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Nº 03

CT11 350

### Tarefa Básica

1. a)  $4! = 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \rightarrow \boxed{4! = 24}$

b)  $5! - 6! \rightarrow 5 \cdot \underbrace{4!}_{24} - 6! \rightarrow 120 - 6 \cdot \underbrace{5!}_{120} \rightarrow 120 - 720$

$\boxed{5! - 6! = -600}$

c)  $\frac{9!}{6!} \rightarrow \frac{9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot \cancel{6!}}{\cancel{6!}} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{9!}{6!} = 504}$

d)  $\frac{98!}{100!} \rightarrow \frac{98!}{100 \cdot 99 \cdot \cancel{98!}} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{98!}{100!} = \frac{1}{9900}}$

2.  $\frac{1}{n!} - \frac{n}{(n+1)!} \rightarrow \frac{(n+1)! - n \cdot n!}{n! (n+1)!}$

$\frac{(n+1)n! - n \cdot n!}{n! (n+1)!} \rightarrow \frac{n! [(n+1) - n]}{n! (n+1)!} \rightarrow \frac{(n+1) - n}{(n+1)!}$

$\boxed{\frac{1}{n!} - \frac{n}{(n+1)!} = \frac{1}{(n+1)!}}$

Alternativa A

3.  $\frac{(n!)^2 - (n-1)! n!}{(n-1)! n!} \rightarrow \frac{n! [n! - (n-1)!]}{(n-1)! n!} \rightarrow \frac{n! - (n-1)!}{(n-1)!}$

$\frac{n \cdot (n-1)! - (n-1)!}{(n-1)!} \rightarrow \frac{(n-1)! [n - 1]}{(n-1)!} \rightarrow \boxed{n-1}$

Alternativa A



$$4. \frac{(n+2)!(n-2)!}{(n+1)!(n-1)!} = 4 \rightarrow \frac{(n+2)(n+1)!(n-2)!}{(n+1)!(n-1)(n-2)!} = 4$$

$$\frac{(n+2)}{(n-1)} = 4 \rightarrow n+2 = 4n-4 \rightarrow 6 = 3n \rightarrow \boxed{n=2}$$

Alternative A

$$5. \frac{(n+1)! - n!}{(n+1)!} = \frac{7}{(n+1)} \rightarrow \frac{(n+1)n! - n!}{(n+1)n!} = \frac{7}{(n+1)}$$

$$\cancel{n!} \frac{[(n+1) - 1]}{(n+1)\cancel{n!}} = \frac{7}{(n+1)} \rightarrow \frac{(n+1) - 1}{(n+1)} = \frac{7}{(n+1)}$$

$$(n+1) - 1 = 7 \rightarrow \boxed{n=7} \quad \text{Alternative D}$$

$$6. (n-1)![(n+1)! - n!] \rightarrow (n-1)![(n+1) \cdot n \cdot (n-1)! - n \cdot (n-1)!]$$

$$(n-1)![(n-1)![(n+1)n - n]] \rightarrow (n-1)![(n-1)![n(n+1-x-x)]]$$

$$(n-1!)^2 \cdot n^2 \rightarrow [n(n-1)!][n(n-1)!] \rightarrow (n!) \cdot (n!)$$

$$\boxed{(n!)^2} \quad \text{Alternative D}$$

$$7. \frac{n! + (n-1)!}{(n+1)! - n!} = \frac{6}{25} \rightarrow \frac{n(n-1)! + (n-1)!}{(n+1) \cdot n \cdot (n-1)! - n \cdot (n-1)!} = \frac{6}{25}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{n!} + (n-1)!}{(n+1)\cancel{n!} - n \cdot (n-1)!} = \frac{6}{25} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n^2 + n - n} = \frac{6}{25}$$

$$25n + 1 = 6n^2 \rightarrow (-6n^2) + 25n + 25 = 0$$



$$\Delta = 25^2 - 4 \cdot (-6) \cdot 25$$

$$\Delta = 625 + 600$$

$$\Delta = 1225$$

$$n = \frac{(-25) \pm \sqrt{1225}}{2 \cdot (-6)} = \frac{(-25) \pm 35}{(-12)}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{15}{(-12)} = \frac{5}{(-6)} \text{ não convém}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{(-60)}{(-12)} = \boxed{5}$$

Alternativa C

8.  $21! - 221 \rightarrow$  algarismo da dezena?

O final do fatorial  $21!$  terminará em zero e a quantidade da mesma será definida pelo número de fatores 5 que  $21!$  apresenta. Como o fatorial  $21!$  contém 5, 10, 15 e 20, ele terminará em quatro zeros.

sendo assim:

$$\begin{array}{r} \dots 0000 \\ - 211 \\ \hline 9779 \end{array}$$

$\hookrightarrow$  a dezena corresponde a 7

Alternativa D