## Webscraping

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# What is scraping?

- Extract data from websites.
- Extract data from images/videos.
- Extract data from pdf files.

# What is scraping?

Extract data from websites.

#### Disclaimer

- Prohibited by Terms of Conditions of most websites.
- Can result into DoS attacks.
- Can affect quality of service provided by website. (e.g. Uber API)

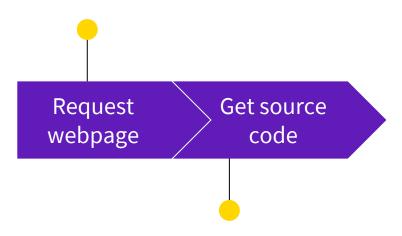
Web administrators make it difficult to scrape websites, their intellectual property.

### **Procedure**

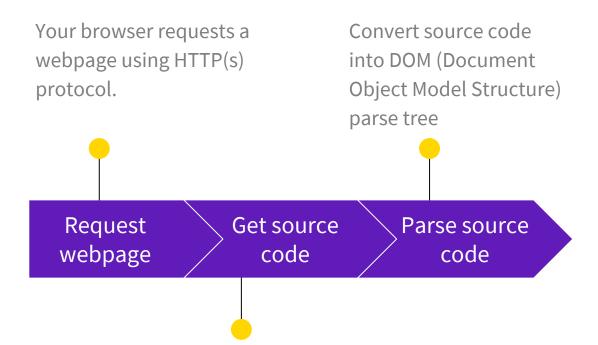
Your browser requests a webpage using HTTP(s) protocol.



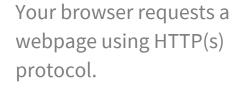
Your browser requests a webpage using HTTP(s) protocol.



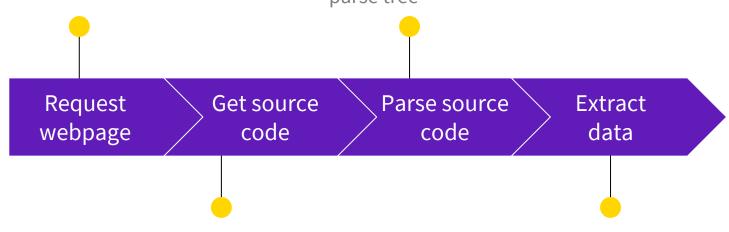
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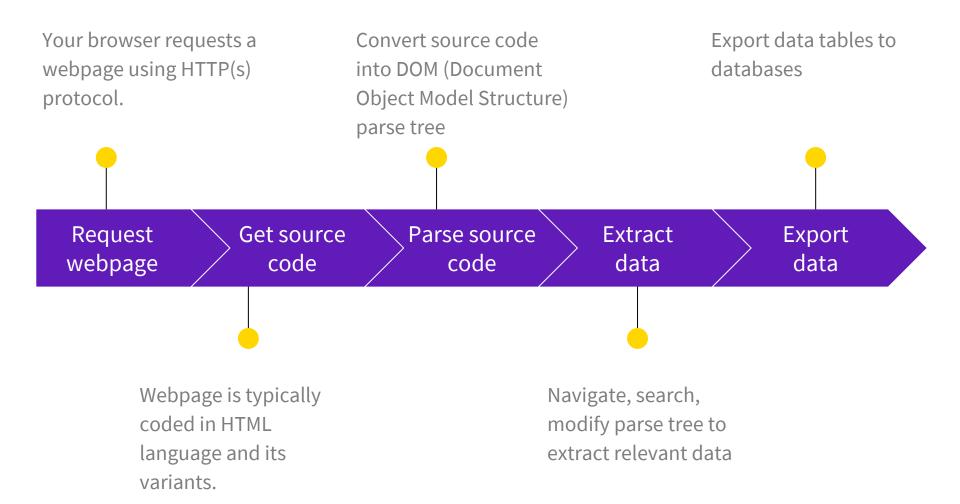


Convert source code into DOM (Document Object Model Structure) parse tree



Webpage is typically coded in HTML language and its variants.

Navigate, search, modify parse tree to extract relevant data



# Requesting Webpage

#### Command line tools

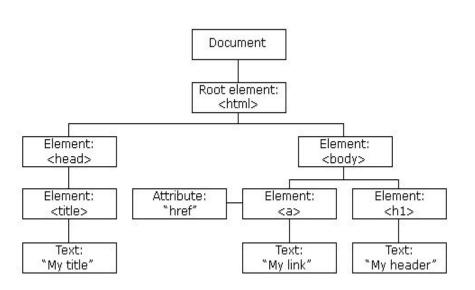
'Wget' or 'curl'

Network access libraries

Urllib, Request, pyCurl

Use "Inspect elements" option in browser to observe the requests in browser, mimic them as closely as possible.

# Parsing Webpage



- Regular expressions
- Convert webpage source code into 'Document Object Model' (DOM).
- Traverse the DOM to extract relevant data.

### BeautifulSoup

```
<html><head><title>The Dormouse's story</title></head>
<body>
<b>The Dormouse's story</b>
Once upon a time there were three little sisters:
and their names were
<a href="http://example.com/elsie" class="sister"
id="link1">Elsie</a>,
<a href="http://example.com/lacie" class="sister"
id="link2">Lacie</a> and
<a href="http://example.com/tillie" class="sister"
id="link3">Tillie</a>:
and they lived at the bottom of a well.
...
```

#### **Documentation:**

html doc = """

https://www.crummy.com/software/BeautifulSoup/bs4/doc/

```
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
soup = BeautifulSoup(html doc, 'html.parser')
>> soup.title
# <title>The Dormouse's story</title>
>> soup.title.string
# u'The Dormouse's story'
>> soup.find all('a')
# [<a class="sister" href="http://example.com/elsie"
id="link1">Elsie</a>.
# <a class="sister" href="http://example.com/lacie"
id="link2">Lacie</a>.
# <a class="sister" href="http://example.com/tillie"
```

id="link3">Tillie</a>1

# Storing & Exporting data

#### **Exporting data**

- SQLite database
- CSV files
- JSON files

Preferable to store original webpage source code, especially for webpages that frequently change.

#### **Difficulties**

- Websites identify automated access and block.
- HTML source codes change often, maintenance of 'parsers' is time-consuming activity.
- Modern websites rely on Javascript for dynamic loading.

# Tricks to prevent being blocked

- Random 'sleep' time between consecutive requests.
- Randomize 'User-Agent' for each request.
- Use HTTP / SOCKS proxy lists.
- Multi-processing with proxies.

### **Sitemaps**

- Major websites use 'sitemap.xml' to let search engines crawl their products / listings.
- Catalogue of listings.
- Robust to changes in source code.

Let's look at sitemap of Airbnb.

### AJAX Webpages

- Javascripts make requests to servers to fetch / display data.
- Source code obtained via code is not the same as the source code you see in browser.
- Example: Apple Jobs website
   <a href="https://jobs.apple.com/us/search">https://jobs.apple.com/us/search</a>

## AJAX Webpages

- Extended HTTP Requests (XHR).
- Automated Browser Instance.
- Use JavaScript to write scraper -Node.js library.

# Let's look at some scraping examples

### Thank You!