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# National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences

## Applied Physics (NS-1001)

Date: March 26<sup>th</sup>, 2024

Course Instructor

Semester: SP-2024

Dept: School of Computing

## Sessional-I Exam

Total Time: 1 Hour

Total Marks: 30

Total Questions: 04

Campus: Karachi

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Student Name

Roll No

Section

Student Signature

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### CLO # 1 Vectors

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Q1: Answer the following:

[08]

- a. A centripetal-acceleration addict rides in uniform circular motion with radius  $r=3$  m. At one instant his acceleration is  $\vec{a}=(600\text{m/s}^2)\hat{i}+(-4\text{m/s}^2)\hat{j}$ .

At that instant, what are the values of (a)  $\vec{v} \cdot \vec{a}$  and (b)  $\vec{r} \cdot \vec{a}$

[3]

- b. The three vectors in Fig-1 have magnitudes  $a = 4$  m,  $b = 6$  m, and  $c = 12$  m and angle  $\theta = 30^\circ$ . Find the resultant vector, magnitude of resultant vector, and angle.

[3]

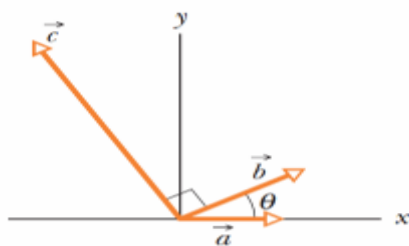


Fig-1

- c. Find the area of the parallelogram with adjacent sides  $\vec{A} = 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{B} = -\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ .

[2]

### CLO # 2 Linear Motion

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Q2: Answer the following:

[08]

- a. A particle initially has  $\vec{v} = 3\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$  and then 4.0 s later has  $\vec{v} = -13\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 9\hat{k}$  (in meters per second). For that 5sec, what are (a) the particle average acceleration  $\vec{a}_{avg}$  in unit vector notation, (b) the magnitude of  $\vec{a}_{avg}$ , and (c) the angle between  $\vec{a}_{avg}$  and the positive direction of

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the y axis?

[2]

- b. Point out the two motion characteristics which are true of free-falling objects. [2]
- c. Fig-2 depicts the motion of a particle moving along an x axis with a constant acceleration. The figure's vertical scaling is set by  $x_s = 7.50$  m. What are the (a) magnitude and (b) direction of the particle's acceleration? [2]
- d. With the help of the following Position – time graph, draw velocity versus time ( $v$  vs  $t$ ) and acceleration versus time ( $a$  vs  $t$ ) graphs for Fig-3. [2]

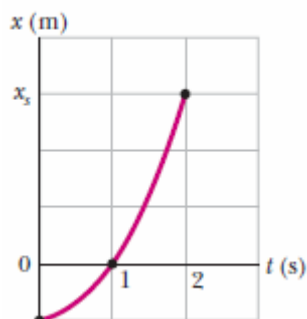


Fig-2

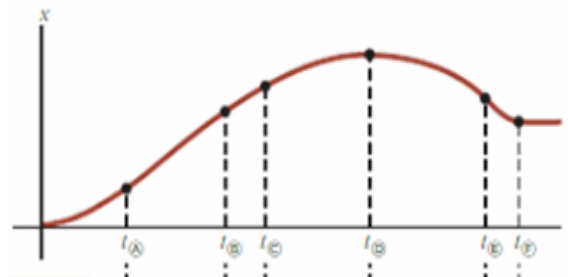


Fig-3

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### CLO # 3 Projectile\_Motions

**Q3: Answer the following:**

[04]

- (a) A ball is thrown horizontally from the top of a building that is 20 meters tall. The initial velocity of the ball is 15 m/s. Determine: (i) How long does it take for the ball to hit the ground? (ii) What is the horizontal range of the ball?

[4]

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### CLO # 4 Forces

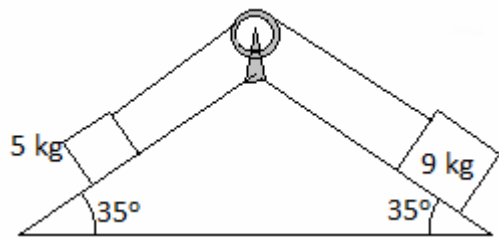
**Q4: Answer the following:**

[10]

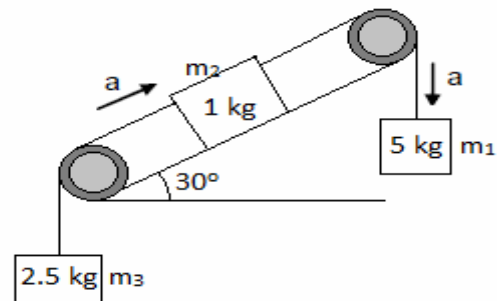
- a. Two blocks of mass 5 kg and 9 kg are connected by a string of negligible mass that passes over a frictionless pulley (Fig-5). The inclines are frictionless. Find (a) the magnitude of the acceleration of each block and (b) the tension in the string. Take  $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ . [5]

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**Fig-5**



**Fig-6**

- b. Draw a free body diagram for Fig-6 and write down the equation of Forces. The incline has friction. [3]
- c. In team sports like football or soccer, how can players apply Newton's laws to optimize their movements and strategies during a game? [2]