# STUDENTS MANAGEMENT APP

A PROJECT MADE IN THE CONTEXT OF SEV – REGENERATION SKILLS4JOBS INITIATIVE AT UNIVERSITY OF ECONOMICS AND BUSINESS FOR SOFTWARE ENGINEERS

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### INTRODUCTION

There was a need to create a web Application to manage the enrollments of students in courses and the teachers teaching each course.

So , I used ASP.NET CORE framework coding with C# , as this can integrate a unified solution of our code/business logic and graphical interfaces.

### APPLICATION COMPONENTS

- 1.A DATABASE AT SQL SERVER MANAGEMENT STUDIO,
- 2.C# code
- 3.Razor pages

### I. DATABASE

#### Consist's of four tables

- STUDENTS (Id, FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME) [ Id Primary Key ]
- TEACHERS (Id, FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME) [ Id Primary Key ]
- COURSES (Id, DESCRIPTION, TEACHER\_ID) [ Id Primary Key ]

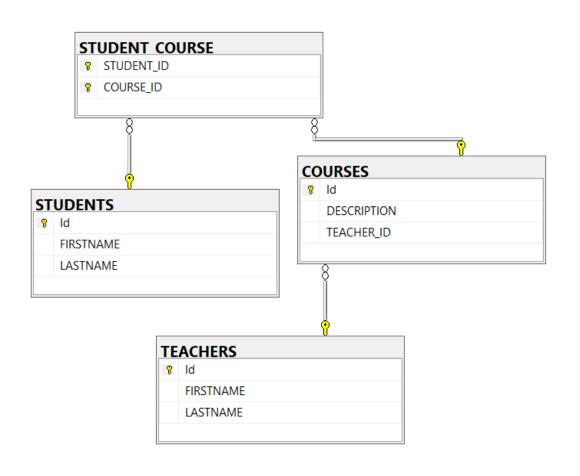
TEACHER\_ID Foreing key to TEACHERS Table at Id

STUDENT\_COURSE (STUDENT\_ID , COURSE\_ID)

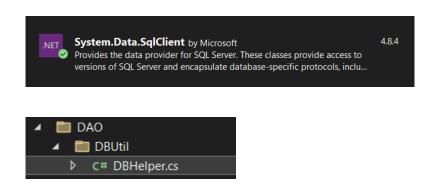
[ Both fields compose Primary Key and

STUDENT\_ID Foreing key to STUDENTS Table at Id

**COURSE\_ID** Foreing key to **COURSES** Table at **Id**]



### I. DATABASE CONNECTION WITH VS CODE



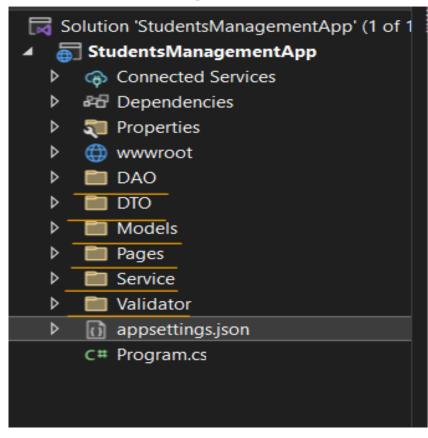
Connection with DB is done by Installing Nuget Package SQLClient and provided the classes and interfaces that create connection with database, command queries, read or send data.

In this project, DB Helper Class attempts the connection to by sending a connection string.

```
using System.Data.SqlClient;
namespace StudentsManagementApp.DAO.DBUtil
     23 references
     public class DBHelper
         private static SqlConnection? conn;
         //No instances of this class available .U T I L I T Y C L A S S
         private DBHelper() { }
         public static SqlConnection? GetConnection()
            try
                 ConfigurationManager configurationManager = new();
                 configurationManager.AddJsonFile("appsettings.json");
                 string url = configurationManager.GetConnectionString("DefaultConnection");
                 //string url = "Data Source=localhost\\sqlexpress; Initial Catalog=SevDB; Integrated Security=True";
                 conn = new SqlConnection(url);
                 return conn;
             catch ( Exception e)
                 Console.WriteLine(e.StackTrace);
                 return null:
         public static void CloseConnection()
             if (conn != null)
                 conn.Close();
```

### 2. CODE DESIGN

#### **Namespaces**



application follows the design architecture SOA (Service-orientedarchitecture) which obeys the design principle Seperation of Concern. This is achieved by separating the code into and self-contained small layers (namespaces), which makes it easier to debug, maintain, extend and reuse for future additions. The data binding between the layers that have to communicate is loosely coupled and in our case is done with dependency injection via interfaces.

### 2.A NAMESPACES

#### **MODELS**

- DAO
- SERVICE
- « VALIDATOR
- **PAGES**

- Models
  - C# Course.cs
  - C# Enroll.cs
  - C# Student.cs
- C# Teacher.cs

The classes in models are representations of data in the database

- - DBUtil

DAO

- C# CourseDAOImpl.cs
- C# EnrolIDAOImpl.cs
- C# ICourseDAO.cs
- C# IEnroIIDAO.cs
- C# IStudentDAO.cs
- C# ITeacherDAO.cs
- C# StudentDAOImpl.cs
- C# TeacherDAOImpl.cs

Data Access layer communicates with the database via DBUtil Class.

- Service
  - C# CourseServiceImpl.cs
  - C# EnrollServiceImpl.cs
  - C# ICourseService.cs
  - C# IEnrollService.cs
  - C# IStudentService.cs
  - C# ITeacherService.cs
  - C# StudentServiceImpl.cs
  - C# TeacherServiceImpl.cs

Service layer represents the public API with documentation communicating with DAO layer

- Validator ▶ C# CourseValidator.cs
- C# StudentValidator.cs
- C# TeacherValidator.cs

Helper class that checks if the object transferred is valid

DTO C# CourseDTO.cs C# EnrolIDTO.cs C# StudentDTO.cs C# TeacherDTO.cs

Data Transfer Object tranfers data from userinput to service layer

Pages Create.cshtml Delete.cshtml Index.cshtml Update.cshtml Enrollments Shared Students Teachers

Holds for views(csHtml) and controllers that manages requests from user

### 2.B.MODELS

Classes
representing
each table of
database with
fields as fields
of the tables

```
Inamespace StudentsManagementApp.Models
{
    46 references
    public class Student
    {
        13 references
        public int Id { get; set; }
        10 references
        public string? Firstname { get; set; }
        10 references
        public string? Lastname { get; set; }
}
```

```
Imamespace StudentsManagementApp.Models
{
    46 references
    public class Course
    {
        13 references
        public int Id { get; set; }
        10 references
        public string? Description { get; set; }
        7 references
        public int TeacherId { get; set; }
}
```

### 2.B.DAO

#### DAO layer contains interfaces and classes that implement them. For example ..

```
using StudentsManagementApp.Models;
Enamespace StudentsManagementApp.DAO
      7 references
     public interface IStudentDAO
          2 references
          void Insert(Student? student);
          2 references
          void Update(Student? student);
          2 references
          Student? Delete(Student? student);
          2 references
          Student? GetStudent(int id);
          2 references
          List <Student> GetAll();
```

Each CRUD method uses DB helper first to connect to database and then to command queries and read or send data

```
oublic class StudentDAOImpl : IStudentDAO
   public Student? Delete(Student? student)
       if (student == null) return null;
      try
           using SqlConnection? conn = DBHelper.GetConnection();
           if (conn is not null) conn.Open();
           string sql1 = "DELETE FROM STUDENT_COURSE WHERE STUDENT_ID = @id";
           string sql2 = "DELETE FROM STUDENTS WHERE ID = @id";
           using SqlCommand command1 = new(sql1, conn);
           using SqlCommand command2 = new(sql2, conn);
           command1.Parameters.AddWithValue("@id", student.Id);
           command2.Parameters.AddWithValue("@id", student.Id);
           command1.ExecuteNonQuery();
           int rowsAffected = command2.ExecuteNonQuery();
           return (rowsAffected > θ) ? student : null;
       catch (Exception e)
           Console.WriteLine(e.StackTrace);
```

Interface

Delete method implementation

```
using StudentsManagementApp.DTO;
 using StudentsManagementApp.Models;
                                                                Service
Enamespace StudentsManagementApp.Service
                                                               Interface
    public interface IStudentService
         /// A method that returns a list with all the students
        List<Student> GetAllStudents();
         /// A method that inserts a record (student) with values Id, Firstname, Lastname at
        /// the students table
         /// <param name="dto"> DTOStudent object that is to be
         /// converted to Student</param>
        void InsertStudent(StudentDTO? dto);
         /// A method that updates a record (Student) with values Firstname, Lastname at
         /// <param name="dto">
        /// DTOStudent that is to be
         /// converted to Student</param>
        void UpdateStudent(StudentDTO? dto);
         /// A method that brings one student ,searched by Id, from the student table
         /// <param name="id">Id of the student</param>
         /// <returns> a Student object</returns>
         Student? GetStudent(int id);
         /// It deletes a student record from Students table
         /// <param name="dto">
         /// DTOStudent Object that is to be
         /// converted to Student</param>
        /// <returns>Returns the deleted Student </returns>
         Student? DeleteStudent(StudentDTO? dto):
```

### 2.B.SERVICE

Service layer also contains interfaces and classes that implement them but also holds for public API and documentation explaining utility.

Service Delete Method Implementation

```
if (dto == null) return null;

try
{
    Student? student = ConvertDTOToStudent(dto);
    return dao.Delete(student);
}
catch (Exception e)
{
    Console.WriteLine(e.Message);
    throw;
}
```

ublic Student? DeleteStudent(StudentDTO? dto)

Service layer calls methods from DAO layer with dependency injection

```
public class StudentServiceImpl : IStudentService
{
    private readonly IStudentDAO dao;

4 references
    public StudentServiceImpl(IStudentDAO dao)
    {
        this.dao = dao;
    }
}
```

### 2.B.DTO

DTO like model classes but serves communication between controllers and service layer

```
namespace StudentsManagementApp.Models
{
    46 references
    public class Student
    {
        13 references
        public int Id { get; set; }
        10 references
        public string? Firstname { get; set; }
        10 references
        public string? Lastname { get; set; }
}
```

```
Image: Imag
```

### 2.B. VALIDATOR

#### Checks if DTOS are valid

```
public class CourseValidator
{
    Oreferences
    private CourseValidator() { }

2 references
    public static string Validate(CourseDTO? dto)
{
        if (dto!.Description!.Length <= 6)
        {
            return "Course should not be less than 6 characters ";
        }
        else return "";
}</pre>
```

### 3.RAZOR PAGES

Razor pages contains the view (csHtml) file and the controller class that manages the requests of the user.

Students
Create.cshtml
C# Create.cshtml.cs
Delete.cshtml
C# Delete.cshtml.cs
Index.cshtml
C# Index.cshtml
C# Update.cshtml
C# Update.cshtml

Every time a request is made a new html page is sent back. Each razor pages represent a CRUD action .

For example IndexModel calls GetAllStudents() from Service layer

#### The HTML page that is sent to user

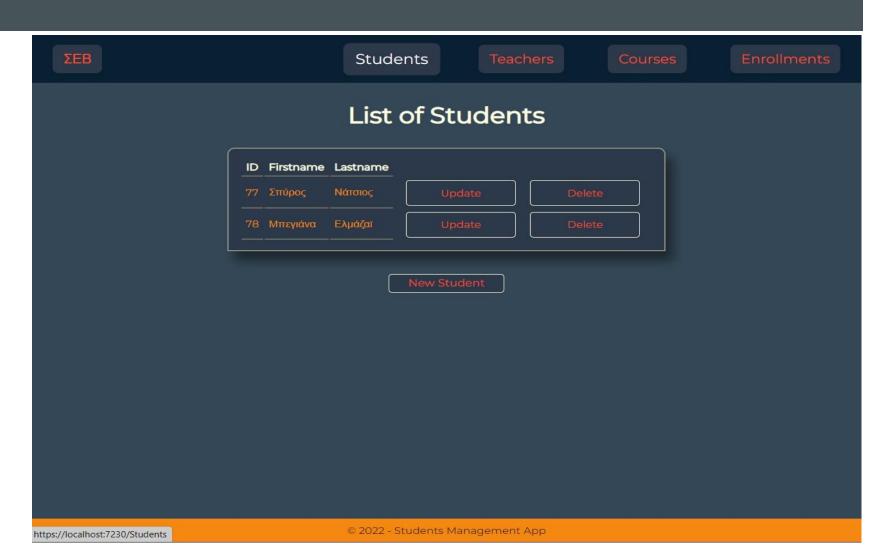
```
@model StudentsManagementApp.Pages.Students.IndexModel
<h2>List of Students</h2>
∃<div class="database">
 table class="table">
    <thead:
           ID
           Lastname
    </thead>
       @if (Model.students is not null )
           @foreach (var student in Model.students)
                   @student.Id
                   @student.Firstname
                   @student.Lastname
                     <a class="button" href="/Students/Update?id=@student.Id">Update</a>
                     <a class="button" href="/Students/Delete?id=@student.Id">Delete</a>
    div class="button-container">
    <div class="button" id="new">
            <a href="/Students/Create">New Student</a>
```

Welcome to Student's Management App!

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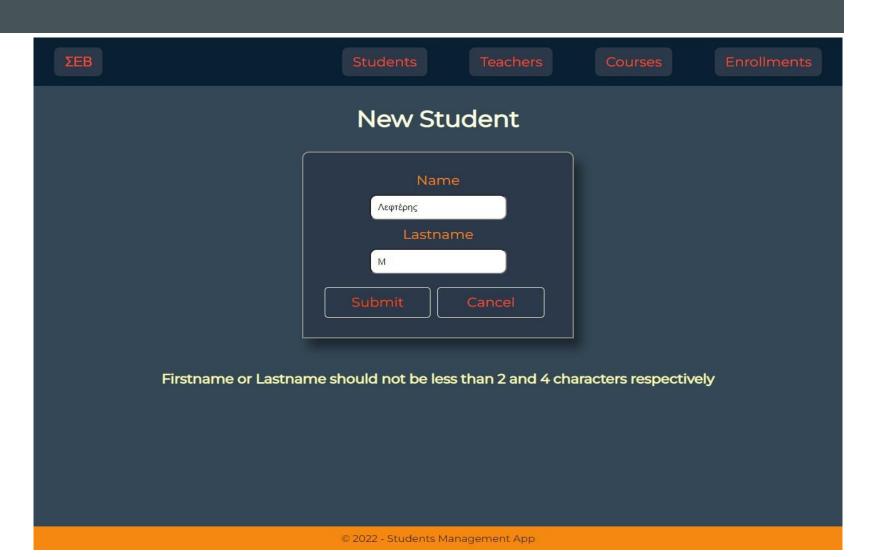
**HOMEPAGE** 

Students page

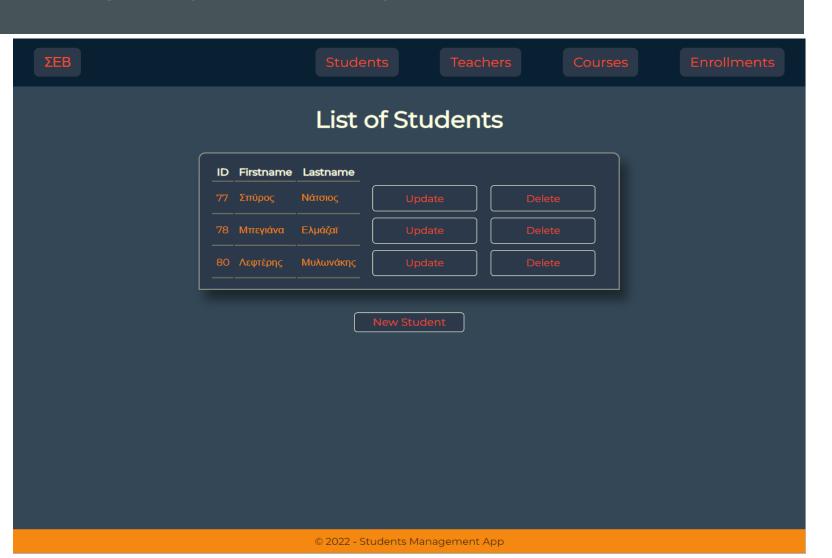


#### Create student

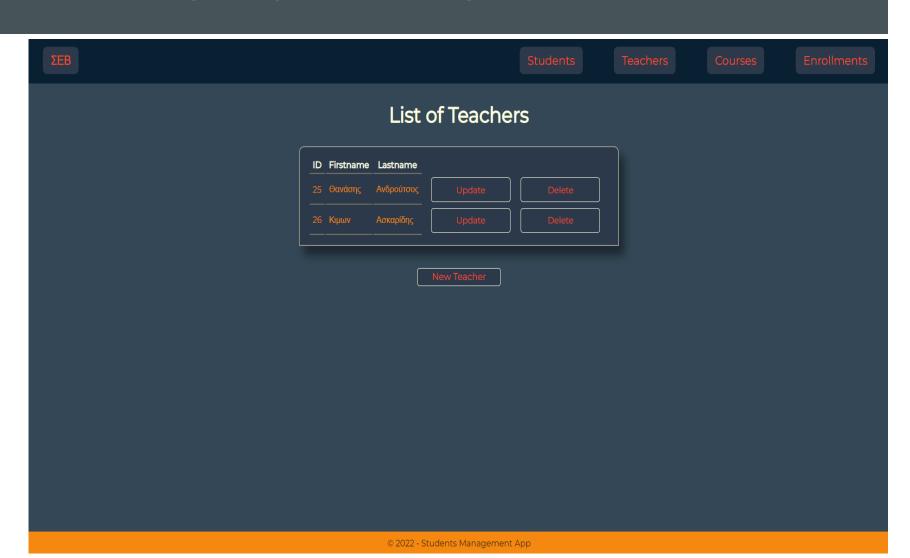
It throws error message: name or lastname is under 2 or 4 charachters



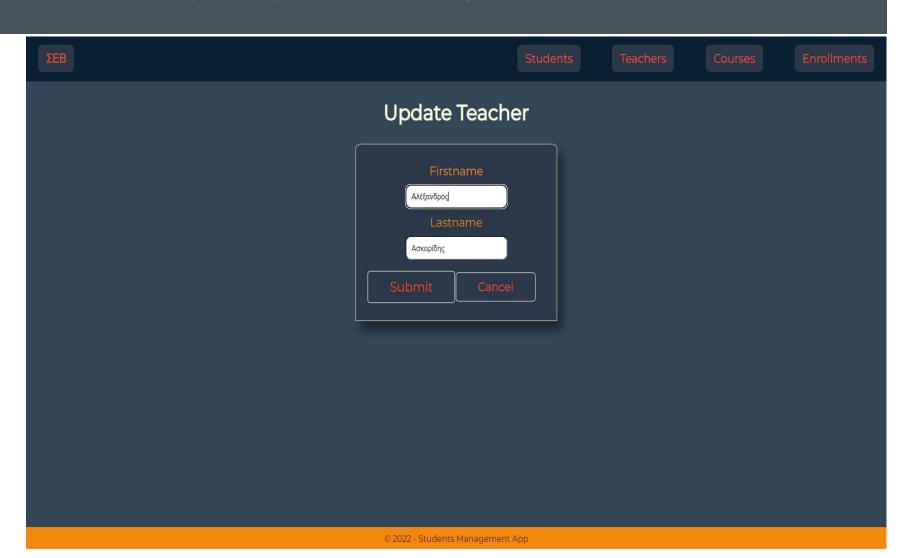
Student created



Same goes with Teacher

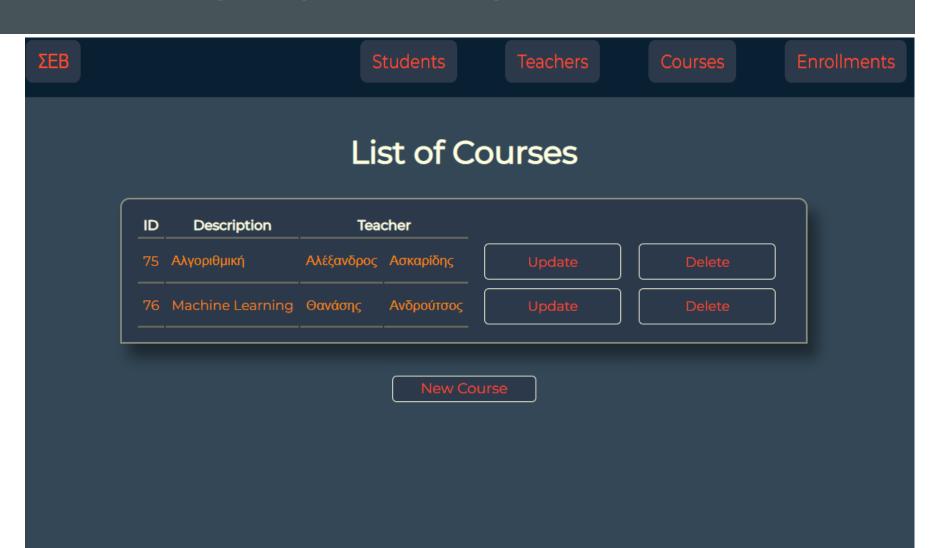


Update Teacher



ΣΕΒ List of Teachers ID Firstname Lastname Ανδρούτσος 25 Θανάσης 26 Αλέξανδρος Ασκαρίδης

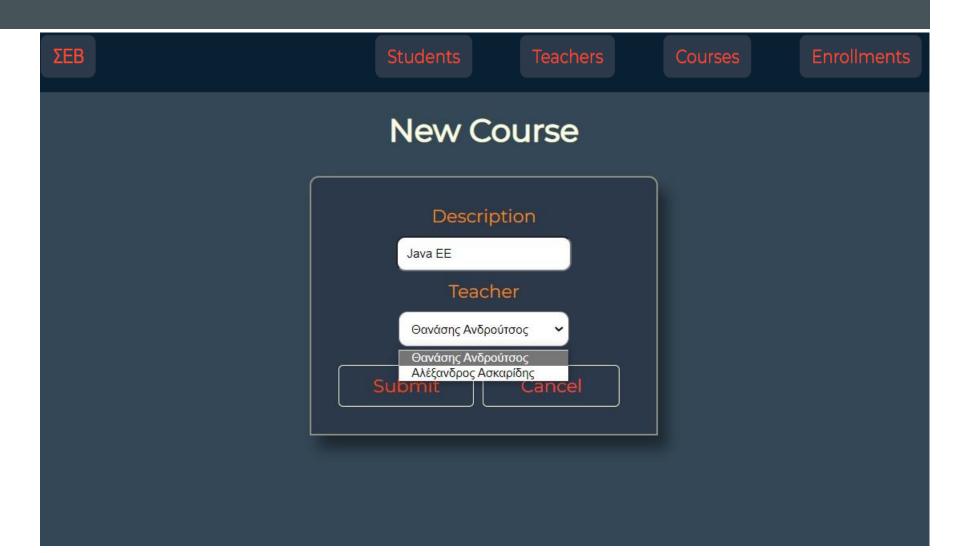
Teacher Updated



Courses

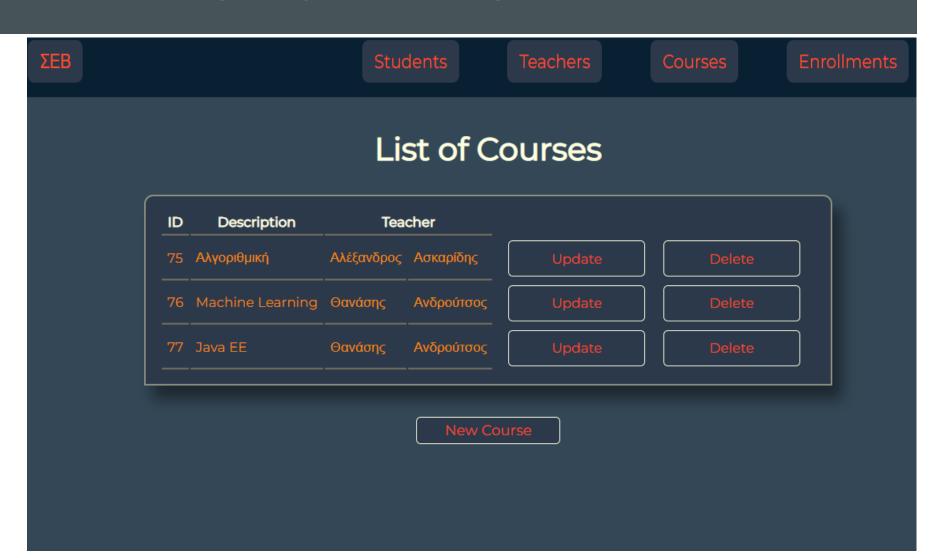


It is required to choose an already inserted teacher



# Course Created

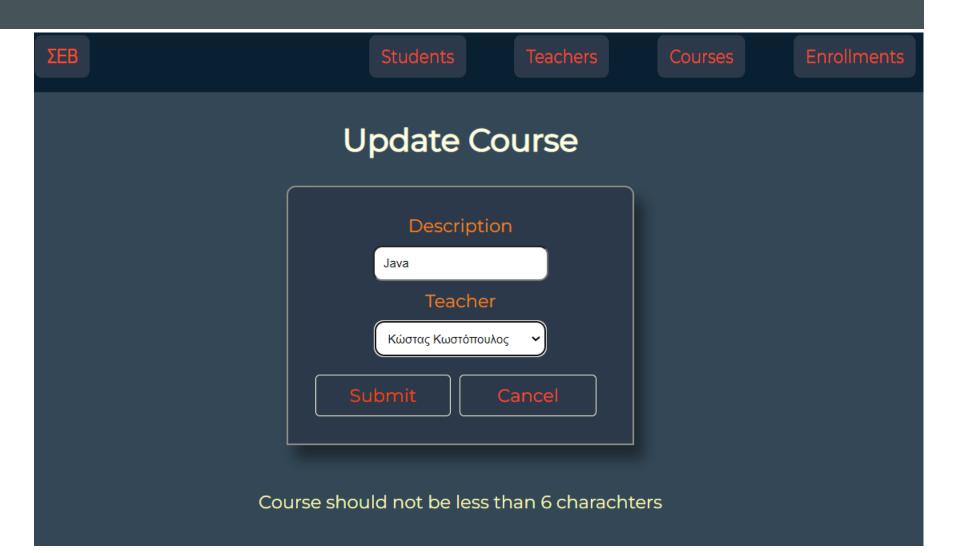
It is required to choose an already inserted teacher



Update

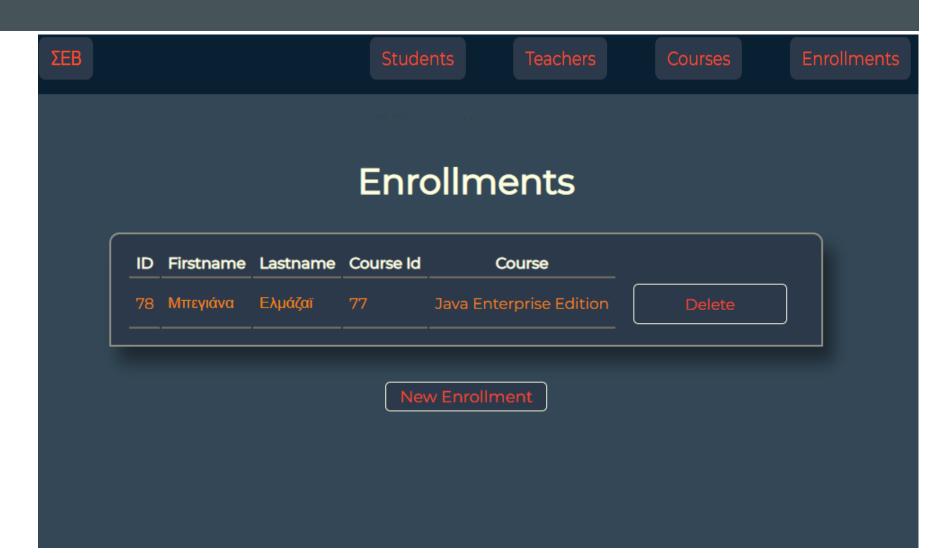
Course

It throws error
message: course should
not be under 6
charachters



ΣΕΒ Courses **List of Courses** Description Teacher ID Αλέξανδρος Ασκαρίδης 75 Αλγοριθμική Θανάσης Ανδρούτσος 77 Java Enterprise Edition Κώστας Κωστόπουλος

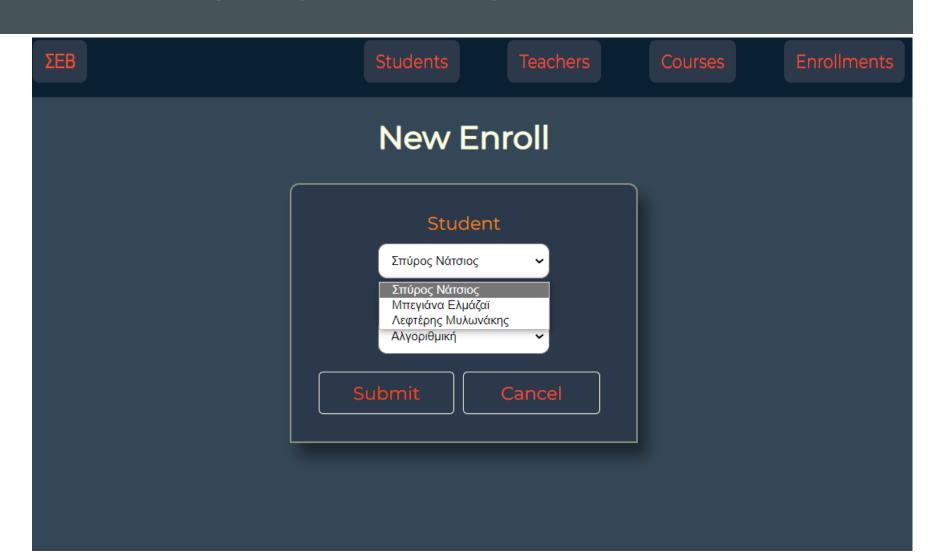
Course Updated



**Enrollments** 

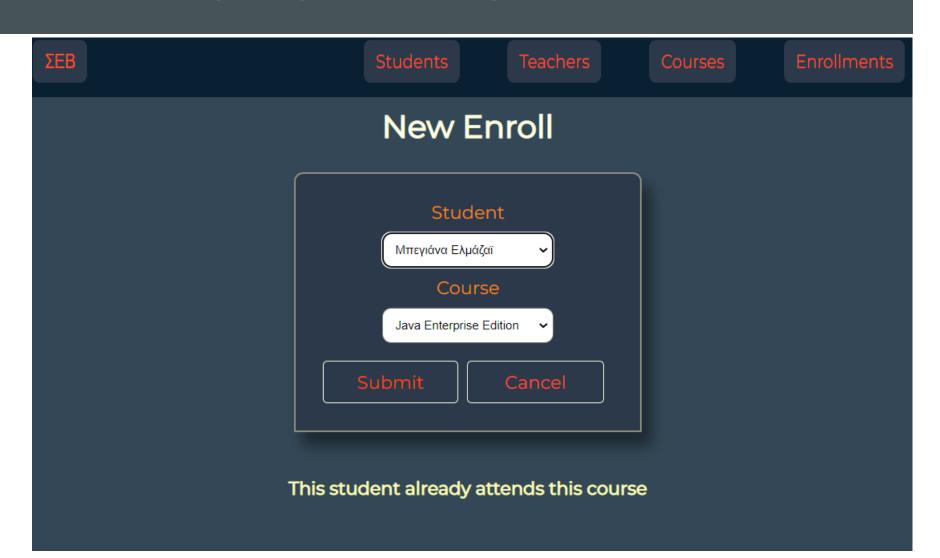


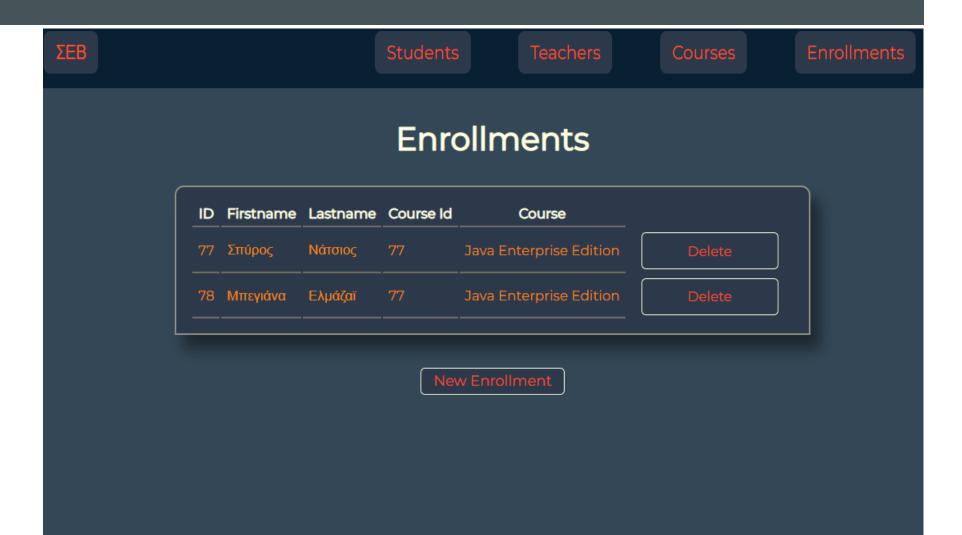
It is required to choose already inserted Students and Courses





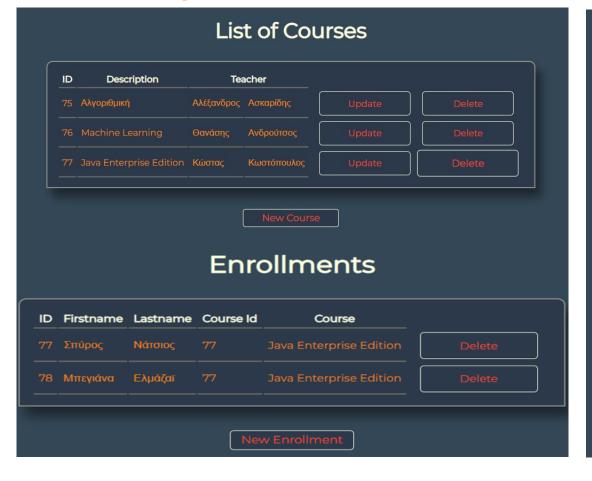
It throws error if you make the same enroll





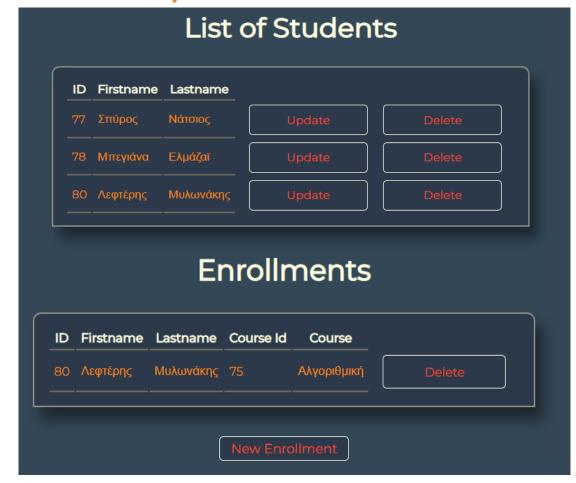
Enrollment Created

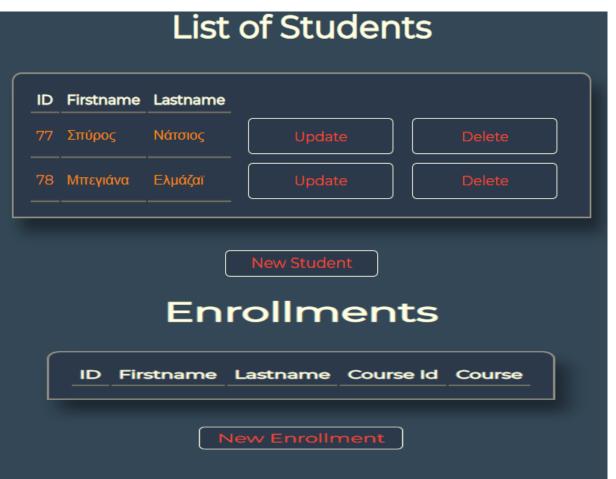
When you delete a course also enrollments in this course are deleted





When you delete a student also enrollments of this student are deleted





When you delete a teacher also courses and enrollments in this course are deleted













# SOURCES

- Notes from Thanasis Androutsos, also the teacher leading this course
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Service-oriented\_architecture