## $sdp\_for\_matrix\_recovery$

## September 5, 2023

```
[102]: import cvxpy as cp
       import numpy as np
       import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       ## Generate a random low-rank matrix:
       np.random.seed(10)
       m = 100
       n = 50
       rank = 10 ## Rank of the low-rank matrix
       X_true = np.random.randn(m, rank) @ np.random.randn(rank, n)
       \# noise = 0.1 * np.random.randn(m, n)
       # X_noisy = X_true + noise
       U, S, Vt = np.linalg.svd(X_true)
       np.set_printoptions(precision=3, suppress=True)
       print("Singular Values (S): ", S)
      Singular Values (S): [96.091 89.433 81.229 74.632 67.663 59.273 48.967 48.459
      42.805 30.96
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[103]: ## Nuclear norm:
       X_nuc_norm = S.sum()
       print("Nuclear norm of S = ", X_nuc_norm)
      Nuclear norm of S = 639.511169667763
[104]: ## SDP to compute the nuclear norm:
       W1 = cp.Variable((m,m), symmetric=True)
       W2 = cp.Variable((n,n), symmetric=True)
       C_mat = cp.bmat([[W1,
                                   X_true],
                        [X_true.T, W2
                                         ]])
```

```
obj = cp.Minimize((cp.trace(W1) + cp.trace(W2))/2)
constraints = [C_mat >> 0]

prob = cp.Problem(obj, constraints)
prob.solve()

print("The estimated nuclear norm = ", prob.value)
```

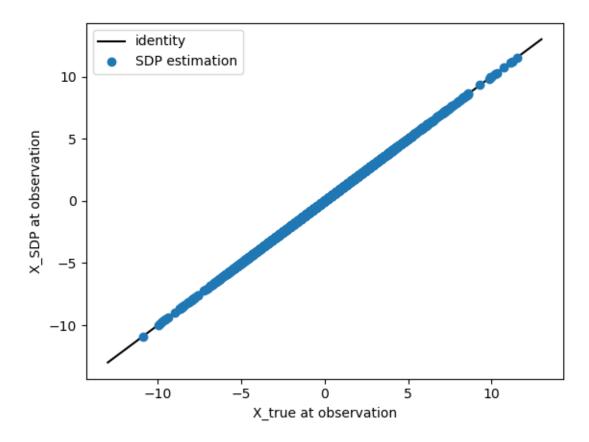
The estimated nuclear norm = 639.5118881660484

```
[105]: ## Define the observation:
       ## Some cases have very good recovery, e.g., seed = 40. Why?
       np.random.seed(13)
       A_obs = np.random.randint(2, size=(m, n))
       Y_obs = X_true * A_obs
       ## SDP to solve the matrix recovery problem:
       W1 = cp.Variable((m,m), symmetric=True)
       W2 = cp.Variable((n,n), symmetric=True)
       X = cp.Variable((m,n))
       C_{mat} = cp.bmat([[W1, X],
                        [X.T, W2]])
       obj = cp.Minimize((cp.trace(W1) + cp.trace(W2))/2)
       constraints = [C_mat >> 0]
       constraints.append( X[A_obs == 1] == Y_obs[A_obs == 1] )
       prob2 = cp.Problem(obj, constraints)
       prob2.solve()
       print("The optimal objective = ", prob.value)
```

The optimal objective = 639.5118881660484

```
[106]: ## Check constraint:
    xx = np.linspace(-13, 13, 100)
    plt.plot(xx, xx, "k", label="identity")
    plt.plot(X_true[A_obs == 1], X.value[A_obs == 1], "o", label="SDP estimation")
    plt.xlabel("X_true at observation")
    plt.ylabel("X_SDP at observation")
    plt.legend()
```

[106]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x12521e490>



```
[107]: ## Compare SDP solution to ground truth:
    xx = np.linspace(-13, 13, 100)
    plt.plot(xx, xx, "k", label="identity")
    plt.plot(X_true[A_obs == 0], X.value[A_obs == 0], "o", label="SDP estimation")
    plt.xlabel("X_true")
    plt.ylabel("X_SDP")
    plt.legend()
```

[107]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x14e1f5880>

