# MSCI-623

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### CLAIM AMOUNT PREDICTION ON U.S. CAR INSURANCE

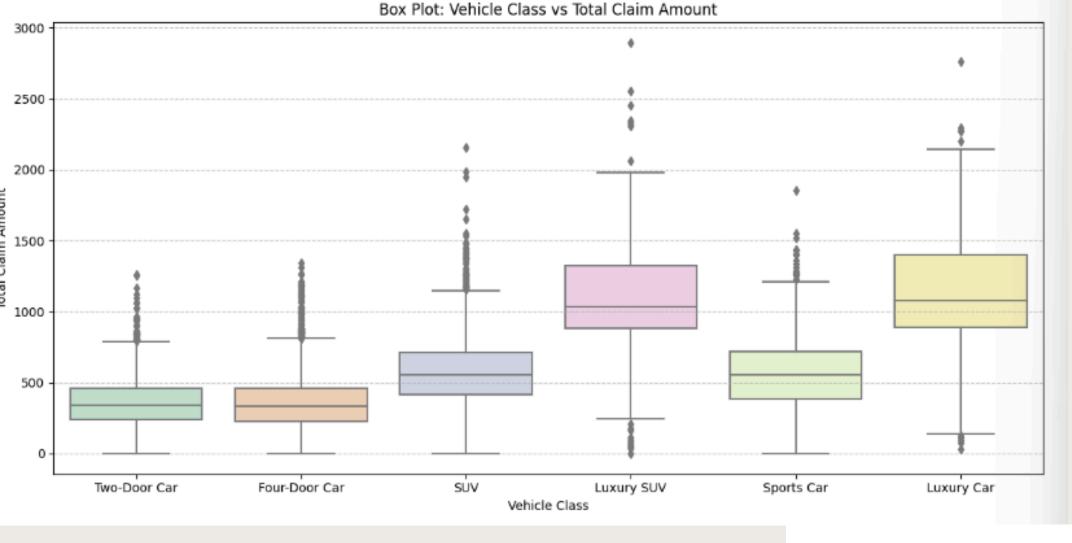
Introduction: why is it important:



## DATA

### MAIN FEATURES IN OUR DATASETS:

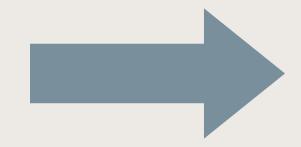
- Monthly Premium
- Age, Gender, Income
- Employment Status
- Vehicle Size, Car Make
- Number of Vehicles
- Location
- Coverage Type

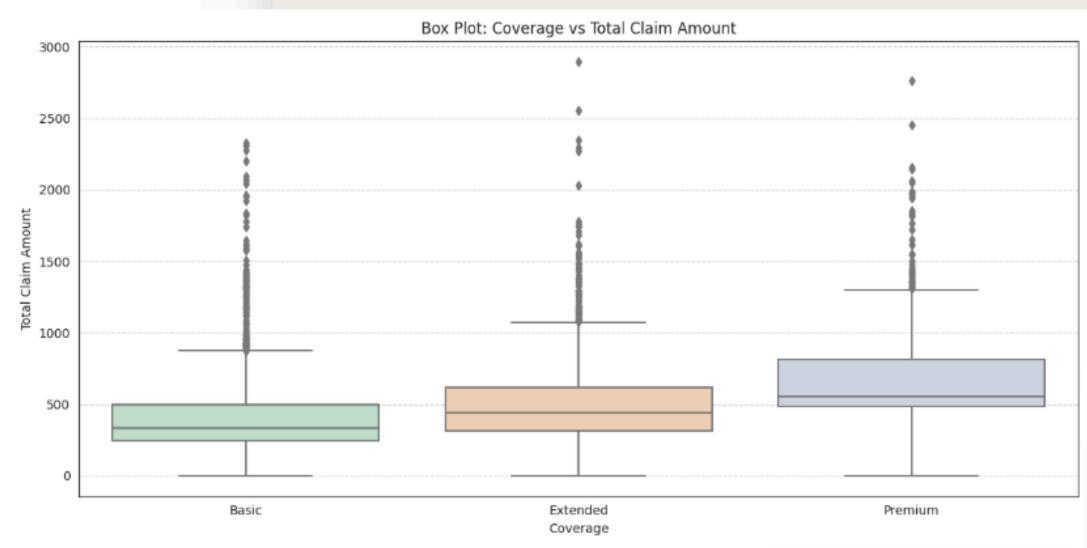


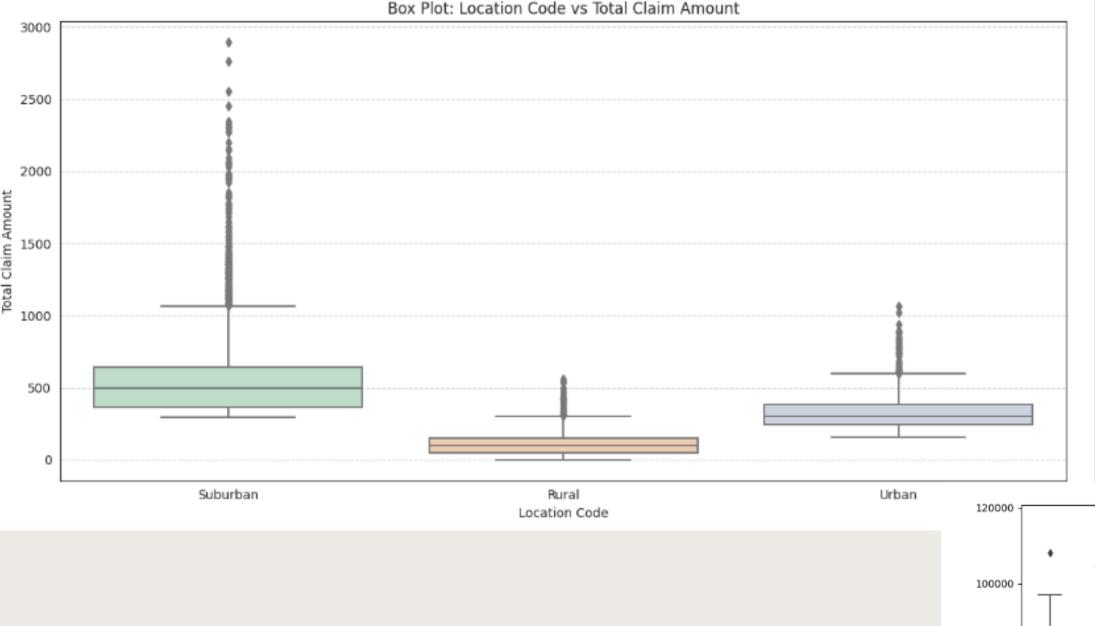
### Vehicle Class vs Total Claim Amount



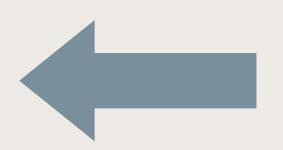
### Coverage Type vs Total Claim Amount



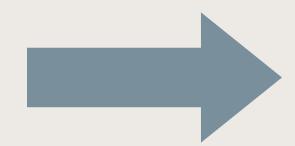


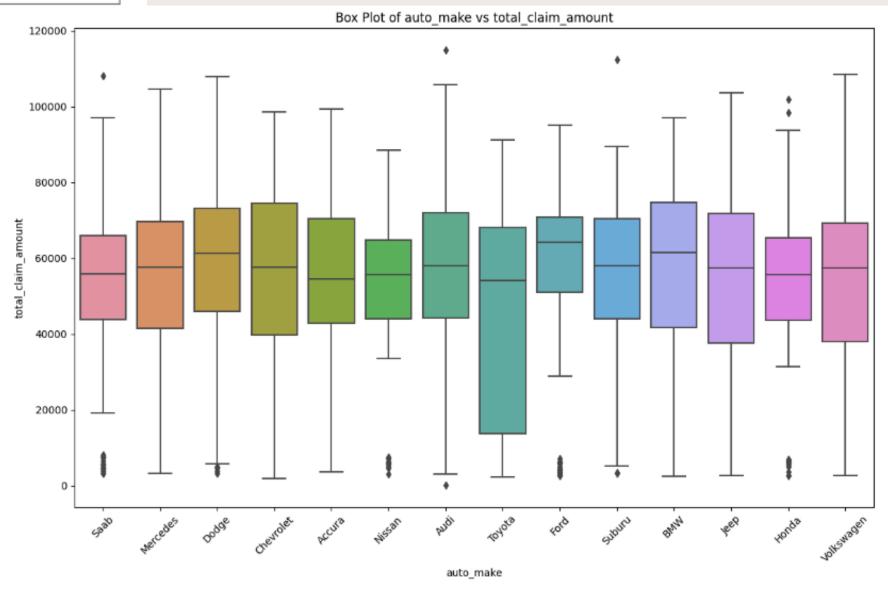


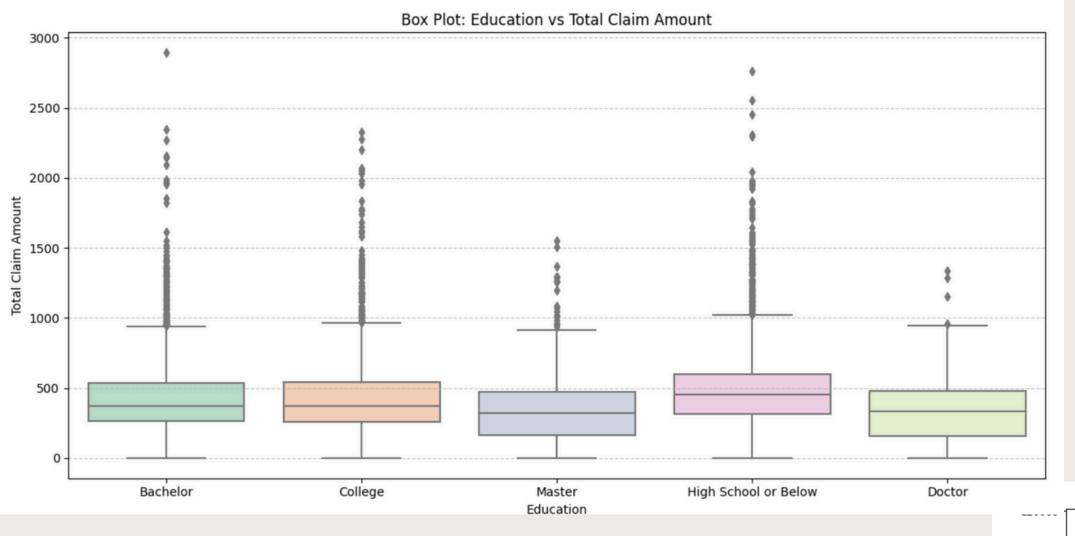
### Location vs Total Claim Amount



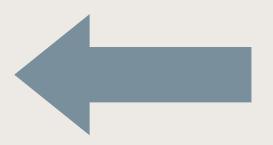
### Car Make vs Total Claim Amount





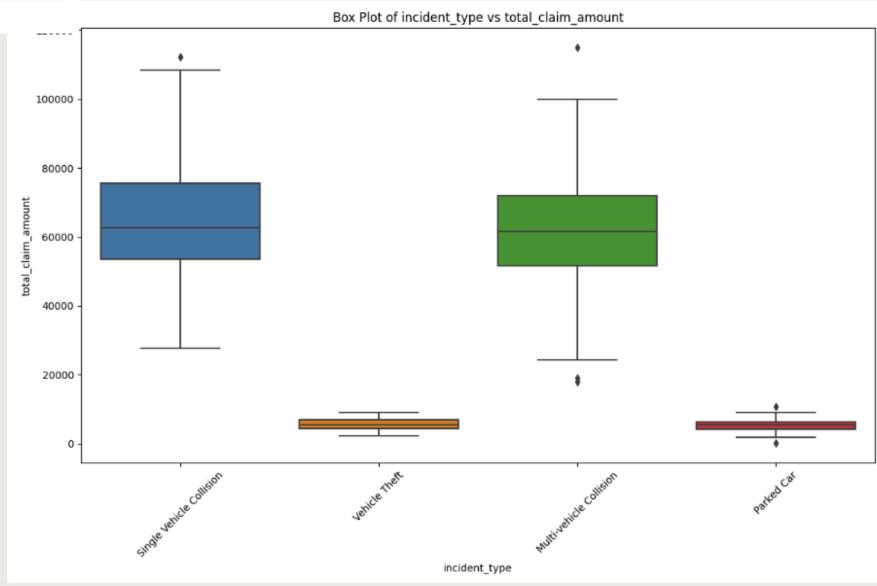


### Education vs Total Claim Amount

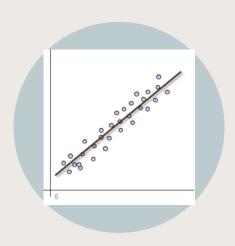


Incident Type vs Total Claim Amount



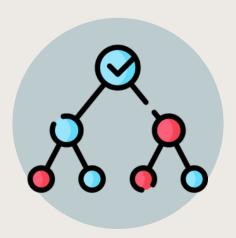


## METHODOLOGIES & RESULTS



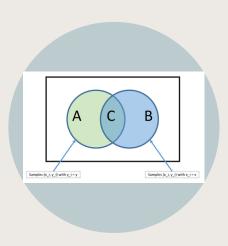
### **Linear Regression**

We achieved 76% and 96% accuracy in our datasets using Linear Regression for predicting the total claim amount.



### **Decision Trees**

We achieved 85% and 96% accuracy in our datasets using Decision Trees for predicting the total claim amount.

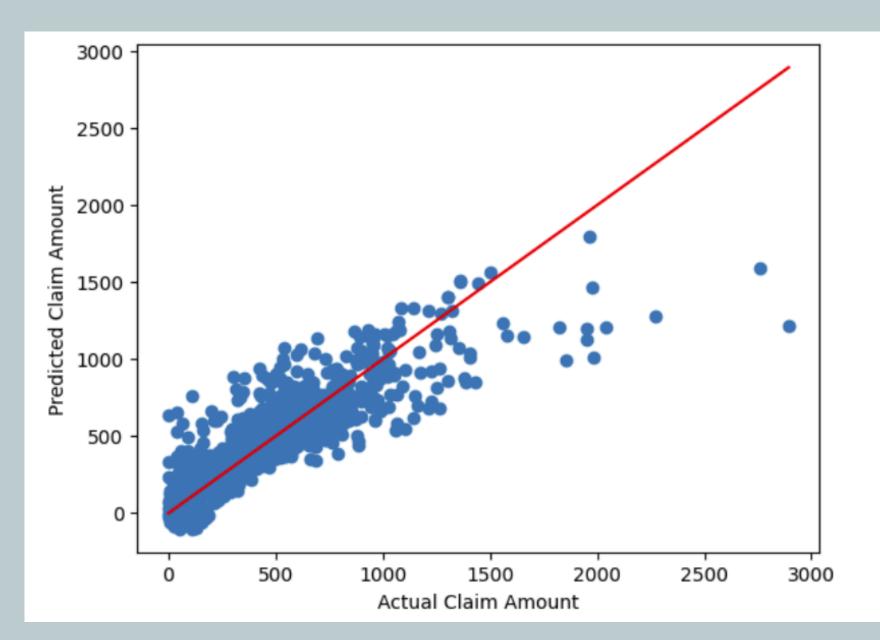


### **Naive Bayes**

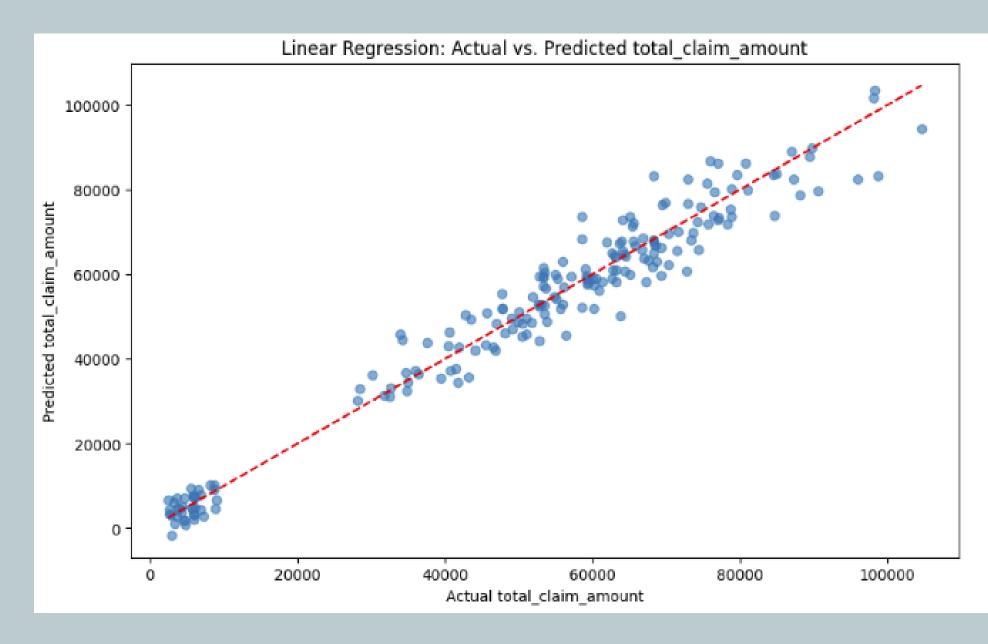
We achieved 96% and 90% accuracy in our datasets using Naive Bayes for predicting the total claim amount class of high or low.

# Linear Regression Actual vs Predicted Claim Amount

Dataset-1



Dataset-2



R-squared: 0.7241172999836459

R-squared: 0.9595324511314519

### **Decision Trees**

Before Hyperparameterism

R-Squared: ~50%

Before Hyperparameterism

R-Squared: ~94%

After Hyperparameterism

R-Squared: ~81%

After Hyperparameterism

R-Squared: ~96%

Dataset-1

Dataset-2

## **Naive Bayes**

```
Confusion Matrix:
[[844 60]
[ 0 922]]
```

Precision Score: 0.9398

```
Confusion Matrix:
[[90 15]
[ 5 90]]
```

Precision Score: 0.9581

# FINAL CONCLUSION & BUSINESS INSIGHTS

### **Major Features**

#### Dataset 1

- Monthly Premium Auto
- Coverage
- Vehicle class
- Location

### Dataset 2

- Number of vehicles in accident
- Location
- Incident date
- Car make

### **Minor Features**

### Dataset 1

- Age
- Education level
- Gender

### Dataset 2

- Age
- Education level
- Gender

# Thank You!