

### SIECUS PUBLIC POLICY OFFICE

# STATE PROFILE

### Ohio

Ohio received \$7,162,609 in federal funding for abstinence-only-until-marriage programs in Fiscal Year 2003.<sup>1</sup>

### **Ohio Sexuality Education Law**

Ohio does not require schools to teach sexuality education. However, the board of education of each school district must establish a health curriculum for "all schools under their control," that includes information regarding STDs and HIV/AIDS. This information must emphasize that "abstinence from sexual activity is the only protection that is one hundred per cent effective against unwanted pregnancy, sexually transmitted disease, and the sexual transmission of a virus that causes acquired immunodeficiency syndrome." Further, all materials and instruction regarding STDs must:

- 1. Stress that students should abstain from sexual activity until after marriage;
- 2. Teach the potential physical, psychological, emotional, and social side effects of participating in sexual activity outside of marriage;
- 3. Teach that conceiving children out of wedlock is likely to have harmful consequences for the child, the child's parents, and society;
- 4. Stress that sexually transmitted diseases are serious possible hazards of sexual activity;
- 5. Advise students of the laws pertaining to financial responsibility of parents to children born in and out of wedlock; and
- 6. Advise students of the circumstances under which it is criminal to have sexual contact with a person under the age of sixteen pursuant to section 2907.04 of the Revised Code.

These points closely mirror the federal definition of abstinence-only-until-marriage programs.

Upon written request of a parent or guardian, a student can be excused from taking any or all of this instruction. This is referred to as an opt-out policy.

See Ohio Revised Code Sections 3313.60, 3313.60.11, and 3301-80-01.

### **Recent Legislation**

SIECUS is not aware of any recent legislation in Ohio regarding sexuality education.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This refers to the fiscal year for the Federal Government which begins on October 1 and ends on September 30. The fiscal year is designated by the calendar year in which it ends; for example, fiscal year 2003 begins on October 1, 2002 and ends on September 30, 2003.

### **Events of Note**

School Rescinds Punishment of Student for Wearing Anti-Abortion Shirt<sup>2</sup> February 2003; Chardon, OH

A high school junior in Chardon, OH, a suburb of Cleveland, was given detention after refusing to remove an anti-abortion sweatshirt or turn it inside-out. The request came after two other students complained to school officials.

The student's shirt read, "Abortion is homicide," on the front and "You will not silence my message. You will not mock my God. You will stop the killing of my generation. Rock for Life" on the back. School policy forbids clothing items that might interfere with the educational environment. The next day the school revoked the detention and instead agreed to let the student and the two students who were offended work out a solution with the school's peer mediation group. This discussion allowed the students to share their feelings on the subject. After the discussion, the student said that out of respect for those troubled by his shirt he would only wear it on days when there was some sort of national pro-life event.

The school said it made its decision partly to avoid taking sides on the issue of abortion. Lawyers representing Rock for Life, the company from which the shirt had been purchased, said that they had been contemplating intervening in the case if the school had decided differently.

School Board Candidate Campaigns on Abstinence-Only-Until-Marriage<sup>3</sup> November 2001: Toledo, OH

A candidate for the Toledo Board of Education focused heavily on abstinence-only-until-marriage in her campaign. The candidate decided to run for the school board after learning that the existing sexuality education curriculum included discussions about homosexuality. She declared, "They're coming out of the closet and I'm coming out saying I'm opposed to it." The candidate said that she supports an abstinence-only-until-marriage approach, stating her concern that "we are living in a society that is saying 'whatever, tolerance, and to be nonjudgmental'" and her faith in "what the Bible states in regard to sexual purity, which clearly states that sex outside of marriage is wrong."

She explained that her daughter, a fifth-grader, was home-schooled for one year and currently attends a parochial school because of the public school district's sexuality education program. Her goal is to see schools return to the basics out of concern that "we're getting away from what schools were established for: reading, writing, 'rithmetic."

Ohio Returns \$1,000,000 in Prevention Funding Over HIV Prevention Controversy 2000

A two-year debate that focused on an HIV-prevention program ultimately resulted in the Ohio Department of Education returning a grant of nearly \$1 million to the CDC.

In the fall of 1998, Ohio lawmakers became concerned about allegedly explicit information in a training for HIV-prevention educators. This information included data regarding condoms and a handout explaining common forms of sexual activity and anatomy. In response, legislators passed an amendment that "froze" the CDC funds. This prohibited the Ohio Department of Education from using or dispensing the funding until legislators were convinced that it would not go toward instruction "in how to teach the use of condoms to Ohio school students."

In January of 2000, the legislators held two days of hearings. During these hearings, a compromise was almost reached under which educators would promise to emphasize abstinence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> "Student Gets Detention for Anti-Abortion Sweatshirt," Associated Press, February 4, 2003.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> S. Svoboda, "Board Hopeful Berry Criticizes Sex Education," *The Blade*, Toledo, OH, Oct. 22, 2001.

Unfortunately, some legislators were unhappy with this compromise and prohibited a vote from being taken at that time. A motion in April 2000 to hold a vote on the issue failed. As a result, the CDC funding expired without Ohio using it.

The HIV-prevention education piece was in fact only ten percent of the nearly \$1,000,000 grant. The majority of this funding was intended for use on other health prevention strategies, including the prevention of heart disease, cancer, and tobacco use; the promotion of physical exercise; and dental services.<sup>4</sup>

## Ohio's Youth: Statistical Information of Note<sup>5</sup>

- ➤ In 2003, 43% of female high school students and 40% of male high school students in Ohio reported ever having had sexual intercourse compared to 45% of female high school students and 48% of male high school students nationwide.
- ➤ In 2003, 4% of female high school students and 8% of male high school students in Ohio reported having had sexual intercourse before age 13 compared to 4% of female high school students and 10% of male high school students nationwide.
- ➤ In 2003, 13% of female high school students and 13% of male high school students in Ohio reported having had four or more lifetime sexual partners compared to 11% of female high school students and 18% of male high school students nationwide.
- ➤ In 2003, 32% of female high school students and 28% of male high school students in Ohio reported being currently sexually active (defined as having had sexual intercourse in the three months prior to the survey) compared to 35% of females and 34% of males nationwide.
- ➤ In 2003, among those high school students who reported being currently sexually active, 19% of females and 29% of males in Ohio reported having used alcohol or drugs the last time they had sexual intercourse compared to 21% of females and 30% of males nationwide.
- ➤ In 2003, among those high school students who reported being currently sexually active, 53% of females and 68% of males in Ohio reported having used condoms the last time they had sexual intercourse compared to 57% of females and 69% of males nationwide.
- ➤ In 2003, among those high school students who reported being currently sexually active, 30% of females and 22% of males in Ohio reported having used birth control pills the last time they had sexual intercourse compared to 21% of females and 13% of males nationwide.
- ➤ In 2003, 5% of female high school students and 3% of male high school students in Ohio reported ever having been pregnant or gotten someone pregnant compared to 5% of female high school students and 4% of male high school students nationwide.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> M. Kempner, "Fewer Debates About Sexuality Education as Abstinence-Only Programs Take Foothold," *SIECUS Report*, 29, no 6 (2001), pp. 4-16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Unless otherwise cited, all statistical information comes from: J. Grunbaum, et. al., "Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance — United States, 2003," *Surveillance Summaries, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, vol. 53, no.SS-2, May 21, 2004, pp. 1-95. Available online at: <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dash/yrbs/">http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/dash/yrbs/</a>.

- ➤ In 2003, 89% of high school students in Ohio reported having been taught about AIDS/HIV in school compared to 88% of high school students nationwide.
- ➤ In 2000, Ohio's abortion rate was 17 per 1,000 women ages 15-19 compared to a teen abortion rate of 24 per 1,000 nationwide.<sup>6</sup>
- ➤ In 2001, Ohio's birth rate was 43 per 1,000 women ages 15-19 compared to a teen birth rate of 45 per 1,000 nationwide.<sup>7</sup>
- ➤ In 2001, there were 279 live births to young women ages 10 to 14 in Ohio.<sup>8</sup>
- ➤ In 2001, there were 5,251 live births to young women ages 15 to 17. in Ohio.<sup>9</sup>
- ➤ In 2001, there were 11,764 live births to young women ages 18 to 19 in Ohio. 10

### Title V Abstinence-Only-Until-Marriage Funding

Ohio received \$2,103,890 in federal Title V funds in Fiscal Year 2003. The Title V abstinence-only-until-marriage grant requires states to provide three state-raised dollars or the equivalent in services for every four federal dollars received. The state match can be provided in part or in full by local groups. Ohio matches the federal funds with \$455,000 of state funds.

The Office of Women's Health Initiatives distributes the funding among 28 sub-grantees. In addition, \$45,000 of combined state and federal funds goes towards administrative costs.

# Special Projects of Regional and National Significance—Community Based Abstinence Education (SPRANS–CBAE) and Adolescent Family Life Act (AFLA) Grantees

There are nine SPRANS-CBAE grantees in Ohio: Abstinence Educators' Network, ATM Education, Inc., Elizabeth's New Life Center, Heartbeats of Licking County, Operation Keepsake, Pregnancy Decision Health Center, St. Vincent Mercy Medical Center, Tri County Right to Life Educational Foundation, and Zanesville-Muskingum County Health Department. There are four AFLA grantees in Ohio: Bowling Green State University, Catholic Social Services of Miami Valley, St. Vincent Mercy Medical Center, and Tri County Right to Life Educational Foundation.

Eight of the grantees are either county departments of health or school boards. Ten are crisis pregnancy centers.

The Abstinence Educators' Network (AEN) receives both SPRANS (\$800,000) and Title V funding (\$145,920). They have been funded by Title V since 1998 and by SPRANS since 2001. The Title V funding is used to conduct "train the trainers," student/adult mentoring, and parenting workshops. The parenting workshops are designed to help parents realize "the failures and limitations of birth control

AEN's SPRANS money is used to fund the "Ohio Abstinence Campaign," which furthers the work of the Title V grant. The AEN website (www.abednet.org) contains information about STDs.

<sup>10</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> U.S. Teenage Pregnancy Statistics: Overall Trends, Trends by Race and Ethnicity and State-by-State Information, (New York: Alan Guttmacher Institute, February, 2004). Available online at www.guttmacher.org.

A. Papillo, et.al., *Facts at a Glance*, (Washington, DC: Child Trends, February, 2004).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> For more information, please see the Ohio Department of Health's health Information Warehouse at http://dwhouse.odh.ohio.gov.

Ibid.

Each section states that condoms are "virtually useless." In the AIDS section, it states that having sex and using a condom is like "playing Russian Roulette." The site also includes gender-specific sections, each of which has a top ten list of reasons to stay abstinent.

In the "For Guys Only" section, the list includes:

- You could destroy a girl just for your own sexual desires.
- You could cheat yourself out of friendships with the opposite sex.

In the "For Girls Only" section, the list includes:

- ➤ Messing your future marriage relationship with painful memories or illness or infertility.
- > Broken heart that does not mend quickly or easily.

The "For Girls Only" section also states:

Even if you really love your boyfriend, it doesn't make sex okay. Most often, girls end up feeling used and unsatisfied, while the guy will feel at least physically fulfilled, but probably not emotionally fulfilled.

### Federal and State Funding for Abstinence-Only-Until-Marriage Programs in FY 2003

Abstinence-Only-Until- Marriage Grantee Length of Grant	Amount of Grant	Type of Grant (Includes SPRANS-CBAE, Title V, and AFLA)
Ohio Office of Women's Health Initiatives  www.odh.state.oh.us/odhprogr ams/aeduc/aed1.htm	\$2,103,890 federal/ \$455,000 state	Title V
Abstinence Educator's Network	\$119,974 federal/ \$25,946 state	Title V sub-grantee
DUAL GRANTEE	\$800,000	SPRANS-CBAE (Implementation Grant)
Abstinence the Better Choice, Inc.	\$150,000 federal/ \$32,440 state	Title V sub-grantee
Adoption Option, Inc.	\$20,000 federal/ \$4,326 state	Title V sub-grantee

Abstinence-Only-Until- Marriage Grantee Length of Grant	Amount of Grant	Type of Grant (Includes SPRANS-CBAE, Title V, and AFLA)
Austintown Local Schools	\$69,000 federal/ \$14,922 state	Title V sub-grantee
Catholic Charities of Ashtabula County, Inc.	\$28,753 federal/ \$6,218 state	Title V sub-grantee
Community Pregnancy Centers of Northwest Ohio	\$30,000 federal/ \$6,488 state	Title V sub-grantee
Community Services of Stark County, Inc.	\$48,700 federal/ \$10,532 state	Title V sub-grantee
Darke County Educational Service Center	\$150,000 federal/ \$32,440 state	Title V sub-grantee
Directions for Youth	\$88,455 federal/ \$18,697 state	Title V sub-grantee
Elizabeth's New Life Center	\$111,048 federal/ \$24,016 state	Title V sub-grantee
DUAL GRANTEE 2002-2005	\$684,364	SPRANS-CBAE (Implementation Grant)
Family Health Services of East Central Ohio	\$33,321 federal/ \$7,206 state	Title V sub-grantee
Heartbeats of Licking County	\$71,466 federal/ \$15,456 state	Title V sub-grantee
DUAL GRANTEE 2002-2005	\$378,009	SPRANS-CBAE (Implementation Grant)
www.heartbeats-olc.org		

Abstinence-Only-Until- Marriage Grantee Length of Grant	Amount of Grant	Type of Grant (Includes SPRANS-CBAE, Title V, and AFLA)
Henry County Health Department	\$30,000 federal/ \$6,488 state	Title V sub-grantee
Huron County General Health District	\$77,080 federal/ \$16,670 state	Title V sub-grantee
Knox County Health Department	\$50,000 federal/ \$10,813 state	Title V sub-grantee
Mercy Health Partners- Western Ohio	\$62,611 federal/ \$13,541 state	Title V sub-grantee
Miami County General Health District	\$71,792 federal/ \$15,461 state	Title V sub-grantee
Montgomery County Combined Health District	\$26,918 federal/ \$5,821 state	Title V sub-grantee
Nia Youth and Family Academy	\$59,000 federal/ \$12,760 state	Title V sub-grantee
Pregnancy Care of Cincinnati	\$67,176 federal/ \$14,528 state	Title V sub-grantee
Pregnancy Decision Health Center	\$85,500 federal/ \$18,491 state	Title V sub-grantee
DUAL GRANTEE  2001-2004  www.pdhc.org/services.html	\$50,000	SPRANS-CBAE (Implementation Grant)
Pregnancy Resource Center	\$39,159 federal/ \$8,469 state	Title V sub-grantee
R.S.V.P. of Licking County	\$127,251 federal/ \$27,520 state	Title V sub-grantee
Springfield City Schools	\$99,435 federal/ \$21,504 state	Title V sub-grantee

Abstinence-Only-Until- Marriage Grantee Length of Grant	Amount of Grant	Type of Grant (Includes SPRANS–CBAE, Title V, and AFLA)
St. Vincent Mercy Medical Center	\$150,000 federal/ \$32,440 state	Title V sub-grantee
TRIPLE GRANTEE	\$498,933	SPRANS-CBAE (Implementation Grant)
2002-2005		
TRIPLE GRANTEE	\$250,000	AFLA
http://216.68.156.42/regions/to		
ledo/content		
/health_services.asp		
Tuscarawas County Council	\$114,507 federal/	Title V sub-grantee
for Church and Community	\$24,764 state	
Van Wert County General	\$76,919 federal;	Title V sub-grantee
Health District	\$16,635 state	
Zanesville-Muskingum	\$48,125 federal;	Title V sub-grantee
County Health Department	\$10,408 state	Time is suc granutes
DUAL GRANTEE	\$50,000	SPRANS-CBAE
DUAL GRAINTEE	φ20,000	(Planning Grant)
7/02-7/03		,
ATM Education, Inc.	\$686,278	SPRANS-CBAE
7/03 – 7/06		(Implementation Grant)
Operation Keepsake	\$577,040	SPRANS-CBAE
2002-2005		(Implementation Grant)
Tri County Right to Life	\$225,000	AFLA
Educational Foundation		
DUAL GRANTEE	\$386,095	SPRANS-CBAE (Implementation Grant)
2001-2004		

Abstinence-Only-Until- Marriage Grantee Length of Grant	Amount of Grant	Type of Grant (Includes SPRANS–CBAE, Title V, and AFLA)
Bowling Green State University	\$248,000	AFLA
Catholic Social Services of Miami Valley	\$225,000	AFLA
www.cssmv.org		

### Title V Abstinence-Only-Until-Marriage Coordinator

Valerie Huber Ohio Department of Health Office of Abstinence Education 246 North High St., 7<sup>th</sup> Floor PO Box 118

Columbus, OH 43216 Phone: (614) 728-4761

### Ohio Organizations that Support Comprehensive Sexuality Education

Family Planning Association of Northeast Ohio NARAL

Ohio 614 Superior Ave., NW, Suite 608

54 S. State St., #203 Rockefeller Building
Painseville, OH 44077 Cleveland, OH 44113
Phone: (440) 352-0608 Phone: (216) 522-0169
www.naralohio.org

Ohio Religious Coalition for Reproductive Planned Parenthood of Summit, Portage, and

Choice Medina Counties

P.O. Box 82204 444 W. Exchange St. Columbus, OH 43085 Akron, OH 44302 Phone: (614) 436-7213 Phone: (330) 535-2674

www.ppinfo.org

### Ohio Organizations that Oppose Comprehensive Sexuality Education

Abstinence Educators' Network (AEN) Inc.
P.O. Box 531
Mason, OH 45040
Www.abednet.org
Abstinence Resource Centre
211 S. Main St., Suite 800
Dayton, OH 45402
www.getthetruth.net

Christian Coalition of Ohio

P.O. Box 852

Westfield Center, Ohio 44251

Phone: (330) 887-1922

Www.ccohio.org

Citizens For Community Values
11175 Reading Rd., Suite 103

Cincinnati, OH 45241

Phone: (513) 733-5775

www.ccv.org

Ohio Right to Life Society

2238 S. Hamilton Rd., Suite 200

Columbus, OH 43232

Phone: (614) 864-5200

www.ohiolife.org

Ohio Roundtable

11288 Alameda Dr.

Strongsville, OH 44149

Phone: (440) 572-1796

www.ohioroundtable.org

### **Newspapers in Ohio**

Akron Beacon Journal

Ann Mezger

Laura Lemmon

Medical/Health Editor

Community News Editor

44 E. Exchange St.

Akron, OH 44328

Phone: (330) 996-3586

Toledo, OH 43660

Phone: (419) 724-6089

The Cincinnati Enquirer

Allen Howard

Community News Columnist

312 Elm St.

Cincinnati, OH 45202

Phone: (513) 768-8362

The Cincinnati Post

Wayne Perry

Medical/Health Editor

125 E. Court St.

Cincinnati, OH 45202

Phone: (513) 352-2828

The Columbus Dispatch

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Community News Reporter

34 S. 3rd St.

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Dayton Daily News

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