Basic Reference

Binary Operators

Precedence	Operator	Notes
4	*	
	1	Forward slash is floating point divide. 22/7 is 3.142857
	\	Backward slash is integer divide, 22/7 is 3
	%	Modulus of integer division ignoring signs
	>>	Logical shifts up to 32 places, inserting zeros at the appropriate ends.
	<<	
	+	
3	-	
2	<	Compares as numbers or strings. If either is floating point it is compared as such, and the match is not exactly equal, but about 1 part in 100,000. Returns -1 for true, 0 for false.
	<=	
	>	
	>=	
	<>	
	=	
1	&	Binary operators on integers, but can be used as logical operators. Equivalent to and, or and exclusive or.
	^	

Unary Operators (General)

Operator	Notes
alloc(n)	Allocate n bytes of 65C02 memory, return adress
asc(s\$)	Return ASCII value of first character or zero for empty string
atan(n)	Arctangent of n in degrees
chr\$(n)	Covnert ASCII to string
cos(n)	Cosine of n, n Is in degrees.
deek(a)	Read word value at a
event(v,r)	
exp(n)	e to the power n
inkey\$()	Return the key stroke if one is in the keyboard buffer, otherwise returns a n empty string.
int(n)	Whole part of the float value n. Integers are unchanged.
isval(s\$)	Converts string to number, returns -1 if okay, 0 if fails.
key(n)	Return the state of the given key. The key is the USB HID key scan code.
left\$(a\$,n)	Left most n characters of a\$
len(a\$)	Return length of string in characters.
log(n)	Natural Logarithm (e.g. ln2) of n.
max(a,b)	Return the largest of a and b
mid\$(a\$,f[,s])	Characters from a\$ starting at f (1 indexed), s characters, s is optional and defaults to the rest of the line.
min(a,b)	Return the smaller of a and b
peek(a)	Read byte value at a
rand(n)	Random integer 0 < x < n (e.g. 0 to n-1)
right\$(a\$,n)	Rightmost n characters of a\$
rnd(n)	Random number 0 < x < 1, ignores n.
sin(n)	Sine of n, n Is in degrees.

sqr(n)	Square root of n
str\$(n)	Convert n to a string
tan(n)	Tangent of n, n Is in degrees.
time()	Return time since power on in 100 th of a seconds.
val(s\$)	Convert string to number. Error if bad number.

BASIC Commands (General)

Command	Notes
' <string></string>	Comment. This is a string for syntactic consistency. The tokeniser will process a line that doesn't have speech marks as this is not common. REM this is a comment is now ' "this is a comment"
assert <expr></expr>	Error generated if <expr> is zero</expr>
call <name>()</name>	Call procedure
clear	Clear out stack, strings, reset all variables.
dim <array>(n,[m]),</array>	Dimension a one or two dimension string or number array, up to 255 elements in each dimension (e.g. 0-254)
do exit loop	General loop you can break out of at any point.
doke <addr>,<data></data></addr>	Write word to address
end	End Program
for <var> = <start> to/downto <end> next</end></start></var>	For loop. Note this is non standard,Limitations are: the index must be an integer. Step can only be 1 (to) or -1 (downto). Next does not specify an index and cannot be used to terminate loops using the 'wrong' index.
gosub <expr></expr>	Call subroutine at line number. For porting only. See goto.
goto <expr></expr>	Transfer execution to line number. For porting only. Use in general coding is a capital offence. If I write RENUMBER it will not support these.
if <expr> then</expr>	Standard BASIC if, executes command or line number. (IF GOTO doesn't work, use IF THEN nn)
if <expr>: else endif</expr>	Extended multiline if, without THEN. The else clause is optional.
input <stuff></stuff>	Input has an identical syntax and behaviour to Print except that variables are entered via the keyboard rather than printed on the screen.
let <var> = <expr></expr></var>	Assignment statement. The LET is optional.
list [<from>][,][<to>]</to></from>	List program to display
new	Erase Program
poke <addr>,<data></data></addr>	Write byte to address

print <stuff></stuff>	Print strings and numbers, standard format - , is used for tab ; to seperate elements.
proc <name>()endproc</name>	Delimits procedures
repeat until <expr></expr>	Execute code until <expr> is true</expr>
return	Return from subroutine called with gosub.
run	Run Program
stop	Halt program with error
sys <address></address>	Call 65C02 machine code at given address. Passes contents of variables A,X,Y in those registers.
while <expr> wend</expr>	Repeat code while expression is true