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Tarefa Básica - Esfera e suas partes

1. A esfera é uma figura tridimensional, pertencente ao grupo dos corpos redondos, também denominados de sólidos de revolução (gerados através da rotação completa de uma figura geométrica plana).

Alternativa:

C) Pela rotação de um semi-círculo em torno do seu diâmetro.

$$2. V_{\text{esp}} = \frac{4\pi \cdot 1^3}{3} = \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

$$\frac{R^3}{1^3} = \frac{4\pi \cdot 10^6}{3}$$

$$\frac{R^3}{1^3} = \frac{4\pi \cdot 10^6}{3} \rightarrow \frac{4\pi \cdot R^3}{3} = \frac{4\pi \cdot 10^6}{3} \rightarrow R = \sqrt[3]{10^6}$$

$$R = 10^2 \rightarrow \boxed{R=100}$$

$$3. V_{\text{esfera}} = \frac{4\pi \cdot R^3}{3} \quad V_{\text{cilindro}} = \pi \cdot 16R^3$$

$$\text{Razão: } \frac{\frac{4\pi \cdot R^3}{3}}{\pi \cdot 16R^3} \rightarrow \frac{4\pi \cdot R^3}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{\pi \cdot 16R^3} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{1}{12}}$$

Alternativa E

$$4. V_{esp} = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot 1^3}{3} = \frac{4\pi}{3} \text{ cm}^3$$

$$V_{esq} = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot 2^3}{3} = \frac{32\pi}{3} \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\frac{4\pi}{3} + \frac{32\pi}{3} = \pi \cdot R^2 \cdot 3 \rightarrow \frac{36\pi}{3} = \pi \cdot R^2 \cdot 3 \rightarrow 12\pi = \pi \cdot R^2 \cdot 3$$

$$R = \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \boxed{R = 2 \text{ cm}} \quad \boxed{\text{Alternative B}}$$

$$5. V_{cilip} = \pi \cdot 6^2 \cdot h = 36\pi \cdot h$$

$$V_{cily} = \pi \cdot 6^2 \cdot (h+1) = 36\pi \cdot (h+1) = 36\pi \cdot h + 36\pi$$

$$36\pi \cdot h + 36\pi - 36\pi \rightarrow 36\pi$$

$$36\pi = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot R^3}{3} \rightarrow R = \sqrt[3]{27} \rightarrow \boxed{R = 3} \quad \boxed{\text{Alternative C}}$$

$$6. 288\pi = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot R^3}{3} \rightarrow R = \sqrt[3]{216} \rightarrow R = 6$$

$$\text{Aresta: } 2 \cdot 6 = \boxed{12} \quad \boxed{\text{Alternative C}}$$

$$7. V_{cilindro} = \pi \cdot 10^2 \cdot 16 = 1600\pi \text{ cm}^3$$

$$V_{doce} = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot 2^3}{3} = \frac{32\pi}{3}$$

$$Q+d = \frac{1600\pi}{\frac{32\pi}{2}} = 1600\pi \cdot \frac{2}{32\pi} = 50 \cdot 3 = \boxed{150} \quad \boxed{\text{Alternative D}}$$

$$8. V_{cilindro} = \pi \cdot R^2 \cdot H$$

$$V_{cone} = \frac{\pi \cdot R^2 \cdot h}{3}$$

$$\pi \cdot R^2 \cdot H = \frac{\pi \cdot R^2 \cdot h}{3} \rightarrow \boxed{3H = h}$$

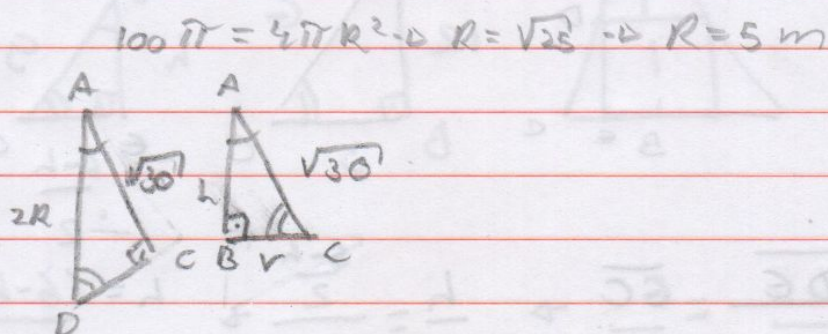
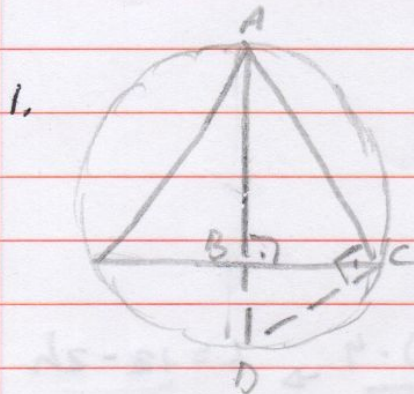
$$V_{hemisferio} = \frac{2\pi \cdot R^3}{3}$$

$$\frac{\pi \cdot R^2 \cdot h}{3} = \frac{2\pi \cdot R^3}{3} \rightarrow \pi \cdot R^2 \cdot h = 2\pi \cdot R^3 \rightarrow \boxed{h = 2R}$$

$$\boxed{2R = h = 3H} \quad \boxed{\text{Alternativa D}}$$

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Tarefa Básica - Incrisção e circunscrição de sólidos



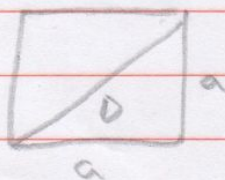
$$100\pi = 4\pi R^2 \rightarrow R = \sqrt{25} \rightarrow R = 5 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{\overline{AC}}{\overline{AD}} = \frac{\overline{AB}}{\overline{AC}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{30}}{10} = \frac{h}{\sqrt{30}} \rightarrow 10h = 30 \rightarrow \boxed{h = 3 \text{ m}}$$

$$2. A_{\text{esf}} = 4\pi R^2 \quad \left\{ \quad A_{\text{cubo}} = 6 \cdot (2R)^2 = 6 \cdot 4R^2 = 24R^2 \right.$$

Razão: $\frac{4\pi R^2}{24R^2} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{\pi}{6}}$ Alternative A

$$3. V_{\text{esf}} = \frac{4\pi R^3}{3} \quad \text{Diagonal} = 2R$$



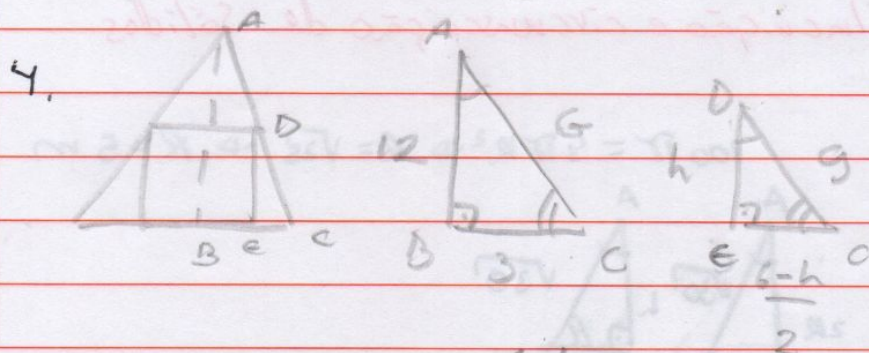
$$D = a\sqrt{3} \rightarrow 2R = a\sqrt{3} \rightarrow a = \frac{2\sqrt{3}R}{3}$$

$$V_{\text{cubo}} = \left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}R}{3} \right)^3 = \frac{24\sqrt{3} \cdot R^3}{27} = \frac{8\sqrt{3} \cdot R^3}{9}$$

Razão: $\frac{4\pi R^3}{3}$

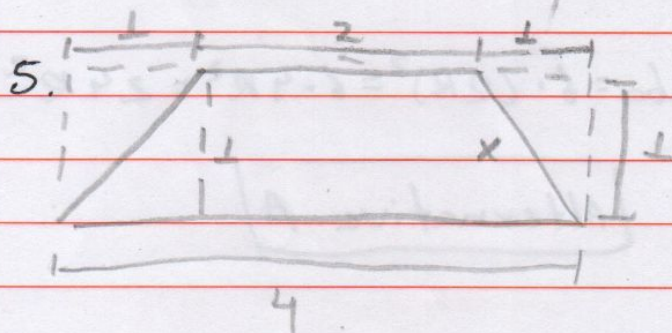
$$\frac{\frac{4\pi R^3}{3}}{\frac{8\sqrt{3} \cdot R^3}{9}} = \frac{4\pi R^3}{3} \cdot \frac{9}{8\sqrt{3} \cdot R^3} = \frac{3\pi}{2\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

Razão: $\frac{3\sqrt{3}\pi}{6} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3}\pi}{2}}$ Alternative B



$$\frac{DE}{AB} = \frac{EC}{BC} \rightarrow \frac{h}{12} = \frac{6-h}{3} \rightarrow h = \frac{(6-h) \cdot 4}{2} \rightarrow h = 12 - 2h$$

$$3h = 12 \rightarrow h = 4m \quad \left\{ V_{\text{cil}} = \pi \cdot 2^2 \cdot 4 = \boxed{16\pi m^3} \right.$$



$$x^2 = 1^2 + 1^2 \rightarrow x = \sqrt{2}$$

$$V = \pi \cdot 1^2 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot \frac{\pi \cdot 1^2 \cdot 1}{3} \rightarrow V = 2\pi + \frac{2\pi}{3} \rightarrow V = \frac{6\pi + 2\pi}{3}$$

$$\boxed{V = \frac{8\pi}{3} cm^3}$$