Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Bebin Y

Email: 240801040@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240801040 Phone: 750858599

Branch: REC

Department: I ECE FA

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - ECE



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 7_COD_Question 5

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

You are provided with a collection of numbers, each represented by an array of integers. However, there's a unique scenario: within this array, one element occurs an odd number of times, while all other elements occur an even number of times. Your objective is to identify and return the element that occurs an odd number of times in this arrangement.

Utilize mid-square hashing by squaring elements and extracting middle digits for hash codes. Implement a hash table for efficient integer occurrence tracking.

Note: Hash function: squared = key * key.

Example

Input:

7

2233445

Output:

5

Explanation

The hash function and the calculated hash indices for each element are as follows:

2 -> hash(2*2) % 100 = 4

3 -> hash(3*3) % 100 = 9

4 -> hash(4*4) % 100 = 16

5 -> hash(5*5) % 100 = 25

The hash table records the occurrence of each element's hash index:

Index 4: 2 occurrences

Index 9: 2 occurrences

Index 16: 2 occurrences

Index 25: 1 occurrence

Among the elements, the integer 5 occurs an odd number of times (1 occurrence) and satisfies the condition of the problem. Therefore, the program outputs 5.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the size of the array.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers, representing the elements of the array.

Output Format

The output prints a single integer representing the element that occurs an odd

number of times.

If no such element exists, print -1.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

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Sample Test Case
      Input: 7
      2233445
      Output: 5
      Answer
 #include <stdio.h>
      #include <stdlib.h>
      #include <string.h>
      #include <stdbool.h>
      #define MAX_SIZE 100
     unsigned int hash(int key, int tableSize) {
        int squared = key * key;
        int middle = (squared / 10) % 100; // Extract middle 2 digits
        return middle % tableSize:
 int getOddOccurrence(int arr[], int size) {
    int hashTablo[MAN CONT]
        int hashTable[MAX_SIZE];
        int countTable[MAX_SIZE];
        memset(hashTable, 0, sizeof(hashTable));
        memset(countTable, 0, sizeof(countTable));
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
           int h = hash(arr[i], MAX_SIZE);
           bool found = false;
int idx = (h + j) % MAX_SIZE; j-
int idx = (h + j) % MAX_SIZ
if (countTable[idx] == 0) {
hashTable[idx] = arr<sup>[i]</sup>
countTable
           for (int j = 0; j < MAX_SIZE; j++) {
             int idx = (h + j) % MAX_SIZE;
```

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break;
             } else if (hashTable[idx] == arr[i]) {
               countTable[idx]++;
               found = true; \mathcal{V}
               break;
            }
          }
        for (int i = 0; i < MAX_SIZE; i++) {
          if (countTable[i] % 2 == 1) {
             return hashTable[i];
return -1;
     int main() {
        int n;
        scanf("%d", &n);
        int arr[MAX_SIZE];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
printf("%d\n", getOddOccurrence(arr, n));
return 0;
     Status: Correct
                                                                               Marks: 10/10
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