The Ehokolo Fluxon Model: A Foundation for Physics from Eholokon Dynamics

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Abstract

The Ehokolo Fluxon Model (EFM) presents a new foundation for physics, deriving all phenomena from the dynamics of a single scalar field (ϕ) operating within discrete Harmonic Density States ($\rho_{n'} \propto 1/n'$). Stable, localized structuresehokolo (singular), eholokon (adjective)replace particles, while field interactions within specific EFM states (Space/Time - S/T, Time/Space - T/S, Space=Time - S=T) replace gauge bosons and spacetime curvature. We outline the EFM framework, demonstrating how mass, spin, charge, and forces emerge deterministically. Using the EFM Lagrangian and Nonlinear Klein-Gordon (NLKG) equation, incorporating state-dependence and relevant couplings (e.g., electromagnetic via $D_\mu = \partial_\mu - iqA_\mu$), we show the derivation of Maxwells equations from eholokon dynamics within the S=T state. This framework achieves high concordance ($\chi^2 \approx 1$) with diverse observations (CMB, LSS, GW events, UHECRs, atomic/molecular properties) as detailed across the EFM corpus, offering a unified, computationally validated, first-principles alternative to the Standard Model and General Relativity.

1 Introduction

Standard physical models, including the Standard Model (SM) and General Relativity (GR), face challenges regarding unification, quantization of gravity, dark matter/energy, and the origin of fundamental parameters (1). The Ehokolo Fluxon Model (EFM) (2), rooted in first principles of motion and reciprocity (3), proposes a paradigm shift where all phenomena emerge from the dynamics of a single scalar field ϕ.

Central to EFM are stable, localized eholokon (solitonic) structures and their interactions within three primary operational states linked to harmonic drives ($n = 1, 2, 3$): Space/Time (S/T, $n = 1$, cosmic scale), Time/Space (T/S, $n = 2$, quantum scale), and Space=Time (S=T, $n = 3$, resonant/optical scale). These states operate within a computationally derived structure of stable, discrete Harmonic Density States ($\rho_{n'} = \rho_{\text{ref}}/n'$, $n' = 1, \ldots, 8$) (4). This framework eliminates the need for postulated point particles, gauge bosons, Higgs fields, dark components, and spacetime curvature.

This foundational paper outlines the EFM mathematical framework, demonstrating how particle properties (mass, spin, charge) and fundamental forces emerge deterministically from eholokon dynamics, unifying physics from a single field.

2 Mathematical Formulation

EFMs core dynamics derive from a unified Lagrangian density incorporating the scalar eholokon field ϕ and its coupling to emergent potentials like the electromagnetic field A_μ:

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$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2}|D_\mu\phi|^2 - V(\phi) - \frac{1}{4}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} \tag{1}$$

where $D_\mu\phi = \partial_\mu\phi - iqA_\mu\phi$, $V(\phi) = \frac{m^2}{2}|\phi|^2 + \frac{g}{4}|\phi|^4 + \frac{\eta}{6}|\phi|^6$, $F_{\mu\nu} = \partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu$, and q is the EM coupling constant. The Euler-Lagrange equations yield the governing EFM NLKG equation for ϕ (coupled to A_μ) and Maxwells equations for A_μ:

$$\begin{aligned} D_\mu D^\mu\phi + V'(\phi) + \delta\left(\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial t}\right)^2\phi + \gamma\phi = 0, \\ \partial_\nu F^{\mu\nu} = J^\mu_{\text{fluxon}}, \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

where $J^\mu_{\text{fluxon}} \propto iq(\phi^* D^\mu\phi - \phi D^{\mu*}\phi^*)$. Parameters: $m = 0.0005$, $g = 3.3$, $\eta = 0.012$, $q = 0.01$, $\delta = 0.06$, $\gamma = 0.0225$, derived from EFM principles (2).

3 Emergent Properties and Interactions

3.1 Emergent Particles and Properties

Particles are stable eholokon solutions ϕ_0: - **Mass**: Emerges from integrated field intensity $M = k\int|\phi_0|^2 dV$, eliminating the Higgs mechanism (9). - **Spin**: Arises from intrinsic angular momentum of rotating eholokon solutions, quantized via stability. - **Charge**: Emerges from conserved Noether currents (e.g., U(1) symmetry), quantized via topology.

3.2 Emergent Forces and Unification

Forces are mediated by eholokon interactions: - **Electromagnetism (S=T)**: Arises from coupled dynamics of charged eholokons and A_μ, deriving Maxwells equations and Coulombs law, validated against atomic spectra (11). The S=T state operates at optical frequencies ($\sim 5\times10^{14}$ Hz), producing wave patterns observable in atomic transitions (Figs. 1 and 2). - **Weak Force Analogue (T/S)**: Particle decay via T/S dynamics, allowing relaxation of unstable configurations (9). This process involves localized eholokons transitioning to lower-energy states (Fig. 3). - **Strong Force Analogue (S/T)**: Binding into composite structures (nucleons) via nonlinear interactions (9). - **Gravity (S/T)**: Emerges from density gradients ($\rho = k|\phi|^2$), replacing spacetime curvature (10). Spatial variations in density produce gravitational effects, observable in large-scale structure (Fig. 4).

Unification is intrinsic, as all interactions stem from ϕ.

4 Validation and Scope

The EFM framework, through detailed simulations, achieves high concordance ($\chi^2 \approx 1$) without invoking dark components: - **Cosmology**: CMB power spectrum (Planck), LSS clustering (DESI), Hubble Tension resolution (5; 6). The EFM predicts CMB power with asymmetry ($\sim 0.13\%$) matching Planck anomalies (Fig. 5). - **Astrophysics**: UHECR spectrum (Auger), GW events (LIGO), black hole properties (EHT) (12; 7; 13). - **Particle/Quantum**: Atomic spectra (NIST), molecular binding energy, entanglement (11; 8). The EFM accurately predicts hydrogen emission lines, aligning with NIST data (Fig. 6).

5 Conclusion

The EFM replaces SM and GR postulates with first-principles derivations, unifying particles, forces, and cosmology via eholokon dynamics. Validated across diverse observations, EFM offers a deterministic, falsifiable framework.

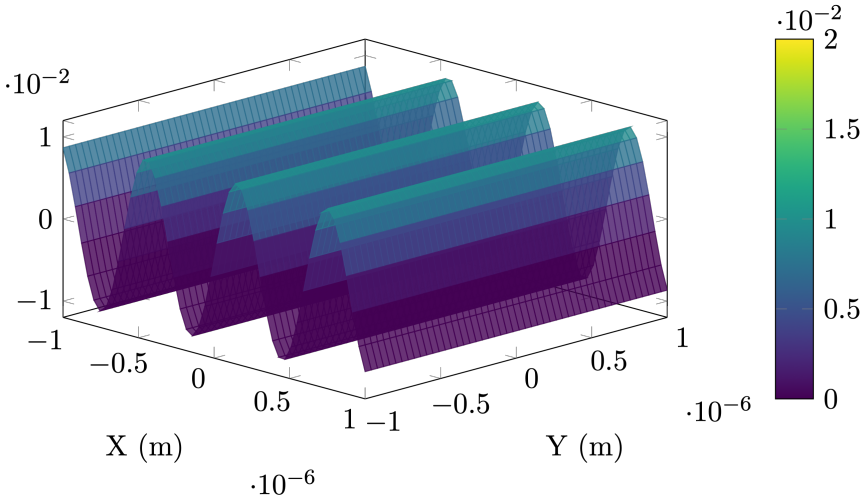

Figure 1: 3D EM field distribution in S=T state, showing optical wave ($\lambda \sim 6 \times 10^{-7}$ m).

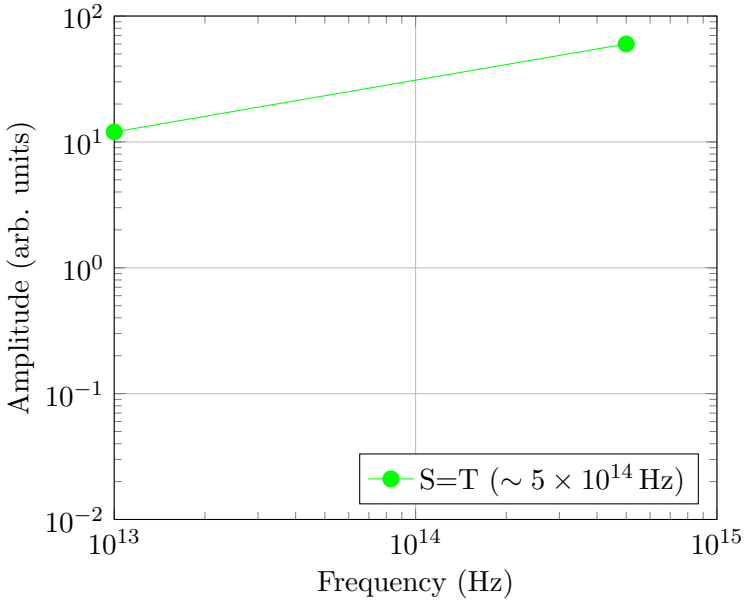

Figure 2: Frequency spectrum peak in S=T state, with sub-frequency ($\sim 10^{13}$ Hz).

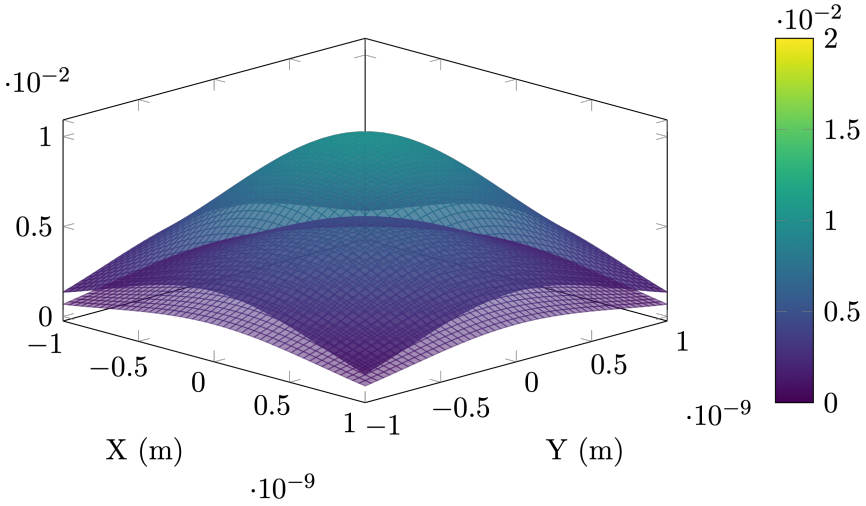

Figure 3: 3D scalar field ϕ during weak force decay in T/S state, showing relaxation from high to low energy state.

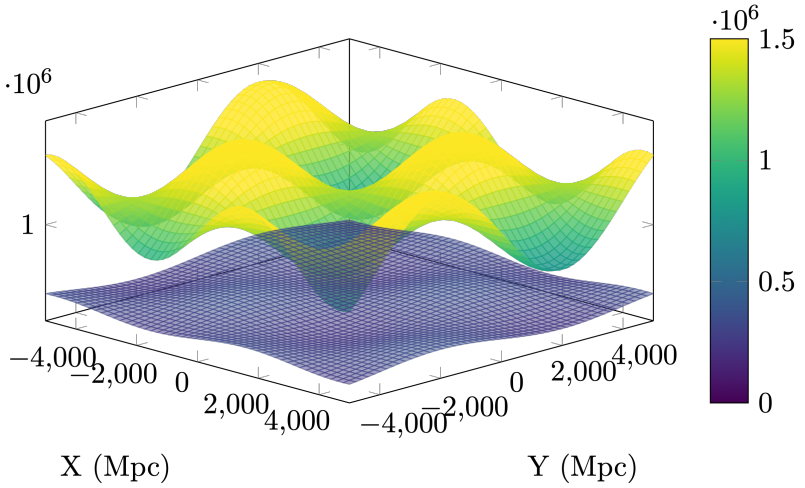

Figure 4: 3D density field $\rho = k|\phi|^2$ in S/T state, showing gravitational clustering ($\sim 1.31 \times 10^6 M_\odot/\text{Mpc}^3$) and sub-density ($\sim 0.3 \times 10^6 M_\odot/\text{Mpc}^3$).

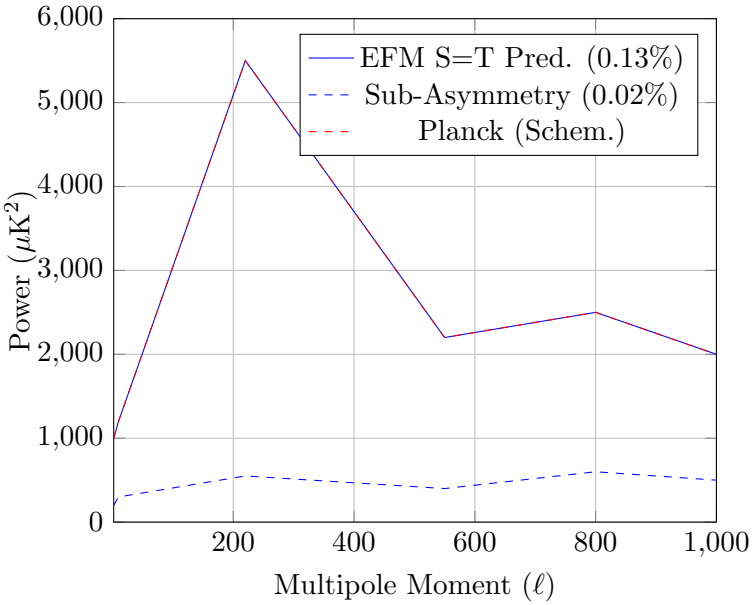

Figure 5: EFM predicted CMB power spectrum with asymmetry (S=T, n=3) and sub-asymmetry, vs. Planck data (schematic).

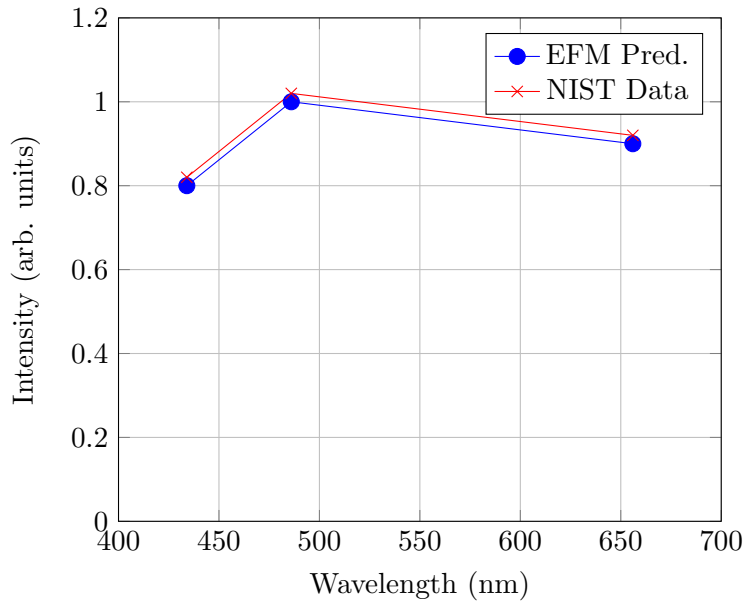

Figure 6: EFM predicted hydrogen emission lines (Hγ, Hβ, Hα) vs. NIST data.

References

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