PBMath

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Introduction

PBMath is C library providing mathematical structures and functions.

The VecFloat structure and its functions can be used to manipulate vectors of float values.

The Gauss structure and its functions can be used to get values of the Gauss function and random values distributed accordingly with a Gauss distribution.

The ${\tt Smoother}$ functions can be used to get values of the SmoothStep and SmootherStep functions.

1 Interface

// ====== PBMATH.H ======= #ifndef PBMATH_H

```
#define PBMATH_H
// ========= Include =========
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
// ======== Define ========
#define PBMATH_EPSILON 0.0000001
#define PBMATH_PI 3.14159
// ========== Generic functions ==========
void VecTypeUnsupported(void*t, ...);
#define VecClone(V) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatClone, \
 VecShort*: VecShortClone, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V)
#define VecLoad(\overline{V}, S) _Generic((\overline{V}), \
 VecFloat**: VecFloatLoad, \
 VecShort**: VecShortLoad, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, S)
#define VecSave(V, S) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatSave, \
 VecShort*: VecShortSave, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, S)
#define VecFree(V) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat**: VecFloatFree, \
 VecShort**: VecShortFree, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V)
#define VecPrint(V, S) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatPrintDef, \
 VecShort*: VecShortPrint, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, S)
#define VecGet(V, I) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatGet, \
 VecShort*: VecShortGet, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, I)
#define VecSet(V, I, VAL) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatSet, \
VecShort*: VecShortSet, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, I, VAL)
#define VecCopy(V, W) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatCopy, \
 VecShort*: VecShortCopy, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, W)
#define VecDim(V) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatDim, \
 VecShort*: VecShortDim, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V)
#define VecNorm(V) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatNorm, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V)
#define VecNormalise(V) _Generic((V), \
  VecFloat*: VecFloatNormalise, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V)
#define VecDist(V, W) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatDist, \
```

```
default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, W)
#define VecIsEqual(V, W) _Generic((V), \
  VecFloat*: VecFloatIsEqual, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, W)
#define VecOp(V, A, W, B) _Generic((V), \
  VecFloat*: VecFloatOp, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, A, W, B)
#define VecGetOp(V, A, W, B) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatGetOp, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, A, W, B)
#define VecRot2D(V, A) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatRot2D, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, A)
#define VecGetRot2D(V, A) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatGetRot2D, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, A)
#define VecDotProd(V, W) _Generic((V), \
 VecFloat*: VecFloatDotProd, \
  default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, W)
#define VecAngleTo2D(V, W) _Generic((V), \setminus
 VecFloat*: VecFloatAngleTo2D, \
 default: VecTypeUnsupported)(V, W)
// ----- VecShort
// ====== Data structure =========
// Vector of short values
typedef struct VecShort {
 // Dimension
 int _dim;
  // Values
 short *_val;
} VecShort;
// ========= Functions declaration ==========
// Create a new VecShort of dimension 'dim'
// Values are initalized to 0.0
// Return NULL if we couldn't create the VecShort
VecShort* VecShortCreate(int dim);
// Clone the VecShort
// Return NULL if we couldn't clone the VecShort
VecShort* VecShortClone(VecShort *that);
// Load the VecShort from the stream
// If the VecShort is already allocated, it is freed before loading
// Return 0 in case of success, or:
// 1: invalid arguments
// 2: can't allocate memory
// 3: invalid data
// 4: fscanf error
int VecShortLoad(VecShort **that, FILE *stream);
// Save the VecShort to the stream
// Return 0 upon success, or
// 1: invalid arguments
// 2: fprintf error
int VecShortSave(VecShort *that, FILE *stream);
// Free the memory used by a VecShort
```

```
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecShortFree(VecShort **that);
// Print the VecShort on 'stream'
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecShortPrint(VecShort *that, FILE *stream);
// Return the i-th value of the VecShort
// Index starts at 0
// Return 0.0 if arguments are invalid
short VecShortGet(VecShort *that, int i);
// Set the i-th value of the VecShort to \boldsymbol{v}
// Index starts at 0
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecShortSet(VecShort *that, int i, short v);
// Return the dimension of the VecShort
// Return 0 if arguments are invalid
int VecShortDim(VecShort *that);
// Copy the values of 'w' in 'that' (must have same dimensions)
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecShortCopy(VecShort *that, VecShort *w);
// ----- VecFloat
// ========= Data structure ==========
// Vector of float values
typedef struct VecFloat {
  // Dimension
 int _dim;
  // Values
  float *_val;
} VecFloat;
// ======== Functions declaration =========
// Create a new VecFloat of dimension 'dim'
// Values are initalized to 0.0
// Return NULL if we couldn't create the VecFloat
VecFloat* VecFloatCreate(int dim);
// Clone the VecFloat
// Return NULL if we couldn't clone the VecFloat
VecFloat* VecFloatClone(VecFloat *that);
// Load the VecFloat from the stream
// If the VecFloat is already allocated, it is freed before loading
// Return 0 in case of success, or:
// 1: invalid arguments
// 2: can't allocate memory
// 3: invalid data
// 4: fscanf error
int VecFloatLoad(VecFloat **that, FILE *stream);
// Save the VecFloat to the stream
// Return 0 upon success, or
// 1: invalid arguments
// 2: fprintf error
int VecFloatSave(VecFloat *that, FILE *stream);
```

```
// Free the memory used by a VecFloat
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatFree(VecFloat **that);
// Print the VecFloat on 'stream' with 'prec' digit precision
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatPrint(VecFloat *that, FILE *stream, int prec);
void VecFloatPrintDef(VecFloat *that, FILE *stream);
// Return the i-th value of the VecFloat
// Index starts at 0
// Return 0.0 if arguments are invalid
float VecFloatGet(VecFloat *that, int i);
// Set the i-th value of the VecFloat to v
// Index starts at 0
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatSet(VecFloat *that, int i, float v);
// Return the dimension of the VecFloat
// Return 0 if arguments are invalid
int VecFloatDim(VecFloat *that);
// Copy the values of 'w' in 'that' (must have same dimensions)
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatCopy(VecFloat *that, VecFloat *w);
// Return the norm of the VecFloat
// Return 0.0 if arguments are invalid
float VecFloatNorm(VecFloat *that);
// Normalise the VecFloat
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatNormalise(VecFloat *that);
// Return the distance between the VecFloat 'that' and 'tho'
// Return NaN if arguments are invalid
// If dimensions are different, missing ones are considered to
// be equal to 0.0
float VecFloatDist(VecFloat *that, VecFloat *tho);
// Return true if the VecFloat 'that' is equal to 'tho'
// Return false if arguments are invalid
// If dimensions are \bar{	ext{different}}, missing ones are considered to
// be equal to 0.0
bool VecFloatIsEqual(VecFloat *that, VecFloat *tho);
// Calculate (that * a + tho * b) and store the result in 'that'
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
// 'tho' can be null, in which case it is consider to be the null vector
// If 'tho' is not null it must be of same dimension as 'that'
void VecFloatOp(VecFloat *that, float a, VecFloat *tho, float b);
// Return a VecFloat equal to (that * a + tho * b)
// Return NULL if arguments are invalid
// 'tho' can be null, in which case it is consider to be the null vector
// If 'tho' is not null it must be of same dimension as 'that'
VecFloat* VecFloatGetOp(VecFloat *that, float a,
  VecFloat *tho, float b);
// Rotate CCW 'that' by 'theta' radians and store the result in 'that'
```

```
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatRot2D(VecFloat *that, float theta);
// Return a VecFloat equal to 'that' rotated CCW by 'theta' radians
// Return NULL if arguments are invalid
VecFloat* VecFloatGetRot2D(VecFloat *that, float theta);
// Return the dot product of 'that' and 'tho'
// Return 0.0 if arguments are invalid
float VecFloatDotProd(VecFloat *that, VecFloat *tho);
// Return the angle of the rotation making 'that' colinear to 'tho'
// Return 0.0 if arguments are invalid
float VecFloatAngleTo2D(VecFloat *that, VecFloat *tho);
// ---- Gauss
// ========= Define =========
// ========= Data structure ==========
// Vector of float values
typedef struct Gauss {
 // Mean
 float _mean;
 // Sigma
 float _sigma;
} Gauss;
// ======== Functions declaration =========
// Create a new Gauss of mean 'mean' and sigma 'sigma'
// Return NULL if we couldn't create the Gauss
Gauss* GaussCreate(float mean, float sigma);
// Free the memory used by a Gauss
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GaussFree(Gauss **that);
// Return the value of the Gauss 'that' at 'x'
// Return 0.0 if the arguments are invalid
float GaussGet(Gauss *that, float x);
// Return a random value according to the Gauss 'that'
// random() must have been called before calling this function
// Return 0.0 if the arguments are invalid
float GaussRnd(Gauss *that);
// ----- Smoother
// ======= Define ========
// ====== Data structure =========
// ========= Functions declaration ==========
// Return the order 1 smooth value of 'x'
// if x < 0.0 return 0.0
// if x > 1.0 return 1.0
float SmoothStep(float x);
// Return the order 2 smooth value of 'x'
```

```
// if x < 0.0 return 0.0
// if x > 1.0 return 1.0
float SmootherStep(float x);
#endif
```

2 Code

```
// ====== PBMATH.C ========
// ========= Include =========
#include "pbmath.h"
// ======== Define =========
#define rnd() (float)(rand())/(float)(RAND_MAX)
// ----- VecShort
// ========= Define =========
// ====== Functions implementation =========
// Create a new Vec of dimension 'dim'
// Values are initalized to 0.0
// Return NULL if we couldn't create the Vec
VecShort* VecShortCreate(int dim) {
 // Check argument
 if (dim <= 0)
   return NULL;
 // Allocate memory
 VecShort *that = (VecShort*)malloc(sizeof(VecShort));
 //If we could allocate memory
 if (that != NULL) {
   // Allocate memory for values
   that->_val = (short*)malloc(sizeof(short) * dim);
   // If we couldn't allocate memory
   if (that->_val == NULL) {
     // Free memory
     free(that);
     // Stop here
     return NULL;
   // Set the default values
   that-> dim = dim:
   for (int i = dim; i--;)
     that->_val[i] = 0.0;
 // Return the new VecShort
 return that;
// Clone the VecShort
// Return NULL if we couldn't clone the VecShort
VecShort* VecShortClone(VecShort *that) {
 // Check argument
 if (that == NULL)
   return NULL;
```

```
// Create a clone
 VecShort *clone = VecShortCreate(that->_dim);
  // If we could create the clone
 if (clone != NULL) {
   // Clone the properties
   for (int i = that->_dim; i--;)
     clone->_val[i] = that->_val[i];
 // Return the clone
 return clone;
// Load the VecShort from the stream
// If the VecShort is already allocated, it is freed before loading
// Return 0 in case of success, or:
// 1: invalid arguments
// 2: can't allocate memory
// 3: invalid data
// 4: fscanf error
int VecShortLoad(VecShort **that, FILE *stream) {
 // Check arguments
 if (that == NULL || stream == NULL)
   return 1;
  // If 'that' is already allocated
 if (*that != NULL) {
    // Free memory
   VecShortFree(that);
 // Read the number of dimension
 int dim;
 int ret = fscanf(stream, "%d", &dim);
  // If we coudln't fscanf
 if (ret == EOF)
   return 4;
  if (dim <= 0)
   return 3;
  // Allocate memory
 *that = VecShortCreate(dim);
 // If we coudln't allocate memory
 if (*that == NULL) {
   return 2;
 // Read the values
 for (int i = 0; i < dim; ++i) {
   fscanf(stream, "%hi", (*that)->_val + i);
   // If we coudln't fscanf
   if (ret == EOF)
     return 4;
 // Return success code
 return 0;
// Save the VecShort to the stream
// Return 0 upon success, or:
// 1: invalid arguments
// 2: fprintf error
int VecShortSave(VecShort *that, FILE *stream) {
 // Check arguments
 if (that == NULL || stream == NULL)
   return 1;
 // Save the dimension
```

```
int ret = fprintf(stream, "%d ", that->_dim);
  // If we coudln't fprintf
 if (ret < 0)
   return 2;
  // Save the values
 for (int i = 0; i < that->_dim; ++i) {
   ret = fprintf(stream, "%hi ", that->_val[i]);
    // If we coudln't fprintf
   if (ret < 0)
     return 2;
 fprintf(stream, "\n");
  // If we coudln't fprintf
 if (ret < 0)
   return 2;
  // Return success code
 return 0;
// Free the memory used by a VecShort
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecShortFree(VecShort **that) {
 // Check argument
 if (that == NULL || *that == NULL)
   return;
 // Free memory
 free((*that)->_val);
 free(*that);
 *that = NULL;
// Print the VecShort on 'stream' with 'prec' digit precision
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecShortPrint(VecShort *that, FILE *stream) {
 // Check arguments
 if (that == NULL || stream == NULL)
   return;
  // Print the values
 fprintf(stream, "<");</pre>
 for (int i = 0; i < that->_dim; ++i) {
   fprintf(stream, "%hi", that->_val[i]);
   if (i < that->_dim - 1)
     fprintf(stream, ",");
 fprintf(stream, ">");
// Return the i-th value of the VecShort
// Index starts at 0
// Return 0.0 if arguments are invalid
short VecShortGet(VecShort *that, int i) {
 // Check argument
 if (that == NULL || i < 0 || i >= that->_dim)
   return 0.0;
  // Return the value
 return that->_val[i];
// Set the i-th value of the VecShort to v
// Index starts at 0
// Do nohting if arguments are invalid
void VecShortSet(VecShort *that, int i, short v) {
```

```
// Check argument
 if (that == NULL || i < 0 || i >= that->_dim)
   return;
  // Set the value
 that->_val[i] = v;
// Return the dimension of the VecShort
// Return 0 if arguments are invalid
int VecShortDim(VecShort *that) {
 // Check argument
 if (that == NULL)
   return 0;
 // Return the dimension
 return that->_dim;
// Copy the values of 'w' in 'that' (must have same dimensions)
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecShortCopy(VecShort *that, VecShort *w) {
  // Check argument
 if (that == NULL || w == NULL || that->_dim != w->_dim)
   return;
  // Copy the values
 memcpy(that->_val, w->_val, sizeof(short) * that->_dim);
// ----- VecFloat
// ====== Define ========
// ====== Functions implementation =========
// Create a new Vec of dimension 'dim'
// Values are initalized to 0.0
// Return NULL if we couldn't create the Vec
VecFloat* VecFloatCreate(int dim) {
  // Check argument
 if (dim <= 0)
   return NULL;
  // Allocate memory
 VecFloat *that = (VecFloat*)malloc(sizeof(VecFloat));
 //If we could allocate memory
 if (that != NULL) {
   // Allocate memory for values
   that->_val = (float*)malloc(sizeof(float) * dim);
   // If we couldn't allocate memory
   if (that->_val == NULL) {
     // Free memory
     free(that);
     // Stop here
     return NULL;
   }
   // Set the default values
   that->_dim = dim;
   for (int i = dim; i--;)
     that->_val[i] = 0.0;
 // Return the new VecFloat
 return that;
```

```
// Clone the VecFloat
// Return NULL if we couldn't clone the VecFloat
VecFloat* VecFloatClone(VecFloat *that) {
 // Check argument
 if (that == NULL)
   return NULL;
  // Create a clone
 VecFloat *clone = VecFloatCreate(that->_dim);
 // If we could create the clone
 if (clone != NULL) {
   // Clone the properties
   for (int i = that->_dim; i--;)
      clone->_val[i] = that->_val[i];
 // Return the clone
 return clone;
// Load the VecFloat from the stream
// If the VecFloat is already allocated, it is freed before loading
// Return 0 in case of success, or:
// 1: invalid arguments
// 2: can't allocate memory
// 3: invalid data
// 4: fscanf error
int VecFloatLoad(VecFloat **that, FILE *stream) {
 // Check arguments
 if (that == NULL || stream == NULL)
   return 1;
  // If 'that' is already allocated
 if (*that != NULL) {
    // Free memory
   VecFloatFree(that);
 }
 // Read the number of dimension
 int dim;
 int ret = fscanf(stream, "%d", &dim);
  // If we coudln't fscanf
 if (ret == EOF)
   return 4;
 if (dim <= 0)
   return 3;
  // Allocate memory
 *that = VecFloatCreate(dim);
 // If we coudln't allocate memory
 if (*that == NULL) {
   return 2;
 // Read the values
 for (int i = 0; i < dim; ++i) {
    fscanf(stream, "%f", (*that)->_val + i);
   // If we coudln't fscanf
   if (ret == EOF)
     return 4;
 // Return success code
 return 0;
// Save the VecFloat to the stream
// Return 0 upon success, or:
// 1: invalid arguments
```

```
// 2: fprintf error
int VecFloatSave(VecFloat *that, FILE *stream) {
  // Check arguments
  if (that == NULL || stream == NULL)
   return 1;
  // Save the dimension
  int ret = fprintf(stream, "%d ", that->_dim);
  // If we coudln't fprintf
  if (ret < 0)
   return 2;
  // Save the values
  for (int i = 0; i < that->_dim; ++i) {
    ret = fprintf(stream, "%f ", that->_val[i]);
    // If we coudln't fprintf
    if (ret < 0)
      return 2;
  fprintf(stream, \ "\n");\\
  // If we coudln't fprintf
  if (ret < 0)
    return 2;
  // Return success code
 return 0;
// Free the memory used by a {\tt VecFloat}
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatFree(VecFloat **that) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL || *that == NULL)
    return;
  // Free memory
 free((*that)->_val);
  free(*that);
  *that = NULL;
// Print the VecFloat on 'stream' with 'prec' digit precision
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatPrint(VecFloat *that, FILE *stream, int prec) {
  // Check arguments
  if (that == NULL || stream == NULL)
   return;
  // Create the format string
  char format[20] = \{'\0'\};
  sprintf(format, "%%.%df", prec);
  // Print the values
  fprintf(stream, "<");</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < that->_dim; ++i) {
    fprintf(stream, format, that->_val[i]);
    if (i < that->_dim - 1)
      fprintf(stream, ",");
  }
 fprintf(stream, ">");
void VecFloatPrintDef(VecFloat *that, FILE *stream) {
  VecFloatPrint(that, stream, 3);
// Return the i-th value of the VecFloat
// Index starts at 0
// Return 0.0 if arguments are invalid
```

```
float VecFloatGet(VecFloat *that, int i) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL || i < 0 || i >= that->_dim)
    return 0.0;
  // Return the value
 return that->_val[i];
// Set the i-th value of the VecFloat to v
// Index starts at 0
// Do nohting if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatSet(VecFloat *that, int i, float v) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL || i < 0 || i >= that->_dim)
    return:
  // Set the value
 that->_val[i] = v;
// Return the dimension of the VecFloat
// Return 0 if arguments are invalid
int VecFloatDim(VecFloat *that) {
 // Check argument
  if (that == NULL)
    return 0;
  // Return the dimension
 return that->_dim;
// Copy the values of 'w' in 'that' (must have same dimensions)
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatCopy(VecFloat *that, VecFloat *w) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL || w == NULL || that->_dim != w->_dim)
    return;
  // Copy the values
 memcpy(that->_val, w->_val, sizeof(float) * that->_dim);
// Return the norm of the VecFloat
// Return 0.0 if arguments are invalid
float VecFloatNorm(VecFloat *that) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL)
   return 0.0;
  // Declare a variable to calculate the norm
  float ret = 0.0;
  // Calculate the norm
  for (int iDim = that->_dim; iDim--;)
   ret += pow(that->_val[iDim], 2.0);
  ret = sqrt(ret);
  // Return the result
  return ret;
// Normalise the VecFloat
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatNormalise(VecFloat *that) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL)
    return:
  // Normalise
```

```
float norm = VecNorm(that);
  for (int iDim = that->_dim; iDim--;)
    that->_val[iDim] /= norm;
// Return the distance between the VecFloat 'that' and 'tho'
// Return NaN if arguments are invalid
// If dimensions are different, missing ones are considered to
// be equal to 0.0
float VecFloatDist(VecFloat *that, VecFloat *tho) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL || tho == NULL)
    return NAN;
  // Declare a variable to calculate the distance
  float ret = 0.0;
  for (int iDim = that->_dim; iDim--;)
   ret += pow(VecGet(that, iDim) - VecGet(tho, iDim), 2.0);
  ret = sqrt(ret);
  // Return the distance
 return ret;
}
// Return true if the VecFloat 'that' is equal to 'tho'
// Return false if arguments are invalid
// If dimensions are different, missing ones are considered to
// be equal to 0.0
bool VecFloatIsEqual(VecFloat *that, VecFloat *tho) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL || tho == NULL)
   return false;
  // For each component
  for (int iDim = that->_dim; iDim--;)
    // If the values of this components are different
    if (fabs(VecGet(that, iDim) - VecGet(tho, iDim)) > PBMATH_EPSILON)
      // Return false
      return false:
  // Return true
 return true;
// Calculate (that * a + tho * b) and store the result in 'that'
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
// 'tho' can be null, in which case it is consider to be the null vector
// If 'tho' is not null it must be of same dimension as 'that'
void VecFloatOp(VecFloat *that, float a, VecFloat *tho, float b) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL)
    return;
  // Calculate
  VecFloat *res = VecFloatGetOp(that, a, tho, b);
  // If we could calculate
  if (res != NULL) {
    // Copy the result in 'that'
    VecFloatCopy(that, res);
    // Free memory
    VecFloatFree(&res);
}
// Return a VecFloat equal to (that * a + tho * b)
// Return NULL if arguments are invalid
// 'tho' can be null, in which case it is consider to be the null vector
```

```
// If 'tho' is not null it must be of same dimension as 'that'
VecFloat* VecFloatGetOp(VecFloat *that, float a,
  VecFloat *tho, float b) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL || (tho != NULL && that->_dim != tho->_dim))
   return NULL;
  // Declare a variable to memorize the result
  VecFloat *res = VecFloatCreate(that->_dim);
  // If we could allocate memory
  if (res != NULL) {
   // For each component
    for (int iDim = that->_dim; iDim--;) {
      // Calculate
      res->_val[iDim] = a * that->_val[iDim];
      if (tho != NULL)
        res->_val[iDim] += b * tho->_val[iDim];
  }
  // Return the result
 return res;
// Rotate CCW 'that' by 'theta' radians and store the result in 'that'
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void VecFloatRot2D(VecFloat *that, float theta) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL || that->_dim != 2)
   return:
  // Calculate
  VecFloat *res = VecFloatGetRot2D(that, theta);
  // If we could calculate
  if (res != NULL) {
    // Copy the result in 'that'
    VecFloatCopy(that, res);
    // Free memory
    VecFloatFree(&res);
 }
}
// Return a VecFloat equal to 'that' rotated CCW by 'theta' radians
// Return NULL if arguments are invalid
VecFloat* VecFloatGetRot2D(VecFloat *that, float theta) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL || that->_dim != 2)
    return NULL;
  // Declare a variable to memorize the result
  VecFloat *res = VecFloatCreate(that->_dim);
  // If we could allocate memory
  if (res != NULL) {
    // Calculate
    res->_val[0] =
      cos(theta) * that->_val[0] - sin(theta) * that->_val[1];
    res->_val[1] =
      sin(theta) * that->_val[0] + cos(theta) * that->_val[1];
  // Return the result
 return res;
// Return the dot product of 'that' and 'tho'
// Return 0.0 if arguments are invalid
float VecFloatDotProd(VecFloat *that, VecFloat *tho) {
```

```
// Check arguments
 if (that == NULL || tho == NULL || that->_dim != tho->_dim)
   return 0.0;
  // Declare a variable to memorize the result
 float res = 0.0;
  // Calculate
 for (int iDim = that->_dim; iDim--;)
   res += that->_val[iDim] * tho->_val[iDim];
  // Return the result
 return res;
// Return the angle of the rotation making 'that' colinear to 'tho'
// Return 0.0 if arguments are invalid
float VecFloatAngleTo2D(VecFloat *that, VecFloat *tho) {
 // Check arguments
 if (that == NULL || tho == NULL ||
   VecDim(that) != 2 || VecDim(tho) != 2)
    return 0.0;
  // Declare a variable to memorize the result
 float theta = 0.0;
  // Calculate the angle
 VecFloat *v = VecClone(that);
 if (v == NULL)
   return 0.0;
 VecFloat *w = VecClone(tho);
  if (w == NULL) {
   VecFree(&v);
   return 0.0;
 if (VecNorm(v) < PBMATH_EPSILON || VecNorm(v) < PBMATH_EPSILON) {</pre>
    VecFree(&w);
   return 0.0;
 VecNormalise(v);
 VecNormalise(w);
 float m[2];
 if (fabs(VecGet(v, 0)) > fabs(VecGet(v, 1))) {
   m[0] = (VecGet(w, 0) + VecGet(w, 1) * VecGet(v, 1) / VecGet(v, 0))/
     (VecGet(v, 0) + pow(VecGet(v, 1), 2.0) / VecGet(v, 0));
   m[1] = (m[0] * VecGet(v, 1) - VecGet(w, 1)) / VecGet(v, 0);
   m[1] = (VecGet(w, 0) - VecGet(w, 1) * VecGet(v, 0) / VecGet(v, 1))/
      (VecGet(v, 1) + pow(VecGet(v, 0), 2.0) / VecGet(v, 1));
   m[0] = (VecGet(w, 1) + m[1] * VecGet(v, 0)) / VecGet(v, 1);
 theta = acos(m[0]);
 if (fabs(sin(theta) + m[1]) > PBMATH_EPSILON)
   theta *= -1.0;
  // Free memory
 VecFree(&v);
 VecFree(&w);
 // Return the result
 return theta;
// ----- Gauss
// ====== Define ========
// ======== Functions implementation ==========
```

```
// Create a new Gauss of mean 'mean' and sigma 'sigma'
// Return NULL if we couldn't create the Gauss
Gauss* GaussCreate(float mean, float sigma) {
  // Allocate memory
  Gauss *that = (Gauss*)malloc(sizeof(Gauss));
  // If we could allocate memory
  if (that != NULL) {
    // Set properties
    that->_mean = mean;
    that->_sigma = sigma;
  // REturn the new Gauss
 return that;
// Free the memory used by a Gauss
// Do nothing if arguments are invalid
void GaussFree(Gauss **that) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL || *that == NULL)
    return;
  // Free memory
  free(*that);
  *that = NULL;
// Return the value of the Gauss 'that' at 'x'
// Return 0.0 if the arguments are invalid
float GaussGet(Gauss *that, float x) {
  // Check arguments
  if (that == NULL)
   return 0.0;
  // Calculate the value
  float a = 1.0 / (that->_sigma * sqrt(2.0 * PBMATH_PI));
  float ret = a * exp(-1.0 * pow(x - that->_mean, 2.0) /
    (2.0 * pow(that->_sigma, 2.0)));
  // Return the value
 return ret;
}
// Return a random value (in ]0.0, 1.0[)according to the
// Gauss distribution 'that'
// random() must have been called before calling this function
// Return 0.0 if the arguments are invalid
float GaussRnd(Gauss *that) {
  // Check arguments
  if (that == NULL)
   return 0.0;
  // Declare variable for calcul
  float v1,v2,s;
  // Calculate the value
  do {
    v1 = (rnd() - 0.5) * 2.0;
    v2 = (rnd() - 0.5) * 2.0;
    s = v1 * v1 + v2 * v2;
  } while (s >= 1.0);
  // Return the value
  float ret = 0.0;
  if (s > PBMATH_EPSILON)
   ret = v1 * sqrt(-2.0 * log(s) / s);
  return ret * that->_sigma + that->_mean;
```

```
// ----- Smoother
// ======= Define =========
// ====== Functions implementation ========
// Return the order 1 smooth value of 'x'
// if x < 0.0 return 0.0
// if x > 1.0 return 1.0
float SmoothStep(float x) {
 if (x \le 0.0)
   return 0.0;
 else if (x >= 1.0)
   return 1.0;
 else
   return x * x * (3.0 - 2.0 * x);
// Return the order 2 smooth value of 'x'
// if x < 0.0 return 0.0
// if x > 1.0 return 1.0
float SmootherStep(float x) {
 if (x \le 0.0)
   return 0.0;
 else if (x >= 1.0)
   return 1.0;
 else
   return x * x * x * (x * (x * 6.0 - 15.0) + 10.0);
```

3 Makefile

```
OPTIONS_DEBUG=-ggdb -g3 -Wall
OPTIONS_RELEASE=-03
OPTIONS_$(OPTIONS_DEBUG)

all : main
main: main.o pbmath.o Makefile
gcc $(OPTIONS) main.o pbmath.o -o main -lm

main.o : main.c pbmath.h Makefile
gcc $(OPTIONS) -c main.c

pbmath.o : pbmath.c pbmath.h Makefile
gcc $(OPTIONS) -c pbmath.c

clean :
rm -rf *.o main

valgrind :
valgrind -v --track-origins=yes --leak-check=full --gen-suppressions=yes --show-leak-kinds=all ./main
install :
cp pbmath.h ../Include; cp pbmath.o ../Include
```

4 Usage

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "pbmath.h"
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
 // Initialise the random generator
 srandom(time(NULL));
 // ----- VecShort
 fprintf(stdout, "----- VecShort\n");
  // Create a vector of dimension 3
 VecShort *a = VecShortCreate(3);
  // If we couldn't create the vector
 if (a == NULL) {
   fprintf(stderr, "VecCreate failed\n");
   return 1;
 // Print the vector
 fprintf(stdout, "a: ");
 VecPrint(a, stdout);
 fprintf(stdout, "\n");
  // Set the 2nd value to 1
 VecSet(a, 1, 1);
  // Print the vector
 fprintf(stdout, "a: ");
 VecPrint(a, stdout);
 fprintf(stdout, "\n");
 // Save the vector
 FILE *f = fopen("./vecshort.txt", "w");
  if (f == NULL) {
   fprintf(stderr, "fopen failed\n");
   return 2;
 }
 int ret = VecSave(a, f);
  if (ret != 0) {
   fprintf(stderr, "VecSave failed (%d)\n", ret);
   return 3;
 }
 fclose(f);
  // Load the vector
 f = fopen("./vecshort.txt", "r");
 if (f == NULL) {
   fprintf(stderr, "fopen failed\n");
   return 4;
 }
 VecShort *b = NULL;
 ret = VecLoad(&b, f);
  if (ret != 0) {
   fprintf(stderr, "VecLoad failed (%d)\n", ret);
   return 5;
 }
 fclose(f);
  // Get the dimension and values of the loaded vector
 fprintf(stdout, "b: %d ", VecDim(b));
 for (int i = 0; i < VecDim(b); ++i)</pre>
   fprintf(stdout, "%d ", VecGet(b, i));
 fprintf(stdout, "\n");
  // Change the values of the loaded vector and print it
```

```
VecSet(b, 0, 2);
VecSet(b, 2, 3);
fprintf(stdout, "b: ");
VecPrint(b, stdout);
fprintf(stdout, "\n");
// Copy the loaded vector into the first one and print the first one
VecCopy(a, b);
fprintf(stdout, "a: ");
VecPrint(a, stdout);
fprintf(stdout, "\n");
// Free memory
VecFree(&a);
VecFree(&b);
// ----- VecFloat
fprintf(stdout, "----- VecFloat\n");
// Create a vector of dimension 3
VecFloat *v = VecFloatCreate(3);
// If we couldn't create the vector
if (v == NULL) {
 fprintf(stderr, "VecCreate failed\n");
 return 1;
// Print the vector
fprintf(stdout, "v: ");
VecPrint(v, stdout);
fprintf(stdout, "\n");
// Set the 2nd value to 1.0
VecSet(v, 1, 1.0);
// Print the vector
fprintf(stdout, "v: ");
VecPrint(v, stdout);
fprintf(stdout, "\n");
// Save the vector
f = fopen("./vecfloat.txt", "w");
if (f == NULL) {
 fprintf(stderr, "fopen failed\n");
 return 2;
ret = VecSave(v, f);
if (ret != 0) {
 fprintf(stderr, "VecSave failed (%d)\n", ret);
 return 3;
fclose(f):
// Load the vector
f = fopen("./vecfloat.txt", "r");
if (f == NULL) {
 fprintf(stderr, "fopen failed\n");
 return 4;
7
VecFloat *w = NULL;
ret = VecLoad(&w, f);
if (ret != 0) {
 fprintf(stderr, "VecLoad failed (%d)\n", ret);
 return 5;
}
fclose(f);
// Get the dimension and values of the loaded vector
fprintf(stdout, "w: %d ", VecDim(w));
for (int i = 0; i < VecDim(w); ++i)</pre>
 fprintf(stdout, "%f ", VecGet(w, i));
fprintf(stdout, "\n");
```

```
// Change the values of the loaded vector and print it
VecSet(w, 0, 2.0);
VecSet(w, 2, 3.0);
fprintf(stdout, "w: ");
VecPrint(w, stdout);
fprintf(stdout, "\n");
// Copy the loaded vector into the first one and print the first one
VecCopy(v, w);
fprintf(stdout, "v: ");
VecPrint(v, stdout);
fprintf(stdout, "\n");
// Get the norm
float norm = VecNorm(v);
fprintf(stdout, "Norm of v: %.3f\n", norm);
// Normalise
VecNormalise(v);
fprintf(stdout, "Normalized v: ");
VecPrint(v, stdout);
fprintf(stdout, "\n");
// Distance between {\tt v} and {\tt w}
fprintf(stdout, "Distance between v and w: %.3f\n", VecDist(v, w));
// Equality
if (VecIsEqual(v, w) == true)
 fprintf(stdout, "v = w\n");
else
 fprintf(stdout, "v != w\n");
if (VecIsEqual(v, v) == true)
 fprintf(stdout, "v = v\n");
else
 fprintf(stdout, "v != v\n");
// Op
VecFloat *x = VecGetOp(v, norm, w, 2.0);
if (x == NULL) {
  fprintf(stderr, \ "VecGetOp \ failed\n");\\
 return 6;
fprintf(stdout, "x: ");
VecPrint(x, stdout);
fprintf(stdout, \ "\n");\\
VecOp(v, norm, NULL, 0.0);
fprintf(stdout, "v: ");
VecPrint(v, stdout);
fprintf(stdout, "\n");
// Dot prod
fprintf(stdout, "dot prod v.x: %.3f\n", VecDotProd(v, x));
// Rotate
VecFree(&v);
v = VecFloatCreate(2);
if (v == NULL) {
  fprintf(stderr, "malloc failed\n");
 return 7;
VecSet(v, 0, 1.0);
fprintf(stdout, "v: ");
VecPrint(v, stdout);
fprintf(stdout, "\n");
VecRot2D(v, 0.5 * PBMATH_PI);
fprintf(stdout, "v: ");
VecPrint(v, stdout);
fprintf(stdout, "\n");
VecFree(&x);
x = VecGetRot2D(v, 0.5 * PBMATH_PI);
```

```
if (v == NULL) {
    fprintf(stderr, "VecGetRot2D failed\n");
    return 8;
  fprintf(stdout, "x: ");
  VecPrint(x, stdout);
  fprintf(stdout, "\n");
  fprintf(stdout, "angle from x to v: %.3f\n", VecAngleTo2D(x, v));
  // Free memory
  VecFree(&x);
  VecFree(&w);
  VecFree(&v);
  // ----- Gauss
  fprintf(stdout, "---- Gauss\n");
  // Create a Gauss function
  float mean = 0.0;
  float sigma = 1.0;
  Gauss *gauss = GaussCreate(mean, sigma);
  // If we couldn't create the Gauss
  if (gauss == NULL) {
    fprintf(stderr, "Couldn't create the Gauss\n");
   return 9;
  // Get some values of the Gauss function
  fprintf(stdout, "Gauss function (mean: 0.0, sigma: 1.0): \\ \n");
  for (float x = -2.0; x \le 2.01; x += 0.2)
   fprintf(stdout, "%.3f %.3f\n", x, GaussGet(gauss, x));
  // Change the mean
  gauss \rightarrow mean = 1.0;
  gauss->_sigma = 0.5;
  // Get some random values according to the Gauss function
  fprintf(stdout, "Gauss rnd (mean:1.0, sigma:0.5):\n");
  for (int iVal = 0; iVal < 10; ++iVal)</pre>
    fprintf(stdout, "\%.3f \%.3f\n", GaussRnd(gauss), GaussRnd(gauss));\\
  //Free memory
  GaussFree(&gauss);
  // ----- Smoother
  fprintf(stdout, "---- Smoother\n");
  for (float x = 0.0; x \le 1.01; x += 0.1)
    fprintf(stdout, "%.3f %.3f %.3f\n", x, SmoothStep(x),
      SmootherStep(x));
  // Return success code
 return 0;
    Output:
----- VecShort
a: <0,0,0>
a: <0,1,0>
b: 3 0 1 0
b: <2,1,3>
a: \langle 2, 1, 3 \rangle
----- VecFloat
v: <0.000,0.000,0.000>
v: <0.000,1.000,0.000>
w: 3 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000
```

```
w: <2.000,1.000,3.000>
v: <2.000,1.000,3.000>
Norm of v: 3.742
Normalized v: <0.535,0.267,0.802>
Distance between v and w: 2.742
v != w
v = v
x: <6.000,3.000,9.000>
v: <2.000,1.000,3.000>
dot prod v.x: 42.000
v: <1.000,0.000>
v: <0.000,1.000>
x: <-1.000,0.000>
angle from x to v: -1.571
----- Gauss
Gauss function (mean:0.0, sigma:1.0):
-2.000 0.054
-1.800 0.079
-1.600 0.111
-1.400 0.150
-1.200 0.194
-1.000 0.242
-0.800 0.290
-0.600 0.333
-0.400 0.368
-0.200 0.391
0.000 0.399
0.200 0.391
0.400 0.368
0.600 0.333
0.800 0.290
1.000 0.242
1.200 0.194
1.400 0.150
1.600 0.111
1.800 0.079
2.000 0.054
Gauss rnd (mean:1.0, sigma:0.5):
1.106 0.275
1.360 1.303
0.114 -0.033
0.777 1.460
0.771 0.701
0.552 0.048
1.729 1.194
1.050 0.382
1.086 1.705
1.272 1.283
----- Smoother
0.000 0.000 0.000
0.100 0.028 0.009
0.200 0.104 0.058
0.300 0.216 0.163
0.400 0.352 0.317
0.500 0.500 0.500
0.600 0.648 0.683
0.700 0.784 0.837
0.800 0.896 0.942
0.900 0.972 0.991
1.000 1.000 1.000
```

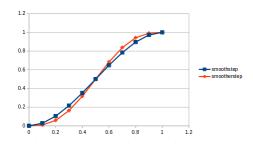
vecshort.txt:

3 0 1 0

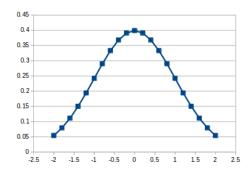
vecfloat.txt:

3 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000

smoother functions:



gauss function (mean:0.0, sigma:1.0):



gauss rand function (mean:1.0, sigma:0.5):

