

## Com Sec Act 2 Splunk

Q1. How many hackers are trying to get access to our servers? And how many attempts are there? Explain/define how you count distinct hackers.

**ANS:** #hacker=185, #attempt=33253

The screenshot shows the Splunk Search interface. The search bar contains the following query:

```
source="tutorialdata.zip:*" "failed"  
| rex "from (?<src_ip>\d+\.\d+\.\d+\.\d+)"  
| stats count as total_attempts, dc(src_ip) as distinct_hackers
```

The search results show 33,253 events (before 28/08/2025 21:25:11.000). The interface includes tabs for Events, Patterns, Statistics (1), and Visualization. The Statistics tab is active, showing a table with two columns: total\_attempts and distinct\_hackers.

total_attempts	distinct_hackers
33253	185

Q2. What time do hackers appear to try to hack our servers?

**ANS:** 2025-08-17 18:00, 2025-08-18 18:00, 2025-08-19 18:00,  
2025-08-20 18:00, 2025-08-21 18:00, 2025-08-22 18:00,  
2025-08-23 18:00, 2025-08-24 18:00

[illegible][illegible]

Q3. Which server (mailsv, www1, www2, www3) had the most attempts?

ANS: www1

The screenshot shows the Splunk Search interface. The search bar contains the following query:

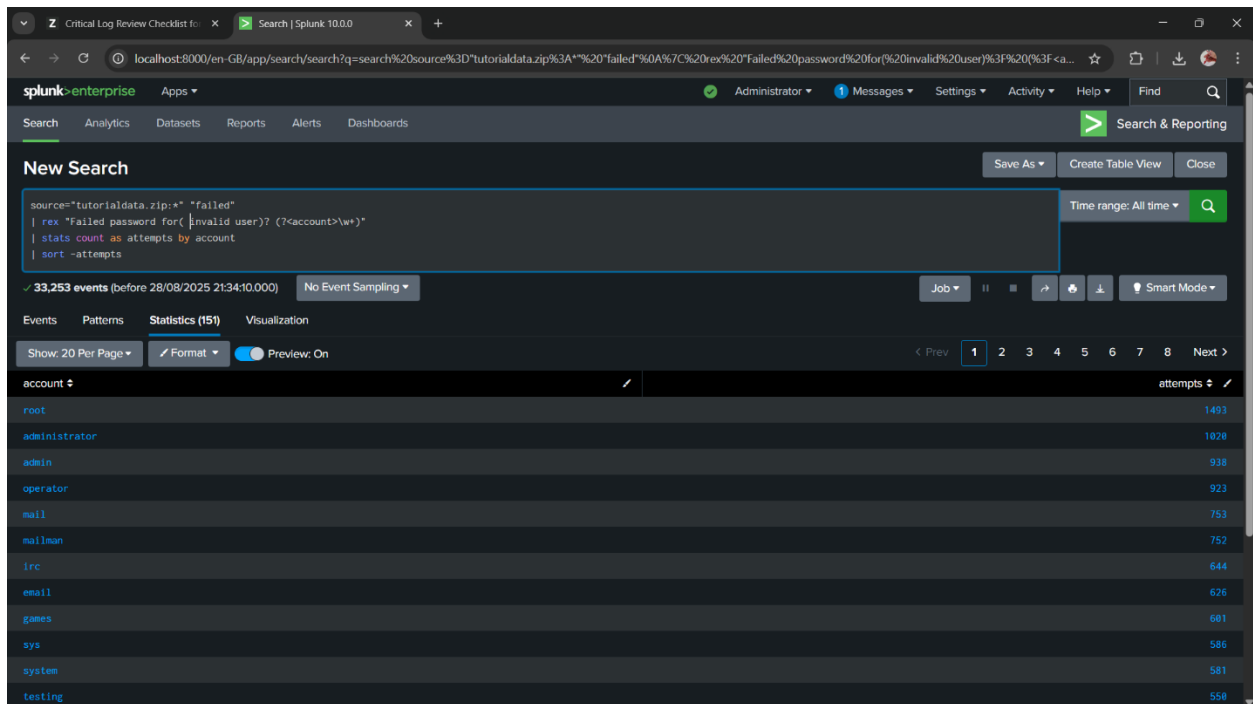
```
source=tutorialdata.zip:* "failed"  
| rex "(?<server>www[0-9])mailsv)"  
| stats count as attempts by server  
| sort -attempts
```

The search results show 33,253 events. The results are displayed in a table with the following columns: server and attempts.

server	attempts
www1	8798
www3	8267
mailsv	8154
www2	8034

Q4. What is the most popular account that hackers use to try to break in?

ANS: root



The screenshot shows the Splunk Enterprise search interface. The search bar contains the following query:

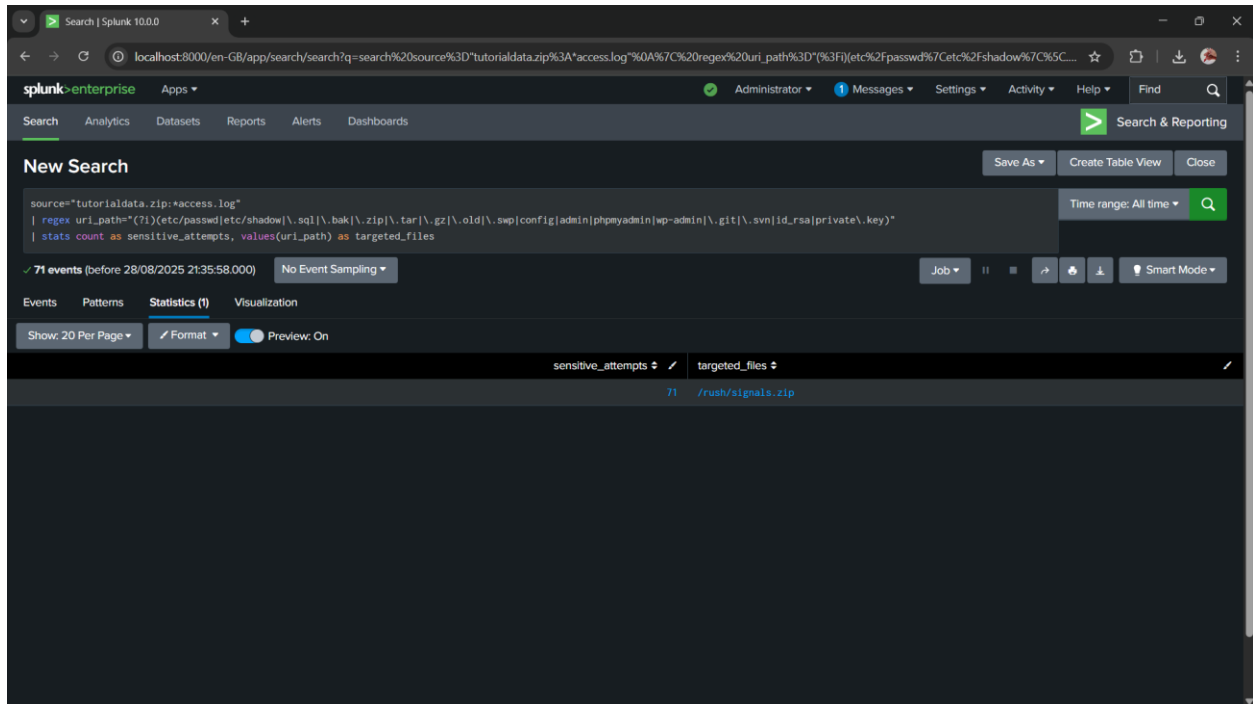
```
source="tutorialdata.zip:*" "failed"
| rex "failed password for(\\invalid user)? (?<account>\\w*)"
| stats count as attempts by account
| sort -attempts
```

The search results are displayed in a table with 151 events. The table has two columns: 'account' and 'attempts'. The 'root' account has the highest number of attempts, followed by 'administrator'.

account	attempts
root	1493
administrator	1028
admin	938
operator	923
mail	753
mailman	752
irc	644
email	626
games	601
sys	586
system	581
testing	550

Q5. Can you find attempts to get access to sensitive information from our web servers? How many attempts were there?

ANS: 71 times



The screenshot shows the Splunk Enterprise search interface. The search query is: `source="tutorialdata.zip:*access.log" | regex uri_path="(?!)(etc/passwd|etc/shadow|\.sql|\.bak|\.zip|\.tar|\.gz|\.old|\.swp|config|admin|phpmyadmin|wp-admin|\.git|\.svn|id_rsa|private\.key)" | stats count as sensitive_attempts, values(uri_path) as targeted_files`. The results show 71 events. The table below summarizes the data:

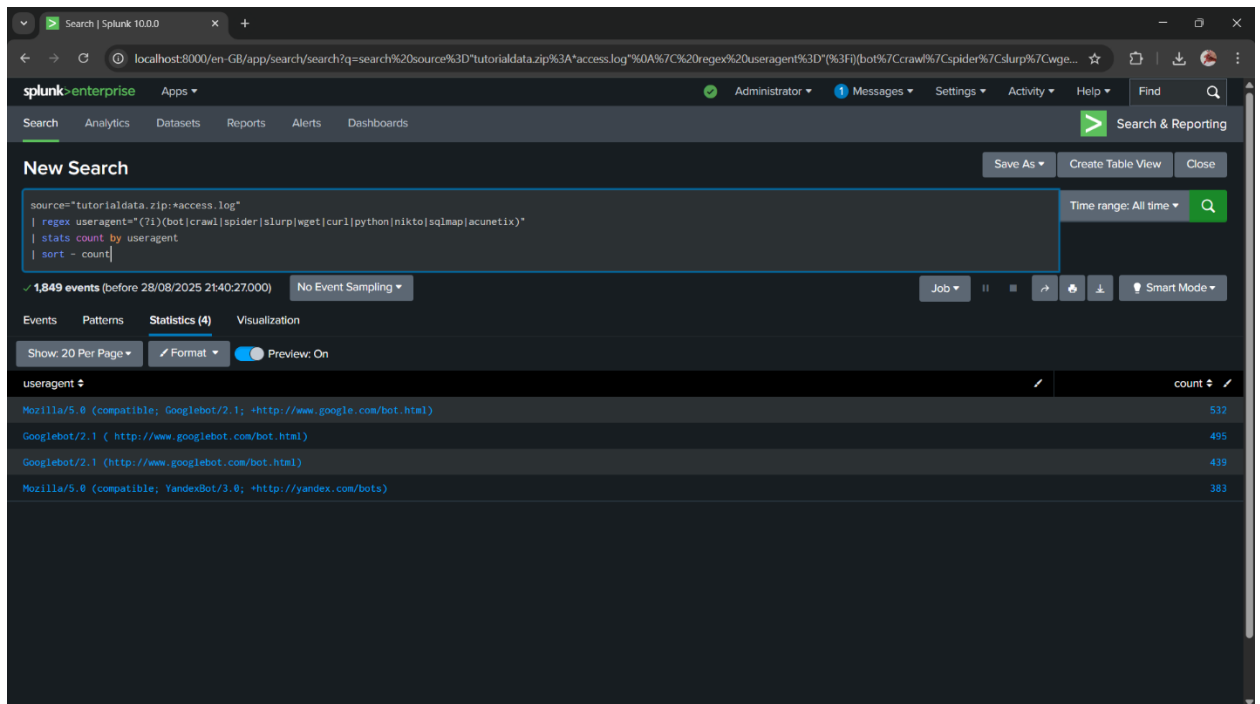
sensitive_attempts	targeted_files
71	/rush/signals.zip

Q6. What resource/file are hackers looking for?

ANS: /rush/signals.zip

Q7. Can you find any bots crawling our websites?

ANS: YES



The screenshot shows the Splunk Enterprise web interface. The search bar contains the following query:

```
source="tutorialdata.zip:*access.log"
| regex useragent="(?!)(bot|crawl|spider|slurp|wget|curl|python|nikto|sqlmap|acunetix)"
| stats count by useragent
| sort - count
```

The search results show 1,849 events. The 'Statistics (4)' tab is selected, displaying a table of user agents and their counts:

useragent	count
Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/bot.html)	532
Googlebot/2.1 ( http://www.googlebot.com/bot.html)	495
Googlebot/2.1 (http://www.googlebot.com/bot.html)	439
Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; YandexBot/3.0; +http://yandex.com/bots)	383

Q8. What are they doing on the site? (Hint: Look for User-Agent in the web access.logs.)

ANS: Bots are crawling the site to index pages for search engines.