

OpenCL Performance Prediction using Architecture-Independent Features

Beau Johnston¹, Greg Falzon², Josh Milthorpe¹

The Australian National University¹ & The University of New England²

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Trends in Supercomputing – A view from the Top500

OpenCL – The Language of Heterogenous

Overview of EOD

- ▶ Extended Open Dwarfs (EOD) Benchmark Suite
- ▶ Based off the OpenDwarfs benchmark suite¹
- ▶ Benchmarks selected following diversity analysis and 13 Berkeley Dwarfs taxonomy
- ▶ Built in OpenCL

¹Krommydas, K. OpenDwarfs: Characterization of dwarf-based benchmarks on fixed and reconfigurable architectures. Journal of Signal Processing Systems, vol. 85, no. 3, pp. 373-392, 2016

Extensions

- ▶ Diverse:
 - ▶ 4 different problem sizes per application
 - ▶ Added applications – currently 11
- ▶ Reproducible: Minimum of 2 sec runs per benchmark
- ▶ Precise:
 - ▶ High resolution timers with LibSciBench
 - ▶ Reported with one cycle resolution and roughly 6 ns of overhead
- ▶ Portable:
 - ▶ Based on an OpenCL backend
 - ▶ Tested on a wide range of hardware

Hardware

| Name | Vendor | Type | Series | Core Count | Clock Frequency (MHz) (min/max/turbo) | Cache (KiB) (L1/L2/L3) | TDP (W) | Launch Date |
|-----------------|--------|------|------------|------------|--|---------------------------|---------|-------------|
| Xeon E5-2697 v2 | Intel | CPU | Ivy Bridge | 24* | 1200/2700/3500 | 32/256/30720 | 130 | Q3 2013 |
| i7-6700K | Intel | CPU | Skylake | 8* | 800/4000/4300 | 32/256/8192 | 91 | Q3 2015 |
| i5-3550 | Intel | CPU | Ivy Bridge | 4* | 1600/3380/3700 | 32/256/6144 | 77 | Q2 2012 |
| Titan X | Nvidia | GPU | Pascal | 3584† | 1417/1531/– | 48/2048/– | 250 | Q3 2016 |
| GTX 1080 | Nvidia | GPU | Pascal | 2560† | 1607/1733/– | 48/2048/– | 180 | Q2 2016 |
| GTX 1080 Ti | Nvidia | GPU | Pascal | 3584† | 1480/1582/– | 48/2048/– | 250 | Q1 2017 |
| K20m | Nvidia | GPU | Kepler | 2496† | 706/–/– | 64/1536/– | 225 | Q4 2012 |
| K40m | Nvidia | GPU | Kepler | 2880† | 745/875/– | 64/1536/– | 235 | Q4 2013 |
| FirePro S9150 | AMD | GPU | Hawaii | 2816‖ | 900/–/– | 16/1024/– | 235 | Q3 2014 |
| HD 7970 | AMD | GPU | Tahiti | 2048‖ | 925/1010/– | 16/768/– | 250 | Q4 2011 |
| R9 290X | AMD | GPU | Hawaii | 2816‖ | 1000/–/– | 16/1024/– | 250 | Q3 2014 |
| R9 295x2 | AMD | GPU | Hawaii | 5632‖ | 1018/–/– | 16/1024/– | 500 | Q2 2014 |
| R9 Fury X | AMD | GPU | Fuji | 4096‖ | 1050/–/– | 16/2048/– | 273 | Q2 2015 |
| RX 480 | AMD | GPU | Polaris | 4096‖ | 1120/1266/– | 16/2048/– | 150 | Q2 2016 |
| Xeon Phi 7210 | Intel | MIC | KNL | 256‡ | 1300/1500/– | 32/1024/– | 215 | Q2 2016 |

* HyperThreaded cores

† CUDA cores

‖ Stream processors

‡ Each physical core has 4 hardware threads per core, thus 64 cores

Overview of AIWC

- ▶ Architecture-Independent Workload Characterisation (AIWC)
- ▶ Plugin for OclGrind – an Extensible OpenCL device simulator²
- ▶ Beta available – <https://github.com/BeauJoh/Oclgrind> – and will be merged into default OclGrind

²J. Price and S. McIntosh-Smith, “Oclgrind: An extensible opencl device simulator,” in Proceedings of the 3rd International Workshop on OpenCL, 2015, p. 12.