HOMEWORK 6: TEXT CLASSIFICATION

In this homework, you will create models to classify texts from TRUE call-center. There are two classification tasks:

- 1. Action Classification: Identify which action the customer would like to take (e.g. enquire, report, cancle)
- 2. Object Classification: Identify which object the customer is referring to (e.g. payment, truemoney, internet, roaming)

We will focus only on the Object Classification task for this homework.

In this homework, you are asked compare different text classification models in terms of accuracy and inference time.

You will need to build 3 different models.

- 1. A model based on tf-idf
- 2. A model based on MUSE
- 3. A model based on wangchanBERTa

You will be ask to submit 3 different files (.pdf from .ipynb) that does the 3 different models. Finally, answer the accuracy and runtime numbers in MCV.

This homework is quite free form, and your answer may vary. We hope that the processing during the course of this assignment will make you think more about the design choices in text classification.

In [18]: !wget --no-check-certificate https://www.dropbox.com/s/37u83g55p19kvrl/clean-pho

```
ta-for-students.csv
        Resolving www.dropbox.com (www.dropbox.com)... 162.125.1.18, 2620:100:6016:18::a2
        Connecting to www.dropbox.com (www.dropbox.com)|162.125.1.18|:443... connected.
        HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 302 Found
        Location: https://www.dropbox.com/scl/fi/8h8hvsw9uj6o0524lfe4i/clean-phone-data-f
        or-students.csv?rlkey=lwv5xbf16jerehnv3lfgq5ue6 [following]
        --2025-02-16 14:52:48-- https://www.dropbox.com/scl/fi/8h8hvsw9uj6o0524lfe4i/cle
        an-phone-data-for-students.csv?rlkey=lwv5xbf16jerehnv3lfgq5ue6
        Reusing existing connection to www.dropbox.com:443.
        HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 302 Found
        Location: https://uc870acc1be2715cacd9cfebdc46.dl.dropboxusercontent.com/cd/0/inl
        ine/CkOMQHxa3XUOQh2QVbhLFmq2mmenCIcr3rmsYrjLjPwmB2uVL8PHu0FdBtu1PfMxjUyFMz8vMxBJW
        e0Xt73UKnLKyrFVFjF1ZnfQJjfSYVbmuwPRfCIG3ns1sK9T_c2RU3I/file# [following]
        --2025-02-16 14:52:48-- https://uc870acc1be2715cacd9cfebdc46.dl.dropboxuserconte
        nt.com/cd/0/inline/CkOMQHxa3XUOQh2QVbhLFmq2mmenCIcr3rmsYrjLjPwmB2uVL8PHu0FdBtu1Pf
        MxjUyFMz8vMxBJWe0Xt73UKnLKyrFVFjF1ZnfQJjfSYVbmuwPRfCIG3ns1sK9T_c2RU3I/file
        Resolving uc870acc1be2715cacd9cfebdc46.dl.dropboxusercontent.com (uc870acc1be2715
        cacd9cfebdc46.dl.dropboxusercontent.com)... 162.125.1.15, 2620:100:6016:15::a27d:
        10f
        Connecting to uc870acc1be2715cacd9cfebdc46.dl.dropboxusercontent.com (uc870acc1be
        2715cacd9cfebdc46.dl.dropboxusercontent.com) | 162.125.1.15 | :443... connected.
        HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
        Length: 2518977 (2.4M) [text/plain]
        Saving to: 'clean-phone-data-for-students.csv.1'
        clean-phone-data-fo 100%[========>] 2.40M --.-KB/s
                                                                            in 0.04s
        2025-02-16 14:52:48 (57.2 MB/s) - 'clean-phone-data-for-students.csv.1' saved [25
        18977/2518977]
In [19]: !pip install pythainlp
        Requirement already satisfied: pythainlp in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packag
        es (5.0.5)
        Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist
        -packages (from pythainlp) (2.32.3)
        Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/python
        3.10/dist-packages (from requests>=2.22.0->pythainlp) (3.4.1)
        Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
        kages (from requests>=2.22.0->pythainlp) (3.10)
```

--2025-02-16 14:52:47-- https://www.dropbox.com/s/37u83g55p19kvrl/clean-phone-da

Import Libs

```
In [20]: %matplotlib inline
import pandas
import sklearn
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd

from torch.utils.data import Dataset
from IPython.display import display
```

Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di

Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di

st-packages (from requests>=2.22.0->pythainlp) (2.3.0)

st-packages (from requests>=2.22.0->pythainlp) (2025.1.31)

```
from collections import defaultdict
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from pythainlp.tokenize import word_tokenize
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from pythainlp.corpus.common import thai_stopwords
import time
import torch
from transformers import AutoTokenizer, AutoModelForSequenceClassification, Trai
from datasets import Dataset
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
```

Loading data

First, we load the data from disk into a Dataframe.

A Dataframe is essentially a table, or 2D-array/Matrix with a name for each column.

```
In [21]: data_df = pd.read_csv('clean-phone-data-for-students.csv')
```

Let's preview the data.

```
In [22]: # Show the top 5 rows
display(data_df.head())
# Summarize the data
data_df.describe()
```

	Sentence Utterance	Action	Object
0	<phone_number_removed> ผมไปจ่ายเงินที่ Counte</phone_number_removed>	enquire	payment
1	internet ยังความเร็วอยุ่เท่าไหร ครับ	enquire	package
2	ตะกี้ไปชำระค่าบริการไปแล้ว แต่ยังใช้งานไม่ได้	report	suspend
3	พี่ค่ะยังใช้ internet ไม่ได้เลยค่ะ เป็นเครื่อ	enquire	internet
4	ฮาโหล คะ พอดีว่าเมื่อวานเปิดซิมทรมฟ แต่มันโ	report	phone issues

Out[22]: Sentence Utterance Action Object

count	16175	16175	16175
unique	13389	10	33
top	บริการอื่นๆ	enquire	service
freq	97	10377	2525

Data cleaning

We call the DataFrame.describe() again. Notice that there are 33 unique labels/classes for object and 10 unique labels for action that the model will try to predict. But there are

unwanted duplications e.g. Idd,idd,lotalty_card,Lotalty_card

Also note that, there are 13389 unquie sentence utterances from 16175 utterances. You have to clean that too!

#TODO 0.1:

In [24]: data df.columns

You will have to remove unwanted label duplications as well as duplications in text inputs. Also, you will have to trim out unwanted whitespaces from the text inputs. This shouldn't be too hard, as you have already seen it in the demo.

```
In [23]: display(data_df.describe())
    display(data_df.Object.unique())
    display(data_df.Action.unique())
```

```
Sentence UtteranceActionObjectcount1617516175unique133891033topบริการอื่นๆenquireservicefreq97103772525
```

Out[24]: Index(['Sentence Utterance', 'Action', 'Object'], dtype='object')

```
In [25]: start = time.time()
    cols = ["Sentence Utterance", "Object"]
    data_df = data_df[cols]
    data_df.columns = ["input", "raw_label"]

data_df["clean_label"]=data_df["raw_label"].str.lower().copy()
    data_df.drop("raw_label", axis=1, inplace=True)

data_df["input"] = data_df["input"].str.strip()

data_df = data_df.drop_duplicates(subset=['input'], keep='first')
```

```
In [26]: display(data_df["clean_label"].unique())
    display(data_df.describe())
    display(data_df.head())
```

	input	clean_label
count	13367	13367
unique	13367	26
top	สอบถามโปรโมชั่นปัจจุบันที่ใช้อยู่ค่ะ	service
freq	1	2108

	input	clean_label
0	<phone_number_removed> ผมไปจ่ายเงินที่ Counter</phone_number_removed>	payment
1	internet ยังความเร็วอยุ่เท่าไหร ครับ	package
2	ตะกี้ไปชำระค่าบริการไปแล้ว แต่ยังใช้งานไม่ได้ ค่ะ	suspend
3	พี่ค่ะยังใช้ internet ไม่ได้เลยค่ะ เป็นเครื่อง	internet
4	ฮาโหล คะ พอดีว่าเมื่อวานเปิดซิมทรูมูฟ แต่มันโท	phone_issues

Split data into train, valdation, and test sets (normally the ratio will be 80:10:10, respectively). We recommend to use train_test_spilt from scikit-learn to split the data into train, validation, test set.

In addition, it should split the data that distribution of the labels in train, validation, test set are similar. There is **stratify** option to handle this issue.

https://scikit-

learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.model_selection.train_test_split.html

Make sure the same data splitting is used for all models.

```
In [27]: data_x = np.array(list(data_df["input"]))
    data_y_tmp = np.array(list(data_df["clean_label"]))
    data_y = []

map_label_num = {y.strip():i for i,y in enumerate(list(data_df["clean_label"].un
    map_num_label = {i:y.strip() for i,y in enumerate(list(data_df["clean_label"].un

for i in range(len(data_y_tmp)):
        data_y.append(int(map_label_num[data_y_tmp[i]]))
    data_y = np.array(data_y)
    print(len(data_y))
```

13367

```
In [28]: unique, counts = np.unique(data_y, return_counts=True)
  valid_classes = unique[counts >= 10]
  valid_indices = np.isin(data_y, valid_classes)
  data_x,data_y = data_x[valid_indices],data_y[valid_indices]
```

```
In [29]: X_train, X_temp, y_train, y_temp = train_test_split(data_x, data_y, test_size=0.
X_val, X_test, y_val, y_test = train_test_split(X_temp, y_temp, test_size=0.50,

print("Train size:", len(X_train))
print("Validation size:", len(X_val))
print("Test size:",len(X_test))
```

Train size: 10690 Validation size: 1336 Test size: 1337

Model 3 WangchanBERTa

We ask you to train a WangchanBERTa-based model.

We recommend you use the thaixtransformers fork (which we used in the PoS homework). https://github.com/PyThaiNLP/thaixtransformers

The structure of the code will be very similar to the PoS homework. You will also find the huggingface tutorial useful. Or you can also add a softmax layer by yourself just like in the previous homework.

Which WangchanBERTa model will you use? Why? (Don't forget to clean your text accordingly).

Ans:

In [30]: !pip install wandb

```
Requirement already satisfied: wandb in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
(0.19.1)
Requirement already satisfied: click!=8.0.0,>=7.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di
st-packages (from wandb) (8.1.7)
Requirement already satisfied: docker-pycreds>=0.4.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.1
0/dist-packages (from wandb) (0.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: gitpython!=3.1.29,>=1.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python
3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (3.1.43)
Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
kages (from wandb) (4.3.6)
Requirement already satisfied: protobuf!=4.21.0,!=5.28.0,<6,>=3.19.0 in /usr/loca
1/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (3.20.3)
Requirement already satisfied: psutil>=5.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pa
ckages (from wandb) (5.9.5)
Requirement already satisfied: pydantic<3,>=2.6 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist
-packages (from wandb) (2.11.0a1)
Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
(from wandb) (6.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: requests<3,>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di
st-packages (from wandb) (2.32.3)
Requirement already satisfied: sentry-sdk>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dis
t-packages (from wandb) (2.19.2)
Requirement already satisfied: setproctitle in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
kages (from wandb) (1.3.4)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packa
ges (from wandb) (75.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions<5,>=4.4 in /usr/local/lib/python
3.10/dist-packages (from wandb) (4.12.2)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.4.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packa
ges (from docker-pycreds>=0.4.0->wandb) (1.17.0)
Requirement already satisfied: gitdb<5,>=4.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
packages (from gitpython!=3.1.29,>=1.0.0->wandb) (4.0.11)
Requirement already satisfied: annotated-types>=0.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.1
0/dist-packages (from pydantic<3,>=2.6->wandb) (0.7.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pydantic-core==2.28.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.1
0/dist-packages (from pydantic<3,>=2.6->wandb) (2.28.0)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/python
3.10/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0->wandb) (3.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pac
kages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0->wandb) (3.10)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di
st-packages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0->wandb) (2.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di
st-packages (from requests<3,>=2.0.0->wandb) (2025.1.31)
Requirement already satisfied: smmap<6,>=3.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
packages (from gitdb<5,>=4.0.1->gitpython!=3.1.29,>=1.0.0->wandb) (5.0.1)
 import wandb
 user_secrets = UserSecretsClient()
 my_secret = user_secrets.get_secret("wandb_api_key")
```

```
In [31]: from kaggle secrets import UserSecretsClient
         wandb.login(key=my secret)
```

wandb: WARNING Calling wandb.login() after wandb.init() has no effect.

```
In [33]: import torch
         import pandas as pd
         from transformers import AutoTokenizer, AutoModelForSequenceClassification, Trai
         from datasets import Dataset
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
         # Load tokenizer and model
         model name = "airesearch/wangchanberta-base-att-spm-uncased"
         tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from_pretrained(model_name)
         model = AutoModelForSequenceClassification.from_pretrained(model_name, num_label
         # Encode Labels
         label encoder = LabelEncoder()
         y_train_enc = label_encoder.fit_transform(y_train)
         y_val_enc = label_encoder.transform(y_val)
         y_test_enc = label_encoder.transform(y_test)
         # Tokenize data
         def tokenize function(examples):
             return tokenizer(examples["text"], padding="max_length", truncation=True, ma
         train_data = Dataset.from_dict({"text": X_train, "label": y_train_enc}).map(toke
         val_data = Dataset.from_dict({"text": X_val, "label": y_val_enc}).map(tokenize_f
         test_data = Dataset.from_dict({"text": X_test, "label": y_test_enc}).map(tokeniz
         # Define training arguments
         training_args = TrainingArguments(
             output_dir="./results", # Keep output directory for saving checkpoints
             run_name="wangchanberta_classification", # Set a different name for W&B
             eval_strategy="epoch",
             per_device_train_batch_size=16,
             per_device_eval_batch_size=16,
             num_train_epochs=3,
             save_strategy="epoch",
             save_total_limit=1,
             logging_dir="./logs",
             logging steps=50,
             load_best_model_at_end=True
         # Trainer
         def compute metrics(eval pred):
             logits, labels = eval pred
             predictions = np.argmax(logits, axis=-1) # Get the predicted class
             acc = accuracy_score(labels, predictions) # Compute accuracy
             return {"accuracy": acc}
         trainer = Trainer(
             model=model,
             args=training_args,
             train dataset=train data,
             eval_dataset=val_data,
             compute_metrics=compute_metrics # Add the metrics function here
         # Train model
```

```
trainer.train()
end = time.time()
```

Some weights of CamembertForSequenceClassification were not initialized from the model checkpoint at airesearch/wangchanberta-base-att-spm-uncased and are newly i nitialized: ['classifier.dense.bias', 'classifier.dense.weight', 'classifier.out_ proj.bias', 'classifier.out_proj.weight']

You should probably TRAIN this model on a down-stream task to be able to use it f or predictions and inference.

```
Map: 0% | 0/10690 [00:00<?, ? examples/s]
Map: 0% | 0/1336 [00:00<?, ? examples/s]
Map: 0% | 0/1337 [00:00<?, ? examples/s]
```

[2007/2007 07:01, Epoch 3/3]

Epoch Training Loss Validation Loss Accuracy

1	0.878000	0.790886	0.764222
2	0.543400	0.720454	0.782186
3	0.379500	0.723890	0.790419

```
In [34]: train_results = trainer.evaluate(train_data)
  val_results = trainer.evaluate(val_data)
  test_results = trainer.evaluate(test_data)
```

(669/669 00:47) (669/669 00:47)

```
In [35]: print(f"Training Time: {end - start:.4f} seconds")
    print(f"Train Accuracy: {train_results['eval_accuracy']:.4f}")
    print(f"Validation Accuracy: {val_results['eval_accuracy']:.4f}")
    print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_results['eval_accuracy']:.4f}")
```

Training Time: 740.7322 seconds

Train Accuracy: 0.8957 Validation Accuracy: 0.7822 Test Accuracy: 0.7906

Comparison

After you have completed the 3 models, compare the accuracy, ease of implementation, and inference speed (from cleaning, tokenization, till model compute) between the three models in mycourseville.

Model1

Training time: 3.0621 seconds

• Train Accuracy: 0.7650

Validation Accuracy: 0.6939

Test Accuracy: 0.6971

Model 2

Training Time: 2.2055 seconds

- Train Accuracy: 0.7351
- Validation Accuracy: 0.7118
- Test Accuracy: 0.7023

Model 3

- Time: 740.7322 seconds
- Train Accuracy: 0.8957
- Validation Accuracy: 0.7822
- Test Accuracy: 0.7906

ANS

WangchanBERTa ดีที่สุด เพราะ มีaccuracyสูงสุดและเรากำลังทำCallCenterChatbotซึ่งไม่จำเป็น ต้องเร็วมากนั้น