

# Lending Club Loan Data Analysis

July 21, 2023

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```
[3]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
[4]: data = pd.read_csv("loan_data.csv")
```

```
[5]: data.head()
```

```
[5]:  credit.policy      purpose  int.rate  installment  log.annual.inc  \
0           1  debt_consolidation    0.1189         829.10        11.350407
1           1      credit_card    0.1071         228.22        11.082143
2           1  debt_consolidation    0.1357         366.86        10.373491
3           1  debt_consolidation    0.1008         162.34        11.350407
4           1      credit_card    0.1426         102.92        11.299732

      dti  fico  days.with.cr.line  revol.bal  revol.util  inq.last.6mths  \
0  19.48  737      5639.958333      28854      52.1          0
1  14.29  707      2760.000000      33623      76.7          0
2  11.63  682      4710.000000       3511      25.6          1
3   8.10  712      2699.958333      33667      73.2          1
4  14.97  667      4066.000000       4740      39.5          0

delinq.2yrs  pub.rec  not.fully.paid
0           0        0              0
1           0        0              0
2           0        0              0
3           0        0              0
4           1        0              0
```

```
[6]: #understanding the dataset
data.shape
```

```
[6]: (9578, 14)
```

```
[7]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```
[7]: credit.policy      0
      purpose           0
      int.rate          0
      installment       0
      log.annual.inc    0
      dti               0
      fico              0
      days.with.cr.line 0
      revol.bal         0
      revol.util        0
      inq.last.6mths    0
      delinq.2yrs       0
      pub.rec           0
      not.fully.paid    0
      dtype: int64
```

```
[8]: #Transforming categorical values into numerical values (discrete)
      data.sample(10)
```

```
[8]: credit.policy      purpose  int.rate  installment  \
4157          1  debt_consolidation    0.1426      514.59
908           1  debt_consolidation    0.1197      292.16
1899          1  debt_consolidation    0.0963      320.95
3951          1      credit_card    0.1568      700.04
5580          1      credit_card    0.1565      131.20
3137          1  home_improvement    0.1284       53.79
5084          1      all_other    0.1218      333.00
4552          1  debt_consolidation    0.1287      504.50
4680          1  debt_consolidation    0.1218      666.00
6094          1  debt_consolidation    0.1114      518.30

      log.annual.inc    dti  fico  days.with.cr.line  revol.bal  revol.util  \
4157      10.858999  19.68  687      3313.000000      22918      90.9
908       10.819778   8.14  697      6840.000000       8243      37.0
1899      11.156251   6.31  737      3480.041667      20423      46.7
3951      11.695247  16.77  677      2280.000000      29799      53.0
5580       9.952278  18.91  697      1170.000000      13881      90.7
3137      10.561008   2.46  682      3180.000000       2076      83.0
5084      11.144814  18.22  712      5820.000000      17604      72.1
4552      11.652687   8.35  702      6089.958333      12152      54.2
4680      10.836950  22.88  732      3990.000000      26803      51.4
6094      11.512925  21.88  747      4620.000000      29860      47.6

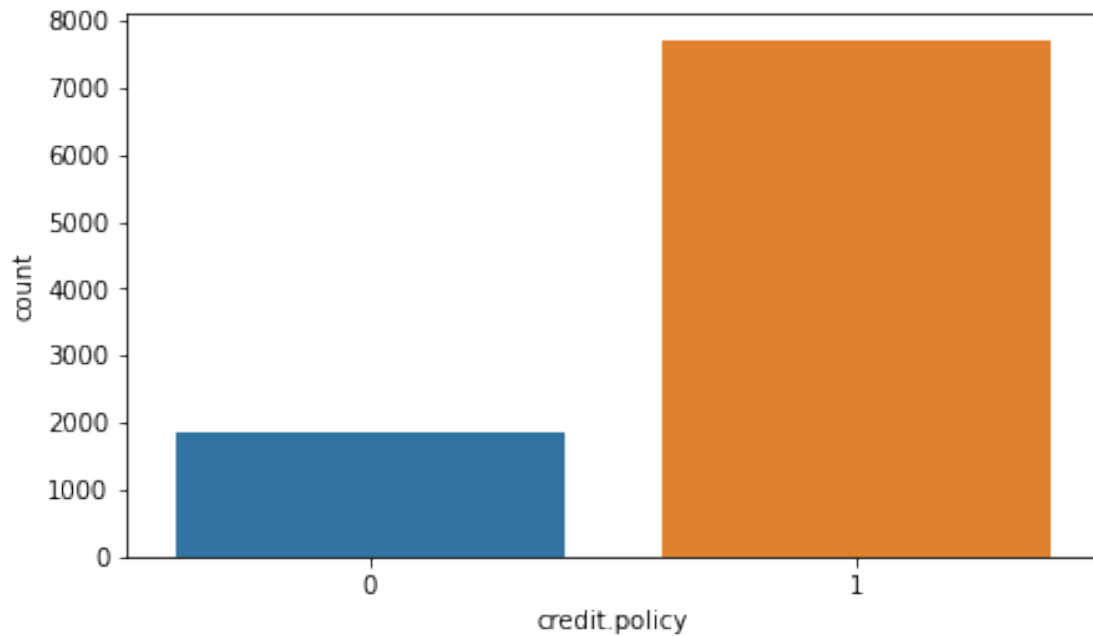
      inq.last.6mths  delinq.2yrs  pub.rec  not.fully.paid
4157                1              0        0              0
908                 2              0        1              0
1899                2              0        0              1
```

3951	3	0	0	0
5580	0	0	0	0
3137	1	0	0	0
5084	0	0	0	0
4552	2	0	1	0
4680	1	0	0	0
6094	0	0	0	0

```
[9]: np.unique(data['credit.policy'], return_counts=True)
```

```
[9]: (array([0, 1]), array([1868, 7710]))
```

```
[10]: plt.figure(figsize=(7, 4))
sns.countplot(x=data['credit.policy']);
```



```
[11]: data.dtypes
```

```
[11]: credit.policy      int64
purpose      object
int.rate     float64
installment  float64
log.annual.inc float64
dti          float64
fico         int64
days.with.cr.line float64
revol.bal    int64
```

```

revol.util          float64
inq.last.6mths      int64
delinq.2yrs         int64
pub.rec            int64
not.fully.paid      int64
dtype: object

```

```

[12]: df_col_info = pd.DataFrame(data.dtypes, columns= ['col_data_type'])

df_col_info_names_changed = df_col_info.reset_index()

df_col_info_names_changed.columns = ['col_names', 'col_data_type']
df_col_info_names_changed

```

```

[12]:
      col_names col_data_type
0    credit.policy      int64
1      purpose      object
2     int.rate      float64
3  installment      float64
4  log.annual.inc      float64
5         dti      float64
6         fico      int64
7  days.with.cr.line      float64
8     revol.bal      int64
9     revol.util      float64
10  inq.last.6mths      int64
11   delinq.2yrs      int64
12        pub.rec      int64
13  not.fully.paid      int64

```

```

[13]: df_col_info_count = pd.DataFrame(df_col_info_names_changed.
    →groupby("col_data_type").count().reset_index())

df_col_info_count.columns= ['col_name', 'dtype']
df_col_info_count

```

```

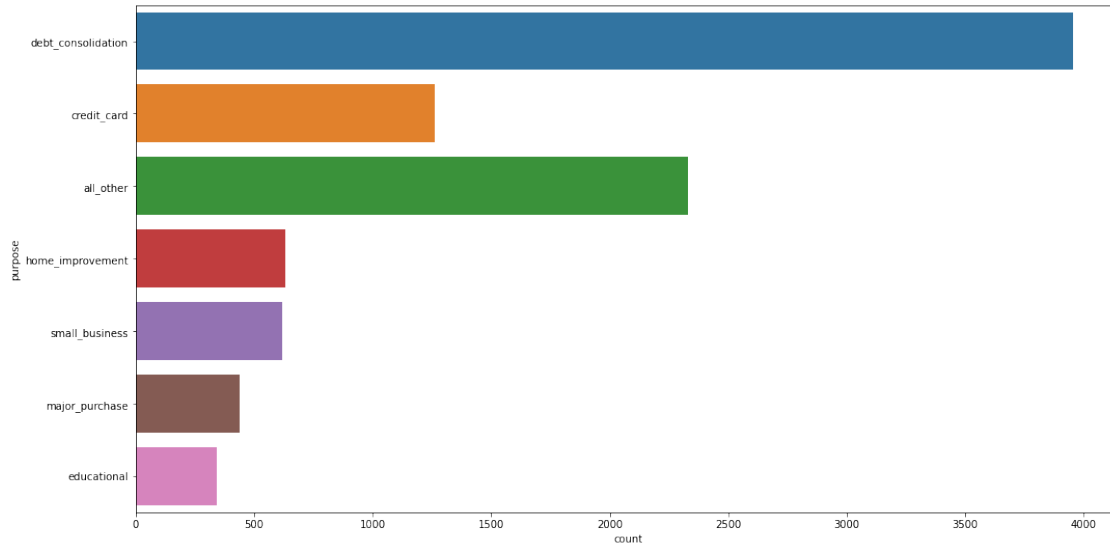
[13]:
col_name  dtype
0    int64      7
1  float64      6
2   object      1

```

```

[14]: plt.figure(figsize=(17, 9))
sns.countplot(y=data['purpose']);

```



```
[15]: #Null value Analysis
NAs= pd.concat([data.isnull().sum()], axis=1)

NAs[NAs.sum(axis=1)>0]
```

```
[15]: Empty DataFrame
Columns: [0]
Index: []
```

```
[16]: pd.set_option('display.float_format', lambda x: '%.4f' % x)
```

```
[17]: data.describe().T
```

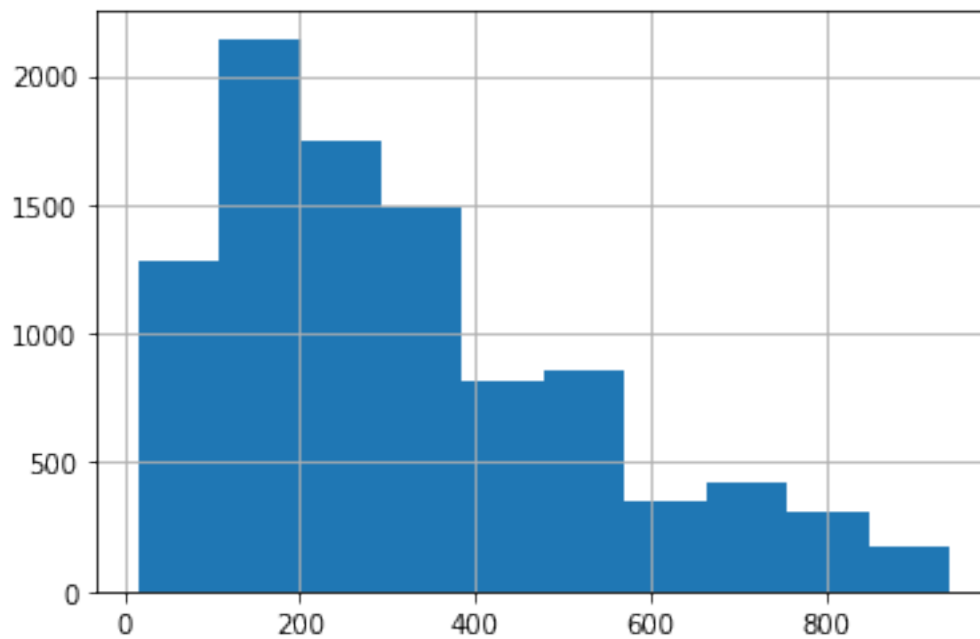
```
[17]:
```

	count	mean	std	min	25%	\
credit.policy	9578.0000	0.8050	0.3962	0.0000	1.0000	
int.rate	9578.0000	0.1226	0.0268	0.0600	0.1039	
installment	9578.0000	319.0894	207.0713	15.6700	163.7700	
log.annual.inc	9578.0000	10.9321	0.6148	7.5475	10.5584	
dti	9578.0000	12.6067	6.8840	0.0000	7.2125	
fico	9578.0000	710.8463	37.9705	612.0000	682.0000	
days.with.cr.line	9578.0000	4560.7672	2496.9304	178.9583	2820.0000	
revol.bal	9578.0000	16913.9639	33756.1896	0.0000	3187.0000	
revol.util	9578.0000	46.7992	29.0144	0.0000	22.6000	
inq.last.6mths	9578.0000	1.5775	2.2002	0.0000	0.0000	
delinq.2yrs	9578.0000	0.1637	0.5462	0.0000	0.0000	
pub.rec	9578.0000	0.0621	0.2621	0.0000	0.0000	
not.fully.paid	9578.0000	0.1601	0.3667	0.0000	0.0000	
		50%	75%	max		

credit.policy	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
int.rate	0.1221	0.1407	0.2164
installment	268.9500	432.7625	940.1400
log.annual.inc	10.9289	11.2913	14.5284
dti	12.6650	17.9500	29.9600
fico	707.0000	737.0000	827.0000
days.with.cr.line	4139.9583	5730.0000	17639.9583
revol.bal	8596.0000	18249.5000	1207359.0000
revol.util	46.3000	70.9000	119.0000
inq.last.6mths	1.0000	2.0000	33.0000
delinq.2yrs	0.0000	0.0000	13.0000
pub.rec	0.0000	0.0000	5.0000
not.fully.paid	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000

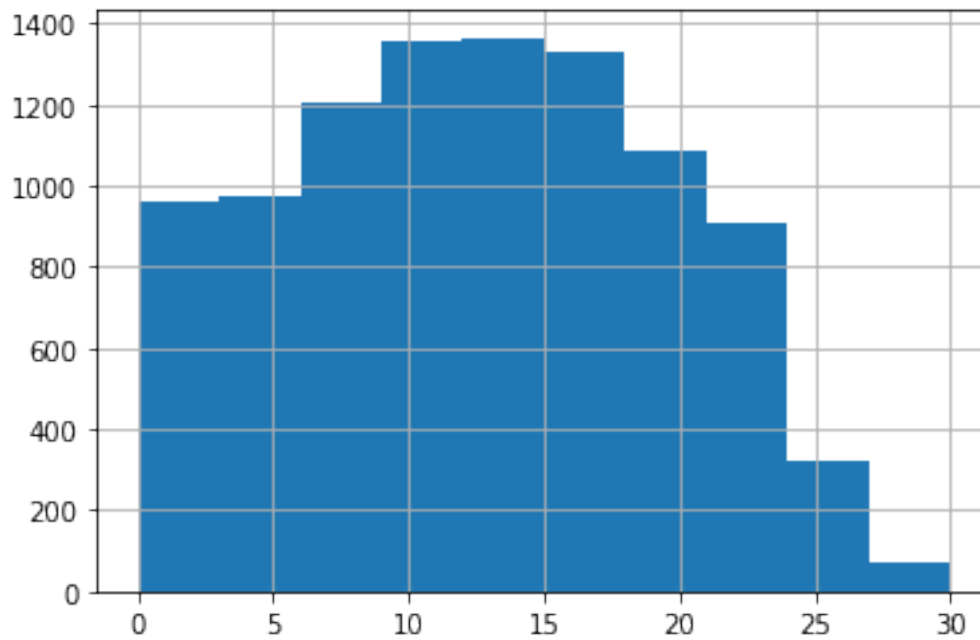
```
[18]: data.installment.hist()
```

```
[18]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



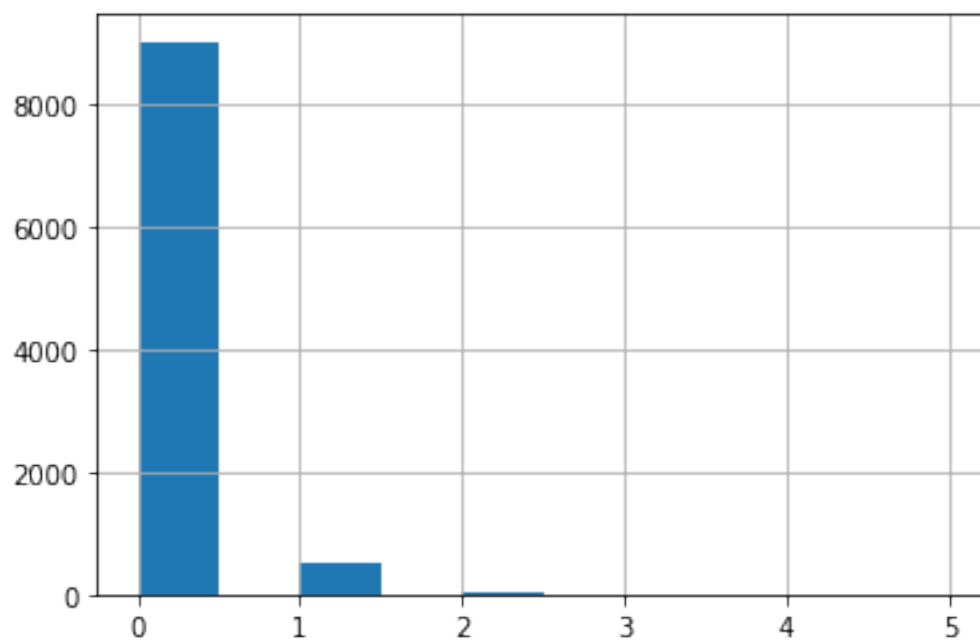
```
[19]: data.dti.hist()
```

```
[19]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



```
[20]: data['pub.rec'].hist()
```

```
[20]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



```
[21]: # evaluating the usefulness of the records
```

```
data.dtypes
```

```
[21]: credit.policy          int64
      purpose              object
      int.rate             float64
      installment          float64
      log.annual.inc       float64
      dti                  float64
      fico                 int64
      days.with.cr.line    float64
      revol.bal            int64
      revol.util           float64
      inq.last.6mths       int64
      delinq.2yrs          int64
      pub.rec              int64
      not.fully.paid       int64
      dtype: object
```

```
[22]: data.columns
```

```
[22]: Index(['credit.policy', 'purpose', 'int.rate', 'installment', 'log.annual.inc',
          'dti', 'fico', 'days.with.cr.line', 'revol.bal', 'revol.util',
          'inq.last.6mths', 'delinq.2yrs', 'pub.rec', 'not.fully.paid'],
          dtype='object')
```

```
[23]: col_to_evaluate = ['credit.policy', 'purpose', 'int.rate', 'installment', 'log.
      ↳annual.inc',
      'dti', 'fico', 'days.with.cr.line', 'revol.bal', 'revol.util']
```

```
[24]: from scipy import stats
```

```
[25]: # Forming 2 datasets from the original dataset as subsets
```

```
class1 = data[(data['credit.policy'] == 0)]
class1.reset_index(inplace= True)

class2 = data[(data['credit.policy'] == 1)]
class2.reset_index(inplace = True)
```

```
[26]: stats.ttest_ind(class1['int.rate'],class2['int.rate'])[1]
```

```
[26]: 2.1945619717925775e-190
```



Since the predicted value is much lower than 5% then it is useful for Machine learning model

this means we can create a model for the columns

```
[27]: for each_col in col_to_evaluate:
        col1 = pd.to_numeric(class1[each_col], errors='coerce')
        col2 = pd.to_numeric(class2[each_col], errors='coerce')

        p_value = stats.ttest_ind(col1, col2, nan_policy='omit')[1]

        if p_value < 0.05:
            # Column is useful
            print("The column '{}' is useful with a p-value of {}".format(each_col,
↪p_value))
        else:
            # Column is not useful
            print("The column '{}' is not useful with a p-value of {}".
↪format(each_col, p_value))
```

```
The column 'credit.policy' is useful with a p-value of 0.0
The column 'purpose' is not useful with a p-value of 0.0
The column 'int.rate' is useful with a p-value of 2.1945619717925775e-190
The column 'installment' is useful with a p-value of 8.620919919293774e-09
The column 'log.annual.inc' is useful with a p-value of 0.0006337324172009995
The column 'dti' is useful with a p-value of 4.945272027510337e-19
The column 'fico' is useful with a p-value of 2.6100416830751396e-271
The column 'days.with.cr.line' is useful with a p-value of 2.627126143480234e-22
The column 'revol.bal' is useful with a p-value of 1.592869483344647e-76
The column 'revol.util' is useful with a p-value of 1.7179159037327666e-24

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/site-packages/scipy/stats/mstats_basic.py:1050:
RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in true_divide
    denom = ma.sqrt(svar*(1.0/n1 + 1.0/n2)) # n-D computation here!
```

```
[28]: cols_to_evaluate2 = ['inq.last.6mths', 'delinq.2yrs', 'pub.rec', 'not.fully.
↪paid']
```

Categorical usefulness

```
[29]: from scipy.stats import chi2_contingency
```

```
[30]: #Tests for the relationships

chi_res = chi2_contingency(pd.crosstab(data['credit.policy'], data['not.fully.
↪paid']))
```

```
[31]: chi_res
```

```
[31]: (238.3788010698609,
      8.87573133930704e-54,
      1,
      array([[1569.01858426, 298.98141574],
             [6475.98141574, 1234.01858426]]))
```

```
[32]: chi2_contingency(pd.crosstab(data['credit.policy'],data['not.fully.paid']))[1]
```

```
[32]: 8.87573133930704e-54
```

```
[33]: for each_col in cols_to_evaluate2 :

        chi2_contingency(pd.crosstab(data['credit.policy'],data['not.fully.
        ↪paid']))[1]

        if p_value < 0.05:
            # Column is useful
            print("The column '{}' is useful with a p-value of {}".format(each_col,
        ↪p_value))
        else:
            # Column is not useful
            print("The column '{}' is not useful with a p-value of {}".
        ↪format(each_col, p_value))
```

The column 'inq.last.6mths' is useful with a p-value of 1.7179159037327666e-24  
 The column 'delinq.2yrs' is useful with a p-value of 1.7179159037327666e-24  
 The column 'pub.rec' is useful with a p-value of 1.7179159037327666e-24  
 The column 'not.fully.paid' is useful with a p-value of 1.7179159037327666e-24

### encoding cat columns

```
[34]: data_dummies= pd.get_dummies(data)
```

```
[35]: data_dummies.sample(10)
```

```
[35]:
```

	credit.policy	int.rate	installment	log.annual.inc	dti	fico	\
8206	0	0.1425	102.9000	10.9519	22.1700	657	
935	1	0.1008	161.5300	10.2036	12.7100	732	
4740	1	0.1287	571.7700	11.5229	17.2200	712	
7096	1	0.1311	404.9400	10.7013	22.4300	692	
1615	1	0.1367	204.1100	10.7096	22.7800	692	
419	1	0.0775	305.9700	11.0021	9.2000	797	
3106	1	0.1095	327.1400	10.4009	24.8800	727	
8284	0	0.1229	80.0500	9.1695	0.0000	662	
4494	1	0.1357	203.8200	10.9681	9.3700	692	
8671	0	0.1387	218.3400	10.6454	17.3700	657	

	days.with.cr.line	revol.bal	revol.util	inq.last.6mths	delinq.2yrs	\
8206	4949.0417	6710	54.6000	1	0	
935	3150.0000	11837	20.6000	0	0	
4740	7979.9583	26949	52.0000	0	0	
7096	5490.0000	10337	61.9000	0	0	
1615	8490.0417	19270	97.3000	1	0	
419	6270.0000	209	1.9000	0	0	
3106	3726.9583	10462	33.9000	1	0	
8284	539.0417	0	0.0000	5	0	
4494	1410.0000	902	20.0000	1	0	
8671	1710.0000	8312	85.7000	0	1	

	pub.rec	not.fully.paid	purpose_all_other	purpose_credit_card	\
8206	0	0	1	0	
935	0	0	0	0	
4740	0	0	0	0	
7096	0	0	0	0	
1615	1	0	0	1	
419	0	0	0	1	
3106	0	0	0	0	
8284	0	0	1	0	
4494	0	0	1	0	
8671	0	0	0	1	

	purpose_debt_consolidation	purpose_educational	\
8206	0	0	
935	1	0	
4740	1	0	
7096	1	0	
1615	0	0	
419	0	0	
3106	1	0	
8284	0	0	
4494	0	0	
8671	0	0	

	purpose_home_improvement	purpose_major_purchase	purpose_small_business
8206	0	0	0
935	0	0	0
4740	0	0	0
7096	0	0	0
1615	0	0	0
419	0	0	0
3106	0	0	0
8284	0	0	0
4494	0	0	0
8671	0	0	0

```
[36]: data_dummies.sample(10).T
```

```
[36]:
```

	3394	7269	6585	347 \
credit.policy	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
int.rate	0.1126	0.1348	0.1183	0.1141
installment	328.6400	393.5200	795.2200	16.4700
log.annual.inc	11.2252	11.0186	11.7753	9.8782
dti	20.0600	10.9000	15.3800	3.6900
fico	717.0000	682.0000	812.0000	667.0000
days.with.cr.line	4529.9583	4560.0417	11705.0000	8820.0000
revol.bal	3404.0000	3715.0000	346.0000	12229.0000
revol.util	72.4000	26.5000	0.7000	90.6000
inq.last.6mths	2.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000
delinq.2yrs	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
pub.rec	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000
not.fully.paid	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_all_other	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000
purpose_credit_card	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_debt_consolidation	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000
purpose_educational	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_home_improvement	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_major_purchase	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_small_business	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

	4837	7371	5518	3755 \
credit.policy	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
int.rate	0.1218	0.1533	0.1322	0.1189
installment	599.4000	870.7100	507.0100	33.1700
log.annual.inc	11.6082	11.2772	10.3810	11.3737
dti	8.2300	13.9600	15.6300	5.5700
fico	722.0000	697.0000	707.0000	697.0000
days.with.cr.line	5429.9583	9721.0417	14879.9583	8519.9583
revol.bal	15533.0000	26018.0000	14489.0000	5742.0000
revol.util	79.3000	43.9000	89.4000	55.2000
inq.last.6mths	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
delinq.2yrs	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000
pub.rec	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
not.fully.paid	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_all_other	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000
purpose_credit_card	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_debt_consolidation	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000
purpose_educational	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_home_improvement	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_major_purchase	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_small_business	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000

	514	307
--	-----	-----

credit.policy	1.0000	1.0000
int.rate	0.1197	0.0743
installment	199.2000	124.3000
log.annual.inc	10.9819	11.0429
dti	6.0000	5.8200
fico	672.0000	772.0000
days.with.cr.line	4410.0000	5430.0000
revol.bal	3831.0000	773.0000
revol.util	34.2000	4.8000
inq.last.6mths	0.0000	0.0000
delinq.2yrs	1.0000	0.0000
pub.rec	0.0000	0.0000
not.fully.paid	1.0000	0.0000
purpose_all_other	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_credit_card	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_debt_consolidation	1.0000	0.0000
purpose_educational	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_home_improvement	0.0000	1.0000
purpose_major_purchase	0.0000	0.0000
purpose_small_business	0.0000	0.0000

```
[37]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
      from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
```

```
[38]: x_df = data.drop(['credit.policy'], axis=1)
      y_df = data['credit.policy']
```

### Building a Model

```
[39]: data_transf = ColumnTransformer([('std-sclr', StandardScaler(), ['credit.policy',
    ↳ 'purpose', 'int.rate', 'installment', 'log.annual.inc',
    ↳ 'dti', 'fico', 'days.with.cr.line', 'revol.bal', 'revol.util'])],
    ↳ remainder = 'passthrough')
```

#### 0.0.1 Scaling

```
[40]: x_df_encoded = pd.get_dummies(x_df, columns=['purpose'])

      data_transf = StandardScaler()
```

```
[41]: X_scaled = data_transf.fit_transform(x_df_encoded)
```

```
[42]: y = y_df.values
```

### Using multi-collinearity

```
[43]: y = data['credit.policy'].values
```

```
[44]: from statsmodels.stats.outliers_influence import variance_inflation_factor
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      from sklearn import metrics
      from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
```

```
[45]: X = data.drop(['credit.policy', 'purpose'], axis = 1)
```

```
[46]: X.values
```

```
[46]: array([[1.18900000e-01, 8.29100000e+02, 1.13504065e+01, ...,
          0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00],
        [1.07100000e-01, 2.28220000e+02, 1.10821426e+01, ...,
          0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00],
        [1.35700000e-01, 3.66860000e+02, 1.03734912e+01, ...,
          0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00],
        ...,
        [1.07100000e-01, 9.78100000e+01, 1.05966347e+01, ...,
          0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00, 1.00000000e+00],
        [1.60000000e-01, 3.51580000e+02, 1.08197783e+01, ...,
          0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00, 1.00000000e+00],
        [1.39200000e-01, 8.53430000e+02, 1.12644641e+01, ...,
          0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00, 1.00000000e+00]])
```

```
[47]: mod = pd.DataFrame()
      mod['VIF_Factor'] = [variance_inflation_factor(X.values, i) for i in range(X.
      ↪shape[1])]
      mod['feature'] = X.columns
      mod = mod.sort_values(by='VIF_Factor', ascending=False).round(5)

      print(mod)
```

	VIF_Factor	feature
2	377.0961	log.annual.inc
4	278.9056	fico
0	35.2293	int.rate
7	5.6752	revol.util
5	5.2466	days.with.cr.line
3	5.0872	dti
1	4.2039	installment
8	1.6652	inq.last.6mths
6	1.5606	revol.bal
11	1.2471	not.fully.paid
9	1.2000	delinq.2yrs
10	1.1004	pub.rec

```
[48]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled, y, test_size= .25)
```

```
[49]: ml_model = RandomForestClassifier()

ml_model.fit(X_train,y_train)

y_pred_train = ml_model.predict(X_train)
y_pred = ml_model.predict(X_test)

print("train_ing accuracy score:", metrics.accuracy_score(y_train,
↪y_pred_train))
print("train_ing accuracy score:", metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

```
train_ing accuracy score: 1.0
train_ing accuracy score: 0.9870563674321503
```

```
[50]: print(metrics.classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	0.94	0.97	457
1	0.99	1.00	0.99	1938
accuracy			0.99	2395
macro avg	0.99	0.97	0.98	2395
weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	2395

```
[51]: metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
[51]: array([[ 428,   29],
          [    2, 1936]])
```

### Random Foresting the model

```
[52]: num_trees_list = [1,2,3,4,5,7,10]
```

```
[53]: train_ = []
test_ = []

for num_trees in num_trees_list:
    tres_ = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = num_trees)

    tres_.fit(X_train,y_train)

    train_pred = tres_.predict(X_train)
```

```

order = metrics.accuracy_score(y_train, train_pred)

train_.append(order)
test_pred = tres_.predict(X_test)

order = metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, test_pred)

test_.append(order)

```

```

[54]: num_estimators = [3,5,7,9,11,13,15,17,19,21]
      max_depths = [2,4,6,8,10,12,14]
      min_samples_split = np.linspace(.01,.05, 6)

```

```

[55]: parameters = dict(

        max_depths = max_depths,
        min_samples_split = min_samples_split,
        estimatead = num_estimators

    )

print(parameters)

```

```

{'max_depths': [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14], 'min_samples_split': array([0.01 ,
0.018, 0.026, 0.034, 0.042, 0.05 ]), 'estimatead': [3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17,
19, 21]}

```

```

[56]: from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
      from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

```

```

[57]: model = RandomForestClassifier()

```

```

[58]: parameters = {
        'n_estimators': [10, 50, 100],
        'max_depth': [None, 5, 10],
        'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
        'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4],
    }

Grid = GridSearchCV(
    estimator=model,
    param_grid=parameters,
    scoring='neg_mean_squared_error',
    cv=5,
    verbose=1
)
Grid.fit(X_scaled, y)

```



Fitting 5 folds for each of 81 candidates, totalling 405 fits

```
[58]: GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=RandomForestClassifier(),
                  param_grid={'max_depth': [None, 5, 10],
                              'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4],
                              'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
                              'n_estimators': [10, 50, 100]},
                  scoring='neg_mean_squared_error', verbose=1)
```

```
[59]: Grid.best_params_
```

```
[59]: {'max_depth': None,
      'min_samples_leaf': 1,
      'min_samples_split': 5,
      'n_estimators': 100}
```

```
[60]: ml_model = RandomForestClassifier(
      max_depth=None,
      min_samples_leaf=1,
      min_samples_split=5,
      n_estimators=50
      #Balanced
    )

ml_model.fit(X_train,y_train)

y_pred_train = ml_model.predict(X_train)
y_pred = ml_model.predict(X_test)

print("train_ing accuracy score:", metrics.accuracy_score(y_train,
    ↪y_pred_train))
print("train_ing accuracy score:", metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

train\_ing accuracy score: 0.9979117360434359

train\_ing accuracy score: 0.9870563674321503

```
[61]: metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
[61]: array([[ 429,   28],
      [    3, 1935]])
```

```
[66]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
```

```
[67]: ml_model = LogisticRegression()
```

```

ml_model.fit(X_train,y_train)

y_pred_train = ml_model.predict(X_train)
y_pred = ml_model.predict(X_test)

print("train_ing accuracy score:", metrics.accuracy_score(y_train,
↳y_pred_train))
print("train_ing accuracy score:", metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))

```

```

train_ing accuracy score: 0.9050535987748851
train_ing accuracy score: 0.9006263048016702

```

### Building a model using deep learning

```

[68]: from keras.models import Sequential
      from keras.layers import Dense

```

```

[69]: X_train.shape

```

```

[69]: (7183, 19)

```

```

[70]: model = Sequential()

model.add(Dense(512, input_dim=19, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(16, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(8, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))

model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
              optimizer='adam',
              metrics=['accuracy'])

```

```

[71]: from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping

```

```

[72]: E_stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', mode = 'min',patience= 5, verbose= 1)

```

```

[73]: %%time

history = model.fit(
    X_train,
    y_train,
    epochs= 100,
    batch_size=25,

```

```
        validation_data= (X_test,y_test),  
        verbose=1,  
        callbacks=[E_stop]  
    )
```

```
Epoch 1/100  
288/288 [=====] - 7s 5ms/step - loss: 0.2868 -  
accuracy: 0.8881 - val_loss: 0.2806 - val_accuracy: 0.9027  
Epoch 2/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.2224 -  
accuracy: 0.9120 - val_loss: 0.2127 - val_accuracy: 0.9161  
Epoch 3/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1892 -  
accuracy: 0.9247 - val_loss: 0.1953 - val_accuracy: 0.9223  
Epoch 4/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1690 -  
accuracy: 0.9367 - val_loss: 0.1522 - val_accuracy: 0.9424  
Epoch 5/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1482 -  
accuracy: 0.9415 - val_loss: 0.1393 - val_accuracy: 0.9549  
Epoch 6/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1279 -  
accuracy: 0.9522 - val_loss: 0.1464 - val_accuracy: 0.9407  
Epoch 7/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1159 -  
accuracy: 0.9564 - val_loss: 0.1216 - val_accuracy: 0.9541  
Epoch 8/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1099 -  
accuracy: 0.9589 - val_loss: 0.1168 - val_accuracy: 0.9570  
Epoch 9/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0991 -  
accuracy: 0.9635 - val_loss: 0.1190 - val_accuracy: 0.9557  
Epoch 10/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0948 -  
accuracy: 0.9667 - val_loss: 0.1060 - val_accuracy: 0.9599  
Epoch 11/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0857 -  
accuracy: 0.9719 - val_loss: 0.1090 - val_accuracy: 0.9608  
Epoch 12/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0778 -  
accuracy: 0.9710 - val_loss: 0.1154 - val_accuracy: 0.9516  
Epoch 13/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0767 -  
accuracy: 0.9720 - val_loss: 0.1017 - val_accuracy: 0.9670  
Epoch 14/100  
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0618 -  
accuracy: 0.9765 - val_loss: 0.1019 - val_accuracy: 0.9587
```

```

Epoch 15/100
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0604 -
accuracy: 0.9758 - val_loss: 0.1218 - val_accuracy: 0.9608
Epoch 16/100
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0548 -
accuracy: 0.9806 - val_loss: 0.1331 - val_accuracy: 0.9495
Epoch 17/100
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0484 -
accuracy: 0.9811 - val_loss: 0.1273 - val_accuracy: 0.9612
Epoch 18/100
288/288 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0541 -
accuracy: 0.9812 - val_loss: 0.1231 - val_accuracy: 0.9653
Epoch 18: early stopping
CPU times: user 35.1 s, sys: 4.9 s, total: 40 s
Wall time: 27.9 s

```

```

[74]: plt.style.use('ggplot')

def plot_history(history):
    acc = history.history['accuracy']
    val_acc = history.history['val_accuracy']
    loss = history.history['loss']
    val_loss = history.history['val_loss']

    x = range(1, len(acc) + 1)

    plt.figure(figsize=(11, 7))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    plt.plot(x, acc, 'b', label='Training Accuracy')
    plt.plot(x, val_acc, 'r', label='Validation Accuracy')
    plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
    plt.legend()

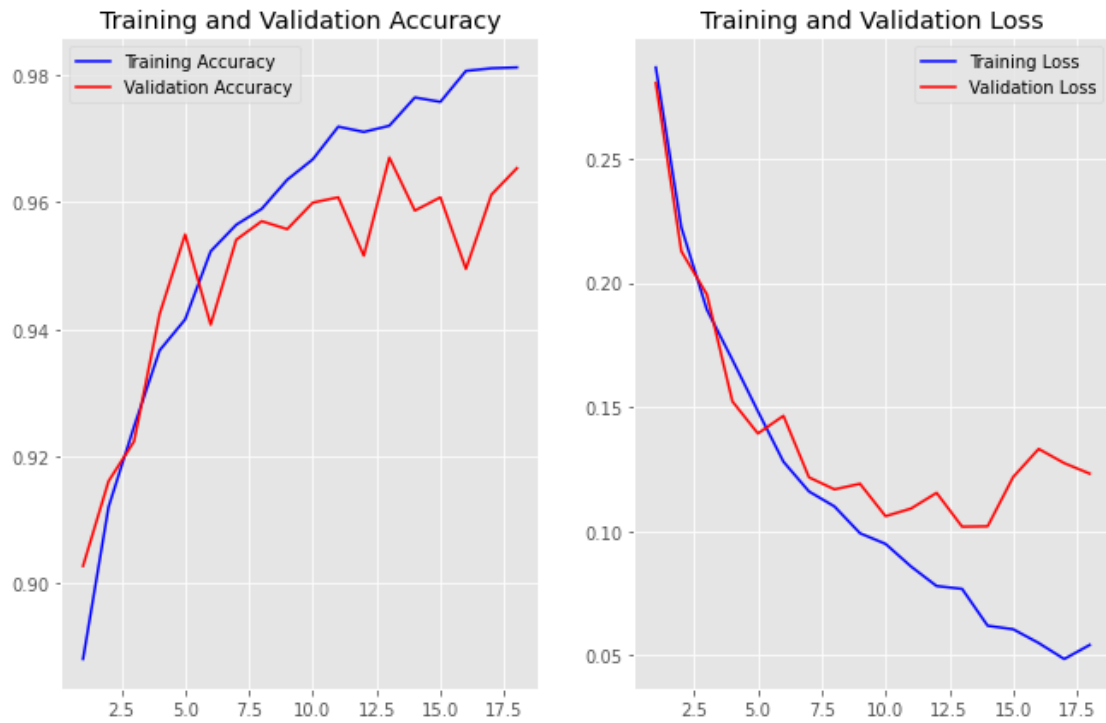
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
    plt.plot(x, loss, 'b', label='Training Loss')
    plt.plot(x, val_loss, 'r', label='Validation Loss')
    plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
    plt.legend()

```

```

[75]: plot_history(history)

```



```
[76]: y_pred = np.squeeze((y_pred > .5 ).astype('int32'))
```

```
[77]: from sklearn import metrics
```

```
[78]: metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
[78]: 0.9006263048016702
```

```
[ ]:
```