Introduction to Computer Systems

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Syllabi

- Spring 2022
- Fall 2022

This new course links together different ideas that you have encountered but not covered deeply in other courses. We'll learn about tools used in programming and how they work. The goal of this course is to help you understand how your computer and programming environment work so that you can debug and learn independently more confident.

Quick Facts

- Course time: Fall 2022, MW 4:30PM 5:45PM
- · Credits: 4

To request a permission number <u>complete this google form</u> you must be signed into your URI google account to access the form

Why Take this course

- 1. use and understand git/ GitHub
- 2. make sense of cryptic compiler messages
- 3. understand how file organization impacts programming
- 4. fulfill your 300 level CSC elective requirement
- 5. preview ideas that will be explored in depth in 411 & 412

Topics covered

this is a partial list

- · git and other version control
- · bash and other shell scripting
- · filesystems
- basics of hardware
- what happens when you compile code
- · what are the different types of software on your computer

Catalog Description

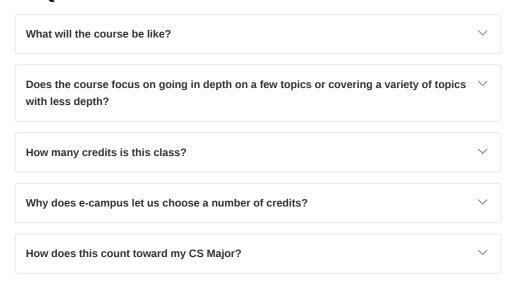
How the history and context of computing impacts the practice of computing today. Tools used in programming and computational problem solving. How programming works from high level languages to hardware. Survey of computer hardware and representation of information. **Pre:** CSC110, any 200 level CSC course, or equivalent (prior experience programming in at least two languages).

Learning Outcomes

By the end of the semester, students will be able to:

- 1. Differentiate the different classes of tools used in computer science in terms of their features, roles, and how they interact and justify positions and preferences among popular tools
- 2. Identify the computational pipeline from hardware to high level programming language
- 3. Discuss implications of choices across levels of abstraction
- 4. Describe the context under which essential components of computing systems were developed and explain the impact of that context on the systems.

FAQ



References

These resources are available to students. Level 1 is a basic scratch the surface explanation of the topic. Level 2 is an intermediate level of explanation. Level 3 is an in-depth explanation of the topic.

History of Computers

Tools of the Craft

Survey of Hardware Components

What is a CPU, and What Does	1		Easy to read article
			that explains CPUs
		Article	and their use. Also
It Do?			touches on "buses"
			and GPUs.
			Video that explains
Processors Explained for			what CPUs are and
Beginners	1	Video	how they work and
<u>Deginners</u>			are assembled.
	1		Video by Crash
			Course that explains
The Central Processing Unit		Video	what the Central
			Processing Unit
			(CPU) is and how it
			works.
			Easy to read article
			that explains what an
Input/Output Device	1	Article	I/O device is. Touches
<u>mpad Carpat Bovioo</u>	-	7 11 11010	on troubleshooting I/O
			Errors and examples
			of I/O devices.
			Article that explains
			what computer buses
			are and how they
Computer Bus	1	Article	work. Talks about the
			different types of
			buses and bus
			speeds.
			Defines a GPU in
	1	Article	simple terms.
			Explains the
What is a GPU?			difference between a
<u></u>			CPU and a GPU. Also
			touches on how it
			works and its uses.
What Are Parallel Processing			Explains what a
	2	Article	parallel processing system is and how it
<u>Systems</u>			works.
	1		Crash Course video
			that explains boolean
<u>Logic Gates</u>		Video	logic and their
			respective gates in a
			visual and easy to
			understand way.
			Video that explains
	1		what the derived logic
			gates are (NAND,
[What are derived logic gates?]			NOR, XOR, XNOR).
(https://www.youtube.com/watch?		Video	Uses simple, easy to
v=wGilEPBfcT8			understand real-world
			examples such as
			light switches in a
			room.

Easy to read article

What is a CPU, and What Does It Do?	1	Article	Easy to read article that explains CPUs and their use. Also touches on "buses" and GPUs.
Registers and RAM		Video	Crash Course video that explains what
	1		registers are and how
			RAM works.

Software Infrastructure

Operating Systems: Crash Course 1 Video operating systems and the history of how they began. Crash Course video that gives a very basic introduction to files and file Systems 1 Video introduction to files and file Systems.	Operating Systems
Crash Course 1 Video operating systems and the history of how they began. Crash Course video that gives a very basic	
and the history of how they began. Crash Course video that gives a very basic	
Crash Course video that gives a very basic	<u>Crash Course</u>
Files and File Systems 1 Video	
Files and File Systems 1 Video	
introduction to files and	as and Eila Systems
	es and File Systems
file systems.	
Video that gives the	
Abstraction Layers basics of how Video	Abstraction Layers
Explained abstraction layers are	<u>Explained</u>
organized.	
The Linux File System Video that explains the	ne Linux Eile System
1 Video Linux file system. <u>Explained</u>	
Explains by showing.	<u> шхріаніси</u>
Article that explains the	
differences between	
programs, processes,	
Programs, Processes, and threads. Has Article	ograms, Processes,
and Threads helpful diagrams that	and Threads
show the differences	
and how each one	
works.	
Explains how cache	
memory works and how	
Cache Memory in it is accessed by the	Cache Memory in
Computer Organization 1 Article CPU. Also talks about	
cache mapping, types	<u>mpator organization</u>
of cache, and cache	
performance.	

Number Systems

Representing Numbers and Letters with Binary	1	Video	Basic intro to how numbers and letters are represented using binary.
Binary, Octal, and Hexadecimal	1	Text	Explains the three different types of number representations used in computer memory. Explains which ones are more efficient for storing information.
Numeral Systems	1	Text w/ chart	BRIEFLY explains how each numeral system works (binary, octal, decimal, and hex). Shows examples of each numeral system would work. Has a conversion table at the bottom of the page.

Presentation that

Machine Representation of Data

What is a Bitwise Operator and How to Use Them	2	Video	explains what bitwise operators are and how they work. The presentor gives examples of their use and shows them in action.
Why Your Storage or RAM Size Doesn't Add Up	1	Article	Talks about the difference between base-10 and base-2 storage options. Table that visualizes the differences between the two number systems.
Integer and Floating- Point Number Representation	2	Text	3.0-3.10 for information on integer representation and 1's and 2's complement. 4.0-4.4 for information and exercises on Floating-Point Numbers.
What are Overflow and Underflow?	1	Article	Explains what overflow and underflow are. Each is explained using an example.

Why take this class

You should take this class if you want to be introduced to some topics prior to taking 411 and 412. This class also allows you to gain some experience using the terminal, understanding the term computing and the topics surrounding it, and using version control systems such as git which are useful in the professional world.

This class offers great experience with real world computer science tools like github. This class will also expose you to intermediate computer science concepts. In total the skills learned in this class will make you a much more rounded computer science student.

You should take this class if you want to know more about what your computer is doing. This class will help you better understand error messages and will teach you bash scripting and git. I have not taken 411 yet but I hear this class is good to take before 411. I also believe this class is good to take before 305 because we use git a lot in that class.

You should take this class if you want to get a headstart on your education and career. This class covers quite a bit, but each topic is designed to give you just enough so that you're not completely in the dark when you have to learn this stuff for a class. Additionally, being comfortable with version control systems is essential for not only school projects, but also your internships and jobs.

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