Sales Performance Analysis and Executive Dashboard Report

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Dataset: Superstore Sales (2015–2018)

Tools Used: Databricks (SQL, Python), Power BI

1. Project Objective

The main goal of this project was to understand the overall sales performance of a retail superstore between 2015 and 2018. I wanted to explore the trends, patterns, and key business drivers using a mix of SQL analytics (in Databricks) and interactive dashboards (in Power BI).

My focus was to answer important business questions such as:

- How have sales changed over time?
- Which customer segments and regions are the most profitable?
- Are there seasonal or monthly sales patterns?
- Which product categories or sub-categories perform best?

2. Data Cleaning & Exploration (Databricks)

I started the analysis in **Databricks**, where I cleaned and transformed the dataset using SQL and Python. Some key steps included:

- Removing nulls and duplicates.
- Converting Order_Date into Year-Month format for time-based analysis.
- Creating clean views like df_cleaned and output tables such as sql_df to store processed results.

Using SQL queries inside the notebook, I answered several exploratory questions like:

"What are the total sales by month and segment?"

```
SELECT
  date_format(to_date(Order_Date, 'yyyyy-MM-dd'), 'yyyyy-MM') AS Month,
  Segment,
  ROUND(SUM(Sales), 2) AS Total_Sales
FROM sales_data
GROUP BY Month, Segment
ORDER BY Month, Segment
```

From this, I was able to create time-series views of each segment's performance across months and years, and detect peaks (e.g., high Q4 sales) and drops.

3. Executive Summary Dashboard (Power BI)

Once the data was cleaned, I exported the results into **Power BI Desktop** to design a two-page, interactive dashboard.

Page 1: Executive Sales Summary

This page provides a top-level overview of overall performance from 2015–2018. It includes:

• Total Sales: €2.26M

• **Total Orders**: 4,922

• Average Sales per Order: €459.48

- Sales by Segment: Consumer (€1.15M) outperformed Corporate and Home Office.
- Sales by Region: The West and East regions drove the most revenue.
- Sales Trend by Year: Strong year-over-year growth, especially after 2016.

These insights help us understand "where the money is coming from" and how business grew during the four years.

4. Market Performance Overview (Power BI)

The second page dives deeper into product and operational performance.

Key Highlights:

• Sales by Sub-Category: Phones (€0.33M) and Chairs (€0.32M) were the top-selling subcategories.

- Sales by Category: Technology led with €827.46K in revenue.
- Sales by Ship Mode: Standard and Second Class were the most common modes.
- Monthly Sales Trend by Segment: Each customer segment had spikes in different months useful for planning seasonal promotions.
- **Segment & Category Cross Table**: Helped identify which segments preferred which categories (e.g., Consumers spent more on Technology).

This page supports tactical decisions like stock optimization, marketing focus, and segment-specific offers.

5. Insights & Recommendations

From my analysis, I drew a few clear insights:

- Consumers drive revenue. They account for over half of all sales.
- **Phones, Chairs, and Technology** are strong revenue leaders. These should be prioritized for upselling and inventory.
- Sales peak in Q4, especially in November and December. Promotional efforts should be concentrated here.
- The West and East are high-performing regions, suggesting they are mature markets or better served.

Recommendations:

- Increase stock for top sub-categories in peak months.
- Tailor marketing by segment especially targeting consumers with tech-based products.
- Expand operations or marketing efforts in the West and East.

6. Conclusion

This project helped me combine data exploration in Databricks with interactive visualization in Power BI to answer real business questions. It strengthened my ability to:

- Clean and manipulate data using SQL and Python
- Transform raw data into decision-making insights
- Create professional, interactive dashboards

| Think like a business analyst and make data-driven recommendations |
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