


# Tarefa Básica - Esferas

01.  (c)

02.  $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi R^3$

$V_1 = \frac{4}{3} \pi \cdot 1^3 = \frac{4}{3} \pi$      $V_2 = \frac{4}{3} \pi R^3$

$\frac{4\pi r^3}{3} = 1000000 \cdot \frac{4\pi}{3} \rightarrow r^3 = \sqrt[3]{1000000}$   
 $\boxed{r = 100}$

03.  $V_e = \frac{4\pi R^3}{3}$  }  $\frac{\frac{4\pi R^3}{3}}{\frac{\pi(2R)^2 \cdot 4R}{1}} \rightarrow \frac{4\pi R^3}{\pi 4R^2 \cdot 12R} \rightarrow \frac{4R^3}{48R^3} = \frac{1}{12}$  (E)  
 $V_c = \pi(2R)^2 \cdot h$   
 $V_c = \pi(2R)^2 \cdot 4R$

04.  $V_{e1} = \frac{4\pi 1^3}{3} = \frac{4\pi}{3} \text{ cm}^3$      $V_+ = \frac{32\pi}{3} + \frac{4\pi}{3} = \frac{36\pi}{3} = 12\pi \text{ cm}^3$

$V_{e2} = \frac{4\pi 2^3}{3} = \frac{32\pi}{3} \text{ cm}^3$

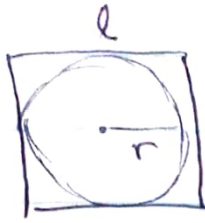
$V_c = \pi r^2 \cdot h \rightarrow 12\pi = \pi r^2 \cdot 3 \rightarrow r^2 = 12/3 \rightarrow r = \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \boxed{r = 2 \text{ cm}}$  (B)

05.  $V_c = \pi 6^2 \cdot 1$      $\frac{4\pi r^3}{3} = 36\pi$   
 $V_c = 36\pi \text{ cm}^3$

$V_e = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$      $4\pi r^3 = 108\pi$   
 $r = \sqrt[3]{27}$

$\boxed{r = 3 \text{ cm}}$  (c)

06.



$$288\pi = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$$

$$4r^3 = 864$$

$$r^3 = 216$$

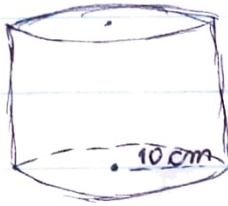
$$r = 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$l = 2r$$

$$l = 2 \cdot 6$$

$$l = \boxed{12 \text{ cm}} \text{ (E)}$$

07.



$$V_c = \pi \cdot 10^2 \cdot 16$$

$$V_c = 1600\pi$$

$$V_d = \frac{4\pi 2^3}{3}$$

$$V_d = \frac{32\pi}{3}$$

$$1600\pi = x \cdot \frac{32\pi}{3}$$

$$4800\pi = 32\pi x \quad x = \frac{4800}{32} \quad \boxed{x = 150 \text{ decas}} \text{ (D)}$$

$$08. \quad \frac{4}{3} \cdot \pi r^3 = 2\pi r^2 H = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \cdot r^3 = 2r^2 H = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{3} r^2 h \quad (\times 3)$$

$$4r^3 = 6r^2 H = 2r^2 h \quad (\div 2)$$

$$2r^3 = 3r^2 H = r^2 h \quad (\div r^2)$$

$$\boxed{2r = 3H = h} \text{ (D)}$$

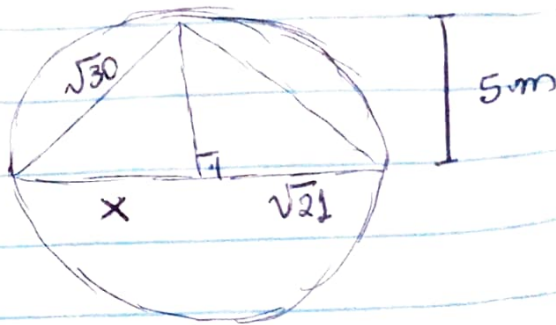
# Tabela Básica - Inscrição e circunscrição de sólidos

01.  $A_e = 4\pi r^2$

$100\pi = 4\pi r^2$

$r^2 = 25$

$r = 5 \text{ m}$



geratriz  $= \sqrt{30} \text{ m}$

$$(\sqrt{30})^2 = h^2 + (\sqrt{21})^2$$

$$30 = h^2 + 21$$

$$h^2 = 9$$

$$\boxed{h = 3 \text{ m}}$$

$$(\sqrt{30})^2 = 3^2 + x^2$$

$$30 = 9 + x^2$$

$$x^2 = 21$$

$$x = \sqrt{21}$$

02.  $A_e = 4\pi r^2$   $a \rightarrow \text{aresta}$

$A_c = 6l^2$

$r = a/2$

$A_e = 4\pi \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^2 = \pi a^2$   $A_c = 6l^2 = 6a^2$

$\frac{A_e}{A_c} = \frac{\pi a^2}{6a^2} = \boxed{\frac{\pi}{6}} \quad (A)$

03.  $R = d/2$

$R = \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$\frac{V_e}{V_c} = \frac{\frac{4\pi R^3}{3}}{\frac{4\pi \left(\frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^3}{3}} = \frac{3}{a^3}$

$= \frac{\frac{4\pi \cdot a^3 \cdot 3\sqrt{3}}{3}}{a^3} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}\pi}{24} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\pi} \quad (B)$



$$04. \frac{2r}{3r} = \frac{12}{3}$$

$$6r = 36 - 12r$$

$$18r = 36$$

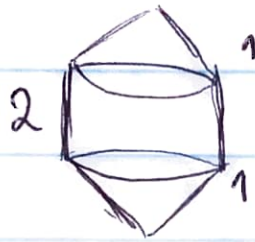
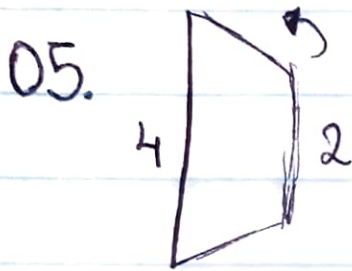
$$r = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$V_c = \pi r^2 \cdot (2r)$$

$$V_c = \pi 2^2 \cdot (2 \cdot 2)$$

$$V_c = 4\pi \cdot 4$$

$$\boxed{V_c = 16\pi \text{ m}^3}$$



$$V_{\text{cone}} = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3} = \frac{\pi \cdot 1 \cdot 1}{3} = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{3} \cdot 2 = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$V_{\text{cil}} = 2\pi r^3 = 2\pi \cdot 1^3 = 2\pi$$

$$V = \frac{2\pi}{3} + 2\pi = \frac{6\pi + 2\pi}{3} = \frac{8\pi}{3}$$