PGMcpp: PRIMED Grid Modelling (in C++)

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5.25.1 Detailed Description

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5.26.1 Detailed Description
5.27 source/Production/Renewable/Tidal.cpp File Reference
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## **Hierarchical Index**

### 1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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Controller
DieselInputs
ElectricalLoad
Emissions
Interpolator
InterpolatorStruct1D
InterpolatorStruct2D
LilonInputs
Model
ModelInputs
Production
Combustion
Diesel
Renewable
Solar
Tidal
Wave
Wind
ProductionInputs
RenewableInputs
Resources
SolarInputs
Storage
Lilon
StorageInputs
TidalInputs
WaveInputs
Windlanute

2 Hierarchical Index

# **Class Index**

### 2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Combustion	
The root of the Combustion branch of the Production hierarchy. This branch contains derived classes which model the production of energy by way of combustibles	9
CombustionInputs	
A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Combustion constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates ProductionInputs	23
Controller	
A class which contains a various dispatch control logic. Intended to serve as a component class of Model	24
Diesel	
A derived class of the Combustion branch of Production which models production using a diesel generator	41
Diesellnputs	
A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Diesel constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates CombustionInputs	54
ElectricalLoad	
A class which contains time and electrical load data. Intended to serve as a component class of Model	58
Emissions	
A structure which bundles the emitted masses of various emissions chemistries	63
Interpolator	
A class which contains interpolation data and functionality. Intended to serve as a component of the Production and Storage hierarchies	65
InterpolatorStruct1D	
A struct which holds two parallel vectors for use in 1D interpolation	74
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A struct which holds two parallel vectors and a matrix for use in 2D interpolation	75
A derived class of Storage which models energy storage by way of lithium-ion batteries	77
LilonInputs	,,
A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Lilon constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates StorageInputs	96
Model	
A container class which forms the centre of PGMcpp. The Model class is intended to serve as the primary user interface with the functionality of PGMcpp, and as such it contains all other	
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A structure which bundles the necessary inp	uts for the Production constructor. Provides default	131
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	uts for the Renewable constructor. Provides default nis structure encapsulates ProductionInputs	141
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	data. Intended to serve as a component class of	142
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SolarInputs		
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Storage		
•	is hierarchy contains derived classes which model	163
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Tidal		
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·	its for the Tidal constructor. Provides default values cture encapsulates RenewableInputs	190
Wave		
A derived class of the Renewable branch of I	Production which models wave production	193
WaveInputs		
· ·	ts for the Wave constructor. Provides default values cture encapsulates RenewableInputs	207
Wind		
A derived class of the Renewable branch of I	Production which models wind production	209
WindInputs		
	its for the Wind constructor. Provides default values cture encapsulates RenewableInputs	220

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### 3.1 File List

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Header file for the ElectricalLoad class
header/Interpolator.h
Header file for the Interpolator class
header/Model.h
Header file for the Model class
header/Resources.h
Header file for the Resources class
header/std_includes.h
Header file which simply batches together some standard includes
header/Production/Production.h
Header file for the Production class
header/Production/Combustion.h
Header file for the Combustion class
header/Production/Combustion/Diesel.h
Header file for the Diesel class
header/Production/Renewable/Renewable.h
Header file for the Renewable class
header/Production/Renewable/Solar.h
Header file for the Solar class
header/Production/Renewable/Tidal.h
Header file for the Tidal class
header/Production/Renewable/Wave.h
Header file for the Wave class
header/Production/Renewable/Wind.h
Header file for the Wind class
header/Storage/Lilon.h
Header file for the Lilon class
header/Storage/Storage.h
Header file for the Storage class
pybindings/PYBIND11_PGM.cpp
Python 3 bindings file for PGMcpp
source/Controller.cpp
Implementation file for the Controller class

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### **Class Documentation**

### 4.1 Combustion Class Reference

The root of the Combustion branch of the Production hierarchy. This branch contains derived classes which model the production of energy by way of combustibles.

#include <Combustion.h>

Inheritance diagram for Combustion:



Collaboration diagram for Combustion:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• Combustion (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the Combustion class.

· Combustion (int, double, CombustionInputs)

Constructor (intended) for the Combustion class.

• virtual void handleReplacement (int)

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

void computeFuelAndEmissions (void)

Helper method to compute the total fuel consumption and emissions over the Model run.

void computeEconomics (std::vector< double > \*)

Helper method to compute key economic metrics for the Model run.

- virtual double requestProductionkW (int, double, double)
- virtual double commit (int, double, double, double)

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

• double getFuelConsumptionL (double, double)

Method which takes in production and returns volume of fuel burned over the given interval of time.

Emissions getEmissionskg (double)

Method which takes in volume of fuel consumed and returns mass spectrum of resulting emissions.

void writeResults (std::string, std::vector< double > \*, int, int=-1)

Method which writes Combustion results to an output directory.

virtual ∼Combustion (void)

Destructor for the Combustion class.

#### **Public Attributes**

CombustionType type

The type (CombustionType) of the asset.

· double fuel cost L

The cost of fuel [1/L] (undefined currency).

• double nominal\_fuel\_escalation\_annual

The nominal, annual fuel escalation rate to use in computing model economics.

· double real fuel escalation annual

The real, annual fuel escalation rate used in computing model economics. Is computed from the given nominal inflation and discount rates.

· double linear fuel slope LkWh

The slope [L/kWh] to use in computing linearized fuel consumption. This is fuel consumption per unit energy produced.

· double linear fuel intercept LkWh

The intercept [L/kWh] to use in computing linearized fuel consumption. This is fuel consumption per unit energy produced.

· double CO2\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

Carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions intensity [kg/L].

double CO\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions intensity [kg/L].

· double NOx emissions intensity kgL

Nitrogen oxide (NOx) emissions intensity [kg/L].

· double SOx\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

Sulfur oxide (SOx) emissions intensity [kg/L].

· double CH4 emissions intensity kgL

Methane (CH4) emissions intensity [kg/L].

· double PM\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

Particulate Matter (PM) emissions intensity [kg/L].

double total\_fuel\_consumed\_L

The total fuel consumed [L] over a model run.

· Emissions total\_emissions

An Emissions structure for holding total emissions [kg].

• std::vector< double > fuel\_consumption\_vec\_L

A vector of fuel consumed [L] over each modelling time step.

std::vector< double > fuel cost vec

A vector of fuel costs (undefined currency) incurred over each modelling time step. These costs are not discounted (i.e., these are actual costs).

std::vector< double > CO2\_emissions\_vec\_kg

A vector of carbon dioxide (CO2) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

std::vector< double > CO\_emissions\_vec\_kg

A vector of carbon monoxide (CO) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

std::vector< double > NOx\_emissions\_vec\_kg

A vector of nitrogen oxide (NOx) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

std::vector< double > SOx\_emissions\_vec\_kg

A vector of sulfur oxide (SOx) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

std::vector< double > CH4\_emissions\_vec\_kg

A vector of methane (CH4) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

std::vector< double > PM emissions vec kg

A vector of particulate matter (PM) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

#### **Private Member Functions**

void \_\_checkInputs (CombustionInputs)

Helper method to check inputs to the Combustion constructor.

- virtual void \_\_writeSummary (std::string)
- virtual void <u>writeTimeSeries</u> (std::string, std::vector< double > \*, int=-1)

#### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

The root of the Combustion branch of the Production hierarchy. This branch contains derived classes which model the production of energy by way of combustibles.

#### 4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.1.2.1 Combustion() [1/2]

Constructor (dummy) for the Combustion class.

```
64 return;
65 } /* Combustion() */
```

#### 4.1.2.2 Combustion() [2/2]

```
Combustion::Combustion (
          int n_points,
           double n_years,
           CombustionInputs combustion_inputs )
```

Constructor (intended) for the Combustion class.

#### **Parameters**

n_points	The number of points in the modelling time series.
n_years	The number of years being modelled.
combustion_inputs	A structure of Combustion constructor inputs.

```
103
        // 2. set attributes
104
        this->fuel_cost_L = 0;
105
        this->nominal_fuel_escalation_annual =
106
            combustion_inputs.nominal_fuel_escalation_annual;
107
108
        this->real_fuel_escalation_annual = this->computeRealDiscountAnnual(
            combustion_inputs.nominal_fuel_escalation_annual,
109
110
            combustion_inputs.production_inputs.nominal_discount_annual
111
112
        this->linear_fuel_slope_LkWh = 0;
113
114
        this->linear_fuel_intercept_LkWh = 0;
115
116
        this->CO2_emissions_intensity_kgL = 0;
117
        this->CO_emissions_intensity_kgL = 0;
118
        this->NOx_emissions_intensity_kgL = 0;
        this->SOx_emissions_intensity_kgL = 0;
119
        this->CH4_emissions_intensity_kgL = 0;
120
121
        this->PM_emissions_intensity_kgL = 0;
122
123
        this->total_fuel_consumed_L = 0;
124
125
        this->fuel_consumption_vec_L.resize(this->n_points, 0);
126
        this->fuel_cost_vec.resize(this->n_points, 0);
127
128
        this->CO2_emissions_vec_kg.resize(this->n_points, 0);
129
        this->CO_emissions_vec_kg.resize(this->n_points, 0);
130
        this->NOx_emissions_vec_kg.resize(this->n_points, 0);
131
        this->SOx_emissions_vec_kg.resize(this->n_points, 0);
132
        \label{lem:chis-} this \hbox{->cH4\_emissions\_vec\_kg.resize(this->n\_points, 0);}
133
        this->PM_emissions_vec_kg.resize(this->n_points, 0);
134
135
        // 3. construction print
136
        if (this->print_flag)
            std::cout « "Combustion object constructed at " « this « std::endl;
137
138
139
140
        return;
       /* Combustion() */
```

#### 4.1.2.3 ∼Combustion()

#### 4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.1.3.1 \_\_checkInputs()

return;

/\* ~Combustion() \*/

454

455 }

Helper method to check inputs to the Combustion constructor.

#### **Parameters**

combustion\_inputs A structure of Combustion constructor inputs.

#### 4.1.3.2 \_\_writeSummary()

#### Reimplemented in Diesel.

87 {return;}

#### 4.1.3.3 \_\_writeTimeSeries()

```
virtual void Combustion::__writeTimeSeries (
    std::string ,
    std::vector< double > * ,
    int = -1 ) [inline], [private], [virtual]
```

#### Reimplemented in Diesel.

92 { return; }

#### 4.1.3.4 commit()

```
double Combustion::commit (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    double production_kW,
    double load_kW ) [virtual]
```

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
production_kW	The production [kW] of the asset in this timestep.
load_kW	The load [kW] passed to the asset in this timestep.

Returns

The load [kW] remaining after the dispatch is deducted from it.

Reimplemented from Production.

```
Reimplemented in Diesel.
```

```
271 {
272
            1. invoke base class method
273
         load_kW = Production :: commit(
             timestep,
274
275
             dt_hrs,
276
             production_kW,
277
              load_kW
278
        );
280
281
         if (this->is_running) {
              // 2. compute and record fuel consumption
282
             double fuel_consumed_L = this->getFuelConsumptionL(dt_hrs, production_kW);
283
284
             this->fuel_consumption_vec_L[timestep] = fuel_consumed_L;
285
286
             // 3. compute and record emissions
287
             Emissions emissions = this->getEmissionskg(fuel_consumed_L);
             this->CO2_emissions_vec_kg[timestep] = emissions.CO2_kg;
this->CO_emissions_vec_kg[timestep] = emissions.CO_kg;
this->NOx_emissions_vec_kg[timestep] = emissions.NOx_kg;
288
289
290
291
             this->SOx_emissions_vec_kg[timestep] = emissions.SOx_kg;
292
             this->CH4_emissions_vec_kg[timestep] = emissions.CH4_kg;
293
             this->PM_emissions_vec_kg[timestep] = emissions.PM_kg;
294
295
              // 4. incur fuel costs
             this->fuel_cost_vec[timestep] = fuel_consumed_L * this->fuel_cost_L;
296
297
        }
298
299
         return load_kW;
300 }
        /* commit() */
```

#### 4.1.3.5 computeEconomics()

Helper method to compute key economic metrics for the Model run.

Ref: HOMER [2023b]

#### Parameters

time vec hrs ptr A pointer to the time vec hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.

#### Reimplemented from Production.

```
215 {
216
        // 1. account for fuel costs in net present cost
217
        double t_hrs = 0;
218
       double real_fuel_escalation_scalar = 0;
219
220
       for (int i = 0; i < this->n points; i++) {
            t_hrs = time_vec_hrs_ptr->at(i);
221
222
223
            real_fuel_escalation_scalar = 1.0 / pow(
224
                1 + this->real_fuel_escalation_annual,
225
                t_hrs / 8760
226
            );
227
228
            this->net_present_cost += real_fuel_escalation_scalar * this->fuel_cost_vec[i];
       }
```

```
230
231  // 2. invoke base class method
232  Production :: computeEconomics(time_vec_hrs_ptr);
233
234  return;
235 }  /* computeEconomics() */
```

#### 4.1.3.6 computeFuelAndEmissions()

Helper method to compute the total fuel consumption and emissions over the Model run.

```
183 {
          for (int i = 0; i < n_points; i++) {</pre>
184
185
               this->total_fuel_consumed_L += this->fuel_consumption_vec_L[i];
186
187
                this->total_emissions.CO2_kg += this->CO2_emissions_vec_kg[i];
188
               this->total_emissions.CO_kg += this->CO_emissions_vec_kg[i];
               this->total_emissions.NOx_kg += this->NOx_emissions_vec_kg[i];
this->total_emissions.SOx_kg += this->SOx_emissions_vec_kg[i];
this->total_emissions.CH4_kg += this->CH4_emissions_vec_kg[i];
189
190
191
192
               this->total_emissions.PM_kg += this->PM_emissions_vec_kg[i];
193
          }
194
195
          return;
196 }
         /* computeFuelAndEmissions() */
```

#### 4.1.3.7 getEmissionskg()

Method which takes in volume of fuel consumed and returns mass spectrum of resulting emissions.

#### **Parameters**

fuel_consumed <i>←</i>	The volume of fuel consumed [L].
_L	

#### Returns

A structure containing the mass spectrum of resulting emissions.

```
348
         Emissions emissions;
349
350
         emissions.CO2_kg = this->CO2_emissions_intensity_kgL * fuel_consumed_L;
351
352
         emissions.CO_kg = this->CO_emissions_intensity_kgL * fuel_consumed_L;
353
         emissions.NOx_kg = this->NOx_emissions_intensity_kgL * fuel_consumed_L;
         emissions.SOx_kg = this->SOx_emissions_intensity_kgL * fuel_consumed_L;
emissions.CH4_kg = this->CH4_emissions_intensity_kgL * fuel_consumed_L;
354
355
         emissions.PM_kg = this->PM_emissions_intensity_kgL * fuel_consumed_L;
356
357
358
         return emissions;
359 }
        /* getEmissionskg() */
```

### 4.1.3.8 getFuelConsumptionL()

```
double Combustion::getFuelConsumptionL ( \label{eq:double_dt_hrs} \mbox{double } dt\_hrs, \\ \mbox{double } production\_k \ensuremath{\mathtt{W}} \mbox{)}
```

Method which takes in production and returns volume of fuel burned over the given interval of time.

#### **Parameters**

dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
production_kW	The production [kW] of the asset in this timestep.

#### Returns

The volume of fuel consumed [L].

### 4.1.3.9 handleReplacement()

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

### **Parameters**

imestep The current time	step of the Model run.
--------------------------	------------------------

Reimplemented from Production.

## Reimplemented in Diesel.

# 4.1.3.10 requestProductionkW()

```
double ,
double ) [inline], [virtual]
```

#### Reimplemented in Diesel.

```
135 {return 0;}
```

#### 4.1.3.11 writeResults()

```
void Combustion::writeResults (
    std::string write_path,
    std::vector< double > * time_vec_hrs_ptr,
    int combustion_index,
    int max_lines = -1 )
```

Method which writes Combustion results to an output directory.

#### **Parameters**

write_path	A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.	
time_vec_hrs_ptr	A pointer to the time_vec_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.	
combustion_index	An integer which corresponds to the index of the Combustion asset in the Model.	
max_lines	The maximum number of lines of output to write. If $<$ 0, then all available lines are written. If $=$ 0, then only summary results are written.	

```
395 {
396
        // 1. handle sentinel
397
        if (max_lines < 0) {</pre>
            max_lines = this->n_points;
398
399
400
401
        // 2. create subdirectories
402
        write_path += "Production/";
403
        if (not std::filesystem::is_directory(write_path)) {
404
            std::filesystem::create_directory(write_path);
405
406
407
        write_path += "Combustion/";
408
        if (not std::filesystem::is_directory(write_path)) {
409
            std::filesystem::create_directory(write_path);
410
411
        write_path += this->type_str;
write_path += "_";
412
413
        write_path += std::to_string(int(ceil(this->capacity_kW)));
414
415
        write_path += "kW_idx";
416
        write_path += std::to_string(combustion_index);
        write_path += "/";
417
        std::filesystem::create_directory(write_path);
418
419
420
        // 3. write summary
421
        this->__writeSummary(write_path);
422
423
        // 4. write time series
        if (max_lines > this->n_points) {
    max_lines = this->n_points;
424
425
426
427
428
        if (max_lines > 0) {
429
            this->__writeTimeSeries(write_path, time_vec_hrs_ptr, max_lines);
430
431
432
        return;
433 }
        /* writeResults() */
```

# 4.1.4 Member Data Documentation

# 4.1.4.1 CH4\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

double Combustion::CH4\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

Methane (CH4) emissions intensity [kg/L].

#### 4.1.4.2 CH4\_emissions\_vec\_kg

std::vector<double> Combustion::CH4\_emissions\_vec\_kg

A vector of methane (CH4) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

### 4.1.4.3 CO2\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

double Combustion::CO2\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

Carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions intensity [kg/L].

# 4.1.4.4 CO2\_emissions\_vec\_kg

std::vector<double> Combustion::CO2\_emissions\_vec\_kg

A vector of carbon dioxide (CO2) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

## 4.1.4.5 CO\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

double Combustion::CO\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions intensity [kg/L].

### 4.1.4.6 CO\_emissions\_vec\_kg

```
std::vector<double> Combustion::CO_emissions_vec_kg
```

A vector of carbon monoxide (CO) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

### 4.1.4.7 fuel\_consumption\_vec\_L

```
std::vector<double> Combustion::fuel_consumption_vec_L
```

A vector of fuel consumed [L] over each modelling time step.

#### 4.1.4.8 fuel\_cost\_L

double Combustion::fuel\_cost\_L

The cost of fuel [1/L] (undefined currency).

### 4.1.4.9 fuel\_cost\_vec

```
std::vector<double> Combustion::fuel_cost_vec
```

A vector of fuel costs (undefined currency) incurred over each modelling time step. These costs are not discounted (i.e., these are actual costs).

# 4.1.4.10 linear\_fuel\_intercept\_LkWh

```
double Combustion::linear_fuel_intercept_LkWh
```

The intercept [L/kWh] to use in computing linearized fuel consumption. This is fuel consumption per unit energy produced.

# 4.1.4.11 linear\_fuel\_slope\_LkWh

```
double Combustion::linear_fuel_slope_LkWh
```

The slope [L/kWh] to use in computing linearized fuel consumption. This is fuel consumption per unit energy produced.

### 4.1.4.12 nominal\_fuel\_escalation\_annual

```
double Combustion::nominal_fuel_escalation_annual
```

The nominal, annual fuel escalation rate to use in computing model economics.

### 4.1.4.13 NOx\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

```
double Combustion::NOx_emissions_intensity_kgL
```

Nitrogen oxide (NOx) emissions intensity [kg/L].

### 4.1.4.14 NOx\_emissions\_vec\_kg

```
std::vector<double> Combustion::NOx_emissions_vec_kg
```

A vector of nitrogen oxide (NOx) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

## 4.1.4.15 PM\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

```
\verb|double Combustion::PM_emissions_intensity_kgL|\\
```

Particulate Matter (PM) emissions intensity [kg/L].

### 4.1.4.16 PM\_emissions\_vec\_kg

```
std::vector<double> Combustion::PM_emissions_vec_kg
```

A vector of particulate matter (PM) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

### 4.1.4.17 real fuel escalation annual

```
double Combustion::real_fuel_escalation_annual
```

The real, annual fuel escalation rate used in computing model economics. Is computed from the given nominal inflation and discount rates.

### 4.1.4.18 SOx\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

```
{\tt double\ Combustion::SOx\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL}
```

Sulfur oxide (SOx) emissions intensity [kg/L].

### 4.1.4.19 SOx\_emissions\_vec\_kg

```
std::vector<double> Combustion::SOx_emissions_vec_kg
```

A vector of sulfur oxide (SOx) emitted [kg] over each modelling time step.

# 4.1.4.20 total\_emissions

```
Emissions Combustion::total_emissions
```

An Emissions structure for holding total emissions [kg].

# 4.1.4.21 total\_fuel\_consumed\_L

```
double Combustion::total_fuel_consumed_L
```

The total fuel consumed [L] over a model run.

### 4.1.4.22 type

CombustionType Combustion::type

The type (CombustionType) of the asset.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

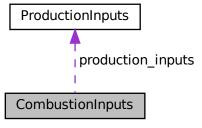
- header/Production/Combustion/Combustion.h
- source/Production/Combustion/Combustion.cpp

# 4.2 CombustionInputs Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Combustion constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates ProductionInputs.

```
#include <Combustion.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for CombustionInputs:



#### **Public Attributes**

- ProductionInputs production\_inputs
  - An encapsulated ProductionInputs instance.
- double nominal\_fuel\_escalation\_annual = 0.05

The nominal, annual fuel escalation rate to use in computing model economics.

# 4.2.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Combustion constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates ProductionInputs.

#### 4.2.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.2.2.1 nominal fuel escalation annual

```
double CombustionInputs::nominal_fuel_escalation_annual = 0.05
```

The nominal, annual fuel escalation rate to use in computing model economics.

#### 4.2.2.2 production\_inputs

ProductionInputs CombustionInputs::production\_inputs

An encapsulated ProductionInputs instance.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· header/Production/Combustion/Combustion.h

# 4.3 Controller Class Reference

A class which contains a various dispatch control logic. Intended to serve as a component class of Model.

```
#include <Controller.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

· Controller (void)

Constructor for the Controller class.

- void setControlMode (ControlMode)
- $\bullet \ \ \ void \ init \ (ElectricalLoad \ *, \ std::vector < \ Renewable \ * \ > \ *, \ Resources \ *, \ std::vector < \ Combustion \ * \ > \ *)$

Method to initialize the Controller component of the Model.

 void applyDispatchControl (ElectricalLoad \*, std::vector < Combustion \* > \*, std::vector < Renewable \* > \*, std::vector < Storage \* > \*)

Method to apply dispatch control at every point in the modelling time series.

void clear (void)

Method to clear all attributes of the Controller object.

Controller (void)

Destructor for the Controller class.

### **Public Attributes**

• ControlMode control\_mode

The ControlMode that is active in the Model.

• std::string control\_string

A string describing the active ControlMode.

std::vector< double > net\_load\_vec\_kW

A vector of net load values [kW] at each point in the modelling time series. Net load is defined as load minus all available Renewable production.

std::vector< double > missed\_load\_vec\_kW

A vector of missed load values [kW] at each point in the modelling time series.

• std::map< double, std::vector< bool > > combustion map

A map of all possible combustion states, for use in determining optimal dispatch.

#### **Private Member Functions**

void \_\_computeNetLoad (ElectricalLoad \*, std::vector< Renewable \* > \*, Resources \*)

Helper method to compute and populate the net load vector.

void constructCombustionMap (std::vector < Combustion \* > \*)

Helper method to construct a Combustion map, for use in determining.

void \_\_applyLoadFollowingControl\_CHARGING (int, ElectricalLoad \*, std::vector < Combustion \* > \*, std
 ::vector < Renewable \* > \*, std::vector < Storage \* > \*)

Helper method to apply load following control action for given timestep of the Model run when net load <= 0;.

 void \_\_applyLoadFollowingControl\_DISCHARGING (int, ElectricalLoad \*, std::vector< Combustion \* > \*, std::vector< Renewable \* > \*, std::vector< Storage \* > \*)

Helper method to apply load following control action for given timestep of the Model run when net load > 0;.

void \_\_applyCycleChargingControl\_CHARGING (int, ElectricalLoad \*, std::vector< Combustion \* > \*, std
 ::vector< Renewable \* > \*, std::vector< Storage \* > \*)

Helper method to apply cycle charging control action for given timestep of the Model run when net load <= 0. Simply defaults to load following control.

 void \_\_applyCycleChargingControl\_DISCHARGING (int, ElectricalLoad \*, std::vector< Combustion \* > \*, std::vector< Renewable \* > \*, std::vector< Storage \* > \*)

Helper method to apply cycle charging control action for given timestep of the Model run when net load > 0. Defaults to load following control if no depleted storage assets.

void \_\_handleStorageCharging (int, double, std::list< Storage \* >, std::vector< Combustion \* > \*, std
 ::vector< Renewable \* > \*)

Helper method to handle the charging of the given Storage assets.

 void \_\_handleStorageCharging (int, double, std::vector< Storage \* > \*, std::vector< Combustion \* > \*, std::vector< Renewable \* > \*)

Helper method to handle the charging of the given Storage assets.

double \_\_getRenewableProduction (int, double, Renewable \*, Resources \*)

Helper method to compute the production from the given Renewable asset at the given point in time.

double \_\_handleCombustionDispatch (int, double, double, std::vector < Combustion \* > \*, bool)
 bool is\_cycle\_charging )

double handleStorageDischarging (int, double, double, std::list< Storage \* >)

Helper method to handle the discharging of the given Storage assets.

# 4.3.1 Detailed Description

A class which contains a various dispatch control logic. Intended to serve as a component class of Model.

#### 4.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.3.2.1 Controller()

Constructor for the Controller class.

#### 4.3.2.2 ∼Controller()

```
Controller::\simController ( void )
```

#### Destructor for the Controller class.

```
1229 {
1230     this->clear();
1231
1232     return;
1233 } /* ~Controller() */
```

### 4.3.3 Member Function Documentation

## 4.3.3.1 \_\_applyCycleChargingControl\_CHARGING()

Helper method to apply cycle charging control action for given timestep of the Model run when net load  $\leq 0$ . Simply defaults to load following control.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the ElectricalLoad component of the Model.
combustion_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Combustion pointer vector of the Model.
renewable_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Renewable pointer vector of the Model.
storage_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Storage pointer vector of the Model.

```
403 {
        //\  1. default to load following
404
       this->__applyLoadFollowingControl_CHARGING(
405
           timestep,
406
           electrical_load_ptr,
408
           combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
409
           renewable_ptr_vec_ptr,
410
           storage_ptr_vec_ptr
411
       );
412
413
       return;
       /* __applyCycleChargingControl_CHARGING() */
```

# 4.3.3.2 \_\_applyCycleChargingControl\_DISCHARGING()

```
std::vector< Combustion * > * combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
std::vector< Renewable * > * renewable_ptr_vec_ptr,
std::vector< Storage * > * storage_ptr_vec_ptr ) [private]
```

Helper method to apply cycle charging control action for given timestep of the Model run when net load > 0. Defaults to load following control if no depleted storage assets.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the ElectricalLoad component of the Model.
combustion_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Combustion pointer vector of the Model.
renewable_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Renewable pointer vector of the Model.
storage_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Storage pointer vector of the Model.

```
curtailment
453 {
454
            1. get dt_hrs, net load
455
        double dt hrs = electrical load ptr->dt vec hrs[timestep]:
456
        double net_load_kW = this->net_load_vec_kW[timestep];
457
458
        // 2. partition Storage assets into depleted and non-depleted \,
459
        std::list<Storage*> depleted_storage_ptr_list;
        std::list<Storage*> nondepleted_storage_ptr_list;
460
461
462
        Storage* storage_ptr;
for (size_t i = 0; i < storage_ptr_vec_ptr->size(); i++) {
463
464
             storage_ptr = storage_ptr_vec_ptr->at(i);
465
466
             if (storage_ptr->is_depleted) {
                 depleted_storage_ptr_list.push_back(storage_ptr);
467
468
             }
469
470
             else {
471
                 nondepleted_storage_ptr_list.push_back(storage_ptr);
472
473
474
475
        // 3. discharge non-depleted storage assets
476
        net_load_kW = this->__handleStorageDischarging(
477
             timestep,
478
479
            net load kW.
480
            nondepleted_storage_ptr_list
481
        );
482
483
        // 4. request optimal production from all Combustion assets
484
                default to load following if no depleted storage
        if (depleted_storage_ptr_list.empty()) {
   net_load_kW = this->__handleCombustionDispatch(
485
486
487
                 timestep,
488
                 dt_hrs,
489
                 net_load_kW,
490
                 combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
491
                 false // is_cycle_charging
492
            );
493
        }
494
495
496
             net_load_kW = this->__handleCombustionDispatch(
497
                 timestep,
498
                 dt hrs.
499
                 net_load_kW,
                 combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
500
501
                        // is_cycle_charging
502
            );
503
504
        //\, 5. attempt to charge depleted Storage assets using any and all available
505
507
               charge priority is Combustion, then Renewable
508
        this->__handleStorageCharging(
509
             timestep,
510
             dt_hrs,
511
            depleted_storage_ptr_list,
512
            combustion_ptr_vec_ptr, renewable_ptr_vec_ptr
513
```

```
515
516    // 6. record any missed load
517    if (net_load_kW > le-6) {
518         this->missed_load_vec_kW[timestep] = net_load_kW;
519    }
520
521    return;
522 }    /* _applyCycleChargingControl_DISCHARGING() */
```

#### 4.3.3.3 \_\_applyLoadFollowingControl\_CHARGING()

Helper method to apply load following control action for given timestep of the Model run when net load <= 0;.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the ElectricalLoad component of the Model.
combustion_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Combustion pointer vector of the Model.
renewable_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Renewable pointer vector of the Model.
storage_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Storage pointer vector of the Model.

```
246 {
247
         // 1. get dt_hrs, set net load
248
        double dt_hrs = electrical_load_ptr->dt_vec_hrs[timestep];
        double net_load_kW = 0;
249
250
        // 2. request zero production from all Combustion assets
251
252
        this->__handleCombustionDispatch(
253
           timestep,
254
            dt_hrs,
255
            net_load_kW,
            combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
false // is_cycle_charging
256
257
258
        );
260
        // 3. attempt to charge all Storage assets using any and all available curtailment
        // charge priority is Combustion, then Renewable
this->_handleStorageCharging(
261
262
            timestep,
263
264
            dt_hrs,
265
            storage_ptr_vec_ptr,
266
            combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
267
            renewable_ptr_vec_ptr
268
        );
269
270
        return;
        /* __applyLoadFollowingControl_CHARGING() */
271 }
```

## 4.3.3.4 \_\_applyLoadFollowingControl\_DISCHARGING()

```
std::vector< Combustion * > * combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
std::vector< Renewable * > * renewable_ptr_vec_ptr,
std::vector< Storage * > * storage_ptr_vec_ptr ) [private]
```

Helper method to apply load following control action for given timestep of the Model run when net load > 0;.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the ElectricalLoad component of the Model.
combustion_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Combustion pointer vector of the Model.
renewable_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Renewable pointer vector of the Model.
storage_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Storage pointer vector of the Model.

```
curtailment
```

```
309 {
310
        // 1. get dt_hrs, net load
311
        double dt_hrs = electrical_load_ptr->dt_vec_hrs[timestep];
312
        double net_load_kW = this->net_load_vec_kW[timestep];
313
314
        // 2. partition Storage assets into depleted and non-depleted
315
        std::list<Storage*> depleted_storage_ptr_list;
316
        std::list<Storage*> nondepleted_storage_ptr_list;
317
318
        Storage* storage_ptr;
for (size_t i = 0; i < storage_ptr_vec_ptr->size(); i++) {
319
320
            storage_ptr = storage_ptr_vec_ptr->at(i);
321
322
            if (storage_ptr->is_depleted) {
323
                 depleted_storage_ptr_list.push_back(storage_ptr);
            }
324
325
326
327
                nondepleted_storage_ptr_list.push_back(storage_ptr);
328
329
330
        // 3. discharge non-depleted storage assets
331
        net_load_kW = this->__handleStorageDischarging(
332
            timestep,
333
334
            dt_hrs,
335
            net_load_kW,
336
            nondepleted_storage_ptr_list
337
338
339
        // 4. request optimal production from all Combustion assets
340
        net_load_kW = this->__handleCombustionDispatch(
341
            timestep,
342
            dt_hrs,
343
            net load kW,
            combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
false // is_cycle_charging
344
345
346
347
348
        //\, 5. attempt to charge depleted Storage assets using any and all available
350
        // charge priority is Combustion, then Renewable this->_handleStorageCharging(
351
352
            timestep,
353
            dt_hrs,
354
            depleted_storage_ptr_list,
355
            combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
356
            renewable_ptr_vec_ptr
357
       );
358
359
        // 6. record any missed load
360
        if (net_load_kW > 1e-6) {
361
            this->missed_load_vec_kW[timestep] = net_load_kW;
        }
362
363
364
        return;
        /* __applyLoadFollowingControl_DISCHARGING() */
```

#### 4.3.3.5 \_\_computeNetLoad()

Helper method to compute and populate the net load vector.

The net load at a given point in time is defined as the load at that point in time, minus the sum of all Renewable production at that point in time. Therefore, a negative net load indicates a surplus of Renewable production, and a positive net load indicates a deficit of Renewable production.

#### **Parameters**

electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the ElectricalLoad component of the Model.
renewable_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Renewable pointer vector of the Model.
resources_ptr	A pointer to the Resources component of the Model.

```
57 {
58
       // 1. init
       this->net_load_vec_kW.resize(electrical_load_ptr->n_points, 0);
59
       this->missed_load_vec_kW.resize(electrical_load_ptr->n_points, 0);
       // 2. populate net load vector
62
       double dt_hrs = 0;
double load_kW = 0;
63
64
       double net_load_kW = 0;
       double production_kW = 0;
68
       Renewable* renewable_ptr;
69
       for (int i = 0; i < electrical_load_ptr->n_points; i++) {
70
71
            dt_hrs = electrical_load_ptr->dt_vec_hrs[i];
            load_kW = electrical_load_ptr->load_vec_kW[i];
73
            net_load_kW = load_kW;
74
           for (size_t j = 0; j < renewable_ptr_vec_ptr->size(); j++) {
    renewable_ptr = renewable_ptr_vec_ptr->at(j);
7.5
76
78
                production_kW = this->__getRenewableProduction(
79
80
                     dt hrs.
                     renewable_ptr,
81
82
                     resources_ptr
83
85
                load_kW = renewable_ptr->commit(
86
87
                     dt hrs.
                     production_kW,
88
89
                     load_kW
90
92
                net_load_kW -= production_kW;
93
            }
94
            this->net_load_vec_kW[i] = net_load_kW;
95
96
       }
98
       return;
99 }
       /* __computeNetLoad() */
```

## 4.3.3.6 \_\_constructCombustionMap()

Helper method to construct a Combustion map, for use in determining.

#### **Parameters**

combustion\_ptr\_vec\_ptr | A pointer to the Combustion pointer vector of the Model.

```
121 {
122
         // 1. get state table dimensions
123
         int n_cols = combustion_ptr_vec_ptr->size();
         int n_rows = pow(2, n_cols);
124
125
126
             2. init state table (all possible on/off combinations)
127
         std::vector<std::vector<bool> state_table;
128
         state_table.resize(n_rows, {});
129
         int x = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < n_rows; i++) {</pre>
130
131
             state_table[i].resize(n_cols, false);
132
133
134
             for (int j = 0; j < n_cols; j++) {</pre>
135
                 if (x % 2 == 0) {
136
                      state_table[i][j] = true;
137
138
                  x /= 2;
139
             }
141
        }
142
143
         // 3. construct combustion map (handle duplicates by keeping rows with minimum
144
                trues)
145
         double total_capacity_kW = 0;
146
         int truth_count = 0;
147
         int current_truth_count = 0;
148
         for (int i = 0; i < n_rows; i++) {</pre>
149
            total_capacity_kW = 0;
truth_count = 0;
150
151
152
             current_truth_count = 0;
153
154
             for (int j = 0; j < n_cols; j++) {</pre>
155
                  if (state_table[i][j]) {
                      total_capacity_kW += combustion_ptr_vec_ptr->at(j)->capacity_kW;
156
157
                      truth_count++;
158
159
             }
160
161
             if (this->combustion_map.count(total_capacity_kW) > 0) {
                  for (int j = 0; j < n_cols; j++) {
    if (this->combustion_map[total_capacity_kW][j]) {
162
163
164
                           current_truth_count++;
165
166
                 }
167
                  if (truth_count < current_truth_count) {</pre>
168
169
                      this->combustion_map.erase(total_capacity_kW);
170
                  }
171
             }
172
173
             this->combustion_map.insert(
                 std::pair<double, std::vector<bool» (
    total_capacity_kW,</pre>
174
175
176
                      state_table[i]
177
178
             );
179
         }
180
181
         // ==== TEST PRINT ==== //
182
183
         std::cout « std::endl;
184
         std::cout « "\t\t";
for (size_t i = 0; i < combustion_ptr_vec_ptr->size(); i++) {
    std::cout « combustion_ptr_vec_ptr->at(i)->capacity_kW « "\t";
185
186
187
188
189
         std::cout « std::endl;
190
191
         std::map<double, std::vector<bool>>::iterator iter;
192
193
             iter = this->combustion_map.begin();
             iter != this->combustion_map.end();
194
195
             iter++
196
197
             std::cout « iter->first « ":\t{\t";
198
             for (size_t i = 0; i < iter->second.size(); i++) {
199
                 std::cout « iter->second[i] « "\t";
200
201
             std::cout « "}" « std::endl;
```

### 4.3.3.7 \_\_getRenewableProduction()

```
double Controller::__getRenewableProduction (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    Renewable * renewable_ptr,
    Resources * resources_ptr ) [private]
```

Helper method to compute the production from the given Renewable asset at the given point in time.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
renewable_ptr	A pointer to the Renewable asset.
resources_ptr	A pointer to the Resources component of the Model.

#### Returns

The production [kW] of the Renewable asset.

```
759 {
760
        double production_kW = 0;
761
762
        switch (renewable_ptr->type) {
             case (RenewableType :: SOLAR): {
    production_kW = renewable_ptr->computeProductionkW(
763
764
765
                      timestep,
766
                      dt hrs,
767
                      resources_ptr->resource_map_1D[renewable_ptr->resource_key][timestep]
768
                 );
769
770
                 break;
771
             }
772
773
             case (RenewableType :: TIDAL): {
774
775
776
                 production_kW = renewable_ptr->computeProductionkW(
                      timestep,
                      dt_hrs,
777
                      resources_ptr->resource_map_1D[renewable_ptr->resource_key][timestep]
778
                 );
779
780
                 break;
781
             }
782
             case (RenewableType :: WAVE): {
    production_kW = renewable_ptr->computeProductionkW(
783
784
785
                      timestep,
786
787
                      resources_ptr->resource_map_2D[renewable_ptr->resource_key][timestep][0],
788
                      resources_ptr->resource_map_2D[renewable_ptr->resource_key][timestep][1]
789
                 );
790
791
                 break;
792
793
794
             case (RenewableType :: WIND): {
795
                 \verb|production_kW| = \verb|renewable_ptr->computeProductionkW|(
796
                      timestep,
797
                      dt_hrs,
798
                      resources_ptr->resource_map_1D[renewable_ptr->resource_key][timestep]
```

```
);
800
801
                 break;
802
             }
803
            default: {
804
                 std::string error_str = "ERROR: Controller::__getRenewableProduction(): ";
806
                 error_str += "renewable type ";
                 error_str += std::to_string(renewable_ptr->type);
error_str += " not recognized";
807
808
809
                 #ifdef _WIN32
810
811
                      std::cout « error str « std::endl;
812
813
814
                 throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
815
816
                 break;
817
             }
        }
819
820
        return production_kW;
821 } /* __getRenewableProduction() */
```

# 4.3.3.8 \_\_handleCombustionDispatch()

```
double Controller::__handleCombustionDispatch (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    double net_load_kW,
    std::vector< Combustion * > * combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
    bool is_cycle_charging ) [private]
```

#### bool is cycle charging)

Helper method to handle the optimal dispatch of Combustion assets. Dispatches for 1.2x the received net load, so as to ensure a "20% spinning reserve". Dispatches a minimum number of Combustion assets, which then share the load proportional to their rated capacities.

# Parameters

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
net_load_kW	The net load [kW] before the dispatch is deducted from it.
combustion_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Combustion pointer vector of the Model.
is_cycle_charging	A boolean which defines whether to apply cycle charging logic or not.

#### Returns

The net load [kW] remaining after the dispatch is deducted from it.

```
863 {
864
        \ensuremath{//} 1. get minimal Combustion dispatch
865
        double target_production_kW = 1.2 * net_load_kW;
866
        double total_capacity_kW = 0;
867
868
        std::map<double, std::vector<bool>>::iterator iter = this->combustion_map.begin();
869
        while (iter != std::prev(this->combustion_map.end(), 1)) {
870
            if (target_production_kW <= total_capacity_kW) {</pre>
871
                 break;
872
873
874
875
            total_capacity_kW = iter->first;
```

```
876
         }
877
878
          // 2. share load proportionally (by rated capacity) over active diesels
879
         Combustion* combustion_ptr;
880
         double production_kW = 0;
double request_kW = 0;
881
         double _net_load_kW = net_load_kW;
882
883
         for (size_t i = 0; i < this->combustion_map[total_capacity_kW].size(); i++) {
    combustion_ptr = combustion_ptr_vec_ptr->at(i);
884
885
886
887
              if (total_capacity_kW > 0) {
888
                   request_kW =
889
                        int(this->combustion_map[total_capacity_kW][i]) *
890
                        net_load_kW *
891
                         (combustion_ptr->capacity_kW / total_capacity_kW);
892
              }
893
894
              else {
895
                   request_kW = 0;
896
897
              if (is_cycle_charging and request_kW > 0) {
   if (request_kW < 0.85 * combustion_ptr->capacity_kW) {
      request_kW = 0.85 * combustion_ptr->capacity_kW;
898
899
900
901
902
903
904
              production_kW = combustion_ptr->requestProductionkW(
905
                   timestep,
906
                   dt hrs.
907
                   request_kW
908
909
910
              _net_load_kW = combustion_ptr->commit(
911
                   timestep,
912
                   dt hrs,
913
                   production_kW,
914
                   _net_load_kW
915
              );
916
917
918
         return net load kW;
         /* __handleCombustionDispatch() */
919 }
```

### 4.3.3.9 handleStorageCharging() [1/2]

Helper method to handle the charging of the given Storage assets.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
storage_ptr_list	A list of pointers to the Storage assets that are to be charged.
combustion_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Combustion pointer vector of the Model.
renewable_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Renewable pointer vector of the Model.

```
560 {
561     double acceptable_kW = 0;
562     double curtailment_kW = 0;
563
564     Storage* storage_ptr;
```

```
565
        Combustion* combustion_ptr;
566
        Renewable* renewable_ptr;
567
568
        std::list<Storage*>::iterator iter;
569
570
             iter = storage ptr list.begin();
571
             iter != storage_ptr_list.end();
572
573
574
             storage_ptr = (*iter);
575
             // 1. attempt to charge from Combustion curtailment first
for (size_t i = 0; i < combustion_ptr_vec_ptr->size(); i++) {
    combustion_ptr = combustion_ptr_vec_ptr->at(i);
576
578
579
                 curtailment_kW = combustion_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[timestep];
580
                 if (curtailment_kW <= 0) {
581
582
                      continue;
583
584
585
                 acceptable_kW = storage_ptr->getAcceptablekW(dt_hrs);
586
                 if (acceptable_kW > curtailment_kW) {
    acceptable_kW = curtailment_kW;
587
588
589
590
591
                 combustion_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[timestep] -= acceptable_kW;
592
                 combustion_ptr->storage_vec_kW[timestep] += acceptable_kW;
593
                 storage_ptr->power_kW += acceptable_kW;
594
             }
595
596
             // 2. attempt to charge from Renewable curtailment second
597
             for (size_t i = 0; i < renewable_ptr_vec_ptr->size(); i++) {
598
                 renewable_ptr = renewable_ptr_vec_ptr->at(i);
599
                 curtailment_kW = renewable_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[timestep];
600
601
                 if (curtailment kW <= 0) {</pre>
602
                      continue;
603
                 }
604
605
                 acceptable_kW = storage_ptr->getAcceptablekW(dt_hrs);
606
                 if (acceptable kW > curtailment kW) {
607
608
                      acceptable_kW = curtailment_kW;
609
610
611
                 renewable_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[timestep] -= acceptable_kW;
612
                 renewable_ptr->storage_vec_kW[timestep] += acceptable_kW;
                 storage_ptr->power_kW += acceptable_kW;
613
            }
614
615
616
             // 3. commit charge
617
             storage_ptr->commitCharge(
618
                 timestep,
619
                 dt hrs.
620
                 storage_ptr->power_kW
621
             );
622
        }
623
624
        return;
        /\star __handleStorageCharging() \star/
625 }
```

### 4.3.3.10 \_\_handleStorageCharging() [2/2]

Helper method to handle the charging of the given Storage assets.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
storage_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to a vector of pointers to the Storage assets that are to be charged.
combustion_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Combustion pointer vector of the Model.
renewable_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Renewable pointer vector of the Model.

```
663 {
664
         double acceptable_kW = 0;
665
         double curtailment_kW = 0;
666
667
         Storage* storage ptr:
668
          Combustion* combustion_ptr;
669
         Renewable* renewable_ptr;
670
671
         for (size_t j = 0; j < storage_ptr_vec_ptr->size(); j++) {
672
               storage_ptr = storage_ptr_vec_ptr->at(j);
673
              // 1. attempt to charge from Combustion curtailment first
for (size_t i = 0; i < combustion_ptr_vec_ptr->size(); i++) {
674
675
676
                   combustion_ptr = combustion_ptr_vec_ptr->at(i);
curtailment_kW = combustion_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[timestep];
677
678
679
                   if (curtailment kW <= 0) {
680
                        continue;
681
682
683
                   acceptable_kW = storage_ptr->getAcceptablekW(dt_hrs);
684
                   if (acceptable_kW > curtailment_kW) {
   acceptable_kW = curtailment_kW;
685
686
688
689
                   combustion_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[timestep] -= acceptable_kW;
690
                   \verb|combustion_ptr-> storage_vec_kW[timestep]| += acceptable_kW; \\
691
                   storage_ptr->power_kW += acceptable_kW;
692
              }
693
694
               // 2. attempt to charge from Renewable curtailment second
              for (size_t i = 0; i < renewable_ptr_vec_ptr->size(); i++) {
    renewable_ptr = renewable_ptr_vec_ptr->at(i);
695
696
                   curtailment_kW = renewable_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[timestep];
697
698
699
                   if (curtailment_kW <= 0) {</pre>
700
                        continue;
701
702
                   acceptable_kW = storage_ptr->getAcceptablekW(dt_hrs);
703
704
                   if (acceptable_kW > curtailment_kW) {
705
706
                        acceptable_kW = curtailment_kW;
707
708
                   renewable_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[timestep] -= acceptable_kW;
renewable_ptr->storage_vec_kW[timestep] += acceptable_kW;
storage_ptr->power_kW += acceptable_kW;
709
710
711
712
713
714
715
              // 3. commit charge
              storage_ptr->commitCharge(
716
                   timestep,
717
                   dt hrs,
                   storage_ptr->power_kW
719
              );
720
721
722
         return;
         /* __handleStorageCharging() */
```

# 4.3.3.11 \_\_handleStorageDischarging()

```
double dt_hrs,
double net_load_kW,
std::list< Storage * > storage_ptr_list ) [private]
```

Helper method to handle the discharging of the given Storage assets.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
storage_ptr_list	A list of pointers to the Storage assets that are to be discharged.

#### Returns

The net load [kW] remaining after the discharge is deducted from it.

```
953 {
954
        double discharging_kW = 0;
955
956
        Storage* storage_ptr;
957
958
        std::list<Storage*>::iterator iter;
959
960
            iter = storage_ptr_list.begin();
961
            iter != storage_ptr_list.end();
962
963
       ) {
            storage_ptr = (*iter);
964
965
966
           discharging_kW = storage_ptr->getAvailablekW(dt_hrs);
967
968
            if (discharging_kW > net_load_kW) {
969
                discharging_kW = net_load_kW;
970
971
972
           net_load_kW = storage_ptr->commitDischarge(
973
                timestep,
974
975
                discharging_kW,
976
                net_load_kW
977
            );
978
980
       return net_load_kW;
981 }
       /* __handleStorageDischarging() */
```

# 4.3.3.12 applyDispatchControl()

Method to apply dispatch control at every point in the modelling time series.

#### **Parameters**

electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the ElectricalLoad component of the Model.
combustion_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Combustion pointer vector of the Model.
renewable_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Renewable pointer vector of the Model.
storage_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Storage pointer vector of the Model.

```
1124 {
1125
          for (int i = 0; i < electrical_load_ptr->n_points; i++) {
1126
               switch (this->control_mode) {
                   case (ControlMode :: LOAD_FOLLOWING): {
1127
                       if (this->net_load_vec_kW[i] <= 0) {
    this->__applyLoadFollowingControl_CHARGING(
1128
1129
1130
1131
                                 electrical_load_ptr,
1132
                                 combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
1133
                                 renewable_ptr_vec_ptr,
1134
                                 storage_ptr_vec_ptr
1135
                            );
1136
                        }
1137
1138
                        else {
1139
                            this->__applyLoadFollowingControl_DISCHARGING(
1140
                                 i.
1141
                                 electrical load ptr,
1142
                                 combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
1143
                                 renewable_ptr_vec_ptr,
1144
                                 storage_ptr_vec_ptr
1145
                            );
                        }
1146
1147
1148
                        break;
1149
1150
1151
                   case (ControlMode :: CYCLE_CHARGING): {
                        if (this->net_load_vec_kW[i] <= 0) {
   this->_applyCycleChargingControl_CHARGING(
1152
1153
1154
                                 i.
1155
                                 electrical_load_ptr,
1156
                                 combustion_ptr_vec_ptr,
1157
                                 renewable_ptr_vec_ptr,
1158
                                 storage_ptr_vec_ptr
                            );
1159
1160
                        }
1161
1162
1163
                            this->__applyCycleChargingControl_DISCHARGING(
1164
                                 electrical_load_ptr,
1165
                                 combustion_ptr_vec_ptr, renewable_ptr_vec_ptr,
1166
1167
1168
                                 storage_ptr_vec_ptr
1169
                            );
1170
                        }
1171
1172
                        break:
1173
                   }
1174
1175
                   default: {
                        std::string error_str = "ERROR: Controller :: applyDispatchControl(): ";
1176
                        error_str += "control mode ";
error_str += std::to_string(this->control_mode);
error_str += " not recognized";
1177
1178
1179
1180
1181
                        #ifdef _WIN32
1182
                            std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
                        #endif
1183
1184
1185
                        throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
1186
1187
1188
1189
              }
1190
         }
1191
1192
          return:
         /* applyDispatchControl() */
1193 }
```

### 4.3.3.13 clear()

Method to clear all attributes of the Controller object.

208

#### 4.3.3.14 init()

Method to initialize the Controller component of the Model.

#### **Parameters**

electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the ElectricalLoad component of the Model.
renewable_ptr_vec_ptr	A pointer to the Renewable pointer vector of the Model.
resources_ptr	A pointer to the Resources component of the Model.
combustion ptr vec ptr	A pointer to the Combustion pointer vector of the Model.

# 4.3.3.15 setControlMode()

### **Parameters**

```
1017 {
1018
        this->control_mode = control_mode;
1019
1020
        switch(control_mode) {
1021
            case (ControlMode :: LOAD_FOLLOWING): {
                this->control_string = "LOAD_FOLLOWING";
1022
1023
1024
                break:
1025
            }
1026
1027
            case (ControlMode :: CYCLE_CHARGING): {
1028
                 this->control_string = "CYCLE_CHARGING";
1029
1030
                 break;
1031
             }
1032
```

```
default: {
                    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Controller :: setControlMode(): ";
    error_str += "control mode ";
    error_str += std::to_string(control_mode);
    error_str += " not recognized";
1035
1036
1037
1038
1039
                            #ifdef _WIN32
1040
                                 std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
                            #endif
1041
1042
                            throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
1043
1044
1045
                      break;
1046
1047
          }
1048
1049
           return:
1050 } /* setControlMode() */
```

### 4.3.4 Member Data Documentation

### 4.3.4.1 combustion\_map

```
std::map<double, std::vector<bool> > Controller::combustion_map
```

A map of all possible combustion states, for use in determining optimal dispatch.

## 4.3.4.2 control\_mode

```
ControlMode Controller::control_mode
```

The ControlMode that is active in the Model.

#### 4.3.4.3 control string

```
std::string Controller::control_string
```

A string describing the active ControlMode.

#### 4.3.4.4 missed\_load\_vec\_kW

```
std::vector<double> Controller::missed_load_vec_kW
```

A vector of missed load values [kW] at each point in the modelling time series.

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# 4.3.4.5 net\_load\_vec\_kW

```
std::vector<double> Controller::net_load_vec_kW
```

A vector of net load values [kW] at each point in the modelling time series. Net load is defined as load minus all available Renewable production.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

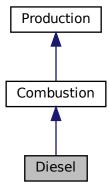
- · header/Controller.h
- source/Controller.cpp

# 4.4 Diesel Class Reference

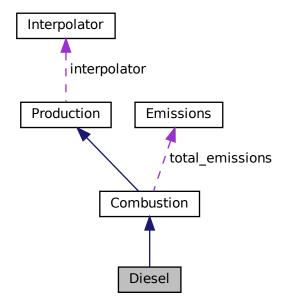
A derived class of the Combustion branch of Production which models production using a diesel generator.

```
#include <Diesel.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Diesel:



Collaboration diagram for Diesel:



### **Public Member Functions**

• Diesel (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the Diesel class.

· Diesel (int, double, DieselInputs)

Constructor (intended) for the Diesel class.

void handleReplacement (int)

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

double requestProductionkW (int, double, double)

Method which takes in production request, and then returns what the asset can deliver (subject to operating constraints, etc.).

• double commit (int, double, double, double)

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

∼Diesel (void)

Destructor for the Diesel class.

# **Public Attributes**

· double minimum\_load\_ratio

The minimum load ratio of the asset. That is, when the asset is producing, it must produce at least this ratio of its rated capacity.

• double minimum\_runtime\_hrs

The minimum runtime [hrs] of the asset. This is the minimum time that must elapse between successive starts and stops.

double time\_since\_last\_start\_hrs

The time that has elapsed [hrs] since the last start of the asset.

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#### **Private Member Functions**

void \_\_checkInputs (DieselInputs)

Helper method to check inputs to the Diesel constructor.

void <u>handleStartStop</u> (int, double, double)

Helper method (private) to handle the starting/stopping of the diesel generator. The minimum runtime constraint is enforced in this method.

double getGenericFuelSlope (void)

Helper method to generate a generic, linearized fuel consumption slope for a diesel generator.

double getGenericFuelIntercept (void)

Helper method to generate a generic, linearized fuel consumption intercept for a diesel generator.

double <u>getGenericCapitalCost</u> (void)

Helper method to generate a generic diesel generator capital cost.

double <u>getGenericOpMaintCost</u> (void)

Helper method (private) to generate a generic diesel generator operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy produced.

void <u>writeSummary</u> (std::string)

Helper method to write summary results for Diesel.

void <u>writeTimeSeries</u> (std::string, std::vector< double > \*, int=-1)

Helper method to write time series results for Diesel.

# 4.4.1 Detailed Description

A derived class of the Combustion branch of Production which models production using a diesel generator.

### 4.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.4.2.1 Diesel() [1/2]

```
Diesel::Diesel (
     void )
```

Constructor (dummy) for the Diesel class.

#### 4.4.2.2 Diesel() [2/2]

Constructor (intended) for the Diesel class.

#### **Parameters**

n_points	The number of points in the modelling time series.
n_years	The number of years being modelled.
diesel_inputs	A structure of Diesel constructor inputs.

```
605
606 Combustion(
607
         n_points,
608
         n vears.
609
         diesel_inputs.combustion_inputs
610 )
611 {
612
         // 1. check inputs
613
         this->__checkInputs(diesel_inputs);
614
615
            2. set attributes
         this->type = CombustionType :: DIESEL;
616
617
         this->type_str = "DIESEL";
618
619
         this->replace_running_hrs = diesel_inputs.replace_running_hrs;
620
621
         this->fuel cost L = diesel inputs.fuel cost L;
622
623
         this->minimum_load_ratio = diesel_inputs.minimum_load_ratio;
624
         this->minimum_runtime_hrs = diesel_inputs.minimum_runtime_hrs;
625
         this->time_since_last_start_hrs = 0;
626
627
         this->CO2_emissions_intensity_kgL = diesel_inputs.CO2_emissions_intensity_kgL;
         this->CO_emissions_intensity_kgL = diesel_inputs.CO_emissions_intensity_kgL;
this->NOx_emissions_intensity_kgL = diesel_inputs.NOx_emissions_intensity_kgL;
628
629
630
         this->SOx_emissions_intensity_kgL = diesel_inputs.SOx_emissions_intensity_kgL;
         this->CH4_emissions_intensity_kgL = diesel_inputs.CH4_emissions_intensity_kgL;
this->PM_emissions_intensity_kgL = diesel_inputs.PM_emissions_intensity_kgL;
631
632
633
         if (diesel_inputs.linear_fuel_slope_LkWh < 0) {
    this->linear_fuel_slope_LkWh = this->__getGenericFuelSlope();
634
635
636
637
         if (diesel_inputs.linear_fuel_intercept_LkWh < 0) {
    this->linear_fuel_intercept_LkWh = this->__getGenericFuelIntercept();
638
639
         }
640
641
642
         if (diesel_inputs.capital_cost < 0) {</pre>
643
             this->capital_cost = this->__getGenericCapitalCost();
644
645
646
         if (diesel inputs.operation maintenance cost kWh < 0) {
647
             this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = this->__getGenericOpMaintCost();
648
649
650
         if (not this->is_sunk) {
              this->capital_cost_vec[0] = this->capital_cost;
651
652
653
654
         // 3. construction print
655
         if (this->print_flag) {
656
              std::cout « "Diesel object constructed at " « this « std::endl;
657
658
659
         return;
660 }
         /* Diesel() */
```

#### 4.4.2.3 ~Diesel()

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### 4.4.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.4.3.1 checkInputs()

Helper method to check inputs to the Diesel constructor.

#### **Parameters**

diesel\_inputs A structure of Diesel constructor inputs.

```
39 {
         // 1. check fuel_cost_L
40
         if (diesel_inputs.fuel_cost_L < 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Diesel(): ";</pre>
41
42
               error_str += "DieselInputs::fuel_cost_L must be >= 0";
44
4.5
               #ifdef _WIN32
                   std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
46
              #endif
47
48
               throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
50
51
         // 2. check CO2_emissions_intensity_kgL
if (diesel_inputs.CO2_emissions_intensity_kgL < 0) {
   std::string error_str = "ERROR: Diesel(): ";</pre>
52
5.3
54
              error_str += "DieselInputs::CO2_emissions_intensity_kgL must be >= 0";
55
57
              #ifdef _WIN32
58
                   std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
              #endif
59
60
              throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
61
         }
63
         // 3. check CO_emissions_intensity_kgL
   if (diesel_inputs.CO_emissions_intensity_kgL < 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Diesel(): ";</pre>
64
65
66
              error_str += "DieselInputs::CO_emissions_intensity_kgL must be >= 0";
67
69
              #ifdef _WIN32
70
                    std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
71
              #endif
72
73
               throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
74
         }
75
76
         // 4. check NOx_emissions_intensity_kgL \,
         if (diesel_inputs.NOx_emissions_intensity_kgL < 0) {
   std::string error_str = "ERROR: Diesel(): ";
   error_str += "DieselInputs::NOx_emissions_intensity_kgL must be >= 0";
77
78
79
80
81
               #ifdef _WIN32
82
                   std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
8.3
              #endif
84
              throw std::invalid argument(error str);
85
86
88
         // 5. check SOx_emissions_intensity_kgL \,
         if (diesel_inputs.SOx_emissions_intensity_kgL < 0) {
   std::string error_str = "ERROR: Diesel(): ";
   error_str += "DieselInputs::SOx_emissions_intensity_kgL must be >= 0";
89
90
91
93
               #ifdef _WIN32
                    std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
              #endif
95
96
               throw std::invalid argument(error str);
98
         }
```

```
100
        // 6. check CH4_emissions_intensity_kgL
        if (diesel_inputs.CH4_emissions_intensity_kgL < 0) {
   std::string error_str = "ERROR: Diesel(): ";</pre>
101
102
             error_str += "DieselInputs::CH4_emissions_intensity_kgL must be >= 0";
103
104
            #ifdef _WIN32
105
                 std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
106
107
108
109
            throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
        }
110
111
        // 7. check PM_emissions_intensity_kgL
112
113
        if (diesel_inputs.PM_emissions_intensity_kgL < 0) {</pre>
114
            std::string error_str = "ERROR: Diesel(): ";
115
             error_str += "DieselInputs::PM_emissions_intensity_kgL must be >= 0";
116
            #ifdef WIN32
117
118
                 std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
119
120
121
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
122
        }
123
124
        // 8. check minimum_load_ratio
        if (diesel_inputs.minimum_load_ratio < 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Diesel(): ";</pre>
125
126
127
            error_str += "DieselInputs::minimum_load_ratio must be >= 0";
128
129
            #ifdef WIN32
130
                std::cout « error str « std::endl;
131
             #endif
132
133
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
134
135
        // 9. check minimum_runtime_hrs
136
        if (diesel_inputs.minimum_runtime_hrs < 0) {</pre>
137
138
            std::string error_str = "ERROR: Diesel(): ";
139
             error_str += "DieselInputs::minimum_runtime_hrs must be >= 0";
140
             #ifdef WIN32
141
                 std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
142
143
144
145
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
146
147
        // 10. check replace_running_hrs
148
        if (diesel_inputs.replace_running_hrs <= 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Diesel():</pre>
149
150
151
             error_str += "DieselInputs::replace_running_hrs must be > 0";
152
153
            #ifdef WIN32
                 std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
154
             #endif
155
157
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
158
159
160
        return;
        /* __checkInputs() */
161 }
```

### 4.4.3.2 \_\_getGenericCapitalCost()

Helper method to generate a generic diesel generator capital cost.

This model was obtained by way of surveying an assortment of published diesel generator costs, and then constructing a best fit model. Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

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#### Returns

A generic capital cost for the diesel generator [CAD].

```
238 {
239          double capital_cost_per_kW = 1000 * pow(this->capacity_kW, -0.425) + 800;
240
241          return capital_cost_per_kW * this->capacity_kW;
242 }          /* __getGenericCapitalCost() */
```

#### 4.4.3.3 getGenericFuelIntercept()

Helper method to generate a generic, linearized fuel consumption intercept for a diesel generator.

This model was obtained by way of surveying an assortment of published diesel generator fuel consumption data, and then constructing a best fit model.

```
Ref: HOMER [2023c]
Ref: HOMER [2023d]
```

#### Returns

A generic fuel intercept coefficient for the diesel generator [L/kWh].

### 4.4.3.4 \_\_getGenericFuelSlope()

Helper method to generate a generic, linearized fuel consumption slope for a diesel generator.

This model was obtained by way of surveying an assortment of published diesel generator fuel consumption data, and then constructing a best fit model.

```
Ref: HOMER [2023c]
Ref: HOMER [2023e]
```

#### Returns

A generic fuel slope for the diesel generator [L/kWh].

```
185 {
186          double linear_fuel_slope_LkWh = 0.4234 * pow(this->capacity_kW, -0.1012);
187
188          return linear_fuel_slope_LkWh;
189 } /* __getGenericFuelSlope() */
```

#### 4.4.3.5 \_\_getGenericOpMaintCost()

Helper method (private) to generate a generic diesel generator operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy produced.

This model was obtained by way of surveying an assortment of published diesel generator costs, and then constructing a best fit model. Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars per kiloWatt-hour production [CAD/kWh].

#### Returns

A generic operation and maintenance cost, per unit energy produced, for the diesel generator [CAD/kWh].

```
266 {
267     double operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = 0.05 * pow(this->capacity_kW, -0.2) + 0.05;
268
269     return operation_maintenance_cost_kWh;
270 } /* __getGenericOpMaintCost() */
```

# 4.4.3.6 \_\_handleStartStop()

Helper method (private) to handle the starting/stopping of the diesel generator. The minimum runtime constraint is enforced in this method.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
production_kW	The current rate of production [kW] of the generator.

```
300 {
301
            Helper method (private) to handle the starting/stopping of the diesel
302
303
            generator. The minimum runtime constraint is enforced in this method.
304
305
306
        if (this->is_running) {
307
            // handle stopping
308
            if (
309
                 production_kW \le 0 and
                 this->time_since_last_start_hrs >= this->minimum_runtime_hrs
311
312
                 this->is_running = false;
313
314
        }
315
316
            // handle starting
317
318
            if (production_kW > 0) {
                this->is_running = true;
this->n_starts++;
319
320
321
                 this->time_since_last_start_hrs = 0;
322
323
        }
324
```

```
325     return;
326 }     /* __handleStartStop() */
```

#### 4.4.3.7 \_\_writeSummary()

Helper method to write summary results for Diesel.

#### **Parameters**

write path

A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.

### Reimplemented from Combustion.

```
345 {
346
            1. create filestream
347
        write_path += "summary_results.md";
348
        std::ofstream ofs;
349
        ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
350
        // 2. write to summary results (markdown)
351
        ofs « "# ";
352
353
        ofs « std::to_string(int(ceil(this->capacity_kW)));
354
        ofs « " kW DIESEL Summary Results\n";
        ofs « "\n----\n\n";
355
356
357
        // 2.1. Production attributes
        ofs « "## Production Attributes\n";
358
        ofs « "\n";
359
360
361
        ofs « "Capacity: " « this->capacity_kW « "kW \n";
        ofs « "\n";
362
363
        ofs \mbox{ "Sunk Cost }(N = 0 \ / \ Y = 1): " \mbox{ w this->is_sunk }\mbox{ " }\n"; ofs \mbox{ "Capital Cost: " }\mbox{ w this->capital_cost }\mbox{ " }\n";
364
365
366
        ofs « "Operation and Maintenance Cost: " « this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh
             « " per kWh produced \n";
367
368
        ofs « "Nominal Inflation Rate (annual): " « this->nominal_inflation_annual
369
                \n";
370
        ofs « "Nominal Discount Rate (annual): " « this->nominal_discount_annual
371
                  \n";
372
        ofs « "Real Discount Rate (annual): " « this->real_discount_annual « " \n";
373
        ofs « "\n";
374
375
        ofs « "Replacement Running Hours: " « this->replace_running_hrs « " \n";
        ofs « "\n----\n\n";
376
377
378
        // 2.2. Combustion attributes
        ofs « "## Combustion Attributes\n";
ofs « "\n";
379
380
381
        ofs « "Fuel Cost: " « this->fuel_cost_L « " per L \n";
382
        ofs « "Nominal Fuel Escalation Rate (annual): "
383
        384
385
386
            « this->real_fuel_escalation_annual « " \n";
387
        ofs « "\n";
388
        ofs « "Linear Fuel Slope: " « this->linear_fuel_slope_LkWh « " L/kWh \n"; ofs « "Linear Fuel Intercept Coefficient: " « this->linear_fuel_intercept_LkWh
389
390
             « " L/kWh \n";
391
392
        ofs « "\n";
393
        ofs \ensuremath{\text{w}} "Carbon Dioxide (CO2) Emissions Intensity: "
394
395
             « this->CO2_emissions_intensity_kgL « " kg/L \n";
396
397
        ofs « "Carbon Monoxide (CO) Emissions Intensity: "
398
             « this->CO_emissions_intensity_kgL « " kg/L \n";
399
        ofs « "Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) Emissions Intensity: "
400
```

```
401
             « this->NOx_emissions_intensity_kgL « " kg/L \n";
402
403
         ofs « "Sulfur Oxides (SOx) Emissions Intensity: "
             « this->SOx_emissions_intensity_kgL « " kg/L \n";
404
405
         ofs « "Methane (CH4) Emissions Intensity:
406
             « this->CH4_emissions_intensity_kgL « " kg/L \n";
408
         ofs « "Particulate Matter (PM) Emissions Intensity: " « this->PM_emissions_intensity_kgL « " kg/L \n";
409
410
411
         ofs « "\n----\n\n";
412
413
414
         // 2.3. Diesel attributes
415
         ofs « "## Diesel Attributes\n";
         ofs « "\n";
416
417
        ofs « "Minimum Load Ratio: " « this->minimum_load_ratio « " \n"; ofs « "Minimum Runtime: " « this->minimum_runtime_hrs « " hrs \n";
418
419
420
421
         ofs « "n----nn";
422
        // 2.4. Diesel Results
ofs « "## Results\n";
423
424
425
         ofs « "\n";
426
427
         ofs « "Net Present Cost: " « this->net_present_cost « " \n";
         ofs « "\n";
428
429
430
         ofs « "Total Dispatch: " « this->total_dispatch_kWh
             « " kWh \n";
431
432
433
         ofs « "Levellized Cost of Energy: " « this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh
434
             « " per kWh dispatched \n";
         ofs « "\n";
435
436
        ofs « "Running Hours: " « this->running_hours « " \n"; ofs « "Starts: " « this->n_starts « " \n";
437
438
439
         ofs « "Replacements: " « this->n_replacements « " \n";
440
         ofs \mbox{\tt w} "Total Fuel Consumed: " \mbox{\tt w} this->total_fuel_consumed_L \mbox{\tt w} " L "
441
             « "(Annual Average: " « this->total_fuel_consumed_L / this->n_years
442
             « " L/yr) \n";
443
         ofs « "\n";
444
445
446
         ofs « "Total Carbon Dioxide (CO2) Emissions: " «
             447
448
              « " kg/yr) \n";
449
450
451
         ofs « "Total Carbon Monoxide (CO) Emissions: " «
             this->total_emissions.CO_kg « " kg " « "(Annual Average: " « this->total_emissions.CO_kg / this->n_years
452
453
             « " kg/yr)
454
                           \n";
455
456
         ofs « "Total Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) Emissions: " «
             this->total_emissions.NOx_kg « " kg "
458
             « "(Annual Average: " « this->total_emissions.NOx_kg / this->n_years
              « " kg/yr) \n";
459
460
         ofs \ll "Total Sulfur Oxides (SOx) Emissions: " \ll
461
             this->total_emissions.SOx_kg « "kg " " (Annual Average: " « this->total_emissions.SOx_kg / this->n_years
462
463
              « " kg/yr)
464
                           \n";
465
         ofs « "Total Methane (CH4) Emissions: " « this->total_emissions.CH4_kg « " kg " « "(Annual Average: " « this->total_emissions.CH4_kg / this->n_years
466
467
              « " kg/yr)
468
                           \n";
469
470
         ofs « "Total Particulate Matter (PM) Emissions: " «
             this->total_emissions.PM_kg « " kg " « "(Annual Average: " « this->total_emissions.PM_kg / this->n_years
471
472
             « " kg/yr) \n";
473
474
475
         ofs « "n----nn";
476
477
         ofs.close();
478
479 }
         /* __writeSummary() */
```

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#### 4.4.3.8 \_\_writeTimeSeries()

```
void Diesel::__writeTimeSeries (
    std::string write_path,
    std::vector< double > * time_vec_hrs_ptr,
    int max_lines = -1 ) [private], [virtual]
```

Helper method to write time series results for Diesel.

#### **Parameters**

write_path	A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.	
time_vec_hrs_ptr	A pointer to the time_vec_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.	
max_lines	The maximum number of lines of output to write.	

#### Reimplemented from Combustion.

```
509 {
510
           // 1. create filestream
          write_path += "time_series_results.csv";
511
512
          std::ofstream ofs;
513
          ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
514
          // 2. write time series results (comma separated value) ofs \boldsymbol{w} "Time (since start of data) [hrs],";
515
516
          ofs « "Production [kW],";
517
          ofs « "Dispatch [kW], ";
518
519
          ofs « "Storage [kW],";
          ofs « "Curtailment [kW],";
ofs « "Is Running (N = 0 / Y = 1),";
520
521
          ofs « "Fuel Consumption [L],";
ofs « "Fuel Cost (actual),";
522
523
          ofs « "Carbon Dioxide (CO2) Emissions [kg],";
524
525
          ofs « "Carbon Monoxide (CO) Emissions [kg],";
526
          ofs « "Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) Emissions [kg],";
          ofs « "Sulfur Oxides (SOx) Emissions [kg],";
527
          ofs « "Methane (CH4) Emissions [kg],";
ofs « "Particulate Matter (PM) Emissions [kg],";
ofs « "Capital Cost (actual),";
528
529
530
531
          ofs « "Operation and Maintenance Cost (actual),";
532
          ofs « "\n";
533
          for (int i = 0; i < max_lines; i++) {
    ofs « time_vec_hrs_ptr->at(i) « ",";
534
535
               ofs « this->production_vec_kW[i] « ",";
ofs « this->dispatch_vec_kW[i] « ",";
ofs « this->storage_vec_kW[i] « ",";
536
537
538
               ofs « this->curtailment_vec_kW[i] « ",";
539
540
               ofs « this->is_running_vec[i] « ",";
               ofs w this->fuel_consumption_vec_L[i] w ",";
ofs w this->fuel_cost_vec[i] w ",";
541
542
543
               ofs « this->CO2_emissions_vec_kg[i] « ",";
               ofs « this->CO_emissions_vec_kg[i] « ",";
ofs « this->NOx_emissions_vec_kg[i] « ",";
ofs « this->SOx_emissions_vec_kg[i] « ",";
544
545
546
               ofs « this->CH4_emissions_vec_kg[i] « ",";
547
               ofs « this->PM_emissions_vec_kg[i] « ","; ofs « this->capital_cost_vec[i] « ",";
548
549
550
                ofs « this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i] « ",";
551
                ofs « "\n";
552
553
          ofs.close();
554
555
          return;
          /* __writeTimeSeries() */
```

### 4.4.3.9 commit()

```
double dt_hrs,
double production_kW,
double load_kW ) [virtual]
```

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
production_kW	The production [kW] of the asset in this timestep.
load_kW	The load [kW] passed to the asset in this timestep.

#### Returns

The load [kW] remaining after the dispatch is deducted from it.

#### Reimplemented from Combustion.

```
773 {
774
            1. handle start/stop, enforce minimum runtime constraint
775
        this->_handleStartStop(timestep, dt_hrs, production_kW);
776
777
        // 2. invoke base class method
778
779
        load_kW = Combustion :: commit(
            timestep,
780
            dt hrs.
            production_kW,
781
782
            load_kW
783
784
785
        if (this->is_running) {
            // 3. log time since last start
786
787
           this->time_since_last_start_hrs += dt_hrs;
788
789
            // 4. correct operation and maintenance costs (should be non-zero if idling)
790
            if (production_kW <= 0) {</pre>
                double produced_kWh = 0.01 * this->capacity_kW * dt_hrs;
791
792
793
                double operation_maintenance_cost =
794
                    this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh * produced_kWh;
795
                this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[timestep] = operation_maintenance_cost;
796
       }
797
798
799
        return load_kW;
800 }
       /* commit() */
```

## 4.4.3.10 handleReplacement()

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

# **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
----------	---

Reimplemented from Combustion.

4.4 Diesel Class Reference 53

### 4.4.3.11 requestProductionkW()

Method which takes in production request, and then returns what the asset can deliver (subject to operating constraints, etc.).

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
request_kW	The requested production [kW].

### Returns

The production [kW] delivered by the diesel generator.

### Reimplemented from Combustion.

```
718 {
719
            // 1. return on request of zero
if (request_kW <= 0) {
   return 0;</pre>
720
721
722
723
724
            double deliver_kW = request_kW;
725
           // 2. enforce capacity constraint
if (deliver_kW > this->capacity_kW) {
   deliver_kW = this->capacity_kW;
726
727
728
729
730
731
732
            // 3. enforce minimum load ratio \,
            if (deliver_kW < this->minimum_load_ratio * this->capacity_kW) {
    deliver_kW = this->minimum_load_ratio * this->capacity_kW;
733
734
735
736
            return deliver_kW;
737 }
           /* requestProductionkW() */
```

### 4.4.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.4.4.1 minimum\_load\_ratio

```
double Diesel::minimum_load_ratio
```

The minimum load ratio of the asset. That is, when the asset is producing, it must produce at least this ratio of its rated capacity.

### 4.4.4.2 minimum\_runtime\_hrs

```
double Diesel::minimum_runtime_hrs
```

The minimum runtime [hrs] of the asset. This is the minimum time that must elapse between successive starts and stops.

#### 4.4.4.3 time\_since\_last\_start\_hrs

```
double Diesel::time_since_last_start_hrs
```

The time that has elapsed [hrs] since the last start of the asset.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

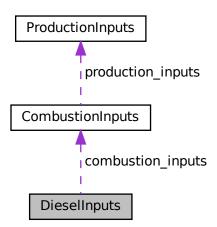
- · header/Production/Combustion/Diesel.h
- source/Production/Combustion/Diesel.cpp

# 4.5 DieselInputs Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Diesel constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates CombustionInputs.

```
#include <Diesel.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for DieselInputs:



#### **Public Attributes**

CombustionInputs combustion inputs

An encapsulated CombustionInputs instance.

• double replace running hrs = 30000

The number of running hours after which the asset must be replaced. Overwrites the ProductionInputs attribute.

double capital cost = -1

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

double operation maintenance cost kWh = -1

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

double fuel cost L = 1.70

The cost of fuel [1/L] (undefined currency).

double minimum load ratio = 0.2

The minimum load ratio of the asset. That is, when the asset is producing, it must produce at least this ratio of its rated capacity.

• double minimum runtime hrs = 4

The minimum runtime [hrs] of the asset. This is the minimum time that must elapse between successive starts and stops.

double linear fuel slope LkWh = -1

The slope [L/kWh] to use in computing linearized fuel consumption. This is fuel consumption per unit energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic fuel consumption model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger).

double linear fuel intercept LkWh = -1

The intercept [L/kWh] to use in computing linearized fuel consumption. This is fuel consumption per unit energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic fuel consumption model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger).

• double CO2 emissions intensity kgL = 2.7

Carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions intensity [kg/L].

double CO\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL = 0.0178

Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions intensity [kg/L].

double NOx\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL = 0.0014

Nitrogen oxide (NOx) emissions intensity [kg/L].

• double SOx\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL = 0.0042

Sulfur oxide (SOx) emissions intensity [kg/L].

• double CH4 emissions intensity kgL = 0.0007

Methane (CH4) emissions intensity [kg/L].

double PM\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL = 0.0001

Particulate Matter (PM) emissions intensity [kg/L].

#### 4.5.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Diesel constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates CombustionInputs.

Ref: HOMER [2023c] Ref: HOMER [2023d] Ref: HOMER [2023e] Ref: NRCan [2014] Ref: CIMAC [2008]

### 4.5.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.5.2.1 capital\_cost

```
double DieselInputs::capital_cost = -1
```

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

### 4.5.2.2 CH4\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

```
double DieselInputs::CH4_emissions_intensity_kgL = 0.0007
```

Methane (CH4) emissions intensity [kg/L].

### 4.5.2.3 CO2\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

```
double DieselInputs::CO2_emissions_intensity_kgL = 2.7
```

Carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions intensity [kg/L].

### 4.5.2.4 CO\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

```
double DieselInputs::CO_emissions_intensity_kgL = 0.0178
```

Carbon monoxide (CO) emissions intensity [kg/L].

### 4.5.2.5 combustion\_inputs

CombustionInputs DieselInputs::combustion\_inputs

An encapsulated CombustionInputs instance.

#### 4.5.2.6 fuel\_cost\_L

```
double DieselInputs::fuel_cost_L = 1.70
```

The cost of fuel [1/L] (undefined currency).

#### 4.5.2.7 linear\_fuel\_intercept\_LkWh

```
double DieselInputs::linear_fuel_intercept_LkWh = -1
```

The intercept [L/kWh] to use in computing linearized fuel consumption. This is fuel consumption per unit energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic fuel consumption model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger).

### 4.5.2.8 linear\_fuel\_slope\_LkWh

```
double DieselInputs::linear_fuel_slope_LkWh = -1
```

The slope [L/kWh] to use in computing linearized fuel consumption. This is fuel consumption per unit energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic fuel consumption model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger).

#### 4.5.2.9 minimum\_load\_ratio

```
double DieselInputs::minimum_load_ratio = 0.2
```

The minimum load ratio of the asset. That is, when the asset is producing, it must produce at least this ratio of its rated capacity.

### 4.5.2.10 minimum\_runtime\_hrs

```
double DieselInputs::minimum_runtime_hrs = 4
```

The minimum runtime [hrs] of the asset. This is the minimum time that must elapse between successive starts and stops.

#### 4.5.2.11 NOx\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

```
double DieselInputs::NOx_emissions_intensity_kgL = 0.0014
```

Nitrogen oxide (NOx) emissions intensity [kg/L].

#### 4.5.2.12 operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

```
double DieselInputs::operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = -1
```

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

#### 4.5.2.13 PM\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

```
double DieselInputs::PM_emissions_intensity_kgL = 0.0001
```

Particulate Matter (PM) emissions intensity [kg/L].

### 4.5.2.14 replace\_running\_hrs

```
double DieselInputs::replace_running_hrs = 30000
```

The number of running hours after which the asset must be replaced. Overwrites the ProductionInputs attribute.

### 4.5.2.15 SOx\_emissions\_intensity\_kgL

```
double DieselInputs::SOx_emissions_intensity_kgL = 0.0042
```

Sulfur oxide (SOx) emissions intensity [kg/L].

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

header/Production/Combustion/Diesel.h

### 4.6 ElectricalLoad Class Reference

A class which contains time and electrical load data. Intended to serve as a component class of Model.

```
#include <ElectricalLoad.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

· ElectricalLoad (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the ElectricalLoad class.

ElectricalLoad (std::string)

Constructor (intended) for the ElectricalLoad class.

void readLoadData (std::string)

Method to read electrical load data into an already existing ElectricalLoad object. Clears and overwrites any existing attribute values.

void clear (void)

Method to clear all attributes of the ElectricalLoad object.

∼ElectricalLoad (void)

Destructor for the ElectricalLoad class.

#### **Public Attributes**

• int n points

The number of points in the modelling time series.

double n years

The number of years being modelled (inferred from time\_vec\_hrs).

· double min\_load\_kW

The minimum [kW] of the given electrical load time series.

· double mean load kW

The mean, or average, [kW] of the given electrical load time series.

double max\_load\_kW

The maximum [kW] of the given electrical load time series.

std::string path\_2\_electrical\_load\_time\_series

A string defining the path (either relative or absolute) to the given electrical load time series.

•  $std::vector < double > time\_vec\_hrs$ 

A vector to hold a given sequence of model times [hrs]. This defines the modelling time series.

std::vector< double > dt\_vec\_hrs

A vector to hold a sequence of model time deltas [hrs].

std::vector< double > load\_vec\_kW

A vector to hold a given sequence of electrical load values [kW].

#### 4.6.1 Detailed Description

A class which contains time and electrical load data. Intended to serve as a component class of Model.

### 4.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.6.2.1 ElectricalLoad() [1/2]

Constructor (dummy) for the ElectricalLoad class.

### 4.6.2.2 ElectricalLoad() [2/2]

Constructor (intended) for the ElectricalLoad class.

#### **Parameters**

path\_2\_electrical\_load\_time\_series A string defining the path (either relative or absolute) to the given electrical load time series.

```
57 {
58     this->readLoadData(path_2_electrical_load_time_series);
59
60     return;
61 } /* ElectricalLoad() */
```

### 4.6.2.3 ∼ElectricalLoad()

Destructor for the ElectricalLoad class.

```
184 {
185          this->clear();
186          return;
187 }          /* ~ElectricalLoad() */
```

### 4.6.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.6.3.1 clear()

Method to clear all attributes of the ElectricalLoad object.

```
159
        this->n_years = 0;
160
        this->min_load_kW = 0;
161
        this->mean_load_kW = 0;
162
        this->max_load_kW = 0;
163
        this->path_2_electrical_load_time_series.clear();
164
        this->time_vec_hrs.clear();
165
166
        this->dt_vec_hrs.clear();
167
        this->load_vec_kW.clear();
168
169
        return:
170 }
       /* clear() */
```

### 4.6.3.2 readLoadData()

Method to read electrical load data into an already existing ElectricalLoad object. Clears and overwrites any existing attribute values.

#### **Parameters**

path_2_electrical_load_time_series	A string defining the path (either relative or absolute) to the given
	electrical load time series.

```
79 {
80
       // 1. clear
81
       this->clear();
82
       // 2. init CSV reader, record path
83
       io::CSVReader<2> CSV(path_2_electrical_load_time_series);
85
86
       CSV.read_header(
           io::ignore_extra_column,
"Time (since start of data) [hrs]",
"Electrical Load [kW]"
87
88
89
90
92
       this->path_2_electrical_load_time_series = path_2_electrical_load_time_series;
93
       // 3. read in time and load data, increment n_points, track min and max load
94
95
       double time_hrs = 0;
96
       double load_kW = 0;
       double load_sum_kW = 0;
98
99
       this->n_points = 0;
100
        this->min_load_kW = std::numeric_limits<double>::infinity();
101
        this->max_load_kW = -1 * std::numeric_limits<double>::infinity();
102
103
104
        while (CSV.read_row(time_hrs, load_kW)) {
105
             this->time_vec_hrs.push_back(time_hrs);
106
            this->load_vec_kW.push_back(load_kW);
107
108
            load_sum_kW += load_kW;
109
110
111
            if (this->min_load_kW > load_kW) {
112
                 this->min_load_kW = load_kW;
113
114
115
116
            if (this->max_load_kW < load_kW) {</pre>
117
                 this->max_load_kW = load_kW;
118
119
120
121
        // 4. compute mean load
        this->mean_load_kW = load_sum_kW / this->n_points;
122
123
124
        // 5. set number of years (assuming 8,760 hours per year)
125
        this->n_years = this->time_vec_hrs[this->n_points - 1] / 8760;
126
```

```
127
          // 6. populate dt_vec_hrs
this->dt_vec_hrs.resize(n_points, 0);
128
129
          for (int i = 0; i < n_points; i++) {
    if (i == n_points - 1) {
        this->dt_vec_hrs[i] = this->dt_vec_hrs[i - 1];
}
130
131
132
133
134
135
               else {
                     double dt_hrs = this->time_vec_hrs[i + 1] - this->time_vec_hrs[i];
136
137
138
                    this->dt_vec_hrs[i] = dt_hrs;
               }
139
140
141
        return;
/* readLoadData() */
142
143 }
```

### 4.6.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.6.4.1 dt\_vec\_hrs

```
std::vector<double> ElectricalLoad::dt_vec_hrs
```

A vector to hold a sequence of model time deltas [hrs].

#### 4.6.4.2 load\_vec\_kW

```
std::vector<double> ElectricalLoad::load_vec_kW
```

A vector to hold a given sequence of electrical load values [kW].

### 4.6.4.3 max\_load\_kW

```
double ElectricalLoad::max_load_kW
```

The maximum [kW] of the given electrical load time series.

#### 4.6.4.4 mean load kW

```
double ElectricalLoad::mean_load_kW
```

The mean, or average, [kW] of the given electrical load time series.

#### 4.6.4.5 min\_load\_kW

```
double ElectricalLoad::min_load_kW
```

The minimum [kW] of the given electrical load time series.

### 4.6.4.6 n\_points

```
int ElectricalLoad::n_points
```

The number of points in the modelling time series.

### 4.6.4.7 n\_years

```
double ElectricalLoad::n_years
```

The number of years being modelled (inferred from time\_vec\_hrs).

### 4.6.4.8 path\_2\_electrical\_load\_time\_series

```
std::string ElectricalLoad::path_2_electrical_load_time_series
```

A string defining the path (either relative or absolute) to the given electrical load time series.

### 4.6.4.9 time\_vec\_hrs

```
std::vector<double> ElectricalLoad::time_vec_hrs
```

A vector to hold a given sequence of model times [hrs]. This defines the modelling time series.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · header/ElectricalLoad.h
- · source/ElectricalLoad.cpp

### 4.7 Emissions Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the emitted masses of various emissions chemistries.

```
#include <Combustion.h>
```

### **Public Attributes**

```
    double CO2_kg = 0
        The mass of carbon dioxide (CO2) emitted [kg].
    double CO_kg = 0
        The mass of carbon monoxide (CO) emitted [kg].
    double NOx_kg = 0
        The mass of nitrogen oxides (NOx) emitted [kg].
    double SOx_kg = 0
        The mass of sulfur oxides (SOx) emitted [kg].
    double CH4_kg = 0
        The mass of methane (CH4) emitted [kg].
    double PM_kg = 0
```

The mass of particulate matter (PM) emitted [kg].

## 4.7.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the emitted masses of various emissions chemistries.

### 4.7.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.7.2.1 CH4\_kg

```
double Emissions::CH4_kg = 0
```

The mass of methane (CH4) emitted [kg].

### 4.7.2.2 CO2\_kg

```
double Emissions::CO2_kg = 0
```

The mass of carbon dioxide (CO2) emitted [kg].

### 4.7.2.3 CO\_kg

```
double Emissions::CO_kg = 0
```

The mass of carbon monoxide (CO) emitted [kg].

### 4.7.2.4 NOx\_kg

```
double Emissions::NOx_kg = 0
```

The mass of nitrogen oxides (NOx) emitted [kg].

#### 4.7.2.5 PM\_kg

```
double Emissions::PM_kg = 0
```

The mass of particulate matter (PM) emitted [kg].

### 4.7.2.6 SOx\_kg

```
double Emissions::SOx_kg = 0
```

The mass of sulfur oxides (SOx) emitted [kg].

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• header/Production/Combustion/Combustion.h

# 4.8 Interpolator Class Reference

A class which contains interpolation data and functionality. Intended to serve as a component of the Production and Storage hierarchies.

```
#include <Interpolator.h>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

• Interpolator (void)

Constructor for the Interpolator class.

void addData1D (int, std::string)

Method to add 1D interpolation data to the Interpolator.

• void addData2D (int, std::string)

Method to add 2D interpolation data to the Interpolator.

- double interp1D (int, double)
- double interp2D (int, double, double)
- ∼Interpolator (void)

Destructor for the Interpolator class.

### **Public Attributes**

```
    std::map< int, InterpolatorStruct1D > interp_map_1D

     A map <int, InterpolatorStruct1D> of given 1D interpolation data.

    std::map< int, std::string > path_map_1D

      A map <int, string> of the paths (either relative or absolute) to the given 1D interpolation data.

    std::map< int, InterpolatorStruct2D > interp_map_2D

     A map <int, InterpolatorStruct2D> of given 2D interpolation data.
std::map< int, std::string > path_map_2D
      A map < int, string> of the paths (either relative or absolute) to the given 2D interpolation data.
```

### **Private Member Functions**

```
    void __checkDataKey1D (int)

      Helper method to check if given data key (1D) is already in use.

    void <u>__checkDataKey2D</u> (int)

      Helper method to check if given data key (2D) is already in use.

    void <u>__throwReadError</u> (std::string, int)

    bool isNonNumeric (std::string)

• std::vector< std::string > __splitCommaSeparatedString (std::string, std::string="||")

    std::vector< std::string>> __getDataStringMatrix (std::string)

    void <u>readData1D</u> (int, std::string)

• void __readData2D (int, std::string)
```

#### **Detailed Description** 4.8.1

A class which contains interpolation data and functionality. Intended to serve as a component of the Production and Storage hierarchies.

### 4.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.8.2.1 Interpolator()

return; 449 } /\* Interpolator() \*/

448

```
Interpolator::Interpolator (
              void )
Constructor for the Interpolator class.
445 {
446
       //...
```

#### 4.8.2.2 ∼Interpolator()

```
\label{eq:interpolator::} Interpolator:: \sim Interpolator \mbox{ (} \\ \mbox{void )}
```

Destructor for the Interpolator class.

#### 4.8.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.8.3.1 \_\_checkDataKey1D()

Helper method to check if given data key (1D) is already in use.

#### **Parameters**

data\_key The key associated with the given 1D interpolation data.

```
40 {
         if (this->interp_map_1D.count(data_key) > 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Interpolator::addData1D() ";
    error_str += "data key (1D) ";
41
42
43
              error_str += std::to_string(data_key);
error_str += " is already in use";
44
45
46
47
             #ifdef _WIN32
                    std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
48
50
51
               throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
52
        }
53
54
         return;
        /* __checkDataKey1D() */
```

#### 4.8.3.2 checkDataKey2D()

Helper method to check if given data key (2D) is already in use.

#### **Parameters**

data_key The key associated with the given 2D interpolation data_key	ıta.
--	------

72 {

```
73
         if (this->interp_map_2D.count(data_key) > 0) {
              std::string error_str = "ERROR: Interpolator::addData2D() ";
error_str += "data key (2D) ";
error_str += std::to_string(data_key);
error_str += " is already in use";
75
76
77
78
              #ifdef _WIN32
80
                    std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
81
               #endif
82
               throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
83
84
85
86
87 }
         /* __checkDataKey2D() */
```

#### 4.8.3.3 \_\_getDataStringMatrix()

```
std::vector< std::vector< std::string > > Interpolator::__getDataStringMatrix (
               std::string path_2_data ) [private]
187 {
        // 1. create input file stream
188
        std::ifstream ifs;
189
190
        ifs.open(path_2_data);
191
        // 2. check that open() worked
if (not ifs.is_open()) {
192
193
            std::string error_str = "ERROR: Interpolator::__getDataStringMatrix() ";
error_str += " failed to open ";
194
195
196
            error_str += path_2_data;
197
           #ifdef _WIN32
198
199
                std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
200
            #endif
201
202
            throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
203
204
        // 3. read file line by line
205
        bool is_header = true;
206
207
        std::string line;
208
        std::vector<std::string> line_split_vec;
209
        std::vector<std::string> string_matrix;
210
211
        while (not ifs.eof())
            std::getline(ifs, line);
212
213
214
            if (is_header) {
215
                is_header = false;
216
217
            }
218
219
            line_split_vec = this->__splitCommaSeparatedString(line);
220
221
            if (not line_split_vec.empty()) {
222
                string_matrix.push_back(line_split_vec);
223
224
225
226
        ifs.close();
        return string_matrix;
228 }
        /* __getDataStringMatrix() */
```

### 4.8.3.4 isNonNumeric()

#### 4.8.3.5 \_\_readData1D()

```
void Interpolator::__readData1D (
               int data kev,
               std::string path_2_data ) [private]
241 {
242
         // 1. get string matrix
243
        std::vector<std::string> string_matrix =
244
             this->__getDataStringMatrix(path_2_data);
245
        // 2. read string matrix contents into 1D interpolation struct
246
        InterpolatorStruct1D interp_struct_1D;
247
248
249
        interp_struct_1D.n_points = string_matrix.size();
250
        interp_struct_1D.x_vec.resize(interp_struct_1D.n_points, 0);
251
        interp_struct_1D.y_vec.resize(interp_struct_1D.n_points, 0);
252
253
        for (int i = 0; i < interp struct 1D.n points; i++) {</pre>
254
                 interp_struct_1D.x_vec[i] = std::stod(string_matrix[i][0]);
interp_struct_1D.y_vec[i] = std::stod(string_matrix[i][1]);
255
256
257
             }
2.58
259
             catch (...) {
   this->__throwReadError(path_2_data, 1);
260
261
262
263
        // 3. write struct to map
this->interp_map_1D.insert(
2.64
265
            std::pair<int, InterpolatorStruct1D>(data_key, interp_struct_1D)
266
267
268
269
        // ==== TEST PRINT ==== //
270
271
        std::cout « std::endl;
        std::cout « path_2_data « std::endl;
std::cout « "-----" « std::endl;
272
273
274
275
        std::cout « "n_points: " « this->interp_map_1D[data_key].n_points « std::endl;
276
        std::cout « "x_vec: [";
2.77
278
        for (
279
            int i = 0;
280
             i < this->interp_map_1D[data_key].n_points;
281
282
283
             std::cout « this->interp_map_1D[data_key].x_vec[i] « ", ";
284
285
        std::cout « "]" « std::endl;
286
287
        std::cout « "y_vec: [";
288
             int i = 0:
289
290
             i < this->interp_map_1D[data_key].n_points;
291
             i++
292
        ) {
293
            std::cout « this->interp_map_1D[data_key].y_vec[i] « ", ";
294
295
        std::cout « "]" « std::endl;
296
297
        std::cout « std::endl;
        // ==== END TEST PRINT ==== //
//*/
298
299
300
301
        return;
        /* __readData1D() */
302 }
```

#### 4.8.3.6 \_\_readData2D()

```
void Interpolator::__readData2D (
                int data_key,
                std::string path_2_data ) [private]
315 {
         // 1. get string matrix
316
317
        std::vector<std::vector<std::string> string_matrix =
318
             this->__getDataStringMatrix(path_2_data);
319
320
         // 2. read string matrix contents into 2D interpolation map
321
        InterpolatorStruct2D interp_struct_2D;
322
323
        interp_struct_2D.n_rows = string_matrix.size() - 1;
interp_struct_2D.n_cols = string_matrix[0].size() - 1;
324
325
326
         interp_struct_2D.x_vec.resize(interp_struct_2D.n_cols, 0);
327
        interp_struct_2D.y_vec.resize(interp_struct_2D.n_rows, 0);
328
329
        interp struct 2D.z matrix.resize(interp struct 2D.n rows, {});
330
331
         for (int i = 0; i < interp_struct_2D.n_rows; i++) {</pre>
332
             interp_struct_2D.z_matrix[i].resize(interp_struct_2D.n_cols, 0);
333
334
335
        for (size_t i = 1; i < string_matrix[0].size(); i++) {</pre>
336
337
                 interp_struct_2D.x_vec[i - 1] = std::stod(string_matrix[0][i]);
338
339
             catch (...) {
    this->__throwReadError(path_2_data, 2);
340
341
342
343
        }
344
345
         for (size_t i = 1; i < string_matrix.size(); i++) {</pre>
346
347
                 interp_struct_2D.y_vec[i - 1] = std::stod(string_matrix[i][0]);
348
349
350
             catch (...) {
351
                 this->__throwReadError(path_2_data, 2);
352
353
        }
354
355
        for (size_t i = 1; i < string_matrix.size(); i++) {</pre>
356
             for (size_t j = 1; j < string_matrix[0].size(); j++) {</pre>
357
                 try
                      interp_struct_2D.z_matrix[i - 1][j - 1] = std::stod(string_matrix[i][j]);
358
359
360
361
                 catch (...) {
                     this->__throwReadError(path_2_data, 2);
362
363
364
             }
365
        }
366
367
         // 3. write struct to map
368
        this->interp_map_2D.insert(
369
            std::pair<int, InterpolatorStruct2D>(data_key, interp_struct_2D)
370
371
372
373
        // ==== TEST PRINT ==== //
374
        std::cout « std::endl;
375
        std::cout « path_2_data « std::endl;
376
        std::cout « "----- « std::endl;
377
        std::cout « "n_rows: " « this->interp_map_2D[data_key].n_rows « std::endl;
std::cout « "n_cols: " « this->interp_map_2D[data_key].n_cols « std::endl;
378
379
380
381
        std::cout « "x_vec: [";
382
        for (
383
             int i = 0;
384
             i < this->interp_map_2D[data_key].n_cols;
             i++
385
386
387
             std::cout « this->interp_map_2D[data_key].x_vec[i] « ", ";
388
389
        std::cout « "]" « std::endl;
390
        std::cout « "y_vec: [";
391
392
        for (
393
             int i = 0;
394
             i < this->interp_map_2D[data_key].n_rows;
```

```
395
            i++
396
397
            std::cout « this->interp_map_2D[data_key].y_vec[i] « ", ";
398
        std::cout « "]" « std::endl;
399
400
401
        std::cout « "z_matrix:" « std::endl;
402
403
            int i = 0;
404
            i < this->interp_map_2D[data_key].n_rows;
            i++
405
406
        ) {
407
            std::cout « "\t[";
408
409
            for (
410
                int j = 0;
411
                j < this->interp_map_2D[data_key].n_cols;
412
413
414
                std::cout « this->interp_map_2D[data_key].z_matrix[i][j] « ", ";
415
416
            std::cout « "]" « std::endl;
417
418
419
        std::cout « std::endl;
420
421
        std::cout « std::endl;
       // ==== END TEST PRINT ==== //
//*/
422
423
424
425
        return:
       /* __readData2D() */
426 }
```

### 4.8.3.7 \_\_splitCommaSeparatedString()

```
std::vector< std::string > Interpolator::_splitCommaSeparatedString (
              std::string str,
              std::string break\_str = "||") [private]
153 {
154
       std::vector<std::string> str_split_vec;
155
       size t idx = 0;
156
157
       std::string substr;
158
159
       while ((idx = str.find(',')) != std::string::npos) {
160
          substr = str.substr(0, idx);
161
162
           if (substr == break_str) {
163
               break;
164
           }
165
166
           str_split_vec.push_back(substr);
167
168
           str.erase(0, idx + 1);
169
       }
170
       return str_split_vec;
       /* __splitCommaSeparatedString() */
```

#### 4.8.3.8 throwReadError()

```
error_str += " (this is probably a std::stod() error; is there non-numeric ";
error_str += "data where only numeric data should be?)";
106
107
108
          #ifdef WIN32
109
110
              std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
          #endif
111
112
113
          throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
114
115
116 }
          return;
          /* __throwReadError() */
```

#### 4.8.3.9 addData1D()

Method to add 1D interpolation data to the Interpolator.

#### **Parameters**

data_key	A key used to index into the Interpolator.
path_2_data	A path (either relative or absolute) to the given 1D interpolation data.

### 4.8.3.10 addData2D()

Method to add 2D interpolation data to the Interpolator.

#### **Parameters**

data_key	A key used to index into the Interpolator.	
path_2_data	A path (either relative or absolute) to the given 2D interpolation data.	

### 4.8.3.11 interp1D()

```
double Interpolator::interp1D (
          int ,
           double )
```

#### 4.8.3.12 interp2D()

```
double Interpolator::interp2D (
    int ,
    double ,
    double )
```

#### 4.8.4 Member Data Documentation

### 4.8.4.1 interp\_map\_1D

```
std::map<int, InterpolatorStruct1D> Interpolator::interp_map_1D
```

A map <int, InterpolatorStruct1D> of given 1D interpolation data.

### 4.8.4.2 interp\_map\_2D

```
std::map<int, InterpolatorStruct2D> Interpolator::interp_map_2D
```

A map <int, InterpolatorStruct2D> of given 2D interpolation data.

### 4.8.4.3 path\_map\_1D

```
std::map<int, std::string> Interpolator::path_map_1D
```

A map <int, string> of the paths (either relative or absolute) to the given 1D interpolation data.

### 4.8.4.4 path\_map\_2D

```
std::map<int, std::string> Interpolator::path_map_2D
```

A map <int, string> of the paths (either relative or absolute) to the given 2D interpolation data.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · header/Interpolator.h
- source/Interpolator.cpp

# 4.9 InterpolatorStruct1D Struct Reference

A struct which holds two parallel vectors for use in 1D interpolation.

```
#include <Interpolator.h>
```

#### **Public Attributes**

```
• int n points = 0
```

The number of data points in each parallel vector.

```
• std::vector< double > x_vec = {}
```

A vector of independent data.

std::vector< double > y\_vec = {}

A vector of dependent data.

### 4.9.1 Detailed Description

A struct which holds two parallel vectors for use in 1D interpolation.

### 4.9.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.9.2.1 n\_points

```
int InterpolatorStruct1D::n_points = 0
```

The number of data points in each parallel vector.

#### 4.9.2.2 x\_vec

```
std::vector<double> InterpolatorStruct1D::x_vec = {}
```

A vector of independent data.

### 4.9.2.3 y\_vec

```
std::vector<double> InterpolatorStruct1D::y_vec = {}
```

A vector of dependent data.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· header/Interpolator.h

# 4.10 InterpolatorStruct2D Struct Reference

A struct which holds two parallel vectors and a matrix for use in 2D interpolation.

```
#include <Interpolator.h>
```

### **Public Attributes**

```
• int n rows = 0
```

The number of rows in the matrix (also the length of y\_vec)

• int n\_cols = 0

The number of cols in the matrix (also the length of x\_vec)

• std::vector< double > x vec = {}

A vector of independent data (columns).

std::vector< double > y\_vec = {}

A vector of independent data (rows).

• std::vector< std::vector< double >> z\_matrix = {}

A matrix of dependent data.

## 4.10.1 Detailed Description

A struct which holds two parallel vectors and a matrix for use in 2D interpolation.

### 4.10.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.10.2.1 n\_cols

```
int InterpolatorStruct2D::n_cols = 0
```

The number of cols in the matrix (also the length of x\_vec)

#### 4.10.2.2 n\_rows

```
int InterpolatorStruct2D::n_rows = 0
```

The number of rows in the matrix (also the length of y\_vec)

### 4.10.2.3 x\_vec

```
std::vector<double> InterpolatorStruct2D::x_vec = {}
```

A vector of independent data (columns).

### 4.10.2.4 y\_vec

```
std::vector<double> InterpolatorStruct2D::y_vec = {}
```

A vector of independent data (rows).

### 4.10.2.5 z matrix

```
std::vector<std::vector<double> > InterpolatorStruct2D::z_matrix = {}
```

A matrix of dependent data.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· header/Interpolator.h

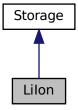
4.11 Lilon Class Reference 77

# 4.11 Lilon Class Reference

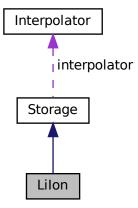
A derived class of Storage which models energy storage by way of lithium-ion batteries.

#include <LiIon.h>

Inheritance diagram for Lilon:



Collaboration diagram for Lilon:



### **Public Member Functions**

• Lilon (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the Lilon class.

• Lilon (int, double, LilonInputs)

Constructor (intended) for the Lilon class.

· void handleReplacement (int)

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

• double getAvailablekW (double)

Method to get the discharge power currently available from the asset.

double getAcceptablekW (double)

Method to get the charge power currently acceptable by the asset.

• void commitCharge (int, double, double)

Method which takes in the charging power for the current timestep and records.

double commitDischarge (int, double, double, double)

Method which takes in the discharging power for the current timestep and records. Returns the load remaining after discharge.

∼Lilon (void)

Destructor for the Lilon class.

### **Public Attributes**

· double dynamic energy capacity kWh

The dynamic (i.e. degrading) energy capacity [kWh] of the asset.

double SOH

The state of health of the asset.

• double replace\_SOH

The state of health at which the asset is considered "dead" and must be replaced.

double degradation\_alpha

A dimensionless acceleration coefficient used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

· double degradation beta

A dimensionless acceleration exponent used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

· double degradation\_B\_hat\_cal\_0

A reference (or base) pre-exponential factor [1/sqrt(hrs)] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

· double degradation r cal

A dimensionless constant used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

double degradation\_Ea\_cal\_0

A reference (or base) activation energy [J/mol] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

double degradation\_a\_cal

A pre-exponential factor [J/mol] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

· double degradation\_s\_cal

A dimensionless constant used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

· double gas constant JmolK

The universal gas constant [J/mol.K].

double temperature\_K

The absolute environmental temperature [K] of the lithium ion battery energy storage system.

double init SOC

The initial state of charge of the asset.

· double min SOC

The minimum state of charge of the asset. Will toggle is\_depleted when reached.

• double hysteresis\_SOC

The state of charge the asset must achieve to toggle is\_depleted.

double max SOC

The maximum state of charge of the asset.

double charging\_efficiency

The charging efficiency of the asset.

· double discharging\_efficiency

The discharging efficiency of the asset.

std::vector< double > SOH\_vec

A vector of the state of health of the asset at each point in the modelling time series.

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#### **Private Member Functions**

· void checkInputs (LilonInputs)

Helper method to check inputs to the Lilon constructor.

double <u>getGenericCapitalCost</u> (void)

Helper method to generate a generic lithium ion battery energy storage system capital cost.

double getGenericOpMaintCost (void)

Helper method to generate a generic lithium ion battery energy storage system operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy charged/discharged.

void <u>\_\_toggleDepleted</u> (void)

Helper method to toggle the is\_depleted attribute of Lilon.

void handleDegradation (int, double, double)

Helper method to apply degradation modelling and update attributes.

void \_\_modelDegradation (double, double)

Helper method to model energy capacity degradation as a function of operating state.

double getBcal (double)

Helper method to compute and return the base pre-exponential factor for a given state of charge.

double getEacal (double)

Helper method to compute and return the activation energy value for a given state of charge.

void writeSummary (std::string)

Helper method to write summary results for Lilon.

void <u>writeTimeSeries</u> (std::string, std::vector< double > \*, int=-1)

Helper method to write time series results for Lilon.

### 4.11.1 Detailed Description

A derived class of Storage which models energy storage by way of lithium-ion batteries.

#### 4.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 4.11.2.1 Lilon() [1/2]

```
LiIon::LiIon ( void )
```

Constructor (dummy) for the Lilon class.

### 4.11.2.2 Lilon() [2/2]

```
LiIon::LiIon (
    int n_points,
    double n_years,
    LiIonInputs liion_inputs )
```

Constructor (intended) for the Lilon class.

#### **Parameters**

n_points	The number of points in the modelling time series.
n_years	The number of years being modelled.
liion_inputs	A structure of Lilon constructor inputs.

```
676
677 Storage(
678
         n points,
679
         n vears,
680
          liion_inputs.storage_inputs
681 )
682 {
          // 1. check inputs
683
         this->__checkInputs(liion_inputs);
684
685
686
              2. set attributes
         this->type = StorageType :: LIION;
this->type_str = "LIION";
687
688
689
690
         this->dynamic_energy_capacity_kWh = this->energy_capacity_kWh;
691
          this -> SOH = 1:
692
         this->replace_SOH = liion_inputs.replace_SOH;
693
         this->degradation_alpha = liion_inputs.degradation_alpha;
this->degradation_beta = liion_inputs.degradation_beta;
694
695
         this->degradation_B_hat_cal_0 = liion_inputs.degradation_B_hat_cal_0;
this->degradation_r_cal = liion_inputs.degradation_r_cal;
696
697
698
          this->degradation_Ea_cal_0 = liion_inputs.degradation_Ea_cal_0;
         this->degradation_a_cal = liion_inputs.degradation_a_cal;
this->degradation_s_cal = liion_inputs.degradation_a_cal;
this->gas_constant_JmolK = liion_inputs.gas_constant_JmolK;
699
700
701
702
         this->temperature_K = liion_inputs.temperature_K;
703
704
         this->init_SOC = liion_inputs.init_SOC;
705
         this->charge_kWh = this->init_SOC * this->energy_capacity_kWh;
706
707
          this->min_SOC = liion_inputs.min_SOC;
         this->hysteresis_SOC = liion_inputs.hysteresis_SOC;
this->max_SOC = liion_inputs.max_SOC;
708
709
710
711
          this->charging_efficiency = liion_inputs.charging_efficiency;
712
          this->discharging_efficiency = liion_inputs.discharging_efficiency;
713
714
715
          if (liion_inputs.capital_cost < 0) {</pre>
               this->capital_cost = this->__getGenericCapitalCost();
716
717
718
          if (liion_inputs.operation_maintenance_cost_kWh < 0) {</pre>
719
              this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = this->__getGenericOpMaintCost();
720
721
         if (not this->is_sunk) {
    this->capital_cost_vec[0] = this->capital_cost;
722
723
724
725
726
         this->SOH_vec.resize(this->n_points, 0);
727
728
         // 3. construction print
         if (this->print_flag) {
    std::cout « "LiIon object constructed at " « this « std::endl;
729
730
731
732
733
          return;
734 }
         /* LiIon() */
```

#### 4.11.2.3 ∼Lilon()

```
LiIon::~LiIon (
void )
```

#### Destructor for the Lilon class.

```
990 (
991 // 1. destruction print
```

```
992    if (this->print_flag) {
993         std::cout « "LiIon object at " « this « " destroyed" « std::endl;
994    }
995
996    return;
997    } /* ~LiIon() */
```

### 4.11.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.11.3.1 \_\_checkInputs()

Helper method to check inputs to the Lilon constructor.

#### **Parameters**

*liion\_inputs* A structure of Lilon constructor inputs.

```
39 {
40
        // 1. check replace_SOH
        if (liion_inputs.replace_SOH < 0 or liion_inputs.replace_SOH > 1) {
   std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): replace_SOH must be in the closed ";
   error_str += "interval [0, 1]";
41
42
4.3
44
45
46
                  std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
47
             #endif
48
49
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
50
       }
51
        // 2. check init_SOC
53
        if (liion_inputs.init_SOC < 0 or liion_inputs.init_SOC > 1) {
             std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): init_SOC must be in the closed ";
error_str += "interval [0, 1]";
54
55
56
57
             #ifdef _WIN32
                  std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
59
             #endif
60
61
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
        }
62
63
        // 3. check min_SOC
        if (liion_inputs.min_SOC < 0 or liion_inputs.min_SOC > 1) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): min_SOC must be in the closed ";
    error_str += "interval [0, 1]";
65
66
67
68
             #ifdef _WIN32
69
70
                  std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
71
72
73
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
74
        }
75
76
            4. check hysteresis_SOC
77
        if (liion_inputs.hysteresis_SOC < 0 or liion_inputs.hysteresis_SOC > 1) {
             std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): hysteresis_SOC must be in the closed ";
error_str += "interval [0, 1]";
78
79
80
             #ifdef WIN32
81
                  std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
83
84
85
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
86
        }
87
88
        // 5. check max_SOC
        if (liion_inputs.max_SOC < 0 or liion_inputs.max_SOC > 1) {
```

```
90
             std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): max_SOC must be in the closed ";
             error_str += "interval [0, 1]";
92
93
             #ifdef _WIN32
94
                 std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
             #endif
95
96
97
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
98
99
100
         // 6. check charging_efficiency
         if (liion_inputs.charging_efficiency <= 0 or liion_inputs.charging_efficiency > 1) {
   std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): charging_efficiency must be in the ";
   error_str += "half-open interval (0, 1]";
101
102
103
104
105
              #ifdef WIN32
106
                  std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
              #endif
107
108
109
              throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
110
111
         // 7. check discharging_efficiency
112
         if (
113
              liion_inputs.discharging_efficiency <= 0 or
114
             liion_inputs.discharging_efficiency > 1
115
116
117
              std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): discharging_efficiency must be in the ";
              error_str += "half-open interval (0, 1]";
118
119
120
              #ifdef WIN32
121
                  std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
122
123
124
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
         }
125
126
127
         // 8. check degradation_alpha
         if (liion_inputs.degradation_alpha <= 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): degradation_alpha must be > 0";
128
129
130
131
              #ifdef WIN32
                  std::cout « error str « std::endl;
132
133
134
135
              throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
136
         }
137
         // 9. check degradation beta
138
139
         if (liion_inputs.degradation_beta <= 0) {</pre>
             std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): degradation_beta must be > 0";
140
141
142
              #ifdef WIN32
143
                  std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
              #endif
144
145
146
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
147
148
149
         // 10. check degradation_B_hat_cal_0
         if (liion_inputs.degradation_B_hat_cal_0 <= 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): degradation_B_hat_cal_0 must be > 0";
150
151
152
153
154
                  std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
155
              #endif
156
157
             throw std::invalid argument (error str);
158
159
160
         // 11. check degradation_r_cal
         if (liion_inputs.degradation_r_cal < 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): degradation_r_cal must be >= 0";
161
162
163
164
              #ifdef WIN32
165
                  std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
166
              #endif
167
168
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
169
         1
170
171
         // 12. check degradation_Ea_cal_0
         if (liion_inputs.degradation_Ea_cal_0 <= 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): degradation_Ea_cal_0 must be > 0";
172
173
174
              #ifdef WIN32
175
176
                  std::cout « error str « std::endl;
```

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```
#endif
178
179
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
        }
180
181
         // 13. check degradation_a_cal
182
        if (lition_inputs.degradation_a_cal < 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): degradation_a_cal must be >= 0";
183
184
185
186
             #ifdef WIN32
187
                 std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
             #endif
188
189
190
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
191
192
        // 14. check degradation_s_cal
193
        if (liion_inputs.degradation_s_cal < 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): degradation_s_cal must be >= 0";
194
195
196
197
             #ifdef _WIN32
198
                 std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
             #endif
199
200
201
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
202
        }
203
204
         // 15. check gas_constant_JmolK
        if (liion_inputs.gas_constant_JmolK <= 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): gas_constant_JmolK must be > 0";
205
206
207
208
             #ifdef _WIN32
209
                  std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
210
             #endif
211
212
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
213
        }
214
215
         // 16. check temperature_K
        if (liion_inputs.temperature_K < 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: LiIon(): temperature_K must be >= 0";
216
217
218
219
            #ifdef WIN32
220
                 std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
221
222
223
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
224
        }
225
226
        return:
227 }
        /* __checkInputs() */
```

### 4.11.3.2 \_\_getBcal()

Helper method to compute and return the base pre-exponential factor for a given state of charge.

Ref: Truelove [2023]

#### **Parameters**

SOC The current state of charge of the asset.

#### Returns

The base pre-exponential factor for the given state of charge.

```
427 {
428          double B_cal = this->degradation_B_hat_cal_0 *
429          exp(this->degradation_r_cal * SOC);
430
431          return B_cal;
432 }          /* __getBcal() */
```

#### 4.11.3.3 getEacal()

Helper method to compute and return the activation energy value for a given state of charge.

Ref: Truelove [2023]

#### **Parameters**

SOC The current state of charge of the asset.

#### Returns

The activation energy value for the given state of charge.

### 4.11.3.4 \_\_getGenericCapitalCost()

Helper method to generate a generic lithium ion battery energy storage system capital cost.

This model was obtained by way of surveying an assortment of published lithium ion battery energy storage system costs, and then constructing a best fit model. Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

### Returns

A generic capital cost for the lithium ion battery energy storage system [CAD].

```
250 {
251         double capital_cost_per_kWh = 250 * pow(this->energy_capacity_kWh, -0.15) + 650;
252
253         return capital_cost_per_kWh * this->energy_capacity_kWh;
254 } /* __getGenericCapitalCost() */
```

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#### 4.11.3.5 \_\_getGenericOpMaintCost()

Helper method to generate a generic lithium ion battery energy storage system operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy charged/discharged.

This model was obtained by way of surveying an assortment of published lithium ion battery energy storage system costs, and then constructing a best fit model. Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

#### Returns

A generic operation and maintenance cost, per unit energy charged/discharged, for the lithium ion battery energy storage system [CAD/kWh].

```
278 {
279         return 0.01;
280 }         /* __getGenericOpMaintCost() */
```

#### 4.11.3.6 handleDegradation()

Helper method to apply degradation modelling and update attributes.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
charging_discharging_kW	The charging/discharging power [kw] being sent to the asset.

### 4.11.3.7 \_\_modelDegradation()

Helper method to model energy capacity degradation as a function of operating state.

Ref: Truelove [2023]

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#### **Parameters**

dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
charging_discharging_kW	The charging/discharging power [kw] being sent to the asset.

```
380 {
         // 1. compute SOC
381
        double SOC = this->charge_kWh / this->energy_capacity_kWh;
382
383
384
        // 2. compute C-rate and corresponding acceleration factor
385
        double C_rate = charging_discharging_kW / this->power_capacity_kW;
386
387
        double C_acceleration_factor =
388
            1 + this->degradation_alpha * pow(C_rate, this->degradation_beta);
389
        // 3. compute dSOH / dt
double B_cal = __getBcal(SOC);
double Ea_cal = __getEacal(SOC);
390
391
392
393
        double dSOH_dt = B_cal *
394
             exp((-1 * Ea_cal) / (this->gas_constant_JmolK * this->temperature_K));
395
396
        dSOH_dt *= dSOH_dt;
397
398
        dSOH_dt *= 1 / (2 * this->SOH);
399
        dSOH_dt *= C_acceleration_factor;
400
        // 4. update state of health
401
        this->SOH -= dSOH_dt * dt_hrs;
402
403
404
        return;
        /* __modelDegradation() */
405 }
```

#### 4.11.3.8 \_\_toggleDepleted()

Helper method to toggle the is depleted attribute of Lilon.

```
295 {
296
        if (this->is_depleted) {
297
            double hysteresis_charge_kWh = this->hysteresis_SOC * this->energy_capacity_kWh;
298
299
            if (hysteresis_charge_kWh > this->dynamic_energy_capacity_kWh) {
                hysteresis_charge_kWh = this->dynamic_energy_capacity_kWh;
300
301
302
303
            if (this->charge_kWh >= hysteresis_charge_kWh) {
304
                this->is_depleted = false;
305
306
       }
307
308
        else {
309
           double min_charge_kWh = this->min_SOC * this->energy_capacity_kWh;
310
311
            if (this->charge_kWh <= min_charge_kWh) {</pre>
312
                this->is_depleted = true;
            }
313
314
       }
315
316
        return;
317 }
       /* __toggleDepleted() */
```

### 4.11.3.9 \_\_writeSummary()

Helper method to write summary results for Lilon.

#### **Parameters**

write path

A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.

#### Reimplemented from Storage.

```
480
         // 1. create filestream
481
         write_path += "summary_results.md";
482
         std::ofstream ofs;
483
        ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
484
         // 2. write summary results (markdown)
485
486
        ofs « std::to_string(int(ceil(this->power_capacity_kW)));
ofs « " kW ";
487
488
        ofs « std::to_string(int(ceil(this->energy_capacity_kWh)));
ofs « " kWh LIION Summary Results\n";
489
490
491
        ofs « "\n----\n\n";
492
493
         // 2.1. Storage attributes
494
        ofs « "## Storage Attributes\n";
        ofs « "\n";
495
        ofs « "Power Capacity: " « this->power_capacity_kW « "kW \n"; ofs « "Energy Capacity: " « this->energy_capacity_kWh « "kWh \n";
496
497
498
        ofs « "\n";
499
        ofs « "Sunk Cost (N = 0 / Y = 1): " « this->is_sunk « " \n"; ofs « "Capital Cost: " « this->capital_cost « " \n"; ofs « "Operation and Maintenance Cost: " « this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh
500
501
502
        503
504
505
                   n";
506
         ofs « "Nominal Discount Rate (annual): " « this->nominal_discount_annual
             « " \n";
507
        ofs \mbox{\tt ``Real Discount Rate (annual): " $\mbox{\tt ``this-}=al_discount_annual $\mbox{\tt ``landarian}$}
508
509
        ofs « "n----nn";
510
511
         // 2.2. LiIon attributes
513
        ofs « "## LiIon Attributes\n";
        ofs « "\n";
514
515
        ofs « "Charging Efficiency: " « this->charging_efficiency « " \n"; ofs « "Discharging Efficiency: " « this->discharging_efficiency « " \n";
516
517
518
        ofs « "\n";
519
        ofs « "Initial State of Charge: " « this->init_SOC « " \n"; ofs « "Minimum State of Charge: " « this->min_SOC « " \n"; ofs « "Hyteresis State of Charge: " « this->hysteresis_SOC « " \n";
520
521
522
        ofs « "Maximum State of Charge: " « this->max_SOC « "
523
524
        ofs « "\n";
525
        ofs « "Replacement State of Health: " « this->replace_SOH « " \n";
526
        ofs « "\n";
527
528
        ofs « "Degradation Acceleration Coeff.: " « this->degradation_alpha « " \n"; ofs « "Degradation Acceleration Exp.: " « this->degradation_beta « " \n";
529
530
        531
532
533
534
535
        ofs « "Degradation Base Activation Energy: '
        536
537
538
        539
540
        ofs « "Universal Gas Constant: " « this->gas_constant_JmolK
541
             « " J/mol.K \n";
542
543
        ofs « "Absolute Environmental Temperature: " « this->temperature_K « " K \n";
544
        ofs « "\n";
545
        ofs « "n----nn";
546
547
548
        // 2.3. LiIon Results
549
        ofs « "## Results\n";
550
        ofs « "\n";
551
        ofs « "Net Present Cost: " « this->net_present_cost « " \n";
552
553
554
        ofs « "Total Discharge: " « this->total_discharge_kWh
```

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```
« " kWh \n";
556
557
       ofs « "Levellized Cost of Energy: " « this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh
558
           « " per kWh dispatched \n";
559
       ofs « "\n";
560
561
       ofs « "Replacements: " « this->n_replacements « " \n";
562
563
564
       ofs « "n----nn";
565
       ofs.close();
566
       return;
567 }
      /* __writeSummary() */
```

### 4.11.3.10 \_\_writeTimeSeries()

Helper method to write time series results for Lilon.

#### **Parameters**

write_path	A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.
time_vec_hrs_ptr	A pointer to the time_vec_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.
max_lines	The maximum number of lines of output to write.

# Reimplemented from Storage.

```
// 1. create filestream
write_path += "time_series_results.csv";
599
600
601
        std::ofstream ofs;
602
        ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
603
604
         // 2. write time series results (comma separated value)
        ofs « "Time (since start of data) [hrs],"; ofs « "Charging Power [kW],";
605
606
        ofs « "Discharging Power [kW],";
ofs « "Charge (at end of timestep) [kWh],";
607
608
609
        ofs « "State of Health (at end of timestep) [ ],";
610
        ofs « "Capital Cost (actual),";
611
        ofs « "Operation and Maintenance Cost (actual),";
        ofs « "\n";
612
613
        for (int i = 0; i < max_lines; i++) {</pre>
614
            ofs « time_vec_hrs_ptr->at(i) « ",";
615
616
             ofs « this->charging_power_vec_kW[i] « ",";
617
             ofs « this->discharging_power_vec_kW[i] « ",";
            ofs « this->charge_vec_kWh[i] « ","; ofs « this->SOH_vec[i] « ",";
618
619
             ofs « this->capital_cost_vec[i] « ",";
620
             ofs « this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i] « ",";
621
622
623
        }
624
625
        ofs.close();
626
        return;
        /* __writeTimeSeries() */
```

## 4.11.3.11 commitCharge()

```
double dt_hrs,
double charge_kW ) [virtual]
```

Method which takes in the charging power for the current timestep and records.

#### **Parameters**

	timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
ĺ	dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
ĺ	charging_kW	The charging power [kw] being sent to the asset.

#### Reimplemented from Storage.

```
882
         // 1. record charging power
883
        this->charging_power_vec_kW[timestep] = charging_kW;
884
        // 2. update charge and record
this->charge_kWh += this->charging_efficiency * charging_kW * dt_hrs;
885
886
887
        this->charge_vec_kWh[timestep] = this->charge_kWh;
888
889
        // 3. toggle depleted flag (if applicable)
890
        this->__toggleDepleted();
891
892
        // 4. model degradation
893
        this->_handleDegradation(timestep, dt_hrs, charging_kW);
894
895
        // 5. trigger replacement (if applicable)
896
        if (this->SOH <= this->replace_SOH) {
            this->handleReplacement(timestep);
897
898
899
900
        // 6. capture operation and maintenance costs (if applicable)
901
        if (charging_kW > 0) {
902
            this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[timestep] = charging_kW * dt_hrs *
903
                this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh;
904
905
906
        this->power_kW= 0;
907
        return;
908 }
        /* commitCharge() */
```

### 4.11.3.12 commitDischarge()

```
double LiIon::commitDischarge (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    double discharging_kW,
    double load_kW ) [virtual]
```

Method which takes in the discharging power for the current timestep and records. Returns the load remaining after discharge.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
discharging_kW	The discharging power [kw] being drawn from the asset.
load_kW	The load [kW] passed to the asset in this timestep.

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#### Returns

The load [kW] remaining after the discharge is deducted from it.

#### Reimplemented from Storage.

```
944 {
945
            1. record discharging power, update total
946
        this->discharging_power_vec_kW[timestep] = discharging_kW;
947
        this->total_discharge_kWh += discharging_kW * dt_hrs;
948
949
        // 2. update charge and record
        this->charge_kWh -= (discharging_kW * dt_hrs) / this->discharging_efficiency;
950
        this->charge_vec_kWh[timestep] = this->charge_kWh;
951
952
953
        // 3. update load
954
        load_kW -= discharging_kW;
955
        // 4. toggle depleted flag (if applicable)
956
957
        this->__toggleDepleted();
958
959
        // 5. model degradation
960
        this->__handleDegradation(timestep, dt_hrs, discharging_kW);
961
962
        // 6. trigger replacement (if applicable)
963
        if (this->SOH <= this->replace_SOH) {
   this->handleReplacement(timestep);
964
965
966
967
        // 7. capture operation and maintenance costs (if applicable)
968
        if (discharging_kW > 0) {
969
            this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[timestep] = discharging_kW * dt_hrs *
970
                this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh;
971
972
973
        this->power_kW = 0;
974
        return load_kW;
975 }
       /* commitDischarge() */
```

#### 4.11.3.13 getAcceptablekW()

```
double LiIon::getAcceptablekW ( \label{eq:double_dt_hrs} \mbox{double } dt\_hrs \mbox{) [virtual]}
```

Method to get the charge power currently acceptable by the asset.

# **Parameters**

#### Returns

The charging power [kW] currently acceptable by the asset.

# Reimplemented from Storage.

```
825 {
        // 1. get max charge
826
827
       double max_charge_kWh = this->max_SOC * this->energy_capacity_kWh;
828
829
        if (max_charge_kWh > this->dynamic_energy_capacity_kWh) {
            max_charge_kWh = this->dynamic_energy_capacity_kWh;
830
       }
831
832
833
       // 2. compute acceptable power
              (accounting for the power currently being charged/discharged by the asset)
834
835
       double acceptable_kW =
836
            (max_charge_kWh - this->charge_kWh) /
837
            (this->charging_efficiency * dt_hrs);
```

```
838
839
         acceptable_kW -= this->power_kW;
840
         if (acceptable_kW <= 0) {
841
842
              return 0;
843
845
         // 3. apply power constraint
         if (acceptable_kW > this->power_capacity_kW) {
   acceptable_kW = this->power_capacity_kW;
846
847
848
849
850
         return acceptable_kW;
851 }
        /* getAcceptablekW( */
```

## 4.11.3.14 getAvailablekW()

```
double LiIon::getAvailablekW ( \label{eq:double_dt_hrs} \mbox{double } dt\_hrs \mbox{)} \mbox{ [virtual]}
```

Method to get the discharge power currently available from the asset.

#### **Parameters**

dt_hrs The interval of time [hrs] associated with the t	timestep.
---	-----------

#### Returns

The discharging power [kW] currently available from the asset.

#### Reimplemented from Storage.

```
785
         // 1. get min charge
         \label{eq:continuous} \mbox{double min\_charge\_kWh} = \mbox{this->energy\_capacity\_kWh;}
786
787
         // 2. compute available power
788
                (accounting for the power currently being charged/discharged by the asset)
789
790
         double available_kW =
791
              ((this->charge\_kWh - min\_charge\_kWh) \ * this->discharging\_efficiency) \ /
792
              dt_hrs;
793
794
         available_kW -= this->power_kW;
795
796
         if (available_kW <= 0) {</pre>
797
             return 0;
798
799
800
         // 3. apply power constraint
         if (available_kW > this->power_capacity_kW) {
    available_kW = this->power_capacity_kW;
801
802
803
804
805
         return available_kW;
806 }
         /* getAvailablekW() */
```

# 4.11.3.15 handleReplacement()

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

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#### **Parameters**

timestep The current time step of the Model run.

#### Reimplemented from Storage.

```
753
754
         // 1. reset attributes
         this->dynamic_energy_capacity_kWh = this->energy_capacity_kWh;
this->SOH = 1;
755
756
757
         // 2. invoke base class method
758
         Storage::handleReplacement(timestep);
759
760
         // 3. correct attributes
        this->charge_kWh = this->init_SOC * this->energy_capacity_kWh;
this->is_depleted = false;
761
762
763
764 return;
765 } /* _handleReplacement() */
```

### 4.11.4 Member Data Documentation

### 4.11.4.1 charging\_efficiency

```
double LiIon::charging_efficiency
```

The charging efficiency of the asset.

## 4.11.4.2 degradation\_a\_cal

```
double LiIon::degradation_a_cal
```

A pre-exponential factor [J/mol] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

### 4.11.4.3 degradation\_alpha

```
double LiIon::degradation_alpha
```

A dimensionless acceleration coefficient used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

# 4.11.4.4 degradation\_B\_hat\_cal\_0

```
double LiIon::degradation_B_hat_cal_0
```

A reference (or base) pre-exponential factor [1/sqrt(hrs)] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

## 4.11.4.5 degradation\_beta

```
double LiIon::degradation_beta
```

A dimensionless acceleration exponent used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

#### 4.11.4.6 degradation\_Ea\_cal\_0

```
double LiIon::degradation_Ea_cal_0
```

A reference (or base) activation energy [J/mol] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

# 4.11.4.7 degradation\_r\_cal

```
double LiIon::degradation_r_cal
```

A dimensionless constant used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

# 4.11.4.8 degradation\_s\_cal

```
double LiIon::degradation_s_cal
```

A dimensionless constant used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

### 4.11.4.9 discharging efficiency

```
double LiIon::discharging_efficiency
```

The discharging efficiency of the asset.

# 4.11.4.10 dynamic\_energy\_capacity\_kWh

```
double LiIon::dynamic_energy_capacity_kWh
```

The dynamic (i.e. degrading) energy capacity [kWh] of the asset.

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### 4.11.4.11 gas\_constant\_JmolK

double LiIon::gas\_constant\_JmolK

The universal gas constant [J/mol.K].

### 4.11.4.12 hysteresis\_SOC

double LiIon::hysteresis\_SOC

The state of charge the asset must achieve to toggle is\_depleted.

# 4.11.4.13 init\_SOC

double LiIon::init\_SOC

The initial state of charge of the asset.

# 4.11.4.14 max\_SOC

double LiIon::max\_SOC

The maximum state of charge of the asset.

### 4.11.4.15 min SOC

double LiIon::min\_SOC

The minimum state of charge of the asset. Will toggle is\_depleted when reached.

# 4.11.4.16 replace\_SOH

double LiIon::replace\_SOH

The state of health at which the asset is considered "dead" and must be replaced.

### 4.11.4.17 SOH

double LiIon::SOH

The state of health of the asset.

### 4.11.4.18 SOH\_vec

```
std::vector<double> LiIon::SOH_vec
```

A vector of the state of health of the asset at each point in the modelling time series.

### 4.11.4.19 temperature\_K

```
double LiIon::temperature_K
```

The absolute environmental temperature [K] of the lithium ion battery energy storage system.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

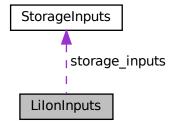
- header/Storage/Lilon.h
- source/Storage/Lilon.cpp

# 4.12 LilonInputs Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Lilon constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates StorageInputs.

```
#include <LiIon.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for LilonInputs:



#### **Public Attributes**

• StorageInputs storage\_inputs

An encapsulated StorageInputs instance.

double capital cost = -1

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

double operation maintenance cost kWh = -1

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy charged/discharged. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

• double init\_SOC = 0.5

The initial state of charge of the asset.

• double min SOC = 0.15

The minimum state of charge of the asset. Will toggle is\_depleted when reached.

• double hysteresis SOC = 0.5

The state of charge the asset must achieve to toggle is\_depleted.

• double max SOC = 0.9

The maximum state of charge of the asset.

• double charging efficiency = 0.9

The charging efficiency of the asset.

• double discharging\_efficiency = 0.9

The discharging efficiency of the asset.

• double replace SOH = 0.8

The state of health at which the asset is considered "dead" and must be replaced.

double degradation\_alpha = 8.935

A dimensionless acceleration coefficient used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

• double degradation beta = 1

A dimensionless acceleration exponent used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

double degradation\_B\_hat\_cal\_0 = 5.22226e6

A reference (or base) pre-exponential factor [1/sqrt(hrs)] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

double degradation r cal = 0.4361

A dimensionless constant used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

• double degradation\_Ea\_cal\_0 = 5.279e4

A reference (or base) activation energy [J/mol] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

double degradation\_a\_cal = 100

A pre-exponential factor [J/mol] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

• double degradation\_s\_cal = 2

A dimensionless constant used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

• double gas\_constant\_JmolK = 8.31446

The universal gas constant [J/mol.K].

• double temperature\_K = 273 + 20

The absolute environmental temperature [K] of the lithium ion battery energy storage system.

# 4.12.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Lilon constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates StorageInputs.

Ref: Truelove [2023]

### 4.12.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.12.2.1 capital cost

```
double LiIonInputs::capital_cost = -1
```

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

### 4.12.2.2 charging\_efficiency

```
double LiIonInputs::charging_efficiency = 0.9
```

The charging efficiency of the asset.

## 4.12.2.3 degradation\_a\_cal

```
double LiIonInputs::degradation_a_cal = 100
```

A pre-exponential factor [J/mol] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

# 4.12.2.4 degradation\_alpha

```
double LiIonInputs::degradation_alpha = 8.935
```

A dimensionless acceleration coefficient used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

# 4.12.2.5 degradation\_B\_hat\_cal\_0

```
double LiIonInputs::degradation_B_hat_cal_0 = 5.22226e6
```

A reference (or base) pre-exponential factor [1/sqrt(hrs)] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

#### 4.12.2.6 degradation\_beta

```
double LiIonInputs::degradation_beta = 1
```

A dimensionless acceleration exponent used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

#### 4.12.2.7 degradation\_Ea\_cal\_0

```
double LiIonInputs::degradation_Ea_cal_0 = 5.279e4
```

A reference (or base) activation energy [J/mol] used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

# 4.12.2.8 degradation\_r\_cal

```
double LiIonInputs::degradation_r_cal = 0.4361
```

A dimensionless constant used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

# 4.12.2.9 degradation\_s\_cal

```
double LiIonInputs::degradation_s_cal = 2
```

A dimensionless constant used in modelling energy capacity degradation.

### 4.12.2.10 discharging efficiency

```
double LiIonInputs::discharging_efficiency = 0.9
```

The discharging efficiency of the asset.

# 4.12.2.11 gas\_constant\_JmolK

```
double LiIonInputs::gas_constant_JmolK = 8.31446
```

The universal gas constant [J/mol.K].

## 4.12.2.12 hysteresis\_SOC

```
double LiIonInputs::hysteresis_SOC = 0.5
```

The state of charge the asset must achieve to toggle is\_depleted.

# 4.12.2.13 init\_SOC

```
double LiIonInputs::init_SOC = 0.5
```

The initial state of charge of the asset.

#### 4.12.2.14 max SOC

```
double LiIonInputs::max_SOC = 0.9
```

The maximum state of charge of the asset.

# 4.12.2.15 min\_SOC

```
double LiIonInputs::min_SOC = 0.15
```

The minimum state of charge of the asset. Will toggle is\_depleted when reached.

# 4.12.2.16 operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

```
double LiIonInputs::operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = -1
```

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy charged/discharged. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

# 4.12.2.17 replace\_SOH

```
double LiIonInputs::replace_SOH = 0.8
```

The state of health at which the asset is considered "dead" and must be replaced.

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#### 4.12.2.18 storage\_inputs

StorageInputs LiIonInputs::storage\_inputs

An encapsulated StorageInputs instance.

#### 4.12.2.19 temperature\_K

```
double LiIonInputs::temperature_K = 273 + 20
```

The absolute environmental temperature [K] of the lithium ion battery energy storage system.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

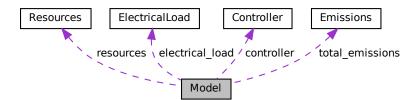
· header/Storage/Lilon.h

# 4.13 Model Class Reference

A container class which forms the centre of PGMcpp. The Model class is intended to serve as the primary user interface with the functionality of PGMcpp, and as such it contains all other classes.

```
#include <Model.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for Model:



#### **Public Member Functions**

· Model (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the Model class.

Model (ModelInputs)

Constructor (intended) for the Model class.

void addDiesel (DieselInputs)

Method to add a Diesel asset to the Model.

void addResource (RenewableType, std::string, int)

A method to add a renewable resource time series to the Model.

void addSolar (SolarInputs)

Method to add a Solar asset to the Model.

void addTidal (TidalInputs)

Method to add a Tidal asset to the Model.

void addWave (WaveInputs)

Method to add a Wave asset to the Model.

void addWind (WindInputs)

Method to add a Wind asset to the Model.

· void addLilon (LilonInputs)

Method to add a Lilon asset to the Model.

void run (void)

A method to run the Model.

· void reset (void)

Method which resets the model for use in assessing a new candidate microgrid design. This method only clears the asset pointer vectors and resets select Model attribues. It leaves the Controller, ElectricalLoad, and Resources objects of the Model alone.

void clear (void)

Method to clear all attributes of the Model object.

void writeResults (std::string, int=-1)

Method which writes Model results to an output directory. Also calls out to writeResults() for each contained asset.

∼Model (void)

Destructor for the Model class.

# **Public Attributes**

• double total\_fuel\_consumed\_L

The total fuel consumed [L] over a model run.

Emissions total\_emissions

An Emissions structure for holding total emissions [kg].

double net\_present\_cost

The net present cost of the Model (undefined currency).

• double total\_dispatch\_discharge\_kWh

The total energy dispatched/discharged [kWh] over the Model run.

double levellized\_cost\_of\_energy\_kWh

The levellized cost of energy, per unit energy dispatched/discharged, of the Model [1/kWh] (undefined currency).

· Controller controller

Controller component of Model.

· ElectricalLoad electrical\_load

ElectricalLoad component of Model.

· Resources resources

Resources component of Model.

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```
    std::vector < Combustion * > combustion_ptr_vec
```

A vector of pointers to the various Combustion assets in the Model.

std::vector< Renewable \* > renewable\_ptr\_vec

A vector of pointers to the various Renewable assets in the Model.

std::vector< Storage \* > storage\_ptr\_vec

A vector of pointers to the various Storage assets in the Model.

#### **Private Member Functions**

void \_\_checkInputs (ModeIInputs)

Helper method (private) to check inputs to the Model constructor.

void \_\_computeFuelAndEmissions (void)

Helper method to compute the total fuel consumption and emissions over the Model run.

void \_\_computeNetPresentCost (void)

Helper method to compute the overall net present cost, for the Model run, from the asset-wise net present costs.

void computeLevellizedCostOfEnergy (void)

Helper method to compute the overall levellized cost of energy, for the Model run, from the asset-wise levellized costs of energy.

void computeEconomics (void)

Helper method to compute key economic metrics for the Model run.

void writeSummary (std::string)

Helper method to write summary results for Model.

void <u>writeTimeSeries</u> (std::string, int=-1)

Helper method to write time series results for Model.

### 4.13.1 Detailed Description

A container class which forms the centre of PGMcpp. The Model class is intended to serve as the primary user interface with the functionality of PGMcpp, and as such it contains all other classes.

#### 4.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 4.13.2.1 Model() [1/2]

```
Model::Model (
     void )
```

Constructor (dummy) for the Model class.

# 4.13.2.2 Model() [2/2]

Constructor (intended) for the Model class.

#### **Parameters**

model inputs A structure of Model constructor inputs.

```
526 {
527
        // 1. check inputs
528
        this->__checkInputs (model_inputs);
529
530
        // 2. read in electrical load data
531
        this->electrical_load.readLoadData(model_inputs.path_2_electrical_load_time_series);
532
533
        // 3. set control mode
534
        this->controller.setControlMode(model_inputs.control_mode);
535
536
        // 4. set public attributes
537
        this->total_fuel_consumed_L = 0;
        this->net_present_cost = 0;
this->total_dispatch_discharge_kWh = 0;
538
539
540
        this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh = 0;
541
       return;
/* Model() */
542
543 }
```

#### 4.13.2.3 ∼Model()

```
Model::\simModel ( void )
```

Destructor for the Model class.

#### 4.13.3 Member Function Documentation

# 4.13.3.1 \_\_checkInputs()

Helper method (private) to check inputs to the Model constructor.

#### **Parameters**

model\_inputs | A structure of Model constructor inputs.

### 4.13.3.2 \_\_computeEconomics()

Helper method to compute key economic metrics for the Model run.

```
216 {
217     this->__computeNetPresentCost();
218     this->__computeLevellizedCostOfEnergy();
219
220     return;
221 }    /* __computeEconomics() */
```

#### 4.13.3.3 \_\_computeFuelAndEmissions()

Helper method to compute the total fuel consumption and emissions over the Model run.

```
70 {
71
72
       for (size_t i = 0; i < this->combustion_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
           this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->computeFuelAndEmissions();
73
           this->total_fuel_consumed_L +=
75
              this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->total_fuel_consumed_L;
76
77
          this->total_emissions.CO2_kg +=
78
               this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->total_emissions.CO2_kg;
79
80
          this->total_emissions.CO_kg +=
               this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->total_emissions.CO_kg;
83
           this->total_emissions.NOx_kg +=
               this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->total_emissions.NOx_kg;
84
85
          this->total_emissions.SOx_kg +=
86
               this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->total_emissions.SOx_kg;
88
89
           this->total_emissions.CH4_kg +=
90
               this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->total_emissions.CH4_kg;
91
           this->total_emissions.PM_kg +=
92
               this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->total_emissions.PM_kg;
94
95
96
       return;
      /* __computeFuelAndEmissions() */
97 }
```

#### 4.13.3.4 \_\_computeLevellizedCostOfEnergy()

Helper method to compute the overall levellized cost of energy, for the Model run, from the asset-wise levellized costs of energy.

```
170 f
171
         // 1. account for Combustion economics in levellized cost of energy
         for (size_t i = 0; i < this->combustion_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
172
173
             this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh +=
174
                      this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh *
175
                 this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->total_dispatch_kWh
) / this->total_dispatch_discharge_kWh;
176
177
178
        }
179
         // 2. account for Renewable economics in levellized cost of energy
180
181
         for (size_t i = 0; i < this->renewable_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
182
            this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh +=
183
                 (
184
                     this->renewable_ptr_vec[i]->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh *
                      this->renewable_ptr_vec[i]->total_dispatch_kWh
185
186
                 ) / this->total_dispatch_discharge_kWh;
187
        }
188
         // 3. account for Storage economics in levellized cost of energy
189
190
        for (size_t i = 0; i < this->storage_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
191
             this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh +=
192
193
                      this->storage_ptr_vec[i]->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh *
194
                 this->storage_ptr_vec[i]->total_discharge_kWh
) / this->total_dispatch_discharge_kWh;
195
196
197
198
199
200
         return:
        /* __computeLevellizedCostOfEnergy() */
201 }
```

#### 4.13.3.5 \_\_computeNetPresentCost()

Helper method to compute the overall net present cost, for the Model run, from the asset-wise net present costs.

```
113 {
114
           1. account for Combustion economics in net present cost
115
              increment total dispatch
        for (size_t i = 0; i < this->combustion_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
116
117
           this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->computeEconomics(
118
                &(this->electrical_load.time_vec_hrs)
119
120
121
            this->net_present_cost += this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->net_present_cost;
122
123
            this->total_dispatch_discharge_kWh +=
124
                this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->total_dispatch_kWh;
125
        }
126
127
        // 2. account for Renewable economics in net present cost,
128
               increment total dispatch
129
        for (size_t i = 0; i < this->renewable_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
130
            this->renewable_ptr_vec[i]->computeEconomics(
131
                &(this->electrical_load.time_vec_hrs)
132
133
            this->net_present_cost += this->renewable_ptr_vec[i]->net_present_cost;
134
135
136
            this->total_dispatch_discharge_kWh +=
137
                this->renewable_ptr_vec[i]->total_dispatch_kWh;
138
       }
139
        // 3. account for Storage economics in net present cost
```

```
141
              increment total dispatch
142
        for (size_t i = 0; i < this->storage_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
143
            this->storage_ptr_vec[i]->computeEconomics(
144
                &(this->electrical_load.time_vec_hrs)
145
146
147
           this->net_present_cost += this->storage_ptr_vec[i]->net_present_cost;
148
149
           this->total_dispatch_discharge_kWh +=
150
                this->storage_ptr_vec[i]->total_discharge_kWh;
       }
151
152
153
       return;
       /* __computeNetPresentCost() */
```

### 4.13.3.6 \_\_writeSummary()

Helper method to write summary results for Model.

#### **Parameters**

write\_path A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.

```
239 {
          // 1. create subdirectory
write_path += "Model/";
240
241
242
          std::filesystem::create_directory(write_path);
243
          // 2. create filestream
write_path += "summary_results.md";
244
245
          std::ofstream ofs;
246
247
          ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
248
249
          // 3. write summary results (markdown)
          ofs « "# Model Summary Results\n"; ofs « "\n----\n\n";
250
251
2.52
253
          // 3.1. ElectricalLoad
          ofs « "## Electrical Load\n";
254
255
          ofs « "\n";
256
          ofs « "Path: " «
          this->electrical_load.path_2_electrical_load_time_series « " \n"; ofs « "Data Points: " « this->electrical_load.n_points « " \n"; ofs « "Years: " « this->electrical_load.n_years « " \n"; ofs « "Min: " « this->electrical_load.min_load_kW « " kW \n";
2.57
2.58
259
260
          ofs « "Man: " « this->electrical_load.man_load_kW « " kW \n";
ofs « "Mean: " « this->electrical_load.mean_load_kW « " kW \n
ofs « "Max: " « this->electrical_load.max_load_kW « " kW \n";
261
262
263
          ofs « "n----nn";
264
265
          // 3.2. Controller
          ofs « "## Controller\n";
266
          ofs « "\n";
267
268
          ofs « "Control Mode: " « this->controller.control_string « " \n";
269
          ofs « "n----nn";
270
271
          // 3.3. Resources (1D)
          ofs « "## 1D Renewable Resources\n";
272
273
          ofs « "\n";
274
275
          std::map<int, std::string>::iterator string_map_1D_iter =
276
               this->resources.string_map_1D.begin();
          std::map<int, std::string>::iterator path_map_1D_iter =
277
278
               this->resources.path_map_1D.begin();
280
281
               string_map_1D_iter != this->resources.string_map_1D.end() and
282
               path_map_1D_iter != this->resources.path_map_1D.end()
283
284
               ofs « "Resource Key: " « string_map_1D_iter->first « " \n";
               ofs « "Type: " « string_map_1D_iter->second « "
285
```

```
286
             ofs « "Path: " « path_map_1D_iter->second « " \n";
287
             ofs « "\n";
288
289
             string_map_1D_iter++;
290
             path_map_1D_iter++;
291
292
293
         ofs « "n----nn";
294
         // 3.4. Resources (2D)
ofs « "## 2D Renewable Resources\n";
295
296
         ofs « "\n";
297
298
299
         std::map<int, std::string>::iterator string_map_2D_iter =
300
             this->resources.string_map_2D.begin();
301
         std::map<int, std::string>::iterator path_map_2D_iter =
302
             this->resources.path_map_2D.begin();
303
304
305
             string_map_2D_iter != this->resources.string_map_2D.end() and
306
             path_map_2D_iter != this->resources.path_map_2D.end()
307
             ofs « "Resource Key: " « string_map_2D_iter->first « " n";
308
             ofs « "Type: " « string_map_2D_iter->second « " \n' ofs « "Path: " « path_map_2D_iter->second « " \n";
309
310
             ofs « "\n";
311
312
313
             string_map_2D_iter++;
314
             path_map_2D_iter++;
315
316
317
         ofs « "\n----\n\n";
318
319
         // 3.5. Combustion
         ofs « "## Combustion Assets\n";
ofs « "\n";
320
321
322
323
         for (size_t i = 0; i < this->combustion_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
324
             ofs « "Asset Index: " « i « " \n";
             ofs « "Type: " « this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->type_str « " \n"; ofs « "Capacity: " « this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->capacity_kW « " kW \n";
325
326
             ofs « "\n";
327
         1
328
329
330
         ofs « "n----nn";
331
         // 3.6. Renewable
ofs « "## Renewable Assets\n";
ofs « "\n";
332
333
334
335
336
         for (size_t i = 0; i < this->renewable_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
             ofs «"Asset Index: " « i « " \n";
ofs « "Type: " « this->renewable_ptr_vec[i]->type_str « " \n";
337
338
             ofs « "Capacity: " « this->renewable_ptr_vec[i]->capacity_kW « " kW \n";
339
             ofs « "\n";
340
341
         }
342
343
         ofs « "n----nn";
344
         // 3.7. Storage
ofs « "## Storage Assets\n";
345
346
         ofs « "\n";
347
348
349
         for (size_t i = 0; i < this->storage_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
350
351
352
         ofs « "\n----\n\n";
353
354
355
         // 3.8. Model Results
         ofs « "## Results\n";
ofs « "\n";
356
357
358
         ofs « "Net Present Cost: " « this->net_present_cost « " \n";
359
         ofs « "\n";
360
361
362
         ofs « "Total Dispatch + Discharge: " « this->total_dispatch_discharge_kWh
363
364
         ofs « "Levellized Cost of Energy: " « this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh
365
             « " per kWh dispatched/discharged \n";
366
         ofs « "\n";
367
368
369
         ofs « "Total Fuel Consumed: " « this->total_fuel_consumed_L « " L "
370
             \mbox{\tt w} "(Annual Average: " \mbox{\tt w}
                  this->total_fuel_consumed_L / this->electrical_load.n_years
371
             « " L/yr) \n";
372
```

```
373
        ofs « "\n";
374
        ofs \ll "Total Carbon Dioxide (CO2) Emissions: " \ll
375
             this->total_emissions.CO2_kg « " kg "
« "(Annual Average: " «
376
377
378
                 this->total_emissions.CO2_kg / this->electrical_load.n_years
379
             « " kg/yr) \n";
380
381
        ofs \mbox{\tt w} "Total Carbon Monoxide (CO) Emissions: " \mbox{\tt w}
             this->total_emissions.CO_kg « " kg "
« "(Annual Average: " «
382
383
384
                 this->total_emissions.CO_kg / this->electrical_load.n_years
             « " kg/yr) \n";
385
386
387
        ofs \mbox{\tt w} "Total Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) Emissions: " \mbox{\tt w}
             this->total_emissions.NOx_kg « " kg "
« "(Annual Average: " «
388
389
                 this->total_emissions.NOx_kg / this->electrical_load.n_years
390
             « " kg/yr) \n";
391
392
393
        ofs « "Total Sulfur Oxides (SOx) Emissions: " «
             this->total_emissions.SOx_kg « " kg ' « " (Annual Average: " «
394
395
                 this->total_emissions.SOx_kg / this->electrical_load.n_years
396
397
             « " kg/yr) \n";
398
399
        ofs \ll "Total Methane (CH4) Emissions: " \ll this->total_emissions.CH4_kg \ll " kg "
400
            « "(Annual Average: " «
401
                 this->total_emissions.CH4_kg / this->electrical_load.n_years
             « " kg/yr) \n";
402
403
404
        ofs « "Total Particulate Matter (PM) Emissions: " «
            this->total_emissions.PM_kg « " kg " « "(Annual Average: " «
405
406
             407
408
409
410
        ofs « "n----nn";
411
412
        ofs.close();
413
        /* __writeSummary() */
414 }
```

## 4.13.3.7 writeTimeSeries()

Helper method to write time series results for Model.

#### **Parameters**

<u> </u>	A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.
max_lines	The maximum number of lines of output to write.

```
434 {
      // 1. create filestream
435
      write_path += "Model/time_series_results.csv";
436
437
      std::ofstream ofs;
438
      ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
439
440
        2. write time series results header (comma separated value)
      ofs « "Electrical Load [kW],";
441
442
443
      ofs « "Net Load [kW],";
444
      ofs « "Missed Load [kW],";
445
      446
447
448
449
      }
```

```
450
451
        for (size_t i = 0; i < this->storage_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
452
        }
453
454
        455
456
457
458
459
        ofs « "\n";
460
461
462
        // 3. write time series results values (comma separated value)
463
        for (int i = 0; i < max_lines; i++) {</pre>
464
             // 3.1. load values
            ofs « this->electrical_load.time_vec_hrs[i] « ","; ofs « this->electrical_load.load_vec_kW[i] « ","; ofs « this->controller.net_load_vec_kW[i] « ",";
465
466
467
             ofs « this->controller.missed_load_vec_kW[i] « ",";
468
469
470
             // 3.2. asset-wise dispatch/discharge
             for (size_t j = 0; j < this->renewable_ptr_vec.size(); j++) {
    ofs « this->renewable_ptr_vec[j]->dispatch_vec_kW[i] « ",";
471
472
473
474
475
             for (size_t j = 0; j < this->storage_ptr_vec.size(); j++) {
476
477
478
479
             for (size_t j = 0; j < this->combustion_ptr_vec.size(); j++) {
                 ofs « this->combustion_ptr_vec[j]->dispatch_vec_kW[i] « ",";
480
481
482
483
             ofs « "\n";
484
        }
485
486
        ofs.close();
        return;
488 }
       /* __writeTimeSeries() */
```

#### 4.13.3.8 addDiesel()

Method to add a Diesel asset to the Model.

## **Parameters**

diesel inputs | A structure of Diesel constructor inputs.

```
560 {
561
        Combustion* diesel_ptr = new Diesel(
562
           this->electrical_load.n_points,
563
            this->electrical_load.n_years,
564
            diesel_inputs
565
566
567
        this->combustion_ptr_vec.push_back(diesel_ptr);
568
569
        return;
570 }
       /* addDiesel() */
```

#### 4.13.3.9 addLilon()

Method to add a Lilon asset to the Model.

4.13 Model Class Reference 111

#### **Parameters**

liion\_inputs A structure of Lilon constructor inputs.

```
733 {
734
         Storage* liion_ptr = new LiIon(
    this->electrical_load.n_points,
735
736
              this->electrical_load.n_years,
737
              liion_inputs
738
        );
739
740
         this->storage_ptr_vec.push_back(liion_ptr);
741
742
         return;
        /* addLiIon() */
743 }
```

### 4.13.3.10 addResource()

A method to add a renewable resource time series to the Model.

#### **Parameters**

renewable_type	The type of renewable resource being added to the Model.
path_2_resource_data	A string defining the path (either relative or absolute) to the given resource time
	series.
resource_key	A key used to index into the Resources object, used to associate Renewable assets
	with the corresponding resource.

## 4.13.3.11 addSolar()

Method to add a Solar asset to the Model.

#### **Parameters**

```
solar_inputs A structure of Solar constructor inputs.
```

```
625 {
626 Renewable* solar_ptr = new Solar(
```

# 4.13.3.12 addTidal()

Method to add a Tidal asset to the Model.

#### **Parameters**

tidal\_inputs A structure of Tidal constructor inputs.

# 4.13.3.13 addWave()

Method to add a Wave asset to the Model.

#### **Parameters**

wave\_inputs | A structure of Wave constructor inputs.

```
679 {
680
       Renewable* wave_ptr = new Wave(
           this->electrical_load.n_points,
681
682
            this->electrical_load.n_years,
683
            wave_inputs
684
685
686
       this->renewable_ptr_vec.push_back(wave_ptr);
687
688
       return;
689 }
       /* addWave() */
```

113

### 4.13.3.14 addWind()

Method to add a Wind asset to the Model.

**Parameters** 

wind\_inputs | A structure of Wind constructor inputs.

```
706 {
707
       Renewable* wind_ptr = new Wind(
708
           this->electrical_load.n_points,
709
            this->electrical_load.n_years,
710
            wind_inputs
711
       );
712
713
       this->renewable_ptr_vec.push_back(wind_ptr);
714
715
716 }
       /* addWind() */
```

### 4.13.3.15 clear()

Method to clear all attributes of the Model object.

```
849 {
        // 1. reset
850
       this->reset();
852
853
       // 2. clear components
854
       controller.clear();
855
       electrical load.clear();
856
       resources.clear();
857
       return;
859 } /* clear() */
```

# 4.13.3.16 reset()

```
void Model::reset (
     void )
```

Method which resets the model for use in assessing a new candidate microgrid design. This method only clears the asset pointer vectors and resets select Model attribues. It leaves the Controller, ElectricalLoad, and Resources objects of the Model alone.

```
801
        // 1. clear combustion_ptr_vec
        for (size_t i = 0; i < this->combustion_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
802
           delete this->combustion_ptr_vec[i];
803
804
805
       this->combustion_ptr_vec.clear();
806
807
        // 2. clear renewable_ptr_vec
808
        for (size_t i = 0; i < this->renewable_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
809
            delete this->renewable_ptr_vec[i];
810
811
       this->renewable_ptr_vec.clear();
```

```
813
         // 3. clear storage_ptr_vec
814
         for (size_t i = 0; i < this->storage_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
815
              delete this->storage_ptr_vec[i];
816
817
         this->storage_ptr_vec.clear();
818
819
          // 4. reset attributes
820
         this->total_fuel_consumed_L = 0;
821
822
         this->total_emissions.CO2_kg = 0;
         this->total_emissions.CO_kg = 0;
823
         this->total_emissions.Nox_kg = 0;
this->total_emissions.Sox_kg = 0;
this->total_emissions.CH4_kg = 0;
824
825
826
827
         this->total_emissions.PM_kg = 0;
828
829
         this->net_present_cost = 0;
         this->total_dispatch_discharge_kWh = 0;
this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh = 0;
830
831
832
833
         return;
834 }
        /* reset() */
```

#### 4.13.3.17 run()

#### A method to run the Model.

```
758 {
759
          // 1. init Controller
760
         this->controller.init(
761
              &(this->electrical_load),
762
              &(this->renewable_ptr_vec),
763
              & (this->resources),
              &(this->combustion_ptr_vec)
764
765
766
         // 2. apply dispatch control
this->controller.applyDispatchControl(
    &(this->electrical_load),
767
768
769
              & (this->combustion_ptr_vec), & (this->renewable_ptr_vec),
770
771
772
               &(this->storage_ptr_vec)
773
774
         );
775
         \ensuremath{//} 3. compute total fuel consumption and emissions
776
         this->__computeFuelAndEmissions();
777
778
          // 4. compute key economic metrics
779
         this->__computeEconomics();
780
781
         return;
782 }
         /* run() */
```

#### 4.13.3.18 writeResults()

Method which writes Model results to an output directory. Also calls out to writeResults() for each contained asset.

#### **Parameters**

write_path	A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.	
max_lines	The maximum number of lines of output to write. If $<$ 0, then all available lines are written. If $=$ 0, then only summary results are written.	

```
887 {
888
         // 1. handle sentinel
889
        if (max_lines < 0) {</pre>
890
             max_lines = this->electrical_load.n_points;
891
892
        // 2. check for pre-existing, warn (and remove), then create if (write_path.back() != '/') { write_path += '/';
893
894
895
896
897
        if (std::filesystem::is_directory(write_path)) {
   std::string warning_str = "WARNING: Model::writeResults(): ";
898
899
900
             warning_str += write_path;
901
             warning_str += " already exists, contents will be overwritten!";
902
903
             std::cout « warning_str « std::endl;
904
905
             std::filesvstem::remove all(write path);
906
907
908
        std::filesystem::create_directory(write_path);
919
        // 3. write summary
910
911
        this->__writeSummary(write_path);
912
913
             4. write time series
914
        if (max_lines > this->electrical_load.n_points) {
915
             max_lines = this->electrical_load.n_points;
916
917
918
        if (max_lines > 0) {
             this->__writeTimeSeries(write_path, max_lines);
919
920
921
        // 5. call out to Combustion :: writeResults() \,
922
        for (size_t i = 0; i < this->combustion_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
    this->combustion_ptr_vec[i]->writeResults(
923
924
925
                 write_path,
926
                 &(this->electrical_load.time_vec_hrs),
927
928
                 max_lines
             );
929
930
        }
931
932
         // 6. call out to Renewable :: writeResults()
933
        for (size_t i = 0; i < this->renewable_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
934
             \verb|this-> renewable_ptr_vec[i]-> writeResults(|
935
                 write_path,
936
                 &(this->electrical load.time vec hrs),
937
                 &(this->resources.resource_map_1D),
938
                 &(this->resources.resource_map_2D),
939
940
                 max_lines
941
             );
942
        }
943
944
         // 7. call out to Storage :: writeResults()
945
        for (size_t i = 0; i < this->storage_ptr_vec.size(); i++) {
946
             this->storage_ptr_vec[i]->writeResults(
947
                 write_path,
948
                 & (this->electrical_load.time_vec_hrs),
949
                 i,
950
                 max lines
951
952
        }
953
954
        return:
        /* writeResults() */
955 }
```

### 4.13.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.13.4.1 combustion\_ptr\_vec

```
std::vector<Combustion*> Model::combustion_ptr_vec
```

A vector of pointers to the various Combustion assets in the Model.

#### 4.13.4.2 controller

Controller Model::controller

Controller component of Model.

# 4.13.4.3 electrical\_load

ElectricalLoad Model::electrical\_load

ElectricalLoad component of Model.

# 4.13.4.4 levellized\_cost\_of\_energy\_kWh

```
double Model::levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh
```

The levellized cost of energy, per unit energy dispatched/discharged, of the Model [1/kWh] (undefined currency).

### 4.13.4.5 net present cost

```
double Model::net_present_cost
```

The net present cost of the Model (undefined currency).

# 4.13.4.6 renewable\_ptr\_vec

std::vector<Renewable\*> Model::renewable\_ptr\_vec

A vector of pointers to the various Renewable assets in the Model.

### 4.13.4.7 resources

Resources Model::resources

Resources component of Model.

### 4.13.4.8 storage\_ptr\_vec

```
std::vector<Storage*> Model::storage_ptr_vec
```

A vector of pointers to the various Storage assets in the Model.

### 4.13.4.9 total\_dispatch\_discharge\_kWh

```
double Model::total_dispatch_discharge_kWh
```

The total energy dispatched/discharged [kWh] over the Model run.

# 4.13.4.10 total\_emissions

Emissions Model::total\_emissions

An Emissions structure for holding total emissions [kg].

# 4.13.4.11 total\_fuel\_consumed\_L

```
double Model::total_fuel_consumed_L
```

The total fuel consumed [L] over a model run.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- header/Model.h
- · source/Model.cpp

# 4.14 ModelInputs Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Model constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input (except path\_2\_electrical\_load\_time\_series, for which a valid input must be provided).

```
#include <Model.h>
```

### **Public Attributes**

• std::string path\_2\_electrical\_load\_time\_series = ""

A string defining the path (either relative or absolute) to the given electrical load time series.

• ControlMode control\_mode = ControlMode :: LOAD\_FOLLOWING

The control mode to be applied by the Controller object.

# 4.14.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Model constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input (except path\_2\_electrical\_load\_time\_series, for which a valid input must be provided).

# 4.14.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.14.2.1 control\_mode

```
ControlMode ModelInputs::control_mode = ControlMode :: LOAD_FOLLOWING
```

The control mode to be applied by the Controller object.

### 4.14.2.2 path\_2\_electrical\_load\_time\_series

```
std::string ModelInputs::path_2_electrical_load_time_series = ""
```

A string defining the path (either relative or absolute) to the given electrical load time series.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

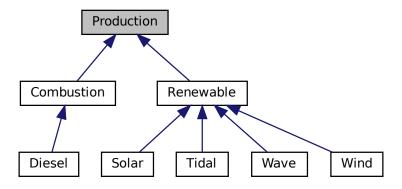
• header/Model.h

# 4.15 Production Class Reference

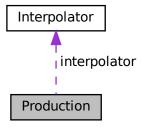
The base class of the Production hierarchy. This hierarchy contains derived classes which model the production of energy, be it renewable or otherwise.

#include <Production.h>

Inheritance diagram for Production:



Collaboration diagram for Production:



# **Public Member Functions**

• Production (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the Production class.

• Production (int, double, ProductionInputs)

Constructor (intended) for the Production class.

• virtual void handleReplacement (int)

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

double computeRealDiscountAnnual (double, double)

Method to compute the real, annual discount rate to be used in computing model economics. This enables application of the discount factor approach.

virtual void computeEconomics (std::vector< double > \*)

Helper method to compute key economic metrics for the Model run.

virtual double commit (int, double, double, double)

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

virtual ∼Production (void)

Destructor for the Production class.

### **Public Attributes**

· Interpolator interpolator

Interpolator component of Production.

bool print flag

A flag which indicates whether or not object construct/destruction should be verbose.

bool is running

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset is running.

· bool is sunk

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset should be considered a sunk cost (i.e., capital cost incurred at the start of the model, or no).

int n\_points

The number of points in the modelling time series.

· int n starts

The number of times the asset has been started.

· int n replacements

The number of times the asset has been replaced.

double n years

The number of years being modelled.

• double running\_hours

The number of hours for which the assset has been operating.

• double replace\_running\_hrs

The number of running hours after which the asset must be replaced.

double capacity\_kW

The rated production capacity [kW] of the asset.

· double nominal\_inflation\_annual

The nominal, annual inflation rate to use in computing model economics.

double nominal\_discount\_annual

The nominal, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

· double real discount annual

The real, annual discount rate used in computing model economics. Is computed from the given nominal inflation and discount rates.

· double capital\_cost

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency).

• double operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced.

· double net present cost

The net present cost of this asset.

· double total\_dispatch\_kWh

The total energy dispatched [kWh] over the Model run.

double levellized\_cost\_of\_energy\_kWh

The levellized cost of energy [1/kWh] (undefined currency) of this asset. This metric considers only dispatch.

· std::string type\_str

A string describing the type of the asset.

std::vector< bool > is running vec

A boolean vector for tracking if the asset is running at a particular point in time.

std::vector< double > production\_vec\_kW

A vector of production [kW] at each point in the modelling time series.

std::vector< double > dispatch\_vec\_kW

A vector of dispatch [kW] at each point in the modelling time series. Dispatch is the amount of production that is sent to the grid to satisfy load.

std::vector< double > storage\_vec\_kW

A vector of storage [kW] at each point in the modelling time series. Storage is the amount of production that is sent to storage.

std::vector< double > curtailment\_vec\_kW

A vector of curtailment [kW] at each point in the modelling time series. Curtailment is the amount of production that can be neither dispatched nor stored, and is hence curtailed.

std::vector< double > capital\_cost\_vec

A vector of capital costs (undefined currency) incurred over each modelling time step. These costs are not discounted (i.e., these are actual costs).

std::vector< double > operation\_maintenance\_cost\_vec

A vector of operation and maintenance costs (undefined currency) incurred over each modelling time step. These costs are not discounted (i.e., these are actual costs).

#### **Private Member Functions**

void <u>\_\_checkInputs</u> (int, double, ProductionInputs)

Helper method to check inputs to the Production constructor.

### 4.15.1 Detailed Description

The base class of the Production hierarchy. This hierarchy contains derived classes which model the production of energy, be it renewable or otherwise.

#### 4.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.15.2.1 Production() [1/2]

Constructor (dummy) for the Production class.

#### 4.15.2.2 Production() [2/2]

Constructor (intended) for the Production class.

#### **Parameters**

n_points	The number of points in the modelling time series.
n_years	The number of years being modelled.
production_inputs	A structure of Production constructor inputs.

```
143 {
        // 1. check inputs
144
145
        this->__checkInputs(n_points, n_years, production_inputs);
146
147
            2. set attributes
        this->print_flag = production_inputs.print_flag;
this->is_running = false;
148
149
150
        this->is_sunk = production_inputs.is_sunk;
151
        this->n_points = n_points;
this->n_starts = 0;
152
153
154
        this->n_replacements = 0;
155
156
        this->n_years = n_years;
157
158
        this->running_hours = 0;
159
        this->replace_running_hrs = production_inputs.replace_running_hrs;
160
161
        this->capacity_kW = production_inputs.capacity_kW;
162
        this->nominal_inflation_annual = production_inputs.nominal_inflation_annual;
163
164
        this->nominal_discount_annual = production_inputs.nominal_discount_annual;
165
166
        this->real_discount_annual = this->computeRealDiscountAnnual(
167
            production_inputs.nominal_inflation_annual,
168
            production_inputs.nominal_discount_annual
169
170
171
        this->capital cost = 0;
172
        this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = 0;
173
        this->net_present_cost = 0;
174
        this->total_dispatch_kWh = 0;
175
        this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh = 0;
176
177
        this->is_running_vec.resize(this->n_points, 0);
178
179
        this->production_vec_kW.resize(this->n_points, 0);
180
        this->dispatch_vec_kW.resize(this->n_points, 0);
        this->storage_vec_kW.resize(this->n_points, 0);
181
182
        this->curtailment_vec_kW.resize(this->n_points, 0);
183
184
        this->capital_cost_vec.resize(this->n_points, 0);
185
        this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec.resize(this->n_points, 0);
186
187
        // 3. construction print
        if (this->print_flag) {
    std::cout « "Production object constructed at " « this « std::endl;
188
189
190
191
192
        return;
193 }
        /* Production() */
```

### 4.15.2.3 ∼Production()

```
Production::~Production (
void ) [virtual]
```

Destructor for the Production class.

#### 4.15.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.15.3.1 \_\_checkInputs()

```
void Production::__checkInputs (
    int n_points,
    double n_years,
    ProductionInputs production_inputs ) [private]
```

Helper method to check inputs to the Production constructor.

#### **Parameters**

n_points		The number of points in the modelling time series.
	production_inputs	A structure of Production constructor inputs.

```
45 {
       // 1. check n_points
46
       if (n_points <= 0) {</pre>
47
           std::string error_str = "ERROR: Production(): n_points must be > 0";
48
49
50
           #ifdef _WIN32
51
               std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
           #endif
52
53
54
           throw std::invalid argument(error str);
55
      }
57
       // 2. check n_years
58
       if (n_years <= 0) {</pre>
           std::string error_str = "ERROR: Production(): n_years must be > 0";
59
60
61
           #ifdef _WIN32
               std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
62
64
6.5
           throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
66
       }
67
68
       // 3. check capacity_kW
       if (production_inputs.capacity_kW <= 0) {
   std::string error_str = "ERROR: Production(): ";</pre>
69
70
           error_str += "ProductionInputs::capacity_kW must be > 0";
71
72
73
           #ifdef _WIN32
74
               std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
75
           #endif
76
77
           throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
78
       }
79
80
       // 4. check replace_running_hrs
       if (production_inputs.replace_running_hrs <= 0) {</pre>
            std::string error_str = "ERROR: Production(): ";
83
           error_str += "ProductionInputs::replace_running_hrs must be > 0";
84
85
           #ifdef _WIN32
               std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
86
```

#### 4.15.3.2 commit()

```
double Production::commit (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    double production_kW,
    double load_kW ) [virtual]
```

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
production_kW	The production [kW] of the asset in this timestep.
load_kW	The load [kW] passed to the asset in this timestep.

# Returns

The load [kW] remaining after the dispatch is deducted from it.

Reimplemented in Wind, Wave, Tidal, Solar, Renewable, Diesel, and Combustion.

```
352 {
353
           1. record production
        this->production_vec_kW[timestep] = production_kW;
354
355
356
        // 2. compute and record dispatch and curtailment
357
        double dispatch_kW = 0;
358
        double curtailment_kW = 0;
359
360
        if (production_kW > load_kW) {
361
            dispatch_kW = load_kW;
362
            curtailment_kW = production_kW - dispatch_kW;
363
        }
364
365
        else {
366
            dispatch_kW = production_kW;
367
368
369
        this->dispatch_vec_kW[timestep] = dispatch_kW;
        this->total_dispatch_kWh += dispatch_kW * dt_hrs;
this->curtailment_vec_kW[timestep] = curtailment_kW;
370
371
372
373
        // 3. update load
374
        load_kW -= dispatch_kW;
375
376
        // 4. update and log running attributes
377
        if (this->is_running) {
378
             // 4.1. log running state, running hours
             this->is_running_vec[timestep] = this->is_running;
380
            this->running_hours += dt_hrs;
381
382
            // 4.2. incur operation and maintenance costs \,
383
            double produced_kWh = production_kW * dt_hrs;
384
385
            double operation_maintenance_cost =
386
                 this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh * produced_kWh;
```

```
this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[timestep] = operation_maintenance_cost;

this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[timestep] = operation_maintenance_cost;

formula in this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[timestep] = operation_maintenance_cost_vec[timestep] = operation_maintenance_cost_vec[timeste
```

# 4.15.3.3 computeEconomics()

Helper method to compute key economic metrics for the Model run.

Ref: HOMER [2023b] Ref: HOMER [2023g] Ref: HOMER [2023i] Ref: HOMER [2023a]

#### **Parameters**

*time\_vec\_hrs\_ptr* A pointer to the time\_vec\_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.

1. compute levellized cost of energy (per unit dispatched)

Reimplemented in Renewable, and Combustion.

```
281 {
        // 1. compute net present cost
double t_hrs = 0;
282
283
284
        double real_discount_scalar = 0;
285
        for (int i = 0; i < this->n_points; i++) {
    t_hrs = time_vec_hrs_ptr->at(i);
286
2.87
288
289
            real_discount_scalar = 1.0 / pow(
                 1 + this->real_discount_annual,
291
                 t_hrs / 8760
292
            );
293
294
            this->net_present_cost += real_discount_scalar * this->capital_cost_vec[i];
295
296
297
                 real_discount_scalar * this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i];
298
        }
299
301
                assuming 8,760 hours per year
302
        double n_years = time_vec_hrs_ptr->at(this->n_points - 1) / 8760;
303
304
        double capital_recovery_factor =
             (this->real_discount_annual * pow(1 + this->real_discount_annual, n_years)) /
305
306
             (pow(1 + this->real_discount_annual, n_years) - 1);
307
308
        double total_annualized_cost = capital_recovery_factor *
309
            this->net_present_cost;
311
        this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh =
312
             (n_years * total_annualized_cost) /
             this->total_dispatch_kWh;
313
314
315
        return;
        /* computeEconomics() */
```

# 4.15.3.4 computeRealDiscountAnnual()

Method to compute the real, annual discount rate to be used in computing model economics. This enables application of the discount factor approach.

Ref: HOMER [2023h] Ref: HOMER [2023b]

#### **Parameters**

nominal_inflation_annual	The nominal, annual inflation rate to use in computing model economics.
nominal_discount_annual	The nominal, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

#### Returns

The real, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

```
254 {
255          double real_discount_annual = nominal_discount_annual - nominal_inflation_annual;
256          real_discount_annual /= 1 + nominal_inflation_annual;
257
258          return real_discount_annual;
259 } /* __computeRealDiscountAnnual() */
```

# 4.15.3.5 handleReplacement()

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

# Parameters

timestep The current time step of the Model run.

Reimplemented in Wind, Wave, Tidal, Solar, Renewable, Diesel, and Combustion.

```
212
        // 1. reset attributes
        this->is_running = false;
213
214
215
        // 2. log replacement
216
        this->n_replacements++;
217
218
        // 3. incur capital cost in timestep
        this->capital_cost_vec[timestep] = this->capital_cost;
219
220
221
        return;
       /* __handleReplacement() */
222 }
```

# 4.15.4 Member Data Documentation

# 4.15.4.1 capacity\_kW

double Production::capacity\_kW

The rated production capacity [kW] of the asset.

# 4.15.4.2 capital\_cost

double Production::capital\_cost

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency).

### 4.15.4.3 capital\_cost\_vec

std::vector<double> Production::capital\_cost\_vec

A vector of capital costs (undefined currency) incurred over each modelling time step. These costs are not discounted (i.e., these are actual costs).

# 4.15.4.4 curtailment\_vec\_kW

std::vector<double> Production::curtailment\_vec\_kW

A vector of curtailment [kW] at each point in the modelling time series. Curtailment is the amount of production that can be neither dispatched nor stored, and is hence curtailed.

# 4.15.4.5 dispatch\_vec\_kW

std::vector<double> Production::dispatch\_vec\_kW

A vector of dispatch [kW] at each point in the modelling time series. Dispatch is the amount of production that is sent to the grid to satisfy load.

#### 4.15.4.6 interpolator

Interpolator Production::interpolator

Interpolator component of Production.

# 4.15.4.7 is\_running

bool Production::is\_running

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset is running.

# 4.15.4.8 is\_running\_vec

```
std::vector<bool> Production::is_running_vec
```

A boolean vector for tracking if the asset is running at a particular point in time.

#### 4.15.4.9 is\_sunk

bool Production::is\_sunk

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset should be considered a sunk cost (i.e., capital cost incurred at the start of the model, or no).

# 4.15.4.10 levellized\_cost\_of\_energy\_kWh

```
double Production::levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh
```

The levellized cost of energy [1/kWh] (undefined currency) of this asset. This metric considers only dispatch.

# 4.15.4.11 n\_points

int Production::n\_points

The number of points in the modelling time series.

# 4.15.4.12 n\_replacements

int Production::n\_replacements

The number of times the asset has been replaced.

### 4.15.4.13 n\_starts

int Production::n\_starts

The number of times the asset has been started.

# 4.15.4.14 n\_years

double Production::n\_years

The number of years being modelled.

#### 4.15.4.15 net\_present\_cost

double Production::net\_present\_cost

The net present cost of this asset.

# 4.15.4.16 nominal\_discount\_annual

double Production::nominal\_discount\_annual

The nominal, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

# 4.15.4.17 nominal\_inflation\_annual

double Production::nominal\_inflation\_annual

The nominal, annual inflation rate to use in computing model economics.

# 4.15.4.18 operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

double Production::operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced.

#### 4.15.4.19 operation\_maintenance\_cost\_vec

```
std::vector<double> Production::operation_maintenance_cost_vec
```

A vector of operation and maintenance costs (undefined currency) incurred over each modelling time step. These costs are not discounted (i.e., these are actual costs).

#### 4.15.4.20 print flag

```
bool Production::print_flag
```

A flag which indicates whether or not object construct/destruction should be verbose.

#### 4.15.4.21 production vec kW

```
std::vector<double> Production::production_vec_kW
```

A vector of production [kW] at each point in the modelling time series.

# 4.15.4.22 real\_discount\_annual

```
double Production::real_discount_annual
```

The real, annual discount rate used in computing model economics. Is computed from the given nominal inflation and discount rates.

#### 4.15.4.23 replace\_running\_hrs

```
\verb|double Production::replace_running_hrs|\\
```

The number of running hours after which the asset must be replaced.

# 4.15.4.24 running\_hours

double Production::running\_hours

The number of hours for which the assset has been operating.

# 4.15.4.25 storage\_vec\_kW

```
std::vector<double> Production::storage_vec_kW
```

A vector of storage [kW] at each point in the modelling time series. Storage is the amount of production that is sent to storage.

#### 4.15.4.26 total dispatch kWh

```
double Production::total_dispatch_kWh
```

The total energy dispatched [kWh] over the Model run.

#### 4.15.4.27 type str

```
std::string Production::type_str
```

A string describing the type of the asset.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · header/Production/Production.h
- source/Production/Production.cpp

# 4.16 ProductionInputs Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Production constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input.

```
#include <Production.h>
```

### **Public Attributes**

bool print\_flag = false

A flag which indicates whether or not object construct/destruction should be verbose.

bool is\_sunk = false

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset should be considered a sunk cost (i.e., capital cost incurred at the start of the model, or no).

• double capacity\_kW = 100

The rated production capacity [kW] of the asset.

• double nominal inflation annual = 0.02

The nominal, annual inflation rate to use in computing model economics.

double nominal\_discount\_annual = 0.04

The nominal, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

• double replace\_running\_hrs = 90000

The number of running hours after which the asset must be replaced.

# 4.16.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Production constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input.

# 4.16.2 Member Data Documentation

# 4.16.2.1 capacity\_kW

double ProductionInputs::capacity\_kW = 100

The rated production capacity [kW] of the asset.

# 4.16.2.2 is\_sunk

bool ProductionInputs::is\_sunk = false

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset should be considered a sunk cost (i.e., capital cost incurred at the start of the model, or no).

# 4.16.2.3 nominal\_discount\_annual

double ProductionInputs::nominal\_discount\_annual = 0.04

The nominal, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

# 4.16.2.4 nominal\_inflation\_annual

double ProductionInputs::nominal\_inflation\_annual = 0.02

The nominal, annual inflation rate to use in computing model economics.

# 4.16.2.5 print\_flag

bool ProductionInputs::print\_flag = false

A flag which indicates whether or not object construct/destruction should be verbose.

# 4.16.2.6 replace\_running\_hrs

double ProductionInputs::replace\_running\_hrs = 90000

The number of running hours after which the asset must be replaced.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

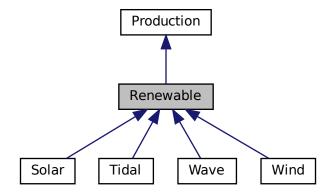
• header/Production/Production.h

# 4.17 Renewable Class Reference

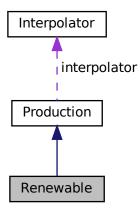
The root of the Renewable branch of the Production hierarchy. This branch contains derived classes which model the renewable production of energy.

#include <Renewable.h>

Inheritance diagram for Renewable:



Collaboration diagram for Renewable:



# **Public Member Functions**

· Renewable (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the Renewable class.

• Renewable (int, double, RenewableInputs)

Constructor (intended) for the Renewable class.

virtual void handleReplacement (int)

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

void computeEconomics (std::vector< double > \*)

Helper method to compute key economic metrics for the Model run.

- virtual double computeProductionkW (int, double, double)
- virtual double computeProductionkW (int, double, double, double)
- virtual double commit (int, double, double, double)

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

void writeResults (std::string, std::vector< double >> \*, std::map< int, std::vector< double >> \*, std::map< int, std::vector< std::vector< double >>> \*, int, int=-1)

Method which writes Renewable results to an output directory.

virtual ∼Renewable (void)

Destructor for the Renewable class.

#### **Public Attributes**

• RenewableType type

The type (RenewableType) of the asset.

· int resource\_key

A key used to index into the Resources object, to associate this asset with the appropriate resource time series.

# **Private Member Functions**

void \_\_checkInputs (RenewableInputs)

Helper method to check inputs to the Renewable constructor.

• void \_\_handleStartStop (int, double, double)

Helper method to handle the starting/stopping of the renewable asset.

- virtual void <u>writeSummary</u> (std::string)
- virtual void \_\_writeTimeSeries (std::string, std::vector< double > \*, std::map< int, std::vector< double >> \*, std::map< int, std::vector< std::vector< double >>> \*, int=-1)

# 4.17.1 Detailed Description

The root of the Renewable branch of the Production hierarchy. This branch contains derived classes which model the renewable production of energy.

# 4.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 4.17.2.1 Renewable() [1/2]

Constructor (dummy) for the Renewable class.

# 4.17.2.2 Renewable() [2/2]

```
Renewable::Renewable (
          int n_points,
           double n_years,
          RenewableInputs renewable_inputs)
```

Constructor (intended) for the Renewable class.

n_points	The number of points in the modelling time series.
n_years	The number of years being modelled.
renewable_inputs	A structure of Renewable constructor inputs.

```
124 :
125 Production(
126 n_points,
```

```
127
         n_years,
128
         renewable_inputs.production_inputs
129 )
130 {
         // 1. check inputs
this->__checkInputs(renewable_inputs);
131
132
133
134
         // 2. set attributes
135
136
         // 3. construction print
137
         if (this->print_flag) {
    std::cout « "Renewable object constructed at " « this « std::endl;
138
139
140
141
142 return;
143 } /* Renewable() */
```

# 4.17.2.3 ∼Renewable()

```
Renewable::~Renewable (
void ) [virtual]
```

#### Destructor for the Renewable class.

# 4.17.3 Member Function Documentation

# 4.17.3.1 \_\_checkInputs()

Helper method to check inputs to the Renewable constructor.

# 4.17.3.2 \_\_handleStartStop()

```
void Renewable::__handleStartStop (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    double production_kW ) [private]
```

Helper method to handle the starting/stopping of the renewable asset.

```
if (this->is_running) {
    // handle stopping
57
59
            if (production_kW <= 0) {</pre>
60
                 this->is_running = false;
61
       }
62
63
       else {
    // handle starting
64
           if (production_kW > 0) {
66
67
                 this->is_running = true;
68
                 this->n_starts++;
69
            }
70
       }
71
72
73 }
      /* __handleStartStop() */
```

#### 4.17.3.3 writeSummary()

Reimplemented in Wind, Wave, Tidal, and Solar.

72 {return;

# 4.17.3.4 \_\_writeTimeSeries()

```
virtual void Renewable::__writeTimeSeries (
    std::string ,
    std::vector< double > * ,
    std::map< int, std::vector< double >> * ,
    std::map< int, std::vector< std::vector< double >>> * ,
    int = -1 ) [inline], [private], [virtual]
```

Reimplemented in Wind, Wave, Tidal, and Solar.

79 {return;}

# 4.17.3.5 commit()

```
double Renewable::commit (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    double production_kW,
    double load_kW ) [virtual]
```

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
production_kW	The production [kW] of the asset in this timestep.
load_kW	The load [kW] passed to the asset in this timestep.

# Returns

The load [kW] remaining after the dispatch is deducted from it.

Reimplemented from Production.

Reimplemented in Wind, Wave, Tidal, and Solar.

```
// 1. handle start/stop
229
         this->__handleStartStop(timestep, dt_hrs, production_kW);
230
         // 2. invoke base class method
load_kW = Production :: commit(
231
232
233
             timestep,
234
             dt_hrs,
235
             production_kW,
236
              load_kW
237
238
        );
239
240
        //...
241
242
         return load_kW;
243 }
        /* commit() */
```

# 4.17.3.6 computeEconomics()

Helper method to compute key economic metrics for the Model run.

# **Parameters**

time vec hrs ptr	A pointer to the time_vec_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.	l

#### Reimplemented from Production.

# 4.17.3.7 computeProductionkW() [1/2]

```
double ,
double ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Reimplemented in Wind, Tidal, and Solar.

```
96 {return 0;}
```

#### 4.17.3.8 computeProductionkW() [2/2]

```
virtual double Renewable::computeProductionkW (
    int ,
    double ,
    double ,
    double ) [inline], [virtual]
```

Reimplemented in Wave.

```
97 {return 0;}
```

#### 4.17.3.9 handleReplacement()

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

Parameters

```
timestep The current time step of the Model run.
```

Reimplemented from Production.

Reimplemented in Wind, Wave, Tidal, and Solar.

# 4.17.3.10 writeResults()

```
void Renewable::writeResults (
    std::string write_path,
    std::vector< double > * time_vec_hrs_ptr,
    std::map< int, std::vector< double >> * resource_map_1D_ptr,
    std::map< int, std::vector< std::vector< double >>> * resource_map_2D_ptr,
    int renewable_index,
    int max_lines = -1 )
```

Method which writes Renewable results to an output directory.

#### **Parameters**

write_path	A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.
time_vec_hrs_ptr	A pointer to the time_vec_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.
resource_map_1D_ptr	A pointer to the 1D map of Resources.
resource_map_2D_ptr	A pointer to the 2D map of Resources.
renewable_index	An integer which corresponds to the index of the Renewable asset in the Model.
max_lines	The maximum number of lines of output to write. If $<$ 0, then all available lines are written. If $=$ 0, then only summary results are written.

```
287 {
        // 1. handle sentinel
288
        if (max_lines < 0) {</pre>
289
290
             max_lines = this->n_points;
291
292
        // 2. create subdirectories
write_path += "Production/";
293
294
        if (not std::filesystem::is_directory(write_path)) {
295
296
             std::filesystem::create_directory(write_path);
297
298
        write_path += "Renewable/";
if (not std::filesystem::is_directory(write_path)) {
299
300
301
             std::filesystem::create_directory(write_path);
302
303
304
        write_path += this->type_str;
305
        write_path += "_";
        write_path += std::to_string(int(ceil(this->capacity_kW)));
write_path += "kW_idx";
306
307
        write_path += std::to_string(renewable_index);
write_path += "/";
308
309
310
        std::filesystem::create_directory(write_path);
311
312
        // 3. write summary
313
        this->__writeSummary(write_path);
314
315
        // 4. write time series
316
        if (max_lines > this->n_points) {
             max_lines = this->n_points;
317
318
319
320
        if (max_lines > 0) {
            this->__writeTimeSeries(
321
               write_path,
322
323
                 time_vec_hrs_ptr,
324
                 resource_map_1D_ptr,
325
                 resource_map_2D_ptr,
326
                 max_lines
327
             );
328
        }
329
330
        return;
        /* writeResults() */
331 }
```

#### 4.17.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.17.4.1 resource\_key

int Renewable::resource\_key

A key used to index into the Resources object, to associate this asset with the appropriate resource time series.

#### 4.17.4.2 type

RenewableType Renewable::type

The type (RenewableType) of the asset.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

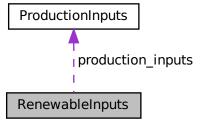
- · header/Production/Renewable/Renewable.h
- source/Production/Renewable/Renewable.cpp

# 4.18 RenewableInputs Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Renewable constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates ProductionInputs.

#include <Renewable.h>

Collaboration diagram for RenewableInputs:



# **Public Attributes**

ProductionInputs production\_inputs
 An encapsulated ProductionInputs instance.

# 4.18.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Renewable constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates ProductionInputs.

# 4.18.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.18.2.1 production\_inputs

ProductionInputs RenewableInputs::production\_inputs

An encapsulated ProductionInputs instance.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· header/Production/Renewable/Renewable.h

# 4.19 Resources Class Reference

A class which contains renewable resource data. Intended to serve as a component class of Model.

```
#include <Resources.h>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

· Resources (void)

Constructor for the Resources class.

void addResource (RenewableType, std::string, int, ElectricalLoad \*)

A method to add a renewable resource time series to Resources. Checks if given resource key is already in use. The associated helper methods also check against ElectricalLoad to ensure that all added time series align with the electrical load time series (both in terms of length and which points in time are included).

· void clear (void)

Method to clear all attributes of the Resources object.

∼Resources (void)

Destructor for the Resources class.

# **Public Attributes**

std::map< int, std::vector< double > > resource\_map\_1D

A map <int, vector<double>> of given 1D renewable resource time series.

std::map< int, std::string > string\_map\_1D

A map <int, string> of descriptors for the type of the given 1D renewable resource time series.

std::map< int, std::string > path map 1D

A map <int, string> of the paths (either relative or absolute) to given 1D renewable resource time series.

std::map< int, std::vector< std::vector< double >>> resource\_map\_2D

A map <int, vector<vector<double>>> of given 2D renewable resource time series.

std::map< int, std::string > string\_map\_2D

A map < int, string> of descriptors for the type of the given 2D renewable resource time series.

std::map< int, std::string > path\_map\_2D

A map < int, string > of the paths (either relative or absolute) to given 2D renewable resource time series.

#### **Private Member Functions**

void \_\_checkResourceKey1D (int, RenewableType)

Helper method to check if given resource key (1D) is already in use.

void \_\_checkResourceKey2D (int, RenewableType)

Helper method to check if given resource key (2D) is already in use.

void \_\_checkTimePoint (double, double, std::string, ElectricalLoad \*)

Helper method to check received time point against expected time point.

void \_\_throwLengthError (std::string, ElectricalLoad \*)

Helper method to throw data length error.

void \_\_readSolarResource (std::string, int, ElectricalLoad \*)

Helper method to handle reading a solar resource time series into Resources.

void \_\_readTidalResource (std::string, int, ElectricalLoad \*)

Helper method to handle reading a tidal resource time series into Resources.

void \_\_readWaveResource (std::string, int, ElectricalLoad \*)

Helper method to handle reading a wave resource time series into Resources.

void \_\_readWindResource (std::string, int, ElectricalLoad \*)

Helper method to handle reading a wind resource time series into Resources.

# 4.19.1 Detailed Description

A class which contains renewable resource data. Intended to serve as a component class of Model.

#### 4.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.19.2.1 Resources()

```
Resources::Resources (
     void )
```

#### Constructor for the Resources class.

```
577 {
578         return;
579 } /* Resources() */
```

#### 4.19.2.2 ∼Resources()

### Destructor for the Resources class.

```
722 this->clear();
723 return;
724 } /* ~Resources() */
```

# 4.19.3 Member Function Documentation

### 4.19.3.1 \_\_checkResourceKey1D()

```
void Resources::__checkResourceKey1D (
          int resource_key,
          RenewableType renewable_type ) [private]
```

Helper method to check if given resource key (1D) is already in use.

#### **Parameters**

*resource\_key* The key associated with the given renewable resource.

```
45 {
        if (this->resource_map_1D.count(resource_key) > 0) {
47
              std::string error_str = "ERROR: Resources::addResource(";
48
             switch (renewable_type) {
    case (RenewableType :: SOLAR): {
        error_str += "SOLAR): ";
49
50
51
52
                        break;
54
5.5
                  case (RenewableType :: TIDAL): {
   error_str += "TIDAL): ";
56
57
60
61
                  case (RenewableType :: WIND): {
    error_str += "WIND): ";
62
63
64
                        break;
66
                  }
67
68
                  default: {
69
                       error_str += "UNDEFINED_TYPE): ";
70
71
                       break;
73
             }
74
75
             error_str += "resource key (1D) ";
             error_str += std::to_string(resource_key);
error_str += " is already in use";
76
78
79
             #ifdef _WIN32
80
                   std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
              #endif
81
82
83
              throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
        }
85
86
        return;
        /* __checkResourceKey1D() */
```

#### 4.19.3.2 checkResourceKey2D()

```
void Resources::__checkResourceKey2D (
          int resource_key,
          RenewableType renewable_type ) [private]
```

Helper method to check if given resource key (2D) is already in use.

#### **Parameters**

resource\_key | The key associated with the given renewable resource.

```
109 {
110
        if (this->resource_map_2D.count(resource_key) > 0) {
111
            std::string error_str = "ERROR: Resources::addResource(";
112
113
            switch (renewable_type) {
                case (RenewableType :: WAVE): {
    error_str += "WAVE): ";
114
115
116
117
118
119
120
                default: {
                    error_str += "UNDEFINED_TYPE): ";
121
122
123
124
                }
125
           }
126
           error str += "resource key (2D) ";
127
           error_str += std::to_string(resource_key);
128
           error_str += " is already in use";
129
130
131
           #ifdef _WIN32
132
                std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
           #endif
133
134
135
            throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
136
137
138
        return;
       /* __checkResourceKey2D() */
139 }
```

### 4.19.3.3 \_\_checkTimePoint()

Helper method to check received time point against expected time point.

time_received_hrs	The point in time received from the given data.
time_expected_hrs	The point in time expected (this comes from the electrical load time series).
path_2_resource_data	The path (either relative or absolute) to the given resource time series.
electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the Model's ElectricalLoad object.

```
173 {
174
        if (time_received_hrs != time_expected_hrs) {
            std::string error_str = "ERROR: Resources::addResource(): ";
175
176
            error_str += "the given resource time series at ";
            error_str += path_2_resource_data;
error_str += " does not align with the ";
177
178
            error_str += "previously given electrical load time series at ";
179
            error_str += electrical_load_ptr->path_2_electrical_load_time_series;
180
181
182
            #ifdef _WIN32
183
                std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
            #endif
184
185
186
            throw std::runtime error(error str);
187
188
```

```
189    return;
190 } /* __checkTimePoint() */
```

#### 4.19.3.4 readSolarResource()

Helper method to handle reading a solar resource time series into Resources.

path_2_resource_data	The path (either relative or absolute) to the given resource time series.
resource_key	The key associated with the given renewable resource.
electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the Model's ElectricalLoad object.

```
257 {
258
        // 1. init CSV reader, record path and type
259
        io::CSVReader<2> CSV(path_2_resource_data);
260
261
        CSV.read_header(
            io::ignore_extra_column,
262
            "Time (since start of data) [hrs]",
"Solar GHI [kW/m2]"
263
264
265
266
267
        this->path_map_1D.insert(
268
            std::pair<int, std::string>(resource_key, path_2_resource_data)
269
270
271
        this->string_map_1D.insert(std::pair<int, std::string>(resource_key, "SOLAR"));
272
273
        // 2. init map element
274
        this->resource_map_1D.insert(
275
            std::pair<int, std::vector<double>(resource_key, {})
276
277
        this->resource_map_1D[resource_key].resize(electrical_load_ptr->n_points, 0);
278
279
280
           3. read in resource data, check against time series (point-wise and length)
        int n_points = 0;
281
282
        double time_hrs = 0;
283
        double time_expected_hrs = 0;
284
        double solar_resource_kWm2 = 0;
285
286
        while (CSV.read_row(time_hrs, solar_resource_kWm2)) {
287
            if (n_points > electrical_load_ptr->n_points) {
                this->__throwLengthError(path_2_resource_data, electrical_load_ptr);
288
289
290
291
            time_expected_hrs = electrical_load_ptr->time_vec_hrs[n_points];
292
            this->__checkTimePoint(
    time_hrs,
293
294
                time_expected_hrs,
295
                path_2_resource_data,
296
                electrical_load_ptr
297
            );
298
299
            this->resource_map_1D[resource_key][n_points] = solar_resource_kWm2;
300
301
            n_points++;
302
303
304
        // 4. check data length
305
        if (n_points != electrical_load_ptr->n_points) {
306
            this->__throwLengthError(path_2_resource_data, electrical_load_ptr);
307
308
309
310 }
        /* __readSolarResource() */
```

#### 4.19.3.5 readTidalResource()

Helper method to handle reading a tidal resource time series into Resources.

path_2_resource_data	The path (either relative or absolute) to the given resource time series.
resource_key	The key associated with the given renewable resource.
electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the Model's ElectricalLoad object.

```
339 {
        // 1. init CSV reader, record path and type
340
341
        io::CSVReader<2> CSV(path_2_resource_data);
342
343
        CSV.read_header(
344
            io::ignore_extra_column,
            "Time (since start of data) [hrs]",
"Tidal Speed (hub depth) [m/s]"
345
346
347
        );
348
349
        this->path_map_1D.insert(
350
            std::pair<int, std::string>(resource_key, path_2_resource_data)
351
352
353
        this->string_map_1D.insert(std::pair<int, std::string>(resource_key, "TIDAL"));
354
        // 2. init map element
355
356
        this->resource_map_1D.insert(
            std::pair<int, std::vector<double»(resource_key, {})</pre>
357
358
359
        this->resource map 1D[resource key].resize(electrical load ptr->n points, 0);
360
361
362
        // 3. read in resource data, check against time series (point-wise and length)
363
        int n_points = 0;
        double time_hrs = 0;
364
        double time_expected_hrs = 0;
365
366
        double tidal_resource_ms = 0;
367
368
        while (CSV.read_row(time_hrs, tidal_resource_ms))
369
            if (n_points > electrical_load_ptr->n_points) {
370
                this->__throwLengthError(path_2_resource_data, electrical_load_ptr);
371
372
373
            time_expected_hrs = electrical_load_ptr->time_vec_hrs[n_points];
374
            this->__checkTimePoint(
375
                time_hrs,
376
                time_expected_hrs,
377
                path 2 resource data,
378
                electrical load ptr
379
380
381
            this->resource_map_1D[resource_key][n_points] = tidal_resource_ms;
382
            n_points++;
383
384
        }
385
386
        // 4. check data length
387
        if (n_points != electrical_load_ptr->n_points) {
388
            this->__throwLengthError(path_2_resource_data, electrical_load_ptr);
389
390
391
        return;
       /* __readTidalResource() */
392 }
```

#### 4.19.3.6 \_\_readWaveResource()

Helper method to handle reading a wave resource time series into Resources.

path_2_resource_data	The path (either relative or absolute) to the given resource time series.
resource_key	The key associated with the given renewable resource.
electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the Model's ElectricalLoad object.

```
421 {
422
        // 1. init CSV reader, record path and type
423
        io::CSVReader<3> CSV(path_2_resource_data);
424
425
        CSV read header (
            io::ignore_extra_column,
426
427
             "Time (since start of data) [hrs]",
428
            "Significant Wave Height [m]",
429
            "Energy Period [s]"
430
        );
431
        this->path_map_2D.insert(
432
433
            std::pair<int, std::string>(resource_key, path_2_resource_data)
434
435
436
        this->string_map_2D.insert(std::pair<int, std::string>(resource_key, "WAVE"));
437
438
           2. init map element
439
        this->resource_map_2D.insert(
440
            std::pair<int, std::vector<std::vector<double>>(resource_key, {})
441
442
        this->resource_map_2D[resource_key].resize(electrical_load_ptr->n_points, {0, 0});
443
444
445
        // 3. read in resource data, check against time series (point-wise and length)
446
        int n_points = 0;
447
        double time_hrs = 0;
448
        double time_expected_hrs = 0;
449
        double significant_wave_height_m = 0;
450
        double energy_period_s = 0;
451
452
        while (CSV.read_row(time_hrs, significant_wave_height_m, energy_period_s)) {
            if (n_points > electrical_load_ptr->n_points) {
454
                this->__throwLengthError(path_2_resource_data, electrical_load_ptr);
455
456
            time_expected_hrs = electrical_load_ptr->time_vec_hrs[n_points];
457
458
            this->__checkTimePoint(
                time_hrs,
459
460
                time_expected_hrs,
461
                path_2_resource_data,
462
                 electrical_load_ptr
463
            );
464
            this->resource_map_2D[resource_key][n_points][0] = significant_wave_height_m;
this->resource_map_2D[resource_key][n_points][1] = energy_period_s;
465
466
467
468
            n_points++;
469
470
471
        // 4. check data length
472
        if (n_points != electrical_load_ptr->n_points) {
473
            this->__throwLengthError(path_2_resource_data, electrical_load_ptr);
474
475
476
        return:
       /* __readWaveResource() */
```

#### 4.19.3.7 \_\_readWindResource()

Helper method to handle reading a wind resource time series into Resources.

#### **Parameters**

path_2_resource_data	The path (either relative or absolute) to the given resource time series.
resource_key	The key associated with the given renewable resource.
electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the Model's ElectricalLoad object.

```
506 {
507
        // 1. init CSV reader, record path and type
508
        io::CSVReader<2> CSV(path_2_resource_data);
509
510
        CSV.read_header(
511
            io::ignore_extra_column,
"Time (since start of data) [hrs]",
512
513
             "Wind Speed (hub height) [m/s]"
514
515
516
        this->path map 1D.insert(
517
            std::pair<int, std::string>(resource_key, path_2_resource_data)
518
519
520
        this->string_map_1D.insert(std::pair<int, std::string>(resource_key, "WIND"));
521
522
        // 2. init map element
523
        this->resource_map_1D.insert(
            std::pair<int, std::vector<double>(resource_key, {})
524
525
526
        this->resource_map_1D[resource_key].resize(electrical_load_ptr->n_points, 0);
527
528
529
        // 3. read in resource data, check against time series (point-wise and length)
530
        int n_points = 0;
531
        double time_hrs = 0;
532
        double time_expected_hrs = 0;
533
        double wind_resource_ms = 0;
534
        while (CSV.read_row(time_hrs, wind_resource_ms)) {
    if (n_points > electrical_load_ptr->n_points) {
535
536
537
                 this->__throwLengthError(path_2_resource_data, electrical_load_ptr);
538
539
540
            time_expected_hrs = electrical_load_ptr->time_vec_hrs[n_points];
541
            this->__checkTimePoint(
                 time_hrs,
542
543
                 time_expected_hrs,
544
                 path_2_resource_data,
545
                 electrical_load_ptr
546
            );
547
548
            this->resource_map_1D[resource_key][n_points] = wind_resource_ms;
549
550
            n_points++;
551
        }
552
        // 4. check data length
553
554
        if (n_points != electrical_load_ptr->n_points) {
555
            this->__throwLengthError(path_2_resource_data, electrical_load_ptr);
556
557
558
        return;
559 } /* __readWindResource() */
```

### 4.19.3.8 \_\_throwLengthError()

```
\verb"void Resources::\__throwLengthError" (
```

```
std::string path_2_resource_data,
ElectricalLoad * electrical_load_ptr ) [private]
```

Helper method to throw data length error.

#### **Parameters**

path_2_resource_data	The path (either relative or absolute) to the given resource time series.
electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the Model's ElectricalLoad object.

```
215 {
216
         std::string error_str = "ERROR: Resources::addResource(): ";
         error_str += "the given resource time series at ";
error_str += path_2_resource_data;
error_str += " is not the same length as the previously given electrical";
217
218
219
         error_str += " load time series at ";
220
         error_str += electrical_load_ptr->path_2_electrical_load_time_series;
221
222
223
         #ifdef _WIN32
224
             std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
         #endif
225
226
         throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
228
229
         return;
230 }
         /* __throwLengthError() */
```

### 4.19.3.9 addResource()

A method to add a renewable resource time series to Resources. Checks if given resource key is already in use. The associated helper methods also check against ElectricalLoad to ensure that all added time series align with the electrical load time series (both in terms of length and which points in time are included).

renewable_type	The type of renewable resource being added to Resources.
path_2_resource_data	A string defining the path (either relative or absolute) to the given resource time
	series.
resource_key	A key used to index into the Resources object, used to associate Renewable assets
	with the corresponding resource.
electrical_load_ptr	A pointer to the Model's ElectricalLoad object.

```
616 {
        switch (renewable_type) {
617
           case (RenewableType :: SOLAR): {
618
619
                this->__checkResourceKey1D(resource_key, renewable_type);
620
621
                this->__readSolarResource(
                    path_2_resource_data,
622
                    resource_key,
623
624
                    electrical_load_ptr
625
626
627
                break;
62.8
            }
629
            case (RenewableType :: TIDAL): {
630
631
                this->__checkResourceKey1D(resource_key, renewable_type);
```

```
632
633
                 this->__readTidalResource(
634
                     path_2_resource_data,
635
                      resource_key,
636
                      electrical_load_ptr
637
                 );
638
639
                 break;
640
            }
641
            case (RenewableType :: WAVE): {
642
                 this->__checkResourceKey2D(resource_key, renewable_type);
643
644
645
                 this->__readWaveResource(
646
                     path_2_resource_data,
647
                      resource_key,
648
                      electrical_load_ptr
649
                 );
650
651
                 break;
652
            }
653
            case (RenewableType :: WIND): {
654
655
                 this->__checkResourceKey1D(resource_key, renewable_type);
656
                 this->__readWindResource(
658
                     path_2_resource_data,
659
                      resource_key,
660
                      electrical_load_ptr
661
                 );
662
663
                 break;
664
            }
665
666
            default: {
                 std::string error_str = "ERROR: Resources :: addResource(: ";
error_str += "renewable type ";
error_str += std::to_string(renewable_type);
667
668
669
670
                error_str += " not recognized";
671
672
                #ifdef _WIN32
673
                     std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
674
                 #endif
675
676
                 throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
677
678
                 break;
679
             }
        }
680
681
682
        return;
       /* addResource() */
```

# 4.19.3.10 clear()

Method to clear all attributes of the Resources object.

```
697 {
          this->resource_map_1D.clear();
this->string_map_1D.clear();
this->path_map_1D.clear();
698
699
700
701
702
          this->resource_map_2D.clear();
703
          this->string_map_2D.clear();
704
          this->path_map_2D.clear();
705
706
          return;
         /* clear() */
```

# 4.19.4 Member Data Documentation

# 4.19.4.1 path\_map\_1D

```
std::map<int, std::string> Resources::path_map_1D
```

A map <int, string> of the paths (either relative or absolute) to given 1D renewable resource time series.

# 4.19.4.2 path\_map\_2D

```
std::map<int, std::string> Resources::path_map_2D
```

A map <int, string> of the paths (either relative or absolute) to given 2D renewable resource time series.

# 4.19.4.3 resource\_map\_1D

```
std::map<int, std::vector<double> > Resources::resource_map_1D
```

A map <int, vector<double>> of given 1D renewable resource time series.

### 4.19.4.4 resource\_map\_2D

```
std::map<int, std::vector<std::vector<double> >> Resources::resource_map_2D
```

A map <int, vector<vector<double>>> of given 2D renewable resource time series.

# 4.19.4.5 string\_map\_1D

```
std::map<int, std::string> Resources::string_map_1D
```

A map <int, string> of descriptors for the type of the given 1D renewable resource time series.

### 4.19.4.6 string\_map\_2D

```
std::map<int, std::string> Resources::string_map_2D
```

A map <int, string> of descriptors for the type of the given 2D renewable resource time series.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- header/Resources.h
- source/Resources.cpp

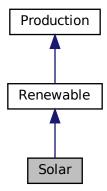
4.20 Solar Class Reference 153

# 4.20 Solar Class Reference

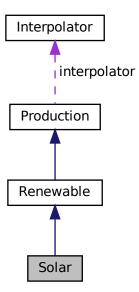
A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models solar production.

#include <Solar.h>

Inheritance diagram for Solar:



Collaboration diagram for Solar:



#### **Public Member Functions**

· Solar (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the Solar class.

• Solar (int, double, SolarInputs)

Constructor (intended) for the Solar class.

· void handleReplacement (int)

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

double computeProductionkW (int, double, double)

Method which takes in the solar resource at a particular point in time, and then returns the solar PV production at that point in time.

• double commit (int, double, double, double)

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

∼Solar (void)

Destructor for the Solar class.

#### **Public Attributes**

double derating

The derating of the solar PV array (i.e., shadowing, soiling, etc.).

#### **Private Member Functions**

void \_\_checkInputs (SolarInputs)

Helper method to check inputs to the Solar constructor.

double <u>getGenericCapitalCost</u> (void)

Helper method to generate a generic solar PV array capital cost.

double <u>getGenericOpMaintCost</u> (void)

Helper method to generate a generic solar PV array operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy produced.

• void \_\_writeSummary (std::string)

Helper method to write summary results for Solar.

void \_\_writeTimeSeries (std::string, std::vector< double >> \*, std::map< int, std::vector< double >> \*, std
 ::map< int, std::vector< std::vector< double >>> \*, int=-1)

Helper method to write time series results for Solar.

# 4.20.1 Detailed Description

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models solar production.

### 4.20.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

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#### 4.20.2.1 Solar() [1/2]

```
Solar::Solar (
     void )
```

Constructor (dummy) for the Solar class.

```
282 //...
283
284 return;
285 } /* Solar() */
```

# 4.20.2.2 Solar() [2/2]

```
Solar::Solar (
                int n_points,
                 double n_years,
                 SolarInputs solar_inputs )
```

Constructor (intended) for the Solar class.

n_points	The number of points in the modelling time series.
n_years	The number of years being modelled.
solar_inputs	A structure of Solar constructor inputs.

```
313
314 Renewable(
315
        n_points,
316
        n vears,
        solar_inputs.renewable_inputs
317
318 )
319 {
320
        // 1. check inputs
321
        this->__checkInputs(solar_inputs);
322
323
        // 2. set attributes
this->type = RenewableType :: SOLAR;
this->type_str = "SOLAR";
324
325
326
327
        this->resource_key = solar_inputs.resource_key;
328
329
        this->derating = solar_inputs.derating;
330
331
        if (solar_inputs.capital_cost < 0) {</pre>
332
             this->capital_cost = this->__getGenericCapitalCost();
333
334
335
        if (solar_inputs.operation_maintenance_cost_kWh < 0) {</pre>
336
             this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = this->__getGenericOpMaintCost();
337
338
339
        if (not this->is_sunk) {
             this->capital_cost_vec[0] = this->capital_cost;
340
341
342
343
        // 3. construction print
344
        if (this->print_flag) {
345
            std::cout « "Solar object constructed at " « this « std::endl;
346
347
348
       return;
/* Renewable() */
349 }
```

# 4.20.2.3 ∼Solar()

# 4.20.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.20.3.1 \_\_checkInputs()

Helper method to check inputs to the Solar constructor.

```
38
       // 1. check derating
39
      if (
40
          solar_inputs.derating < 0 or</pre>
          solar_inputs.derating > 1
          std::string error_str = "ERROR: Solar(): ";
43
          error_str += "SolarInputs::derating must be in the closed interval [0, 1]";
44
4.5
46
          #ifdef _WIN32
             std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
48
          #endif
49
50
          throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
      }
51
52
53
      return;
     /* __checkInputs() */
```

#### 4.20.3.2 \_\_getGenericCapitalCost()

Helper method to generate a generic solar PV array capital cost.

This model was obtained by way of surveying an assortment of published solar PV costs, and then constructing a best fit model. Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

#### Returns

A generic capital cost for the solar PV array [CAD].

```
76 {
77     double capital_cost_per_kW = 1000 * pow(this->capacity_kW, -0.15) + 3000;
78
79     return capital_cost_per_kW * this->capacity_kW;
80 } /* __getGenericCapitalCost() */
```

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# 4.20.3.3 \_\_getGenericOpMaintCost()

Helper method to generate a generic solar PV array operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy produced.

This model was obtained by way of surveying an assortment of published solar PV costs, and then constructing a best fit model. Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

#### Returns

A generic operation and maintenance cost, per unit energy produced, for the solar PV array [CAD/kWh].

#### 4.20.3.4 \_\_writeSummary()

Helper method to write summary results for Solar.

#### **Parameters**

write\_path

A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.

```
// 1. create filestream
write_path += "summary_results.md";
124
125
126
         std::ofstream ofs;
127
         ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
128
129
         // 2. write summary results (markdown)
130
         ofs « std::to_string(int(ceil(this->capacity_kW)));
ofs « " kW SOLAR Summary Results\n";
131
132
         ofs « "\n----\n\n";
133
134
135
         // 2.1. Production attributes
136
         ofs « "## Production Attributes\n";
         ofs « "\n";
137
138
         ofs « "Capacity: " « this->capacity_kW « "kW \n";
139
140
         ofs « "\n";
141
         ofs w "Sunk Cost (N = 0 / Y = 1): " w this->is_sunk w " \n"; ofs w "Capital Cost: " w this->capital_cost w " \n"; ofs w "Operation and Maintenance Cost: " w this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh
142
143
144
             « " per kWh produced \n";
145
         ofs « "Nominal Inflation Rate (annual): " « this->nominal_inflation_annual
146
147
                    \n";
148
         ofs « "Nominal Discount Rate (annual): " « this->nominal_discount_annual
149
         ofs « "Real Discount Rate (annual): " « this->real_discount_annual « " \n";
150
         ofs « "\n";
151
152
153
        ofs « "Replacement Running Hours: " « this->replace_running_hrs « " \n";
154
         ofs « "\n----\n\n";
```

```
155
         // 2.2. Renewable attributes ofs « "## Renewable Attributes \n"; ofs « "\n";
156
157
158
159
160
         ofs « "Resource Key (1D): " « this->resource_key « " \n";
161
162
         ofs « "n----nn";
163
         // 2.3. Solar attributes
ofs « "## Solar Attributes\n";
164
165
         ofs « "\n";
166
167
168
         ofs « "Derating Factor: " « this->derating « " \n";
169
170
171
         ofs « "n----nn";
         // 2.4. Solar Results
ofs « "## Results\n";
172
173
174
         ofs « "\n";
175
176
         ofs « "Net Present Cost: " « this->net_present_cost « " \n";
         ofs « "\n";
177
178
179
         ofs « "Total Dispatch: " « this->total_dispatch_kWh
180
             « " kWh \n";
181
182
         ofs « "Levellized Cost of Energy: " « this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh
             « " per kWh dispatched \n";
183
         ofs « "\n";
184
185
         ofs « "Running Hours: " « this->running_hours « " \n"; ofs « "Replacements: " « this->n_replacements « " \n";
186
187
188
189
         ofs « "n----nn";
190
191
         ofs.close();
192
         return;
193 }
        /* __writeSummary() */
```

### 4.20.3.5 writeTimeSeries()

```
void Solar::__writeTimeSeries (
    std::string write_path,
    std::vector< double > * time_vec_hrs_ptr,
    std::map< int, std::vector< double >> * resource_map_1D_ptr,
    std::map< int, std::vector< std::vector< double >>> * resource_map_2D_ptr,
    int max_lines = -1 ) [private], [virtual]
```

Helper method to write time series results for Solar.

# **Parameters**

write_path	A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.
time_vec_hrs_ptr	A pointer to the time_vec_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.
resource_map_1D_ptr	A pointer to the 1D map of Resources.
resource_map_2D_ptr	A pointer to the 2D map of Resources.
max_lines	The maximum number of lines of output to write.

4.20 Solar Class Reference 159

```
237
           // 2. write time series results (comma separated value)
          ofs « "Time (since start of data) [hrs],";
ofs « "Solar Resource [kW/m2],";
238
239
          ofs « "Production [kW],";
240
          ofs « "Dispatch [kW],";
2.41
          ofs « "Storage [kW],";
242
243
          ofs « "Curtailment [kW],";
244
          ofs « "Capital Cost (actual),";
          ofs « "Operation and Maintenance Cost (actual),";
245
          ofs « "\n";
246
247
          for (int i = 0; i < max_lines; i++) {
    ofs « time_vec_hrs_ptr->at(i) « ",";
248
249
250
                ofs « resource_map_1D_ptr->at(this->resource_key)[i] « ",";
               ofs « this->production_vec_kW[i] « ",";
ofs « this->dispatch_vec_kW[i] « ",";
ofs « this->storage_vec_kW[i] « ",";
ofs « this->curtailment_vec_kW[i] « ",";
ofs « this->capital_cost_vec[i] « ",";
251
252
253
254
255
256
                ofs « this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i] « ",";
257
258
          }
259
          ofs.close();
260
261
          return;
262 }
          /* __writeTimeSeries() */
```

#### 4.20.3.6 commit()

```
double Solar::commit (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    double production_kW,
    double load_kW ) [virtual]
```

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
production_kW	The production [kW] of the asset in this timestep.
load_kW	The load [kW] passed to the asset in this timestep.

# Returns

The load [kW] remaining after the dispatch is deducted from it.

```
460 {
         // 1. invoke base class method
461
        load_kW = Renewable :: commit(
462
463
             timestep,
464
             dt_hrs,
465
            production_kW,
466
             load_kW
467
        );
468
469
470
        //...
471
472
        return load_kW;
473 }
        /* commit() */
```

#### 4.20.3.7 computeProductionkW()

Method which takes in the solar resource at a particular point in time, and then returns the solar PV production at that point in time.

Ref: HOMER [2023f]

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
solar_resource_kWm2	Solar resource (i.e. irradiance) [kW/m2].

#### Returns

The production [kW] of the solar PV array.

# Reimplemented from Renewable.

```
409 {
410
         // check if no resource
411
         if (solar_resource_kWm2 <= 0) {</pre>
              return 0;
413
414
         // compute production
double production_kW = this->derating * solar_resource_kWm2 * this->capacity_kW;
415
416
417
418
         // cap production at capacity
         if (production_kW > this->capacity_kW) {
    production_kW = this->capacity_kW;
419
420
421
422
423
         return production_kW;
424 }
         /* computeProductionkW() */
```

#### 4.20.3.8 handleReplacement()

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.

```
370
371  // 2. invoke base class method
372  Renewable :: handleReplacement(timestep);
373
374  return;
375 } /* _handleReplacement() */
```

## 4.20.4 Member Data Documentation

## 4.20.4.1 derating

```
double Solar::derating
```

The derating of the solar PV array (i.e., shadowing, soiling, etc.).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

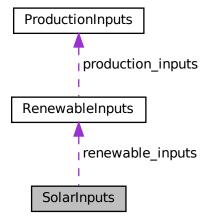
- header/Production/Renewable/Solar.h
- source/Production/Renewable/Solar.cpp

# 4.21 SolarInputs Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Solar constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

```
#include <Solar.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for SolarInputs:



## **Public Attributes**

· RenewableInputs renewable\_inputs

An encapsulated RenewableInputs instance.

• int resource\_key = 0

A key used to index into the Resources object, to associate this asset with the appropriate resource time series.

• double capital\_cost = -1

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

• double operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh = -1

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

• double derating = 0.8

The derating of the solar PV array (i.e., shadowing, soiling, etc.).

## 4.21.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Solar constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

#### 4.21.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.21.2.1 capital\_cost

```
double SolarInputs::capital_cost = -1
```

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

## 4.21.2.2 derating

```
double SolarInputs::derating = 0.8
```

The derating of the solar PV array (i.e., shadowing, soiling, etc.).

### 4.21.2.3 operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

```
double SolarInputs::operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = -1
```

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

#### 4.21.2.4 renewable\_inputs

```
RenewableInputs SolarInputs::renewable_inputs
```

An encapsulated RenewableInputs instance.

#### 4.21.2.5 resource\_key

```
int SolarInputs::resource_key = 0
```

A key used to index into the Resources object, to associate this asset with the appropriate resource time series.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

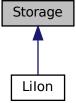
• header/Production/Renewable/Solar.h

# 4.22 Storage Class Reference

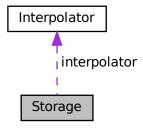
The base class of the Storage hierarchy. This hierarchy contains derived classes which model the storage of energy.

```
#include <Storage.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Storage:



Collaboration diagram for Storage:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• Storage (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the Storage class.

Storage (int, double, StorageInputs)

Constructor (intended) for the Storage class.

virtual void handleReplacement (int)

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

void computeEconomics (std::vector< double > \*)

Helper method to compute key economic metrics for the Model run.

- virtual double getAvailablekW (double)
- virtual double getAcceptablekW (double)
- virtual void commitCharge (int, double, double)
- virtual double commitDischarge (int, double, double, double)
- void writeResults (std::string, std::vector< double > \*, int, int=-1)

Method which writes Storage results to an output directory.

virtual ∼Storage (void)

Destructor for the Storage class.

## **Public Attributes**

StorageType type

The type (StorageType) of the asset.

· Interpolator interpolator

Interpolator component of Storage.

· bool print\_flag

A flag which indicates whether or not object construct/destruction should be verbose.

· bool is\_depleted

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset is currently considered depleted.

bool is\_sunk

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset should be considered a sunk cost (i.e., capital cost incurred at the start of the model, or no).

• int n points

The number of points in the modelling time series.

int n replacements

The number of times the asset has been replaced.

· double n\_years

The number of years being modelled.

double power capacity kW

The rated power capacity [kW] of the asset.

double energy\_capacity\_kWh

The rated energy capacity [kWh] of the asset.

• double charge\_kWh

The energy [kWh] stored in the asset.

double power kW

The power [kW] currently being charged/discharged by the asset.

• double nominal\_inflation\_annual

The nominal, annual inflation rate to use in computing model economics.

· double nominal discount annual

The nominal, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

· double real discount annual

The real, annual discount rate used in computing model economics. Is computed from the given nominal inflation and discount rates.

· double capital\_cost

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency).

· double operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy charged/discharged.

• double net\_present\_cost

The net present cost of this asset.

double total\_discharge\_kWh

The total energy discharged [kWh] over the Model run.

double levellized\_cost\_of\_energy\_kWh

The levellized cost of energy [1/kWh] (undefined currency) of this asset. This metric considers only discharge.

std::string type\_str

A string describing the type of the asset.

std::vector< double > charge\_vec\_kWh

A vector of the charge state [kWh] at each point in the modelling time series.

std::vector< double > charging\_power\_vec\_kW

A vector of the charging power [kW] at each point in the modelling time series.

std::vector< double > discharging\_power\_vec\_kW

A vector of the discharging power [kW] at each point in the modelling time series.

std::vector< double > capital cost vec

A vector of capital costs (undefined currency) incurred over each modelling time step. These costs are not discounted (i.e., these are actual costs).

• std::vector< double > operation\_maintenance\_cost\_vec

A vector of operation and maintenance costs (undefined currency) incurred over each modelling time step. These costs are not discounted (i.e., these are actual costs).

### **Private Member Functions**

void \_\_checkInputs (int, double, StorageInputs)

Helper method to check inputs to the Storage constructor.

double <u>computeRealDiscountAnnual</u> (double, double)

Helper method to compute the real, annual discount rate to be used in computing model economics. This enables application of the discount factor approach.

- virtual void <u>writeSummary</u> (std::string)
- virtual void  $\_$  writeTimeSeries (std::string, std::vector< double > \*, int=-1)

## 4.22.1 Detailed Description

The base class of the Storage hierarchy. This hierarchy contains derived classes which model the storage of energy.

## 4.22.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 4.22.2.1 Storage() [1/2]

```
Storage::Storage (
     void )
```

Constructor (dummy) for the Storage class.

### 4.22.2.2 Storage() [2/2]

Constructor (intended) for the Storage class.

### **Parameters**

n_points	The number of points in the modelling time series.
n_years	The number of years being modelled.
storage_inputs	A structure of Storage constructor inputs.

```
182 {
183
        // 1. check inputs
184
        this->__checkInputs(n_points, n_years, storage_inputs);
185
186
        // 2. set attributes
        this->print_flag = storage_inputs.print_flag;
this->is_depleted = false;
187
188
        this->is_sunk = storage_inputs.is_sunk;
189
190
191
        this->n_points = n_points;
192
        this->n_replacements = 0;
193
194
        this->n_years = n_years;
195
196
        this->power_capacity_kW = storage_inputs.power_capacity_kW;
197
        this->energy_capacity_kWh = storage_inputs.energy_capacity_kWh;
198
199
        this->charge_kWh = 0;
200
        this->power_kW = 0;
201
202
        this->nominal_inflation_annual = storage_inputs.nominal_inflation_annual;
203
        this->nominal_discount_annual = storage_inputs.nominal_discount_annual;
204
205
        this->real_discount_annual = this->__computeRealDiscountAnnual(
206
            storage_inputs.nominal_inflation_annual,
```

```
207
              storage_inputs.nominal_discount_annual
208
209
210
         this->capital_cost = 0;
211
          this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = 0;
212
          this->net present cost = 0;
213
          this->total_discharge_kWh = 0;
214
          this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh = 0;
215
         this->charge_vec_kWh.resize(this->n_points, 0);
this->charging_power_vec_kW.resize(this->n_points, 0);
this->discharging_power_vec_kW.resize(this->n_points, 0);
216
217
218
219
220
          this->capital_cost_vec.resize(this->n_points, 0);
221
          this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec.resize(this->n_points, 0);
222
223
          // 3. construction print
         if (this->print_flag) {
    std::cout « "Storage object constructed at " « this « std::endl;
224
225
226
227
228
          return;
229 }
         /* Storage() */
```

#### 4.22.2.3 ∼Storage()

```
Storage::~Storage (
void ) [virtual]
```

#### Destructor for the Storage class.

### 4.22.3 Member Function Documentation

## 4.22.3.1 checkInputs()

```
void Storage::__checkInputs (
          int n_points,
          double n_years,
          StorageInputs storage_inputs ) [private]
```

Helper method to check inputs to the Storage constructor.

## **Parameters**

n_points	The number of points in the modelling time series.
storage_inputs	A structure of Storage constructor inputs.

```
#ifdef _WIN32
51
                 std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
             #endif
52
5.3
            throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
54
55
       }
57
        // 2. check n_years
58
            std::string error_str = "ERROR: Storage(): n_years must be > 0";
59
60
            #ifdef _WIN32
61
                std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
63
            #endif
64
65
            throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
       }
66
       // 3. check power_capacity_kW
       if (storage_inputs.power_capacity_kW <= 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Storage(): ";
    error_str += "StorageInputs::power_capacity_kW must be > 0";
70
71
72
73
            #ifdef _WIN32
                std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
75
            #endif
76
77
            throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
78
       }
79
80
       // 4. check energy_capacity_kWh
       if (storage_inputs.energy_capacity_kWh <= 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Storage(): ";</pre>
83
            error_str += "StorageInputs::energy_capacity_kWh must be > 0";
84
            #ifdef WIN32
85
86
                std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
88
89
            throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
       }
90
91
        return;
       /* __checkInputs() */
```

### 4.22.3.2 \_\_computeRealDiscountAnnual()

Helper method to compute the real, annual discount rate to be used in computing model economics. This enables application of the discount factor approach.

Ref: HOMER [2023h] Ref: HOMER [2023b]

### **Parameters**

nominal_inflation_annual	The nominal, annual inflation rate to use in computing model economics.
nominal_discount_annual	The nominal, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

### Returns

The real, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

## 4.22.3.3 \_\_writeSummary()

## Reimplemented in Lilon.

79 {return;}

## 4.22.3.4 \_\_writeTimeSeries()

```
virtual void Storage::__writeTimeSeries (
    std::string ,
    std::vector< double > * ,
    int = -1 ) [inline], [private], [virtual]
```

## Reimplemented in Lilon.

80 {return;}

## 4.22.3.5 commitCharge()

```
virtual void Storage::commitCharge (
    int ,
    double ,
    double ) [inline], [virtual]
```

## Reimplemented in Lilon.

134 {return;}

## 4.22.3.6 commitDischarge()

### Reimplemented in Lilon.

135 {return 0;}

## 4.22.3.7 computeEconomics()

Helper method to compute key economic metrics for the Model run.

Ref: HOMER [2023b] Ref: HOMER [2023g] Ref: HOMER [2023i] Ref: HOMER [2023a]

#### **Parameters**

*time\_vec\_hrs\_ptr* A pointer to the time\_vec\_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.

1. compute levellized cost of energy (per unit discharged)

```
282 {
283
         // 1. compute net present cost
284
         double t_hrs = 0;
        double real_discount_scalar = 0;
285
286
        for (int i = 0; i < this->n_points; i++) {
    t_hrs = time_vec_hrs_ptr->at(i);
287
288
289
290
             real_discount_scalar = 1.0 / pow(
291
                 1 + this->real_discount_annual,
                 t_hrs / 8760
292
293
294
295
             this->net_present_cost += real_discount_scalar * this->capital_cost_vec[i];
296
297
             this->net_present_cost +=
                 real_discount_scalar * this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i];
298
299
        }
300
302
                assuming 8,760 hours per year
303
         double n_years = time_vec_hrs_ptr->at(this->n_points - 1) / 8760;
304
305
        double capital_recovery_factor =
             (this->real_discount_annual * pow(1 + this->real_discount_annual, n_years)) /
(pow(1 + this->real_discount_annual, n_years) - 1);
306
307
308
309
        double total_annualized_cost = capital_recovery_factor *
310
             this->net_present_cost;
311
312
        this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh =
313
             (n_years * total_annualized_cost) /
314
             this->total_discharge_kWh;
316
         return;
317 }
        /* computeEconomics() */
```

#### 4.22.3.8 getAcceptablekW()

### Reimplemented in Lilon.

```
132 {return 0;}
```

### 4.22.3.9 getAvailablekW()

#### 4.22.3.10 handleReplacement()

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

#### **Parameters**

timestep The current time step of the Model run.

## Reimplemented in Lilon.

```
247 {
248
        // 1. reset attributes
this->charge_kWh = 0;
249
        this->power_kW = 0;
251
252
        // 2. log replacement
253
        this->n_replacements++;
254
255
            3. incur capital cost in timestep
256
        this->capital_cost_vec[timestep] = this->capital_cost;
257
258
259 }
        /* __handleReplacement() */
```

## 4.22.3.11 writeResults()

```
void Storage::writeResults (
    std::string write_path,
    std::vector< double > * time_vec_hrs_ptr,
    int storage_index,
    int max_lines = -1 )
```

Method which writes Storage results to an output directory.

## **Parameters**

write_path	A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.
time_vec_hrs_ptr	A pointer to the time_vec_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.
storage_index	An integer which corresponds to the index of the Storage asset in the Model.
max_lines	The maximum number of lines of output to write. If $<$ 0, then all available lines are written. If $=$ 0, then only summary results are written.

```
355
        // 1. handle sentinel
356
        if (max_lines < 0) {</pre>
            max_lines = this->n_points;
357
358
359
        // 2. create subdirectories
write_path += "Storage/";
360
361
        if (not std::filesystem::is_directory(write_path)) {
362
363
            std::filesystem::create_directory(write_path);
364
365
366
        write_path += this->type_str;
367
        write_path += "_";
368
         write_path += std::to_string(int(ceil(this->power_capacity_kW)));
369
        write_path += "kW_";
        write_path += std::to_string(int(ceil(this->energy_capacity_kWh)));
write_path += "kWh_idx";
370
371
        write_path += std::to_string(storage_index);
write_path += "/";
372
373
374
        std::filesystem::create_directory(write_path);
375
376
        // 3. write summary
377
        this->__writeSummary(write_path);
378
379
        // 4. write time series
        if (max_lines > this->n_points) {
   max_lines = this->n_points;
380
381
382
383
384
        if (max_lines > 0) {
385
             this->__writeTimeSeries(
386
                write_path,
387
                  time_vec_hrs_ptr,
388
                 max_lines
389
             );
390
        }
391
        return;
393 }
        /* writeResults() */
```

## 4.22.4 Member Data Documentation

## 4.22.4.1 capital\_cost

double Storage::capital\_cost

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency).

## 4.22.4.2 capital\_cost\_vec

std::vector<double> Storage::capital\_cost\_vec

A vector of capital costs (undefined currency) incurred over each modelling time step. These costs are not discounted (i.e., these are actual costs).

## 4.22.4.3 charge\_kWh

```
\verb|double Storage::charge_kWh|\\
```

The energy [kWh] stored in the asset.

## 4.22.4.4 charge\_vec\_kWh

```
\verb|std::vector<| double> Storage::charge_vec_k Wh|
```

A vector of the charge state [kWh] at each point in the modelling time series.

## 4.22.4.5 charging\_power\_vec\_kW

```
std::vector<double> Storage::charging_power_vec_kW
```

A vector of the charging power [kW] at each point in the modelling time series.

## 4.22.4.6 discharging\_power\_vec\_kW

```
std::vector<double> Storage::discharging_power_vec_kW
```

A vector of the discharging power [kW] at each point in the modelling time series.

## 4.22.4.7 energy capacity kWh

```
double Storage::energy_capacity_kWh
```

The rated energy capacity [kWh] of the asset.

### 4.22.4.8 interpolator

Interpolator Storage::interpolator

Interpolator component of Storage.

## 4.22.4.9 is\_depleted

```
bool Storage::is_depleted
```

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset is currently considered depleted.

## 4.22.4.10 is\_sunk

```
bool Storage::is_sunk
```

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset should be considered a sunk cost (i.e., capital cost incurred at the start of the model, or no).

## 4.22.4.11 levellized\_cost\_of\_energy\_kWh

```
double Storage::levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh
```

The levellized cost of energy [1/kWh] (undefined currency) of this asset. This metric considers only discharge.

## 4.22.4.12 n\_points

```
int Storage::n_points
```

The number of points in the modelling time series.

## 4.22.4.13 n\_replacements

```
int Storage::n_replacements
```

The number of times the asset has been replaced.

## 4.22.4.14 n\_years

double Storage::n\_years

The number of years being modelled.

### 4.22.4.15 net\_present\_cost

double Storage::net\_present\_cost

The net present cost of this asset.

## 4.22.4.16 nominal\_discount\_annual

double Storage::nominal\_discount\_annual

The nominal, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

## 4.22.4.17 nominal\_inflation\_annual

double Storage::nominal\_inflation\_annual

The nominal, annual inflation rate to use in computing model economics.

## 4.22.4.18 operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

double Storage::operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy charged/discharged.

## 4.22.4.19 operation\_maintenance\_cost\_vec

std::vector<double> Storage::operation\_maintenance\_cost\_vec

A vector of operation and maintenance costs (undefined currency) incurred over each modelling time step. These costs are not discounted (i.e., these are actual costs).

## 4.22.4.20 power\_capacity\_kW

double Storage::power\_capacity\_kW

The rated power capacity [kW] of the asset.

### 4.22.4.21 power\_kW

```
double Storage::power_kW
```

The power [kW] currently being charged/discharged by the asset.

## 4.22.4.22 print\_flag

```
bool Storage::print_flag
```

A flag which indicates whether or not object construct/destruction should be verbose.

### 4.22.4.23 real discount annual

```
double Storage::real_discount_annual
```

The real, annual discount rate used in computing model economics. Is computed from the given nominal inflation and discount rates.

## 4.22.4.24 total\_discharge\_kWh

```
double Storage::total_discharge_kWh
```

The total energy discharged [kWh] over the Model run.

### 4.22.4.25 type

```
StorageType Storage::type
```

The type (StorageType) of the asset.

## 4.22.4.26 type\_str

```
std::string Storage::type_str
```

A string describing the type of the asset.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- header/Storage/Storage.h
- source/Storage/Storage.cpp

# 4.23 StorageInputs Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Storage constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input.

```
#include <Storage.h>
```

#### **Public Attributes**

bool print flag = false

A flag which indicates whether or not object construct/destruction should be verbose.

• bool is sunk = false

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset should be considered a sunk cost (i.e., capital cost incurred at the start of the model, or no).

• double power\_capacity\_kW = 100

The rated power capacity [kW] of the asset.

• double energy\_capacity\_kWh = 1000

The rated energy capacity [kWh] of the asset.

double nominal inflation annual = 0.02

The nominal, annual inflation rate to use in computing model economics.

double nominal discount annual = 0.04

The nominal, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

## 4.23.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Storage constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input.

## 4.23.2 Member Data Documentation

## 4.23.2.1 energy\_capacity\_kWh

```
double StorageInputs::energy_capacity_kWh = 1000
```

The rated energy capacity [kWh] of the asset.

## 4.23.2.2 is\_sunk

```
bool StorageInputs::is_sunk = false
```

A boolean which indicates whether or not the asset should be considered a sunk cost (i.e., capital cost incurred at the start of the model, or no).

## 4.23.2.3 nominal\_discount\_annual

```
double StorageInputs::nominal_discount_annual = 0.04
```

The nominal, annual discount rate to use in computing model economics.

## 4.23.2.4 nominal\_inflation\_annual

```
double StorageInputs::nominal_inflation_annual = 0.02
```

The nominal, annual inflation rate to use in computing model economics.

## 4.23.2.5 power\_capacity\_kW

```
double StorageInputs::power_capacity_kW = 100
```

The rated power capacity [kW] of the asset.

## 4.23.2.6 print\_flag

```
bool StorageInputs::print_flag = false
```

A flag which indicates whether or not object construct/destruction should be verbose.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• header/Storage/Storage.h

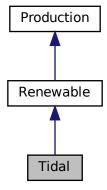
4.24 Tidal Class Reference 179

# 4.24 Tidal Class Reference

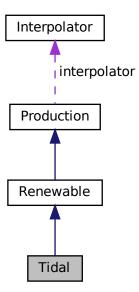
A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models tidal production.

#include <Tidal.h>

Inheritance diagram for Tidal:



Collaboration diagram for Tidal:



#### **Public Member Functions**

Tidal (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the Tidal class.

• Tidal (int, double, TidalInputs)

Constructor (intended) for the Tidal class.

void handleReplacement (int)

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

• double computeProductionkW (int, double, double)

Method which takes in the tidal resource at a particular point in time, and then returns the tidal turbine production at that point in time.

• double commit (int, double, double, double)

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

∼Tidal (void)

Destructor for the Tidal class.

#### **Public Attributes**

· double design speed ms

The tidal stream speed [m/s] at which the tidal turbine achieves its rated capacity.

TidalPowerProductionModel power\_model

The tidal power production model to be applied.

std::string power model string

A string describing the active power production model.

#### **Private Member Functions**

void checkInputs (TidalInputs)

Helper method to check inputs to the Tidal constructor.

double <u>getGenericCapitalCost</u> (void)

Helper method to generate a generic tidal turbine capital cost.

double <u>getGenericOpMaintCost</u> (void)

Helper method to generate a generic tidal turbine operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy produced.

• double <u>computeCubicProductionkW</u> (int, double, double)

Helper method to compute tidal turbine production under a cubic production model.

• double computeExponentialProductionkW (int, double, double)

Helper method to compute tidal turbine production under an exponential production model.

double <u>computeLookupProductionkW</u> (int, double, double)

Helper method to compute tidal turbine production by way of looking up using given power curve data.

void <u>writeSummary</u> (std::string)

Helper method to write summary results for Tidal.

void \_\_writeTimeSeries (std::string, std::vector< double >> \*, std::map< int, std::vector< double >> \*, std
 ::map< int, std::vector< std::vector< double >>> \*, int=-1)

Helper method to write time series results for Tidal.

## 4.24.1 Detailed Description

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models tidal production.

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## 4.24.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 4.24.2.1 Tidal() [1/2]

```
Tidal::Tidal ( void )
```

Constructor (dummy) for the Tidal class.

## 4.24.2.2 Tidal() [2/2]

```
Tidal::Tidal (
          int n_points,
          double n_years,
          TidalInputs tidal_inputs )
```

Constructor (intended) for the Tidal class.

#### **Parameters**

n_points	The number of points in the modelling time series.
n_years	The number of years being modelled.
tidal_inputs	A structure of Tidal constructor inputs.

```
457
458 Renewable(
459
         n_points,
460
         n vears,
461
         tidal_inputs.renewable_inputs
462)
463 {
464
         // 1. check inputs
465
466
         this->__checkInputs(tidal_inputs);
         // 2. set attributes
this->type = RenewableType :: TIDAL;
this->type_str = "TIDAL";
467
468
469
470
471
472
         this->resource_key = tidal_inputs.resource_key;
473
         this->design_speed_ms = tidal_inputs.design_speed_ms;
474
475
         this->power_model = tidal_inputs.power_model;
476
477
         switch (this->power_model) {
              case (TidalPowerProductionModel :: TIDAL_POWER_CUBIC): {
    this->power_model_string = "CUBIC";
478
479
480
481
                   break;
482
              }
483
              case (TidalPowerProductionModel :: TIDAL_POWER_EXPONENTIAL): {
    this->power_model_string = "EXPONENTIAL";
484
485
486
487
                   break;
488
489
490
              case (TidalPowerProductionModel :: TIDAL_POWER_LOOKUP): {
```

```
this->power_model_string = "LOOKUP";
491
492
493
                 break;
             }
494
495
496
             default: {
497
                 std::string error_str = "ERROR: Tidal(): ";
                 error_str += "power production model ";
error_str += std::to_string(this->power_model);
error_str += " not recognized";
498
499
500
501
                 #ifdef _WIN32
502
503
                      std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
504
505
506
                 throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
507
508
                 break;
             }
509
510
        }
511
512
        if (tidal_inputs.capital_cost < 0) {</pre>
             this->capital_cost = this->__getGenericCapitalCost();
513
514
515
516
        if (tidal_inputs.operation_maintenance_cost_kWh < 0) {</pre>
517
             this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = this->__getGenericOpMaintCost();
518
519
         if (not this->is_sunk) {
520
521
             this->capital_cost_vec[0] = this->capital_cost;
522
523
524
         // 3. construction print
        if (this->print_flag) {
    std::cout « "Tidal object constructed at " « this « std::endl;
525
526
527
529
         return;
530 }
        /* Renewable() */
```

### 4.24.2.3 ∼Tidal()

```
Tidal::~Tidal ( void )
```

## Destructor for the Tidal class.

## 4.24.3 Member Function Documentation

## 4.24.3.1 checkInputs()

Helper method to check inputs to the Tidal constructor.

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```
38
         // 1. check design_speed_ms
         if (tidal_inputs.design_speed_ms <= 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Tidal(): ";
    error_str += "TidalInputs::design_speed_ms must be > 0";
39
40
41
42
43
              #ifdef _WIN32
                   std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
45
              #endif
46
47
              throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
        }
48
49
50
         return;
       /* __checkInputs() */
```

## 4.24.3.2 \_\_computeCubicProductionkW()

Helper method to compute tidal turbine production under a cubic production model.

Ref: Buckham et al. [2023]

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
tidal_resource_ms	The available tidal stream resource [m/s].

### Returns

The production [kW] of the tidal turbine, under a cubic model.

```
138 {
139
         double production = 0;
140
141
             tidal_resource_ms < 0.15 * this->design_speed_ms or tidal_resource_ms > 1.25 * this->design_speed_ms
142
143
144
         ) {
145
             production = 0;
146
147
         else if (
   0.15 * this->design_speed_ms <= tidal_resource_ms and</pre>
148
149
             tidal_resource_ms <= this->design_speed_ms
150
151
152
             production =
153
                  (1 / pow(this->design_speed_ms, 3)) * pow(tidal_resource_ms, 3);
154
        }
155
156
         else {
             production = 1;
157
158
159
160
         return production * this->capacity_kW;
161 }
        /* __computeCubicProductionkW() */
```

## 4.24.3.3 \_\_computeExponentialProductionkW()

Helper method to compute tidal turbine production under an exponential production model.

Ref: Truelove et al. [2019]

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
tidal_resource_ms	The available tidal stream resource [m/s].

#### Returns

The production [kW] of the tidal turbine, under an exponential model.

```
195 {
196
         double production = 0;
197
198
         double turbine_speed =
              (tidal_resource_ms - this->design_speed_ms) / this->design_speed_ms;
199
200
201
         if (turbine_speed < -0.71 or turbine_speed > 0.65) {
             production = 0;
203
204
        else if (turbine_speed >= -0.71 and turbine_speed <= 0) {
    production = 1.69215 * exp(1.25909 * turbine_speed) - 0.69215;</pre>
205
206
207
208
209
         else {
210
             production = 1;
211
212
         return production * this->capacity_kW;
213
        /* __computeExponentialProductionkW() */
```

## 4.24.3.4 computeLookupProductionkW()

Helper method to compute tidal turbine production by way of looking up using given power curve data.

### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
tidal_resource_ms	The available tidal stream resource [m/s].

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#### Returns

The interpolated production [kW] of the tidal tubrine.

### 4.24.3.5 \_\_getGenericCapitalCost()

Helper method to generate a generic tidal turbine capital cost.

Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

Ref: MacDougall [2019]

#### Returns

A generic capital cost for the tidal turbine [CAD].

```
73 {
74          double capital_cost_per_kW = 2000 * pow(this->capacity_kW, -0.15) + 4000;
75          return capital_cost_per_kW * this->capacity_kW;
77 } /* __getGenericCapitalCost() */
```

### 4.24.3.6 \_\_getGenericOpMaintCost()

Helper method to generate a generic tidal turbine operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy produced.

Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

Ref: MacDougall [2019]

## Returns

A generic operation and maintenance cost, per unit energy produced, for the tidal turbine [CAD/kWh].

```
100 {
101          double operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = 0.05 * pow(this->capacity_kW, -0.2) + 0.05;
102
103          return operation_maintenance_cost_kWh;
104 } /* __getGenericOpMaintCost() */
```

## 4.24.3.7 writeSummary()

Helper method to write summary results for Tidal.

#### **Parameters**

write path

A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.

### Reimplemented from Renewable.

```
268 {
269
         // 1. create filestream
270
        write_path += "summary_results.md";
271
        std::ofstream ofs;
272
        ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
273
274
        // 2. write summary results (markdown)
        ofs « "# ";
275
        ofs « std::to_string(int(ceil(this->capacity_kW)));
ofs « " kW TIDAL Summary Results\n";
276
277
        ofs « "n----nn";
278
279
280
        // 2.1. Production attributes
        ofs « "## Production Attributes\n";
281
        ofs « "\n";
282
283
284
        ofs « "Capacity: " « this->capacity_kW « "kW \n";
285
        ofs « "\n";
286
        ofs \ll "Sunk Cost (N = 0 / Y = 1): " \ll this->is_sunk \ll " \n"; ofs \ll "Capital Cost: " \ll this->capital_cost \ll " \n";
287
288
        ofs « "Operation and Maintenance Cost: " « this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh
289
290
            « " per kWh produced \n";
291
        ofs « "Nominal Inflation Rate (annual): " « this->nominal_inflation_annual
            « " \n";
292
293
        ofs « "Nominal Discount Rate (annual): " « this->nominal_discount_annual
294
                  \n";
        ofs « "Real Discount Rate (annual): " « this->real_discount_annual « " \n";
295
296
        ofs « "\n";
297
298
        ofs « "Replacement Running Hours: " « this->replace_running_hrs « " \n";
        ofs « "\n----\n\n";
299
300
301
           2.2. Renewable attributes
302
        ofs « "## Renewable Attributes\n";
303
        ofs « "\n";
304
        ofs « "Resource Key (1D): " « this->resource_key « " \n";
305
306
307
        ofs « "n----nn";
308
309
        // 2.3. Tidal attributes
        ofs « "## Tidal Attributes\n"; ofs « "\n";
310
311
312
313
        ofs « "Power Production Model: " « this->power_model_string « " \n";
        ofs « "Design Speed: " « this->design_speed_ms « " m/s \n";
314
315
316
        ofs « "n----nn";
317
        // 2.4. Tidal Results
ofs « "## Results\n";
318
319
        ofs « "\n";
320
321
322
        ofs « "Net Present Cost: " « this->net_present_cost « " \n";
        ofs « "\n";
323
324
325
        ofs « "Total Dispatch: " « this->total_dispatch_kWh
             « " kWh \n";
326
327
328
        ofs « "Levellized Cost of Energy: " « this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh
            « " per kWh dispatched \n";
329
        ofs « "\n";
330
331
        ofs « "Running Hours: " « this->running_hours « " \n"; ofs « "Replacements: " « this->n_replacements « " \n";
332
333
334
335
        ofs « "\n----\n\n";
336
        ofs.close();
337
338
        return;
340 }
        /* __writeSummary() */
```

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### 4.24.3.8 \_\_writeTimeSeries()

```
void Tidal::__writeTimeSeries (
    std::string write_path,
    std::vector< double > * time_vec_hrs_ptr,
    std::map< int, std::vector< double >> * resource_map_1D_ptr,
    std::map< int, std::vector< std::vector< double >>> * resource_map_2D_ptr,
    int max_lines = -1 ) [private], [virtual]
```

Helper method to write time series results for Tidal.

#### **Parameters**

write_path	A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.
time_vec_hrs_ptr	A pointer to the time_vec_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.
resource_map_1D_ptr	A pointer to the 1D map of Resources.
resource_map_2D_ptr	A pointer to the 2D map of Resources.
max_lines	The maximum number of lines of output to write.

### Reimplemented from Renewable.

```
378 {
379
             1. create filestream
         write_path += "time_series_results.csv";
380
         std::ofstream ofs;
381
382
         ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
384
         // 2. write time series results (comma separated value)
         ofs « "Time (since start of data) [hrs],";
ofs « "Tidal Resource [m/s],";
385
386
         ofs « "Production [kW], ";
387
         ofs « "Dispatch [kW], ";
388
389
         ofs « "Storage [kW],";
         ofs « "Curtailment [kW],";
390
         ofs « "Capital Cost (actual),"; ofs « "Operation and Maintenance Cost (actual),"; ofs « "\n";
391
392
393
394
         for (int i = 0; i < max_lines; i++) {
    ofs « time_vec_hrs_ptr->at(i) « ",";
395
396
              ofs « resource_map_lD_ptr->at(this->resource_key)[i] « ","; ofs « this->production_vec_kW[i] « ",";
397
398
             ofs « this->dispatch_vec_kW[i] « ",";
ofs « this->storage_vec_kW[i] « ",";
399
400
401
              ofs « this->curtailment_vec_kW[i] « ",";
402
              ofs « this->capital_cost_vec[i] « ",";
403
              ofs « this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i] « ",";
              ofs « "\n";
404
         }
405
406
407
         return;
408 }
         /* __writeTimeSeries() */
```

#### 4.24.3.9 commit()

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

## **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
production_kW	The production [kW] of the asset in this timestep.
load_kW	The load [kW] passed to the asset in this timestep.

## Returns

The load [kW] remaining after the dispatch is deducted from it.

## Reimplemented from Renewable.

```
682 {
           // 1. invoke base class method
load_kW = Renewable :: commit(
683
684
685
                 timestep,
                 dt_hrs,
production_kW,
load_kW
686
687
688
689
           );
690
691
692
693
          return load_kW;
/* commit() */
694
695 }
```

## 4.24.3.10 computeProductionkW()

Method which takes in the tidal resource at a particular point in time, and then returns the tidal turbine production at that point in time.

## Parameters

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
tidal_resource_ms	Tidal resource (i.e. tidal stream speed) [m/s].

#### Returns

The production [kW] of the tidal turbine.

### Reimplemented from Renewable.

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```
596
597
        switch (this->power_model) {
             case (TidalPowerProductionModel :: TIDAL_POWER_CUBIC): {
598
                production_kW = this->__computeCubicProductionkW(
599
600
                     timestep,
601
                     dt hrs.
                     tidal_resource_ms
602
603
                );
604
605
                break;
            }
606
607
608
609
            case (TidalPowerProductionModel :: TIDAL_POWER_EXPONENTIAL): {
610
                production_kW = this->__computeExponentialProductionkW(
611
                     timestep,
612
                     dt_hrs,
613
                     tidal_resource_ms
614
                );
615
616
                break;
            }
617
618
            case (TidalPowerProductionModel :: TIDAL_POWER_LOOKUP): {
619
                production_kW = this->__computeLookupProductionkW(
620
621
                    timestep,
622
                     dt_hrs,
623
                     tidal_resource_ms
                );
624
625
626
                break:
627
            }
628
629
            default: {
                 std::string error_str = "ERROR: Tidal::computeProductionkW(): ";
error_str += "power model ";
error_str += std::to_string(this->power_model);
630
631
632
633
                error_str += " not recognized";
634
635
                 #ifdef _WIN32
636
                     std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
                 #endif
637
638
639
                 throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
640
641
                 break;
642
            }
643
        }
644
645
        return production kW:
646 }
       /* computeProductionkW() */
```

## 4.24.3.11 handleReplacement()

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

#### **Parameters**

*timestep* The current time step of the Model run.

## Reimplemented from Renewable.

## 4.24.4 Member Data Documentation

## 4.24.4.1 design\_speed\_ms

```
double Tidal::design_speed_ms
```

The tidal stream speed [m/s] at which the tidal turbine achieves its rated capacity.

#### 4.24.4.2 power\_model

```
TidalPowerProductionModel Tidal::power_model
```

The tidal power production model to be applied.

## 4.24.4.3 power\_model\_string

```
std::string Tidal::power_model_string
```

A string describing the active power production model.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

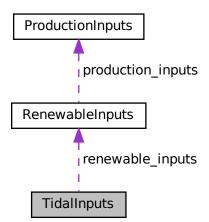
- · header/Production/Renewable/Tidal.h
- source/Production/Renewable/Tidal.cpp

# 4.25 TidalInputs Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Tidal constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

```
#include <Tidal.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for TidalInputs:



#### **Public Attributes**

· RenewableInputs renewable\_inputs

An encapsulated RenewableInputs instance.

• int resource\_key = 0

A key used to index into the Resources object, to associate this asset with the appropriate resource time series.

• double capital\_cost = -1

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

• double operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh = -1

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

• double design\_speed\_ms = 3

The tidal stream speed [m/s] at which the tidal turbine achieves its rated capacity.

TidalPowerProductionModel power model = TidalPowerProductionModel :: TIDAL POWER CUBIC

The tidal power production model to be applied.

## 4.25.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Tidal constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

### 4.25.2 Member Data Documentation

### 4.25.2.1 capital\_cost

```
double TidalInputs::capital_cost = -1
```

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

## 4.25.2.2 design\_speed\_ms

```
double TidalInputs::design_speed_ms = 3
```

The tidal stream speed [m/s] at which the tidal turbine achieves its rated capacity.

## 4.25.2.3 operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

```
double TidalInputs::operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = -1
```

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

## 4.25.2.4 power\_model

```
TidalPowerProductionModel TidalInputs::power_model = TidalPowerProductionModel :: TIDAL_POWER_CUBIC
```

The tidal power production model to be applied.

### 4.25.2.5 renewable\_inputs

RenewableInputs TidalInputs::renewable\_inputs

An encapsulated RenewableInputs instance.

## 4.25.2.6 resource\_key

```
int TidalInputs::resource_key = 0
```

A key used to index into the Resources object, to associate this asset with the appropriate resource time series.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• header/Production/Renewable/Tidal.h

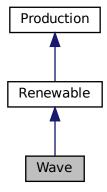
4.26 Wave Class Reference 193

## 4.26 Wave Class Reference

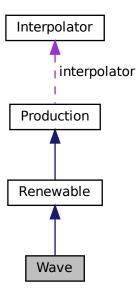
A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models wave production.

#include <Wave.h>

Inheritance diagram for Wave:



Collaboration diagram for Wave:



#### **Public Member Functions**

· Wave (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the Wave class.

• Wave (int, double, WaveInputs)

Constructor (intended) for the Wave class.

· void handleReplacement (int)

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

• double computeProductionkW (int, double, double, double)

Method which takes in the wave resource at a particular point in time, and then returns the wave turbine production at that point in time.

• double commit (int, double, double, double)

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

∼Wave (void)

Destructor for the Wave class.

#### **Public Attributes**

· double design significant wave height m

The significant wave height [m] at which the wave energy converter achieves its rated capacity.

double design\_energy\_period\_s

The energy period [s] at which the wave energy converter achieves its rated capacity.

WavePowerProductionModel power\_model

The wave power production model to be applied.

std::string power\_model\_string

A string describing the active power production model.

## **Private Member Functions**

void checkInputs (WaveInputs)

Helper method to check inputs to the Wave constructor.

double getGenericCapitalCost (void)

Helper method to generate a generic wave energy converter capital cost.

double getGenericOpMaintCost (void)

Helper method to generate a generic wave energy converter operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy produced.

• double computeGaussianProductionkW (int, double, double, double)

Helper method to compute wave energy converter production under a Gaussian production model.

double \_\_computeParaboloidProductionkW (int, double, double, double)

Helper method to compute wave energy converter production under a paraboloid production model.

double <u>computeLookupProductionkW</u> (int, double, double, double)

Helper method to compute wave energy converter production by way of looking up using given performance matrix.

void <u>writeSummary</u> (std::string)

Helper method to write summary results for Wave.

void \_\_writeTimeSeries (std::string, std::vector< double >> \*, std::map< int, std::vector< double >> \*, std
 ::map< int, std::vector< std::vector< double >>> \*, int=-1)

Helper method to write time series results for Wave.

4.26 Wave Class Reference 195

## 4.26.1 Detailed Description

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models wave production.

## 4.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## 4.26.2.1 Wave() [1/2]

Constructor (dummy) for the Wave class.

### 4.26.2.2 Wave() [2/2]

```
Wave::Wave (
          int n_points,
          double n_years,
          WaveInputs wave_inputs)
```

Constructor (intended) for the Wave class.

### **Parameters**

n_points	The number of points in the modelling time series.
n_years	The number of years being modelled.
wave_inputs	A structure of Wave constructor inputs.

```
510
511 Renewable(
       n_points,
513
         wave_inputs.renewable_inputs
514
515 )
516 {
517
         // 1. check inputs
518
         this->__checkInputs(wave_inputs);
519
         // 2. set attributes
this->type = RenewableType :: WAVE;
this->type_str = "WAVE";
520
521
522
523
524
         this->resource_key = wave_inputs.resource_key;
525
526
         this->design_significant_wave_height_m =
              wave_inputs.design_significant_wave_height_m;
527
528
         this->design_energy_period_s = wave_inputs.design_energy_period_s;
529
530
         this->power_model = wave_inputs.power_model;
531
532
         switch (this->power_model) {
              case (WavePowerProductionModel :: WAVE_POWER_GAUSSIAN): {
    this->power_model_string = "GAUSSIAN";
533
534
```

```
535
536
                   break;
537
              }
538
              case (WavePowerProductionModel :: WAVE_POWER_PARABOLOID): {
    this->power_model_string = "PARABOLOID";
539
540
541
542
543
              }
544
              case (WavePowerProductionModel :: WAVE_POWER_LOOKUP): {
    this->power_model_string = "LOOKUP";
545
546
547
548
549
              }
550
551
              default: (
                   aut: {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Wave(): ";
    error_str += "power production model ";
    error_str += std::to_string(this->power_model);
    error_str += " not recognized";
552
553
554
555
556
                   #ifdef _WIN32
557
558
                        std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
559
                    #endif
560
561
                    throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
562
563
                    break;
               }
564
565
         }
566
567
         if (wave_inputs.capital_cost < 0) {</pre>
568
               this->capital_cost = this->__getGenericCapitalCost();
569
570
571
          if (wave_inputs.operation_maintenance_cost_kWh < 0) {</pre>
572
               this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = this->__getGenericOpMaintCost();
573
574
575
          if (not this->is_sunk) {
               this->capital_cost_vec[0] = this->capital_cost;
576
577
578
579
          // 3. construction print
580
          if (this->print_flag) {
581
               std::cout « "Wave object constructed at " « this « std::endl;
582
583
584
          return:
         /* Renewable() */
585 }
```

## 4.26.2.3 ∼Wave()

### 4.26.3 Member Function Documentation

4.26 Wave Class Reference 197

## 4.26.3.1 \_\_checkInputs()

Helper method to check inputs to the Wave constructor.

#### **Parameters**

wave\_inputs | A structure of Wave constructor inputs.

```
39 {
40
         // 1. check design_significant_wave_height_m
         if (wave_inputs.design_significant_wave_height_m <= 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Wave(): ";
    error_str += "WaveInputs::design_significant_wave_height_m must be > 0";
41
42
43
44
              #ifdef WIN32
45
46
                    std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
48
49
              throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
50
51
52
        // 2. check design_energy_period_s
         if (wave_inputs.design_energy_period_s <= 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Wave(): ";
    error_str += "WaveInputs::design_energy_period_s must be > 0";
54
55
56
              #ifdef WIN32
57
58
                    std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
60
61
              throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
62
63
         return;
64
        /* __checkInputs() */
```

#### 4.26.3.2 computeGaussianProductionkW()

```
double Wave::__computeGaussianProductionkW (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    double significant_wave_height_m,
    double energy_period_s ) [private]
```

Helper method to compute wave energy converter production under a Gaussian production model.

#### Ref: Truelove et al. [2019]

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
significant_wave_height↔ _m	The significant wave height [m] in the vicinity of the wave energy converter.
energy_period_s	The energy period [s] in the vicinity of the wave energy converter

#### Returns

The production [kW] of the wave energy converter, under an exponential model.

```
160 {
161
         double H s nondim =
162
              (significant_wave_height_m - this->design_significant_wave_height_m) /
163
              this->design_significant_wave_height_m;
164
165
         double T_e_nondim =
166
              (energy_period_s - this->design_energy_period_s) /
167
              this->design_energy_period_s;
168
         double production = exp(
169
              -2.25119 * pow(T_e_nondim, 2) + 3.44570 * T_e_nondim * H_s_nondim -
171
              4.01508 * pow(H_s_nondim, 2)
172
173
         );
174
        return production * this->capacity_kW;
/* __computeGaussianProductionkW() */
175
```

#### 4.26.3.3 \_\_computeLookupProductionkW()

```
double Wave::__computeLookupProductionkW (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    double significant_wave_height_m,
    double energy_period_s ) [private]
```

Helper method to compute wave energy converter production by way of looking up using given performance matrix.

#### Parameters

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
significant_wave_height⊷ _m	The significant wave height [m] in the vicinity of the wave energy converter.
energy_period_s	The energy period [s] in the vicinity of the wave energy converter

#### Returns

The interpolated production [kW] of the wave energy converter.

#### 4.26.3.4 \_\_computeParaboloidProductionkW()

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Helper method to compute wave energy converter production under a paraboloid production model.

Ref: Robertson et al. [2021]

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
significant_wave_height↔ _m	The significant wave height [m] in the vicinity of the wave energy converter.
energy_period_s	The energy period [s] in the vicinity of the wave energy converter

#### Returns

The production [kW] of the wave energy converter, under a paraboloid model.

```
217 {
218
        // first, check for idealized wave breaking (deep water)
219
        if (significant_wave_height_m >= 0.2184 * pow(energy_period_s, 2)) {
220
            return 0;
221
222
223
        \ensuremath{//} otherwise, apply generic quadratic performance model
        // (with outputs bounded to [0, 1])
224
225
        double production =
226
           0.289 * significant_wave_height_m -
227
            0.00111 * pow(significant_wave_height_m, 2) * energy_period_s -
228
            0.0169 * energy_period_s;
229
        if (production < 0) {
   production = 0;</pre>
230
231
232
        }
233
234
        else if (production > 1) {
       production = 1;
235
236
237
238
        return production * this->capacity_kW;
239 }
        /* __computeParaboloidProductionkW() */
```

## 4.26.3.5 \_\_getGenericCapitalCost()

Helper method to generate a generic wave energy converter capital cost.

Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

Ref: MacDougall [2019]

#### Returns

A generic capital cost for the wave energy converter [CAD].

```
87 {
88          double capital_cost_per_kW = 7000 * pow(this->capacity_kW, -0.15) + 5000;
89
90          return capital_cost_per_kW * this->capacity_kW;
91 } /* __getGenericCapitalCost() */
```

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#### 4.26.3.6 \_\_getGenericOpMaintCost()

Helper method to generate a generic wave energy converter operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy produced.

Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

Ref: MacDougall [2019]

#### Returns

A generic operation and maintenance cost, per unit energy produced, for the wave energy converter [CAD/k←Wh].

```
115 {
116          double operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = 0.05 * pow(this->capacity_kW, -0.2) + 0.05;
117
118          return operation_maintenance_cost_kWh;
119 } /* __getGenericOpMaintCost() */
```

## 4.26.3.7 \_\_writeSummary()

Helper method to write summary results for Wave.

#### **Parameters**

write\_path

A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.

#### Reimplemented from Renewable.

```
// 1. create filestream
write_path += "summary_results.md";
300
301
302
          std::ofstream ofs;
303
          ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
304
305
             2. write summary results (markdown)
306
          ofs « "# ";
          ofs « std::to_string(int(ceil(this->capacity_kW)));
ofs « " kW WAVE Summary Results\n";
307
308
          ofs « "\n----\n\n";
309
310
311
          // 2.1. Production attributes
312
          ofs « "## Production Attributes\n";
313
          ofs « "\n";
314
          ofs « "Capacity: " « this->capacity_kW « "kW \n";
315
          ofs « "\n";
316
317
          ofs w "Sunk Cost (N = 0 / Y = 1): " w this->is_sunk w " \n"; ofs w "Capital Cost: " w this->capital_cost w " \n"; ofs w "Operation and Maintenance Cost: " w this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh
318
319
320
         « " per kWh produced \n";
ofs « "Nominal Inflation Rate (annual): " « this->nominal_inflation_annual
321
322
323
                     \n";
          ofs « "Nominal Discount Rate (annual): " « this->nominal_discount_annual
```

```
325
            « " \n";
        ofs « "Real Discount Rate (annual): " « this->real_discount_annual « " \n";
326
327
        ofs « "\n";
328
        ofs « "Replacement Running Hours: " « this->replace_running_hrs « " \n";
329
        ofs « "\n----\n\n";
330
331
332
        // 2.2. Renewable attributes
333
        ofs « "## Renewable Attributes\n";
        ofs « "\n";
334
335
        ofs « "Resource Key (2D): " « this->resource_key « " \n";
336
337
338
        ofs « "n----nn";
339
        // 2.3. Wave attributes
ofs « "## Wave Attributes\n";
340
341
        ofs « "\n";
342
343
344
        ofs « "Power Production Model: " « this->power_model_string « " \n";
345
        switch (this->power_model) {
346
            case (WavePowerProductionModel :: WAVE_POWER_GAUSSIAN): {
                ofs « "Design Significant Wave Height:
347
                     \mbox{\tt w} this->design_significant_wave_height_m \mbox{\tt w} m \mbox{\tt n"};
348
349
350
                ofs « "Design Energy Period: " « this->design_energy_period_s « " s \n";
351
352
                 break;
353
            }
354
355
            case (WavePowerProductionModel :: WAVE POWER LOOKUP): {
356
357
358
                 break;
359
            }
360
361
            default: {
362
                 // write nothing!
363
364
                 break;
365
             }
        }
366
367
        ofs « "\n-----\n\n";
368
369
370
        // 2.4. Wave Results
        ofs « "## Results\n";
ofs « "\n";
371
372
373
374
        ofs « "Net Present Cost: " « this->net_present_cost « " \n";
375
        ofs « "\n";
376
377
        ofs « "Total Dispatch: " « this->total_dispatch_kWh
378
            « " kWh \n";
379
        ofs « "Levellized Cost of Energy: " « this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh
380
            « " per kWh dispatched \n";
381
382
        ofs « "\n";
383
        ofs « "Running Hours: " « this->running_hours « " \n"; ofs « "Replacements: " « this->n_replacements « " \n";
384
385
386
387
        ofs « "n----nn";
388
389
        ofs.close();
390
391
        return;
        /* __writeSummary() */
392 }
```

#### 4.26.3.8 \_\_writeTimeSeries()

Helper method to write time series results for Wave.

#### **Parameters**

write_path	A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.
time_vec_hrs_ptr	A pointer to the time_vec_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.
resource_map_1D_ptr	A pointer to the 1D map of Resources.
resource_map_2D_ptr	A pointer to the 2D map of Resources.
max_lines	The maximum number of lines of output to write.

#### Reimplemented from Renewable.

```
430 {
431
         // 1. create filestream
432
        write_path += "time_series_results.csv";
433
        std::ofstream ofs;
434
        ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
435
436
            2. write time series results (comma separated value)
437
        ofs « "Time (since start of data) [hrs],";
        ofs « "Significant Wave Height [m],";
438
        ofs « "Energy Period [s],";
439
        ofs \ll "Production [kW],";
440
        ofs « "Dispatch [kW],";
ofs « "Storage [kW],";
441
442
443
        ofs « "Curtailment [kW],";
444
        ofs « "Capital Cost (actual),";
        ofs « "Operation and Maintenance Cost (actual),"; ofs « "\n";
445
446
447
        for (int i = 0; i < max_lines; i++) {
    ofs « time_vec_hrs_ptr->at(i) « ",";
448
450
            ofs « resource_map_2D_ptr->at(this->resource_key)[i][0] « ",";
            451
452
453
454
            ofs « this->curtailment_vec_kW[i] « ",";
ofs « this->capital_cost_vec[i] « ",";
455
            ofs « this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i] « ","; ofs « "\n";
457
458
459
460
        return;
461
        /* __writeTimeSeries() */
```

## 4.26.3.9 commit()

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
production_kW	The production [kW] of the asset in this timestep.
load_kW	The load [kW] passed to the asset in this timestep.

#### Returns

The load [kW] remaining after the dispatch is deducted from it.

#### Reimplemented from Renewable.

```
743 {
744
        // 1. invoke base class method
        load_kW = Renewable :: commit(
745
746
            timestep,
747
            dt_hrs,
748
            production_kW,
749
            load_kW
750
       );
751
752
753
754
755
        return load_kW;
       /* commit() */
756 }
```

#### 4.26.3.10 computeProductionkW()

```
double Wave::computeProductionkW (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    double significant_wave_height_m,
    double energy_period_s ) [virtual]
```

Method which takes in the wave resource at a particular point in time, and then returns the wave turbine production at that point in time.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
signficiant_wave_height↔	The significant wave height (wave statistic) [m].
_	The energy period (ways statistic) [a]
_m energy_period_s	The energy period (wave statistic) [s].

#### Returns

The production [kW] of the wave turbine.

#### Reimplemented from Renewable.

```
647 {
         // check if no resource
648
649
        if (significant_wave_height_m <= 0 or energy_period_s <= 0) {
650
             return 0;
651
652
653
        // compute production
654
        double production_kW = 0;
655
        switch (this->power_model) {
    case (WavePowerProductionModel :: WAVE_POWER_PARABOLOID): {
656
657
                production_kW = this->__computeParaboloidProductionkW(
658
659
                     timestep,
660
                     dt_hrs,
                      significant_wave_height_m,
661
662
                     energy_period_s
                 );
663
664
```

```
665
                 break;
666
667
            case (WavePowerProductionModel :: WAVE_POWER_GAUSSIAN): {
668
669
                 production_kW = this->__computeGaussianProductionkW(
670
                     timestep,
671
                     dt_hrs,
672
                     significant_wave_height_m,
673
                     energy_period_s
674
                 );
675
676
                 break:
            }
678
679
             case (WavePowerProductionModel :: WAVE_POWER_LOOKUP): {
680
                 production_kW = this->__computeLookupProductionkW(
681
                     timestep,
682
                     dt hrs,
                     significant_wave_height_m,
683
                     energy_period_s
685
686
687
                 break;
688
            }
689
            default: {
691
                 std::string error_str = "ERROR: Wave::computeProductionkW(): ";
                 error_str += "power model ";
error_str += std::to_string(this->power_model);
error_str += " not recognized";
692
693
694
695
696
                 #ifdef _WIN32
697
                     std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
698
                 #endif
699
700
                 throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
701
702
                 break;
703
            }
704
        }
705
        return production_kW;
706
707 }
        /* computeProductionkW() */
```

#### 4.26.3.11 handleReplacement()

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

#### **Parameters**

timestep The current time step of the Model run.

## Reimplemented from Renewable.

## 4.26.4 Member Data Documentation

# 4.26.4.1 design\_energy\_period\_s

```
double Wave::design_energy_period_s
```

The energy period [s] at which the wave energy converter achieves its rated capacity.

#### 4.26.4.2 design\_significant\_wave\_height\_m

```
double Wave::design_significant_wave_height_m
```

The significant wave height [m] at which the wave energy converter achieves its rated capacity.

## 4.26.4.3 power\_model

WavePowerProductionModel Wave::power\_model

The wave power production model to be applied.

## 4.26.4.4 power\_model\_string

```
std::string Wave::power_model_string
```

A string describing the active power production model.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

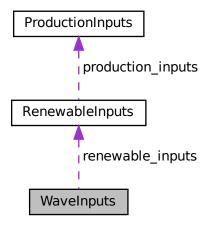
- header/Production/Renewable/Wave.h
- source/Production/Renewable/Wave.cpp

# 4.27 WaveInputs Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Wave constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

```
#include <Wave.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for WaveInputs:



#### **Public Attributes**

· RenewableInputs renewable inputs

An encapsulated RenewableInputs instance.

• int resource\_key = 0

A key used to index into the Resources object, to associate this asset with the appropriate resource time series.

double capital cost = -1

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

double operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh = -1

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

• double design\_significant\_wave\_height\_m = 3

The significant wave height [m] at which the wave energy converter achieves its rated capacity.

• double design\_energy\_period\_s = 10

The energy period [s] at which the wave energy converter achieves its rated capacity.

 $\bullet \ \ Wave Power Production Model\ power\_model = Wave Power Production Model\ ::\ WAVE\_POWER\_PARABOLOID$ 

The wave power production model to be applied.

## 4.27.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Wave constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

#### 4.27.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.27.2.1 capital cost

```
double WaveInputs::capital_cost = -1
```

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

#### 4.27.2.2 design energy period s

```
double WaveInputs::design_energy_period_s = 10
```

The energy period [s] at which the wave energy converter achieves its rated capacity.

# 4.27.2.3 design\_significant\_wave\_height\_m

```
double WaveInputs::design_significant_wave_height_m = 3
```

The significant wave height [m] at which the wave energy converter achieves its rated capacity.

## 4.27.2.4 operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

```
double WaveInputs::operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = -1
```

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

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#### 4.27.2.5 power\_model

WavePowerProductionModel WaveInputs::power\_model = WavePowerProductionModel :: WAVE\_POWER\_PARABOLOID

The wave power production model to be applied.

#### 4.27.2.6 renewable\_inputs

RenewableInputs WaveInputs::renewable\_inputs

An encapsulated RenewableInputs instance.

#### 4.27.2.7 resource\_key

```
int WaveInputs::resource_key = 0
```

A key used to index into the Resources object, to associate this asset with the appropriate resource time series.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

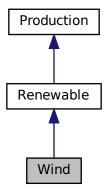
• header/Production/Renewable/Wave.h

# 4.28 Wind Class Reference

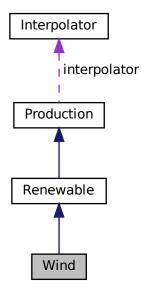
A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models wind production.

```
#include <Wind.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Wind:



Collaboration diagram for Wind:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Wind (void)

Constructor (dummy) for the Wind class.

• Wind (int, double, WindInputs)

Constructor (intended) for the Wind class.

void handleReplacement (int)

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

double computeProductionkW (int, double, double)

Method which takes in the wind resource at a particular point in time, and then returns the wind turbine production at that point in time.

• double commit (int, double, double, double)

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

∼Wind (void)

Destructor for the Wind class.

## **Public Attributes**

• double design\_speed\_ms

The wind speed [m/s] at which the wind turbine achieves its rated capacity.

· WindPowerProductionModel power model

The wind power production model to be applied.

• std::string power\_model\_string

A string describing the active power production model.

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#### **Private Member Functions**

void \_\_checkInputs (WindInputs)

Helper method to check inputs to the Wind constructor.

double <u>getGenericCapitalCost</u> (void)

Helper method to generate a generic wind turbine capital cost.

double <u>getGenericOpMaintCost</u> (void)

Helper method to generate a generic wind turbine operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy produced.

double <u>computeExponentialProductionkW</u> (int, double, double)

Helper method to compute wind turbine production under an exponential production model.

double <u>computeLookupProductionkW</u> (int, double, double)

Helper method to compute wind turbine production by way of looking up using given power curve data.

void writeSummary (std::string)

Helper method to write summary results for Wind.

void \_\_writeTimeSeries (std::string, std::vector< double >> \*, std::map< int, std::vector< double >> \*, std
 ::map< int, std::vector< double >>> \*, int=-1)

Helper method to write time series results for Wind.

## 4.28.1 Detailed Description

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models wind production.

## 4.28.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.28.2.1 Wind() [1/2]

```
Wind::Wind ( void )
```

Constructor (dummy) for the Wind class.

```
390 {
391    return;
392 } /* Wind() */
```

#### 4.28.2.2 Wind() [2/2]

```
Wind::Wind (
         int n_points,
         double n_years,
         WindInputs wind_inputs )
```

Constructor (intended) for the Wind class.

#### **Parameters**

n_points	The number of points in the modelling time series.
n_years	The number of years being modelled.
wind_inputs	A structure of Wind constructor inputs.

```
420
421 Renewable (
422
        n_points,
423
424
         wind_inputs.renewable_inputs
425)
426 {
427
         // 1. check inputs
428
         this->__checkInputs(wind_inputs);
429
430
         // 2. set attributes
         this->type = RenewableType :: WIND;
this->type_str = "WIND";
431
432
433
434
         this->resource_key = wind_inputs.resource_key;
435
436
         this->design_speed_ms = wind_inputs.design_speed_ms;
437
         this->power_model = wind_inputs.power_model;
438
439
440
         switch (this->power_model) {
             case (WindPowerProductionModel :: WIND_POWER_EXPONENTIAL): {
    this->power_model_string = "EXPONENTIAL";
441
442
443
444
                  break;
              }
445
446
              case (WindPowerProductionModel :: WIND_POWER_LOOKUP): {
    this->power_model_string = "LOOKUP";
447
448
449
450
                  break:
             }
451
452
             default: {
454
                 std::string error_str = "ERROR: Wind(): ";
                  error_str += "power production model ";
error_str += std::to_string(this->power_model);
error_str += " not recognized";
455
456
457
458
459
                  #ifdef _WIN32
460
                       std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
461
                  #endif
462
                  throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
463
464
465
                  break;
466
              }
467
         }
468
         if (wind_inputs.capital_cost < 0) {</pre>
469
470
              this->capital_cost = this->__getGenericCapitalCost();
471
472
473
         if (wind_inputs.operation_maintenance_cost_kWh < 0) {</pre>
474
              this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = this->__getGenericOpMaintCost();
475
         }
476
477
         if (not this->is_sunk) {
478
              this->capital_cost_vec[0] = this->capital_cost;
479
480
         // 3. construction print
481
482
         if (this->print_flag) {
    std::cout « "Wind object constructed at " « this « std::endl;
483
484
485
486
         return;
487 }
         /* Renewable() */
```

#### 4.28.2.3 ∼Wind()

```
Wind::~Wind (
void )
```

4.28 Wind Class Reference 213

Destructor for the Wind class.

#### 4.28.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.28.3.1 \_\_checkInputs()

Helper method to check inputs to the Wind constructor.

#### **Parameters**

```
wind_inputs A structure of Wind constructor inputs.
```

```
39 {
        // 1. check design_speed_ms
if (wind_inputs.design_speed_ms <= 0) {
    std::string error_str = "ERROR: Wind(): ";
}</pre>
40
41
42
43
            error_str += "WindInputs::design_speed_ms must be > 0";
44
45
             #ifdef _WIN32
                 std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
46
             #endif
47
48
49
             throw std::invalid_argument(error_str);
50
51
52
        return;
53 } /* __checkInputs() */
```

#### 4.28.3.2 \_\_computeExponentialProductionkW()

Helper method to compute wind turbine production under an exponential production model.

Ref: Truelove et al. [2019]

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
wind_resource_ms	The available wind resource [m/s].

#### Returns

The production [kW] of the wind turbine, under an exponential model.

```
140 {
        double production = 0;
141
142
143
        double turbine_speed = (wind_resource_ms - this->design_speed_ms) /
144
           this->design_speed_ms;
145
146
        if (turbine_speed < -0.76 or turbine_speed > 0.68) {
147
           production = 0;
148
149
150
        else if (turbine_speed >= -0.76 and turbine_speed <= 0) {</pre>
151
           production = 1.03273 * exp(-5.97588 * pow(turbine_speed, 2)) - 0.03273;
152
153
154
        else {
           production = 0.16154 * exp(-9.30254 * pow(turbine_speed, 2)) + 0.83846;
155
156
157
158
        return production * this->capacity_kW;
        /* __computeExponentialProductionkW() */
159 }
```

#### 4.28.3.3 \_\_computeLookupProductionkW()

Helper method to compute wind turbine production by way of looking up using given power curve data.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The current time step of the Model run.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the action.
wind_resource_ms	The available wind resource [m/s].

## Returns

The interpolated production [kW] of the wind turbine.

## 4.28.3.4 \_\_getGenericCapitalCost()

Helper method to generate a generic wind turbine capital cost.

This model was obtained by way of surveying an assortment of published wind turbine costs, and then constructing a best fit model. Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

4.28 Wind Class Reference 215

#### Returns

A generic capital cost for the wind turbine [CAD].

## 4.28.3.5 \_\_getGenericOpMaintCost()

Helper method to generate a generic wind turbine operation and maintenance cost. This is a cost incurred per unit energy produced.

This model was obtained by way of surveying an assortment of published wind turbine costs, and then constructing a best fit model. Note that this model expresses cost in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

#### Returns

A generic operation and maintenance cost, per unit energy produced, for the wind turbine [CAD/kWh].

```
102 {
103          double operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = 0.025 * pow(this->capacity_kW, -0.2) + 0.025;
104
105          return operation_maintenance_cost_kWh;
106 } /* __getGenericOpMaintCost() */
```

## 4.28.3.6 \_\_writeSummary()

Helper method to write summary results for Wind.

#### **Parameters**

write\_path

A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.

## Reimplemented from Renewable.

```
213 {
214
         // 1. create filestream
215
        write_path += "summary_results.md";
216
        std::ofstream ofs;
217
        ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
218
219
         // 2. write summary results (markdown)
220
        ofs « std::to_string(int(ceil(this->capacity_kW)));
ofs « " kW WIND Summary Results\n";
221
222
        ofs « "\n----\n\n";
223
224
225
        // 2.1. Production attributes
```

```
227
         ofs « "## Production Attributes\n";
228
        ofs « "\n";
229
         ofs « "Capacity: " « this->capacity_kW « "kW \n";
230
         ofs « "\n";
2.31
232
        ofs « "Sunk Cost (N = 0 / Y = 1): " « this->is_sunk « " \n"; ofs « "Capital Cost: " « this->capital_cost « " \n";
233
234
235
         ofs \mbox{\tt w} "Operation and Maintenance Cost: " \mbox{\tt w} this->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh
             « " per kWh produced \n";
236
         ofs « "Nominal Inflation Rate (annual): " « this->nominal_inflation_annual
237
238
                  \n";
239
         ofs « "Nominal Discount Rate (annual): " « this->nominal_discount_annual
240
                   \n";
241
         ofs « "Real Discount Rate (annual): " « this->real_discount_annual « " \n";
         ofs « "\n";
242
243
244
         ofs « "Replacement Running Hours: " « this->replace_running_hrs « " \n";
         ofs « "\n----\n\n";
245
246
         // 2.2. Renewable attributes
ofs « "## Renewable Attributes\n";
247
248
         ofs « "\n";
249
250
251
         ofs « "Resource Key (1D): " « this->resource_key « " \n";
252
253
         ofs « "\n----\n\n";
254
        // 2.3. Wind attributes
ofs « "## Wind Attributes\n";
2.5.5
256
         ofs « "\n";
257
258
259
         ofs « "Power Production Model: " « this->power_model_string « " \n";
260
         switch (this->power_model) {
             case (WindPowerProductionModel :: WIND_POWER_EXPONENTIAL): {
   ofs « "Design Speed: " « this->design_speed_ms « " m/s
2.61
262
263
264
265
             }
266
267
             case (WindPowerProductionModel :: WIND_POWER_LOOKUP): {
2.68
                 //...
269
270
                  break;
271
             }
272
273
             default: {
                 // write nothing!
2.74
275
276
                  break:
             }
278
279
        ofs « "\n----\n\n";
280
281
        // 2.4. Wind Results
ofs « "## Results\n";
282
283
         ofs « "\n";
284
285
286
         ofs « "Net Present Cost: " « this->net_present_cost « " \n";
         ofs « "\n";
287
288
289
         ofs « "Total Dispatch: " « this->total_dispatch_kWh
290
             « " kWh \n";
291
292
         ofs « "Levellized Cost of Energy: " « this->levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh
             « " per kWh dispatched \n";
293
         ofs « "\n";
294
295
        ofs « "Running Hours: " « this->running_hours « " \n"; ofs « "Replacements: " « this->n_replacements « " \n";
296
297
298
299
        ofs « "n----nn";
300
301
        ofs.close();
302
303
         return;
        /* __writeSummary() */
304 }
```

## 4.28.3.7 writeTimeSeries()

```
void Wind::__writeTimeSeries (
```

4.28 Wind Class Reference 217

```
std::string write_path,
std::vector< double > * time_vec_hrs_ptr,
std::map< int, std::vector< double >> * resource_map_1D_ptr,
std::map< int, std::vector< std::vector< double >>> * resource_map_2D_ptr,
int max_lines = -1 ) [private], [virtual]
```

Helper method to write time series results for Wind.

#### **Parameters**

write_path	A path (either relative or absolute) to the directory location where results are to be written. If already exists, will overwrite.
time_vec_hrs_ptr	A pointer to the time_vec_hrs attribute of the ElectricalLoad.
resource_map_1D_ptr	A pointer to the 1D map of Resources.
resource_map_2D_ptr	A pointer to the 2D map of Resources.
max_lines	The maximum number of lines of output to write.

#### Reimplemented from Renewable.

```
342 {
343
         // 1. create filestream
write_path += "time_series_results.csv";
344
345
         std::ofstream ofs;
346
         ofs.open(write_path, std::ofstream::out);
347
         // 2. write time series results (comma separated value) ofs \alpha "Time (since start of data) [hrs],";
348
349
350
         ofs « "Wind Resource [m/s],";
         ofs « "Production [kW],";
351
352
         ofs « "Dispatch [kW],";
         ofs « "Storage [kW],";
ofs « "Curtailment [kW],";
353
354
         ofs « "Capital Cost (actual),";
355
         ofs « "Operation and Maintenance Cost (actual),";
356
         ofs « "\n";
358
         for (int i = 0; i < max_lines; i++) {
    ofs « time_vec_hrs_ptr->at(i) « ",";
359
360
              361
362
363
              ofs withis >drspatch_vec_kW[i] w ",";
ofs withis->storage_vec_kW[i] w ",";
ofs withis->curtailment_vec_kW[i] w ",";
365
              ofs « this->capital_cost_vec[i] « ",";
366
              ofs « this->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i] « ",";
ofs « "\n";
367
368
369
         }
370
371
         return;
372 }
        /* __writeTimeSeries() */
```

#### 4.28.3.8 commit()

```
double Wind::commit (
    int timestep,
    double dt_hrs,
    double production_kW,
    double load_kW ) [virtual]
```

Method which takes in production and load for the current timestep, computes and records dispatch and curtailment, and then returns remaining load.

#### **Parameters**

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
production_kW	The production [kW] of the asset in this timestep.
load_kW	The load [kW] passed to the asset in this timestep.

#### Returns

The load [kW] remaining after the dispatch is deducted from it.

#### Reimplemented from Renewable.

```
628 {
           // 1. invoke base class method
load_kW = Renewable :: commit(
629
630
631
                timestep,
                dt_hrs,
production_kW,
load_kW
632
633
634
635
           );
636
637
638
639
          return load_kW;
/* commit() */
640
641 }
```

#### 4.28.3.9 computeProductionkW()

Method which takes in the wind resource at a particular point in time, and then returns the wind turbine production at that point in time.

#### Parameters

timestep	The timestep (i.e., time series index) for the request.
dt_hrs	The interval of time [hrs] associated with the timestep.
wind_resource_ms	Wind resource (i.e. wind speed) [m/s].

#### Returns

The production [kW] of the wind turbine.

# Reimplemented from Renewable.

219

```
553
554
        switch (this->power_model) {
            case (WindPowerProductionModel :: WIND_POWER_EXPONENTIAL): {
555
                production_kW = this->__computeExponentialProductionkW(
556
557
                     timestep,
558
                     dt hrs.
559
                     wind_resource_ms
560
561
562
                break;
            }
563
564
565
            case (WindPowerProductionModel :: WIND_POWER_LOOKUP): {
566
                production_kW = this->__computeLookupProductionkW(
567
                     timestep,
568
                     dt_hrs,
569
                     wind_resource_ms
570
                );
571
572
                 break;
573
           }
574
575
            default: {
                 std::string error_str = "ERROR: Wind::computeProductionkW(): ";
error_str += "power model ";
error_str += std::to_string(this->power_model);
576
577
578
579
                 error_str += " not recognized";
580
                #ifdef _WIN32
581
582
                     std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
583
                 #endif
584
585
                 throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
586
587
                 break;
            }
588
589
       }
590
        return production_kW;
592 } /* computeProductionkW() */
```

#### 4.28.3.10 handleReplacement()

Method to handle asset replacement and capital cost incursion, if applicable.

#### **Parameters**

timestep The current time step of the Model run.

```
Reimplemented from Renewable.
```

#### 4.28.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.28.4.1 design\_speed\_ms

```
double Wind::design_speed_ms
```

The wind speed [m/s] at which the wind turbine achieves its rated capacity.

#### 4.28.4.2 power\_model

WindPowerProductionModel Wind::power\_model

The wind power production model to be applied.

#### 4.28.4.3 power\_model\_string

```
std::string Wind::power_model_string
```

A string describing the active power production model.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

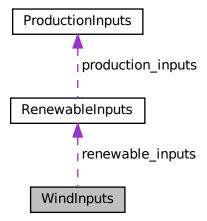
- header/Production/Renewable/Wind.h
- source/Production/Renewable/Wind.cpp

# 4.29 WindInputs Struct Reference

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Wind constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

```
#include <Wind.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for WindInputs:



#### **Public Attributes**

· RenewableInputs renewable\_inputs

An encapsulated RenewableInputs instance.

• int resource\_key = 0

A key used to index into the Resources object, to associate this asset with the appropriate resource time series.

double capital\_cost = -1

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

• double operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh = -1

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

• double design\_speed\_ms = 8

The wind speed [m/s] at which the wind turbine achieves its rated capacity.

WindPowerProductionModel power model = WindPowerProductionModel :: WIND POWER EXPONENTIAL

The wind power production model to be applied.

#### 4.29.1 Detailed Description

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Wind constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

#### 4.29.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 4.29.2.1 capital cost

```
double WindInputs::capital_cost = -1
```

The capital cost of the asset (undefined currency). -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD].

# 4.29.2.2 design\_speed\_ms

```
double WindInputs::design_speed_ms = 8
```

The wind speed [m/s] at which the wind turbine achieves its rated capacity.

#### 4.29.2.3 operation\_maintenance\_cost\_kWh

```
\label{local_double_windInputs::operation_maintenance_cost_kWh = -1} \\
```

The operation and maintenance cost of the asset [1/kWh] (undefined currency). This is a cost incurred per unit of energy produced. -1 is a sentinel value, which triggers a generic cost model on construction (in fact, any negative value here will trigger). Note that the generic cost model is in terms of Canadian dollars [CAD/kWh].

## 4.29.2.4 power\_model

```
WindPowerProductionModel WindInputs::power_model = WindPowerProductionModel :: WIND_POWER_EXPONENTIAL
```

The wind power production model to be applied.

#### 4.29.2.5 renewable\_inputs

RenewableInputs WindInputs::renewable\_inputs

An encapsulated RenewableInputs instance.

## 4.29.2.6 resource\_key

```
int WindInputs::resource_key = 0
```

A key used to index into the Resources object, to associate this asset with the appropriate resource time series.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• header/Production/Renewable/Wind.h

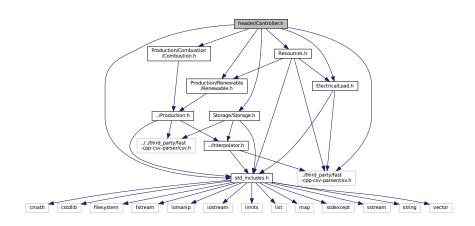
# **Chapter 5**

# **File Documentation**

# 5.1 header/Controller.h File Reference

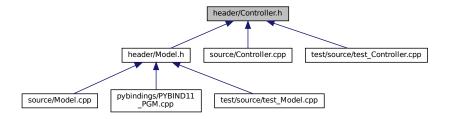
Header file for the Controller class.

```
#include "std_includes.h"
#include "../third_party/fast-cpp-csv-parser/csv.h"
#include "ElectricalLoad.h"
#include "Resources.h"
#include "Production/Combustion/Combustion.h"
#include "Production/Renewable/Renewable.h"
#include "Storage/Storage.h"
Include dependency graph for Controller.h:
```



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This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Classes**

· class Controller

A class which contains a various dispatch control logic. Intended to serve as a component class of Model.

## **Enumerations**

enum ControlMode { LOAD\_FOLLOWING , CYCLE\_CHARGING , N\_CONTROL\_MODES }
 An enumeration of the types of control modes supported by PGMcpp.

# 5.1.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Controller class.

# 5.1.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 5.1.2.1 ControlMode

enum ControlMode

An enumeration of the types of control modes supported by PGMcpp.

#### Enumerator

LOAD_FOLLOWING	Load following control, with in-order dispatch of non-Combustion assets and optimal dispatch of Combustion assets.
CYCLE_CHARGING	Cycle charging control, with in-order dispatch of non-Combustion assets and optimal dispatch of Combustion assets.
N_CONTROL_MODES	A simple hack to get the number of elements in ControlMode.

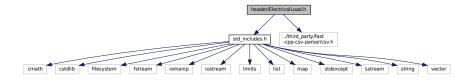
43 {
44 LOAD\_FOLLOWING,

```
45 CYCLE_CHARGING,
46 N_CONTROL_MODES
47 };
```

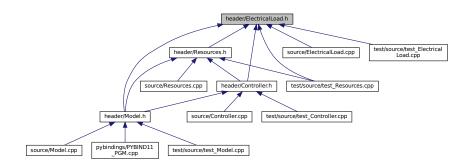
# 5.2 header/ElectricalLoad.h File Reference

Header file for the ElectricalLoad class.

```
#include "std_includes.h"
#include "../third_party/fast-cpp-csv-parser/csv.h"
Include dependency graph for ElectricalLoad.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

· class ElectricalLoad

A class which contains time and electrical load data. Intended to serve as a component class of Model.

# 5.2.1 Detailed Description

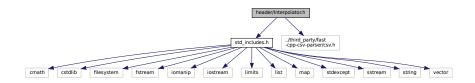
Header file for the ElectricalLoad class.

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# 5.3 header/Interpolator.h File Reference

Header file for the Interpolator class.

```
#include "std_includes.h"
#include "../third_party/fast-cpp-csv-parser/csv.h"
Include dependency graph for Interpolator.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

• struct InterpolatorStruct1D

A struct which holds two parallel vectors for use in 1D interpolation.

struct InterpolatorStruct2D

A struct which holds two parallel vectors and a matrix for use in 2D interpolation.

· class Interpolator

A class which contains interpolation data and functionality. Intended to serve as a component of the Production and Storage hierarchies.

## 5.3.1 Detailed Description

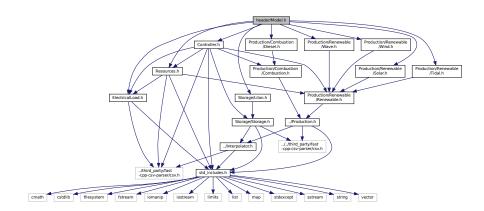
Header file for the Interpolator class.

# 5.4 header/Model.h File Reference

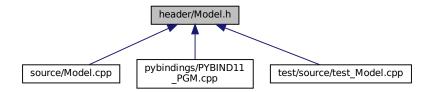
Header file for the Model class.

```
#include "Controller.h"
#include "ElectricalLoad.h"
#include "Resources.h"
#include "Production/Combustion/Diesel.h"
#include "Production/Renewable/Solar.h"
#include "Production/Renewable/Tidal.h"
```

```
#include "Production/Renewable/Wave.h"
#include "Production/Renewable/Wind.h"
#include "Storage/LiIon.h"
Include dependency graph for Model.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Classes**

struct ModelInputs

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the <u>Model</u> constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input (except path\_2\_electrical\_load\_time\_series, for which a valid input must be provided).

• class Model

A container class which forms the centre of PGMcpp. The Model class is intended to serve as the primary user interface with the functionality of PGMcpp, and as such it contains all other classes.

# 5.4.1 Detailed Description

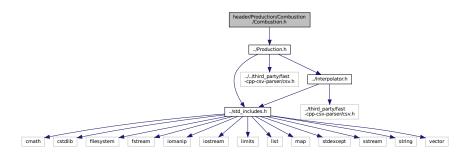
Header file for the Model class.

228 File Documentation

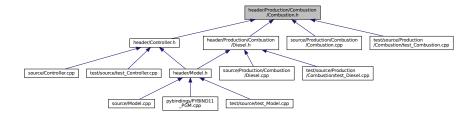
# 5.5 header/Production/Combustion/Combustion.h File Reference

Header file for the Combustion class.

#include "../Production.h"
Include dependency graph for Combustion.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

struct CombustionInputs

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Combustion constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates ProductionInputs.

struct Emissions

A structure which bundles the emitted masses of various emissions chemistries.

class Combustion

The root of the Combustion branch of the Production hierarchy. This branch contains derived classes which model the production of energy by way of combustibles.

#### **Enumerations**

enum CombustionType { DIESEL , N\_COMBUSTION\_TYPES }
 An enumeration of the types of Combustion asset supported by PGMcpp.

## 5.5.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Combustion class.

# 5.5.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 5.5.2.1 CombustionType

```
enum CombustionType
```

An enumeration of the types of Combustion asset supported by PGMcpp.

#### Enumerator

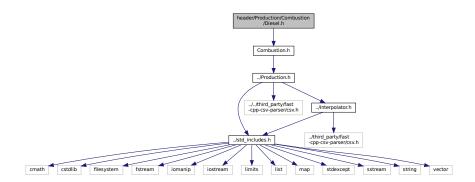
DIESEL	A diesel generator.
N_COMBUSTION_TYPES	A simple hack to get the number of elements in CombustionType.

```
33 {
34 DIESEL,
35 N_COMBUSTION_TYPES
36 };
```

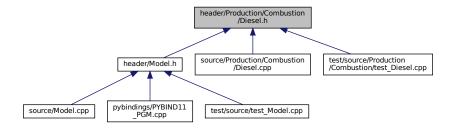
# 5.6 header/Production/Combustion/Diesel.h File Reference

Header file for the Diesel class.

```
#include "Combustion.h"
Include dependency graph for Diesel.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



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#### **Classes**

struct DieselInputs

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Diesel constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates CombustionInputs.

· class Diesel

A derived class of the Combustion branch of Production which models production using a diesel generator.

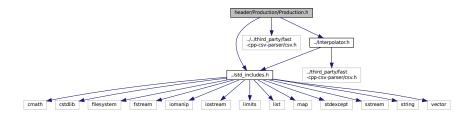
## 5.6.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Diesel class.

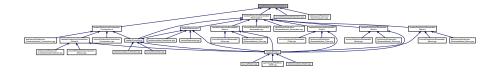
## 5.7 header/Production/Production.h File Reference

Header file for the Production class.

```
#include "../std_includes.h"
#include "../../third_party/fast-cpp-csv-parser/csv.h"
#include "../Interpolator.h"
Include dependency graph for Production.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

struct ProductionInputs

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the <u>Production</u> constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input.

class Production

The base class of the <u>Production</u> hierarchy. This hierarchy contains derived classes which model the production of energy, be it renewable or otherwise.

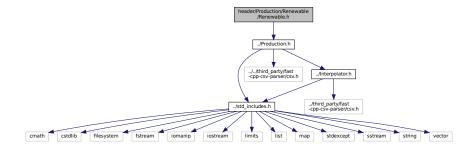
## 5.7.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Production class.

## 5.8 header/Production/Renewable/Renewable.h File Reference

Header file for the Renewable class.

#include "../Production.h"
Include dependency graph for Renewable.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

• struct RenewableInputs

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Renewable constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates ProductionInputs.

· class Renewable

The root of the Renewable branch of the Production hierarchy. This branch contains derived classes which model the renewable production of energy.

## **Enumerations**

enum RenewableType { SOLAR , TIDAL , WAVE , WIND , N\_RENEWABLE\_TYPES }

An enumeration of the types of Renewable asset supported by PGMcpp.

232 File Documentation

# 5.8.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Renewable class.

# 5.8.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 5.8.2.1 RenewableType

```
enum RenewableType
```

An enumeration of the types of Renewable asset supported by PGMcpp.

#### Enumerator

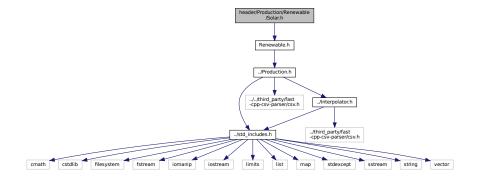
SOLAR	A solar photovoltaic (PV) array.
TIDAL	A tidal stream turbine (or tidal energy converter, TEC)
WAVE	A wave energy converter (WEC)
WIND	A wind turbine.
N_RENEWABLE_TYPES	A simple hack to get the number of elements in RenewableType.

```
33 {
34 SOLAR,
35 TIDAL,
36 WAVE,
37 WIND,
38 N_RENEWABLE_TYPES
39 };
```

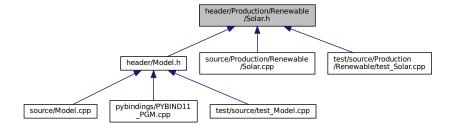
# 5.9 header/Production/Renewable/Solar.h File Reference

Header file for the Solar class.

```
#include "Renewable.h"
Include dependency graph for Solar.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### Classes

struct SolarInputs

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Solar constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

· class Solar

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models solar production.

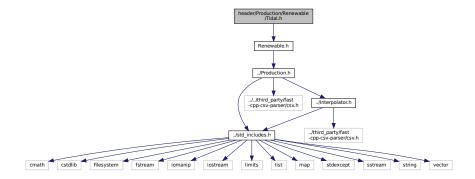
#### 5.9.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Solar class.

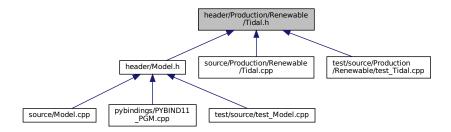
## 5.10 header/Production/Renewable/Tidal.h File Reference

Header file for the Tidal class.

#include "Renewable.h"
Include dependency graph for Tidal.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

• struct TidalInputs

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Tidal constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

· class Tidal

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models tidal production.

#### **Enumerations**

enum TidalPowerProductionModel { TIDAL\_POWER\_CUBIC , TIDAL\_POWER\_EXPONENTIAL , TIDAL\_POWER\_LOOKUP, N\_TIDAL\_POWER\_PRODUCTION\_MODELS }

## 5.10.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Tidal class.

## 5.10.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 5.10.2.1 TidalPowerProductionModel

enum TidalPowerProductionModel

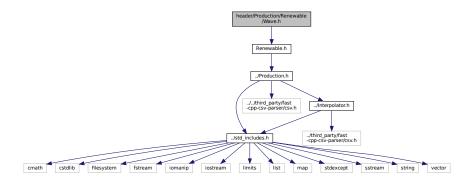
#### Enumerator

TIDAL_POWER_CUBIC	A cubic power production model.
TIDAL_POWER_EXPONENTIAL	An exponential power production model.
TIDAL_POWER_LOOKUP	Lookup from a given set of power curve data.
N_TIDAL_POWER_PRODUCTION_MODELS	A simple hack to get the number of elements in
	TidalPowerProductionModel.

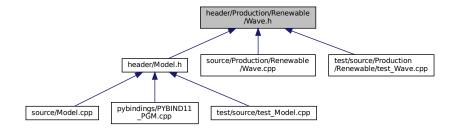
#### 5.11 header/Production/Renewable/Wave.h File Reference

Header file for the Wave class.

```
#include "Renewable.h"
Include dependency graph for Wave.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

struct WaveInputs

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Wave constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

class Wave

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models wave production.

#### **Enumerations**

enum WavePowerProductionModel { WAVE\_POWER\_GAUSSIAN , WAVE\_POWER\_PARABOLOID , WAVE\_POWER\_LOOKUP, N\_WAVE\_POWER\_PRODUCTION\_MODELS }

# 5.11.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Wave class.

# 5.11.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 5.11.2.1 WavePowerProductionModel

enum WavePowerProductionModel

#### Enumerator

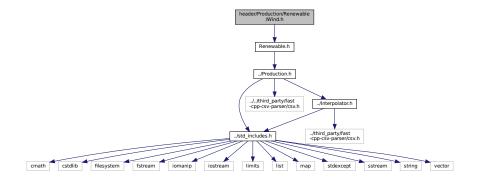
WAVE_POWER_GAUSSIAN	A Gaussian power production model.
WAVE_POWER_PARABOLOID	A paraboloid power production model.
WAVE_POWER_LOOKUP	Lookup from a given performance matrix.
N_WAVE_POWER_PRODUCTION_MODELS	A simple hack to get the number of elements in
	WavePowerProductionModel.

```
34 {
35 WAVE_POWER_GAUSSIAN,
36 WAVE_POWER_PARABOLOID,
37 WAVE_POWER_LOOKUP,
38 N_WAVE_POWER_PRODUCTION_MODELS
39 };
```

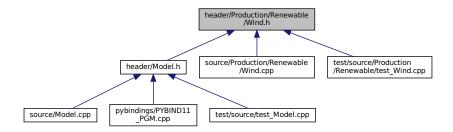
## 5.12 header/Production/Renewable/Wind.h File Reference

Header file for the Wind class.

```
#include "Renewable.h"
Include dependency graph for Wind.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

struct WindInputs

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Wind constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates RenewableInputs.

· class Wind

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models wind production.

#### **Enumerations**

• enum WindPowerProductionModel { WIND\_POWER\_EXPONENTIAL , WIND\_POWER\_LOOKUP , N\_WIND\_POWER\_PRODUCTION\_MODELS }

### 5.12.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Wind class.

## 5.12.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 5.12.2.1 WindPowerProductionModel

enum WindPowerProductionModel

#### **Enumerator**

WIND_POWER_EXPONENTIAL	An exponential power production model.
WIND_POWER_LOOKUP	Lookup from a given set of power curve data.
N_WIND_POWER_PRODUCTION_MODELS	A simple hack to get the number of elements in WindPowerProductionModel.

34

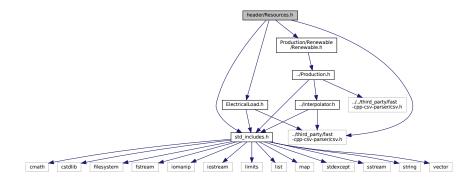
WIND\_POWER\_EXPONENTIAL,

```
36      WIND_POWER_LOOKUP,
37      N_WIND_POWER_PRODUCTION_MODELS
38 };
```

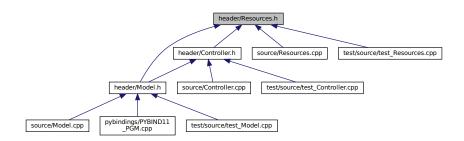
## 5.13 header/Resources.h File Reference

Header file for the Resources class.

```
#include "std_includes.h"
#include "../third_party/fast-cpp-csv-parser/csv.h"
#include "ElectricalLoad.h"
#include "Production/Renewable/Renewable.h"
Include dependency graph for Resources.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

class Resources

A class which contains renewable resource data. Intended to serve as a component class of Model.

#### 5.13.1 Detailed Description

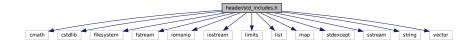
Header file for the Resources class.

# 5.14 header/std includes.h File Reference

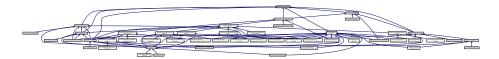
Header file which simply batches together some standard includes.

```
#include <cmath>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <filesystem>
#include <fstream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <iiostream>
#include <liiits>
#include <liiits>
#include <map>
#include <stdexcept>
#include <sstream>
#include <sstream>
#include <sstream>
#include <sstring>
#include <vector>
```

Include dependency graph for std\_includes.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



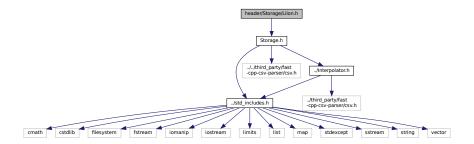
#### 5.14.1 Detailed Description

Header file which simply batches together some standard includes.

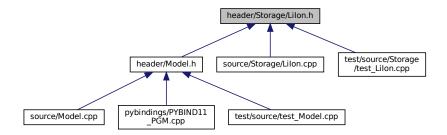
# 5.15 header/Storage/Lilon.h File Reference

Header file for the Lilon class.

```
#include "Storage.h"
Include dependency graph for Lilon.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

• struct LilonInputs

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Lilon constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input. Note that this structure encapsulates StorageInputs.

• class Lilon

A derived class of Storage which models energy storage by way of lithium-ion batteries.

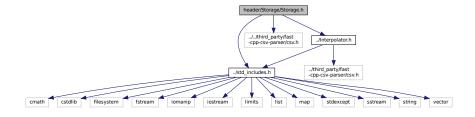
## 5.15.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Lilon class.

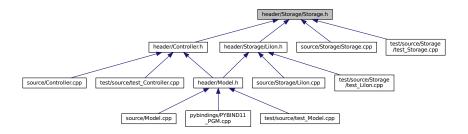
# 5.16 header/Storage/Storage.h File Reference

Header file for the Storage class.

```
#include "../std_includes.h"
#include "../../third_party/fast-cpp-csv-parser/csv.h"
#include "../Interpolator.h"
Include dependency graph for Storage.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Classes**

struct StorageInputs

A structure which bundles the necessary inputs for the Storage constructor. Provides default values for every necessary input.

· class Storage

The base class of the Storage hierarchy. This hierarchy contains derived classes which model the storage of energy.

#### **Enumerations**

enum StorageType { LIION , N\_STORAGE\_TYPES }

An enumeration of the types of Storage asset supported by PGMcpp.

#### 5.16.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Storage class.

## 5.16.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 5.16.2.1 StorageType

enum StorageType

An enumeration of the types of Storage asset supported by PGMcpp.

#### Enumerator

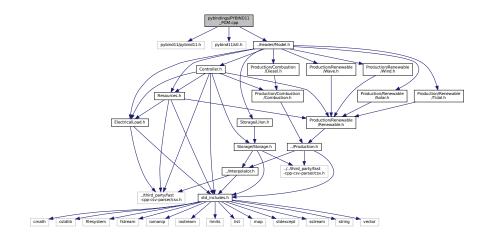
LIION	A system of lithium ion batteries.
N_STORAGE_TYPES	A simple hack to get the number of elements in StorageType.

```
36
37 LIION,
```

# 5.17 pybindings/PYBIND11\_PGM.cpp File Reference

Python 3 bindings file for PGMcpp.

```
#include <pybind11/pybind11.h>
#include <pybind11/stl.h>
#include "../header/Model.h"
Include dependency graph for PYBIND11_PGM.cpp:
```



#### **Functions**

• PYBIND11\_MODULE (PGMcpp, m)

## 5.17.1 Detailed Description

Python 3 bindings file for PGMcpp.

This is a file which defines the Python 3 bindings to be generated for PGMcpp. To generate bindings, use the provided setup.py.

ref: https://pybindll.readthedocs.io/en/stable/

#### 5.17.2 Function Documentation

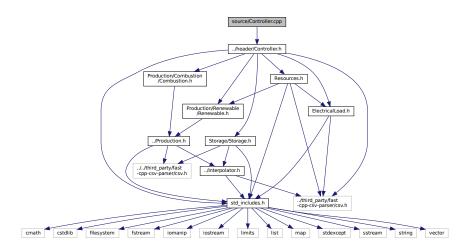
#### 5.17.2.1 PYBIND11\_MODULE()

```
PYBIND11_MODULE (
                PGMcpp ,
30
32 // ======= Controller ====== //
33 /*
34 pybind11::class_<Controller>(m, "Controller")
       .def(pybind11::init());
35
36 */
37 // ======= END Controller ======= //
38
39
40
41 // ======= ElectricalLoad ======= //
43 pybind11::class_<ElectricalLoad>(m, "ElectricalLoad")
       .def_readwrite("n_points", &ElectricalLoad::n_points)
.def_readwrite("max_load_kW", &ElectricalLoad::max_load_kW)
.def_readwrite("mean_load_kW", &ElectricalLoad::mean_load_kW)
4.5
46
       .def_readwrite( mean_load_kw, & FeettricalLoad::mean_load_kw)
.def_readwrite("min_load_kw", & ElectricalLoad::min_load_kw)
.def_readwrite("dt_vec_hrs", & ElectricalLoad::dt_vec_hrs)
.def_readwrite("load_vec_kw", & ElectricalLoad::load_vec_kw)
.def_readwrite("time_vec_hrs", & ElectricalLoad::time_vec_hrs)
48
49
50
51
52
        .def(pybind11::init<std::string>());
54 // ====== END ElectricalLoad ======= //
55
56
57
58 // ======= Model ====== //
60 pybind11::class_<Model>(m, "Model")
         pybind11::init<
62
               ElectricalLoad*,
6.3
                 RenewableResources*
64
65
66
69
70
71
           ======== RenewableResources ========= //
74 pybind11::class_<RenewableResources>(m, "RenewableResources")
75
        .def(pybind11::init());
76
        .def(pybind11::init<>());
78
79 */
80 // ====== END RenewableResources ====== //
82 } /* PYBIND11_MODULE() */
```

# 5.18 source/Controller.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Controller class.

#include "../header/Controller.h"
Include dependency graph for Controller.cpp:



#### 5.18.1 Detailed Description

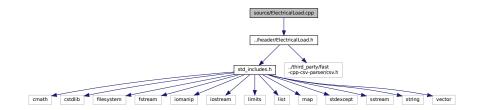
Implementation file for the Controller class.

A class which contains a various dispatch control logic. Intended to serve as a component class of Controller.

# 5.19 source/ElectricalLoad.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the ElectricalLoad class.

#include "../header/ElectricalLoad.h"
Include dependency graph for ElectricalLoad.cpp:



# 5.19.1 Detailed Description

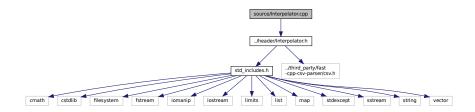
Implementation file for the ElectricalLoad class.

A class which contains time and electrical load data. Intended to serve as a component class of Model.

# 5.20 source/Interpolator.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Interpolator class.

#include "../header/Interpolator.h"
Include dependency graph for Interpolator.cpp:



#### 5.20.1 Detailed Description

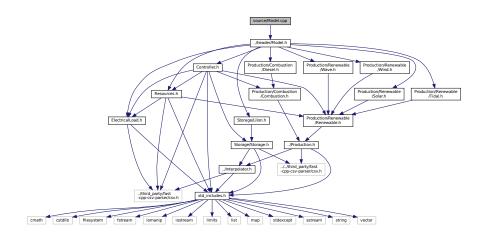
Implementation file for the Interpolator class.

A class which contains interpolation data and functionality. Intended to serve as a

# 5.21 source/Model.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Model class.

#include "../header/Model.h"
Include dependency graph for Model.cpp:



## 5.21.1 Detailed Description

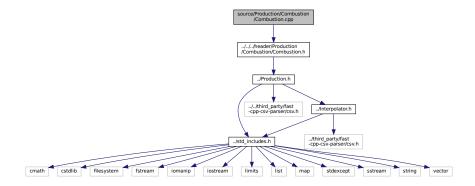
Implementation file for the Model class.

A container class which forms the centre of PGMcpp. The Model class is intended to serve as the primary user interface with the functionality of PGMcpp, and as such it contains all other classes.

# 5.22 source/Production/Combustion/Combustion.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Combustion class.

#include "../../header/Production/Combustion/Combustion.h"
Include dependency graph for Combustion.cpp:



#### 5.22.1 Detailed Description

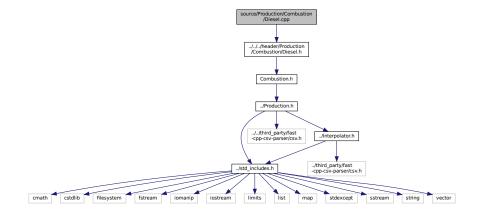
Implementation file for the Combustion class.

The root of the Combustion branch of the Production hierarchy. This branch contains derived classes which model the production of energy by way of combustibles.

# 5.23 source/Production/Combustion/Diesel.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Diesel class.

#include "../../header/Production/Combustion/Diesel.h"
Include dependency graph for Diesel.cpp:



#### 5.23.1 Detailed Description

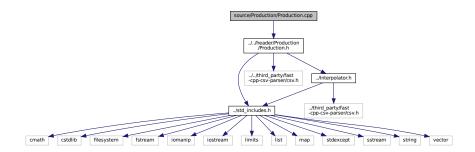
Implementation file for the Diesel class.

A derived class of the Combustion branch of Production which models production using a diesel generator.

# 5.24 source/Production/Production.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Production class.

#include "../../header/Production/Production.h"
Include dependency graph for Production.cpp:



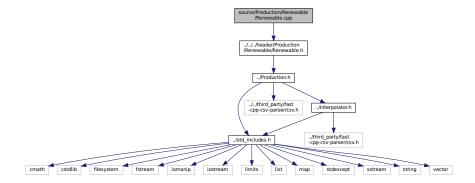
## 5.24.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the Production class.

The base class of the Production hierarchy. This hierarchy contains derived classes which model the production of energy, be it renewable or otherwise.

# 5.25 source/Production/Renewable/Renewable.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Renewable class.



# 5.25.1 Detailed Description

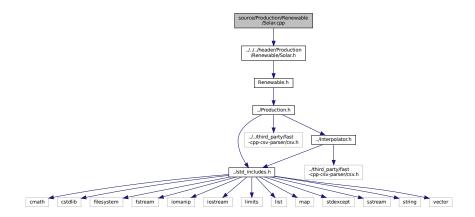
Implementation file for the Renewable class.

The root of the Renewable branch of the Production hierarchy. This branch contains derived classes which model the renewable production of energy.

# 5.26 source/Production/Renewable/Solar.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Solar class.

#include "../../header/Production/Renewable/Solar.h"
Include dependency graph for Solar.cpp:



## 5.26.1 Detailed Description

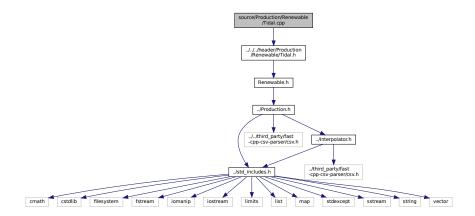
Implementation file for the Solar class.

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models solar production.

# 5.27 source/Production/Renewable/Tidal.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Tidal class.

#include "../../header/Production/Renewable/Tidal.h"
Include dependency graph for Tidal.cpp:



## 5.27.1 Detailed Description

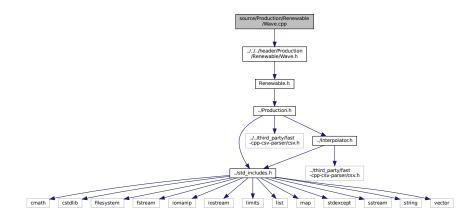
Implementation file for the Tidal class.

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models tidal production.

# 5.28 source/Production/Renewable/Wave.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Wave class.

#include "../../header/Production/Renewable/Wave.h"
Include dependency graph for Wave.cpp:



#### 5.28.1 Detailed Description

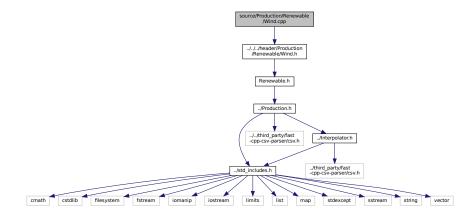
Implementation file for the Wave class.

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models wave production.

# 5.29 source/Production/Renewable/Wind.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Wind class.

#include "../../header/Production/Renewable/Wind.h"
Include dependency graph for Wind.cpp:



### 5.29.1 Detailed Description

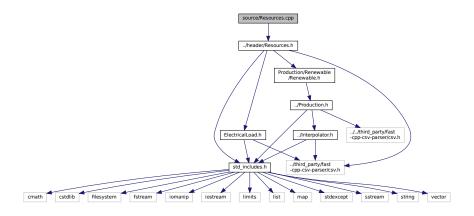
Implementation file for the Wind class.

A derived class of the Renewable branch of Production which models wind production.

# 5.30 source/Resources.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Resources class.

#include "../header/Resources.h"
Include dependency graph for Resources.cpp:



#### 5.30.1 Detailed Description

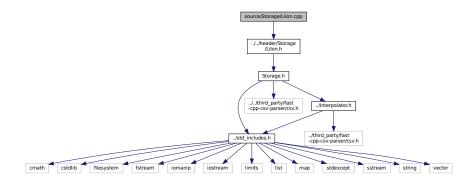
Implementation file for the Resources class.

A class which contains renewable resource data. Intended to serve as a component class of Model.

# 5.31 source/Storage/Lilon.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Lilon class.

#include "../../header/Storage/LiIon.h"
Include dependency graph for Lilon.cpp:



#### 5.31.1 Detailed Description

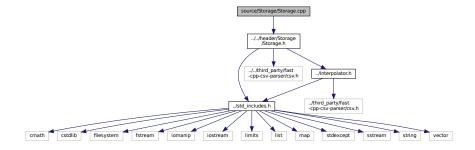
Implementation file for the Lilon class.

A derived class of Storage which models energy storage by way of lithium-ion batteries.

# 5.32 source/Storage/Storage.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Storage class.

#include "../../header/Storage/Storage.h"
Include dependency graph for Storage.cpp:



## 5.32.1 Detailed Description

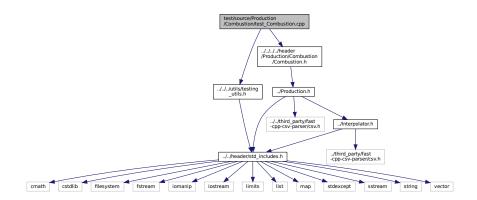
Implementation file for the Storage class.

The base class of the Storage hierarchy. This hierarchy contains derived classes which model the storage of energy.

# 5.33 test/source/Production/Combustion/test\_Combustion.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Combustion class.

```
#include "../../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../../header/Production/Combustion/Combustion.h"
Include dependency graph for test_Combustion.cpp:
```



#### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

## 5.33.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Combustion class.

A suite of tests for the Combustion class.

### 5.33.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.33.2.1 main()

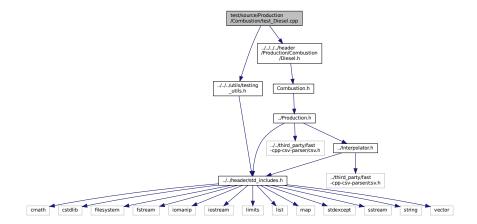
```
int main (
              int argc,
             char ** argv )
27 {
28
      #ifdef _WIN32
         activateVirtualTerminal();
29
30
      #endif /* _WIN32 */
31
      printGold("\tTesting Production <-- Combustion");</pre>
33
      srand(time(NULL));
34
35
36
37 try {
38
39 // ----- CONSTRUCTION -----//
40
41 CombustionInputs combustion_inputs;
43 Combustion test_combustion(8760, 1, combustion_inputs);
45 // ====== END CONSTRUCTION ========== //
46
47
48
49 // ====== ATTRIBUTES =========
51 testTruth(
52
     not combustion_inputs.production_inputs.print_flag,
      __FILE__,
53
      __LINE_
54
55);
57 testFloatEquals(
58
      {\tt test\_combustion.fuel\_consumption\_vec\_L.size(),}
59
      8760.
      ___FILE_
60
      __LINE__
61
62);
64 testFloatEquals(
6.5
      {\tt test\_combustion.fuel\_cost\_vec.size(),}
66
      8760.
      ___FILE_
67
68
      __LINE_
69);
70
71 testFloatEquals(
72
     test_combustion.CO2_emissions_vec_kg.size(),
73
      8760,
      ___FILE_
74
75
      __LINE__
76);
77
78 testFloatEquals(
79
      test_combustion.CO_emissions_vec_kg.size(),
80
      8760,
81
      __LINE__
83);
84
85 testFloatEquals(
86
    test_combustion.NOx_emissions_vec_kg.size(),
      ___FILE_
88
89
      __LINE__
90);
91
92 testFloatEquals(
93
      test_combustion.SOx_emissions_vec_kg.size(),
94
95
      __FILE__,
96
      __LINE__
97);
98
99 testFloatEquals(
100
       test_combustion.CH4_emissions_vec_kg.size(),
101
       ___FILE
102
       __LINE_
103
104);
105
106 testFloatEquals(
```

```
107
        test_combustion.PM_emissions_vec_kg.size(),
108
        ___FILE_
109
110
        __LINE_
111 );
112
113 // ====== END ATTRIBUTES =======
114
115 }
        /* try */
116
117
118 catch (...) {
119
120
121
        printGold(" .....");
        printRed("FAIL");
122
123
        std::cout « std::endl;
124
        throw;
125 }
126
127
128 printGold(" .....");
129 printGreen("PASS");
130 std::cout « std::endl;
131 return 0;
132
133 } /* main() */
```

# 5.34 test/source/Production/Combustion/test\_Diesel.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Diesel class.

```
#include "../../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../../header/Production/Combustion/Diesel.h"
Include dependency graph for test_Diesel.cpp:
```



#### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

### 5.34.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Diesel class.

A suite of tests for the Diesel class.

#### 5.34.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.34.2.1 main()

```
int main (
             int argc,
             char ** argv )
27 {
      #ifdef _WIN32
29
          activateVirtualTerminal();
30
      #endif /* _WIN32 */
31
      printGold("\tTesting Production <-- Combustion <-- Diesel");</pre>
32
33
     srand(time(NULL));
36
37
      Combustion* test_diesel_ptr;
38
39 try {
41 // ------ CONSTRUCTION ------//
42
43 bool error_flag = true;
44
45 try {
      DieselInputs bad_diesel_inputs;
46
     bad_diesel_inputs.fuel_cost_L = -1;
48
49
     Diesel bad_diesel(8760, 1, bad_diesel_inputs);
50
     error_flag = false;
51
52 } catch (...) {
     // Task failed successfully! =P
53
55 if (not error_flag) {
56
      expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
57 }
58
59 DieselInputs diesel_inputs;
61 test_diesel_ptr = new Diesel(8760, 1, diesel_inputs);
62
63
64 // ====== END CONSTRUCTION ==========
65
68 // ====== ATTRIBUTES =========== //
69
70 testTruth(
     not diesel_inputs.combustion_inputs.production_inputs.print_flag,
72
73
      __LINE__
74);
7.5
76 testFloatEquals(
    test_diesel_ptr->type,
78
      CombustionType :: DIESEL,
79
      ___FILE___,
8.0
      __LINE__
81);
82
83 testTruth(
     test_diesel_ptr->type_str == "DIESEL",
84
85
86
      __LINE__
87);
88
89 testFloatEquals(
      test_diesel_ptr->linear_fuel_slope_LkWh,
91
      0.265675,
      ___FILE___,
93
      __LINE__
94);
95
96 testFloatEquals(
      test_diesel_ptr->linear_fuel_intercept_LkWh,
```

```
0.026676,
98
       ___FILE___,
100
        __LINE__
101 );
102
103 testFloatEquals(
        test_diesel_ptr->capital_cost,
104
105
        94125.375446,
106
        ___FILE___,
107
        __LINE_
108);
109
110 testFloatEquals(
111
        test_diesel_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh,
112
        0.069905,
        ___FILE___,
113
        __LINE
114
115);
116
117 testFloatEquals(
118
        ((Diesel*)test_diesel_ptr)->minimum_load_ratio,
119
        0.2,
        ___FILE_
120
        __LINE__
121
122 );
123
124 testFloatEquals(
125
        ((Diesel*)test_diesel_ptr)->minimum_runtime_hrs,
126
        __FILE__,
127
128
        __LINE_
129);
130
131 testFloatEquals(
132
        test_diesel_ptr->replace_running_hrs,
133
        30000,
        __FILE_
134
        __LINE__
135
136);
137
138 // ====== END ATTRIBUTES ======== //
139
140
141
142 // ====== METHODS =========
143
144 // test capacity constraint
145 testFloatEquals(
        test_diesel_ptr->requestProductionkW(0, 1, 2 * test_diesel_ptr->capacity_kW),
146
        test_diesel_ptr->capacity_kW,
147
148
        __FILE__,
149
        __LINE__
150);
1.5.1
152 // test minimum load ratio constraint
153 testFloatEquals(
       test_diesel_ptr->requestProductionkW(
155
            Ο,
156
157
            0.5 * ((Diesel*)test_diesel_ptr)->minimum_load_ratio *
158
                test_diesel_ptr->capacity_kW
159
160
        ((Diesel*)test_diesel_ptr)->minimum_load_ratio * test_diesel_ptr->capacity_kW,
        ___FILE___,
161
162
        __LINE__
163);
164
165 // test commit()
166 std::vector<double> dt_vec_hrs (48, 1);
167
168 std::vector<double> load_vec_kW = {
169
        1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1,
170
        1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0,
        1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0
171
172
173 };
174
175 std::vector<bool> expected_is_running_vec = {
        1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1,
176
177
178
        1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0
179
180 };
181
182 double load_kW = 0;
183 double production_kW = 0;
184 double roll = 0;
```

```
185
186 for (int i = 0; i < 48; i++) {
187
        roll = (double) rand() / RAND_MAX;
188
189
        if (roll >= 0.95) {
            roll = 1.25;
190
191
192
193
        load_vec_kW[i] *= roll * test_diesel_ptr->capacity_kW;
194
        load_kW = load_vec_kW[i];
195
196
        production_kW = test_diesel_ptr->requestProductionkW(
197
198
            dt_vec_hrs[i],
199
            load_kW
200
        );
201
202
        load_kW = test_diesel_ptr->commit(
203
204
            dt_vec_hrs[i],
205
            production_kW,
206
            load_kW
2.07
        );
208
209
        // load_kW <= load_vec_kW (i.e., after vs before)</pre>
        testLessThanOrEqualTo(
210
211
            load_kW,
212
            load_vec_kW[i],
213
            ___FILE___,
214
            __LINE__
215
        );
216
217
        // production = dispatch + storage + curtailment
218
        testFloatEquals(
219
            test_diesel_ptr->production_vec_kW[i] -
            test_diesel_ptr->dispatch_vec_kW[i] -
220
            test_diesel_ptr->storage_vec_kW[i]
221
            test_diesel_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[i],
222
223
            Ο,
224
            __FILE__,
225
            __LINE__
226
        );
227
228
        // capacity constraint
229
        if (load_vec_kW[i] > test_diesel_ptr->capacity_kW) {
230
            testFloatEquals(
231
                test_diesel_ptr->production_vec_kW[i],
232
                test_diesel_ptr->capacity_kW,
                ___FILE___,
233
234
                 LINE
235
            );
236
237
238
        // minimum load ratio constraint
239
            test_diesel_ptr->is_running and
240
241
            test_diesel_ptr->production_vec_kW[i] > 0 and
242
            load_vec_kW[i] <
243
            ((Diesel*)test_diesel_ptr)->minimum_load_ratio * test_diesel_ptr->capacity_kW
244
            testFloatEquals(
245
                test_diesel_ptr->production_vec_kW[i],
246
247
                 ((Diesel*)test_diesel_ptr)->minimum_load_ratio *
248
                     test_diesel_ptr->capacity_kW,
249
                ___FILE___,
250
                __LINE__
2.51
            );
252
        }
253
254
        // minimum runtime constraint
255
        testFloatEquals(
256
            test_diesel_ptr->is_running_vec[i],
2.57
            expected_is_running_vec[i],
258
            __FILE__,
259
             LINE
260
        );
261
262
        // O&M, fuel consumption, and emissions > 0 whenever diesel is running
263
        if (test_diesel_ptr->is_running) {
264
            testGreaterThan(
265
                test_diesel_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i],
266
                0,
                ___FILE___,
267
268
                 __LINE__
269
            );
270
271
            testGreaterThan(
```

```
test_diesel_ptr->fuel_consumption_vec_L[i],
                 0,
__FILE__,
273
274
275
                 __LINE_
276
            );
277
278
            testGreaterThan(
279
                 test_diesel_ptr->fuel_cost_vec[i],
280
                 ___FILE___,
281
282
                 __LINE__
283
            );
284
285
             testGreaterThan(
286
                 test_diesel_ptr->CO2_emissions_vec_kg[i],
                 0,
__FILE__,
287
288
289
                 __LINE_
290
            );
291
292
             testGreaterThan(
293
                 test_diesel_ptr->CO_emissions_vec_kg[i],
294
                 Ο,
                 ___FILE___,
295
296
                 LINE
297
            );
298
299
             testGreaterThan(
300
                 test_diesel_ptr->NOx_emissions_vec_kg[i],
301
                 Ο,
                 __FILE__,
302
303
                 LINE
304
305
306
             testGreaterThan(
307
                 test_diesel_ptr->SOx_emissions_vec_kg[i],
308
                 Ο,
                 ___FILE___,
309
310
                 __LINE__
311
            );
312
             testGreaterThan(
313
                 test_diesel_ptr->CH4_emissions_vec_kg[i],
314
315
                 Ο,
                 ___FILE___,
316
317
                 __LINE__
318
            );
319
             testGreaterThan(
320
321
                 test_diesel_ptr->PM_emissions_vec_kg[i],
322
                 Ο,
323
                 __FILE__,
324
                 __LINE__
325
            );
326
        }
327
328
        // O&M, fuel consumption, and emissions = 0 whenever diesel is not running
329
330
            testFloatEquals(
331
                 test_diesel_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i],
                 0,
__FILE__,
332
333
334
                 __LINE__
335
336
337
             testFloatEquals(
338
                 test_diesel_ptr->fuel_consumption_vec_L[i],
339
                 Ο,
                 __FILE__,
340
341
                 __LINE__
342
343
344
             testFloatEquals(
345
                 test_diesel_ptr->fuel_cost_vec[i],
346
                 0,
                 ___FILE___,
347
348
                 __LINE__
349
            );
350
351
             testFloatEquals(
                 test_diesel_ptr->CO2_emissions_vec_kg[i],
352
353
                 Ο,
                 ___FILE___,
354
355
                 __LINE__
356
            );
357
358
            testFloatEquals(
```

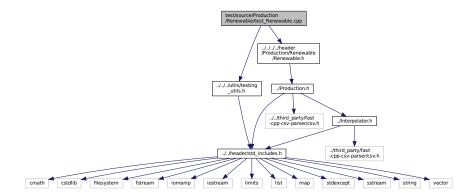
```
test_diesel_ptr->CO_emissions_vec_kg[i],
                0,
__FILE__,
360
361
                __LINE_
362
363
            );
364
            testFloatEquals(
365
366
                test_diesel_ptr->NOx_emissions_vec_kg[i],
367
                ___FILE___,
368
369
                __LINE__
370
           );
371
372
            testFloatEquals(
373
                test_diesel_ptr->SOx_emissions_vec_kg[i],
374
375
                0,
__FILE__,
376
                __LINE__
377
            );
378
379
            testFloatEquals(
380
                test_diesel_ptr->CH4_emissions_vec_kg[i],
381
                ___FILE___,
382
383
                __LINE__
384
           );
385
386
            testFloatEquals(
387
                test_diesel_ptr->PM_emissions_vec_kg[i],
                0,
__FILE__,
388
389
390
                __LINE_
391
392
393 }
394
395 // ----- END METHODS ------//
396
397 } /* try */
398
399
400 catch (...) {
401
       delete test_diesel_ptr;
402
       printGold(" ... ");
printRed("FAIL");
403
404
405
       std::cout « std::endl;
406
       throw;
407 }
408
409
410 delete test_diesel_ptr;
411
412 printGold(" ... ");
413 printGreen("PASS");
414 std::cout « std::endl;
415 return 0;
416
417 } /* main() */
```

# 5.35 test/source/Production/Renewable/test\_Renewable.cpp File Reference

```
Testing suite for Renewable class.
```

```
#include "../../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../../header/Production/Renewable/Renewable.h"
```

Include dependency graph for test\_Renewable.cpp:



#### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

## 5.35.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Renewable class.

A suite of tests for the Renewable class.

## 5.35.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.35.2.1 main()

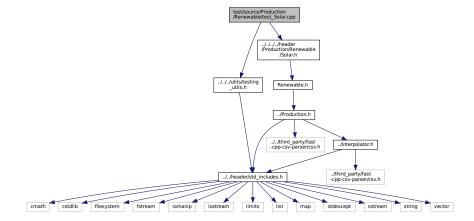
```
int main (
           int argc,
           char ** argv )
27 {
28
     #ifdef _WIN32
        activateVirtualTerminal();
30
     #endif /* _WIN32 */
31
     printGold("\tTesting Production <-- Renewable");</pre>
32
33
     srand(time(NULL));
34
35
37 try {
38
39 // ----- CONSTRUCTION -----//
40
41 RenewableInputs renewable_inputs;
43 Renewable test_renewable(8760, 1, renewable_inputs);
44
45 // ====== END CONSTRUCTION ======== //
46
47
48
```

```
49 // ----- ATTRIBUTES ----- //
51 testTruth(
52
     not renewable_inputs.production_inputs.print_flag,
5.3
     __FILE__,
     __LINE_
54
55);
57 // ====== END ATTRIBUTES ======== //
58
59 }
    /* try */
60
62 catch (...) {
    printGold(" .....");
printRed("FAIL");
65
66
     std::cout « std::endl;
     throw;
69 }
70
71
72 printGold(" .....");
73 printGreen("PASS");
74 std::cout « std::endl;
75 return 0;
76 } /* main() */
```

# 5.36 test/source/Production/Renewable/test\_Solar.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Solar class.

```
#include "../../../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../../header/Production/Renewable/Solar.h"
Include dependency graph for test_Solar.cpp:
```



#### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

#### 5.36.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Solar class.

A suite of tests for the Solar class.

#### 5.36.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.36.2.1 main()

```
int main (
             int argc,
            char ** argv )
27 {
      #ifdef _WIN32
29
         activateVirtualTerminal();
30
      #endif /* _WIN32 */
31
     printGold("\tTesting Production <-- Renewable <-- Solar");</pre>
32
33
     srand(time(NULL));
36
     Renewable* test_solar_ptr;
37
38 try {
39
40 // ====== CONSTRUCTION ======== //
42 bool error_flag = true;
43
44 try {
      SolarInputs bad_solar_inputs;
45
46
     bad solar inputs.derating = -1;
48
    Solar bad_solar(8760, 1, bad_solar_inputs);
49
50
     error_flag = false;
51 } catch (...) {
52  // Task failed successfully! =P
53 }
54 if (not error_flag) {
55
      expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
56 }
57
58 SolarInputs solar_inputs;
60 test_solar_ptr = new Solar(8760, 1, solar_inputs);
62 // ====== END CONSTRUCTION ========== //
63
64
65
66 // ----- ATTRIBUTES ----- //
68 testTruth(
     not solar_inputs.renewable_inputs.production_inputs.print_flag,
   __FILE__,
69
70
      __LINE__
72);
74 testFloatEquals(
7.5
     test_solar_ptr->type,
76
      RenewableType :: SOLAR,
      ___FILE___,
77
      __LINE__
79);
8.0
81 testTruth(
   test_solar_ptr->type_str == "SOLAR",
82
      __FILE__,
83
     __LINE_
84
85);
86
87 testFloatEquals(
   test_solar_ptr->capital_cost,
88
      350118.723363,
89
      __FILE__,
90
      __LINE_
92);
93
94 testFloatEquals(
      test_solar_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh,
95
96
      0.01,
      __FILE__,
```

```
__LINE__
98
99);
100
101 // ====== END ATTRIBUTES ======== //
102
103
104
105 // ====== METHODS ======== //
106
107 // test production constraints
108 testFloatEquals(
      test_solar_ptr->computeProductionkW(0, 1, 2),
109
110
       100,
111
       ___FILE__,
112
       __LINE__
113 );
114
115 testFloatEquals(
116
       test_solar_ptr->computeProductionkW(0, 1, -1),
117
       __FILE__,
118
119
       __LINE__
120);
121
122 // test commit()
123 std::vector<double> dt_vec_hrs (48, 1);
124
125 std::vector<double> load_vec_kW = {
       126
127
128
129
       1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0
130 };
131
132 double load_kW = 0;
133 double production_kW = 0;
134 double roll = 0;
135 double solar_resource_kWm2 = 0;
136
137 for (int i = 0; i < 48; i++) {
138
       roll = (double)rand() / RAND_MAX;
139
       solar_resource_kWm2 = roll:
140
141
142
       roll = (double)rand() / RAND_MAX;
143
144
       if (roll <= 0.1) {
145
           solar_resource_kWm2 = 0;
146
147
       else if (roll >= 0.95) {
148
149
           solar_resource_kWm2 = 1.25;
150
151
       roll = (double)rand() / RAND_MAX;
152
153
154
       if (roll >= 0.95) {
155
           roll = 1.25;
156
157
158
       load_vec_kW[i] *= roll * test_solar_ptr->capacity_kW;
159
       load_kW = load_vec_kW[i];
160
161
       production_kW = test_solar_ptr->computeProductionkW(
162
163
           dt_vec_hrs[i],
164
           {\tt solar\_resource\_kWm2}
165
       );
166
       load_kW = test_solar_ptr->commit(
167
168
169
           dt_vec_hrs[i],
170
           production_kW,
171
           load_kW
172
       );
173
174
       // is running (or not) as expected
175
       if (solar_resource_kWm2 > 0) {
176
           testTruth(
              test_solar_ptr->is_running,
__FILE___,
177
178
               __LINE__
180
           );
181
       }
182
183
       else {
           testTruth(
184
```

```
185
                not test_solar_ptr->is_running,
186
187
                __LINE__
188
            );
189
190
191
        // load_kW <= load_vec_kW (i.e., after vs before)</pre>
192
        {\tt testLessThanOrEqualTo(}
193
            load_kW,
194
            load_vec_kW[i],
195
            ___FILE___,
196
            __LINE__
197
        );
198
199
        // production = dispatch + storage + curtailment
200
        testFloatEquals(
            test_solar_ptr->production_vec_kW[i] -
201
            test_solar_ptr->dispatch_vec_kW[i] -
202
            test_solar_ptr->storage_vec_kW[i]
203
204
            test_solar_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[i],
205
            __FILE__,
206
207
            __LINE__
208
        );
209
210
        // capacity constraint
211
        if (solar_resource_kWm2 > 1) {
212
            testFloatEquals(
213
                test_solar_ptr->production_vec_kW[i],
                test_solar_ptr->capacity_kW,
214
215
                ___FILE___,
216
                 __LINE_
217
218
219
        // resource, O\&M > 0 whenever solar is running (i.e., producing)
220
221
        if (test_solar_ptr->is_running) {
222
            testGreaterThan(
223
                solar_resource_kWm2,
                0,
__FILE__,
224
225
226
                __LINE__
227
            );
228
229
            testGreaterThan(
230
                test_solar_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i],
231
                Ο,
                ___FILE___,
232
233
                 __LINE__
234
            );
235
        }
236
237
        // resource, O&M = 0 whenever solar is not running (i.e., not producing)
238
            testFloatEquals(
239
240
                solar_resource_kWm2,
241
                Ο,
242
                ___FILE___,
243
                __LINE__
244
            );
245
            testFloatEquals(
246
247
                test_solar_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i],
248
                Ο,
                __FILE__,
249
250
                __LINE__
2.51
            );
252
        }
253 }
255
256 // ====== END METHODS ======= //
2.57
258 }
       /* try */
259
260
261 catch (...) {
262
       delete test_solar_ptr;
263
        printGold(" .... ");
printRed("FAIL");
2.64
265
266
        std::cout « std::endl;
267
        throw;
268 }
269
270
271 delete test_solar_ptr;
```

```
272

273 printGold(" .... ");

274 printGreen("PASS");

275 std::cout « std::endl;

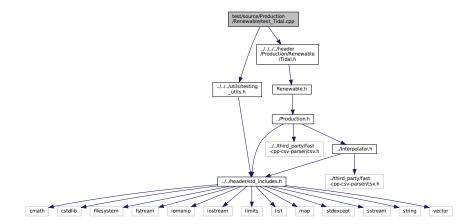
276 return 0;

277 } /* main() */
```

# 5.37 test/source/Production/Renewable/test\_Tidal.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Tidal class.

```
#include "../../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../../header/Production/Renewable/Tidal.h"
Include dependency graph for test Tidal.cpp:
```



#### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

## 5.37.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Tidal class.

A suite of tests for the Tidal class.

## 5.37.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.37.2.1 main()

```
int main (
            int argc,
            char ** argv )
27 {
28
      #ifdef _WIN32
         activateVirtualTerminal();
29
30
      #endif /* _WIN32 */
31
32
      printGold("\tTesting Production <-- Renewable <-- Tidal");</pre>
33
      srand(time(NULL));
34
35
36
      Renewable* test tidal ptr;
38 try {
39
40 // ----- CONSTRUCTION -----//
41
42 bool error_flag = true;
43
44 try {
45
      TidalInputs bad_tidal_inputs;
46
     bad_tidal_inputs.design_speed_ms = -1;
47
48
     Tidal bad_tidal(8760, 1, bad_tidal_inputs);
49
50
     error_flag = false;
51 } catch (...) {
52
     // Task failed successfully! =P
53 }
54 if (not error flag) {
      expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
55
57
58 TidalInputs tidal_inputs;
59
60 test_tidal_ptr = new Tidal(8760, 1, tidal_inputs);
62 // ====== END CONSTRUCTION ========== //
64
6.5
66 // ----- ATTRIBUTES ----- //
67
68 testTruth(
69
     not tidal_inputs.renewable_inputs.production_inputs.print_flag,
      ___FILE___,
70
71
      __LINE__
72 );
73
74 testFloatEquals(
      test_tidal_ptr->type,
76
      RenewableType :: TIDAL,
77
      ___FILE___,
      __LINE_
78
79);
80
81 testTruth(
     test_tidal_ptr->type_str == "TIDAL",
83
      ___FILE___,
84
      __LINE__
85);
86
87 testFloatEquals(
   test_tidal_ptr->capital_cost,
88
29
      500237.446725,
90
      ___FILE___,
91
      __LINE__
92);
93
94 testFloatEquals(
95
      test_tidal_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh,
96
      0.069905,
      __FILE__,
97
98
      __LINE__
99);
100
101 // ====== END ATTRIBUTES =======
102
103
104
105 // ----- METHODS ------//
106
```

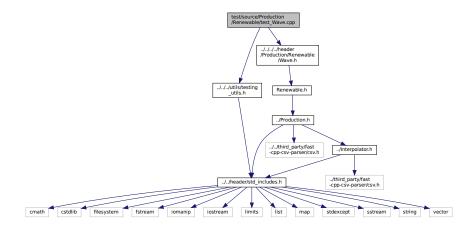
```
107 // test production constraints
108 testFloatEquals(
109
        test_tidal_ptr->computeProductionkW(0, 1, 1e6),
110
        Ο,
        ___FILE_
111
        __LINE_
112
113 );
114
115 testFloatEquals(
116
        test_tidal_ptr->computeProductionkW(
            Ο,
117
118
            1.
            ((Tidal*)test_tidal_ptr)->design_speed_ms
119
120
121
        test_tidal_ptr->capacity_kW,
122
        ___FILE___,
        __LINE
123
124);
125
126 testFloatEquals(
127
        test_tidal_ptr->computeProductionkW(0, 1, -1),
128
        Ο,
        ___FILE___,
129
130
        __LINE__
131 );
132
133 // test commit()
134 std::vector<double> dt_vec_hrs (48, 1);
135
136 std::vector<double> load_vec_kW = {
       1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0,
137
138
139
        1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1,
140
        1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0
141 };
142
143 double load kW = 0;
144 double production_kW = 0;
145 double roll = 0;
146 double tidal_resource_ms = 0;
147
148 for (int i = 0; i < 48; i++) {
        roll = (double) rand() / RAND_MAX;
149
150
151
        tidal_resource_ms = roll * ((Tidal*)test_tidal_ptr)->design_speed_ms;
152
153
        roll = (double)rand() / RAND_MAX;
154
        if (roll <= 0.1) {
155
156
            tidal_resource_ms = 0;
157
158
159
        else if (roll >= 0.95) {
160
           tidal_resource_ms = 3 * ((Tidal*)test_tidal_ptr)->design_speed_ms;
161
162
163
        roll = (double)rand() / RAND_MAX;
164
165
        if (roll >= 0.95) {
            roll = 1.25;
166
167
168
169
        load_vec_kW[i] *= roll * test_tidal_ptr->capacity_kW;
170
        load_kW = load_vec_kW[i];
171
172
        production_kW = test_tidal_ptr->computeProductionkW(
173
174
            dt vec hrs[i].
175
            tidal resource ms
176
        );
177
178
        load_kW = test_tidal_ptr->commit(
179
180
            dt vec hrs[i].
            production_kW,
181
182
             load_kW
183
184
185
        // is running (or not) as expected
186
        if (production_kW > 0) {
187
            testTruth(
                test_tidal_ptr->is_running,
188
                 __FILE__,
189
190
                 __LINE__
191
            );
        }
192
193
```

```
194
       else {
195
           testTruth(
196
               not test_tidal_ptr->is_running,
197
               ___FILE___,
               __LINE_
198
199
           );
200
201
202
        // load_kW <= load_vec_kW (i.e., after vs before)
203
        testLessThanOrEqualTo(
204
            load_kW,
205
           load_vec_kW[i],
206
            __FILE__,
207
208
209
        // production = dispatch + storage + curtailment
210
211
        testFloatEquals(
212
           test_tidal_ptr->production_vec_kW[i] -
            test_tidal_ptr->dispatch_vec_kW[i] -
214
            test_tidal_ptr->storage_vec_kW[i]
215
            test_tidal_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[i],
216
           Ο,
           ___FILE___,
217
218
            __LINE_
219
       );
220
221
        // resource, O&M > 0 whenever tidal is running (i.e., producing)
222
        if (test_tidal_ptr->is_running) {
223
            testGreaterThan(
224
               tidal_resource_ms,
225
               0,
               __FILE__,
226
227
                __LINE__
228
           );
229
230
           testGreaterThan(
                test_tidal_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i],
232
233
                __FILE__,
234
                __LINE__
           );
235
       }
236
237
        // O&M = 0 whenever tidal is not running (i.e., not producing)
239
240
           testFloatEquals(
2.41
                test_tidal_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i],
               Ο,
242
               ___FILE_
243
244
                __LINE_
245
246
247 }
248
249
250 // ----- END METHODS -----//
251
252 }
       /* try */
253
254
255 catch (...) {
256
       delete test_tidal_ptr;
258
        printGold(" .... ");
        printRed("FAIL");
259
2.60
        std::cout « std::endl;
261
        throw:
262 }
263
264
265 delete test_tidal_ptr;
266
267 printGold(" .... ");
268 printGreen("PASS");
269 std::cout « std::endl;
270 return 0;
271 } /* main() */
```

# 5.38 test/source/Production/Renewable/test Wave.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Wave class.

```
#include "../../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../../header/Production/Renewable/Wave.h"
Include dependency graph for test_Wave.cpp:
```



#### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

### 5.38.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Wave class.

A suite of tests for the Wave class.

#### 5.38.2 Function Documentation

### 5.38.2.1 main()

```
int main (
            int argc,
            char ** argv )
27 {
     #ifdef _WIN32
28
         activateVirtualTerminal();
29
     #endif /* _WIN32 */
30
32
     printGold("\tTesting Production <-- Renewable <-- Wave");</pre>
33
     srand(time(NULL));
34
35
      Renewable* test_wave_ptr;
37
38 try {
39
40 // ----- CONSTRUCTION -----//
42 bool error_flag = true;
```

```
44 try {
      WaveInputs bad_wave_inputs;
46
      bad_wave_inputs.design_significant_wave_height_m = -1;
47
48
      Wave bad_wave(8760, 1, bad_wave_inputs);
49
50
      error_flag = false;
51 } catch (...) {
52
     // Task failed successfully! =P
53 }
54 if (not error_flag) {
      expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
55
56 }
58 WaveInputs wave_inputs;
59
60 test_wave_ptr = new Wave(8760, 1, wave_inputs);
61
62 // ====== END CONSTRUCTION ========= //
65
66 // ====== ATTRIBUTES ========== //
67
68 testTruth(
     not wave_inputs.renewable_inputs.production_inputs.print_flag,
70
      ___FILE___,
      __LINE_
71
72);
73
74 testFloatEquals(
75
      test_wave_ptr->type,
76
      RenewableType :: WAVE,
77
      ___FILE___,
      __LINE__
78
79);
80
81 testTruth(
     test_wave_ptr->type_str == "WAVE",
83
      ___FILE___,
84
      __LINE__
85);
86
87 testFloatEquals(
      test_wave_ptr->capital_cost,
89
      850831.063539,
90
      ___FILE___,
      __LINE_
91
92);
93
94 testFloatEquals(
95
      test_wave_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh,
96
      0.069905,
97
      ___FILE___,
98
      __LINE
99);
100
101 // ====== END ATTRIBUTES =========== //
102
103
104
105 // ====== METHODS ======== //
106
107 // test production constraints
108 testFloatEquals(
109
       test_wave_ptr->computeProductionkW(0, 1, 0, rand()),
110
       Ο,
       ___FILE___,
111
       __LINE__
112
113);
114
115 testFloatEquals(
116
       test_wave_ptr->computeProductionkW(0, 1, rand(), 0),
117
       Ο,
       ___FILE___,
118
       __LINE__
119
120);
121
122 // test commit()
123 std::vector<double> dt_vec_hrs (48, 1);
124
125 std::vector<double> load_vec_kW = {
      1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0,
126
127
128
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1,
129
       1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0
130 };
```

```
131
132 double load_kW = 0;
133 double production_kW = 0;
134 double roll = 0;
135 double significant_wave_height_m = 0;
136 double energy_period_s = 0;
137
138 for (int i = 0; i < 48; i++) {
139
        roll = (double)rand() / RAND_MAX;
140
141
        if (roll <= 0.05) {
            roll = 0;
142
143
144
145
        significant\_wave\_height\_m = roll \ \star
146
            ((Wave*)test_wave_ptr)->design_significant_wave_height_m;
147
148
        roll = (double) rand() / RAND MAX;
149
        if (roll <= 0.05) {</pre>
150
151
152
153
        energy_period_s = roll * ((Wave*)test_wave_ptr)->design_energy_period_s;
154
155
156
        roll = (double)rand() / RAND_MAX;
157
158
        if (roll >= 0.95) {
            roll = 1.25;
159
160
161
162
        load_vec_kW[i] *= roll * test_wave_ptr->capacity_kW;
163
        load_kW = load_vec_kW[i];
164
165
        production_kW = test_wave_ptr->computeProductionkW(
166
167
             dt vec hrs[i],
168
            significant_wave_height_m,
169
             energy_period_s
170
171
        load_kW = test_wave_ptr->commit(
172
173
174
            dt_vec_hrs[i],
175
            production_kW,
176
             load_kW
177
        );
178
        // is running (or not) as expected
179
        if (production_kW > 0) {
180
181
             testTruth(
182
                test_wave_ptr->is_running,
                ___FILE___,
183
184
                 __LINE__
            );
185
186
        }
187
188
        else {
189
            testTruth(
190
                not test_wave_ptr->is_running,
                 __FILE__,
191
192
                 __LINE
193
            );
194
195
196
        // load_kW <= load_vec_kW (i.e., after vs before)
197
        {\tt testLessThanOrEqualTo(}
198
             load kW.
199
            load_vec_kW[i],
200
            ___FILE___,
201
            __LINE__
202
203
        // production = dispatch + storage + curtailment
204
205
        testFloatEquals(
206
            test_wave_ptr->production_vec_kW[i]
207
             test_wave_ptr->dispatch_vec_kW[i]
208
             test_wave_ptr->storage_vec_kW[i]
209
            test_wave_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[i],
210
            0,
            __FILE__,
211
             __LINE__
212
213
214
215
        // resource, O\&M > 0 whenever wave is running (i.e., producing)
        if (test_wave_ptr->is_running) {
216
217
             testGreaterThan(
```

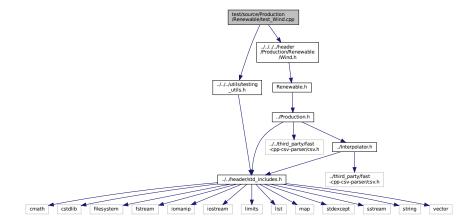
```
significant_wave_height_m,
                0,
__FILE__,
220
                 __LINE_
221
2.2.2
            );
223
            testGreaterThan(
225
                 energy_period_s,
                0,
__FILE__,
226
227
228
                 __LINE__
229
            );
230
231
            testGreaterThan(
232
                 test_wave_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i],
                0,
__FILE__,
233
234
235
                 __LINE__
236
            );
237
        }
238
        // O\&M = 0 whenever wave is not running (i.e., not producing)
239
2.40
            testFloatEquals(
2.41
242
                 test_wave_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i],
243
                 ___FILE___,
244
245
                 __LINE__
            );
246
247
248 }
249 // ====== END METHODS ======
250
251 }
       /* try */
252
253
254 catch (...) {
       delete test_wave_ptr;
256
       printGold(" ..... ");
printRed("FAIL");
257
258
259
        std::cout « std::endl;
260
        throw;
261 }
263
264 delete test_wave_ptr;
265
266 printGold(" ..... ");
267 printGreen("PASS");
268 std::cout « std::endl;
269 return 0;
270 } /* main() */
```

# 5.39 test/source/Production/Renewable/test\_Wind.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Wind class.

```
#include "../../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../../header/Production/Renewable/Wind.h"
```

Include dependency graph for test\_Wind.cpp:



### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

### 5.39.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Wind class.

A suite of tests for the Wind class.

### 5.39.2 Function Documentation

### 5.39.2.1 main()

```
int main (
              int argc,
             char ** argv )
28
      #ifdef _WIN32
          activateVirtualTerminal();
29
      #endif /* _WIN32 */
30
31
32
     printGold("\tTesting Production <-- Renewable <-- Wind");</pre>
33
      srand(time(NULL));
35
36
      Renewable* test_wind_ptr;
37
38 try {
40 // ====== CONSTRUCTION ==========
42 bool error_flag = true;
43
44 try {
45
       WindInputs bad_wind_inputs;
      bad_wind_inputs.design_speed_ms = -1;
```

```
48
      Wind bad_wind(8760, 1, bad_wind_inputs);
49
50
      error_flag = false;
51 } catch (...) {
52    // Task failed successfully! =P
53 }
54 if (not error_flag) {
55
      expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
56 }
57
58 WindInputs wind_inputs;
60 test_wind_ptr = new Wind(8760, 1, wind_inputs);
62 // ----- END CONSTRUCTION ------//
63
64
65
66 // ----- ATTRIBUTES ----- //
68 testTruth(
69
     not wind_inputs.renewable_inputs.production_inputs.print_flag,
      ___FILE___,
70
      __LINE__
71
72);
73
74 testFloatEquals(
7.5
     test_wind_ptr->type,
76
      RenewableType :: WIND,
      __FILE__,
77
78
      __LINE__
79);
80
81 testTruth(
     test_wind_ptr->type_str == "WIND",
82
83
      ___FILE___,
84
85);
86
87 testFloatEquals(
    test_wind_ptr->capital_cost, 450356.170088,
88
89
      __FILE__,
90
     __LINE__
91
92);
93
94 testFloatEquals(
      test_wind_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_kWh,
95
      0.034953,
96
      __FILE__,
98
      __LINE__
99);
100
101 // ----- END ATTRIBUTES ------//
102
103
104
105 // ----- METHODS -----//
106
107 // test production constraints
108 testFloatEquals(
109
       test_wind_ptr->computeProductionkW(0, 1, 1e6),
110
       ___FILE___,
111
       __LINE__
112
113 );
114
115 testFloatEquals(
       test_wind_ptr->computeProductionkW(
116
117
           Ο,
118
          1,
119
          ((Wind*)test_wind_ptr)->design_speed_ms
120
       test_wind_ptr->capacity_kW,
121
       __FILE__,
122
123
       __LINE__
124 );
125
126 testFloatEquals(
       test_wind_ptr->computeProductionkW(0, 1, -1),
127
128
       ___FILE___,
129
130
       __LINE__
131 );
132
133 // test commit()
```

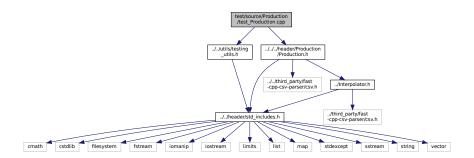
```
134 std::vector<double> dt_vec_hrs (48, 1);
135
136 std::vector<double> load_vec_kW = {
        137
138
139
140
        1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0
141 };
142
143 double load_kW = 0;
144 double production_kW = 0;
145 double roll = 0:
146 double wind_resource_ms = 0;
147
148 for (int i = 0; i < 48; i++) {
149
       roll = (double)rand() / RAND_MAX;
150
        wind_resource_ms = roll * ((Wind*)test_wind_ptr)->design_speed_ms;
151
152
153
        roll = (double)rand() / RAND_MAX;
154
        if (roll <= 0.1) {</pre>
155
156
            wind_resource_ms = 0;
157
158
        else if (roll >= 0.95) {
159
160
            wind_resource_ms = 3 * ((Wind*)test_wind_ptr)->design_speed_ms;
161
162
163
        roll = (double)rand() / RAND_MAX;
164
165
        if (roll >= 0.95) {
166
            roll = 1.25;
167
168
        load_vec_kW[i] *= roll * test_wind_ptr->capacity_kW;
169
170
        load_kW = load_vec_kW[i];
171
172
        production_kW = test_wind_ptr->computeProductionkW(
173
174
            dt_vec_hrs[i],
175
            wind_resource_ms
176
       );
177
178
        load_kW = test_wind_ptr->commit(
179
180
            dt_vec_hrs[i],
181
            production_kW,
            load_kW
182
183
       );
184
185
        // is running (or not) as expected
186
        if (production_kW > 0) {
187
            testTruth(
                test_wind_ptr->is_running,
188
                ___FILE___,
189
190
                __LINE__
191
            );
192
        }
193
194
        else (
           testTruth(
195
196
               not test_wind_ptr->is_running,
197
                __FILE__,
198
                __LINE__
199
            );
200
       }
201
202
        // load_kW <= load_vec_kW (i.e., after vs before)</pre>
        testLessThanOrEqualTo(
203
204
            load_kW,
205
            load_vec_kW[i],
            __FILE__,
206
207
            __LINE__
208
       );
209
210
        // production = dispatch + storage + curtailment
211
        testFloatEquals(
212
            test_wind_ptr->production_vec_kW[i] -
            test_wind_ptr->dispatch_vec_kW[i] -
213
214
            test_wind_ptr->storage_vec_kW[i]
            test_wind_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[i],
215
216
            ___FILE___,
217
218
            __LINE__
219
        );
220
```

```
221
        // resource, O&M > 0 whenever wind is running (i.e., producing)
222
        if (test_wind_ptr->is_running) {
223
            testGreaterThan(
224
               wind_resource_ms,
               0,
__FILE_
225
226
227
                __LINE_
228
229
230
            {\tt testGreaterThan} (
                test_wind_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i],
231
232
                __FILE_
233
234
235
            );
236
237
        // O&M = 0 whenever wind is not running (i.e., not producing)
238
239
240
            testFloatEquals(
241
                test_wind_ptr->operation_maintenance_cost_vec[i],
242
                Ο,
                ___FILE_
243
2.44
                __LINE__
245
            );
246
        }
247 }
248
249
250 // ====== END METHODS ======= //
251
252 }
       /* try */
253
254
255 catch (...) {
256
       delete test_wind_ptr;
257
       printGold(" ..... ");
printRed("FAIL");
258
259
260
        std::cout « std::endl;
261
        throw;
262 }
263
264
265 delete test_wind_ptr;
266
267 printGold(" ..... ");
268 printGreen("PASS");
269 std::cout « std::endl;
270 return 0;
271 } /* main() */
```

# 5.40 test/source/Production/test\_Production.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Production class.

```
#include "../../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../header/Production/Production.h"
Include dependency graph for test_Production.cpp:
```



#### **Functions**

int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

### 5.40.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Production class.

A suite of tests for the Production class.

#### 5.40.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.40.2.1 main()

```
int main (
            int argc,
           char ** argv )
     #ifdef _WIN32
        activateVirtualTerminal();
29
    #endif /* _WIN32 */
30
31
    printGold("\tTesting Production");
     srand(time(NULL));
35
36
37 try {
38
39 // ----- CONSTRUCTION -----//
40
41 bool error_flag = true;
42
43 try {
44
     ProductionInputs production_inputs;
45
     Production bad_production(0, 1, production_inputs);
48
     error_flag = false;
49 } catch (...) {
50  // Task failed successfully! =P
52 if (not error_flag) {
     expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
54 }
55
56 ProductionInputs production_inputs;
58 Production test_production(8760, 1, production_inputs);
60 // ====== END CONSTRUCTION =======//
61
62
63
64 // ====== ATTRIBUTES =========== //
66 testTruth(
67
     not production_inputs.print_flag,
68
     ___FILE___,
     __LINE__
69
70);
72 testFloatEquals(
   production_inputs.nominal_inflation_annual,
73
74
     ___FILE___,
75
76
      __LINE__
77);
```

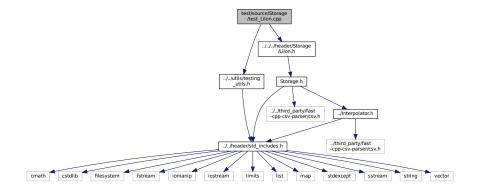
```
79 testFloatEquals(
80
       production_inputs.nominal_discount_annual,
81
       0.04,
       ___FILE
82
83
       __LINE__
84);
85
86 testFloatEquals(
87
       test_production.n_points,
       8760,
__FILE_
88
89
       __LINE__
90
91);
92
93 testFloatEquals(
94
       {\tt test\_production.capacity\_kW,}
       100,
__FILE___,
95
96
97
       __LINE__
98);
99
100 testFloatEquals(
        test_production.real_discount_annual,
101
102
        0.0196078431372549,
103
        __FILE__,
104
        __LINE__
105);
106
107 testFloatEquals(
108
        {\tt test\_production.production\_vec\_kW.size(),}
109
        8760,
110
        __FILE_
111
        __LINE__
112 );
113
114 testFloatEquals(
115
        test_production.dispatch_vec_kW.size(),
116
117
        __FILE_
118
        __LINE__
119);
120
121 testFloatEquals(
122
        test_production.storage_vec_kW.size(),
123
        8760,
        __FILE
124
125
        __LINE_
126);
127
128 testFloatEquals(
129
        test_production.curtailment_vec_kW.size(),
130
        8760,
        __FILE
131
132
        __LINE__
133 );
134
135 testFloatEquals(
136
        test_production.capital_cost_vec.size(),
137
        8760.
        ___FILE_
138
        __LINE_
139
140);
141
142 testFloatEquals(
143
        test_production.operation_maintenance_cost_vec.size(),
144
        8760,
        __FILE_
145
        __LINE
146
147);
148
149 // ====== END ATTRIBUTES =======
150
151 }
      /* try */
152
153
154 catch (...) {
155
156
        printGold(" .... ");
printRed("FAIL");
157
158
159
        std::cout « std::endl;
160
        throw;
161 }
162
163
164 printGold(" .....");
```

```
165 printGreen("PASS");
166 std::cout « std::endl;
167 return 0;
168
169 } /* main() */
```

# 5.41 test/source/Storage/test\_Lilon.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Lilon class.

```
#include "../../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../header/Storage/LiIon.h"
Include dependency graph for test_Lilon.cpp:
```



### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

### 5.41.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Lilon class.

A suite of tests for the Lilon class.

### 5.41.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.41.2.1 main()

```
int main (
             int argc,
             char ** argv )
27 {
28
      #ifdef _WIN32
         activateVirtualTerminal();
29
      #endif /* _WIN32 */
30
31
32
      printGold("\tTesting Storage <-- LiIon");</pre>
33
      srand(time(NULL));
34
35
36
37 try {
38
39 // ====== CONSTRUCTION ======== //
40
41 bool error_flag = true;
42
43 try {
      LiIonInputs bad_liion_inputs;
45
     bad_liion_inputs.min_SOC = -1;
46
47
      LiIon bad_liion(8760, 1, bad_liion_inputs);
48
49
      error_flag = false;
50 } catch (...) {
51
      // Task failed successfully! =P
52 }
53 if (not error_flag) {
      expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
54
55 }
57 LiIonInputs liion_inputs;
58
59 LiIon test_liion(8760, 1, liion_inputs);
60
61 // ====== END CONSTRUCTION ============ //
64
65 // ====== ATTRIBUTES ============ //
66
67 testTruth(
     test_liion.type_str == "LIION",
68
69
      ___FILE___,
70
      __LINE__
71);
72
73 testFloatEquals(
    test_liion.init_SOC,
75
      __FILE__,
76
77
      __LINE__
78);
79
80 testFloatEquals(
    test_liion.min_SOC,
82
      0.15,
      __FILE__
83
84
      __LINE__
85);
86
87 testFloatEquals(
88
      test_liion.hysteresis_SOC,
29
      0.5,
     ___FILE___,
90
91
      __LINE__
92);
93
94 testFloatEquals(
95
      test_liion.max_SOC,
96
      0.9.
      __FILE__
97
98
      __LINE__
99);
100
101 testFloatEquals(
102
       test_liion.charging_efficiency,
103
       0.9,
       __FILE__,
104
       __LINE__
105
106);
```

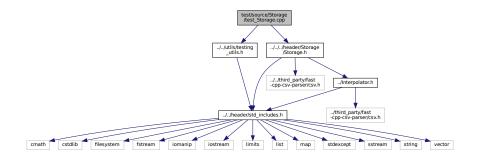
```
107
108 testFloatEquals(
109
        test_liion.discharging_efficiency,
110
        0.9,
       ___FILE_
111
       __LINE_
112
113 );
114
115 testFloatEquals(
116
        test_liion.replace_SOH,
       0.8,
__FILE_
117
118
119
        __LINE__
120 );
121
122 testFloatEquals(
123
       test_liion.power_kW,
       Ο,
124
       __FILE__,
125
        __LINE__
126
127);
128
129 testFloatEquals(
       test_liion.SOH_vec.size(),
130
131
        8760,
132
       __FILE_
133
        __LINE__
134 );
135
136 // ----- END ATTRIBUTES ----- //
137
138
139
140 // ====== METHODS ========
141
142 testFloatEquals(
       test_liion.getAvailablekW(1),
143
              // hits power capacity constraint
144
       __FILE__,
145
146
       __LINE__
147);
148
149 testFloatEquals(
150
        test_liion.getAcceptablekW(1),
151
             // hits power capacity constraint
152
        ___FILE___,
153
        __LINE__
154);
155
156 test_liion.power_kW = 100;
158 testFloatEquals(
159
       test_liion.getAvailablekW(1),
       100, /
__FILE__,
160
              // hits power capacity constraint
161
        __LINE__
162
163);
164
165 testFloatEquals(
166
        {\tt test\_liion.getAcceptablekW(1),}
       100, /
__FILE__,
167
              // hits power capacity constraint
168
169
        __LINE__
170);
171
172 test_liion.power_kW = 1e6;
173
174 testFloatEquals(
       test_liion.getAvailablekW(1),
175
             // is already hitting power capacity constraint
       __FILE__,
177
178
        __LINE__
179);
180
181 testFloatEquals(
        test_liion.getAcceptablekW(1),
       0, // is already hitting power capacity constraint __FILE__,
183
184
       __LINE__
185
186);
187
188 test_liion.commitCharge(0, 1, 100);
189
190 testFloatEquals(
191
       test_liion.power_kW,
192
        Ο,
        __FILE__,
193
```

```
__LINE__
195);
196
197 // ====== END METHODS ======== //
198
199 } /* try */
200
201
202 catch (...) {
203
204
      printGold(" .....");
printRed("FAIL");
205
206
207
      std::cout « std::endl;
208
209 }
210
211
212 printGold(" .....");
213 printGreen("PASS");
214 std::cout « std::endl;
215 return 0;
216 } /* main() */
```

## 5.42 test/source/Storage/test\_Storage.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Storage class.

```
#include "../../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../../header/Storage/Storage.h"
Include dependency graph for test_Storage.cpp:
```



### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

### 5.42.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Storage class.

A suite of tests for the Storage class.

#### 5.42.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.42.2.1 main()

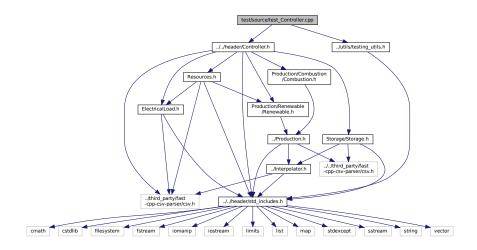
```
int main (
             int argc,
             char ** argv )
27 {
28
      #ifdef _WIN32
         activateVirtualTerminal();
29
30
      #endif /* _WIN32 */
31
32
      printGold("\tTesting Storage");
33
      srand(time(NULL));
34
35
36
37 try {
38
39 // ----- CONSTRUCTION -----//
40
41 bool error_flag = true;
42
43 try {
      StorageInputs bad_storage_inputs;
45
      bad_storage_inputs.energy_capacity_kWh = 0;
46
47
      Storage bad_storage(8760, 1, bad_storage_inputs);
48
49
      error_flag = false;
50 } catch (...) {
51
      // Task failed successfully! =P
52 }
53 if (not error_flag) {
      expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
54
55 }
57 StorageInputs storage_inputs;
58
59 Storage test_storage(8760, 1, storage_inputs);
60
61 // ====== END CONSTRUCTION =========== //
62
64
65 // ====== ATTRIBUTES ========= //
66
67 testFloatEquals(
68
      test_storage.power_capacity_kW,
69
      100,
      ___FILE___,
70
71
      __LINE__
72);
73
74 testFloatEquals(
      test_storage.energy_capacity_kWh,
76
      1000,
      ___FILE
77
78
      __LINE__
79);
80
81 testFloatEquals(
      test_storage.charge_vec_kWh.size(),
83
      8760,
      ___FILE_
84
      __LINE_
85
86);
88 testFloatEquals(
29
      {\tt test\_storage.charging\_power\_vec\_kW.size(),}
      8760,
__FILE_
90
91
      __LINE__
92
93);
95 testFloatEquals(
96
      test_storage.discharging_power_vec_kW.size(),
97
      8760.
      __FILE_
98
      __LINE__
99
100 );
101
102 testFloatEquals(
103
       test_storage.capital_cost_vec.size(),
104
       8760.
       ___FILE_
105
106
       __LINE_
```

```
107);
109 testFloatEquals(
      test_storage.operation_maintenance_cost_vec.size(),
110
      8760.
111
      ___FILE_
112
      __LINE_
113
114);
115
116 // ====== END ATTRIBUTES ======
117
118
119
120 // ----- METHODS ----- //
121
122 //...
123
124 // ====== END METHODS =======
125
126 } /* try */
127
128
129 catch (...) {
130
131
      printGold(" ....");
printRed("FAIL");
132
133
134
      std::cout « std::endl;
135
136 }
137
138
139 printGold(" .....");
140 printGreen("PASS");
141 std::cout « std::endl;
142 return 0;
143 } /* main() */
```

# 5.43 test/source/test\_Controller.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Controller class.

```
#include "../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../header/Controller.h"
Include dependency graph for test Controller.cpp:
```



### **Functions**

int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

### 5.43.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Controller class.

A suite of tests for the Controller class.

### 5.43.2 Function Documentation

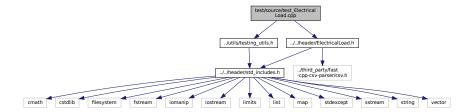
#### 5.43.2.1 main()

```
int main (
          int argc,
          char ** argv )
    #ifdef _WIN32
    activateVirtualTerminal();
28
29
    #endif /* _WIN32 */
30
    printGold("\tTesting Controller");
33
    srand(time(NULL));
34
35
36
37 try {
39 // ----- CONSTRUCTION -----//
40
41 Controller test controller;
44
45
46
47 // ====== ATTRIBUTES ============ //
48
51 // ----- END ATTRIBUTES ----- //
52
53
59 // ====== END METHODS ========//
60
61 } /* try */
62
64 catch (...) {
6.5
66
   printGold(" .....");
    printRed("FAIL");
68
69
    std::cout « std::endl;
70
71 }
72
73
74 printGold(" .....");
75 printGreen("PASS");
76 std::cout « std::endl;
77 return 0;
78 } /* main() */
```

# 5.44 test/source/test\_ElectricalLoad.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for ElectricalLoad class.

```
#include "../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../header/ElectricalLoad.h"
Include dependency graph for test_ElectricalLoad.cpp:
```



### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

### 5.44.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for ElectricalLoad class.

A suite of tests for the ElectricalLoad class.

#### 5.44.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.44.2.1 main()

```
int main (
               int argc,
              char ** argv )
27 {
28
       #ifdef _WIN32
      activateVirtualTerminal();
#endif /* _WIN32 */
29
30
31
      printGold("\tTesting ElectricalLoad");
32
34
       srand(time(NULL));
35
36
37 try {
39 // ====== CONSTRUCTION ======
41 std::string path_2_electrical_load_time_series =
       "data/test/electrical_load/electrical_load_generic_peak-500kW_1yr_dt-1hr.csv";
42
43
44 ElectricalLoad test_electrical_load(path_2_electrical_load_time_series);
```

```
46 // ====== END CONSTRUCTION ========= //
48
49
50 // ====== ATTRIBUTES ======== //
52 testTruth(
       test_electrical_load.path_2_electrical_load_time_series ==
54
       path_2_electrical_load_time_series,
       ___FILE___,
5.5
       __LINE__
56
57);
58
59 testFloatEquals(
60
       test_electrical_load.n_points,
61
       8760,
       ___FILE_
62
       __LINE__
63
64);
66 testFloatEquals(
67
       test_electrical_load.n_years,
68
       0.999886,
      ___FILE___,
69
       __LINE__
70
71);
72
73 testFloatEquals(
74
      test_electrical_load.min_load_kW,
75
       82.1211213927802.
76
       __FILE__,
       __LINE__
78);
79
80 testFloatEquals(
     test_electrical_load.mean_load_kW,
81
       258.373472633202,
82
       __FILE___,
83
       __LINE__
85);
86
87
88 testFloatEquals(
89
       test_electrical_load.max_load_kW,
       ___FILE___,
91
92
       __LINE__
93);
94
95
96 std::vector<double> expected_dt_vec_hrs (48, 1);
98 std::vector<double> expected_time_vec_hrs = {
       0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47
99
100
101
102
103 };
104
105 std::vector<double> expected_load_vec_kW = {
      360.253836463674,
106
        355.171277826775,
107
108
        353.776453532298,
109
       353.75405737934,
110
       346.592867404975,
111
       340.132411175118,
112
        337.354867340578,
        340.644115618736,
113
114
       363.639028500678,
        378.787797779238,
115
116
        372.215798201712,
117
       395.093925731298,
118
       402.325427142659,
       386.907725462306,
119
        380.709170928091,
120
121
       372.062070914977,
122
        372.328646856954,
123
        391.841444284136,
        394.029351759596.
124
        383.369407765254,
125
        381.093099675206,
126
        382.604158946193,
127
128
        390.744843709034,
129
        383.13949492437,
130
        368.150393976985,
        364.629744480226.
131
        363.572736804082,
132
```

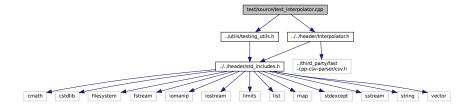
```
133
        359.854924202248,
134
        355.207590170267,
135
        349.094656012401,
136
        354.365935871597,
137
        343.380608328546.
138
       404.673065729266,
139
       486.296896820126,
140
       480.225974100847,
141
       457.318764401085,
142
        418.177339948609,
       414.399018364126.
143
144
       409.678420185754.
        404.768766016563,
145
146
       401.699589920585,
147
        402.44339040654,
148
        398.138372541906,
        396.010498627646.
149
        390.165117432277,
150
151
        375.850429417013,
        365.567100746484,
153
        365.429624610923
154 };
155
156 for (int i = 0; i < 48; i++) {
157 testFloatEquals(
158
         test_electrical_load.dt_vec_hrs[i],
159
           expected_dt_vec_hrs[i],
160
           ___FILE___,
161
            __LINE__
162
       );
163
164
       testFloatEquals(
165
           test_electrical_load.time_vec_hrs[i],
166
            expected_time_vec_hrs[i],
167
           ___FILE___,
            __LINE_
168
169
       );
170
171
       testFloatEquals(
172
          test_electrical_load.load_vec_kW[i],
173
            expected_load_vec_kW[i],
174
            __FILE__,
175
            __LINE_
176
177 }
178
179 // ====== END ATTRIBUTES ======== //
180
181 }
       /* trv */
182
183
184 catch (...) {
185
186
       printGold(" .....");
printRed("FAIL");
187
188
        std::cout « std::endl;
190
        throw;
191 }
192
193
194 printGold(" .....");
195 printGreen("PASS");
196 std::cout « std::endl;
197 return 0;
198 } /* main() */
```

### 5.45 test/source/test Interpolator.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Interpolator class.

```
#include "../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../header/Interpolator.h"
```

Include dependency graph for test\_Interpolator.cpp:



#### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

### 5.45.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Interpolator class.

A suite of tests for the Interpolator class.

#### 5.45.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.45.2.1 main()

```
int main (
         int argc,
         char ** argv )
27 {
    #ifdef _WIN32
28
    activateVirtualTerminal(); #endif /* _WIN32 */
29
30
31
    printGold("\n\tTesting Interpolator");
33
    srand(time(NULL));
34
35
36
37 try {
39 // ====== CONSTRUCTION =================
41 Interpolator test_interpolator;
42
43 // ====== END CONSTRUCTION ==========//
45
46
47 // ----- ATTRIBUTES ----- //
48
 // ----- END ATTRIBUTES -----//
52
5.3
54
55 // ----- METHODS -----//
```

```
57 // 1. 1D interpolation
59 int data_key = 1;
60 std::string path_2_data = "data/test/interpolation/diesel_fuel_curve.csv";
61
62 test_interpolator.addData1D(data_key, path_2_data);
64 testTruth(
65
      test_interpolator.path_map_1D[data_key] == path_2_data,
       ___FILE___,
66
       __LINE__
67
68);
69
70 testFloatEquals(
71
       test_interpolator.interp_map_1D[data_key].n_points,
       16,
__FILE___
72
73
       __LINE__
74
75);
77 testFloatEquals(
78
       test_interpolator.interp_map_1D[data_key].x_vec.size(),
79
       16,
__FILE___,
80
       __LINE_
81
82);
83
84 std::vector<double> expected_x_vec = {
       0,
0.3,
8.5
86
87
       0.35,
88
       0.4,
89
       0.45,
90
       0.5,
91
       0.55
92
       0.6.
93
       0.65,
       0.7,
95
96
       0.8,
97
       0.85
98
       0.9.
99
       0.95.
100
101 };
102
103 std::vector<double> expected_y_vec = {
       4.68079520372916,
104
        11.1278522361839,
105
106
       12.4787834830748,
        13.7808847600209,
107
108
       15.0417468303382,
109
        16.277263,
        17.4612831516442,
110
       18.6279054806525.
111
        19.7698039220515,
112
113
        20.8893499214868,
114
        21.955378,
115
        23.0690535155297,
116
        24.1323614374927.
117
        25.1797231192866.
        26.2122451458747,
118
119
        27.254952
120 };
121
122 for (int i = 0; i < test_interpolator.interp_map_1D[data_key].n_points; i++) {
123
        testFloatEquals(
            test_interpolator.interp_map_1D[data_key].x_vec[i],
124
125
            expected_x_vec[i],
126
            __FILE__,
127
            __LINE__
128
       );
129
        testFloatEquals(
130
            test_interpolator.interp_map_1D[data_key].y_vec[i],
131
132
            expected_y_vec[i],
133
            __FILE__,
134
            __LINE__
135
        );
136 }
137
138 //...
139
140
141 // 2. 2D interpolation
142
143 data_key = 2;
```

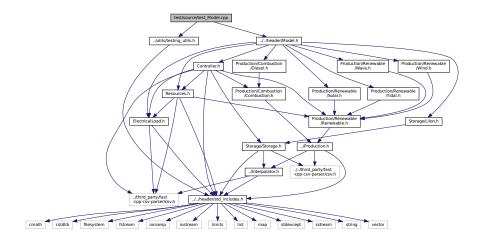
```
144 path_2_data =
        "data/test/interpolation/wave_energy_converter_normalized_performance_matrix.csv";
146
147 test_interpolator.addData2D(data_key, path_2_data);
148
149 testTruth(
150
       test_interpolator.path_map_2D[data_key] == path_2_data,
151
       ___FILE___,
       __LINE__
152
153);
154
155 testFloatEquals(
       test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].n_rows,
156
157
158
       ___FILE___,
       __LINE__
159
160);
161
162 testFloatEquals(
163
       test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].n_cols,
164
       __FILE__,
165
166
       __LINE_
167);
168
169 testFloatEquals(
170
        test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].x_vec.size(),
       16,
171
       __FILE_
172
173
       __LINE__
174);
175
176 testFloatEquals(
177
       test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].y_vec.size(),
       16,
__FILE___,
178
179
180
        __LINE__
181 );
182
183 testFloatEquals(
184
       test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].z_matrix.size(),
       16,
__FILE_
185
186
187
        __LINE__
188);
189
190 testFloatEquals(
191
       \texttt{test\_interpolator.interp\_map\_2D[data\_key].z\_matrix[0].size(),}
192
       16.
       __FILE_
193
194
        __LINE_
195);
196
199 };
200
201 expected_y_vec = {
202
       5,
203
        6,
204
        7,
205
       8,
206
        9,
207
208
       11,
209
       12,
210
        13,
211
        14.
212
       15.
213
        16,
214
        17,
215
       18,
216
       19,
217
       20
218 };
220 for (int i = 0; i < test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].n_cols; i++) {
221
       testFloatEquals(
222
           test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].x_vec[i],
223
           expected_x_vec[i],
224
           __FILE__,
225
            __LINE__
226
227 }
228
229 for (int i = 0; i < test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].n_rows; i++) {
230
       testFloatEquals(
```

```
231
                      test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].y_vec[i],
232
                      expected_y_vec[i],
233
                      __FILE__,
                      __LINE
234
235
236 }
238 std::vector<std::vector<double» expected_z_matrix = {
              {0, 0.129128125, 0.268078125, 0.404253125, 0.537653125, 0.668278125, 0.796128125, 0.921203125, 1, 1,
             1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0},
{0, 0.11160375, 0.24944375, 0.38395375, 0.51513375, 0.64298375, 0.76750375, 0.88869375, 1, 1, 1, 1,
240
             1, 1, 1, 1}.
               {0, 0.094079375, 0.230809375, 0.363654375, 0.492614375, 0.617689375, 0.738879375, 0.856184375,
241
             242
            243
             0.95330625, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1},
               (0, 0.023301873, 0.130218737, 0.1302330073, 0.1302330073, 0.13021873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.12024301873, 0.120243018
246
247
             0.827473125, 0.899823125, 0.964958125, 1, 1, 1, 1}, {0, 0, 0.10036875, 0.22155875, 0.33497875, 0.44062875, 0.53850875, 0.62861875, 0.71095875,
248
            0.78552875, 0.85232875, 0.91135875, 0.96261875, 1, 1}, {0, 0, 0.081734375, 0.201259375, 0.312459375, 0.415334375, 0.509884375, 0.596109375, 0.674009375, 0.743584375, 0.804834375, 0.857759375, 0.902359375, 0.938634375, 0.966584375, 0.986209375}, {0, 0, 0.0631, 0.18096, 0.28994, 0.39004, 0.48126, 0.5636, 0.63706, 0.70164, 0.75734, 0.80416,
249
250
             0.8421, 0.87116, 0.89134, 0.90264},
               251
             0.659695625, \ 0.709845625, \ 0.750560625, \ 0.781840625, \ 0.803685624999999, \ 0.816095625, \ 0.819070625\}, \\
            {0, 0, 0.02583125, 0.14036125, 0.24490125, 0.33945125, 0.42401125, 0.49858125, 0.56316125, 0.61775125, 0.66235125, 0.69696125, 0.72158125, 0.73621125, 0.74085125, 0.73550125}, {0, 0, 0.007196875, 0.120061875, 0.222381875, 0.314156875, 0.395386875, 0.466071875, 0.526211875, 0.575806875, 0.614856875, 0.643361875, 0.661321875, 0.668736875, 0.665606875, 0.651931875},
2.52
253
254
               {0, 0, 0, 0.0997625, 0.1998625, 0.2888625, 0.3667625, 0.4335625, 0.4892625, 0.5338625, 0.5673625,
             0.5897625, 0.6010625, 0.6012625, 0.5903625, 0.5683625}
255 };
256
257 for (int i = 0; i < test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].n_rows; i++) {
               for (int j = 0; j < test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].n_cols; j++) {</pre>
258
                      testFloatEquals(
260
                              test_interpolator.interp_map_2D[data_key].z_matrix[i][j],
261
                              expected_z_matrix[i][j],
2.62
                              ___FILE___,
263
                               LINE
264
                      );
265
266 }
2.67
268 //...
269
270 // ====== END METHODS ======= //
272 }
273
274
275 catch (...) {
276
             //...
278
               printGold(" .....");
               printRed("FAIL");
279
280
               std::cout « std::endl;
281
               throw;
282 }
283
285 printGold(" ..... ");
286 printGreen("PASS");
287 std::cout « std::endl;
288 return 0;
289 } /* main() */
```

### 5.46 test/source/test\_Model.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Model class.

```
#include "../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../header/Model.h"
Include dependency graph for test_Model.cpp:
```



### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

### 5.46.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Model class.

A suite of tests for the Model class.

#### 5.46.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.46.2.1 main()

```
int main (
           int argc,
           char ** argv )
27 {
     #ifdef _WIN32
28
29
        activateVirtualTerminal();
     #endif /* _WIN32 */
31
     printGold("\tTesting Model");
32
33
34
     srand(time(NULL));
35
36
38
39 // ----- CONSTRUCTION -----//
40
41 bool error_flag = true;
```

```
43 try {
       ModelInputs bad_model_inputs; // path_2_electrical_load_time_series left empty
45
46
       Model bad_model(bad_model_inputs);
47
      error_flag = false;
48
49 } catch (...) {
50
      // Task failed successfully! =P
51 }
52 if (not error_flag) {
       expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
53
54 }
55
57 try {
58
       ModelInputs bad_model_inputs;
      bad_model_inputs.path_2_electrical_load_time_series =
   "data/test/electrical_load/bad_path_240984069830.csv";
59
60
61
      Model bad_model(bad_model_inputs);
64
      error_flag = false;
65 } catch (...) {
66  // Task failed successfully! =P
67 }
68 if (not error_flag) {
69
      expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
70 }
71
72
73 std::string path_2_electrical_load_time_series =
       "data/test/electrical_load/electrical_load_generic_peak-500kW_1yr_dt-1hr.csv";
75
76 ModelInputs test_model_inputs;
77 test_model_inputs.path_2_electrical_load_time_series =
      path_2_electrical_load_time_series;
78
79
80 Model test_model(test_model_inputs);
82 // ----- END CONSTRUCTION ------//
83
84
85 // ----- ATTRIBUTES ----- //
86
88
       test_model.electrical_load.path_2_electrical_load_time_series ==
89
       path_2_electrical_load_time_series,
       ___FILE___,
90
       __LINE__
91
92);
93
94 testFloatEquals(
95
      test_model.electrical_load.n_points,
96
       8760,
      ___FILE_
97
       __LINE__
98
99);
100
101 testFloatEquals(
102
       test_model.electrical_load.n_years,
103
       0.999886.
104
        __FILE__,
105
        __LINE__
106);
107
108 testFloatEquals(
109
       test_model.electrical_load.min_load_kW,
        82.1211213927802.
110
       __FILE__,
111
112
        __LINE_
113 );
114
115 testFloatEquals(
       test_model.electrical_load.mean_load_kW,
116
        258.373472633202,
117
        ___FILE___,
118
119
        __LINE__
120 );
121
122
123 testFloatEquals(
124
        test_model.electrical_load.max_load_kW,
125
        500,
        __FILE__,
126
127
        __LINE__
128);
129
```

```
130
131
    std::vector<double> expected_dt_vec_hrs (48, 1);
132
133 std::vector<double> expected_time_vec_hrs = {
        0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35,
134
135
136
137
        36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47
138 };
139
140 std::vector<double> expected_load_vec_kW = {
        360.253836463674,
141
        355.171277826775,
142
143
        353.776453532298,
144
        353.75405737934,
145
        346.592867404975,
146
        340.132411175118.
        337.354867340578,
147
        340.644115618736,
148
        363.639028500678,
149
150
        378.787797779238,
151
        372.215798201712,
152
        395.093925731298,
        402.325427142659.
153
154
        386.907725462306,
155
        380.709170928091,
156
        372.062070914977,
157
        372.328646856954,
158
        391.841444284136,
159
        394.029351759596.
160
        383.369407765254,
161
        381.093099675206,
162
        382.604158946193,
163
        390.744843709034,
164
        383.13949492437,
        368.150393976985.
165
        364.629744480226,
166
        363.572736804082,
167
168
        359.854924202248,
169
        355.207590170267,
170
        349.094656012401.
        354.365935871597.
171
172
        343.380608328546.
173
        404.673065729266,
174
        486.296896820126,
        480.225974100847,
175
176
        457.318764401085,
177
        418.177339948609,
        414.399018364126.
178
179
        409.678420185754,
180
        404.768766016563,
181
        401.699589920585,
182
        402.44339040654,
183
        398.138372541906,
        396.010498627646.
184
        390.165117432277,
185
        375.850429417013,
186
187
        365.567100746484,
188
        365.429624610923
189 };
190
191 for (int i = 0; i < 48; i++) {
192
        testFloatEquals(
193
            test_model.electrical_load.dt_vec_hrs[i],
194
             expected_dt_vec_hrs[i],
195
            ___FILE___,
196
             __LINE_
197
        );
198
199
        testFloatEquals(
200
             test_model.electrical_load.time_vec_hrs[i],
201
             expected_time_vec_hrs[i],
202
            ___FILE___,
203
             __LINE__
204
        );
205
        testFloatEquals(
206
207
             test_model.electrical_load.load_vec_kW[i],
208
             expected_load_vec_kW[i],
209
             ___FILE___,
210
             LINE
211
        );
212 }
213
214 // ====== END ATTRIBUTES ========= //
215
216
```

```
218 // ====== METHODS ===========
219
220 // add Solar resource
221 int solar_resource_key = 0;
222 std::string path_2_solar_resource_data =
        "data/test/resources/solar_GHI_peak-1kWm2_1yr_dt-1hr.csv";
223
224
225 test_model.addResource(
226
        RenewableType :: SOLAR,
227
        path_2_solar_resource_data,
228
        solar_resource_key
229);
230
231 std::vector<double> expected_solar_resource_vec_kWm2 = {
232
        Ο,
233
        0.
234
        0,
235
        Ο,
236
        Ο,
237
        8.51702662684015E-05,
238
        0.000348341567045,
239
        0.00213793728593.
240
241
        0.004099863613322,
242
        0.000997135230553,
243
        0.009534527624657,
244
        0.022927996790616,
245
        0.0136071715294,
        0.002535134127751,
246
247
        0.005206897515821,
248
        0.005627658648597,
249
        0.000701186722215,
250
        0.00017119827089,
2.51
        Ο,
252
        0.
253
        0,
254
        Ο,
255
        Ο,
256
        0,
257
        0,
258
        0,
259
        0.
260
        0,
261
        Ο,
262
        Ο,
263
        0.000141055102242,
264
        0.00084525014743,
        0.024893647822702.
265
266
        0.091245556190749,
        0.158722176731637,
267
268
        0.152859680515876,
269
        0.149922903895116,
270
        0.13049996570866,
271
        0.03081254222795.
272
        0.001218928911125,
273
        0.000206092647423,
274
275
        0,
276
        0,
277
        0.
278
        0,
279
280 };
281
282 for (size_t i = 0; i < expected_solar_resource_vec_kWm2.size(); i++) {
283
        testFloatEquals(
            test_model.resources.resource_map_1D[solar_resource_key][i],
284
285
            expected_solar_resource_vec_kWm2[i],
            __FILE__,
286
287
            __LINE__
288
        );
289 }
290
291
292 // add Tidal resource
293 int tidal_resource_key = 1;
294 std::string path_2_tidal_resource_data =
295
         "data/test/resources/tidal_speed_peak-3ms_1yr_dt-1hr.csv";
296
297 test_model.addResource(
298
        RenewableType :: TIDAL,
299
        path_2_tidal_resource_data,
300
        tidal_resource_key
301 );
302
303
```

```
304 // add Wave resource
305 int wave_resource_key = 2;
306 std::string path_2_wave_resource_data =
307
        "data/test/resources/waves_H_s_peak-8m_T_e_peak-15s_1yr_dt-1hr.csv";
308
309 test model.addResource(
310
       RenewableType :: WAVE,
311
        path_2_wave_resource_data,
312
        wave_resource_key
313);
314
315
316 // add Wind resource
317 int wind_resource_key = 3;
318 std::string path_2_wind_resource_data =
319
        "data/test/resources/wind_speed_peak-25ms_1yr_dt-1hr.csv";
320
321 test model.addResource(
322
       RenewableType :: WIND,
323
        path_2_wind_resource_data,
324
        wind_resource_key
325);
326
327
328 // add Diesel assets
329 DieselInputs diesel_inputs;
330 diesel_inputs.combustion_inputs.production_inputs.capacity_kW = 100;
331 diesel_inputs.combustion_inputs.production_inputs.is_sunk = true;
332
333 test_model.addDiesel(diesel_inputs);
334
335 testFloatEquals(
336
        test_model.combustion_ptr_vec.size(),
337
        __FILE__,
338
339
        __LINE_
340);
341
342 testFloatEquals(
343
        test_model.combustion_ptr_vec[0]->type,
344
        CombustionType :: DIESEL,
        ___FILE___,
345
346
         LINE
347);
348
349 diesel_inputs.combustion_inputs.production_inputs.capacity_kW = 150;
350
351 test_model.addDiesel(diesel_inputs);
352
353 diesel inputs.combustion inputs.production inputs.capacity kW = 250;
354
355 test_model.addDiesel(diesel_inputs);
356
357 testFloatEquals(
358
        test_model.combustion_ptr_vec.size(),
359
        3,
        __FILE__,
360
361
        __LINE__
362);
363
364 std::vector<int> expected_diesel_capacity_vec_kW = {100, 150, 250};
365
366 for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        testFloatEquals(
368
            test_model.combustion_ptr_vec[i]->capacity_kW,
369
            expected_diesel_capacity_vec_kW[i],
370
            ___FILE___,
371
            __LINE
372
       );
373 }
374
375 diesel_inputs.combustion_inputs.production_inputs.capacity_kW = 100;
376
377 for (int i = 0; i < 2 * ((double)rand() / RAND_MAX); i++) {
        test_model.addDiesel(diesel_inputs);
378
379 }
380
381
382 // add Solar asset
383 SolarInputs solar_inputs;
384 solar_inputs.resource_key = solar_resource_key;
385
386 test_model.addSolar(solar_inputs);
387
388 testFloatEquals(
389
        test_model.renewable_ptr_vec.size(),
390
        1.
```

```
__FILE__,
391
392
        __LINE__
393);
394
395 testFloatEquals(
        test_model.renewable_ptr_vec[0]->type,
396
397
        RenewableType :: SOLAR,
398
        ___FILE___,
        __LINE__
399
400);
401
402
403 // add Tidal asset
404 TidalInputs tidal_inputs;
405 tidal_inputs.resource_key = tidal_resource_key;
406
407 test_model.addTidal(tidal_inputs);
408
409 testFloatEquals(
410
        test_model.renewable_ptr_vec.size(),
411
        2,
        __FILE__,
412
        __LINE__
413
414 );
415
416 testFloatEquals(
417
        test_model.renewable_ptr_vec[1]->type,
418
        RenewableType :: TIDAL,
        ___FILE___,
419
        __LINE__
420
421 );
422
423
424 // add Wave asset
425 WaveInputs wave_inputs;
426 wave_inputs.resource_key = wave_resource_key;
427
428 test_model.addWave(wave_inputs);
429
430 testFloatEquals(
431
        test_model.renewable_ptr_vec.size(),
432
        3,
        __FILE_
433
434
        __LINE__
435);
436
437 testFloatEquals(
438
        test_model.renewable_ptr_vec[2]->type,
        RenewableType :: WAVE,
439
440
        ___FILE___,
441
        __LINE_
442 );
443
444
445 // add Wind asset
446 WindInputs wind_inputs;
447 wind_inputs.resource_key = wind_resource_key;
448
449 test_model.addWind(wind_inputs);
450
451 testFloatEquals(
452
        test_model.renewable_ptr_vec.size(),
453
        4,
454
        __FILE__,
455
        __LINE__
456);
457
458 testFloatEquals(
        test_model.renewable_ptr_vec[3]->type,
459
        RenewableType :: WIND,
460
461
        ___FILE___,
462
        __LINE__
463);
464
465
466 // add LiIon asset
467 LiIonInputs liion_inputs;
468
469 test_model.addLiIon(liion_inputs);
470
471 testFloatEquals(
472
        test_model.storage_ptr_vec.size(),
473
        1,
        __FILE__,
474
        __LINE__
475
476);
```

```
478 testFloatEquals(
479
        test_model.storage_ptr_vec[0]->type,
480
        StorageType :: LIION,
481
        ___FILE___,
        __LINE_
482
483);
484
485
486 // run
487 test_model.run();
488
489
490 // write results
491 test_model.writeResults("test/test_results/");
492
493
494 // test post-run attributes
495 double net_load_kW;
497 Combustion* combustion_ptr;
498 Renewable* renewable_ptr;
499 Storage* storage_ptr;
500
501 for (int i = 0; i < test_model.electrical_load.n_points; i++) {
        net_load_kW = test_model.controller.net_load_vec_kW[i];
502
503
504
        testLessThanOrEqualTo(
505
             test_model.controller.net_load_vec_kW[i],
506
             test_model.electrical_load.max_load_kW,
507
             ___FILE___,
508
             LINE
509
        );
510
511
        for (size_t j = 0; j < test_model.combustion_ptr_vec.size(); j++) {</pre>
512
            combustion_ptr = test_model.combustion_ptr_vec[j];
513
            testFloatEquals(
514
515
                 combustion_ptr->production_vec_kW[i] -
516
                 combustion_ptr->dispatch_vec_kW[i]
517
                 combustion_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[i] -
518
                 combustion_ptr->storage_vec_kW[i],
                 0,
__FILE_
519
520
521
                 __LINE__
522
            );
523
524
            net_load_kW -= combustion_ptr->production_vec_kW[i];
525
        }
526
        for (size_t j = 0; j < test_model.renewable_ptr_vec.size(); j++) {
    renewable_ptr = test_model.renewable_ptr_vec[j];</pre>
527
528
529
530
             testFloatEquals(
531
                 renewable_ptr->production_vec_kW[i] -
                 renewable_ptr->dispatch_vec_kW[i] -
renewable_ptr->curtailment_vec_kW[i] -
532
533
534
                 renewable_ptr->storage_vec_kW[i],
535
                 Ο,
                 __FILE__,
536
537
                 __LINE__
538
            ):
539
540
            net_load_kW -= renewable_ptr->production_vec_kW[i];
541
542
543
        for (size_t j = 0; j < test_model.storage_ptr_vec.size(); j++) {</pre>
544
            storage_ptr = test_model.storage_ptr_vec[j];
545
546
            testTruth(
                 not (
548
                     storage\_ptr->charging\_power\_vec\_kW[i] > 0 and
549
                     storage_ptr->discharging_power_vec_kW[i] > 0
550
                 ),
                 ___FILE_
551
552
                 __LINE__
553
            );
554
555
            net_load_kW -= storage_ptr->discharging_power_vec_kW[i];
556
557
        testLessThanOrEqualTo(
558
559
            net_load_kW,
560
            ___FILE___,
561
562
            __LINE__
563
        );
564 }
```

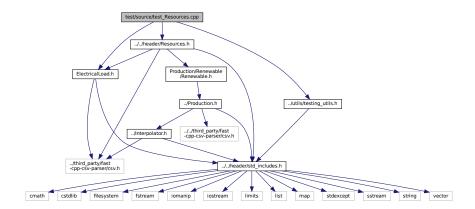
```
566 testGreaterThan(
567
       test_model.net_present_cost,
568
       Ο,
       ___FILE___,
569
570
       __LINE__
571 );
572
573 testFloatEquals(
       test_model.total_dispatch_discharge_kWh,
574
       2263351.62026685,
575
576
       ___FILE___,
       __LINE
578);
579
580 \ \text{testGreaterTham} (
       test_model.levellized_cost_of_energy_kWh,
581
582
       Ο,
       ___FILE___,
583
       __LINE__
584
585);
586
587 testGreaterThan(
588
       {\tt test\_model.total\_fuel\_consumed\_L},
589
       Ο,
590
       ___FILE___,
591
       __LINE__
592);
593
594 testGreaterThan(
595
       test_model.total_emissions.CO2_kg,
596
       Ο,
597
       __FILE__,
598
       __LINE__
599);
600
601 testGreaterThan(
       test_model.total_emissions.CO_kg,
602
603
604
       __FILE__,
605
       __LINE__
606);
607
608 testGreaterThan(
609
       test_model.total_emissions.NOx_kg,
610
       ___FILE___,
611
612
       __LINE__
613);
614
615 testGreaterThan(
616
       test_model.total_emissions.SOx_kg,
617
       Ο,
       ___FILE___,
618
619
       __LINE__
620);
621
622 testGreaterThan(
623
       test_model.total_emissions.CH4_kg,
       0,
__FILE__,
624
62.5
626
       __LINE__
627);
629 testGreaterThan(
630
       test_model.total_emissions.PM_kg,
       0,
__FILE__,
631
632
       __LINE__
633
634);
635
636 // ----- END METHODS -----//
637
638 }
      /* try */
639
640
641 catch (...) {
642
643
       printGold(" .... ");
printRed("FAIL");
644
645
646
       std::cout « std::endl;
647
       throw;
648 }
649
650
651 printGold(" .....");
```

```
652 printGreen("PASS");
653 std::cout « std::endl;
654 return 0;
655 } /* main() */
```

## 5.47 test/source/test\_Resources.cpp File Reference

Testing suite for Resources class.

```
#include "../utils/testing_utils.h"
#include "../../header/Resources.h"
#include "../../header/ElectricalLoad.h"
Include dependency graph for test_Resources.cpp:
```



### **Functions**

• int main (int argc, char \*\*argv)

### 5.47.1 Detailed Description

Testing suite for Resources class.

A suite of tests for the Resources class.

### 5.47.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.47.2.1 main()

```
int main (
             int argc,
             char ** argv )
28 {
29
      #ifdef _WIN32
         activateVirtualTerminal();
30
      #endif /* _WIN32 */
31
32
33
      printGold("\tTesting Resources");
34
      srand(time(NULL));
35
36
37
38 try {
39
40 // ----- CONSTRUCTION -----//
41
42 std::string path_2_electrical_load_time_series = 
43 "data/test/electrical_load/electrical_load_generic_peak-500kW_lyr_dt-1hr.csv";
45 ElectricalLoad test_electrical_load(path_2_electrical_load_time_series);
46
47 Resources test_resources;
48
49 // ----- END CONSTRUCTION -----//
50
51
52
53 // ----- ATTRIBUTES ----- //
54
55 testFloatEquals(
      test resources.resource map 1D.size(),
56
      Ο,
58
      __FILE___,
59
      __LINE__
60);
61
62 testFloatEquals(
63
      test_resources.path_map_1D.size(),
      Ο,
      ___FILE___,
65
66
      __LINE__
67);
68
69 testFloatEquals(
70
      test_resources.resource_map_2D.size(),
71
      Ο,
      __FILE__,
72
73
      __LINE_
74);
75
76 testFloatEquals(
77
      test_resources.path_map_2D.size(),
78
      Ο,
      __FILE__,
79
80
      __LINE_
81);
83 // ====== END ATTRIBUTES =======
84
8.5
86 // ----- METHODS -----//
87
88 int solar_resource_key = 0;
89 std::string path_2_solar_resource_data =
90
      "data/test/resources/solar_GHI_peak-1kWm2_1yr_dt-1hr.csv";
91
92 test_resources.addResource(
93
     RenewableType::SOLAR,
94
      path_2_solar_resource_data,
95
      solar_resource_key,
96
      &test_electrical_load
97);
98
99 bool error_flag = true;
100 try {
101
       test_resources.addResource(
102
          RenewableType::SOLAR,
103
           path_2_solar_resource_data,
104
           solar_resource_key,
105
          &test_electrical_load
106
      );
107
```

```
108
        error_flag = false;
109 } catch (...) {
110
        // Task failed successfully! =P
111 }
112 if (not error_flag) {
        expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
113
114 }
115
116
117 try
        std::string path_2_solar_resource_data_BAD_TIMES =
118
119
             "data/test/resources/solar_GHI_peak-1kWm2_1yr_dt-1hr_BAD_TIMES.csv";
120
121
        test_resources.addResource(
122
            RenewableType::SOLAR,
123
            path_2_solar_resource_data_BAD_TIMES,
124
             -1.
125
            &test_electrical_load
126
127
128
        error_flag = false;
129 } catch (...) {
        // Task failed successfully! =P
130
131 }
132 if (not error_flag) {
133
        expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE__);
134 }
135
136
137 try {
138
        std::string path_2_solar_resource_data_BAD_LENGTH =
139
             "data/test/resources/solar_GHI_peak-1kWm2_1yr_dt-1hr_BAD_LENGTH.csv";
140
141
        test_resources.addResource(
142
            RenewableType::SOLAR,
            path_2_solar_resource_data_BAD_LENGTH,
143
144
             -2,
145
            &test_electrical_load
146
147
148
        error_flag = false;
149 } catch (...) {
        // Task failed successfully! =P
150
151 }
152
    if (not error_flag) {
153
        expectedErrorNotDetected(__FILE__, __LINE_
154 }
155
156 std::vector<double> expected_solar_resource_vec_kWm2 = {
157
        0.
158
        0,
159
        Ο,
160
        Ο,
161
        Ο,
162
        0.
        8.51702662684015E-05,
163
        0.000348341567045,
164
165
        0.00213793728593,
166
        0.004099863613322,
        0.000997135230553
167
168
        0.009534527624657
        0.022927996790616,
169
170
        0.0136071715294,
171
        0.002535134127751,
172
        0.005206897515821.
173
        0.005627658648597,
174
        0.000701186722215,
175
        0.00017119827089,
176
        0.
        0,
178
        Ο,
179
        0,
180
        0,
181
        0.
182
        0,
183
        Ο,
184
        0,
185
        0,
186
        0.
187
        0.
        0.000141055102242,
188
189
        0.00084525014743,
190
        0.024893647822702,
191
        0.091245556190749,
192
        0.158722176731637,
        0.152859680515876
193
        0.149922903895116,
194
```

```
0.13049996570866,
195
196
        0.03081254222795,
197
        0.001218928911125
198
        0.000206092647423,
199
        0,
200
        0.
201
        0,
202
        0,
203
        0,
204
        0
205 };
206
207 for (size_t i = 0; i < expected_solar_resource_vec_kWm2.size(); i++) {
208
        testFloatEquals(
209
            test_resources.resource_map_1D[solar_resource_key][i],
210
             expected_solar_resource_vec_kWm2[i],
            __FILE__,
211
212
             LINE
213
214 }
215
216
217 int tidal_resource_key = 1;
218 std::string path_2_tidal_resource_data =
219     "data/test/resources/tidal_speed_peak-3ms_1yr_dt-1hr.csv";
220
221 test_resources.addResource(
222
        RenewableType::TIDAL,
223
        path_2_tidal_resource_data,
224
        tidal_resource_key,
225
        &test electrical load
226);
227
228 std::vector<double> expected_tidal_resource_vec_ms = {
229
        0.347439913040533,
        0.770545522195602,
230
        0.731352084836198,
231
        0.293389814389542,
232
233
        0.209959110813115,
234
        0.610609623896497,
235
        1.78067162013604.
        2.53522775118089.
236
        2.75966627832024.
237
        2.52101111143895,
238
239
        2.05389330201031,
240
        1.3461515862445,
241
        0.28909254878384,
        0.897754086048563,
242
        1.71406453837407,
243
244
        1.85047408742869,
        1.71507908595979,
245
246
        1.33540349705416,
247
        0.434586143463003,
248
        0.500623815700637,
        1.37172172646733.
249
        1.68294125491228,
250
251
        1.56101300975417,
252
        1.04925834219412,
253
        0.211395463930223,
254
        1.03720048903385.
255
        1.85059536356448.
        1.85203242794517,
256
257
        1.4091471616277,
258
        0.767776539039899,
259
        0.251464906990961,
260
        1.47018469375652,
261
        2.36260493698197,
        2.46653750048625,
262
263
        2.12851908739291,
        1.62783753197988,
264
265
        0.734594890957439,
        0.441886297300355,
266
2.67
        1.6574418350918,
268
        2.0684558286637.
        1.87717416992136,
269
270
        1.58871262337931,
271
        1.03451227609235,
272
        0.193371305159817
273
        0.976400122458815.
274
        1.6583227369707.
275
        1.76690616570953,
276
        1.54801328553115
277 };
278
279 for (size_t i = 0; i < expected_tidal_resource_vec_ms.size(); i++) {
280
        testFloatEquals(
281
            test resources.resource map 1D[tidal resource kev][i].
```

```
282
             expected_tidal_resource_vec_ms[i],
283
284
             __LINE
285
        );
286 }
287
288
289 int wave_resource_key = 2;
290 std::string path_2_wave_resource_data =
291
        "data/test/resources/waves_H_s_peak-8m_T_e_peak-15s_1yr_dt-1hr.csv";
292
293 test resources.addResource(
294
        RenewableType::WAVE,
295
        path_2_wave_resource_data,
296
        wave_resource_key,
297
        &test_electrical_load
298);
299
300 std::vector<double> expected_significant_wave_height_vec_m = {
        4.26175222125028,
301
302
        4.25020976167872,
303
        4.25656524330349.
304
        4.27193854786718,
        4.28744955711233.
305
306
        4.29421815278154,
307
        4.2839937266082,
308
        4.25716982457976,
309
        4.22419391611483,
310
        4.19588925217606,
311
        4.17338788587412.
312
        4.14672746914214,
313
        4.10560041173665,
314
        4.05074966447193,
315
        3.9953696962433,
316
        3.95316976150866,
        3.92771018142378,
317
        3.91129562488595,
318
        3.89558312094911,
319
320
        3.87861093931749,
321
        3.86538307240754,
322
        3.86108961027929.
323
        3.86459448853189,
        3.86796474016882.
324
        3.86357412779993,
325
326
        3.85554872014731,
327
        3.86044266668675,
328
        3.89445961915999,
329
        3.95554798115731,
        4.02265508610476,
330
        4.07419587011404,
331
        4.10314247143958,
332
333
        4.11738045085928,
334
        4.12554995596708,
335
        4.12923992001675,
        4.1229292327442.
336
        4.10123955307441,
337
338
        4.06748827895363,
339
        4.0336230651344,
340
        4.01134236393876,
        4.00136570034559,
341
        3.99368787690411,
342
        3.97820924247644,
343
344
        3.95369335178055,
345
        3.92742545608532,
        3.90683362771686,
346
347
        3.89331520944006,
348
        3.88256045801583
349 1:
350
351 std::vector<double> expected_energy_period_vec_s = {
352
        10.4456008226821,
353
        10.4614151137651,
354
        10.4462827795433,
        10.4127692097884.
355
        10.3734397942723,
356
357
        10.3408599227669,
358
        10.32637292093,
359
        10.3245412676322,
360
        10.310409818185.
361
        10.2589529840966.
        10.1728100603103,
362
        10.0862908658929,
363
364
        10.03480243813,
365
        10.023673635806
366
        10.0243418565116,
367
        10.0063487117653.
368
        9.96050302286607,
```

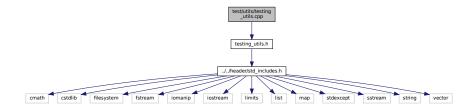
```
9.9011999635568,
369
370
        9.84451822125472,
        9.79726875879626,
371
372
        9.75614594835158,
        9.7173447961368,
9.68342904390577,
373
374
375
        9.66380508567062,
376
        9.6674009575699,
377
        9.68927134575103,
378
        9.70979984863046,
        9.70967357906908.
379
        9.68983025704562,
380
381
        9.6722855524805,
382
        9.67973599910003,
383
        9.71977125328293,
384
        9.78450442291421,
385
        9.86532355233449.
        9.96158937600019,
386
        10.0807018356507,
387
388
        10.2291022504937,
389
        10.39458528356,
390
        10.5464393581004,
        10.6553277500484,
391
        10.7245553190084.
392
393
        10.7893127285064,
394
        10.8846512240849,
395
        11.0148158739075,
396
        11.1544325654719,
397
        11.2772785848343,
        11.3744362756187,
398
399
        11.4533643503183
400 };
401
402 for (size_t i = 0; i < expected_significant_wave_height_vec_m.size(); i++) {
403
        testFloatEquals(
            test_resources.resource_map_2D[wave_resource_key][i][0],
404
405
            expected_significant_wave_height_vec_m[i],
406
407
             __LINE__
408
        );
409
410
        testFloatEquals(
            test_resources.resource_map_2D[wave_resource_key][i][1],
411
412
            expected_energy_period_vec_s[i],
413
            __FILE__,
414
            __LINE__
415
416 }
417
418
419 int wind_resource_key = 3;
420 std::string path_2_wind_resource_data =
421
        "data/test/resources/wind_speed_peak-25ms_1yr_dt-1hr.csv";
422
423 test_resources.addResource(
        RenewableType::WIND,
424
425
        path_2_wind_resource_data,
426
        wind_resource_key,
427
        &test_electrical_load
428 );
429
430 std::vector<double> expected_wind_resource_vec_ms = {
431
        6.88566688469997,
432
        5.02177105466549,
433
        3.74211715899568,
434
        5.67169579985362,
        4.90670669971858,
435
        4.29586955031368,
436
        7.41155377205065,
437
        10.2243290476943,
438
439
        13.1258696725555,
440
        13.7016198628274,
441
        16.2481482330233,
        16.5096744355418.
442
        13.4354482206162,
443
444
        14.0129230731609,
445
        14.5554549260515,
446
        13.4454539065912,
447
        13.3447169512094.
448
        11.7372615098554.
        12.7200070078013,
449
        10.6421127908149,
450
451
        6.09869498990661,
452
        5.66355596602321,
453
        4.97316966910831,
454
        3.48937138360567.
        2.15917470979169,
455
```

```
1.29061103587027,
456
457
        3.43475751425219,
458
        4.11706326260927,
        4.28905275747408,
459
        5.75850263196241,
460
        8.98293663055264,
461
        11.7069822941315,
462
463
        12.4031987075858,
464
        15.4096570910089,
465
        16.6210843829552,
466
        13.3421219142573.
467
       15.2112831900548.
468
        18.350864533037,
469
        15.8751799822971,
470
        15.3921198799796,
471
        15.9729192868434,
472
        12.4728950178772.
        10.177050481096,
473
474
        10.7342247355551,
475
        8.98846695631389,
476
        4.14671169124739,
477
        3.17256452697149.
478
        3.40036336968628
479 };
480
481 for (size_t i = 0; i < expected_wind_resource_vec_ms.size(); i++) {
482
483
            test_resources.resource_map_1D[wind_resource_key][i],
484
            expected_wind_resource_vec_ms[i],
485
            __FILE__,
486
            LINE
487
       );
488 }
489
490 // ====== END METHODS =======
491
492 }
       /* try */
493
494
495 catch (...) {
        printGold("
        printGold(" .....
printRed("FAIL");
496
497
498
        std::cout « std::endl;
499
        throw;
500 }
501
502
503 printGold(" .... ");
504 printGreen("PASS");
505 std::cout « std::endl;
506 return 0;
507 } /* main() */
```

## 5.48 test/utils/testing\_utils.cpp File Reference

Header file for various PGMcpp testing utilities.

```
#include "testing_utils.h"
Include dependency graph for testing_utils.cpp:
```



## **Functions**

void printGreen (std::string input\_str)

A function that sends green text to std::cout.

void printGold (std::string input\_str)

A function that sends gold text to std::cout.

void printRed (std::string input\_str)

A function that sends red text to std::cout.

void testFloatEquals (double x, double y, std::string file, int line)

Tests for the equality of two floating point numbers x and y (to within FLOAT\_TOLERANCE).

• void testGreaterThan (double x, double y, std::string file, int line)

Tests if x > y.

void testGreaterThanOrEqualTo (double x, double y, std::string file, int line)

Tests if x >= y.

• void testLessThan (double x, double y, std::string file, int line)

Tests if x < y.

• void testLessThanOrEqualTo (double x, double y, std::string file, int line)

Tests if  $x \le y$ .

void testTruth (bool statement, std::string file, int line)

Tests if the given statement is true.

void expectedErrorNotDetected (std::string file, int line)

A utility function to print out a meaningful error message whenever an expected error fails to be thrown/caught/detected.

## 5.48.1 Detailed Description

Header file for various PGMcpp testing utilities.

This is a library of utility functions used throughout the various test suites.

## 5.48.2 Function Documentation

## 5.48.2.1 expectedErrorNotDetected()

A utility function to print out a meaningful error message whenever an expected error fails to be thrown/caught/detected.

file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
432 {
433     std::string error_str = "\n ERROR failed to throw expected error prior to line ";
434     error_str += std::to_string(line);
```

## 5.48.2.2 printGold()

A function that sends gold text to std::cout.

#### **Parameters**

```
input_str The text of the string to be sent to std::cout.
```

## 5.48.2.3 printGreen()

A function that sends green text to std::cout.

## **Parameters**

```
input_str The text of the string to be sent to std::cout.
```

```
64 {
65     std::cout « "\x1B[32m" « input_str « "\033[0m";
66     return;
67 } /* printGreen() */
```

## 5.48.2.4 printRed()

A function that sends red text to std::cout.

#### **Parameters**

*input\_str* The text of the string to be sent to std::cout.

## 5.48.2.5 testFloatEquals()

Tests for the equality of two floating point numbers *x* and *y* (to within FLOAT\_TOLERANCE).

#### **Parameters**

Х	The first of two numbers to test.
У	The second of two numbers to test.
file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
138 {
139
         if (fabs(x - y) <= FLOAT_TOLERANCE) {</pre>
140
141
142
143
        std::string error_str = "ERROR: testFloatEquals():\t in ";
144
         error_str += file;
         error_str += "\tline ";
145
        error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += ":\t\n";
146
147
        error_str += std::to_string(x);
error_str += " and ";
148
149
        error_str += std::to_string(y);
error_str += " are not equal to within +/- ";
150
151
         error_str += std::to_string(FLOAT_TOLERANCE);
152
        error_str += "\n";
153
154
155
        #ifdef _WIN32
156
            std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
158
159
         throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
160
         return:
        /* testFloatEquals() */
161 }
```

## 5.48.2.6 testGreaterThan()

## Tests if x > y.

#### **Parameters**

Х	The first of two numbers to test.
У	The second of two numbers to test.
file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
191 {
192
          if (x > y) {
             return;
193
194
195
196
          std::string error_str = "ERROR: testGreaterThan():\t in ";
          error_str += file;
error_str += "\tline ";
197
198
          error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += ":\t\n";
199
200
         error_str += std::to_string(x);
error_str += " is not greater than ";
error_str += std::to_string(y);
error_str += "\n";
201
202
203
204
205
206
207
               std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
208
          #endif
209
210
          throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
211
          return;
212 }
         /* testGreaterThan() */
```

## 5.48.2.7 testGreaterThanOrEqualTo()

Tests if  $x \ge y$ .

Х	The first of two numbers to test.
У	The second of two numbers to test.
file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
242 {
243
         if (x >= y) {
        return;
244
245
246
         std::string error_str = "ERROR: testGreaterThanOrEqualTo():\t in ";
247
         error_str += file;
248
         error_str += "\tline ";
249
         error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += ":\t\n";
250
251
        error_str += std::to_string(x);
error_str += " is not greater than or equal to ";
252
253
        error_str += std::to_string(y);
error_str += "\n";
254
255
256
        #ifdef _WIN32
257
2.58
            std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
259
        #endif
260
         throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
```

```
262    return;
263 } /* testGreaterThanOrEqualTo() */
```

## 5.48.2.8 testLessThan()

## Tests if x < y.

## **Parameters**

X	The first of two numbers to test.
У	The second of two numbers to test.
file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
293 {
294
            if (x < y) {
295
296
297
           std::string error_str = "ERROR: testLessThan():\t in ";
error_str += file;
error_str += "\tline ";
298
            error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += ":\t\n";
301
302
           error_str += ":\t\n";
error_str += std::to_string(x);
error_str += " is not less than ";
error_str += std::to_string(y);
error_str += "\n";
303
304
305
306
307
308
           #ifdef _WIN32
           std::cout « error_str « std::endl; #endif
309
310
311
312
            throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
313
314 } /* testLessThan() */
```

## 5.48.2.9 testLessThanOrEqualTo()

## Tests if $x \le y$ .

X	The first of two numbers to test.	
У	The second of two numbers to test.	
file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").	
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE_Generate	d by Doxygen

```
344 {
        if (x \le y) {
346
            return;
347
348
        std::string error_str = "ERROR: testLessThanOrEqualTo():\t in ";
349
350
        error_str += file;
351
        error_str += "\tline ";
        error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += ":\t\n";
352
353
        error_str += std::to_string(x);
354
        error_str += " is not less than or equal to ";
355
       error_str += std::to_string(y);
error_str += "\n";
356
357
358
359
        #ifdef _WIN32
360
            std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
        #endif
361
362
        throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
365 } /* testLessThanOrEqualTo() */
```

## 5.48.2.10 testTruth()

Tests if the given statement is true.

## **Parameters**

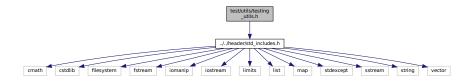
Si	tatement	The statement whose truth is to be tested ("1 == 0", for example).
fi	le	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
lii	ne	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
393
        if (statement) {
394
            return;
395
396
        std::string error_str = "ERROR: testTruth():\t in ";
397
        error_str += file;
error_str += "\tline ";
398
399
        error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += ":\t\n";
400
401
        error_str += "Given statement is not true";
402
403
404
        #ifdef _WIN32
405
            std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
406
        #endif
407
408
        throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
409
        return;
410 } /* testTruth() */
```

## 5.49 test/utils/testing\_utils.h File Reference

Header file for various PGMcpp testing utilities.

#include "../../header/std\_includes.h"
Include dependency graph for testing\_utils.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Macros**

• #define FLOAT\_TOLERANCE 1e-6

A tolerance for application to floating point equality tests.

## **Functions**

void printGreen (std::string)

A function that sends green text to std::cout.

void printGold (std::string)

A function that sends gold text to std::cout.

void printRed (std::string)

A function that sends red text to std::cout.

void testFloatEquals (double, double, std::string, int)

Tests for the equality of two floating point numbers x and y (to within FLOAT\_TOLERANCE).

void testGreaterThan (double, double, std::string, int)

Tests if x > y.

· void testGreaterThanOrEqualTo (double, double, std::string, int)

Tests if x >= y.

void testLessThan (double, double, std::string, int)

Tests if x < y.

• void testLessThanOrEqualTo (double, double, std::string, int)

Tests if  $x \le y$ .

void testTruth (bool, std::string, int)

Tests if the given statement is true.

void expectedErrorNotDetected (std::string, int)

A utility function to print out a meaningful error message whenever an expected error fails to be thrown/caught/detected.

## 5.49.1 Detailed Description

Header file for various PGMcpp testing utilities.

This is a library of utility functions used throughout the various test suites.

## 5.49.2 Macro Definition Documentation

## 5.49.2.1 FLOAT\_TOLERANCE

```
#define FLOAT_TOLERANCE 1e-6
```

A tolerance for application to floating point equality tests.

## 5.49.3 Function Documentation

## 5.49.3.1 expectedErrorNotDetected()

A utility function to print out a meaningful error message whenever an expected error fails to be thrown/caught/detected.

## **Parameters**

file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
432 {
433
       std::string error_str = "\n ERROR failed to throw expected error prior to line ";
       error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += " of ";
434
435
       error_str += file;
436
437
438
       #ifdef _WIN32
439
           std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
       #endif
440
441
442
       throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
443
       return;
       /* expectedErrorNotDetected() */
```

## 5.49.3.2 printGold()

A function that sends gold text to std::cout.

<i>input_str</i> The text of the string to be sent to std::cout.
--

```
84 {
85     std::cout « "\x1B[33m" « input_str « "\033[0m";
86     return;
87 } /* printGold() */
```

## 5.49.3.3 printGreen()

A function that sends green text to std::cout.

## **Parameters**

*input\_str* The text of the string to be sent to std::cout.

```
64 {
65     std::cout « "\x1B[32m" « input_str « "\033[0m";
66     return;
67 } /* printGreen() */
```

## 5.49.3.4 printRed()

```
void printRed (
          std::string input_str )
```

A function that sends red text to std::cout.

## **Parameters**

```
input_str The text of the string to be sent to std::cout.
```

```
104 {
105     std::cout « "\x1B[31m" « input_str « "\033[0m";
106     return;
107 } /* printRed() */
```

## 5.49.3.5 testFloatEquals()

Tests for the equality of two floating point numbers *x* and *y* (to within FLOAT\_TOLERANCE).

x The first of two numbers to test.	Χ
-------------------------------------	---

#### **Parameters**

	У	The second of two numbers to test.
	file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
ĺ	line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
138 {
          if (fabs(x - y) <= FLOAT_TOLERANCE) {</pre>
139
140
               return;
141
142
          std::string error_str = "ERROR: testFloatEquals():\t in ";
          error_str += file;
error_str += "\tline ";
144
145
          error_str += std::to_string(line);
146
          error_str += ":\t\n";
147
          error_str += std::to_string(x);
error_str += " and ";
148
149
         error_str += std::to_string(y);
error_str += " are not equal to within +/- ";
error_str += std::to_string(FLOAT_TOLERANCE);
error_str += "\n";
150
151
152
153
154
155
          #ifdef _WIN32
156
              std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
          #endif
157
158
159
          throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
160
          return;
161 }
         /* testFloatEquals() */
```

## 5.49.3.6 testGreaterThan()

Tests if x > y.

Х	The first of two numbers to test.
У	The second of two numbers to test.
file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
191 {
192
          if (x > y) {
193
194
195
          std::string error_str = "ERROR: testGreaterThan():\t in ";
196
          error_str += file;
error_str += "\tline ";
197
198
          error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += ":\t\n";
199
200
          error_str += std::to_string(x);
error_str += " is not greater than ";
error_str += std::to_string(y);
201
202
203
204
          error_str += "\n";
205
206
          #ifdef _WIN32
207
               std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
          #endif
208
209
```

```
210     throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
211     return;
212 }     /* testGreaterThan() */
```

## 5.49.3.7 testGreaterThanOrEqualTo()

## Tests if $x \ge y$ .

#### **Parameters**

Х	The first of two numbers to test.
У	The second of two numbers to test.
file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
242 {
243
           if (x >= y) {
244
               return;
245
246
247
          std::string error_str = "ERROR: testGreaterThanOrEqualTo():\t in ";
          error_str += file;
error_str += "\tline ";
249
          error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += ":\t\n";
error_str += std::to_string(x);
error_str += " is not greater than or equal to ";
250
251
252
253
          error_str += std::to_string(y);
error_str += "\n";
254
255
256
          #ifdef _WIN32
    std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
#endif
257
258
259
260
261
           throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
262
          /* testGreaterThanOrEqualTo() */
263 }
```

## 5.49.3.8 testLessThan()

## Tests if $\mathbf{x} < \mathbf{y}$ .

Х	The first of two numbers to test.	
У	The second of two numbers to test.	
file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").	
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE).	ed by Doxyger

```
293 {
294
        if (x < y) {
295
            return;
296
297
        std::string error_str = "ERROR: testLessThan():\t in ";
298
        error_str += file;
300
        error_str += "\tline ";
        error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += ":\t\n";
301
302
        error_str += std::to_string(x);
303
        error_str += " is not less than ";
304
        error_str += std::to_string(y);
error_str += "\n";
305
306
307
308
        #ifdef _WIN32
309
            std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
        #endif
310
311
312
        throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
313
314 } /* testLessThan() */
```

## 5.49.3.9 testLessThanOrEqualTo()

## Tests if $x \le y$ .

## Parameters

X	The first of two numbers to test.
У	The second of two numbers to test.
file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
if (x <= y) {
345
346
            return;
347
349
        std::string error_str = "ERROR: testLessThanOrEqualTo():\t in ";
        error_str += file;
error_str += "\tline ";
350
351
        error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += ":\t\n";
352
353
        error_str += std::to_string(x);
354
355
        error_str += " is not less than or equal to ";
356
        error_str += std::to_string(y);
        error_str += "\n";
357
358
        #ifdef _WIN32
359
360
           std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
361
        #endif
362
363
        throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
364
        return:
365 } /* testLessThanOrEqualTo() */
```

#### 5.49.3.10 testTruth()

```
void testTruth (
```

```
bool statement,
std::string file,
int line )
```

Tests if the given statement is true.

stateme	The statement whose truth is to be tested ("1 == 0", for example).
file	The file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "FILE").
line	The line of the file in which the test is applied (you should be able to just pass in "LINE").

```
392 {
393
          if (statement) {
394
               return;
395
396
          std::string error_str = "ERROR: testTruth():\t in ";
397
          error_str += file;
error_str += "\tline ";
error_str += std::to_string(line);
error_str += ":\t\n";
398
399
400
401
          error_str += "Given statement is not true";
402
403
404
405
          #ifdef _WIN32
    std::cout « error_str « std::endl;
#endif
406
407
408
          throw std::runtime_error(error_str);
409
410 }
          /* testTruth() */
```

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