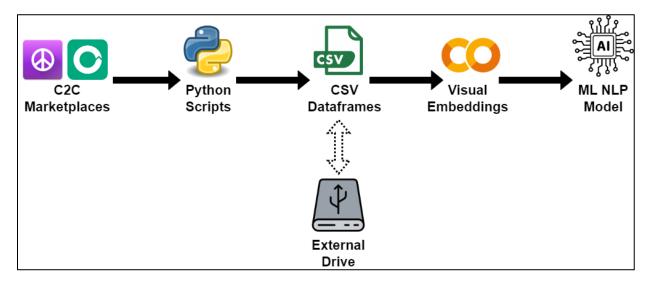
Training AI on Stolen Car Parts

Developer Documentation

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Architecture Design



Risk Score Formula

Evaluates the suspiciousness of car posts on a scale from 0.0 (low) to 1.0 (high)

$$Score = 0.25 \left(\frac{|P_{Market} - P_{Post}|}{P_{Market}} \right) + 0.10 \left(1 - \frac{1}{R+1} \right) + 0.15 \left(1 - \frac{1}{K+1} \right) + 0.20 \left(\frac{N+P}{2} \right)$$

- P_{Market} = average market price of car part
- O P_{Post} = selling price of car part in post
- o **R** = number of **R**ed flags in photos (tags, opened packages, etc.)
- o K = number of suspicious Keywords, phrases and terms in description
- o N = binary 0 or 1 if Name is standard first and last name or not
- o P = binary 0 or 1 if Phone number is standard number format or not

$$+0.10\left(1-\frac{1}{D+1}\right)+0.10\left(\frac{1}{\Delta T+1}\right)+0.10\left(\frac{100-r}{100}\right)$$

- D = number of Duplicate posts with same content
- ΔT = difference in days between Timestamps of two posts

o \mathbf{r} = mile radius from high-crime city (0 <= r <= 100)

API Specifications

- raw_process.py
 - Process the JSON files and create the data frame/csv files
- CarParts_Text_Processing.ipynb
 - Get data from the csv files
 - o Produce the visualization and perform data analysis in the csv files

Prerequisites

- You will need a Google Colab account to run the provided scripts
- You will need to upload the required files to the Google Colab runtime

Risk Score Testing in Colab

The risk score formula and weights can be tested on a given set of post data in Colab. First, manually enter the post data into the arrays storing metadata on the posts. Each post corresponds to a single index across all arrays.

```
# MANUALLY FILL WITH INPUT DATA FROM EACH POST!!!

marketPrices = [350, 350, 350, 350, 350, 350, 1000, 1000]

sellerPrices = [65, 65, 65, 300, 125, 299, 350, 1000, 1000]

redFlagWords = [0, 0, 0, 1, 4, 0, 1, 1, 1]

oddNamesPhones = [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 2, 2]

duplicates = [2, 2, 2, 0, 0, 296, 0, 1, 1]

crimeCityRanges = [35, 35, 35, 100, 27, 0, 0, 100, 100]

monthDayYrDates = ["8/11/2023", "7/8/2023", "6/4/2023",

"7/23/2023", "7/13/2023", "6/28/2023",

"9/12/2023", "8/16/2023", "5/18/2023"]

timestamps = datesToTimestamps(monthDayYrDates)
```

- oddNamesPhones[] 0 means neither phone nor name is suspicious; 1 means only one of phone or name is suspicious; 2 means both phone and name are suspicious
- duplicates[] number of duplicate posts, excluding self

• crimeCityRanges[] - if more than 100 miles from crime city, enter 100 miles

After manual data entry, run the statistical analysis in Colab.

Chrome Extension

- Canceled for this research project
 - If the extension produced a false positive post score that discouraged customers from buying a car part, vendors (Craigslist, OfferUp) could press charges for loss of business.