float c = 3.0;
  PBErrPrintf(&thePBErr, fd, "%f\n", c);
  char* d = "string";
  PBErrPrintf(&thePBErr, fd, "%s\n", d);
  PBErrCloseStream(&thePBErr, fd);
  fd = PBErrOpenStreamIn(&thePBErr, "./testio.txt");
  short checka;
  PBErrScanf(&thePBErr, fd, "%hi", &checka);
  if (a != checka) {
    thePBErr._stream = stdout;
    thePBErr._type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(thePBErr._msg, "UnitTestIO failed");
    thePBErr._fatal = false;
   PBErrCatch(&thePBErr);
  int checkb:
  PBErrScanf(&thePBErr, fd, "%i", &checkb);
  if (b != checkb) {
    thePBErr._stream = stdout;
    thePBErr._type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(thePBErr._msg, "UnitTestIO failed");
    thePBErr._fatal = false;
    PBErrCatch(&thePBErr);
  float checkc;
  PBErrScanf(&thePBErr, fd, "%f", &checkc);
  if (fabs(c - checkc) > 0.0001) {
    thePBErr._stream = stdout;
    thePBErr._type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(thePBErr._msg, "UnitTestIO failed");
    thePBErr._fatal = false;
    PBErrCatch(&thePBErr);
  }
  char checkd[10];
  PBErrScanf(&thePBErr, fd, "%s", checkd);
  if (strcmp(d, checkd) != 0) {
    thePBErr._stream = stdout;
    thePBErr._type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(thePBErr._msg, "UnitTestIO failed");
    thePBErr._fatal = false;
   PBErrCatch(&thePBErr);
```

```
PBErrCloseStream(&thePBErr, fd);
  fd = PBErrOpenStreamIn(&thePBErr, "./missingfile");
 printf("UnitTestIO OK\n");
void UnitTestCatch() {
  printf("UnitTestCatch\n");
  thePBErr._stream = stdout;
  thePBErr._type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
  sprintf(thePBErr._msg, "UnitTestCatch: invalid arg");
  thePBErr._fatal = false;
  PBErrCatch(&thePBErr);
  thePBErr._type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
  sprintf(thePBErr._msg, "UnitTestCatch: null pointer");
  thePBErr._fatal = true;
  PBErrCatch(&thePBErr);
void fun() {
  if (isnan(0. / 0.)) Raise(TryCatchException_NaN);
void UnitTestTryCatch() {
  // Simple example, raise an exception in a TryCatch block and catch it.
  Try {
    if (isnan(0. / 0.)) Raise(TryCatchException_NaN);
  } Catch(TryCatchException_NaN) {
    printf("Catched exception NaN\n");
  } EndTry;
  // Output:
  //
  // Catched exception NaN
  // Example of TryCatch block inside another TryCatch block and exception
  \ensuremath{/\!/} forwarded from the inner block to the outer block after being ignored
  // by the inner block.
  Try {
    Try {
      if (isnan(0. / 0.)) Raise(TryCatchException_NaN);
    } EndTry;
  } Catch (TryCatchException_NaN) {
    printf("Catched exception NaN at sublevel\n");
  } EndTry;
  // Output:
```

```
// Catched exception NaN at sublevel
 // Example of user defined exception and multiple catch segments.
  enum UserDefinedExceptions {
   myUserExceptionA = TryCatchException_LastID,
   myUserExceptionB,
   myUserExceptionC
 };
 Try {
   Raise(myUserExceptionA);
 } Catch (myUserExceptionA) {
   printf("Catched user defined exception A\n");
 } Catch (myUserExceptionB) {
   printf("Catched user defined exception B\n");\\
 } Catch (myUserExceptionC) {
   printf("Catched user defined exception C\n");
 } EndTry;
 // Output:
 // Catched user defined exception A
// The struct siginfo_t used to handle the SIGSEV is not defined in
// ANSI C, guard against this.
#ifndef __STRICT_ANSI__
 // Example of handling exception raided by SIGSEV.
 // Init the SIGSEV signal handling by TryCatch.
 TryCatchInitHandlerSigSegv();
 Try {
   int *p = NULL;
   *p = 1;
 } Catch (TryCatchException_Segv) {
   printf("Catched exception Segv\n");
 } EndTry;
 // Output:
 // Catched exception Segv
```

```
//
#endif
 // Example of exception raised in called function and catched in calling
 // function.
 Try {
   fun();
 } Catch (TryCatchException_NaN) {
   printf("Catched exception NaN raised in called function\n");
 } EndTry;
 // Output:
 // Catched exception NaN raised in called function
 // Example of exception raised in called function and uncatched in calling
 // function.
 Try {
   fun();
 } EndTry;
 // Output:
 //
// Unhandled exception (2).
 // Example of exception raised outside a TryCatch block.
 Raise(TryCatchException_NaN);
 // Output:
 //
 // Unhandled exception (2).
 //
 // Example of overflow of recursive inclusion of TryCatch blocks.
 Try {
   Try {
     Try {
       Try {
         fun();
       } EndTry;
```

```
} EndTry;
    } EndTry;
  } EndTry;
  // Output:
  // TryCatch blocks recursive incursion overflow, exiting. (You can try
  // to raise the value of \mbox{TryCatchMaxExcLvl} in \mbox{trycatch.c}, it was: 3)
 printf("UnitTestTryCatch OK\n");
void UnitTestAll() {
 PBErrPrintln(&thePBErr, stdout);
  UnitTestCreateStatic();
  UnitTestReset();
 UnitTestMalloc();
  UnitTestIO();
  UnitTestTryCatch();
 UnitTestCatch();
int main(void) {
 UnitTestAll();
 return 0;
```

## 5 Unit tests output

```
main(PBErrCatch+0xd7)[0x55cc6f154cb7]
main(UnitTestAll+0xfb) [0x55cc6f154abb]
main(main+0xb) [0x55cc6f153e2b]
/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6(__libc_start_main+0xe7)[0x7fc1e930dbf7]
main(_start+0x2a)[0x55cc6f153e6a]
main(PBErrCatch+0xd7)[0x55cc6f154cb7]
main(main+0xb) [0x55cc6f153e2b]
/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6(__libc_start_main+0xe7)[0x7fc1e930dbf7]
main(_start+0x2a)[0x55cc6f153e6a]
PBErrFatal: true
{\tt UnitTestCreateStatic}
PBErrFatal: true
UnitTestReset
Reset OK
UnitTestMalloc
Malloc OK
{\tt UnitTestIO~OK}
Catched exception NaN
Catched exception NaN at sublevel
Catched user defined exception
Catched exception Segv
Catched exception NaN in called function
UnitTestTryCatch OK
{\tt UnitTestCatch}
---- PBErrCatch ----
PBErrType: invalid arguments
```

```
PBErrMsg: UnitTestCatch: invalid arg
PBErrFatal: false
Stack:
-----
---- PBErrCatch ----
PBErrType: null pointer
PBErrMsg: UnitTestCatch: null pointer
PBErrFatal: true
Stack:
Exiting
------
testio.txt:
```

1 2 3.000000 string