Project Manual

Simulation Steering Wheel ESCE 2010 - Fall 2025

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Project Resources

LTSpice Simulation File: Github Link to .asc File

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1 Description

1.1 Complete Schematic and Block Diagram

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Figure 1: Complete circuit schematic - ALL major components must be clearly labeled

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Figure 2: Block diagram showing functional relationships between stages

1.2 High-Level Description of Operation and Intended Application

This project focuses on the design and fabrication of a custom simulation steering wheel, integrating load cells, buttons, and a servo to create a realistic driving experience for the user. The load cells measure precise grip force which is translated into throttle or braking; the buttons are timely triggered for insim actions; and the servo motor's rotational data is measured for steering functionality. All sensor data is then read and translated be the HID(Human Interface Device) format and relayed to a computer via a microcontroller - the microcontroller's only purpose is to read, not manipulate external data - whihe allows for seamless communication with a simulation software/application.

1.3 Description of Related Pre-Existing Applications

There are numerous existing sim wheel options from manufacturers such as LogitechG, Thrust-master, and others. Entry-level models typically start around \$100, with midrange units costing up to \$300, and high-end versions—featuring force feedback, F1-style layouts, and other advanced features—reaching significantly higher prices. In contrast, this project aims to deliver similar functionality at a fraction of the cost, while maintaining high precision, simplicity, and ease of construction. However, unlike other commercial simulation wheels that rely heavily on microcon-

trollers to handle sensor inputs, this design focuses on hardware solutions while using as little power from a microcontroller, besides HID formatting, which has a combination of pros and cons.

2 Operation and Design

2.1 Input Block

2.1.1 Schematic

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Figure 3: Input block schematic with ALL components labeled

2.1.2 Design Equation

$$V_{out} = f(V_{in}) \tag{1}$$

where all variables are defined here or in the schematic.

2.1.3 Input/Output Plot

Download

Figure 4: I/O characteristic - from measurement, simulation, or datasheet (cite source!)

3 MS1 Building Block 1

3.1 Schematic

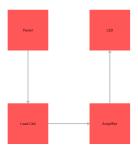


Figure 5: Building Block 1.1

3.2 Design Equation

Load Cell Output:

$$V_{diff} = (\frac{\Delta R}{R}) \times (\frac{V_{excitation}}{4})$$

Amplifier Gain:

$$A_v = 1 + \frac{49.4k\Omega}{R_G}$$

Defined variables:

- ΔR = resistive change due to pressure
- $R = \text{nominal resistance} (\approx 350\Omega \text{ but no manufacture documentation given})$
- $V_{excitation} = \text{power supply voltage}(5\text{V})$
- $R_G = \text{resistor gain}$

3.3 Discussion of Component Choices

The loadcell used is presumably 350Ω wheatstone bridge(manufactures provide no documentation on internal resistances). With that presumption, using the

3.4 Input/Output Plot

3.5 Output Block

3.5.1 Schematic

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Figure 6: Input block schematic with ALL components labeled

3.5.2 Design Equation

$$V_{out} = f(V_{in}) \tag{2}$$

where all variables are defined here or in the schematic.

3.5.3 Input/Output Plot

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Figure 7: I/O characteristic - from measurement, simulation, or datasheet (cite source!)

4 Integration and Optimization

4.1 MS1

5 Operating Conditions

5.1 MS1

5.1.1 Limitations and Faults

A major limitation for this milestone is lack of complete data. The adafruit manufacturing team has provided poor documentation and schematics relating to their loadcell - only providing a Mandarin transcribed diagram with limited and inaccurate information (i.e. states range is 1-10kg but the one it is referencing is supposively caps at 20kg load). Besides that

5.1.2 Tradeoffs Present in the Design

5.1.3 Circuit Improvements

6 ABET 3.2 Engineering Design Considerations

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7 References

References

Appendix