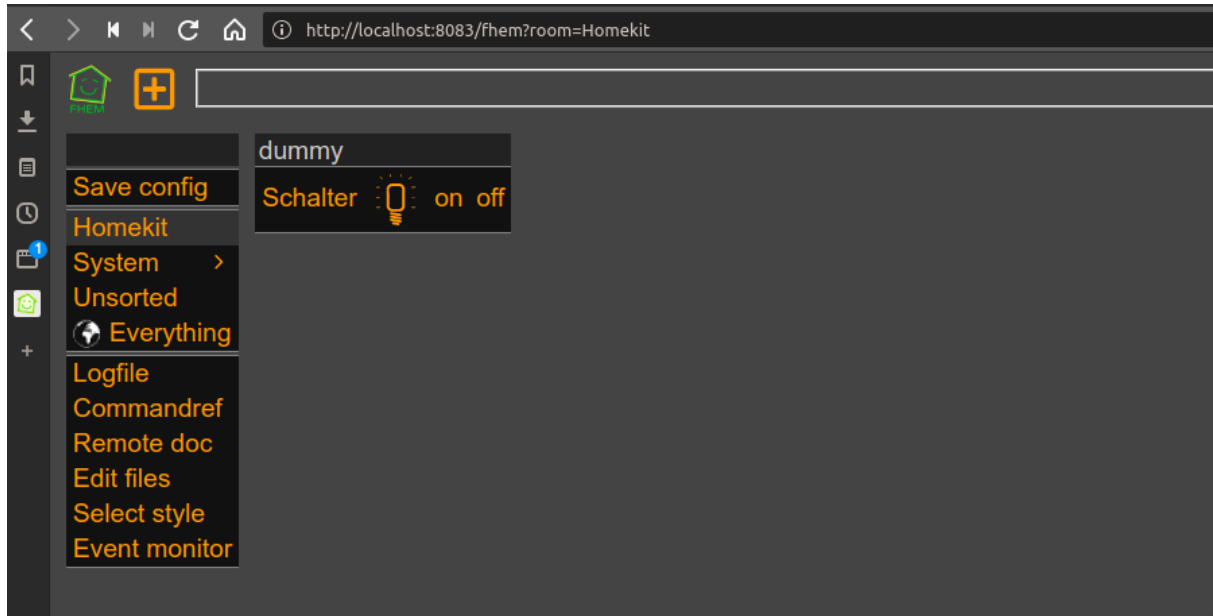


---

## Home Automation Stack



The stack contains everything to run FHEM on a Docker host. Mosquitto is used as message broker. SIRI functions are realized with the help of a homebridge container. The complete stack runs on x86 as well as arm architectures. It is very easy to clone its complete productive environment and has a simple way to build a test system.

### Todo

- Mosquitto user-/groupid problem
- DBLog Integration
- Boot config Raspberrypi for Homematic modul

define myHmUART HMUARTLGGW /dev/ttyAMA0

### Requirements

- docker
- docker-compose

---

## Installation raspberrypi

### Raspian Download

```
1 sudo dd bs=4M if=2019-09-26-raspbian-buster-full.img of=/dev/mmcblk0  
   conv=fsync  
2 sync
```

Eject the card and insert it again to mount the filesystems boot & rootfs. Touch a blank file ssh to enable

```
1 sudo touch /media/boot/ssh  
2 sync  
3 umount /media/boot  
4 umount /media/rootfs
```

Eject the card and insert into your raspberrypi. After that power on the rpi and login with the known

```
1 ssh pi@raspberrypi4
```

```
1 pi@raspberrypi:~ $ passwd  
2 Changing password for pi.  
3 Current password:  
4 New password:  
5 Retype new password:  
6 passwd: password updated successfully  
7 pi@raspberrypi:~ $
```

### System Update

```
1 sudo apt-get update  
2 sudo apt-get dist-upgrade
```

### Set timezone

```
1 sudo dpkg-reconfigure tzdata
```

### Raspberry Config

- 1) Expand the root filesystem (A1 / Advanced Options)
- 2) Update raspi-config  
sudo raspi-config sudo reboot

---

### Disable swap

```
1 sudo dphys-swapfile swapoff && \  
2 sudo dphys-swapfile uninstall && \  
3 sudo systemctl disable dphys-swapfile
```

### Intall additional packages

```
1 sudo apt-get install wget git apt-transport-https vim telnet zsh zsh-  
autosuggestions zsh-syntax-highlighting ntp ksh logwatch
```

### Configure ntpd daemon

```
1 sudo vi /etc/ntp.conf
```

```
1 server 192.168.1.1
```

### Install oh-my-zsh

```
1 sh -c "$(curl -fsSL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ohmyzsh/ohmyzsh/master/  
tools/install.sh)"
```

### Install log2ram (/var/log 2 ram)

```
1 echo "deb http://packages.azlux.fr/debian/ buster main" | sudo tee /  
etc/apt/sources.list.d/azlux.list  
2 wget -qO - https://azlux.fr/repo.gpg.key | sudo apt-key add -  
3 apt update  
4 apt install log2ram
```

### Setup ssh key for user

```
1 ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 8192
```

### Install .ssh/config file to ignore strictHostKeyChecking

```
1 vi ~/.ssh/config  
2  
3 Host fhemlocalhost  
4 Hostname localhost  
5 Port 222  
6 User fhem
```

---

```
7 StrictHostKeyChecking no
8 UserKnownHostsFile=/dev/null
```

### **Install docker & docker-compose**

```
1 #curl -sSL https://get.docker.com | sh
2 #sudo systemctl enable docker
3 #sudo systemctl start docker
4 sudo apt-get install docker docker-compose
5 sudo usermod -aG docker pi
6 sudo reboot
```

### **git repository export and start all container**

```
1 cd
2 git clone https://github.com/stormmurdock/fhemdocker.git
3 cd fhemdocker
4 docker-compose up
```

### **Access the application**

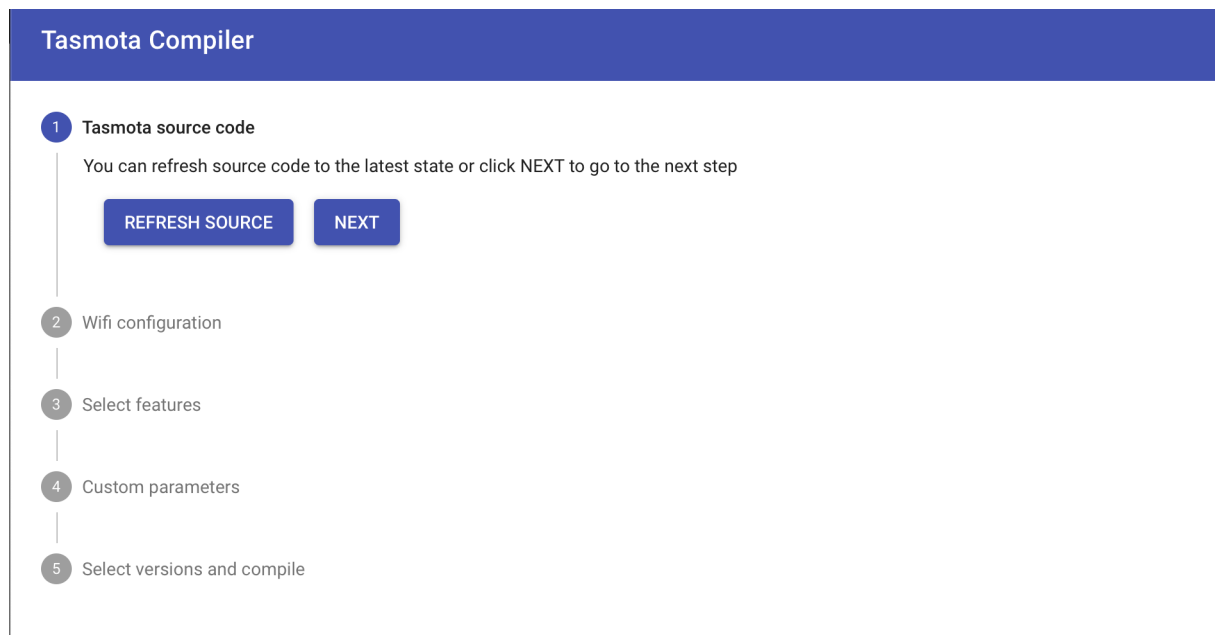
#### **FHEM**

FHEM tmux session inside the container



---

## Tasmota Compiler

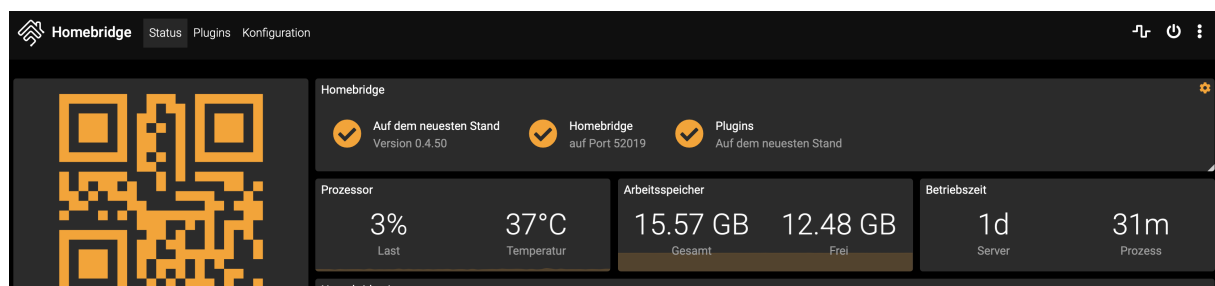


**Abbildung 3:** "tasmotacompiler"

<http://localhost:8082>

## Homebridge

Default User: admin Default Passwort: admin



**Abbildung 4:** "homebridge"

<http://localhost:8080>

## Portainer

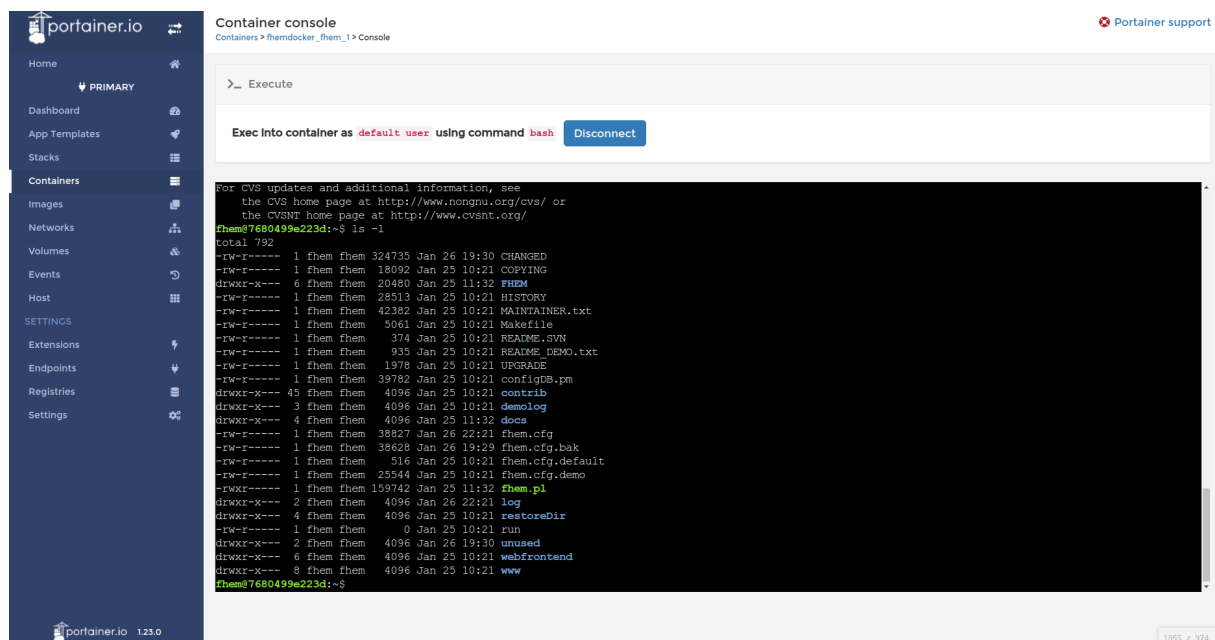


Abbildung 5: “portainer”

http://localhost:9000

## Deconz

deCONZ Image Container Integration

## Configuring Raspbian for RaspBee

Raspbian defaults Bluetooth to /dev/ttyAMA0 and configures a login shell over serial (tty). You must disable the tty login shell and enable the serial port hardware, and swap Bluetooth to /dev/S0, to allow RaspBee to work properly under Docker.

To disable the login shell over serial and enable the serial port hardware:

- 1) sudo raspi-config
- 2) Select Interfacing Options
- 3) Select Serial
- 4) “Would you like a login shell to be accessible over serial?” Select No
- 5) “Would you like the serial port hardware to be enabled?” Select Yes

- 
- 6) Exit raspi-config and reboot To swap Bluetooth to /dev/S0 (moving RaspBee to /dev/ttyAMA0), run the following command and then reboot:

```
echo 'dtoverlay=miniuart-bt' | sudo tee -a /boot/config.txt
```

This will exchange the UART and the Mini-UART so the Mini-UART is connected to the bluetooth and the UART to the GPIO pins.

On Raspberry Pi 4 verify that file /boot/config.txt does NOT contain a line “enable\_uart=0”. If the line exists remove or comment (#) this line.

After running the above command and rebooting, RaspBee should be available at /dev/ttyAMA0.

## Watchtower

This container automatically update all running container within a given time interval.

<https://containrrr.github.io/watchtower/>

## ctop

### Description

ctop is a commandline monitoring tool for linux containers

ctop - 11:34:11 CET 7 containers

NAME	CID	CPU	MEM	NET RX/TX	IO R/W	PIDS
• themdocker_adminer_1	e44786321c50	0%	4M / 15.57G	7K / 220B	0B / 0B	1
• themdocker_rhem_1	fa2b2468390c	5%	77M / 15.57G	18K / 39K	0B / 276K	4
• themdocker_homebridge_1	b914d7962583	0%	128M / 15.57G	0B / 0B	0B / 60K	39
• themdocker_portainer_1	857174666414	0%	9M / 15.57G	15K / 1K	0B / 148K	18
• themdocker_tasmocompil...	ffdfed452715	0%	41M / 15.57G	7K / 110B	0B / 4K	18
• themdocker_tasmotaadmi...	fc63ff98efe7	0%	12M / 15.57G	8K / 110B	0B / 8K	10
• themdocker_broker_1	c442b745388f	-	-	-	- / 8K	-

Abbildung 6: “ctop”

## Installation

ctop is available in AUR, so you can install it using AUR helpers, such as YaY, in Arch Linux and its variants such as Antergos and Manjaro Linux.

## Installation Linux

### x86 Platform



---

```
1 sudo wget https://github.com/bcicen/ctop/releases/download/v0.7.3/
   ctop-0.7.3-linux-amd64 -O /usr/local/bin/ctop
2 sudo chmod +x /usr/local/bin/ctop
```

```
1 sudo wget https://github.com/bcicen/ctop/releases/download/v0.7.3/
   ctop-0.7.3-linux-arm -O /usr/local/bin/ctop
2 sudo chmod +x /usr/local/bin/ctop
```

## Contributing to fhemdoker

Contributions are encouraged and welcome!