

# Basic Reference

## Binary Operators

| Precedence | Operator | Notes  |
|------------|----------|--|
| 4          | *        |  |
|            | /        | Forward slash is floating point divide. 22/7 is 3.142857   |
|            | \        | Backward slash is integer divide, 22/7 is 3  |
|            | %        | Modulus of integer division ignoring signs   |
|            | >>       | Logical shifts up to 32 places, inserting zeros at the appropriate ends.   |
|            | <<       |  |
| 3          | +        |  |
|            | -        |  |
| 2          | <        | Compares as numbers or strings. If either is floating point it is compared as such, and the match is not exactly equal, but about 1 part in 100,000. Returns -1 for true, 0 for false. |
|            | <=       |  |
|            | >        |  |
|            | >=       |  |
|            | <>       |  |
|            | =        |  |
| 1          | &        | Binary operators on integers, but can be used as logical operators. Equivalent to and, or and exclusive or.  |
|            |          |  |
|            | ^        |  |

## Unary Operators (General)

| Operator         | Notes  |
|------------------|--|
| alloc(n)         | Allocate n bytes of 65C02 memory, return adress  |
| asc(s\$)         | Return ASCII value of first character or zero for empty string   |
| atan(n)          | Arctangent of n in degrees   |
| chr\$(n)         | Convert ASCII to string  |
| cos(n)           | Cosine of n, n ls in degrees.  |
| deek(a)          | Read word value at a   |
| event(v,r)       | event takes an integer variable and a fire rate (r) in 1/100s, and uses the integer variable to return -1 at that rate. See samples. |
| exp(n)           | e to the power n   |
| inkey\$()        | Return the key stroke if one is in the keyboard buffer, otherwise returns a n empty string.  |
| int(n)           | Whole part of the float value n. Integers are unchanged.   |
| isval(s\$)       | Converts string to number, returns -1 if okay, 0 if fails.   |
| key(n)           | Return the state of the given key. The key is the USB HID key scan code.   |
| left\$(a\$,n)    | Left most n characters of a\$  |
| len(a\$)         | Return length of string in characters.   |
| log(n)           | Natural Logarithm (e.g. ln2) of n.   |
| max(a,b)         | Return the largest of a and b (numbers or strings)   |
| mid\$(a\$,f[,s]) | Characters from a\$ starting at f (1 indexed), s characters, s is optional and defaults to the rest of the line.                     |
| min(a,b)         | Return the smaller of a and b (numbers or strings)   |
| peek(a)          | Read byte value at a   |
| rand(n)          | Random integer $0 < x < n$ (e.g. 0 to n-1)   |
| right\$(a\$,n)   | Rightmost n characters of a\$  |
| rnd(n)           | Random number $0 < x < 1$ , ignores n.   |

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| <code>sin(n)</code>   | Sine of n, n is in degrees.                                   |
| <code>sqr(n)</code>   | Square root of n  |
| <code>str\$(n)</code> | Convert n to a string   |
| <code>tan(n)</code>   | Tangent of n, n is in degrees.                                |
| <code>time()</code>   | Return time since power on in 100 <sup>th</sup> of a seconds. |
| <code>val(s\$)</code> | Convert string to number. Error if bad number.                |

## BASIC Commands (General)

| Command   | Notes  |
|---|--|
| ' <string>                                      | Comment. This is a string for syntactic consistency. The tokeniser will process a line that doesn't have speech marks as this is not common. REM this is a comment is now ' "this is a comment" and can be typed in as ' this is a comment |
| assert <expr>                                   | Error generated if <expr> is zero. Used for checking parameters and/or enforcing contracts.  |
| call <name>()                                   | Call named procedure   |
| cat   | Show contents of current directory   |
| clear   | Clear out stack, strings, reset all variables.   |
| dim <array>(n,[m]), ...                         | Dimension a one or two dimension string or number array, up to 255 elements in each dimension (e.g. 0-254)   |
| do ... exit ... loop                            | General loop you can break out of at any point.  |
| doke <addr>,<data>                              | Write word to address  |
| end   | End Program  |
| for <var> = <start><br>to/downto <end> ... next | For loop. Note this is non standard, Limitations are : the index must be an integer. Step can only be 1 (to) or -1 (downto). Next does not specify an index and cannot be used to terminate loops using the 'wrong' index.                 |
| gosub <expr>                                    | Call subroutine at line number. For porting only. See goto.  |
| goto <expr>                                     | Transfer execution to line number. For porting only. Use in general coding is a capital offence. If I write RENUMBER it will <u>not</u> support these.   |
| if <expr> then ....                             | Standard BASIC if, executes command or line number. (IF .. GOTO doesn't work, use IF .. THEN nn)   |
| if <expr>: .. else .. endif                     | Extended multiline if, without THEN. The else clause is optional.  |
| input <stuff>                                   | Input has an identical syntax and behaviour to Print except that variables are entered via the keyboard rather than printed on the screen.   |
| let <var> = <expr>                              | Assignment statement. The LET is optional.   |
| list [<from>][,][<to>]<br>list <procedure>()    | List program to display by line number or procedure name.  |

|                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| load "file"[,<address>]  | Load file to BASIC space or given address.   |
| new                      | Erase Program  |
| poke <addr>,<data>       | Write byte to address  |
| print <stuff>            | Print strings and numbers, standard format - , is used for tab ; to seperate elements.           |
| proc <name>()..endproc   | Delimits procedures  |
| repeat .. until <expr>   | Execute code until <expr> is true  |
| return                   | Return from subroutine called with gosub.  |
| run                      | Run Program  |
| save "file"[,<adr>,<sz>] | Save BASIC program or memory from <adr> length <sz>  |
| stop                     | Halt program with error  |
| sys <address>            | Call 65C02 machine code at given address. Passes contents of variables A,X,Y in those registers. |
| while <expr> .. wend     | Repeat code while expression is true   |