Lab 10, Week 13

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In this lab you will write the predict method for mars objects. Before you start you should take a quick look at the source code of the predict.lm() function.

As in labs 8 and 9, you should be working from your mars project for this lab. You will need to copy the file testpredict.RData from the Exercises/ProjectTestfiles/testthat folder of the class GitHub repository to your tests/testthat folder.

1. Below is an implementation of the predict.mars() function. It is based on predict.lm(), but with some extra fiddling to the the model matrix right in the case of new data. (There is probably a better way, but this is what I came up with.) Your task is to write the function make_B() that takes a design matrix X and a list of basis function specifications Bfuncs as input and returns the corresponding matrix of basis functions.

```
predict.mars <- function(object,newdata) {
   if(missing(newdata) || is.null(newdata)) {
      B <- as.matrix(object$B)
   }
   else {
      tt <- terms(object$formula,data=newdata)
      tt <- delete.response(tt)
      mf <- model.frame(tt,newdata)
      mt <- attr(mf, "terms")
      X <- model.matrix(mt, mf)[,-1] # remove intercept
      B <- make_B(X,object$Bfuncs)
   }
   beta <- object$coefficients
   drop(B %*% beta)
}</pre>
```

- 2. Create a test script testpredict.R in your mars/tests/testthat folder. testpredict.R should load testpredict.RData and call your predict.mars() function with the following two inputs:
 - 1. predict.mars(testmars): predictions for the same data used to fit the model. Compare the output of this call to the expected output testpredict.
 - 2. predict(testmars,newdata=marstestdata): predictions from the fitted model in testmars on "new data" in marstestdata. (This is the same data used to fit the model, but by passing it in as newdata we test that part of the code.) Compare the output of this call to the expected output testpredict.