1) 8-bit Addition

ASSUME CS: CODE DS: DATA DATA SEGMENT.

DATAL DB 24H

DATA2 DB 12H

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

BEGIN : MON AX, DATA

MOU DS, AX

MOV AL, DATA1

MON BL, DATAZ

ADD AL, BL

HLT.

CODE ENDS

END BEGIN

- 1) Open DOSBOX
- 2 mount c C:/8086
- 3 C:/
- (A) C:1> edit filename.asm (blue screen Window will open, Waite paggaam, sove, exit)
- (5) C:1> masm filename, asm
- 6 C:1> link filename, Obj
- (1) C:>> debug filename. exe 4

2) 16-bit Addition

ASSUME CS: CODE DS: DATA
DATA SEGMENT.

D1 DW 2442H D2 DW 3423H DATA EMDS

CODE SEGMENT.

BEGINO MOV AX, DATA

MOU DS, AX

MOU AX, D1

MON BX, DZ

ADD AX, BX

HLT

CODE ENDS

END BEGIN

3 8-bit Multiplication

After MUL

16-bit product

Will be in

Ax register

ASSUME CS: CODE DS: DATA
DATA SEGMENT.

D1 D8 04H D2 D8 02H

DATA ENOS

CODE SEGMENT

BEGIN : MOU AX, DATA

XA, 20 VOM

MON AL, DI

MON BL, D2

MUL BL

HLT

CODE ENDS

END BEGIN

4) 16-bit Multiplication

ASSUME CS: CODE DS: DATA

DATA SEGMENT.

DATAL DW 1111H DATAZ DW FFFFH RESUT1 DW 0000H RESULT2 DW 0000H

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

BEGIN: MON AX, DATA MOU DS, AX MOV AX, DATA1 MOV BX, DATAZ MUL BX MOV RESULTI, DX / Will Store result MON RESULTZ, AX

HLT

DATA ENDS END BEGIN

LUM ROTTA 32-bit Paroduct will be generated DX: higher onder 16-bit AX: lower ander 16-bit

To view memory location o-- d 0000 d

In de bug option of masin after hypen -d address of memory

by default data segment logical address starts from

ASSUME CS & CODE DS & DATA

DATA SEGMENT

D1 DW 2HFEH

D2 DW 0010H

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT.

BEGIN & MOV AX, DATA

MOV DS, AX

MOV AX, D1

DN D2

HLT

CODE ENDS

END BEGIN

> Numerator (16 bit) is moved into AX register
> Denominator (16 bit) is given as operand of DIV
> After DIV Instruction

 $\Delta X \rightarrow Quotient (24FH)$

DX -> Remainder (EH)

TW > To sind the largest number from a string of bytes.

** assume the largen of string is 8