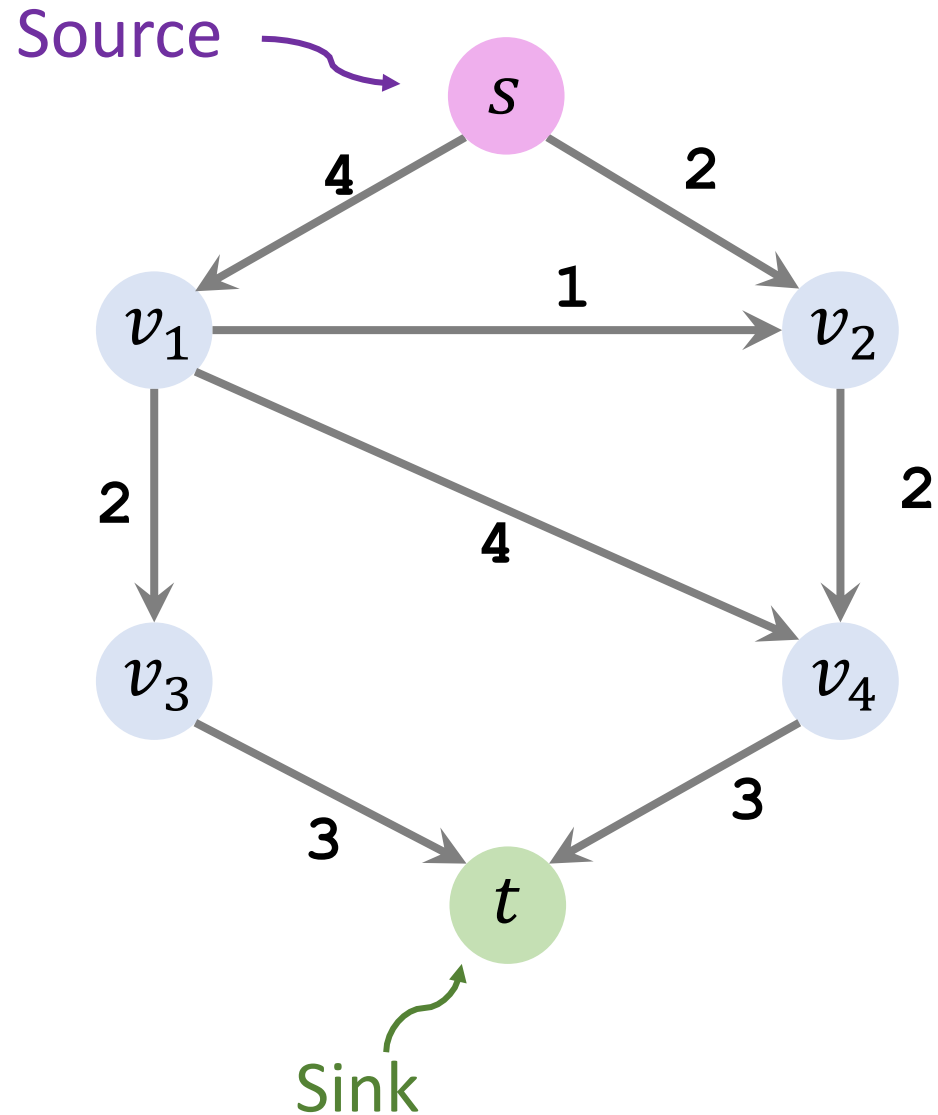


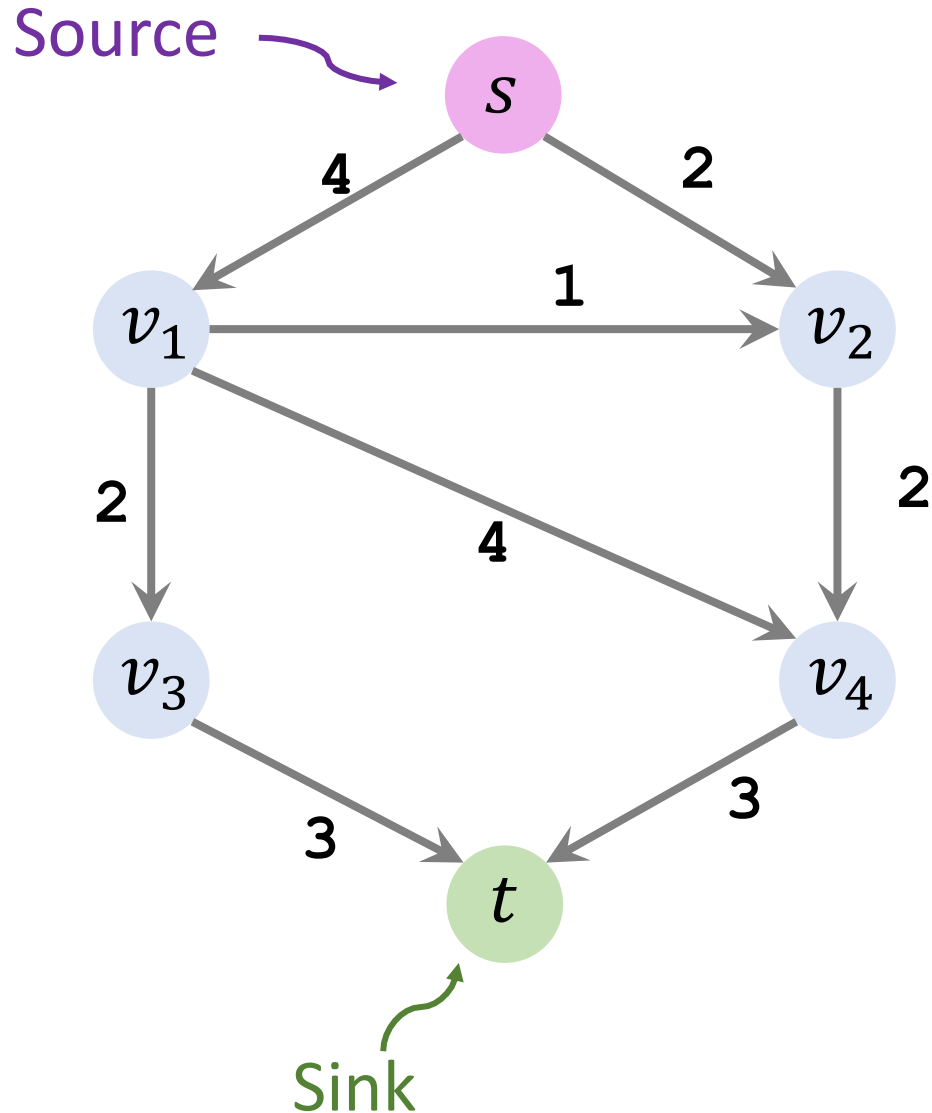
Network Flow Problems

Shusen Wang

Maximum Flow Problem

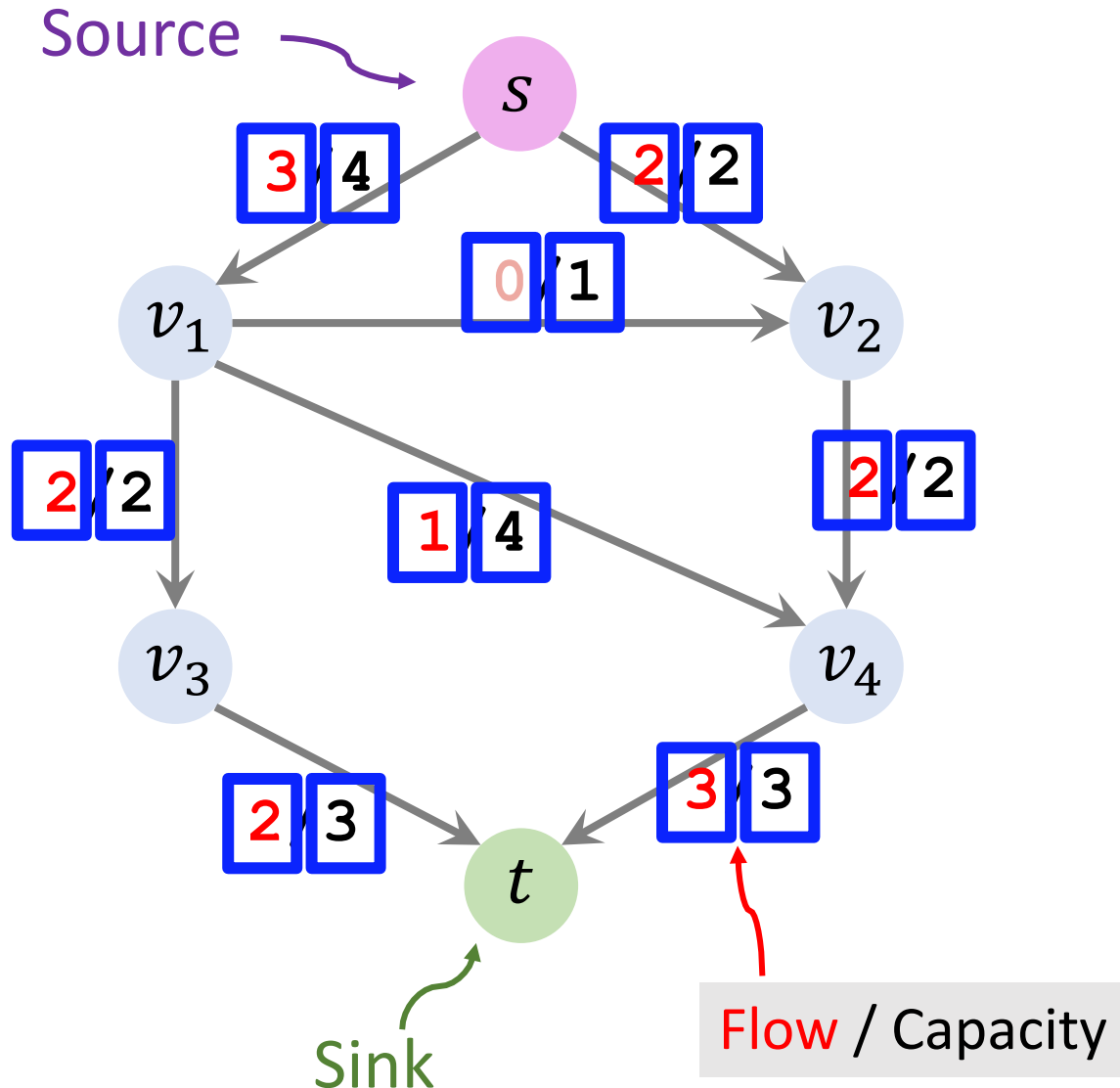


Maximum Flow Problem



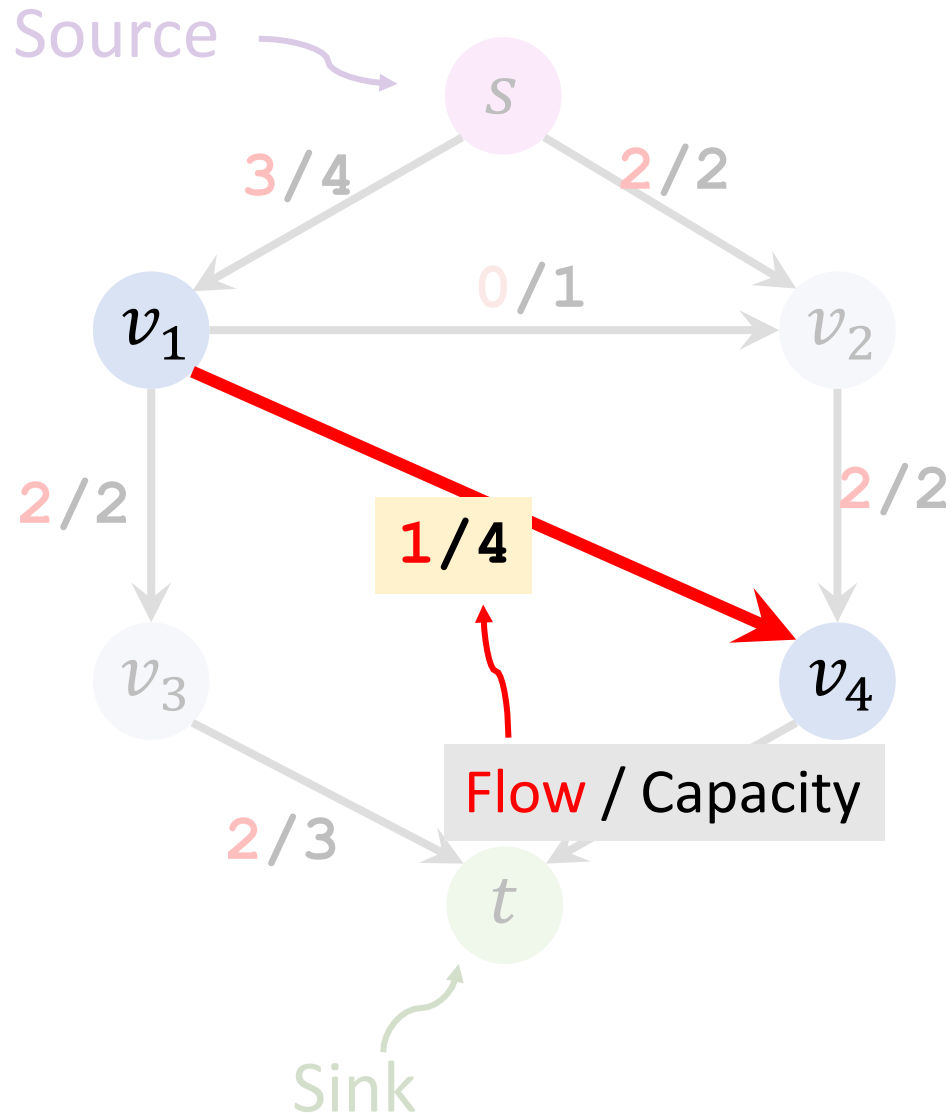
- Send water from the source s to the sink t .
- The edges are pipes which have certain capacities, e.g., $4 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$.
- How much water can flow from source s to the sink t at most?

Maximum Flow Problem



- Send water from the source s to the sink t .
- The edges are pipes which have certain capacities, e.g., $4 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$.
- How much water can flow from source s to the sink t at most?
- Max Flow = 5.

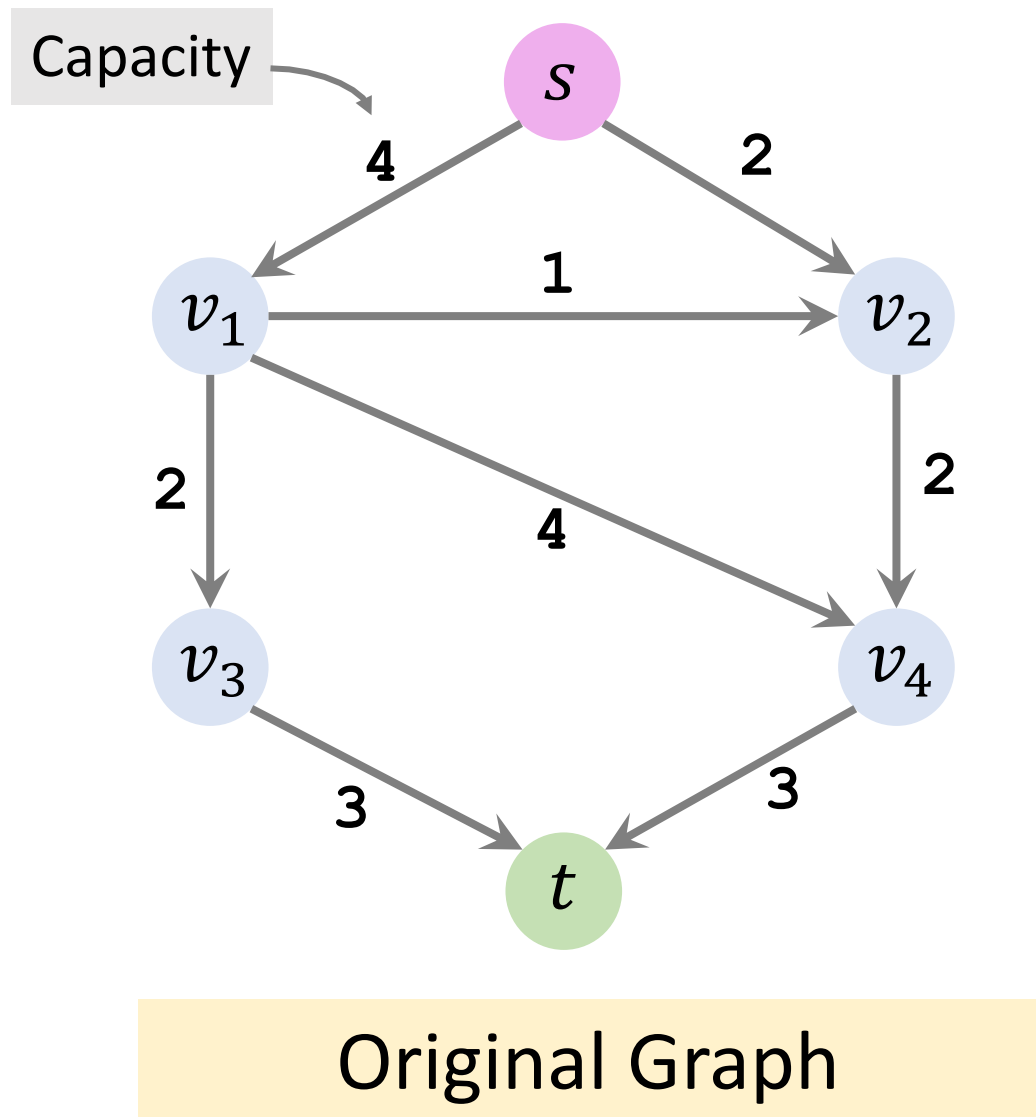
Maximum Flow Problem



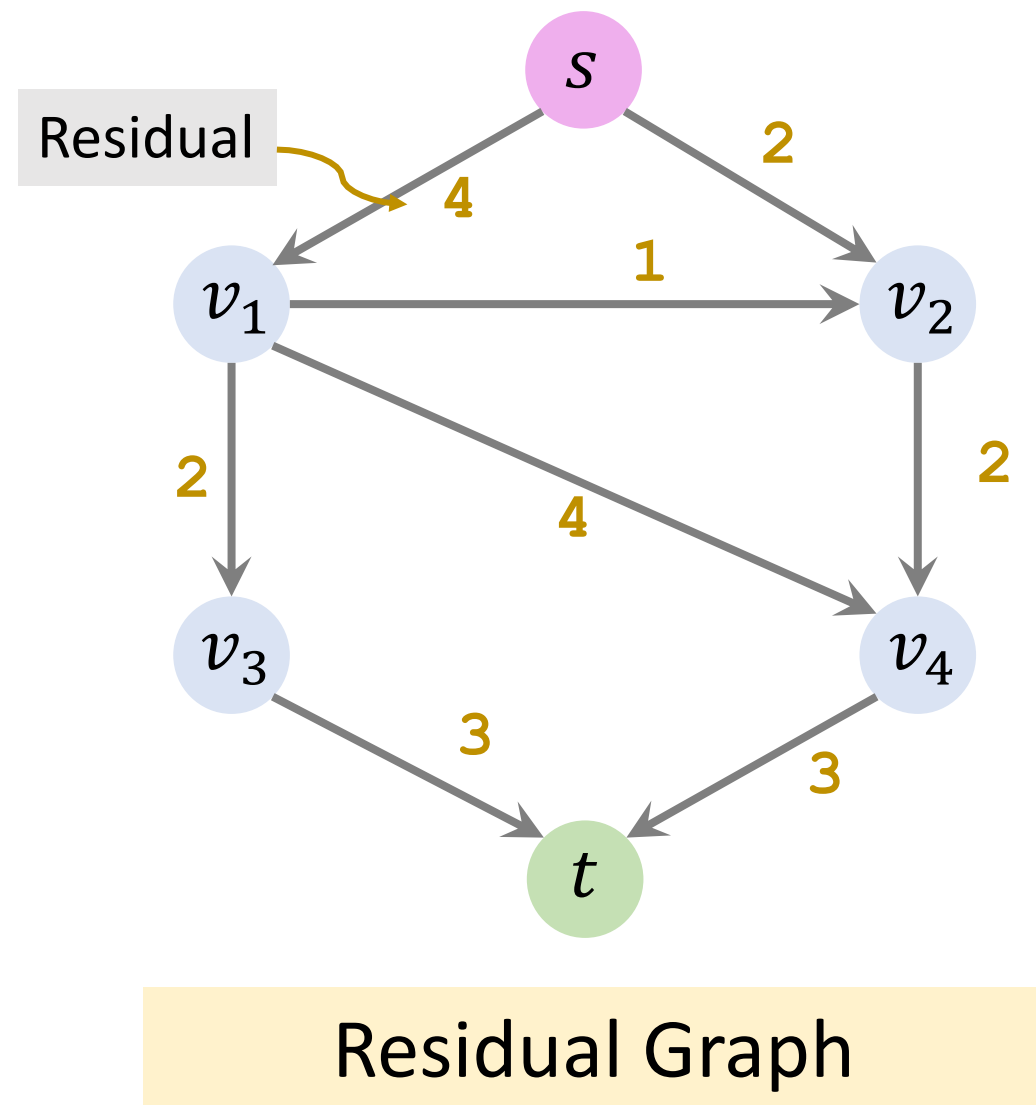
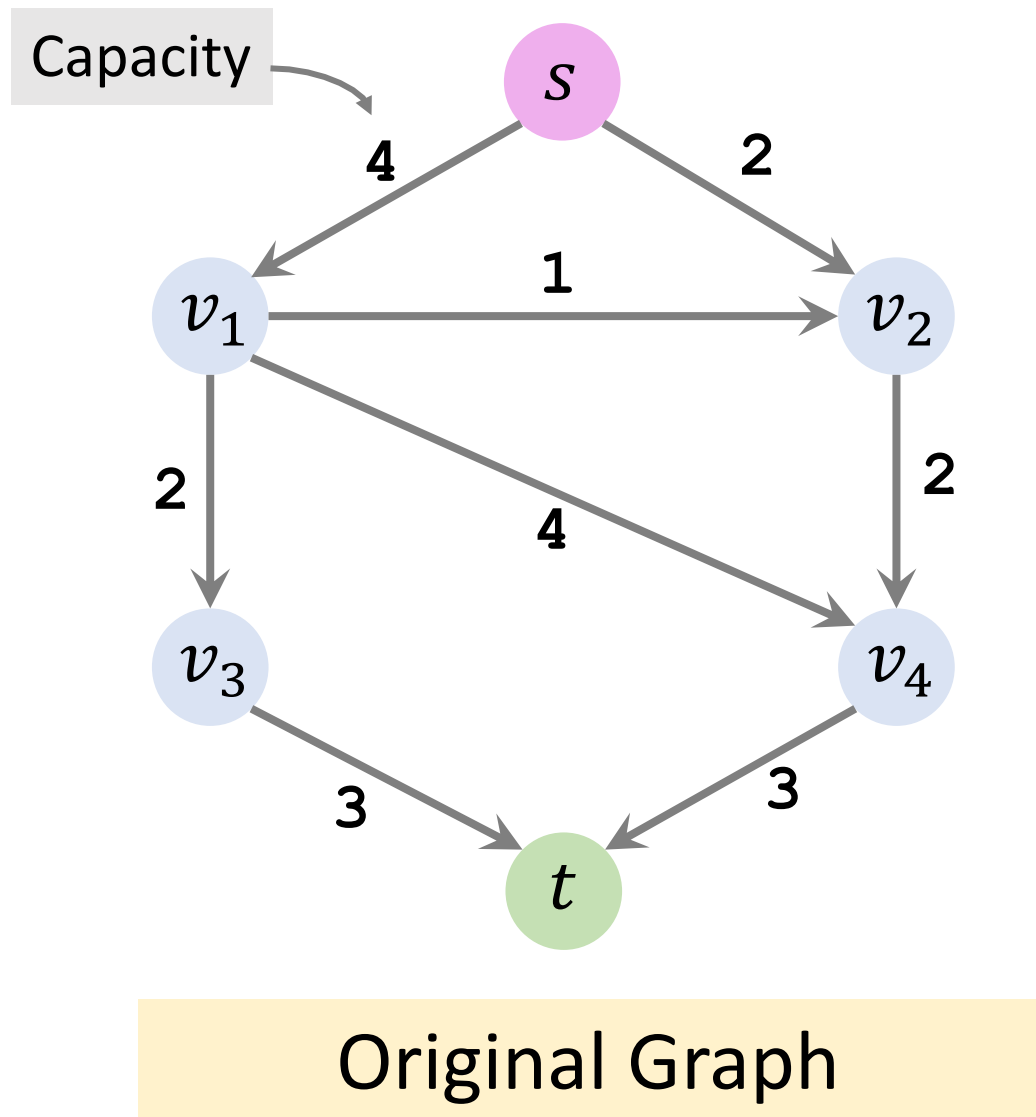
- Capacity of the red pipe is $4 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$.
- A flow of $1 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ goes through the red pipe.
- It has a vacancy of $3 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$.

Naïve Algorithm

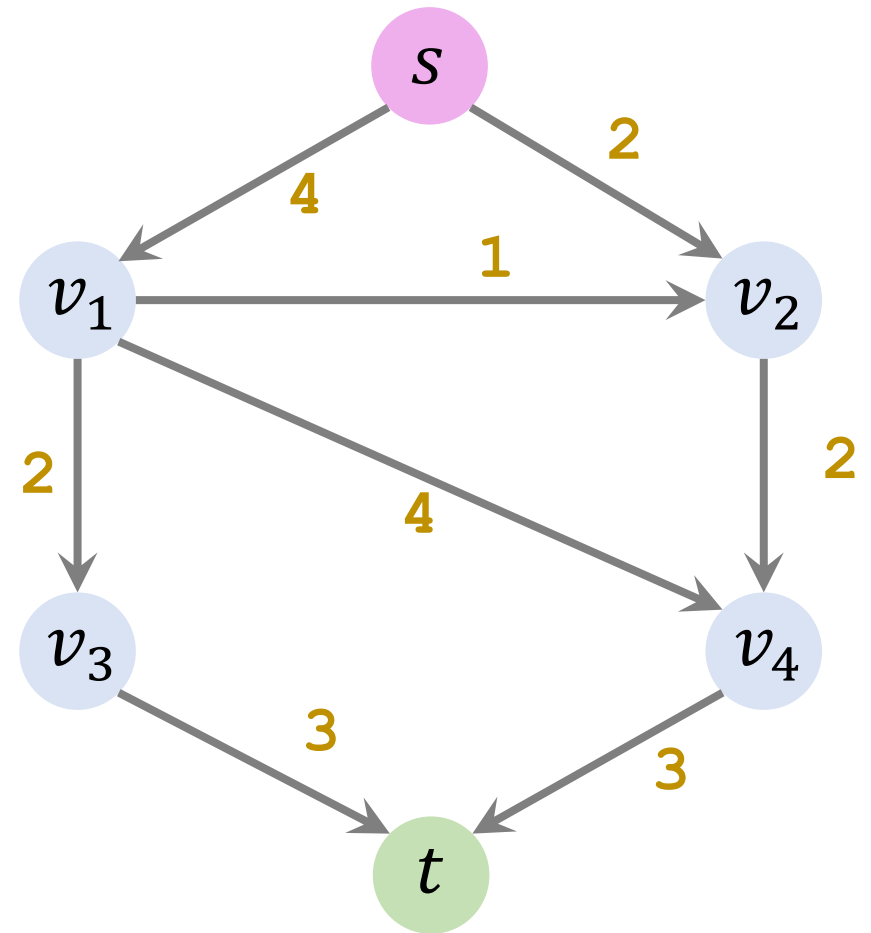
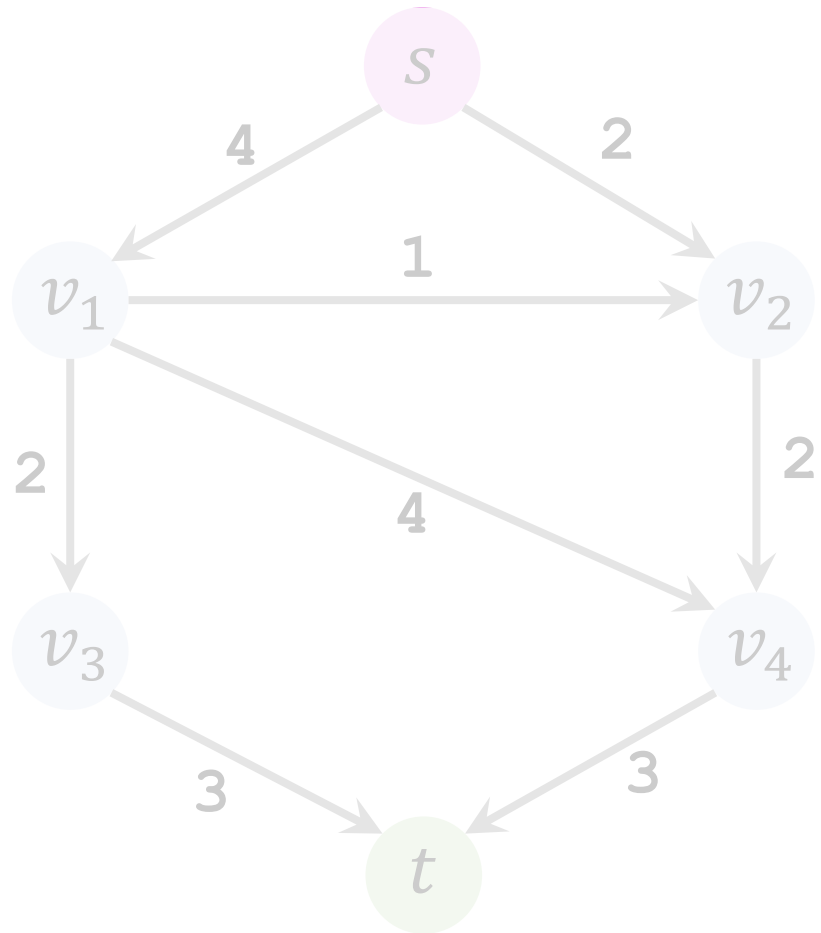
Initialization



Initialization

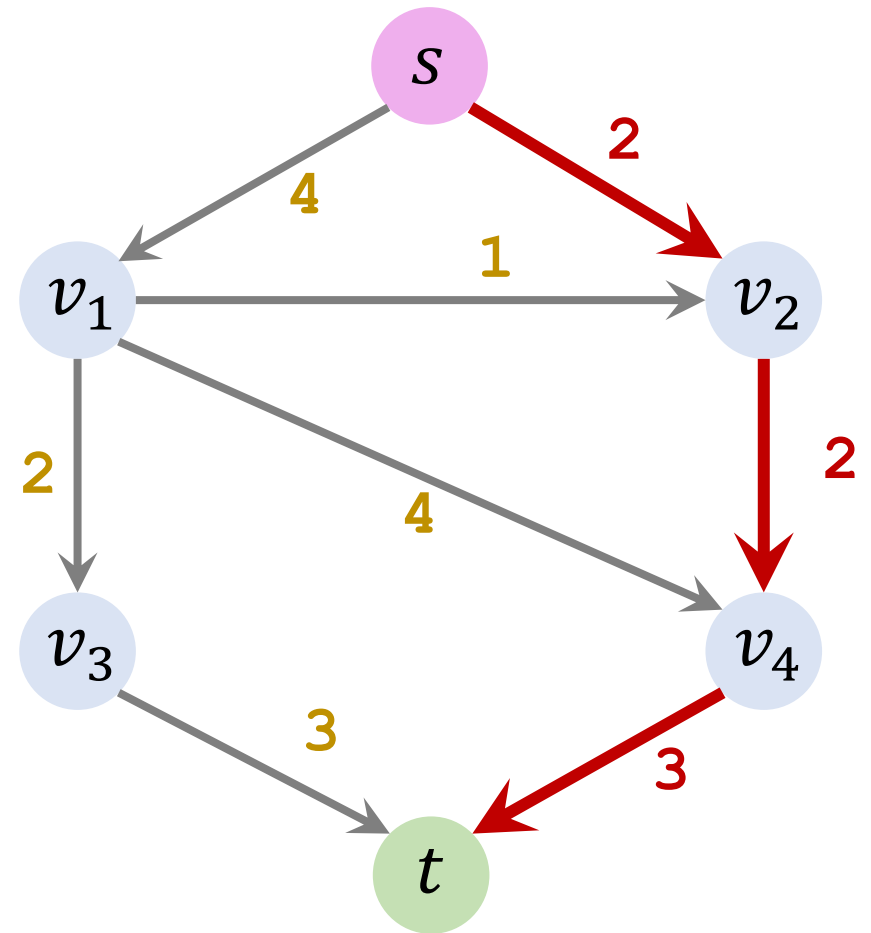
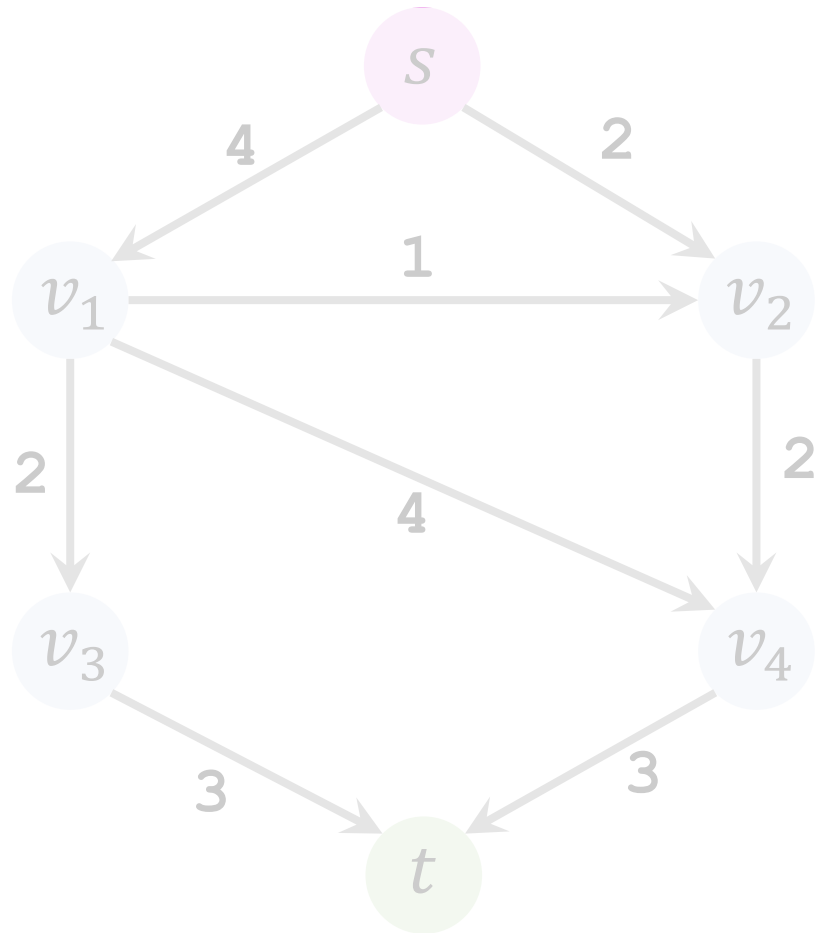


Iteration 1: Find an augmenting path



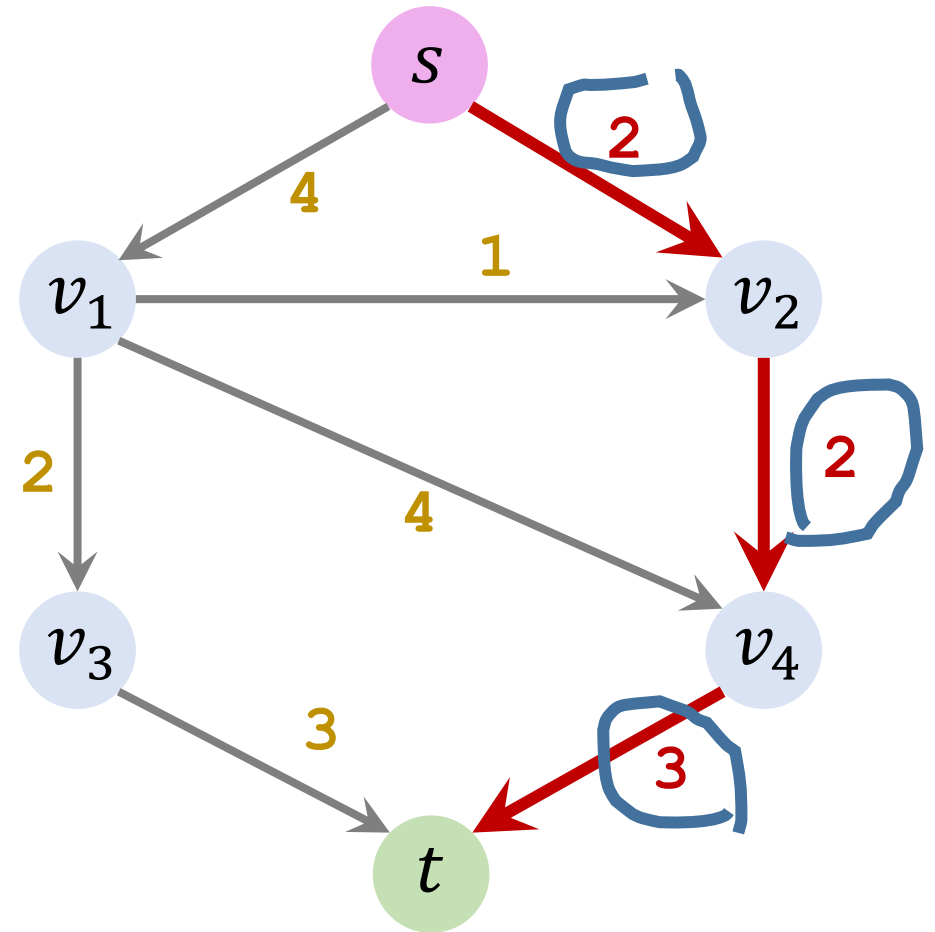
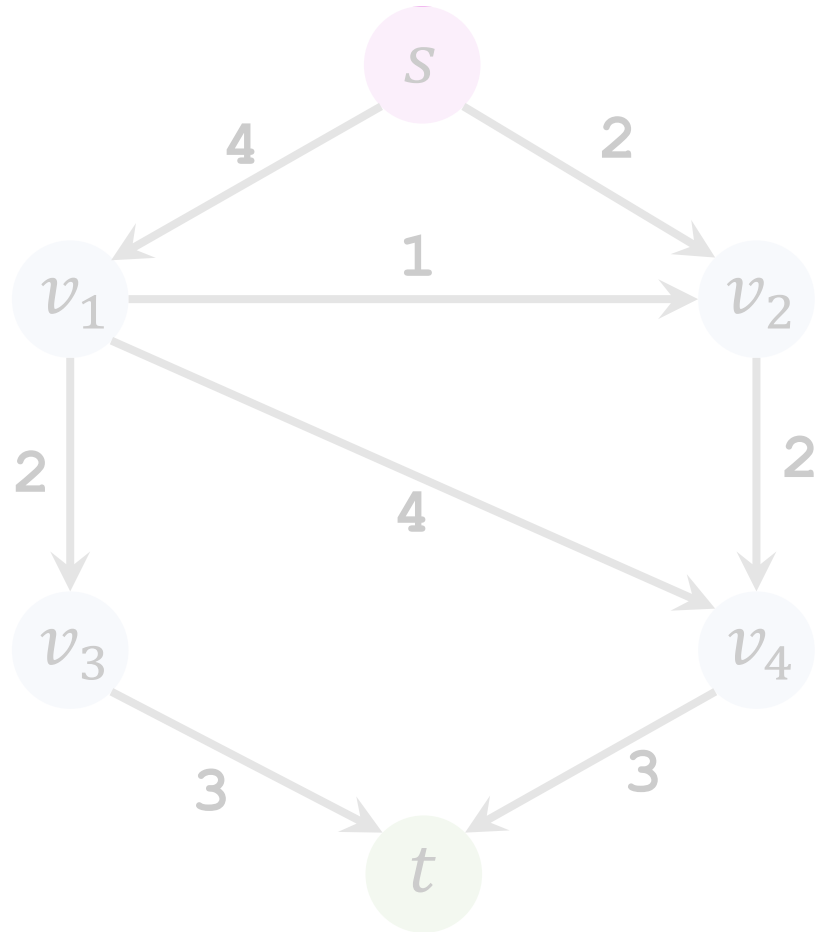
Augmenting path: a path from s to t that does not contain cycles.

Iteration 1: Find an augmenting path



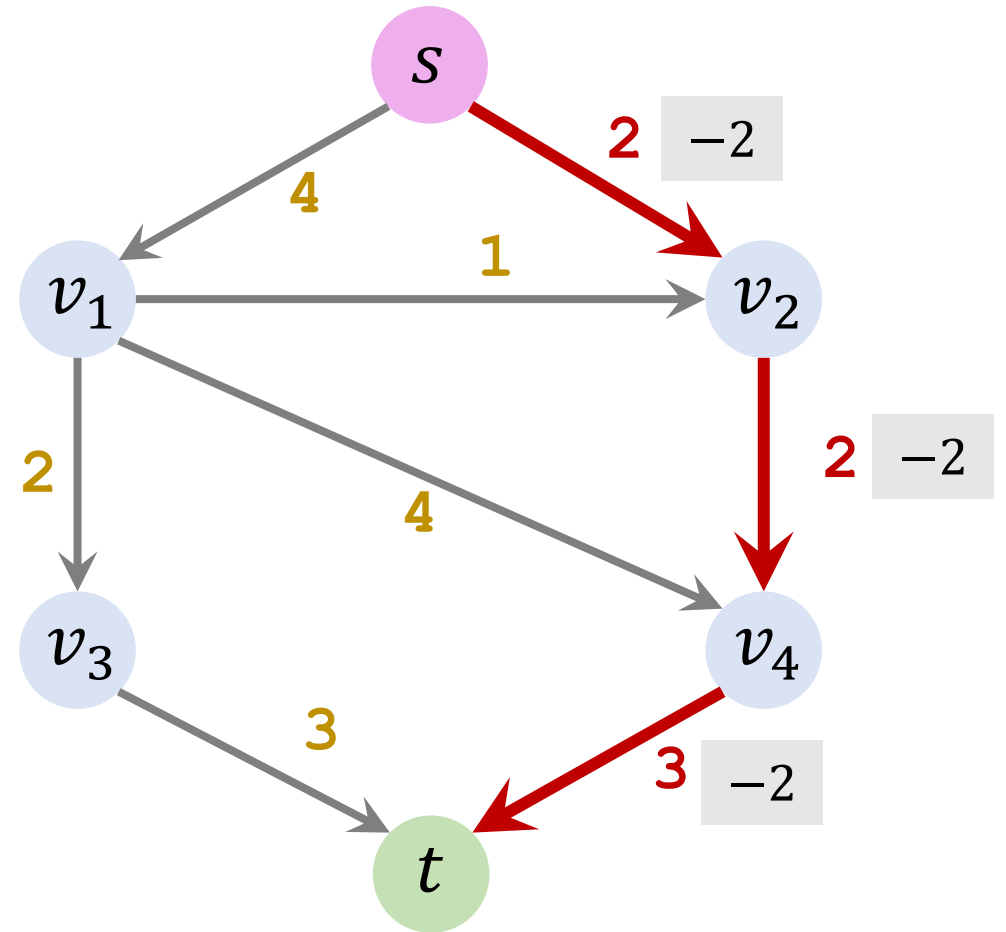
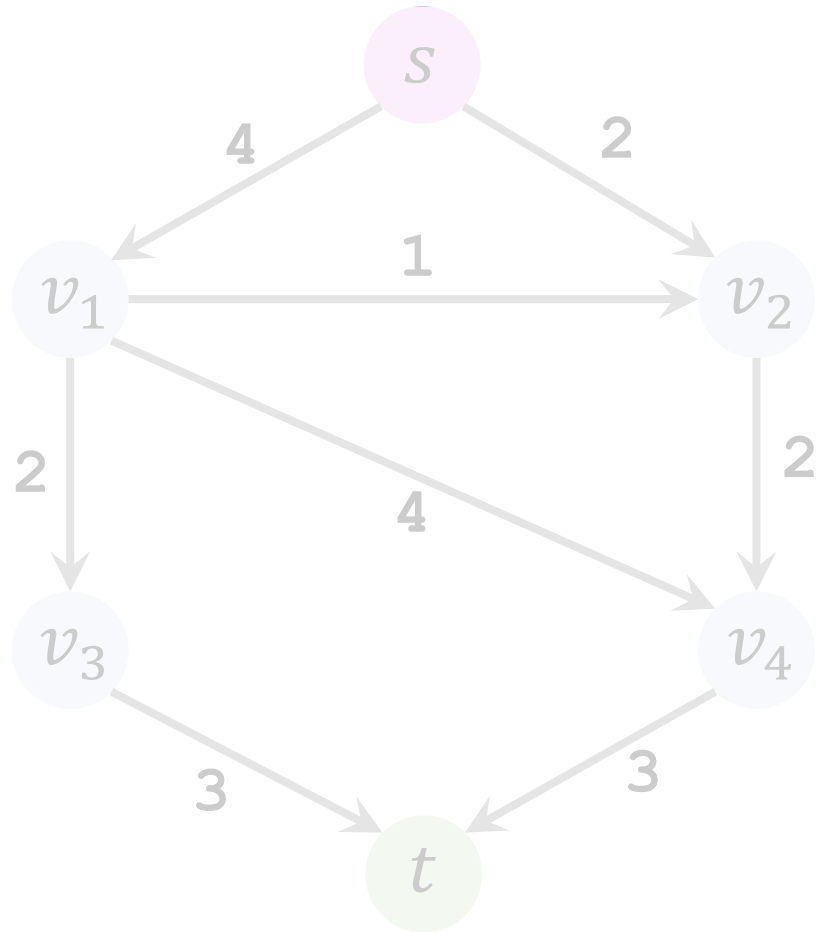
Found path $s \rightarrow v_2 \rightarrow v_4 \rightarrow t$.

Iteration 1: Find an augmenting path



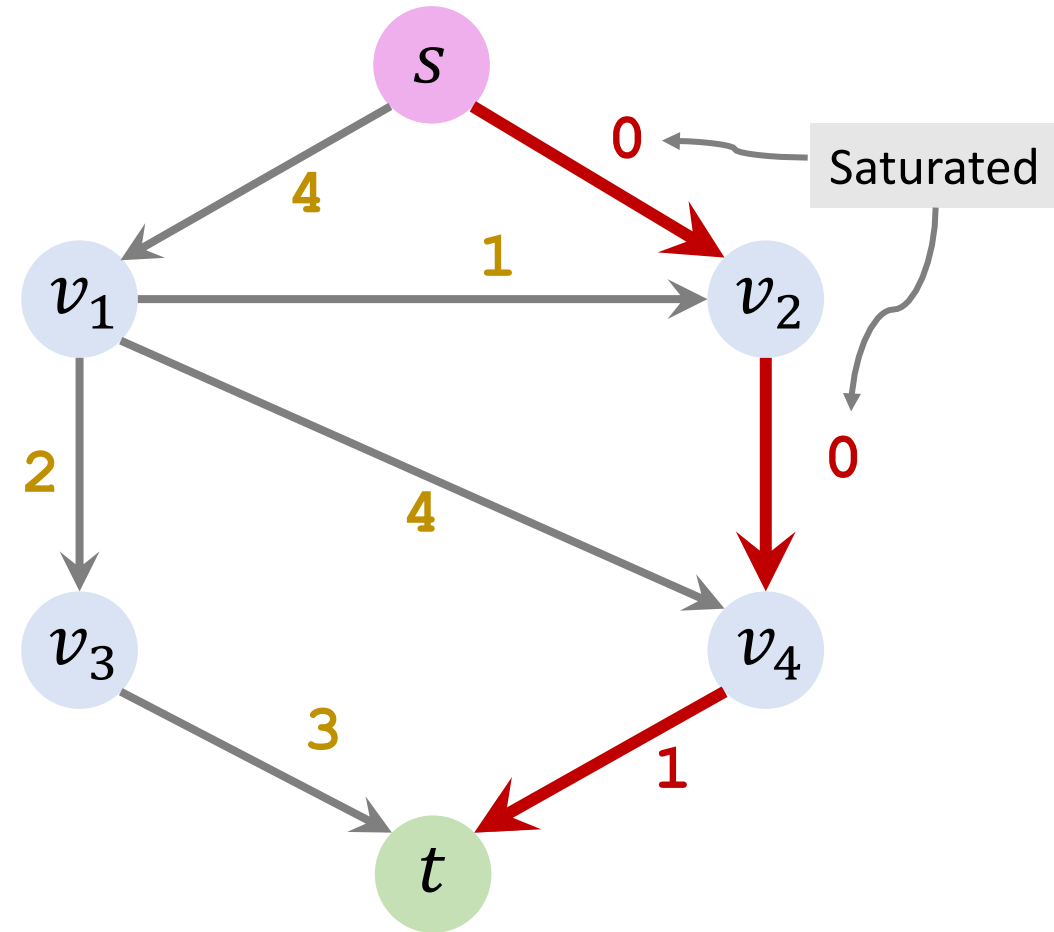
Found path $s \rightarrow v_2 \rightarrow v_4 \rightarrow t$. (Bottleneck capacity = 2.)

Iteration 1: Update residuals

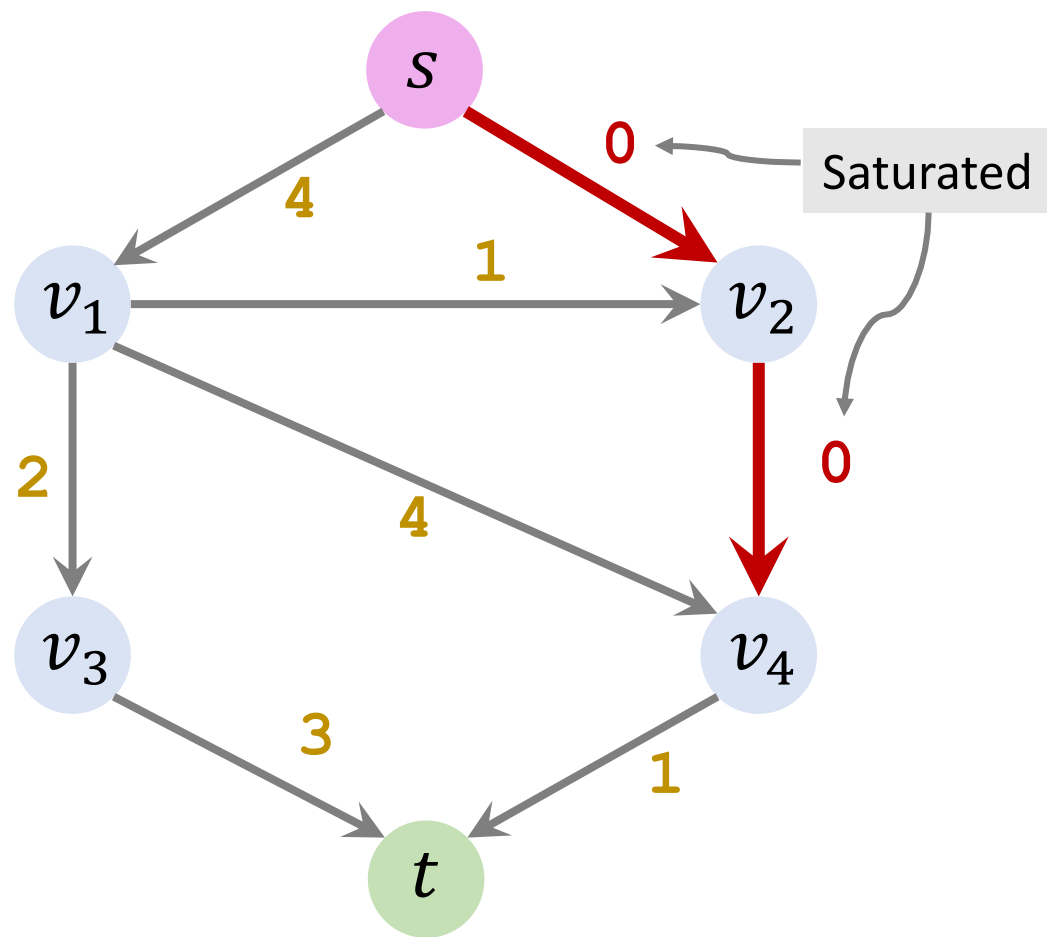
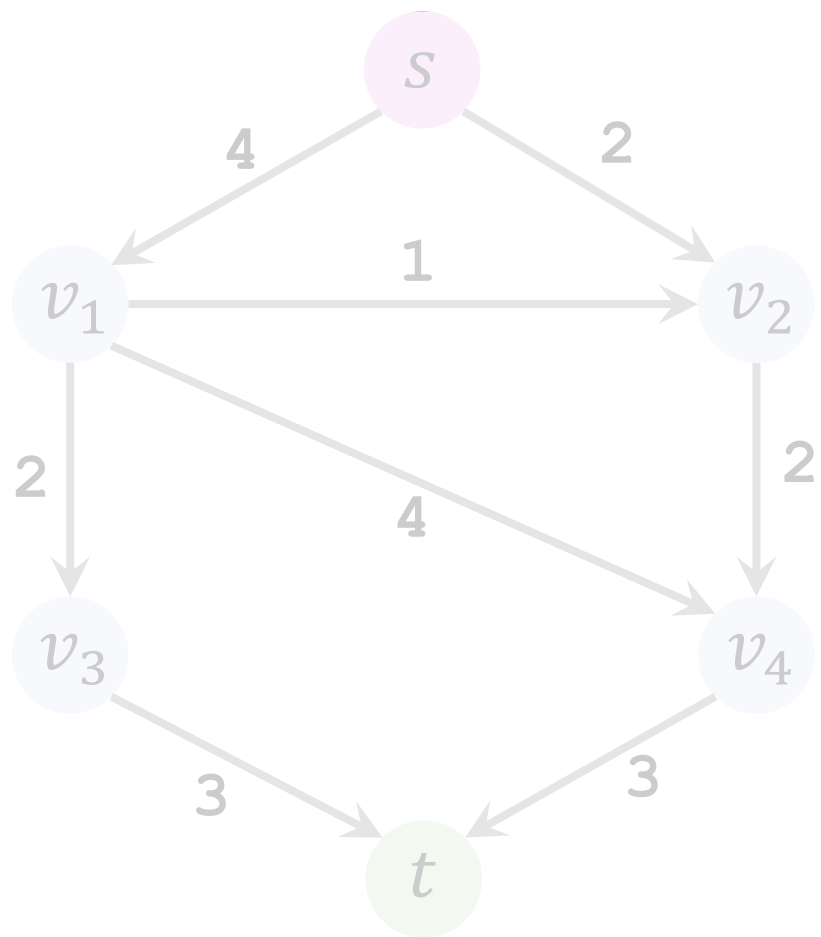


Found path $s \rightarrow v_2 \rightarrow v_4 \rightarrow t$. (Bottleneck capacity = 2.)

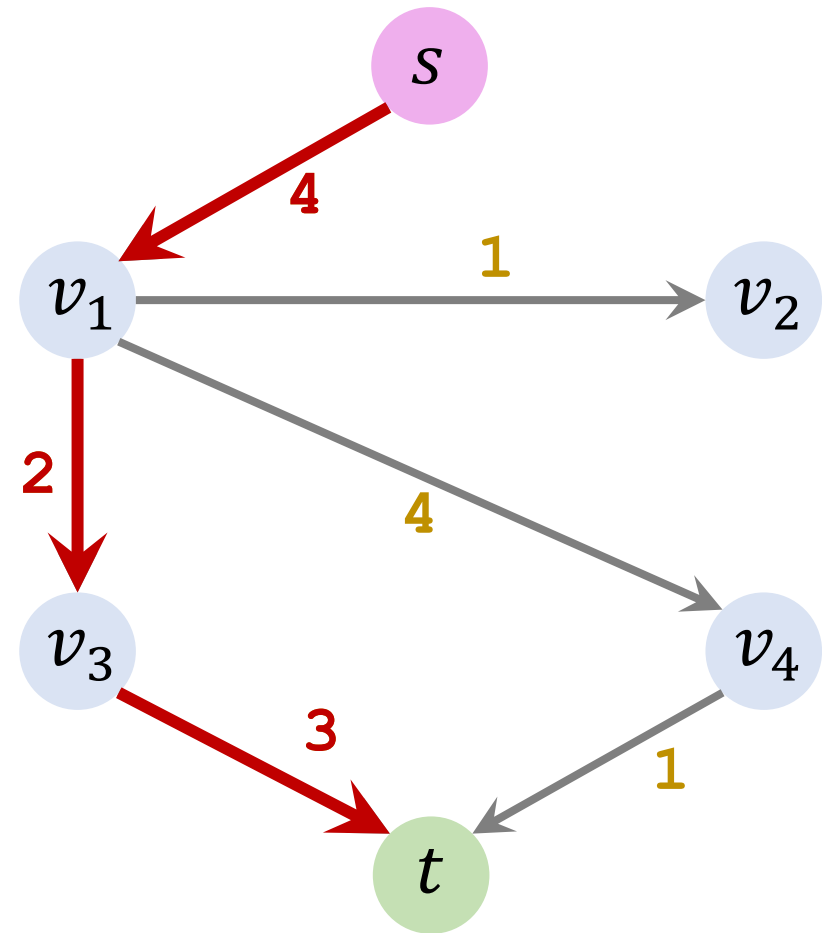
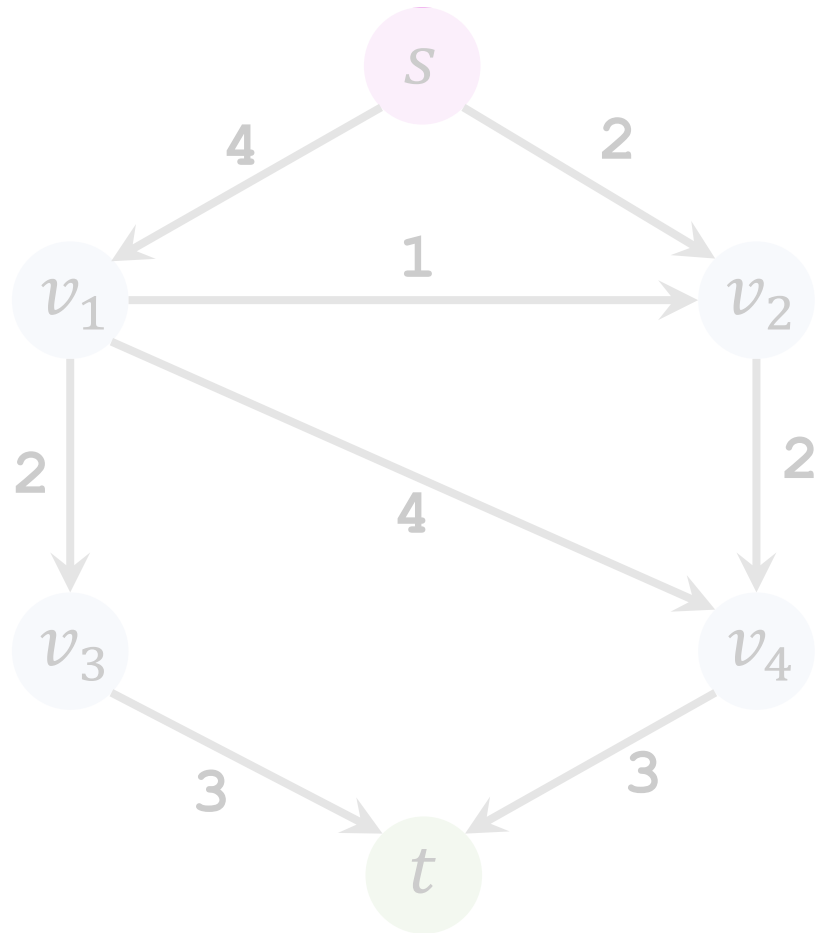
Iteration 1: Update residuals



Iteration 1: Remove saturated edges

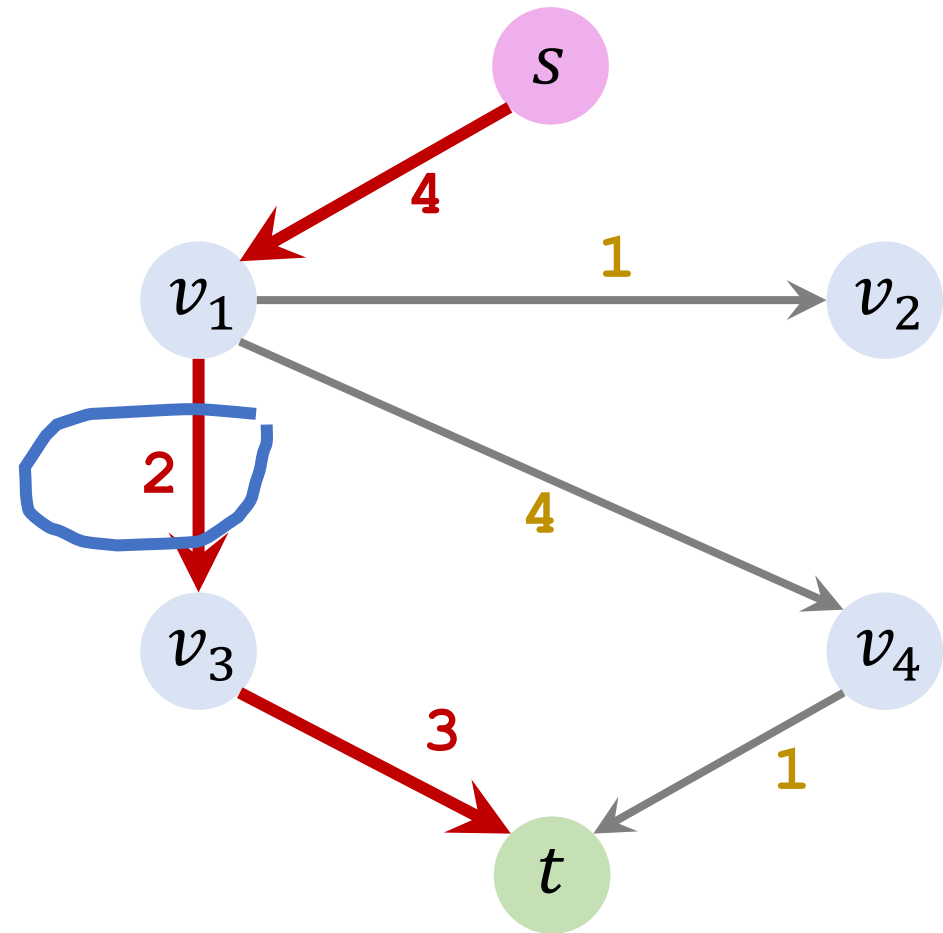
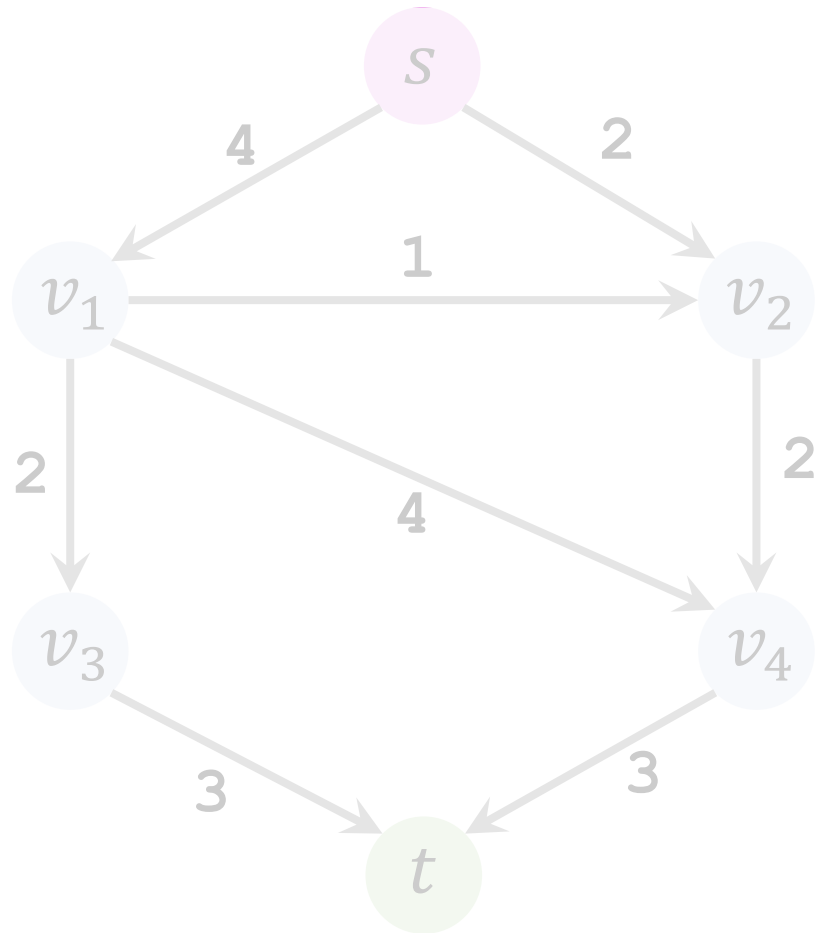


Iteration 2: Find an augmenting path



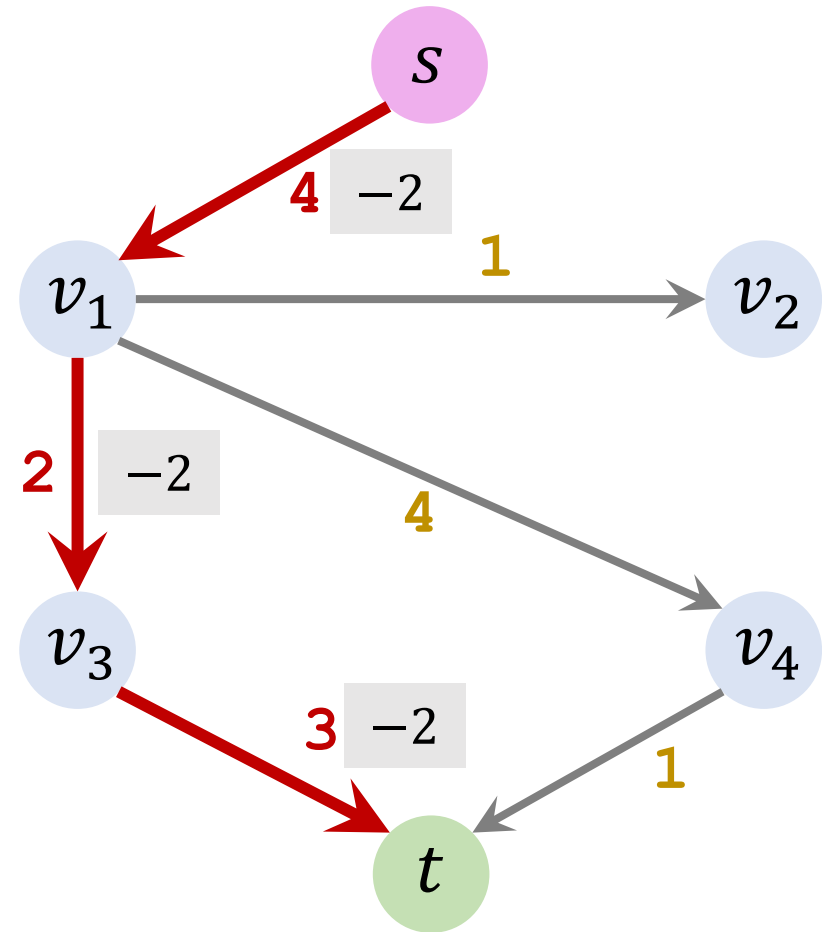
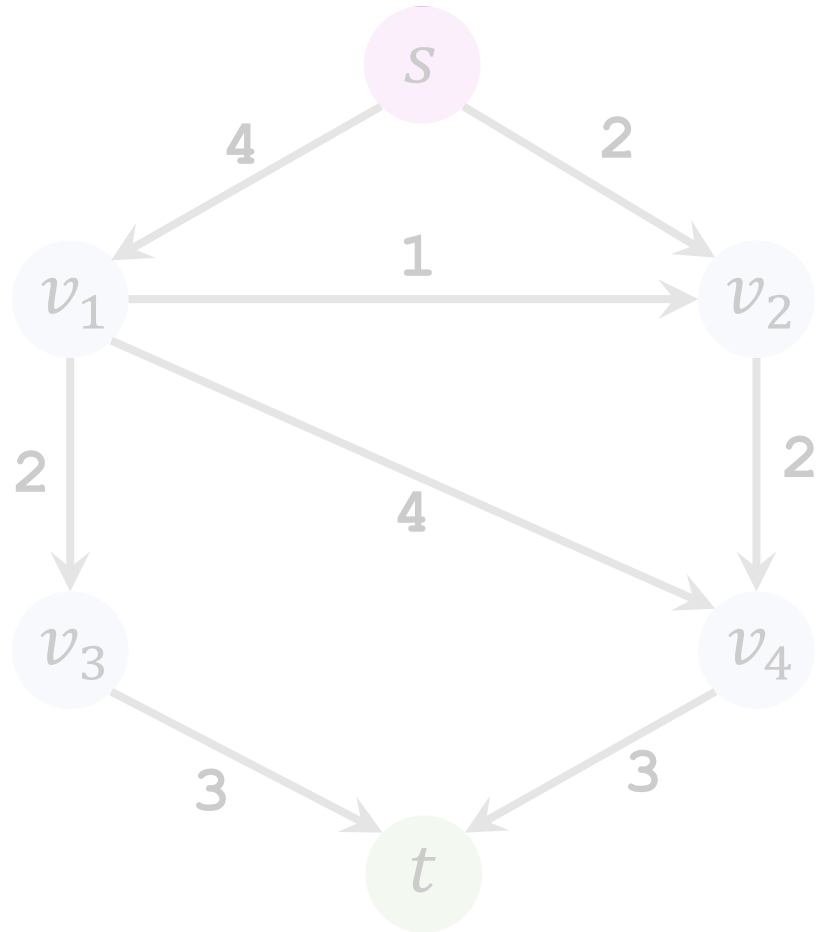
Found path $s \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow v_3 \rightarrow t$.

Iteration 2: Find an augmenting path

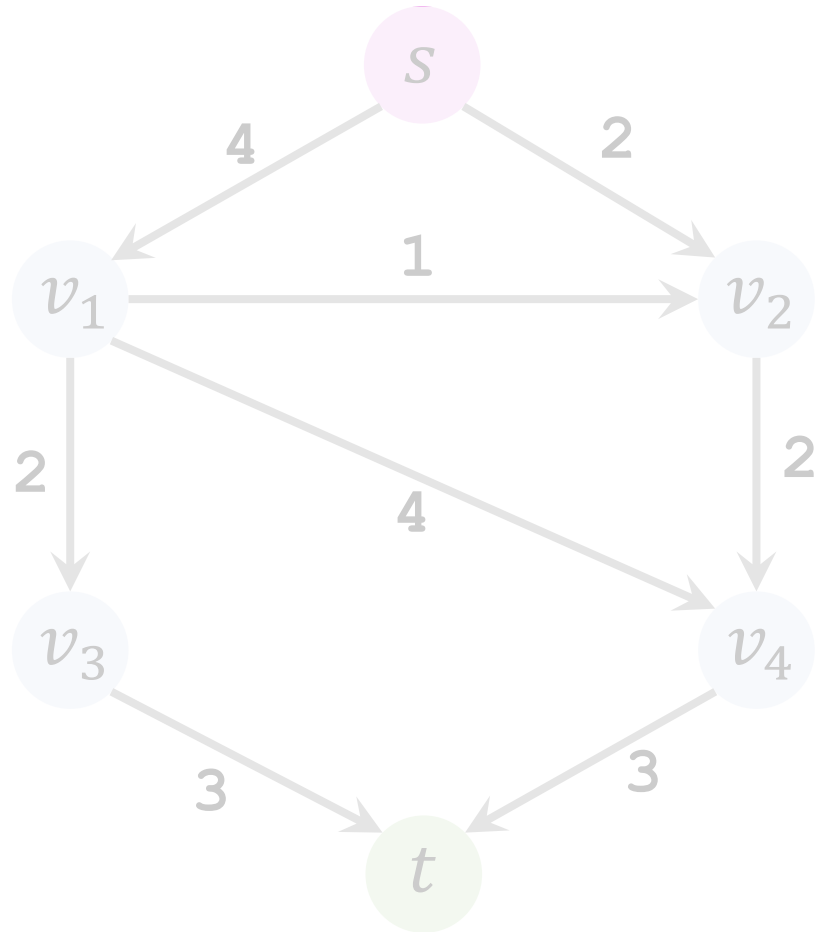


Found path $s \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow v_3 \rightarrow t$. (Bottleneck capacity = 2.)

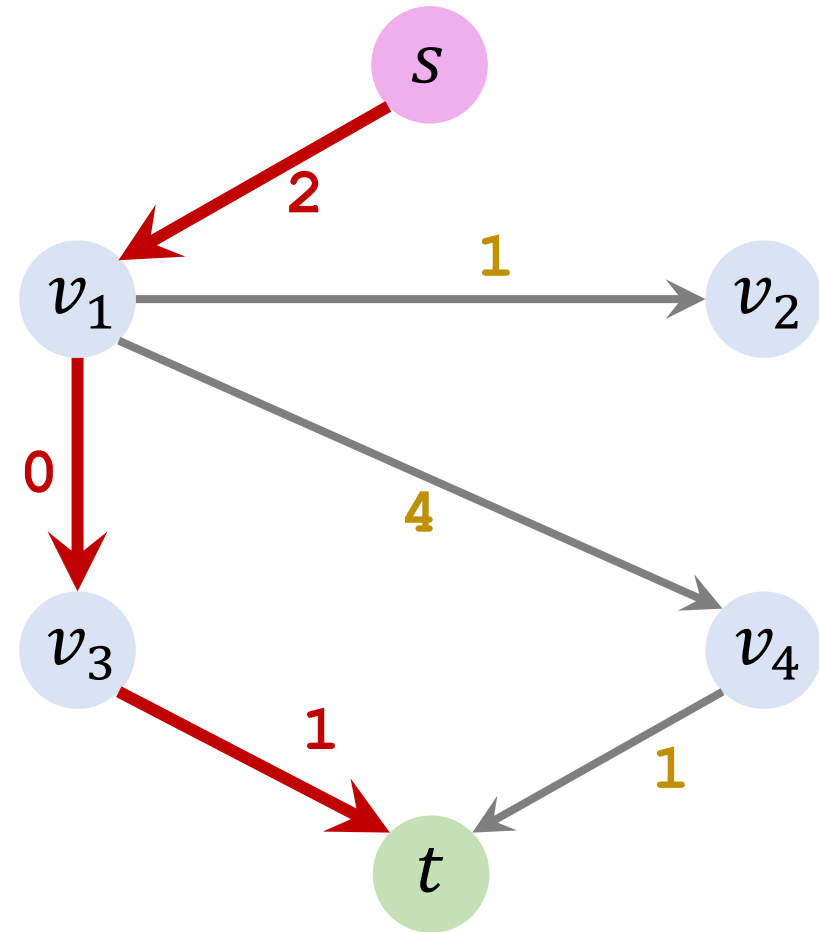
Iteration 2: Update residuals



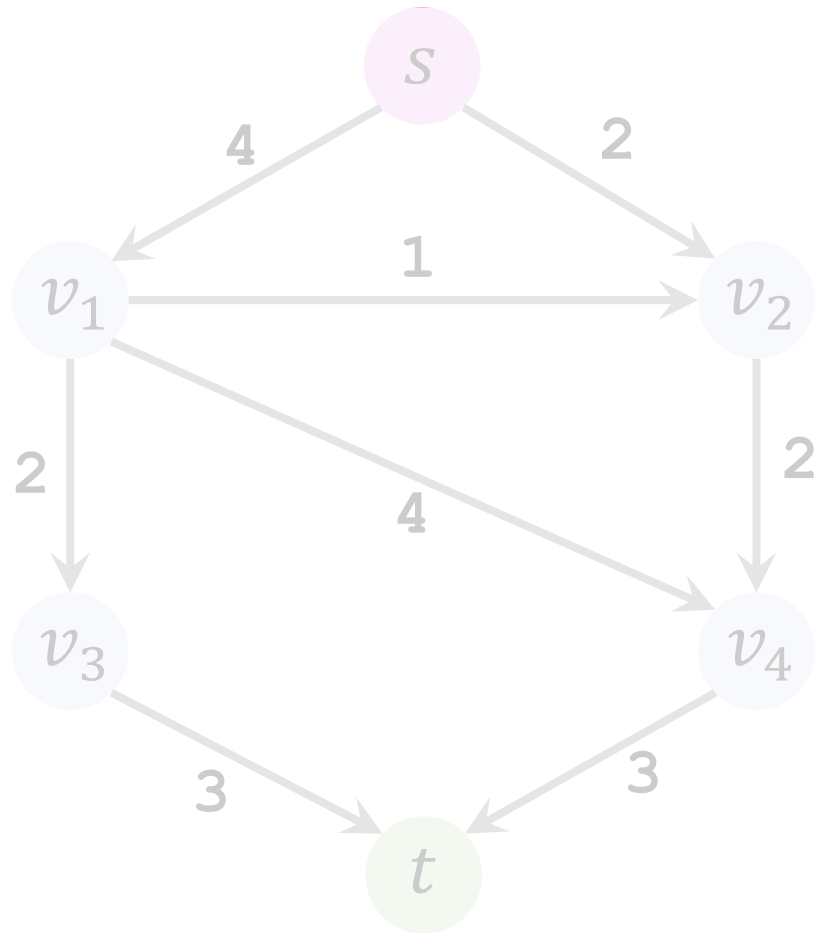
Iteration 2: Update residuals



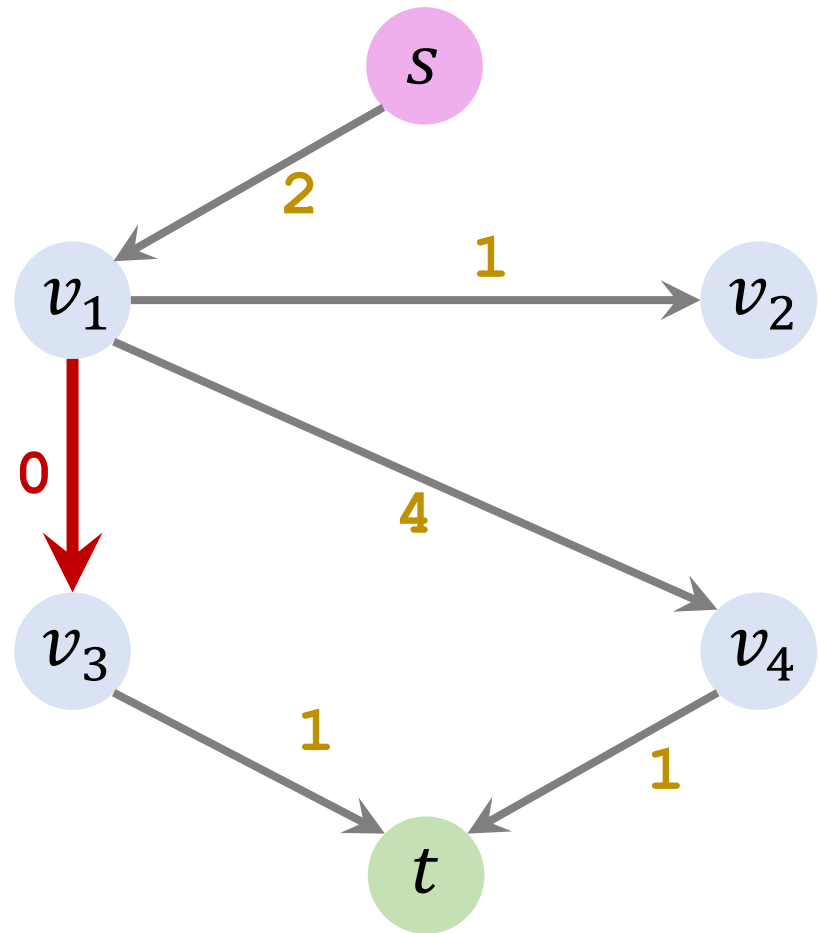
Saturated



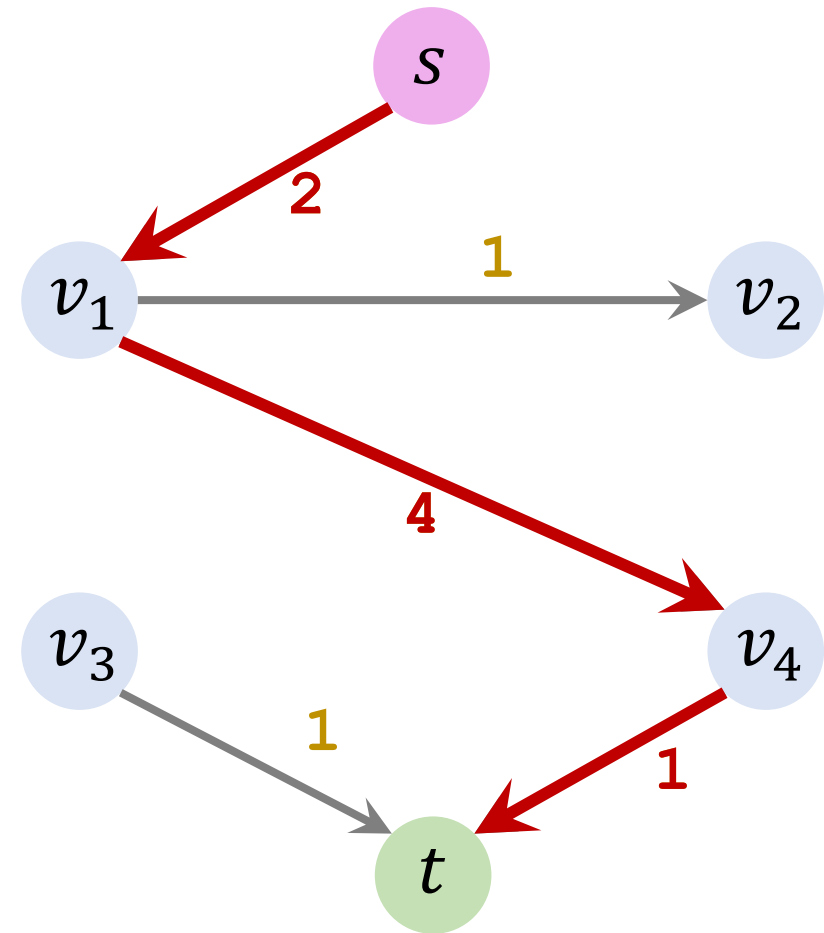
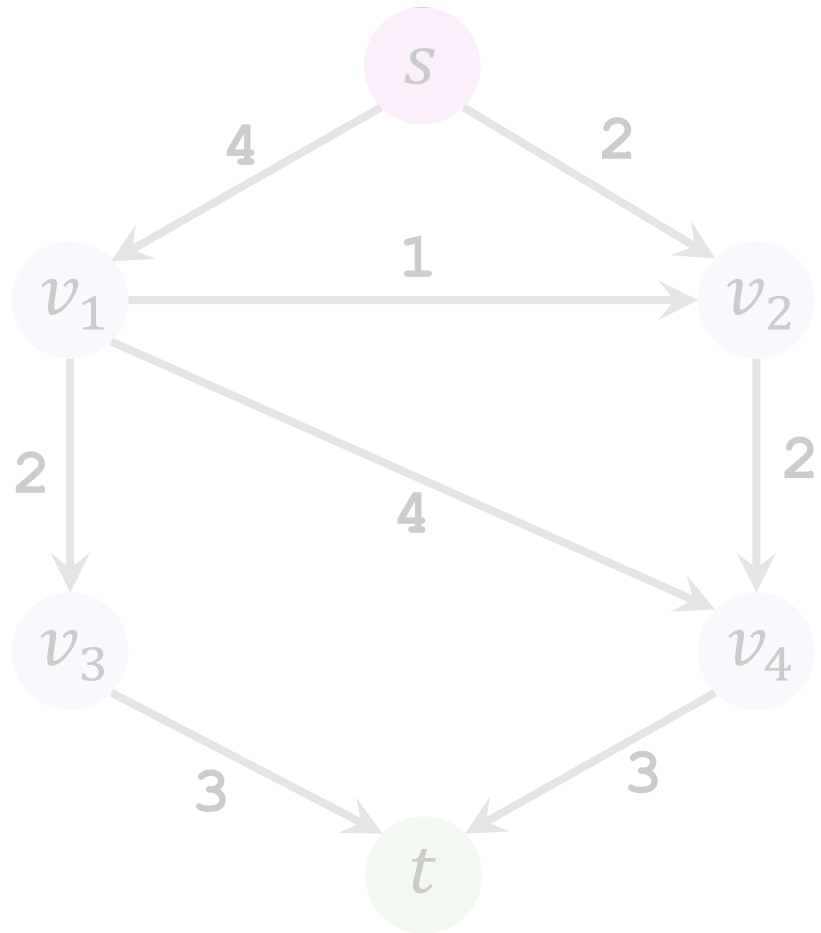
Iteration 2: Remove saturated edges



Saturated

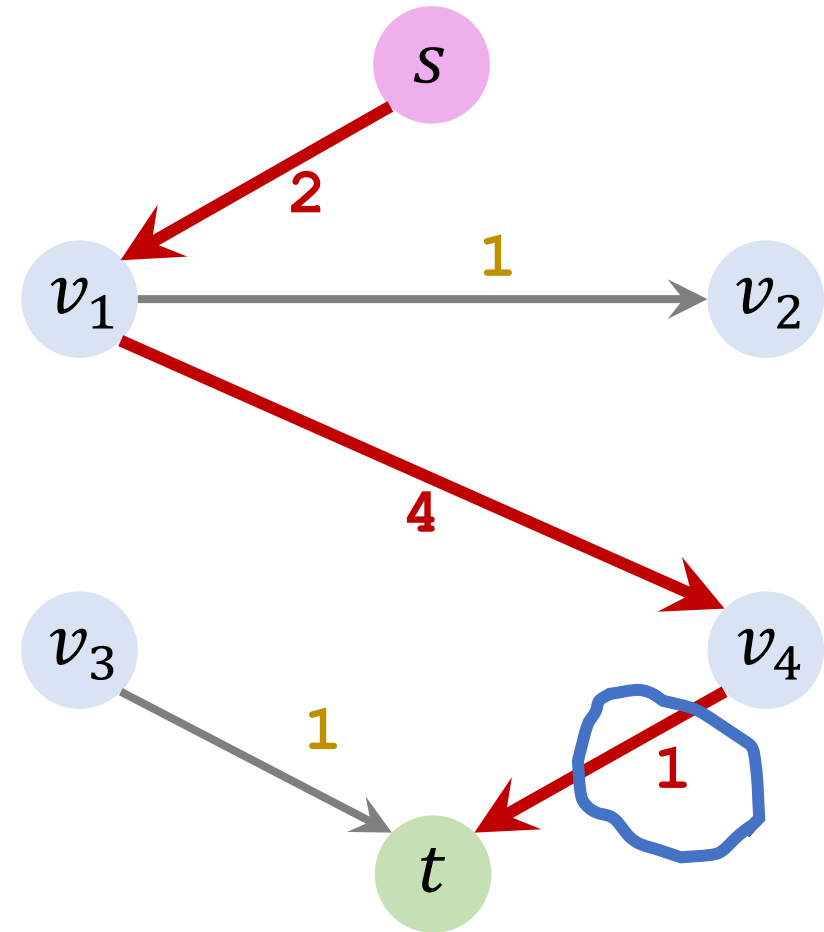
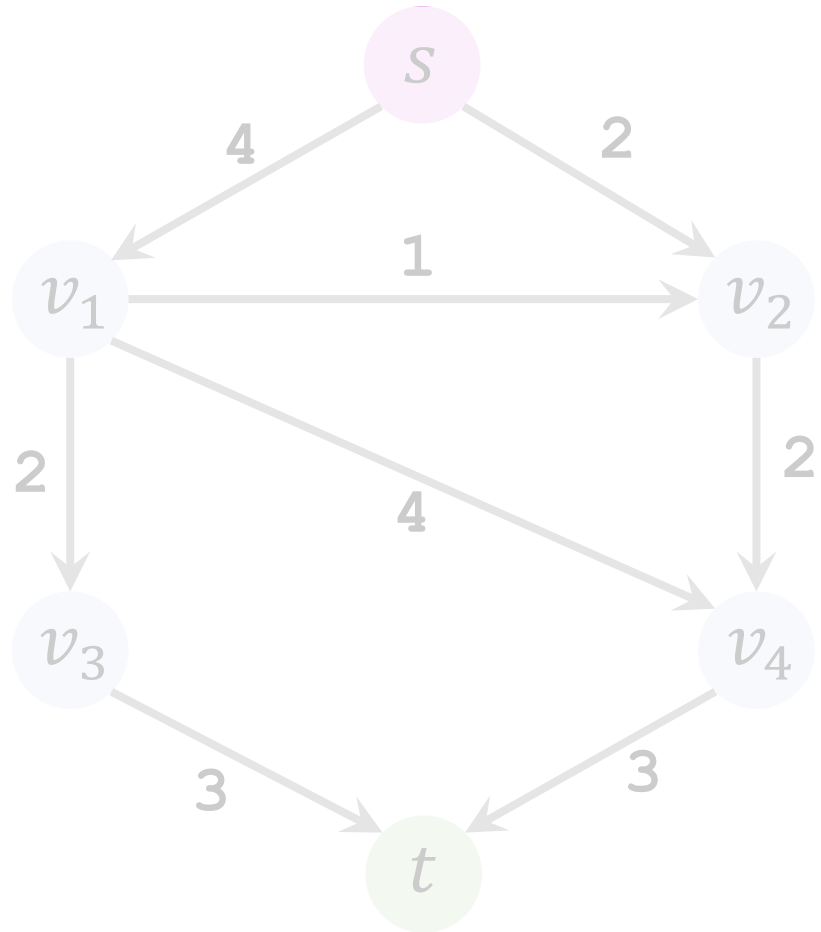


Iteration 3: Find an augmenting path



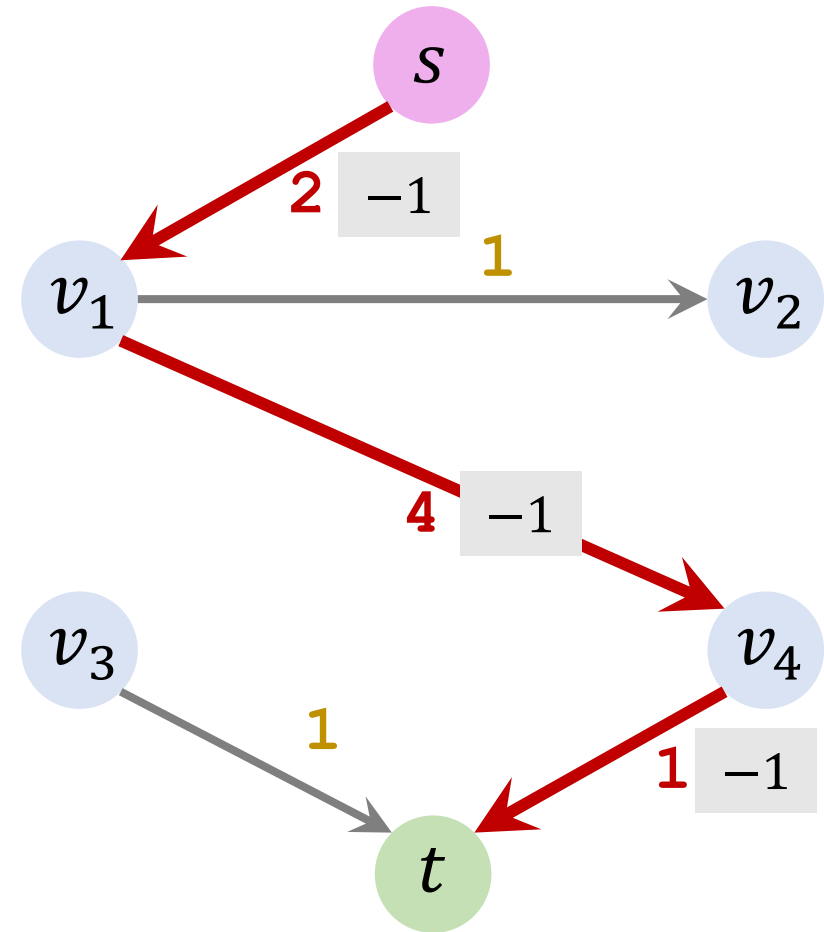
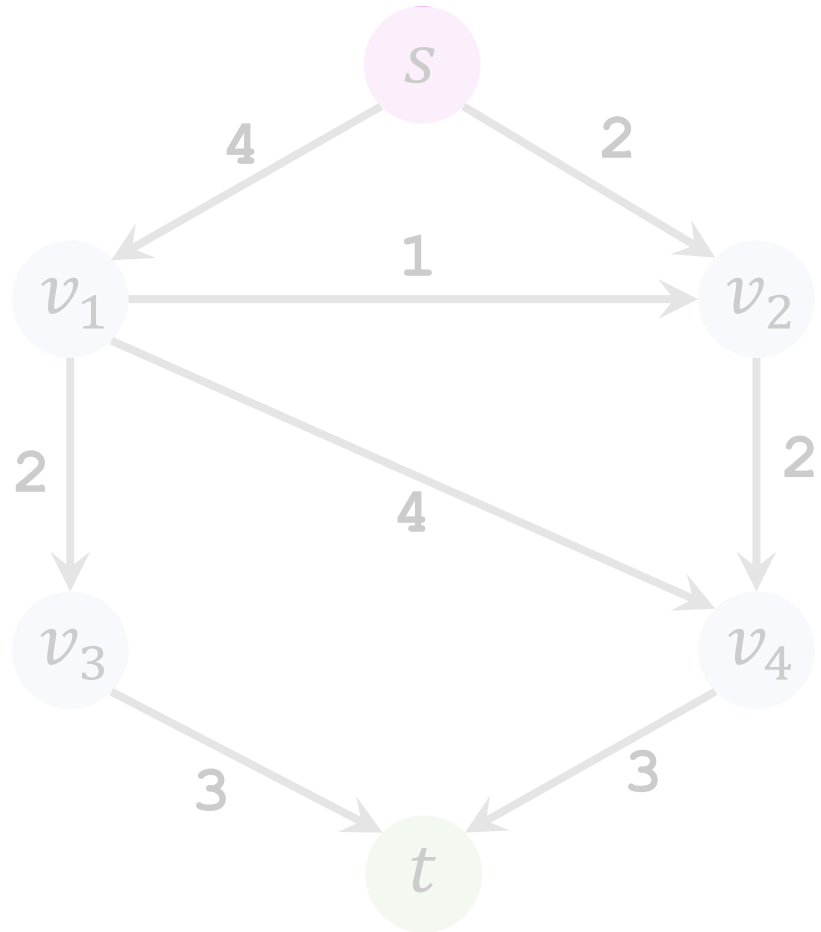
Found path $s \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow v_4 \rightarrow t$.

Iteration 3: Find an augmenting path

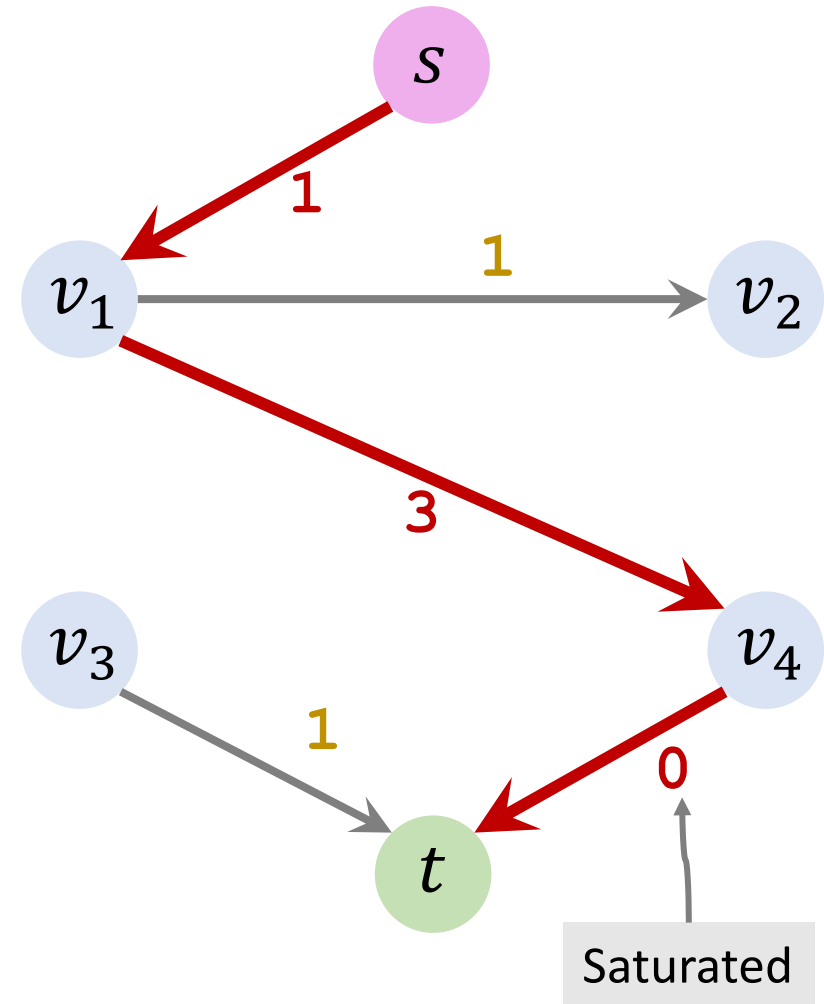
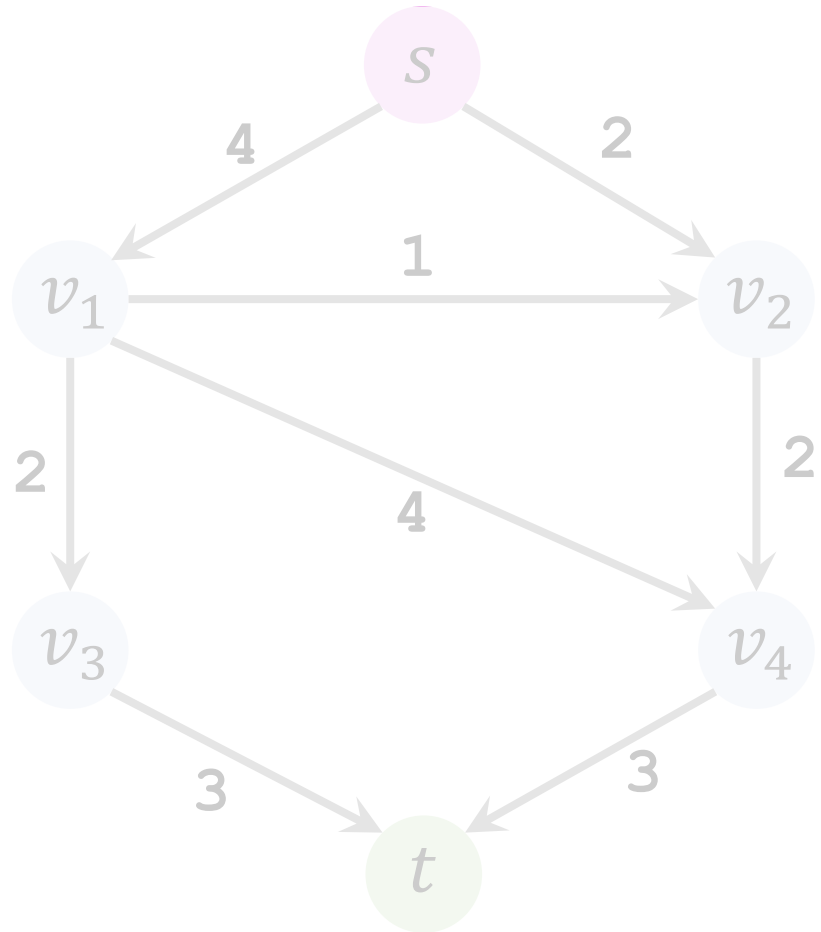


Found path $s \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow v_4 \rightarrow t$. (Bottleneck capacity = 1.)

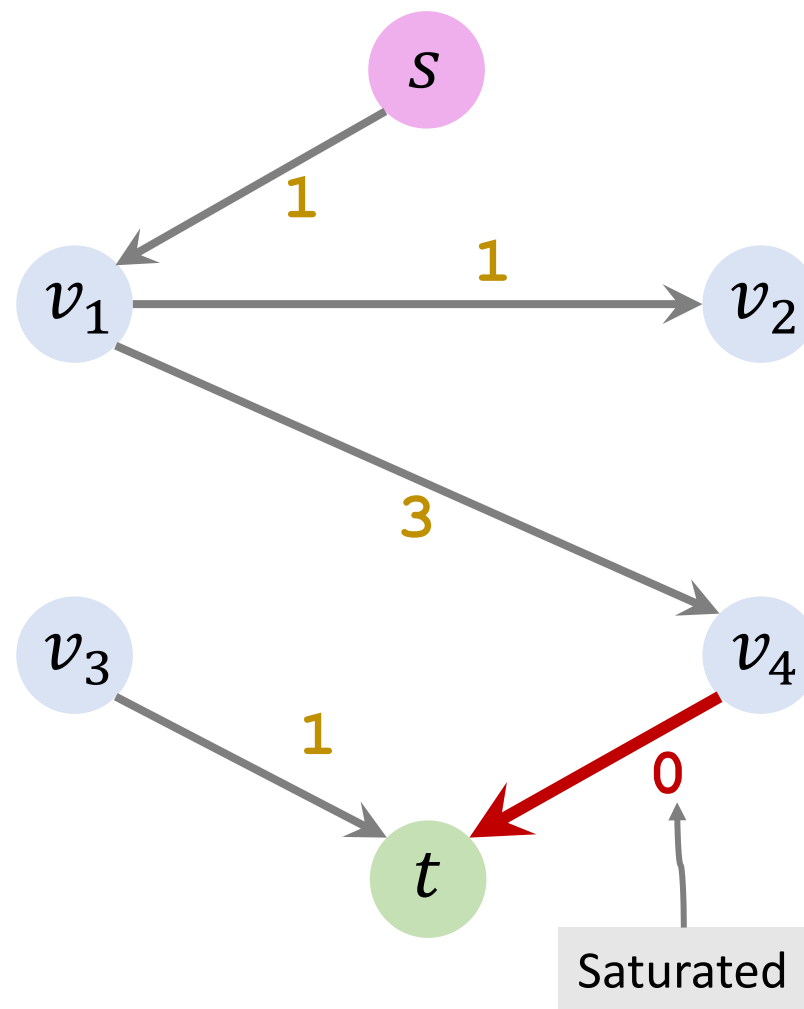
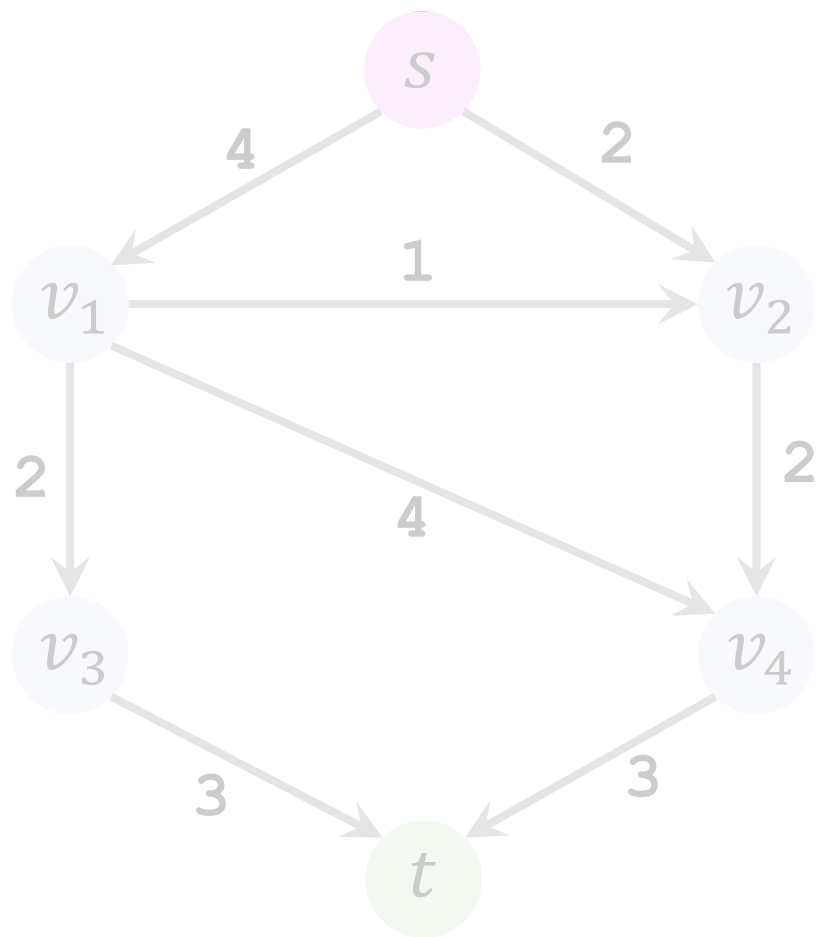
Iteration 3: Update residuals



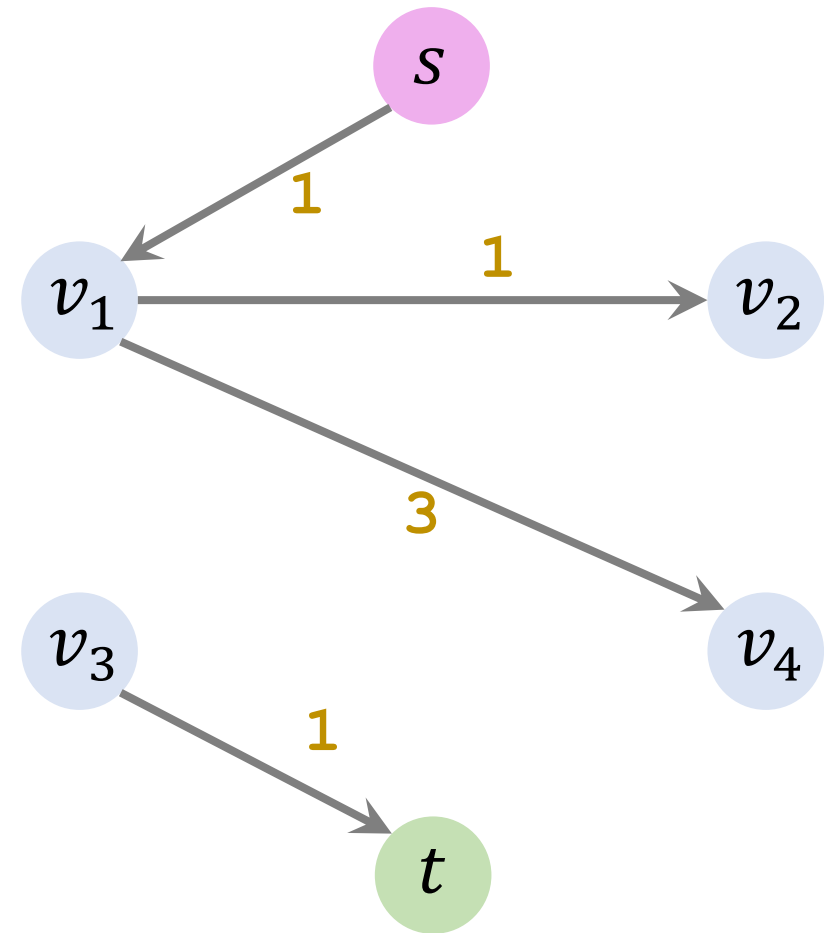
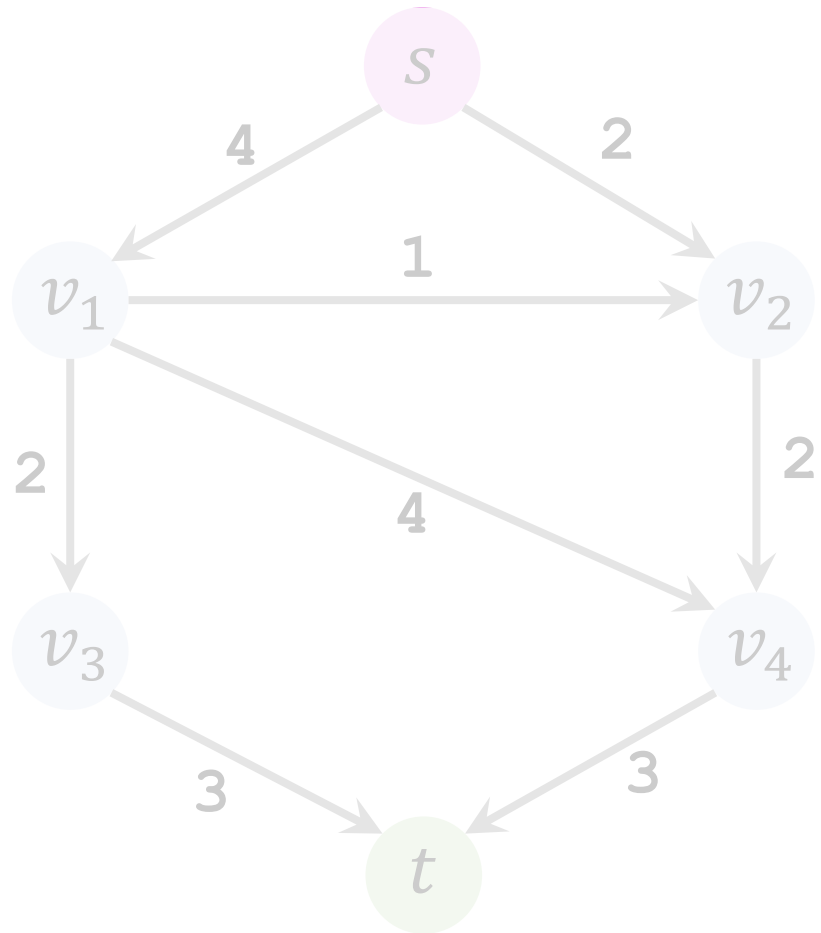
Iteration 3: Update residuals



Iteration 3: Remove saturated edges

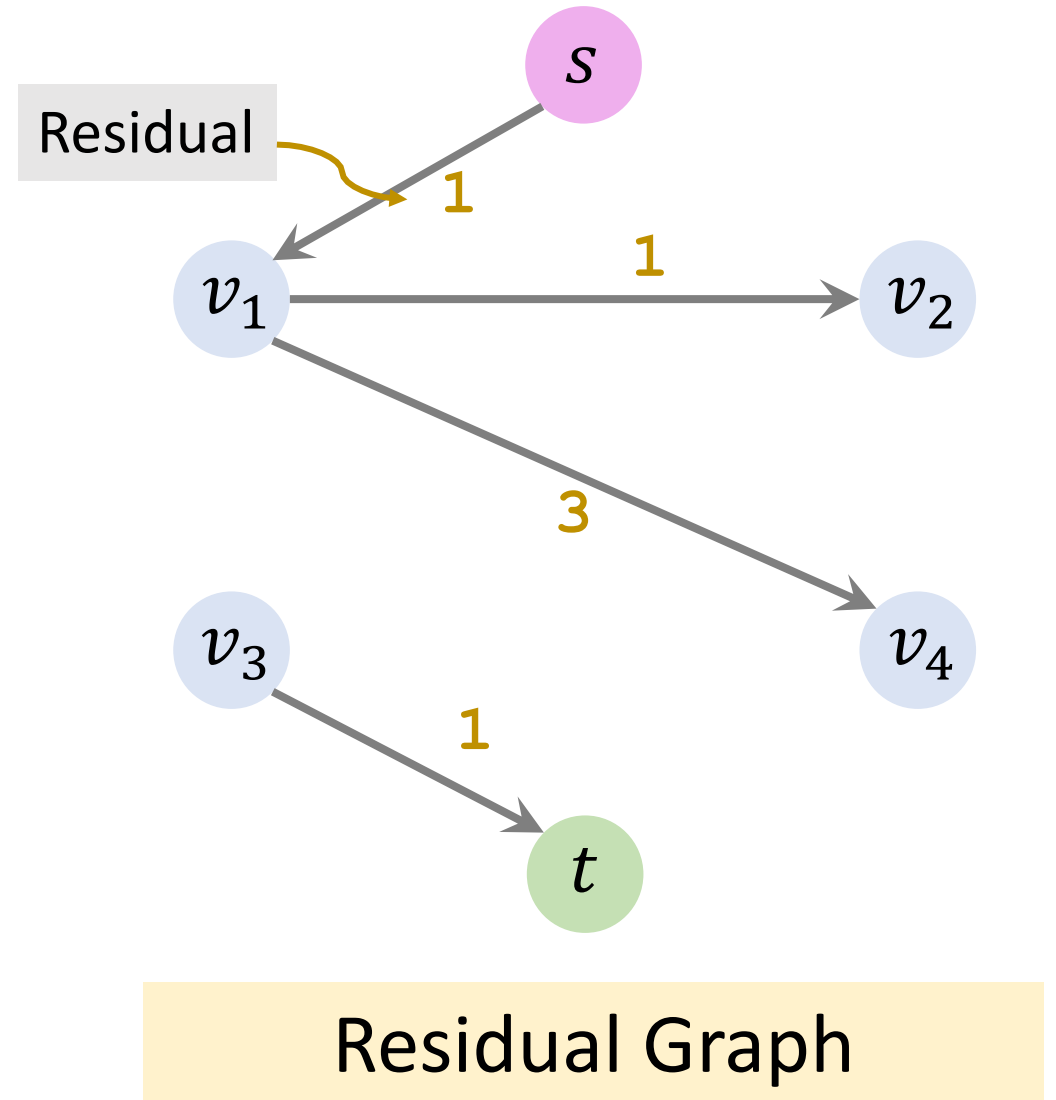
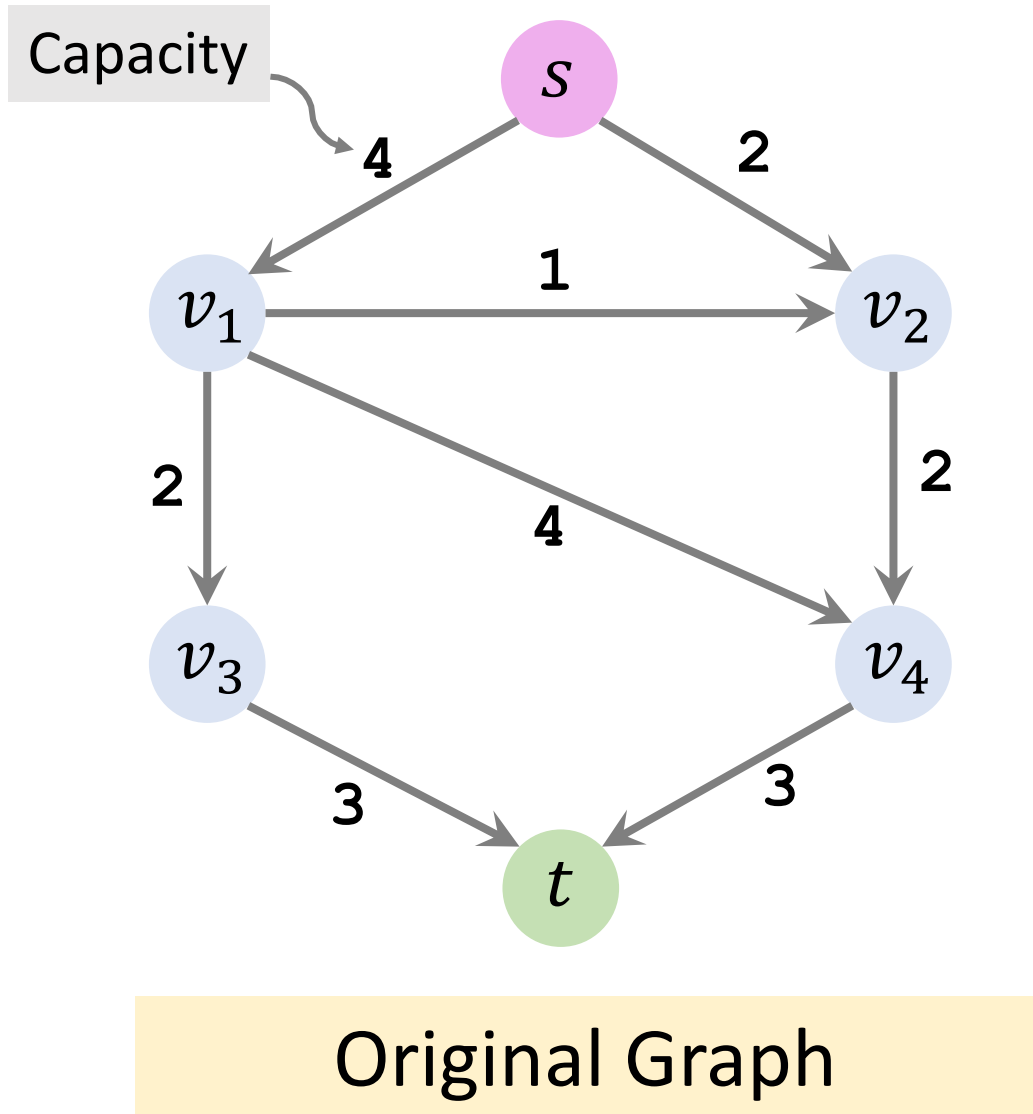


Iteration 4: Find an augmenting path

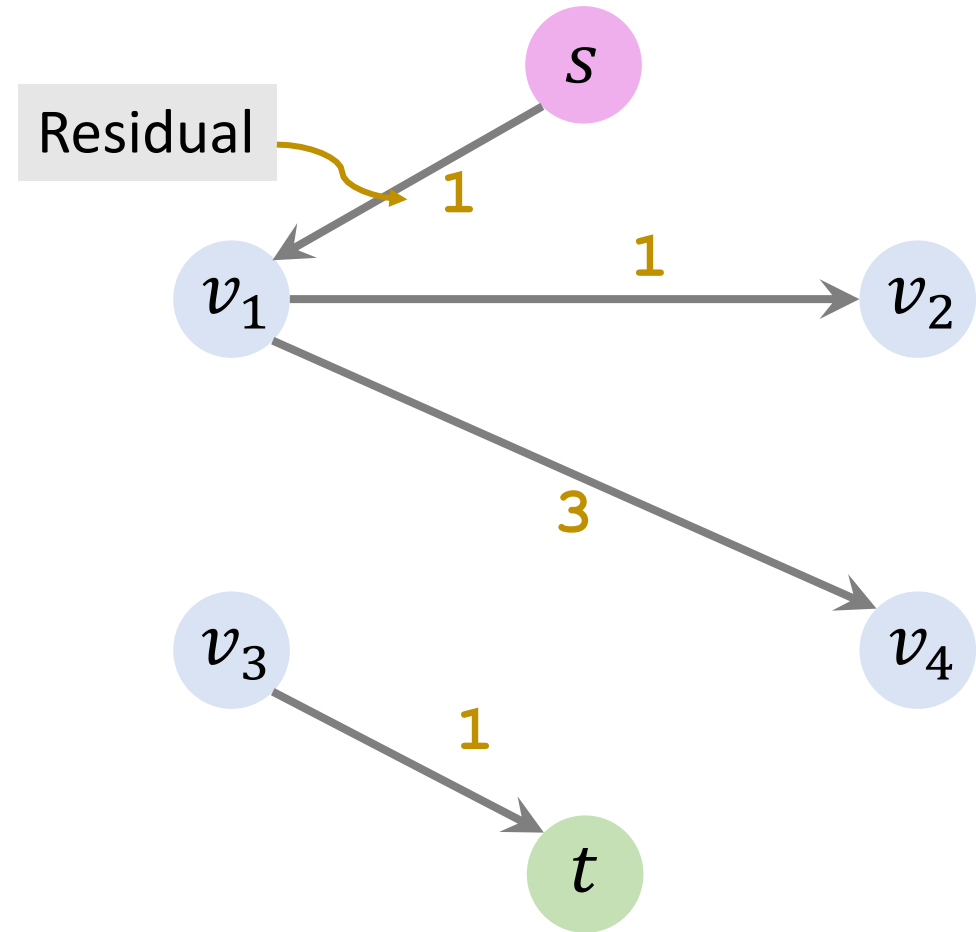
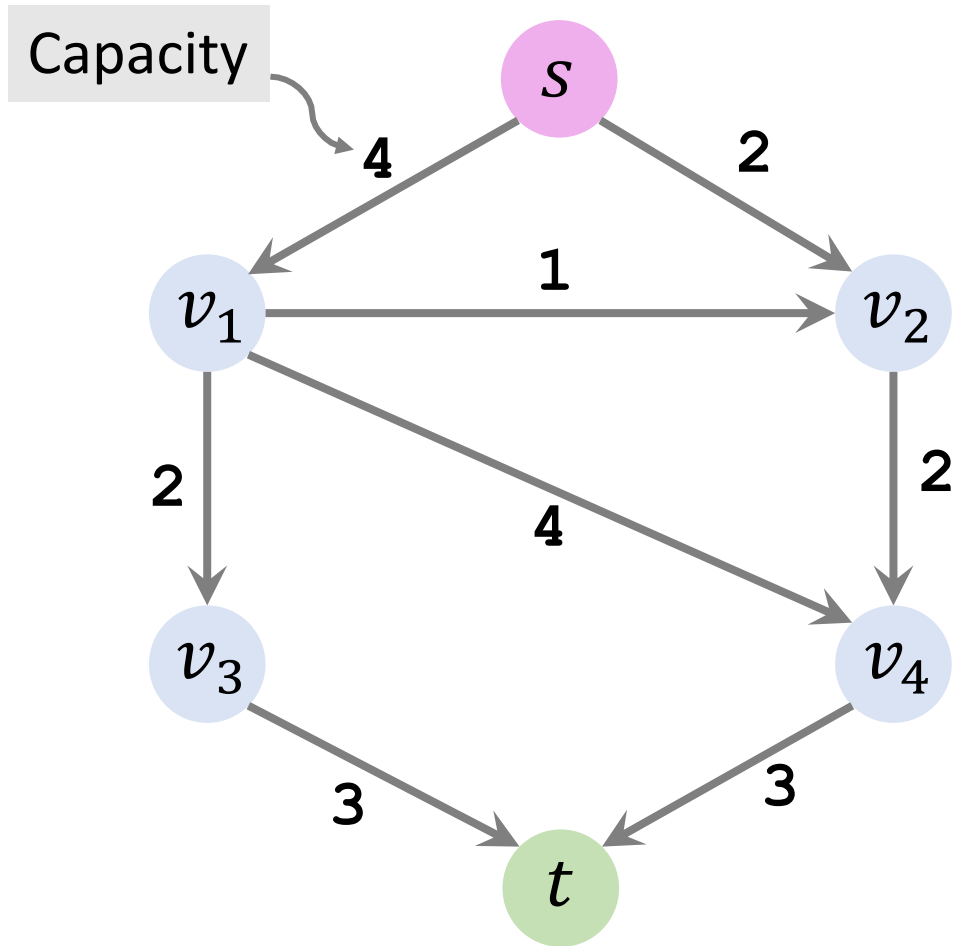


Cannot find any path from source to sink.

End of Procedure

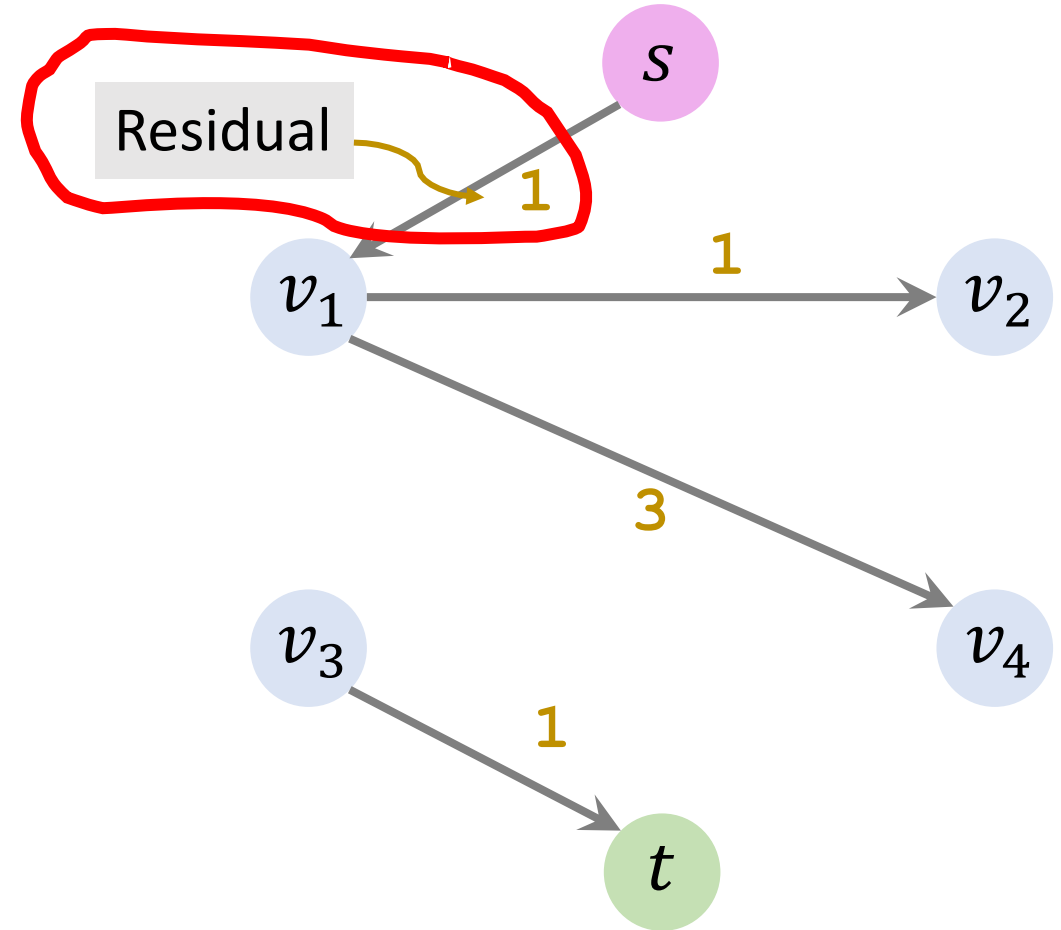
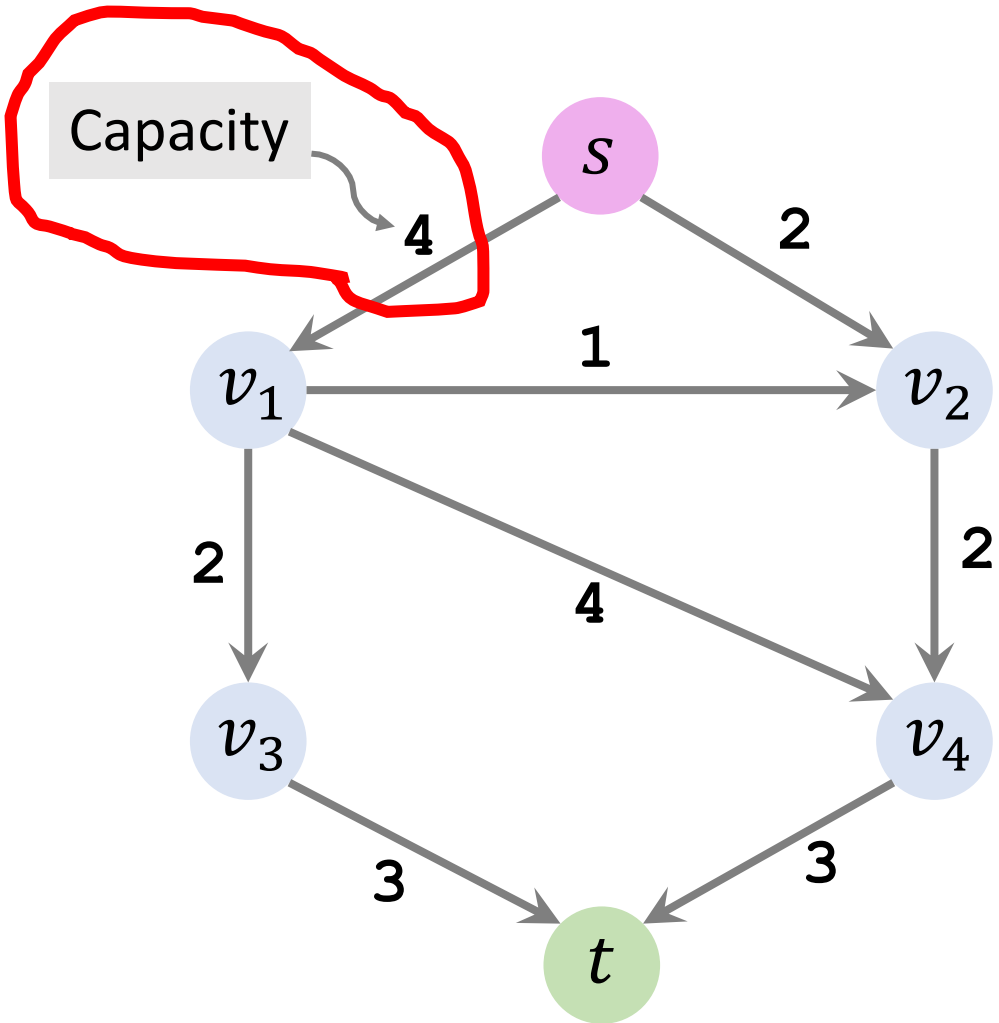


End of Procedure



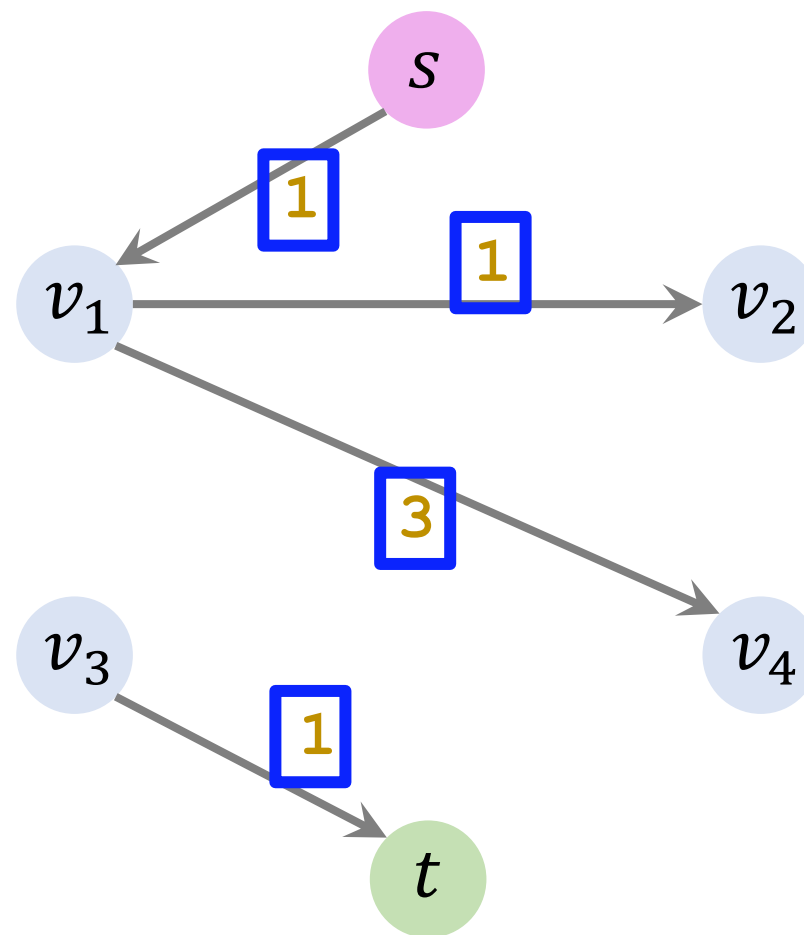
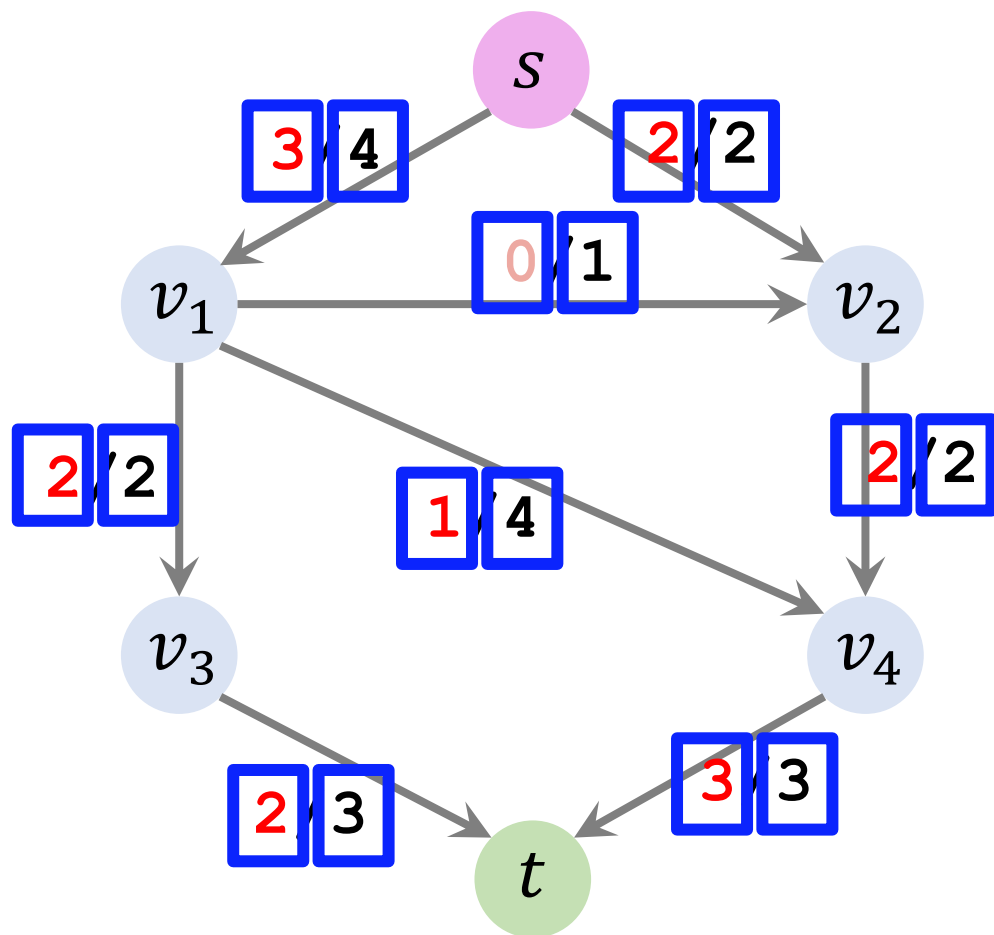
$$\text{Flow} = \text{Capacity} - \text{Residual}.$$

End of Procedure



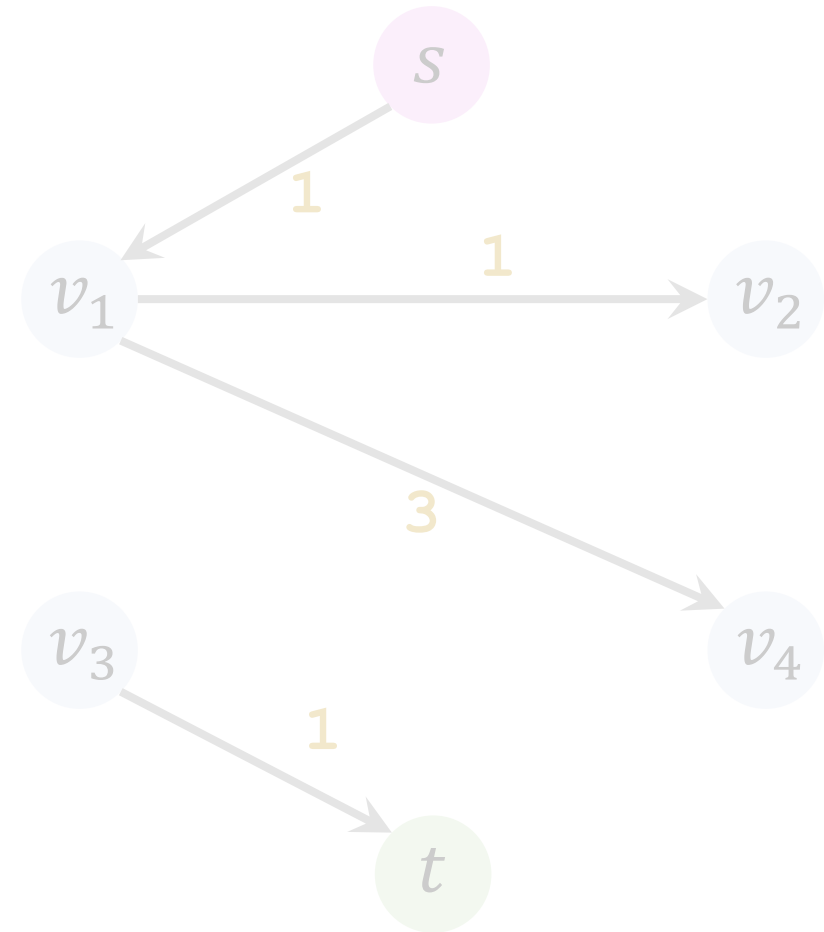
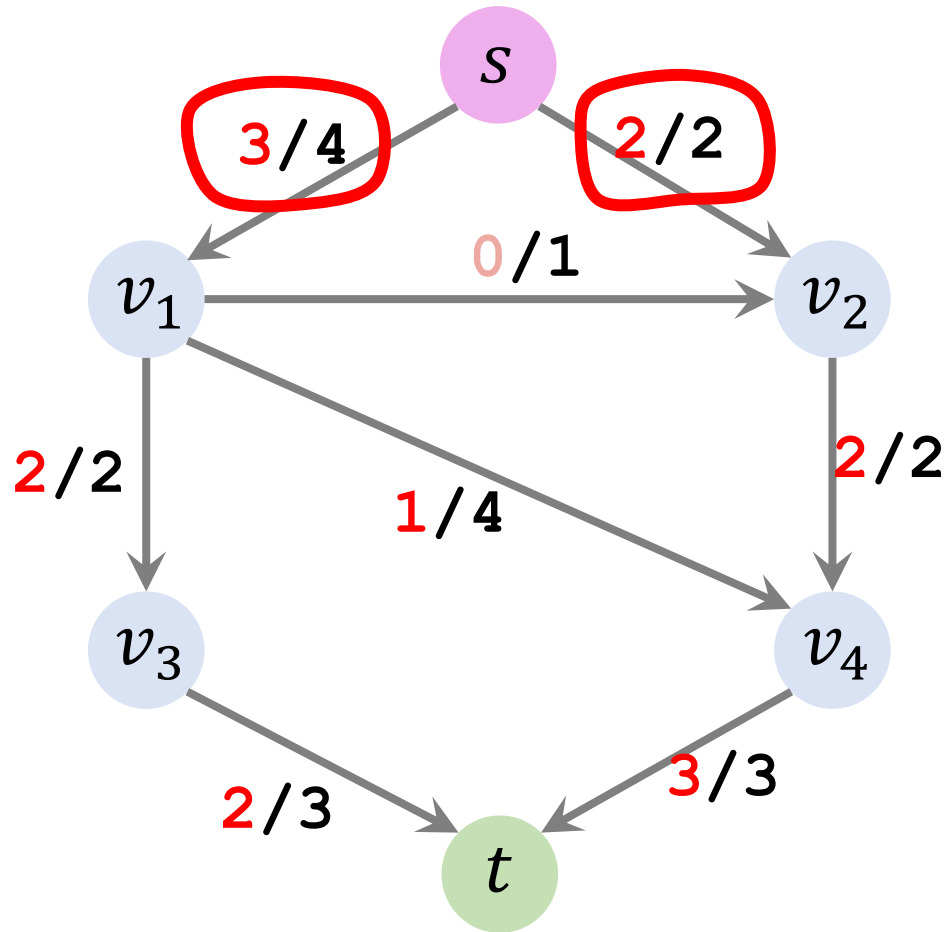
$$\text{Flow} = \text{Capacity} - \text{Residual}.$$

End of Procedure



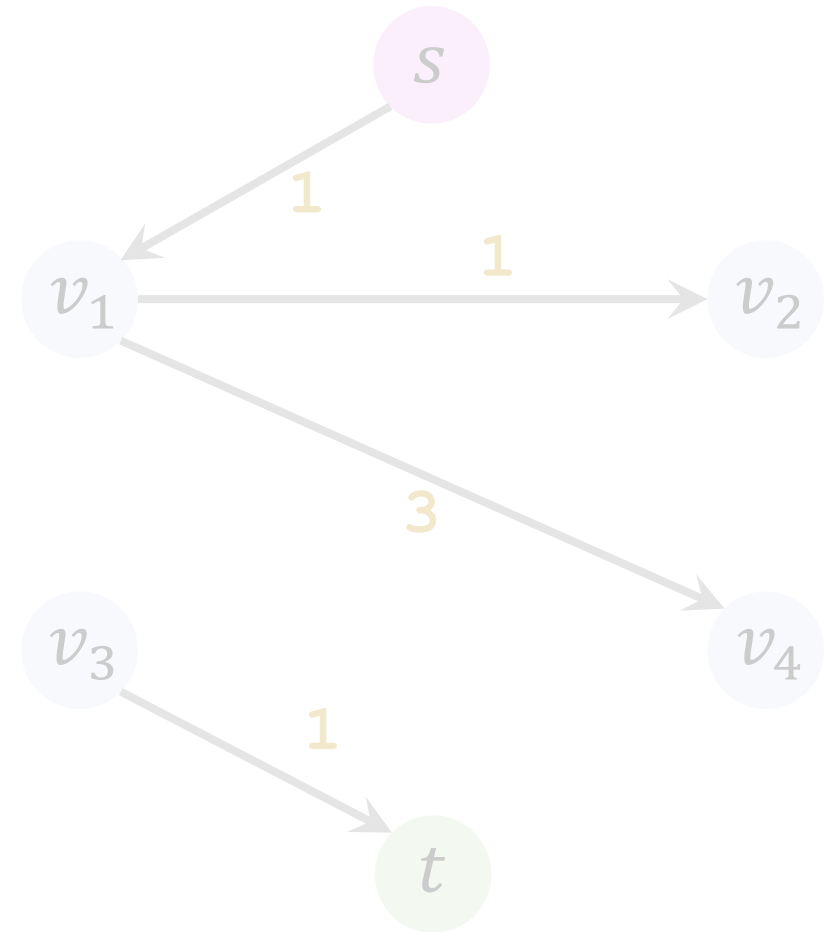
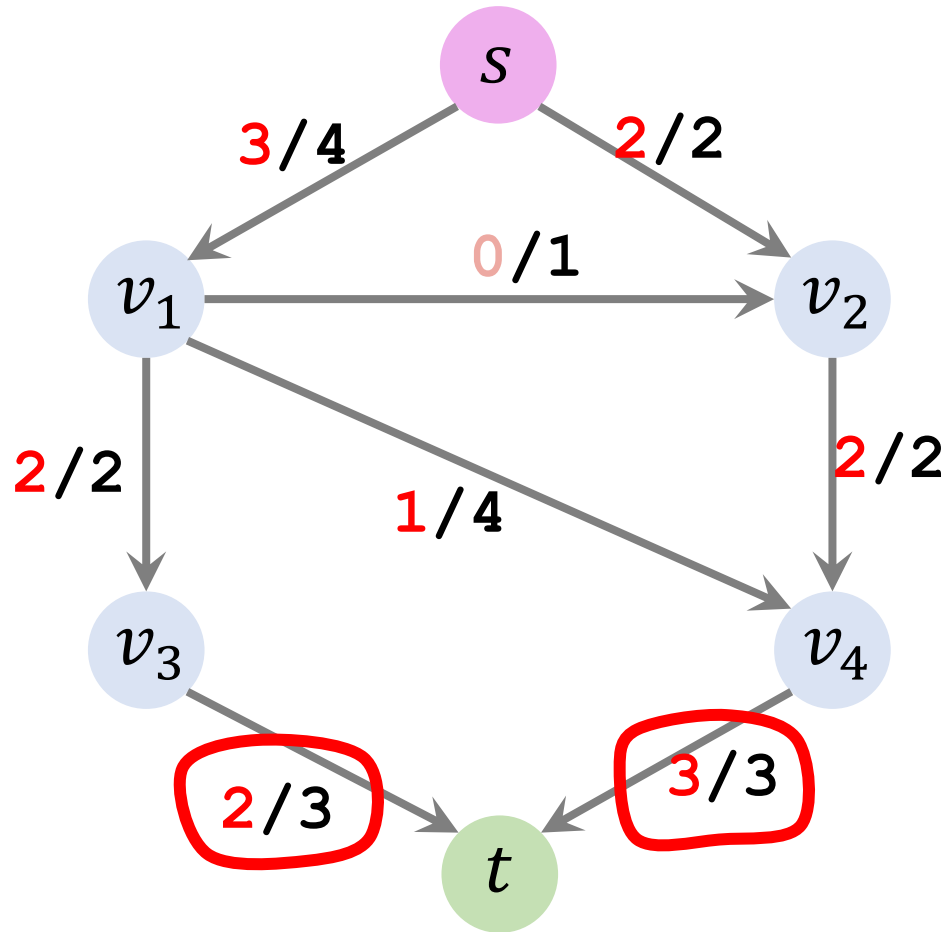
$$\text{Flow} = \text{Capacity} - \text{Residual}.$$

End of Procedure



Max Flow = 5. (Why? The flows leaving the source sum to 5.)

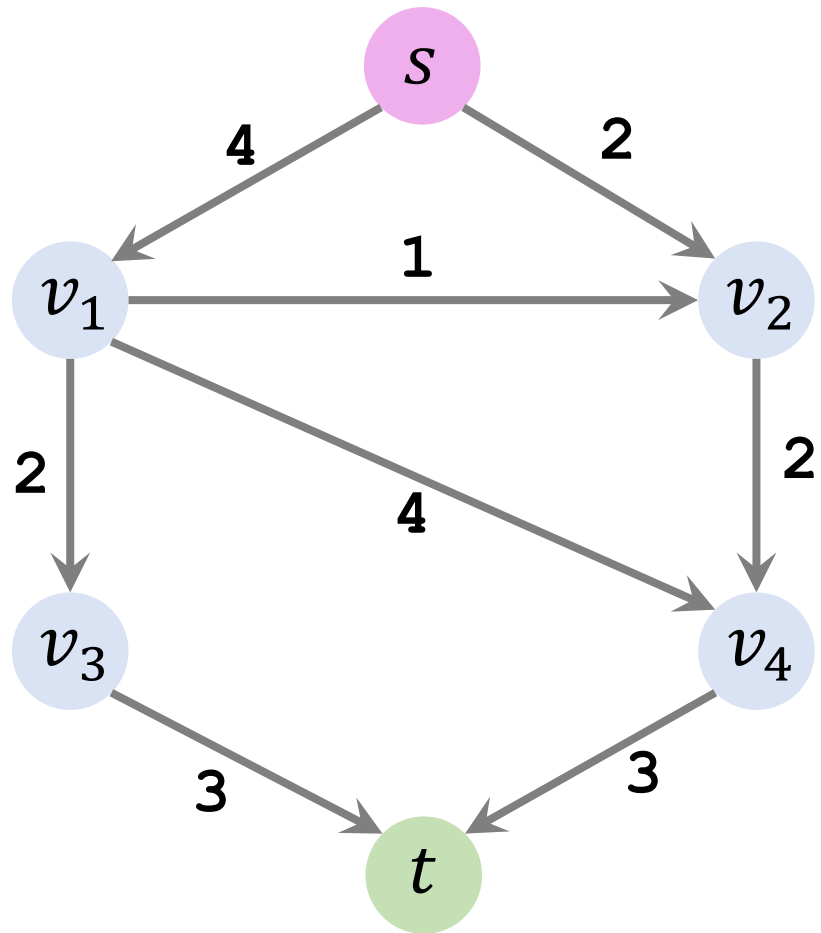
End of Procedure



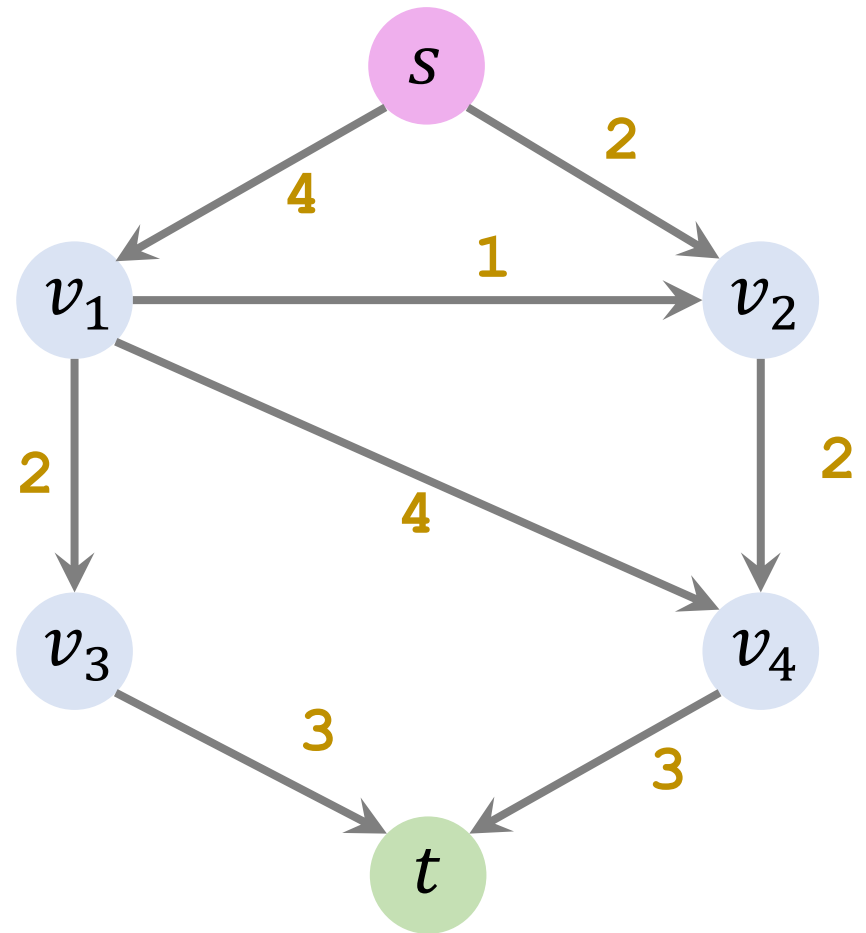
Max Flow = 5. (Why? The flows entering the sink sum to 5.)

The naïve algorithm can fail!

Initial State

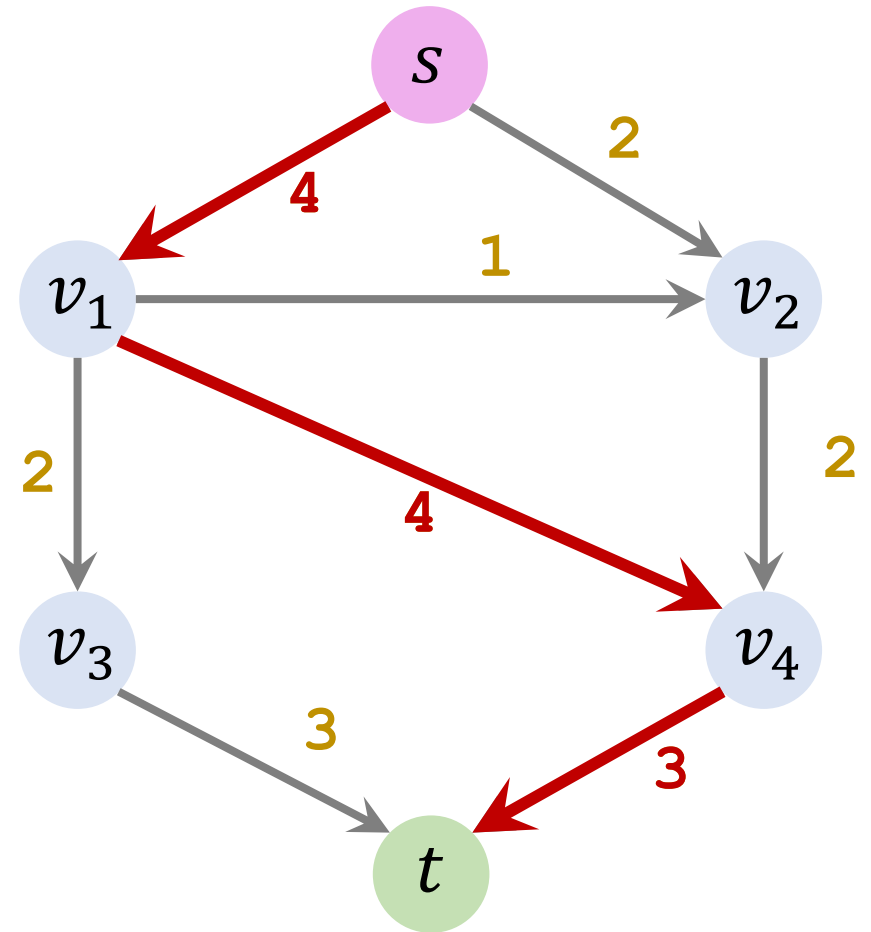
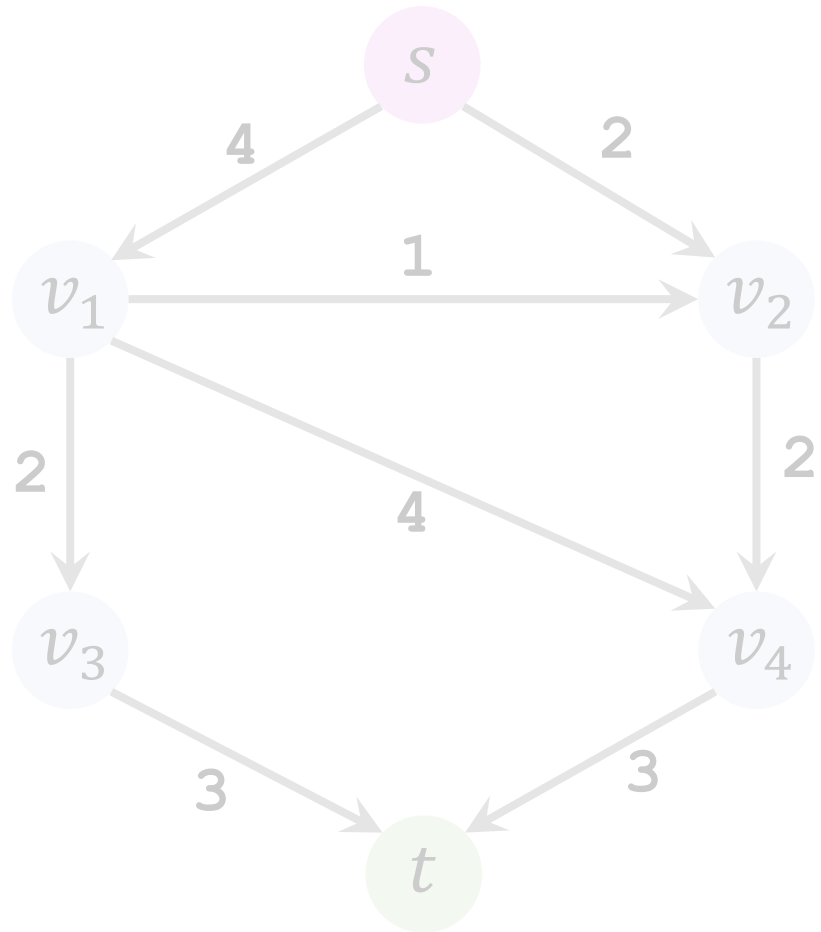


Original Graph



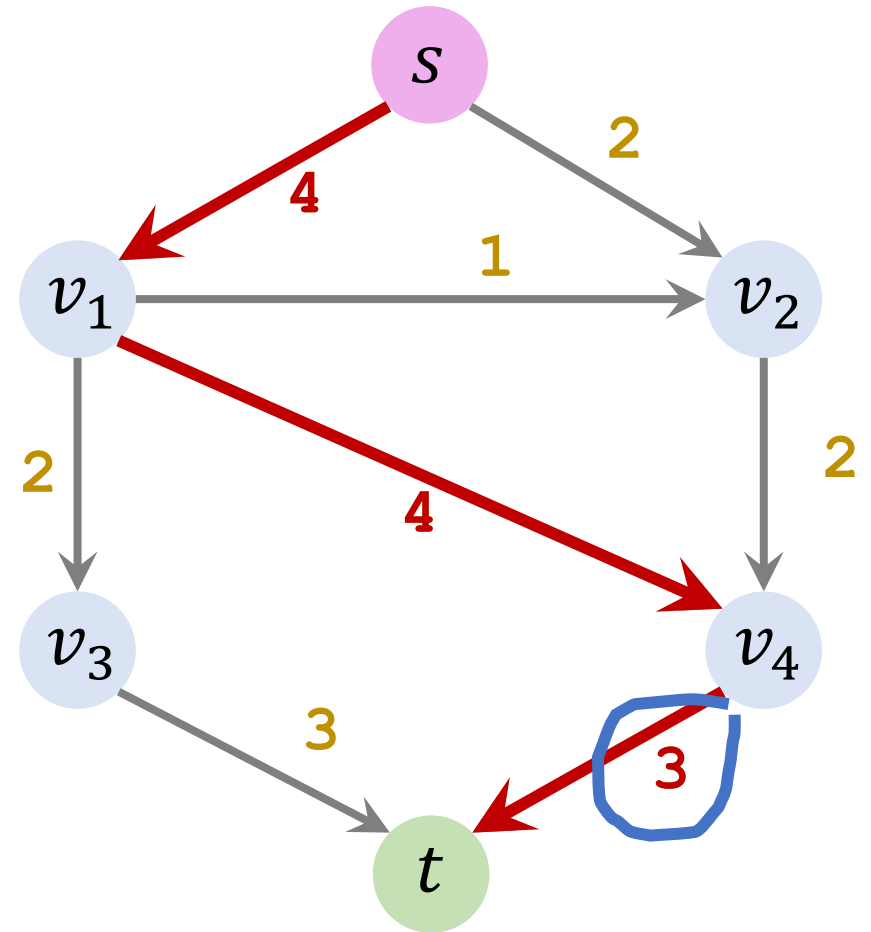
Residual Graph

Iteration 1: Find an augmenting path



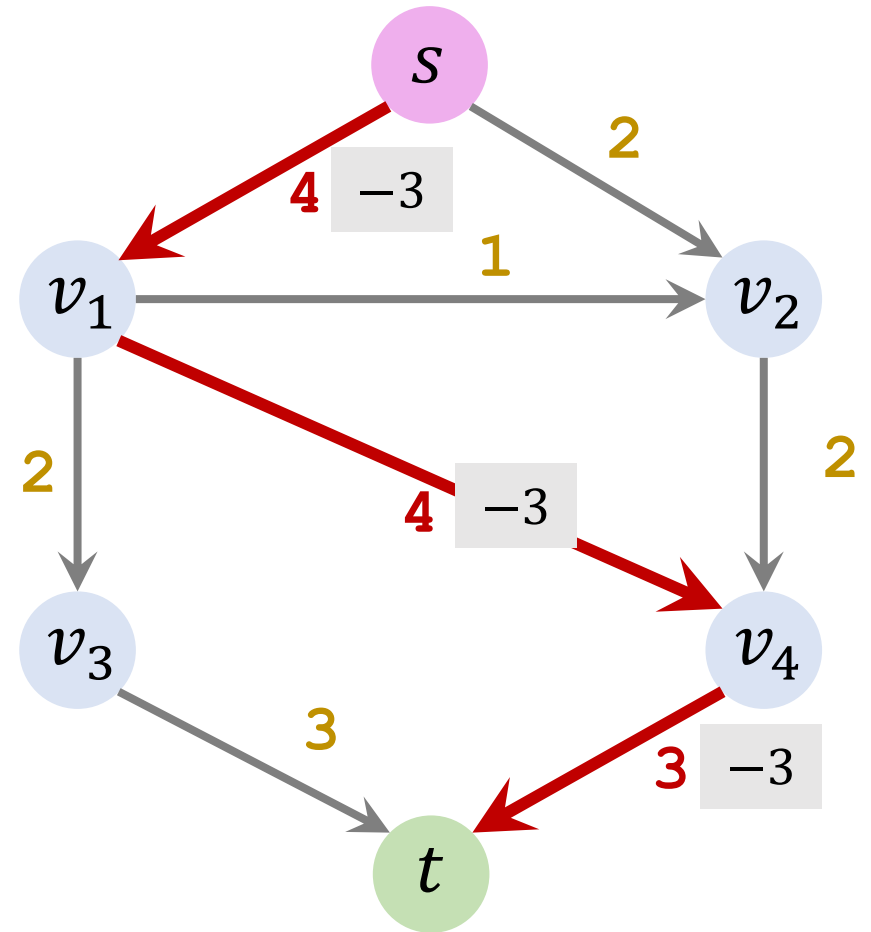
Found path $s \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow v_4 \rightarrow t$.

Iteration 1: Find an augmenting path

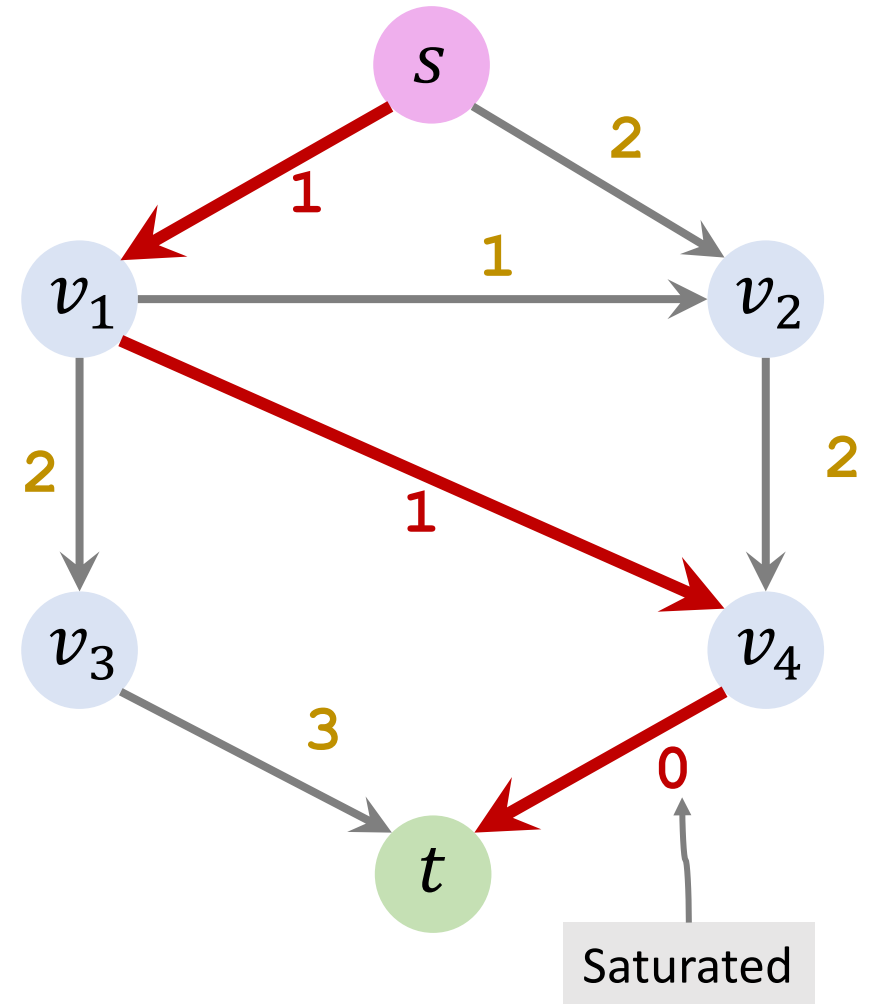


Found path $s \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow v_4 \rightarrow t$. (Bottleneck capacity = 3.)

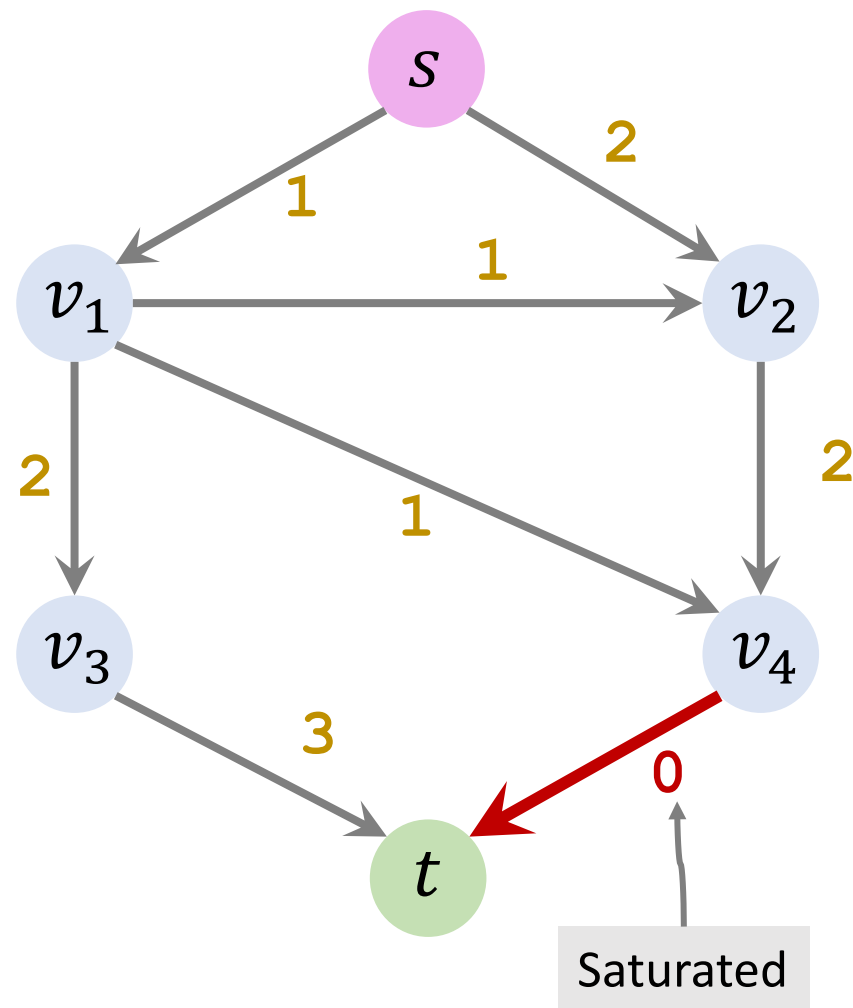
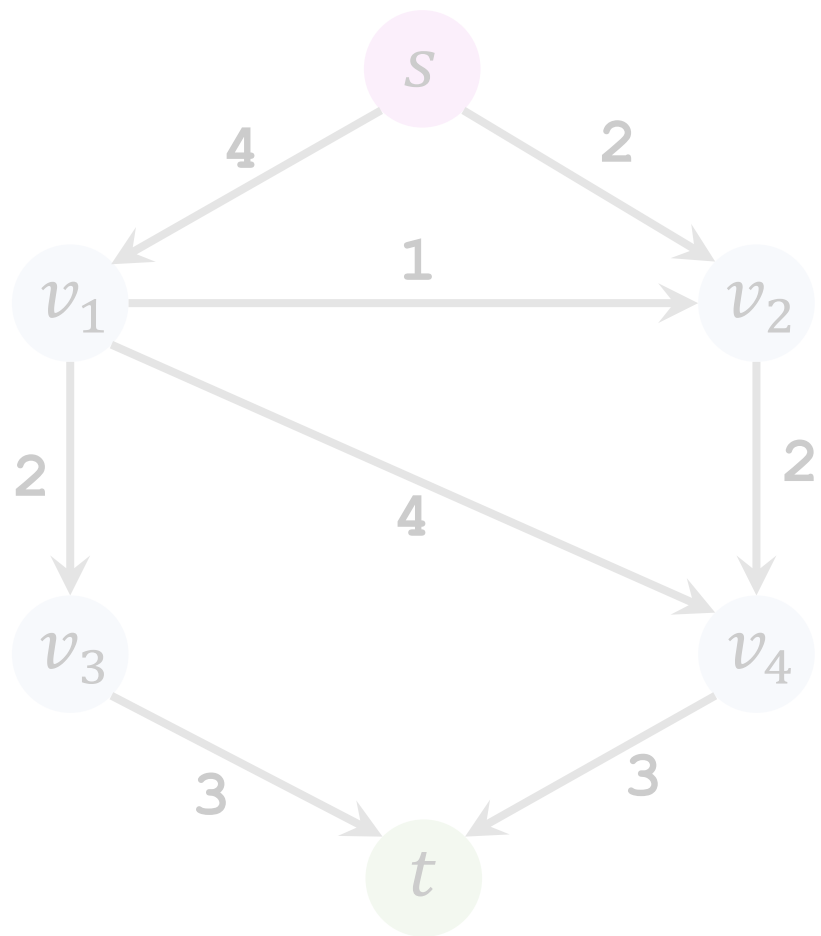
Iteration 1: Update residuals



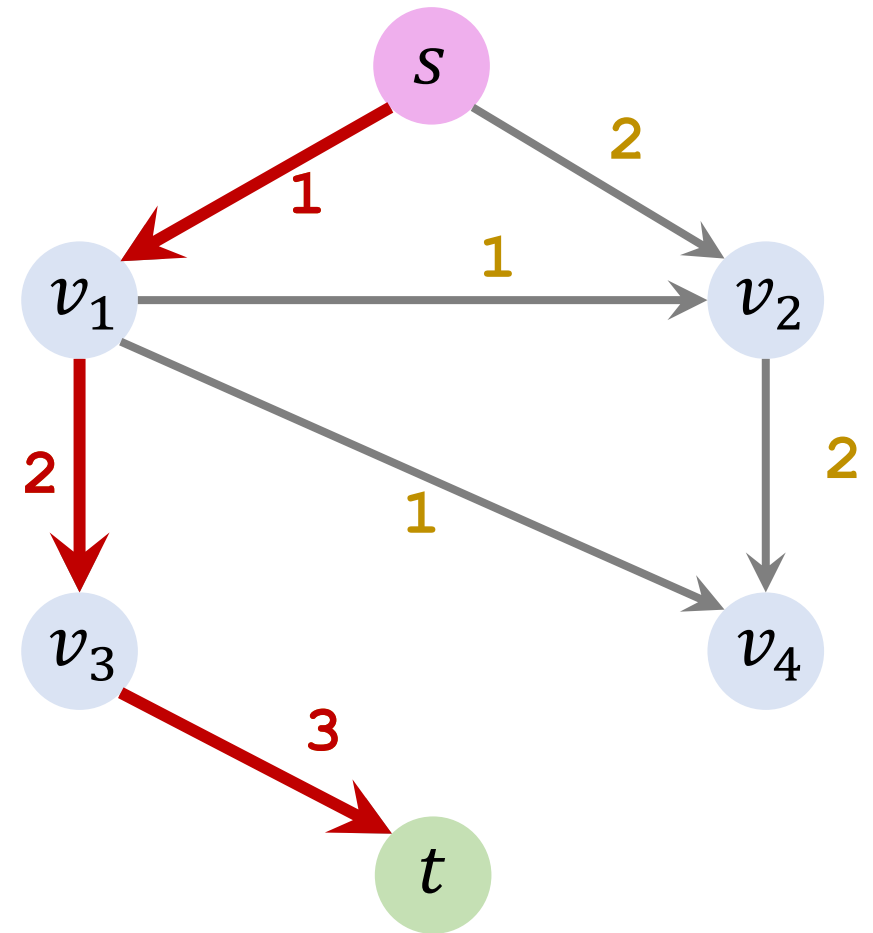
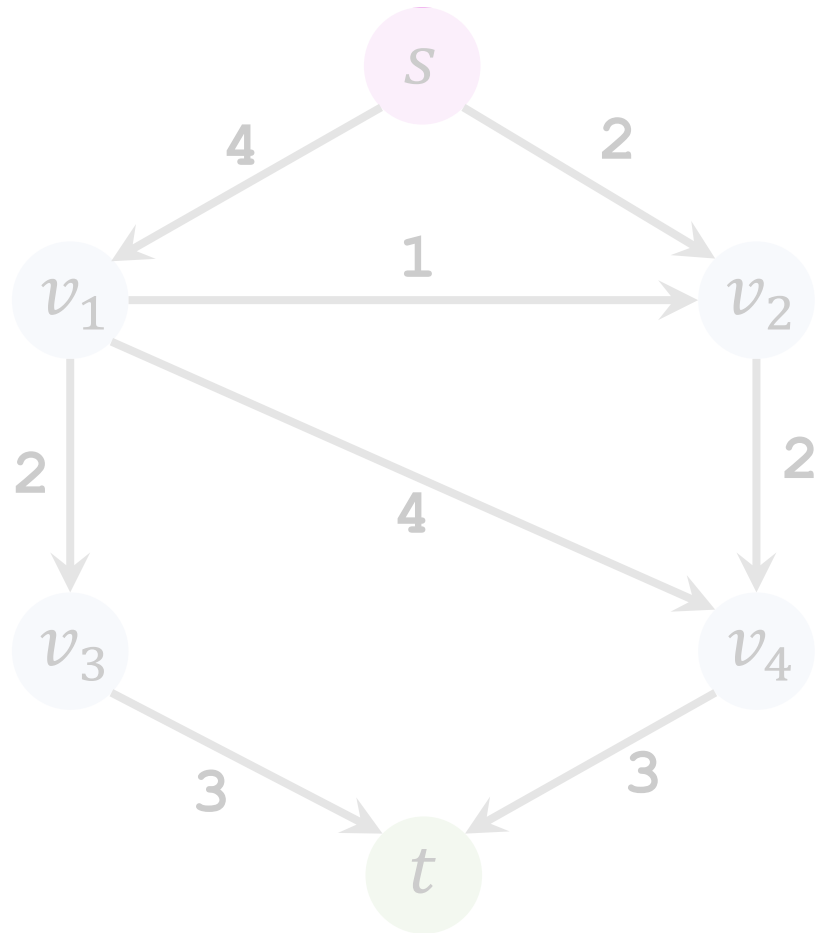
Iteration 1: Update residuals



Iteration 1: Remove saturated edges

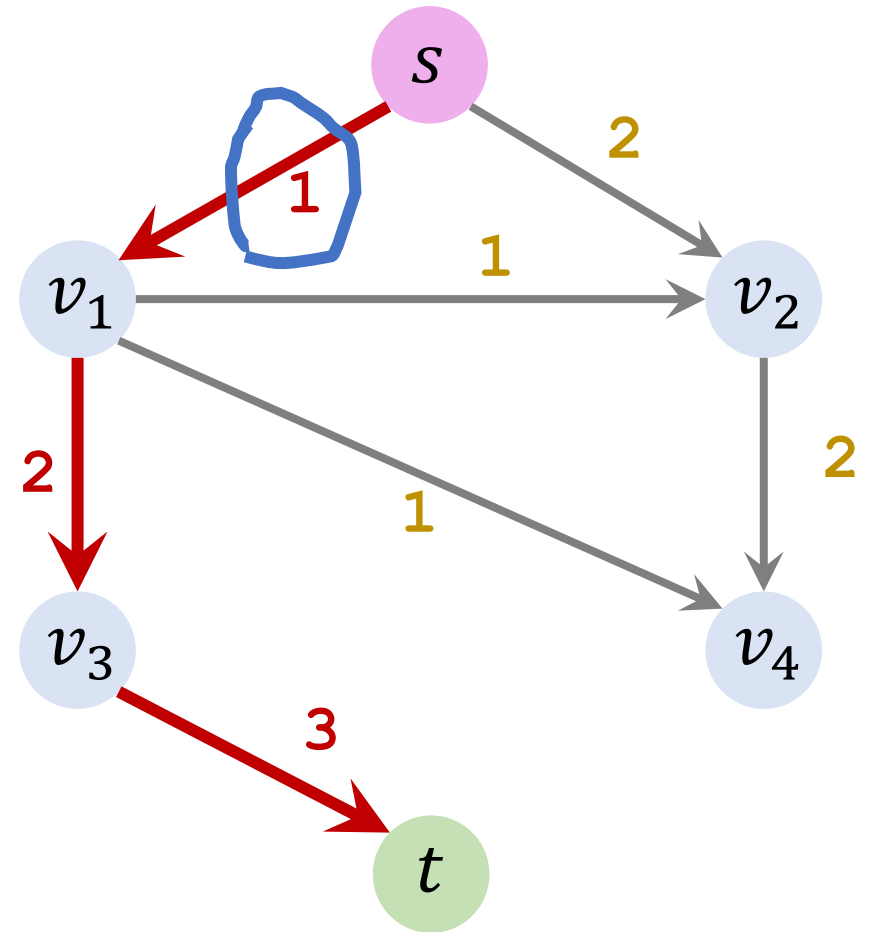
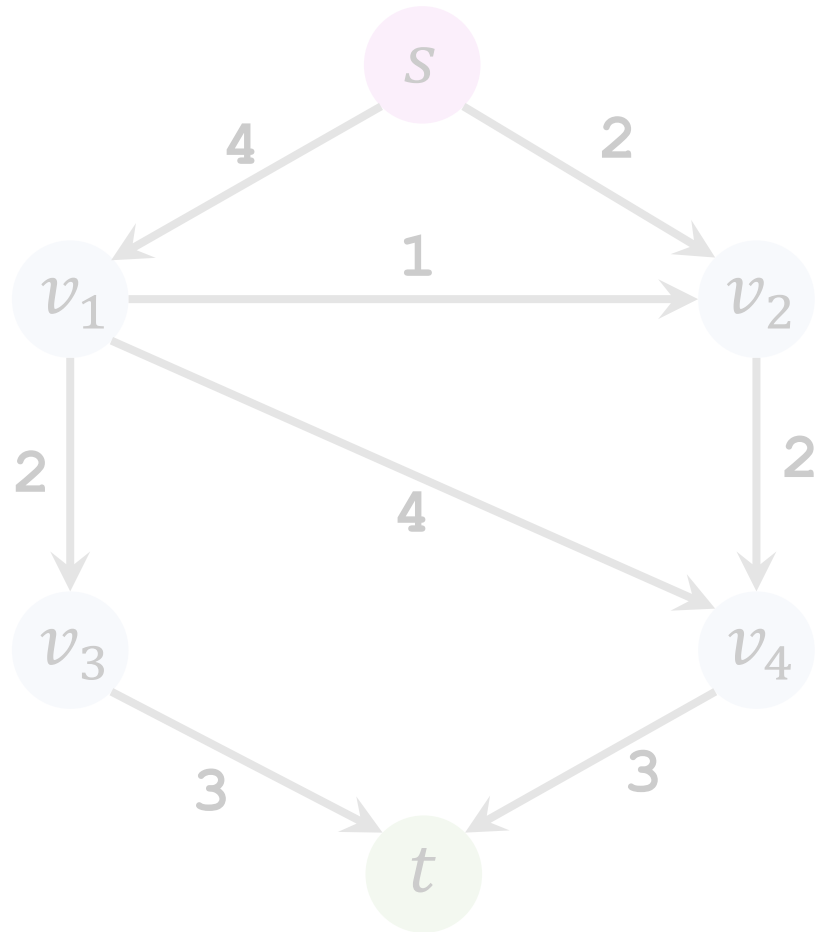


Iteration 2: Find an augmenting path



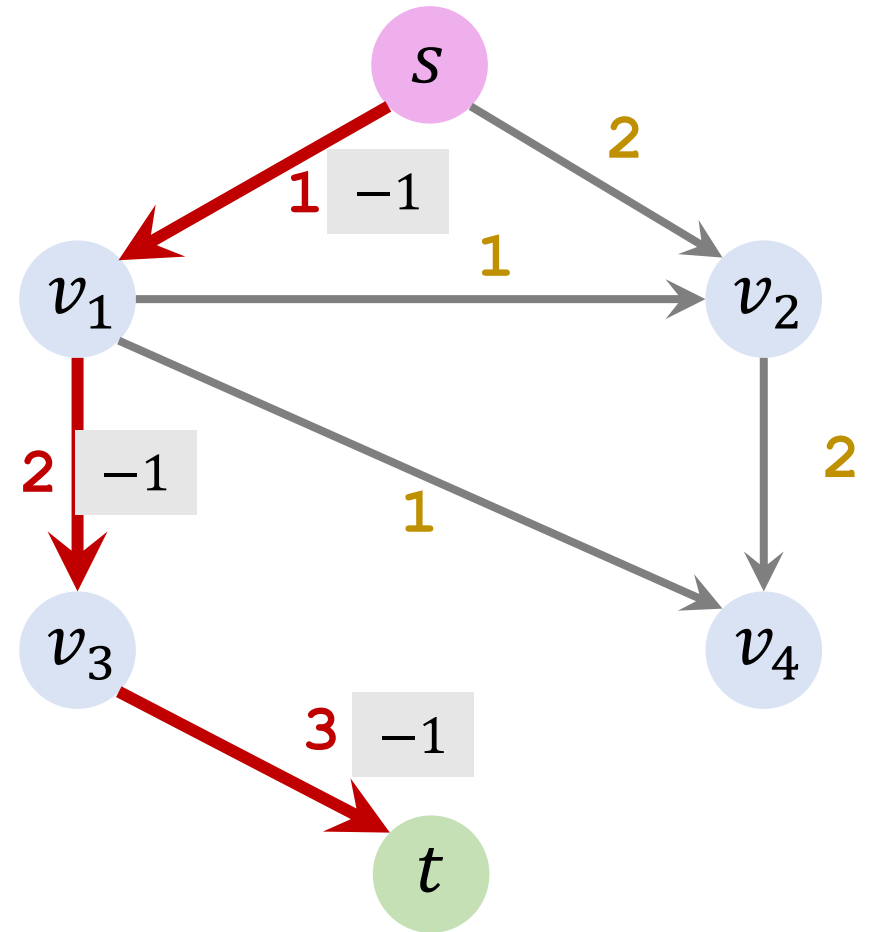
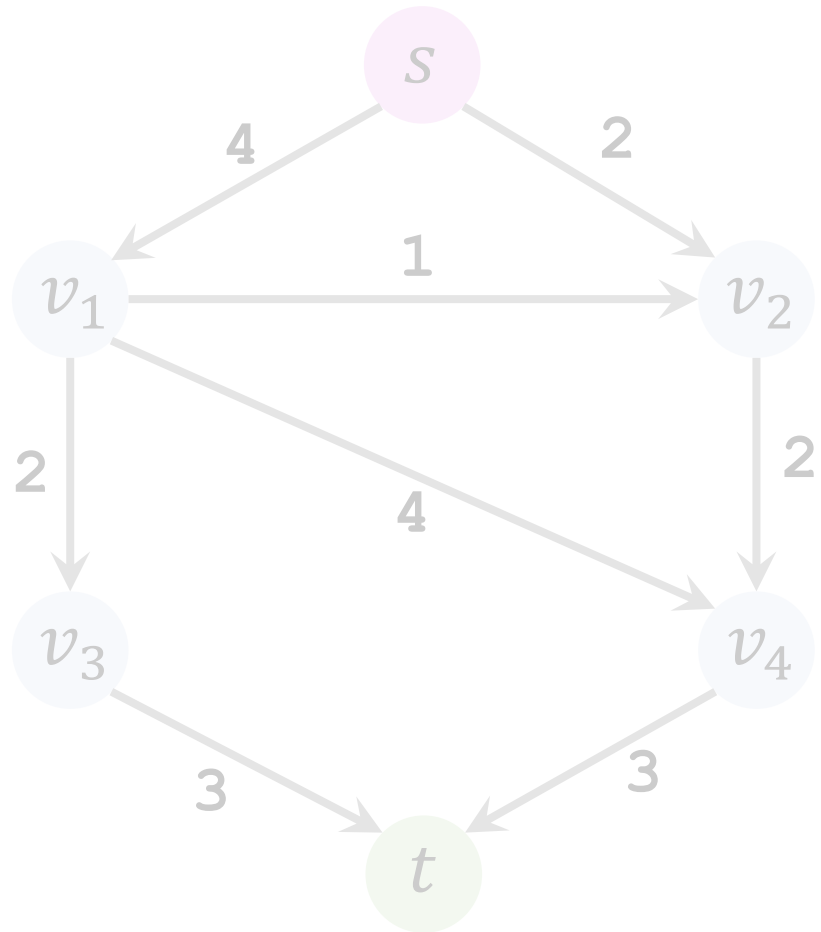
Found path $s \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow v_3 \rightarrow t$.

Iteration 2: Find an augmenting path

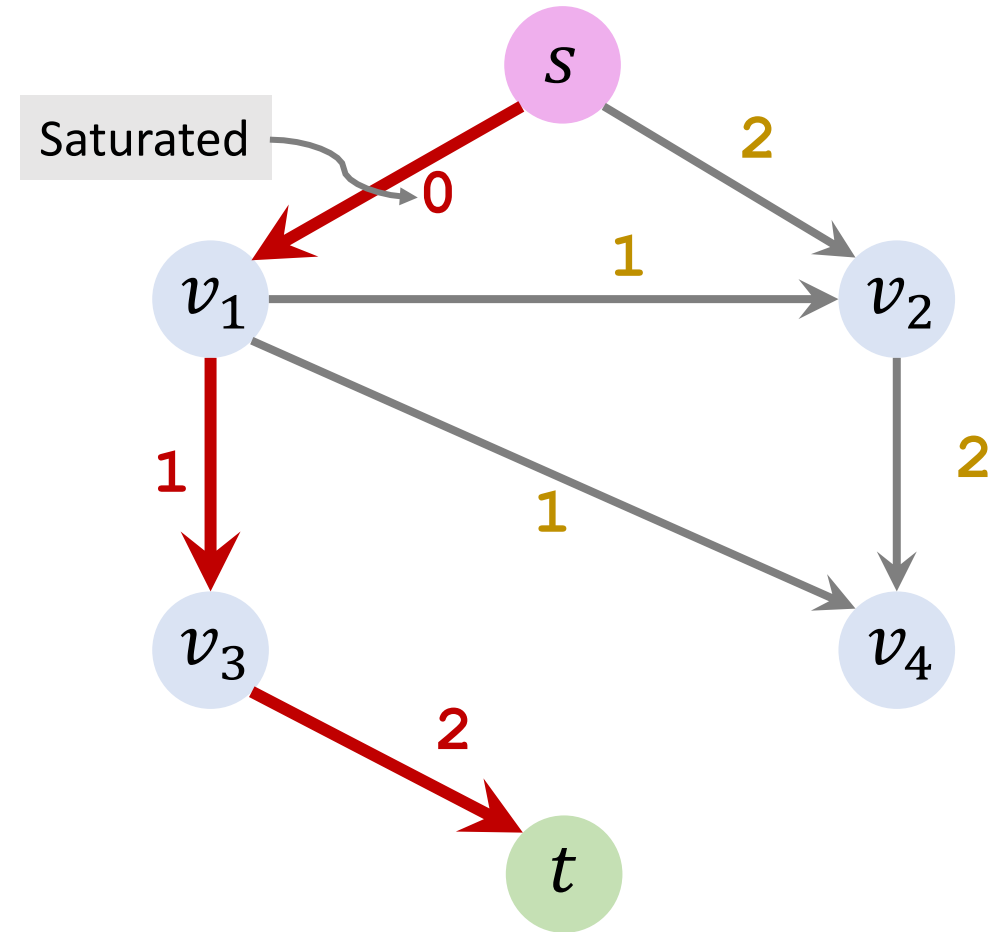
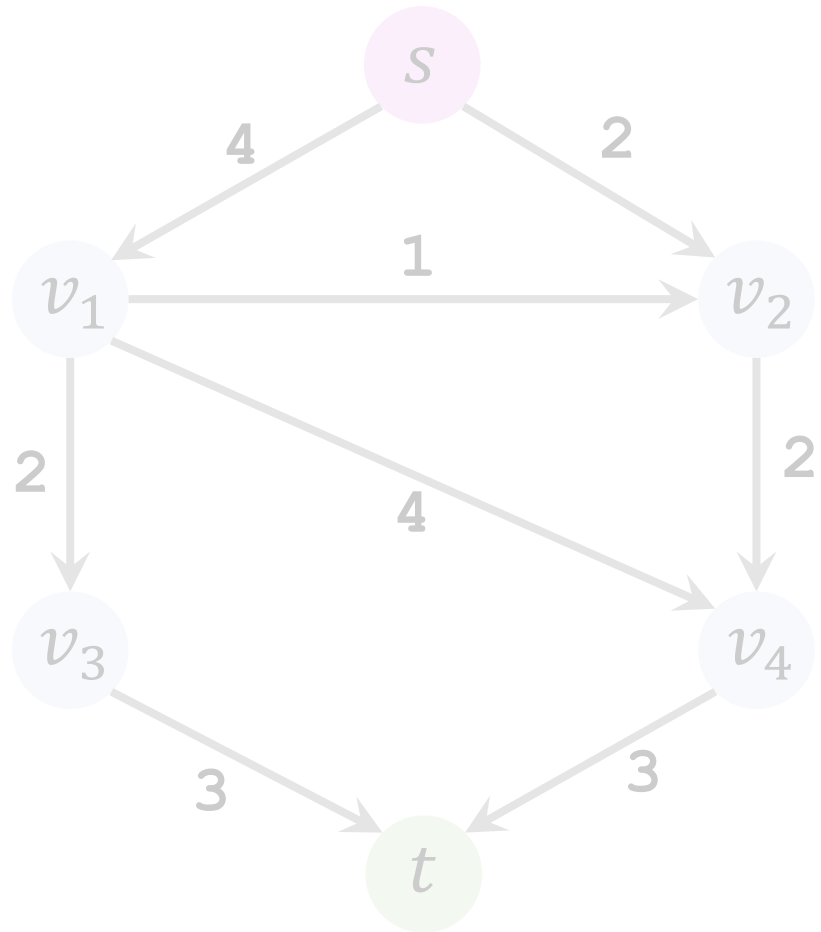


Found path $s \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow v_3 \rightarrow t$. (Bottleneck capacity = 1.)

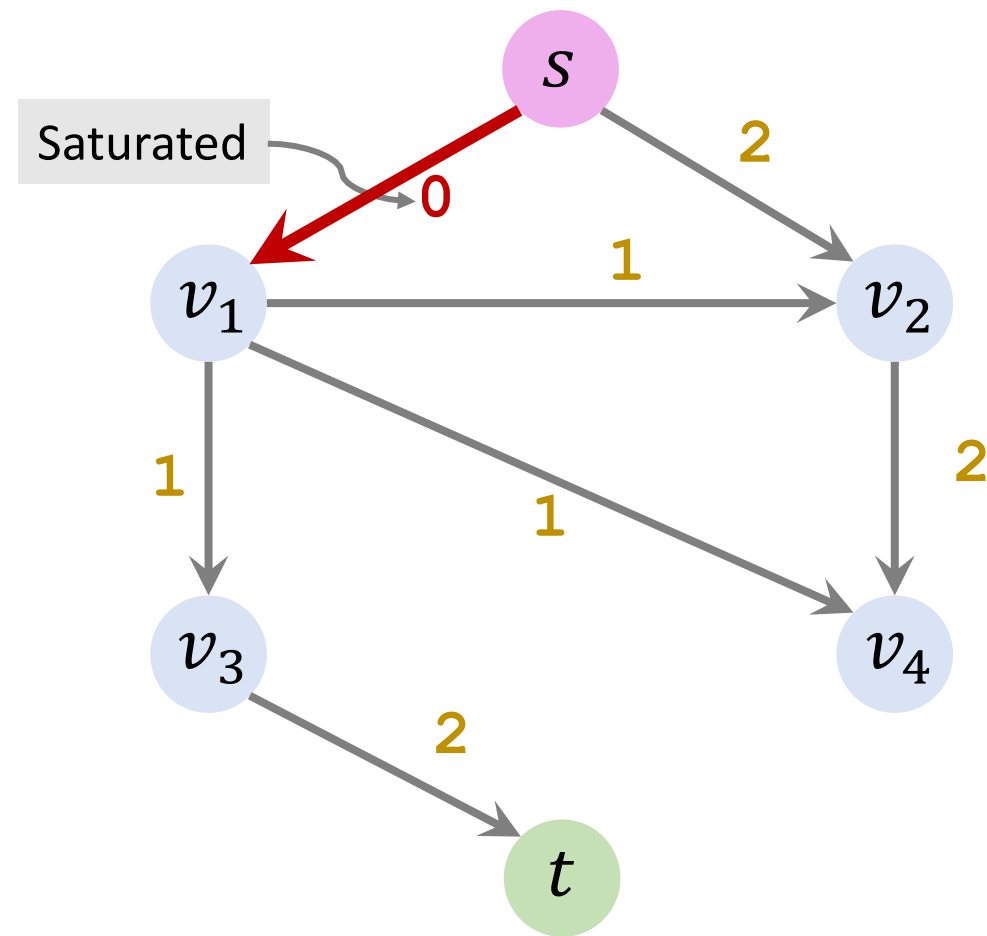
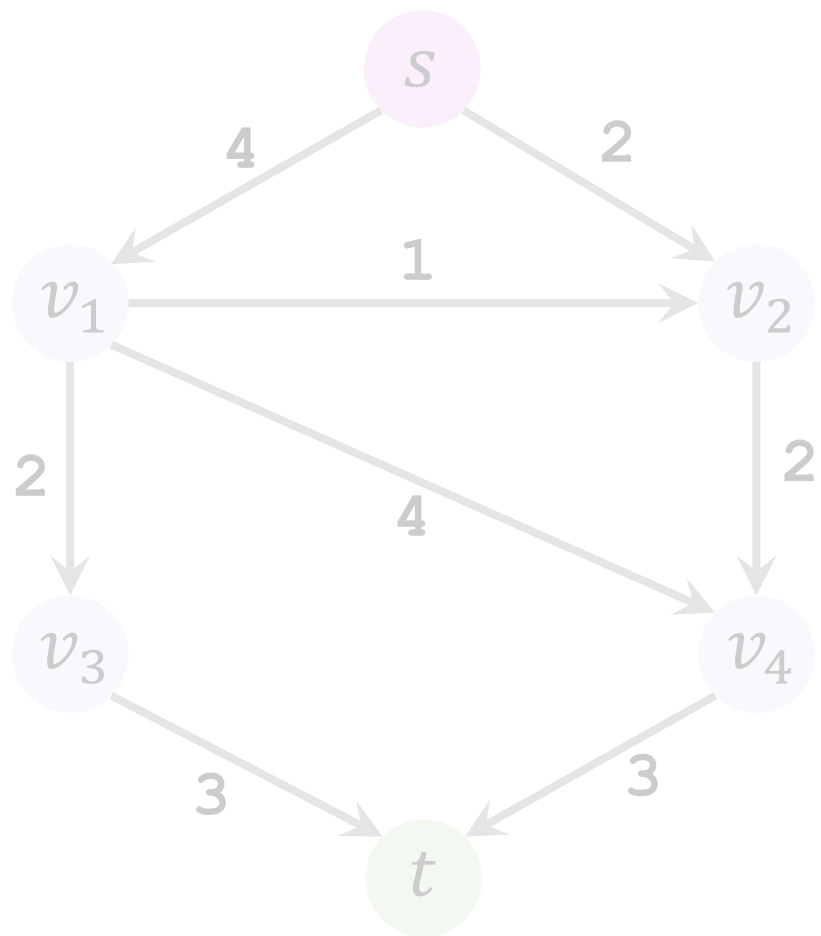
Iteration 2: Update residuals



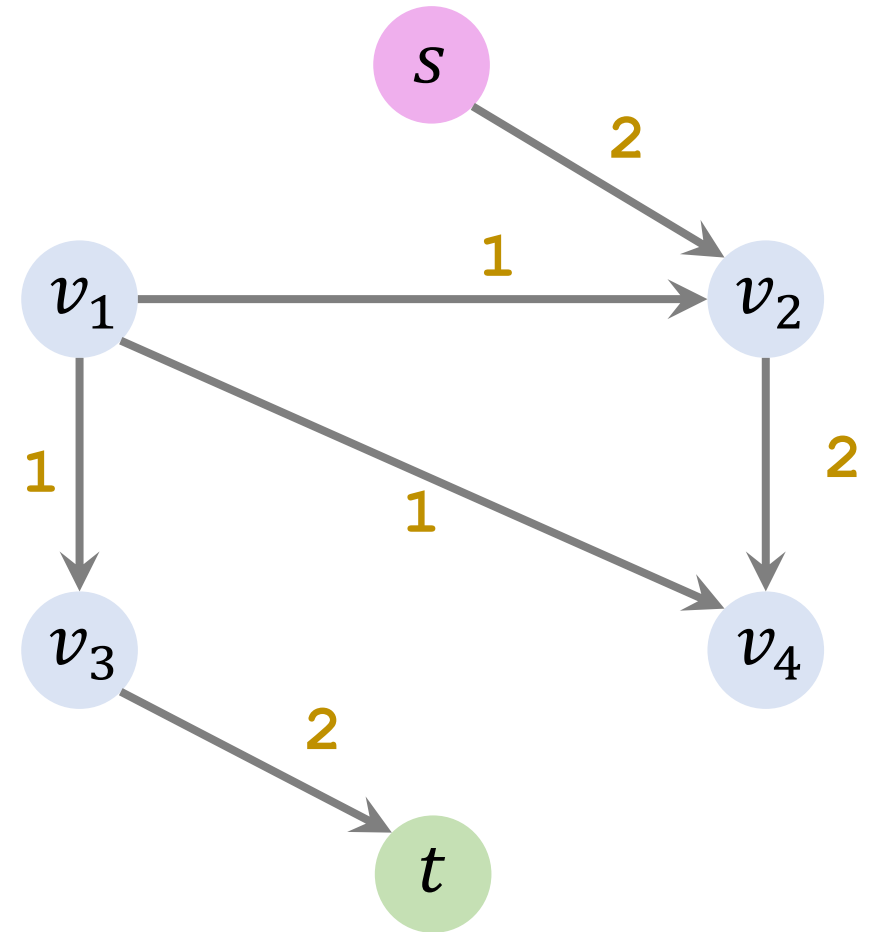
Iteration 2: Update residuals



Iteration 2: Remove saturated edges

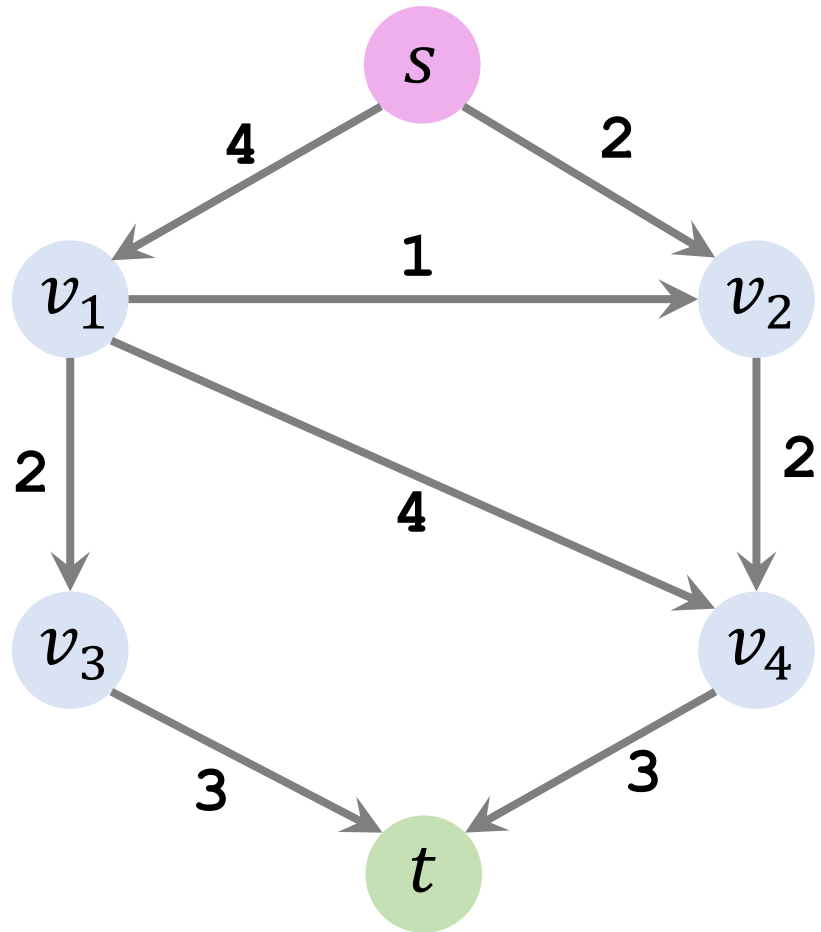


Iteration 3: Find an augmenting path

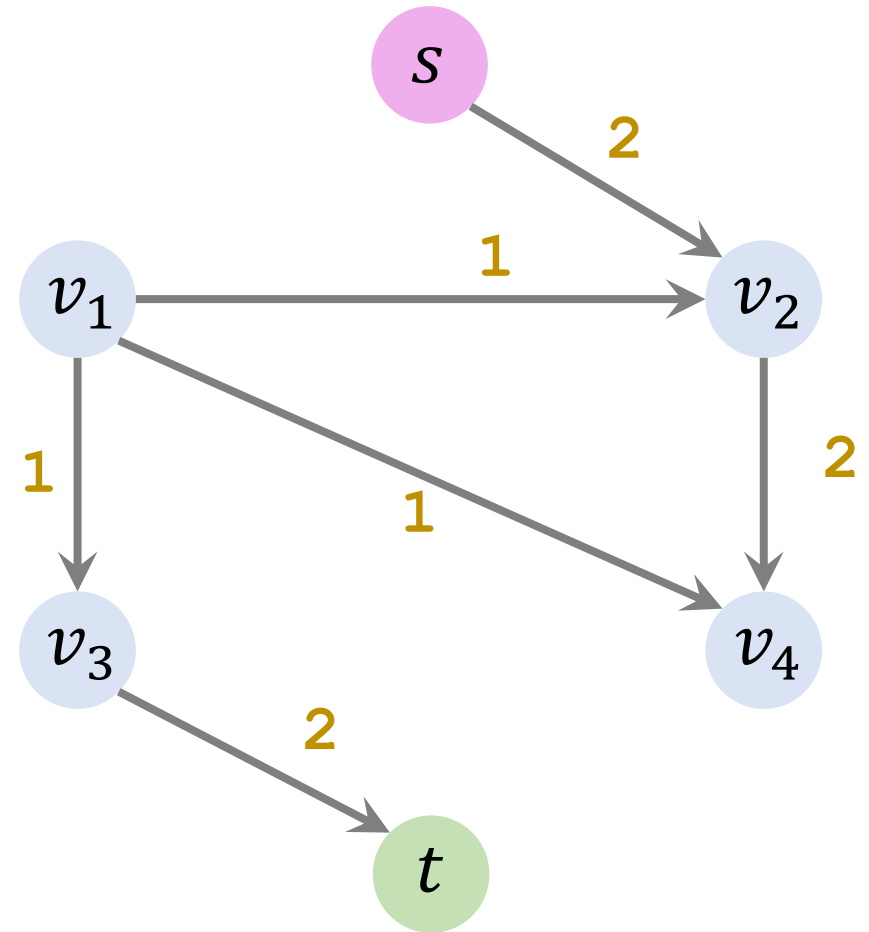


Cannot find any path from source to sink.

End of Procedure

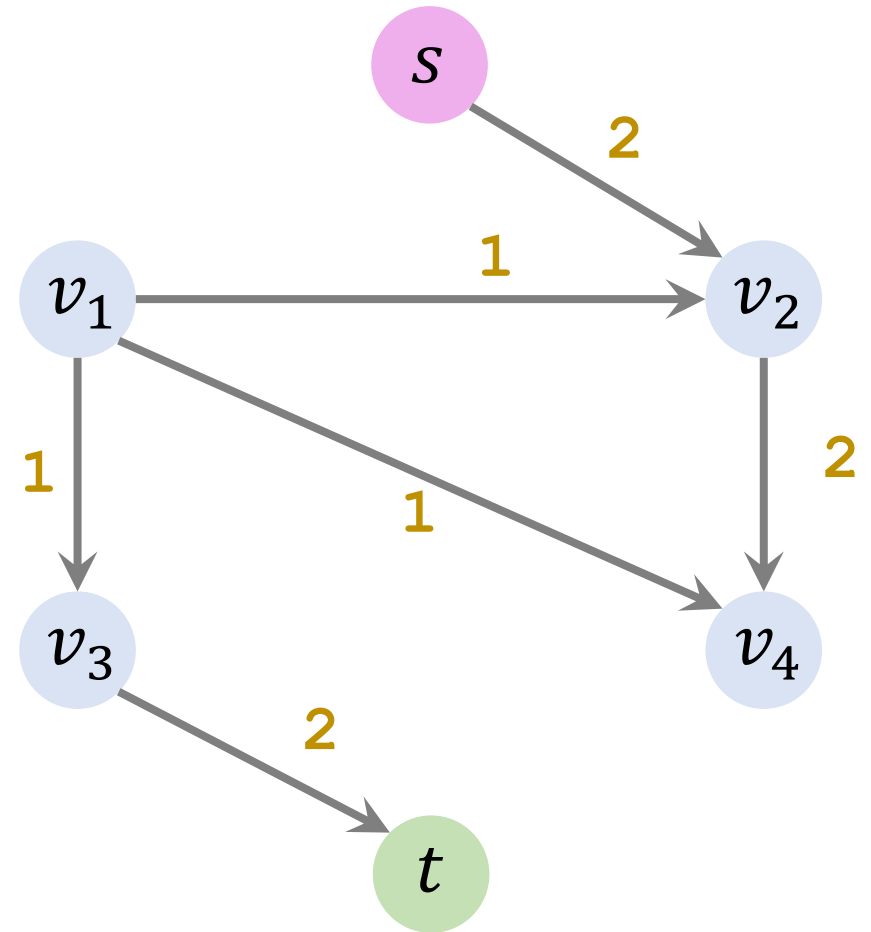
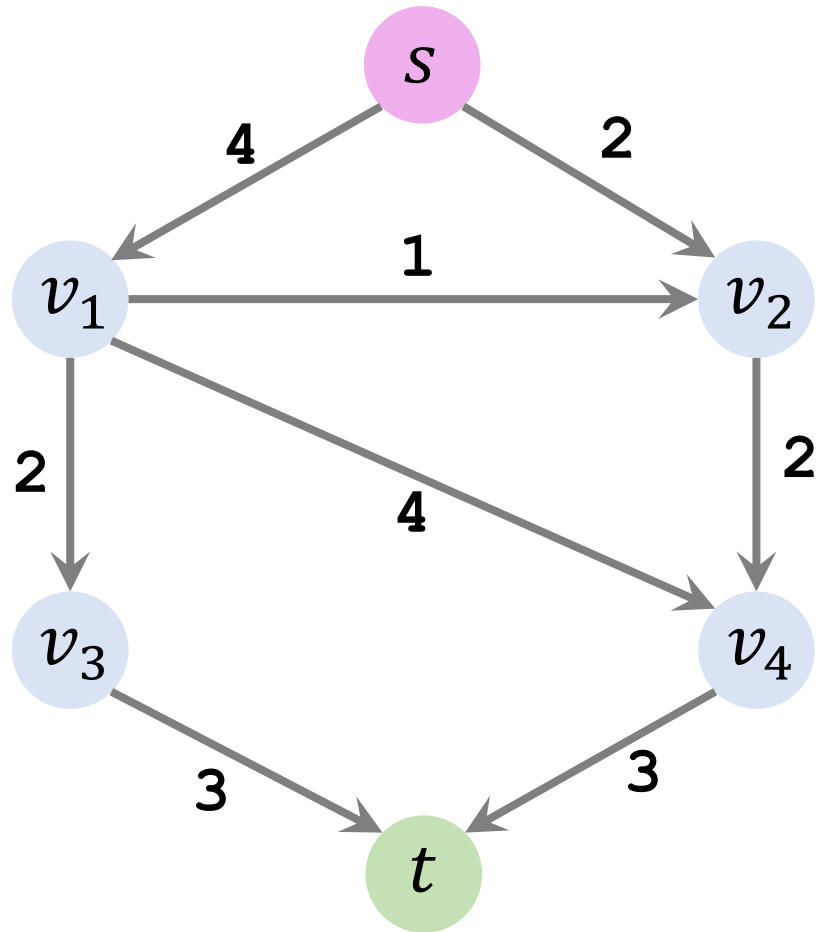


Original Graph



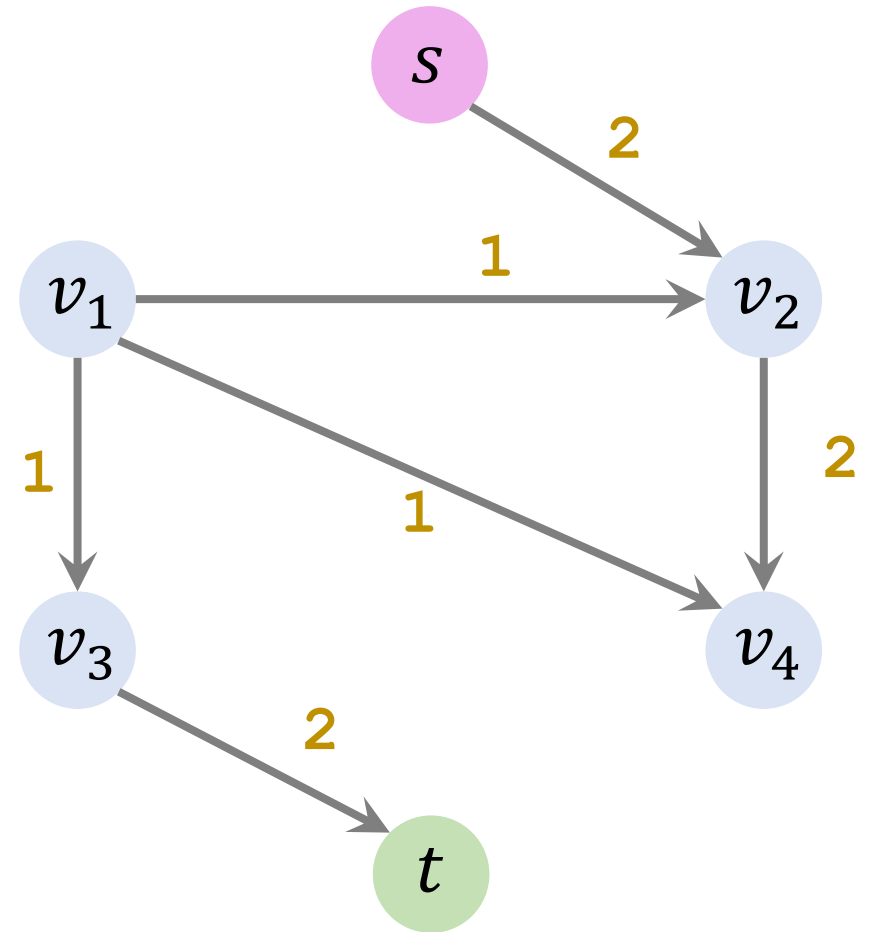
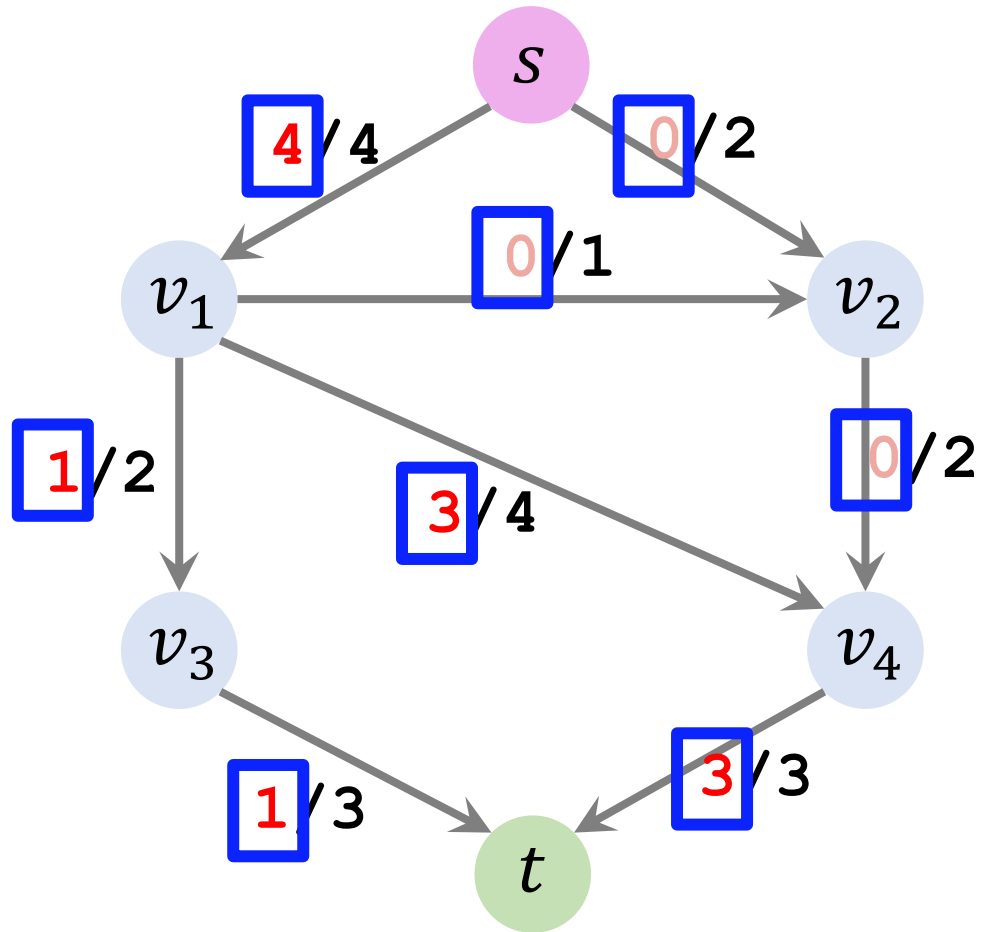
Residual Graph

End of Procedure



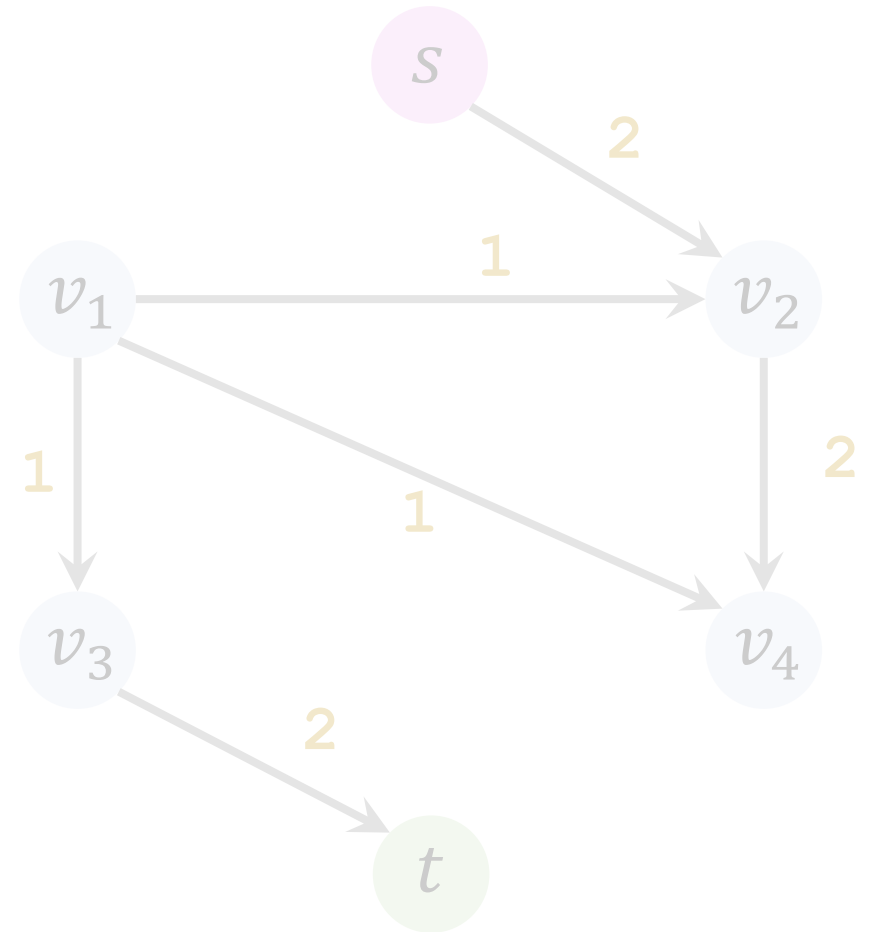
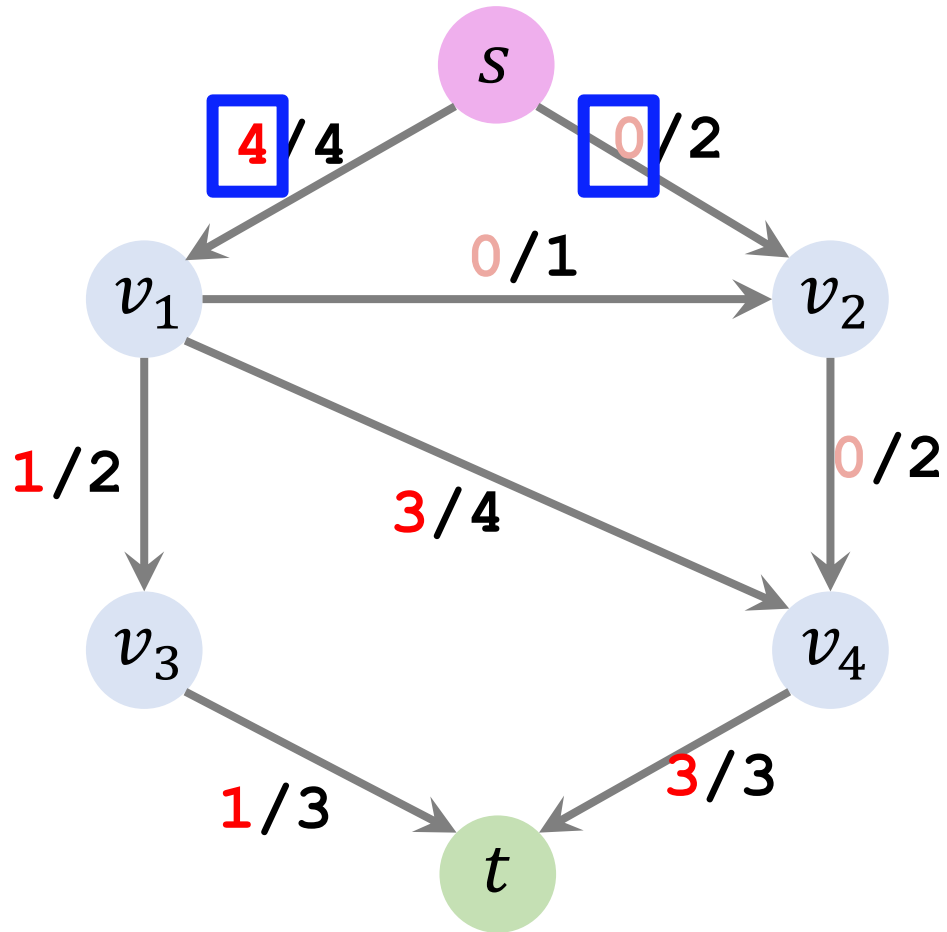
Flow = Capacity - Residual.

End of Procedure



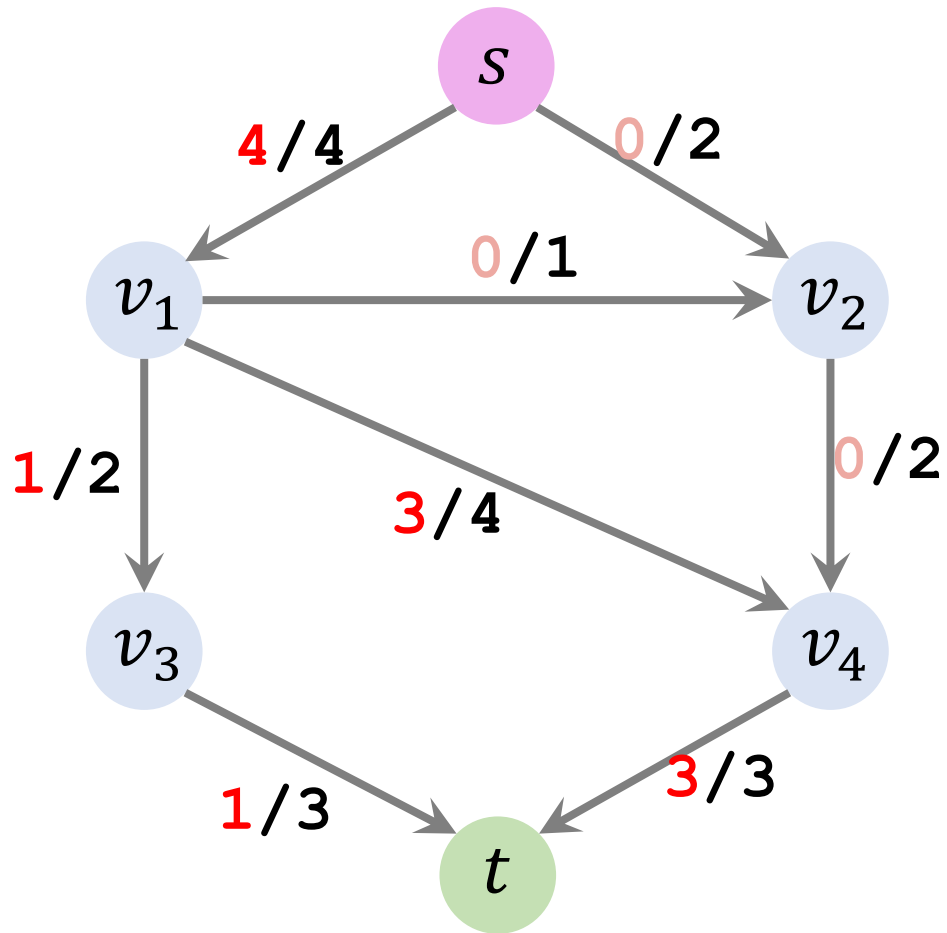
Flow = Capacity - Residual.

End of Procedure

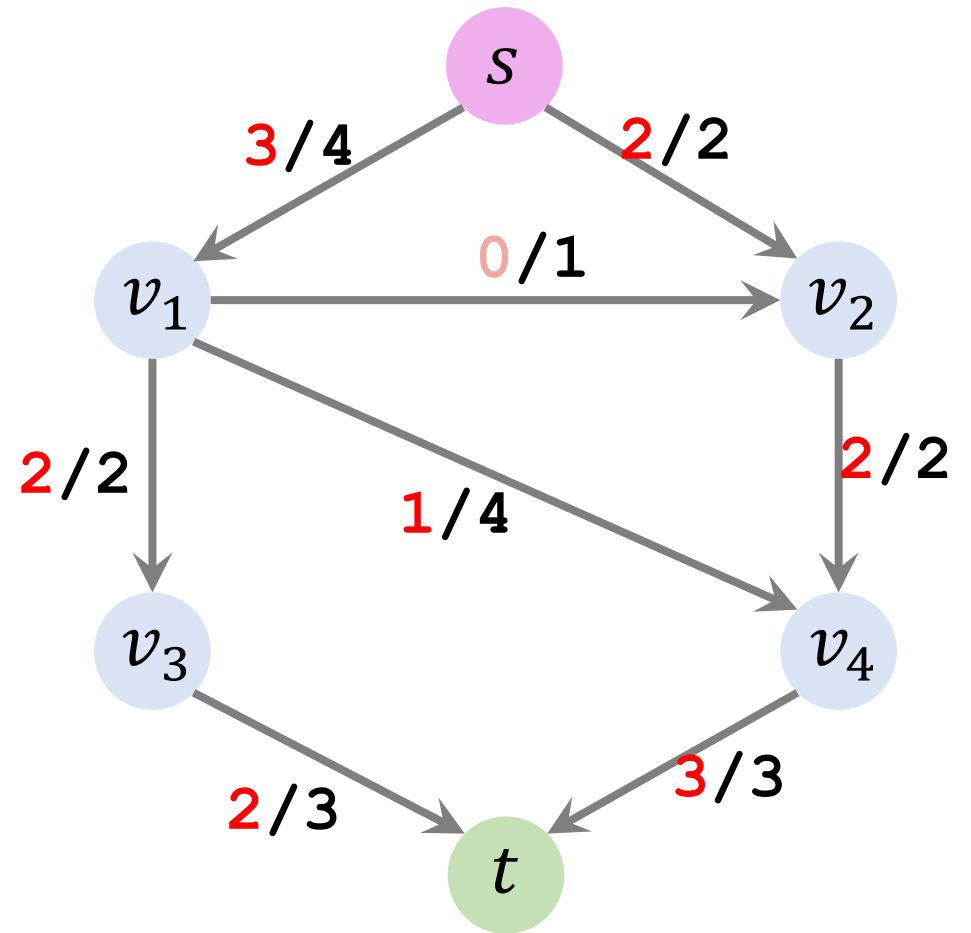


Flow = 4. (Why? The flow leaving the source sum to 4.)

The result is not maximum flow!

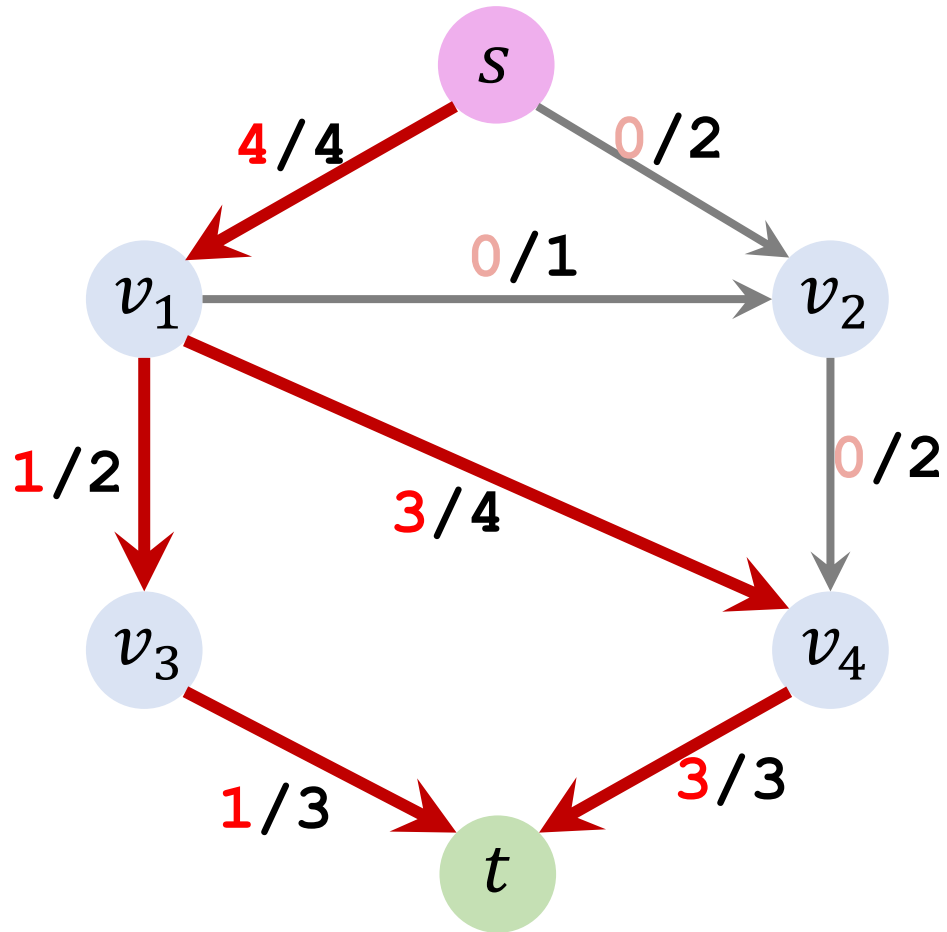


Flow = 4. (Not maximum!)



Flow = 5. (Maximum!)

Blocking Flow



- A flow is **blocking flow** if no more flow from source to sink can be found.
- The “pipes” are blocked.
- Maximum flow is also **blocking flow**.

Summary

Maximum Flow Problem

- **Inputs:** a weighted directed graph, the source s , and the sink t .
- **Goal:** Send as much water as possible from s to t .
- **Constraints:**
 - Every edge has a weight (i.e., the capacity of the pipe).
 - The flow cannot exceed the capacity.

Naïve Algorithm

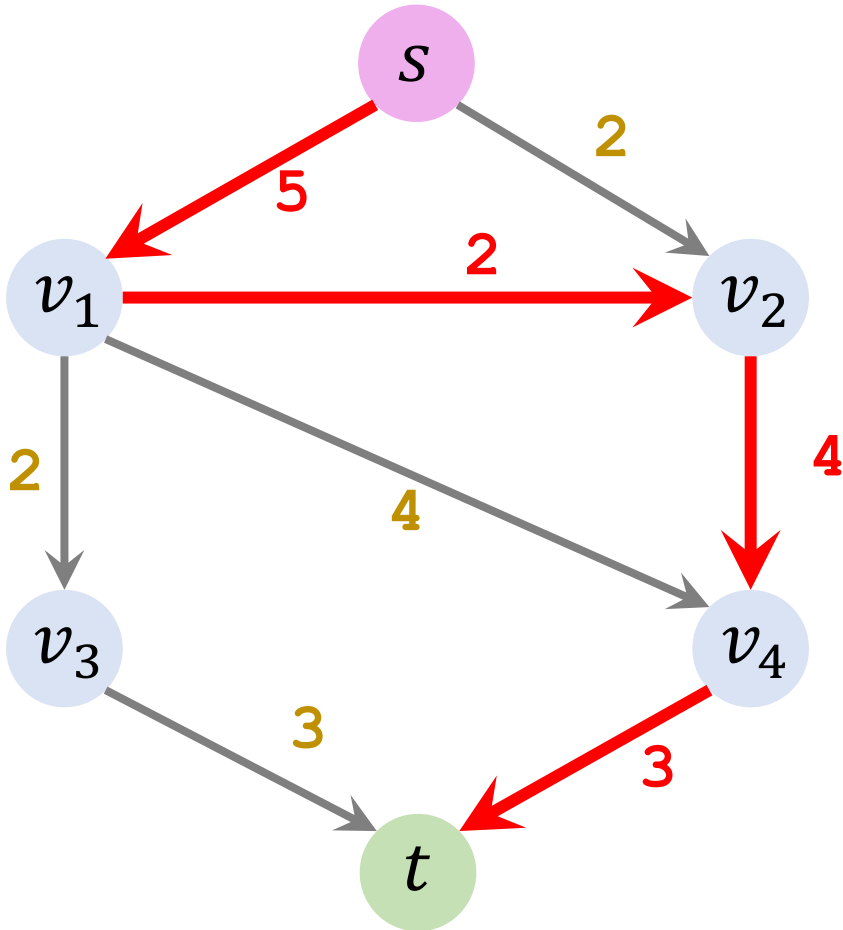
1. Build a residual graph; initialize the residuals to the capacity.
2. While augmenting path can be found:
 - a. Find an augmenting path (in the residual graph.)
 - b. Find the bottleneck capacity x in the augmenting path.
 - c. Update the residuals. (Along the path, $\text{Residual} = \text{Residual} - x$.)

The naïve algorithm can fail

- The naïve algorithm always finds the blocking flow.
- However, the outcome may not be the maximum flow.

Questions

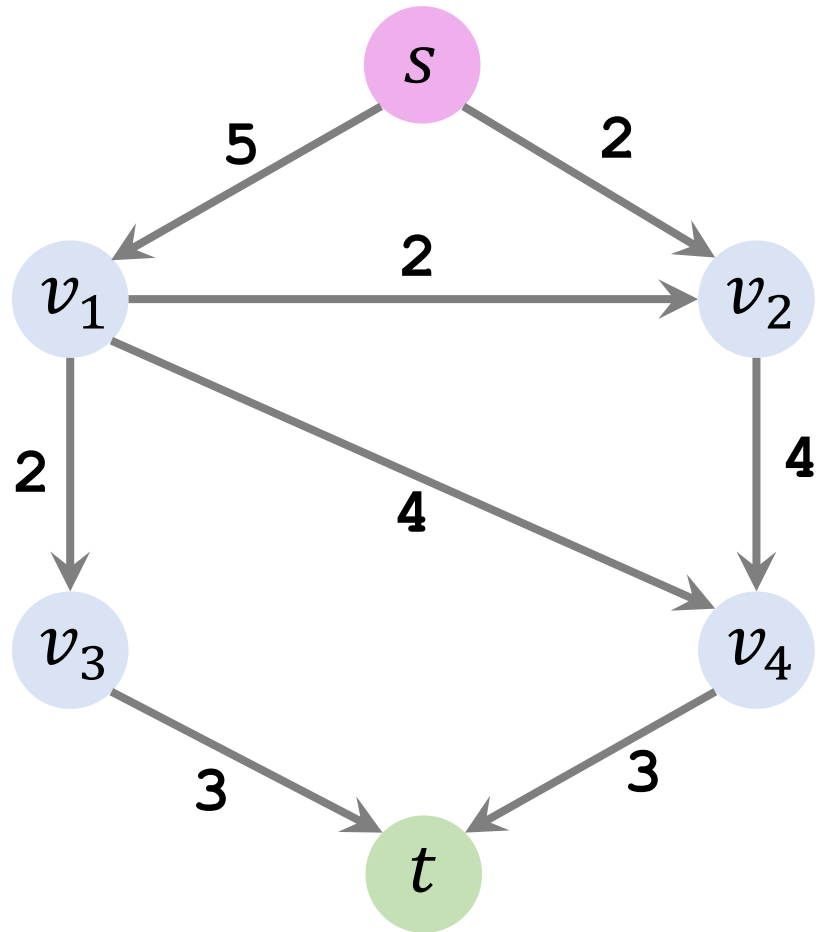
Q1: Bottleneck Capacity



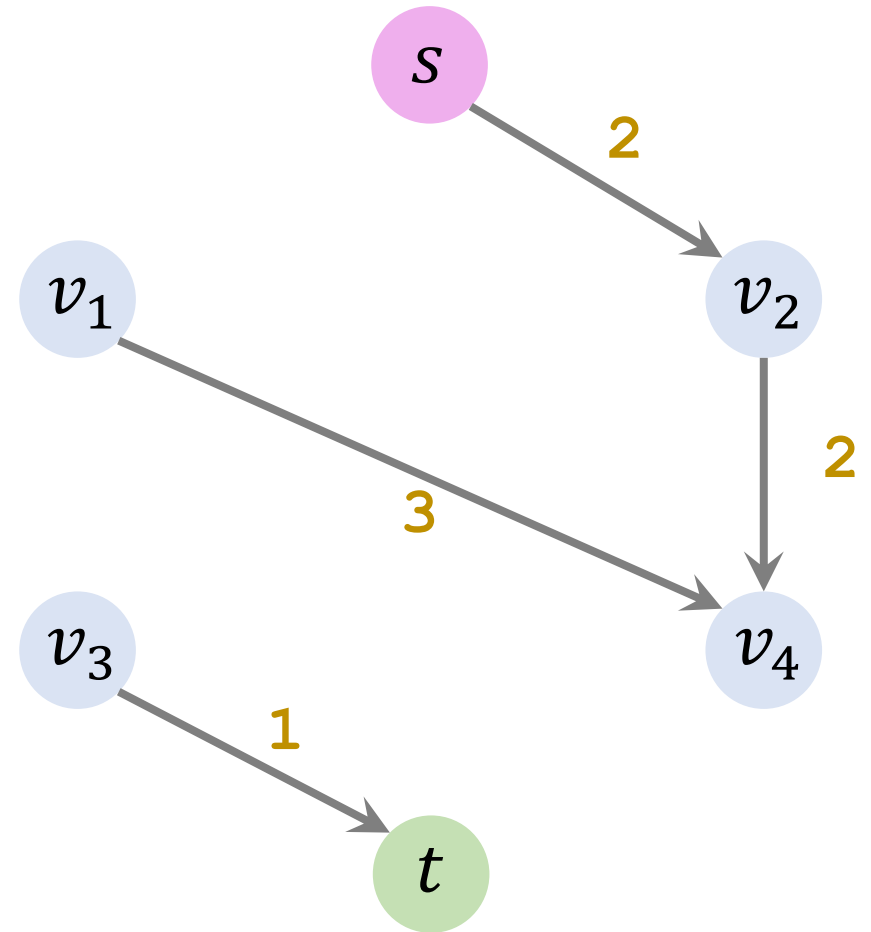
- **Question:** What is the bottleneck capacity of the red path?

Residual Graph

Q2: What is the amount of flow from s to t ?



Original Graph



Final Residual Graph

Thank You!