

HW1 solution

1(a). 2

1(b). Euclidean: 2; city block distance: 4

1(c). Euclidean: $\sqrt{22}$ supremum: 3

1(d). Euclidean: $\sqrt{22}$ supremum: 3 city block: 10

3: the sampling method in (a) is stratified random sampling, which enables to have a sample population that best represents the entire population in study. (b) may lead to a sample that can not fully represent the population.

4(a). SMC = $7/10$. Jaccard = $2/5$

4(b). Jaccard. Since we want to find the shared genes that is represented as 1.

4(c). Since two organisms of the same species share a large amount of the same genes, we would like to use SMC to find the differences among the genes.

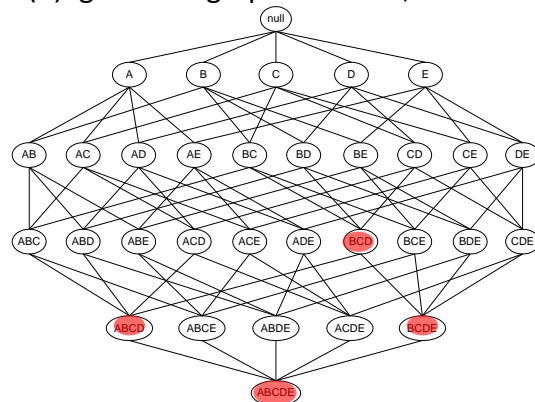
5(a) $s(\{e\}) = 8/10$ $s(\{b,d\}) = 2/10$ $s(\{b,d,e\}) = 2/10$

5(b) $c(\{b,d\} \rightarrow \{e\}) = 2/2 = 1$. $c(\{e\} \rightarrow \{b,d\}) = 2/8$

No, it's not symmetric.

6(a). $3^5 - 2^6 + 1$

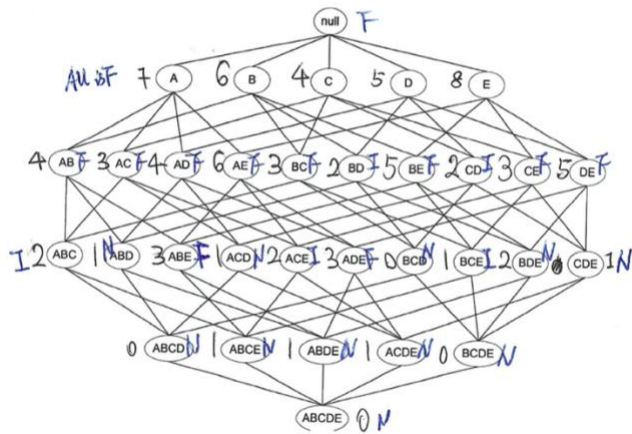
6(b). given the graph as below, the maximum size of frequent itemsets is 4.



6(c). the itemsets $\{a,e\} = 6$

6(d). $\{b\} \rightarrow \{c\}$ and $\{c\} \rightarrow \{b\}$

7(a)



7(b). 16/ 32 (including the null set)

7(c). 11/32