793   Network Connections

Bob, who is a network administrator, supervises a network of computers. He is keeping a log connections between the computers in the network. Each connection is bi–directional. Two computers are interconnected if they are directly connected or if they are interconnected with the same computer. Occasionally, Bob has to decide, quickly, whether two given computers are connected, directly or indirectly, according to the log information.

Write a program which based on information input from a text file counts the number of successful and the number of unsuccessful answers to the questions of the kind:

is $computer_i$ interconnected with $computer_j$?

Input

The program reads data from a text file, as follows:

1. The number of computers in the network (a strictly positive integer);

2. A list of pairs of the form:

    (a) c $computer_i$ $computer_j$, where $computer_i$ and $computer_j$ are integers from 1 to $no\_of\_computers$. A pair of this form shows that $computer_i$ and $computer_j$ **get interconnected**.

    (b) q $computer_i$ $computer_j$, where $computer_i$ and $computer_j$ are integers from 1 to $no\_of\_computers$. A pair of this form stands for the question: is $computer_i$ **interconnected** with $computer_j$?

Each pair is on a separate line. Pairs can appear in any order, regardless of their type. The log is updated after each pair of type (a) and each pair of type (b) is processed according to the current network configuration.

Output

For example, the input file illustrated in the sample below corresponds to a network of 10 computers and 7 pairs. There are N_1 successfully answered questions and N_2 unsuccessfully answered questions.

The program prints these two numbers to the standard output on the same line, in the order: '$successful\ answers,\ unsuccessful\ answers$', as shown in the sample output.

Sample Input

```
10
c 1 5
c 2 7
q 7 1
c 3 9
q 9 6
c 2 5
q 7 5
```

Sample Input

```
1,2
```