STAT361 Laboratory for Advanced R for Data Science

Lab 3

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Weekly Office Hours

- 10am-11am on Fridays
- (Hybrid) Room K10504 + Zoom
- · Start this week

Lab 3 Exercise

Lecture 4 Exercise

In order to test your Lab 3 code, you need complete lecture 4 exercise, including:

- split_points()
- · LOF()
- · split.region()

In other words, you need the "tree" output from **recpart()** function in lecture 4 exercise.

Lab 3 Exercise: Methods for Recursive Partitioning Tree

- 1. Write functions, including:
 - · print.region()
 - plot_regions.tree()
 - plot_regions.node()
- 2. Test functions

print.region()

Objective: to print important information from a region.

- · What should be the input?
- · What information do we have in a region?
- Print the information that you think most useful (be creative).

plot_regions.tree()

Objective: to generate a plot for a tree

- Take a "tree" as its input
- · Which function produces a tree output?
- Do the scatterplot of the covariates
- · Call the plot_regions.node() function for each child

plot_regions.node()

Objective: to draw boxes based on the coordinates matrix in a node and those in its child nodes.

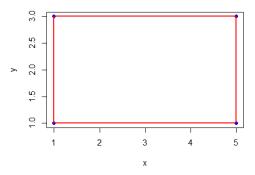
- · Take a "node" input
- Which function produces a node output?
- Exit criteria: if node is NULL (refer recpart_recursive())
- Use lines() or rect() to draw a box based on the coordinate matrix
- Call the plot_regions.node() function for each child within the same function recursively until you meet the exit criteria

Example: Draw a Box using lines() function

```
x = c(1, 5, 9)
y = c(1, 5, 1)
plot(x, y, col='blue', pch=16)
lines(c(x[1], x[2], x[3], x[1]),
     c(y[1], y[2], y[3], y[1]),
col='red', lwd=2)
x = c(1, 5, 5, 1)
                                         2.5
y = c(1, 1, 3, 3)
plot(x, y, col='blue', pch=16)
ю
                                         0.
                                                    2
                                                            3
```

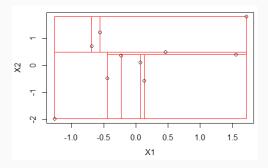
Example: Draw a Box using rect() function

```
x = c(1, 5, 5, 1); x_range = sort(range(x))
y = c(1, 1, 3, 3); y_range = sort(range(y))
plot(x, y, col='blue', pch=16)
rect(x_range[1],y_range[1],x_range[2],y_range[2],border='red', lwd=2)
```



Test Functions

```
# Test:
set.seed(123); n <- 10
x <- data.frame(x1=rnorm(n), x2=rnorm(n))
y <- rnorm(n)
mytree <- recpart(x,y)
plot_regions.tree(mytree)</pre>
```



About Lab Quiz 2

- · Feb. 9/10
- · Canvas quiz during the lab session
- · 25 minutes
- About 10 multiple-choice questions
- Based on materials we covered in previous labs