A= (aij) ER nxn 矩阵范数 (定义:矩阵范数) 从A 七凡 有 ||A|| 五次总裁 (1) 11 All 20 11 All 20 11 CAII = 14 11 All A 11 A+B1 < 11A11+ 11311 常见矩阵范数: (4) ||A||_E = \(\int_{\int_{i=1}}^{\int_{i=1}} \frac{1}{\int_{i=1}} \tag{\text{max}} \text{ATA-REABSTATES (A) \\
(4) ||A||_F = \(\int_{i=1}^{\int_{i=1}} \frac{1}{\int_{i=1}} \text{Avij}\)\frac{1}{\int_{i=1}} \text{Frobenius (E)} 可以的四路路路??

矩阵算子范数 x6Rⁿ (定义:矩阵算子(或从属)范数)1次从是某一问是范格 II Allo = mad 11 A7410 和为矩阵A 算3 范格成人属 (1012)(3)昌证。为证(4):得一个结论 廿九石尺"有 1/Ax1/2 < 1/All 2 By (1/Ax1/2 5/1/A/1/2/1/x/1/2 (x)) ||X||19
||X||19
||X||19
||X||19
||X||10 = max ||A||0 ||B||0 ||X||0 ||X| AIIIXII》都在阵范数与问是范数和容 算子范数与对应的向量范数相容)_{I/A} X/I_A

矩阵算子范数

前面列出的矩阵范数||A||、是向量范数||•||、的算子范数, 000 $v = \infty, 1, 2$ max IIAXIII = IIAIII (最大行和) As=As YXER AX= (= avj Xy) ~ B) |AXII = max) = avj Xy $\leq \lceil \max_{j=1}^{n} |a_{ij}| \rceil ||x||_{\infty} \leq \max_{j=1}^{n} |a_{ij}|$ 门门第的行为最大行和

(证明续) Alb的第一方元东为 Die Cioj Sgnlawj 正是第25年 11A 7016 = 11 Allo 37 11A766 < 11 A 160 A) 11 A 160 = 11A66 二 ||A||, (最大到年) |百日記 mon 11 Ax1/2 = 1/4/12 1 /1Ax1/2 = (Ax, Ax)=(Ax, x) λmax(X,X) λmax & ATA 最大格狂[] 11 AXII/2 & Rmark 指了在此线儿子的是一个维控的是多可 1 / A1/2 = Jamon = 1/A1/2

(例: 计算各矩阵范数) A=(1-2)译加加 -3 4)加二1-2 20 F 解 11A11、= 6 11A1100= 7 $||A||_{F} = \int_{12+12+3+42}^{12+12+3+42} = \int_{30}^{30}$ $ATA = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & -14 \\ -14 & 20 \end{pmatrix} \lambda = 1.3393 \times 10^{-1}$ $\lambda = 2.9860 \times 10^{0}$

$$11 \text{ All}_2 = 5 \text{ Mma} = 5.9866$$

$$= 5.9866$$

$$= 5.9866$$

(定理:矩阵范数与谱半径关系) // 川 多 近 一 等 2 花 移 My PCA) <IIAII; 美之 YEO, 至好在一厂再是花 予。 ||Alle 使 ||Alle < pc分十元 び日文证(1) AX=入X M1/AX11 中入1/=1入1/X/1 $|x| |x| = |Ax| \leq |A| |A| |A|$ (2) 2, W (定理:对称矩阵范数)(A对为W(IIAII2=PCA) TAA: 11001/2 A对你网际正正安等以位以AU与AI $|A|_{2} = man \frac{(Ax, Ax)}{(x, x)} = p(B)$

(扰动定理) || BI| < | 例 1±8 可益 例 || 1/1 ± 18) || (B和当于对了的抗运力) 制制等品格 [1] | 第 [1-B] | 第 [1-B] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1] | [1]1 (I-B) 1 (I-B) 1 条項可答[误差分析

川沙山来

(定义:病态矩阵与良态矩阵)✓

较 都蒙蒙

ill-posed | A| = 0 0 000| (二)误差分析

$$[A] (A(x+dx)=b+db) [A] (\frac{1|dx||}{||x||})$$

$$A\pi = b \Rightarrow A \pi = A \sigma b$$

$$b = Ax$$

误差分析 ([X-11)0A11 < (定理: 1- 1/A1/11/A1/ 1/A1/ 1/A1/ VAA: 4(A+dA)(x+dA)=b= (A+dA) dx = -dAx Ax=b文字 IN JAKI A+dA = A (]+(A-dA) This is $\int_{X} = -(A+A)^{-1} \int_{A} \chi$ $||\int_{X} ||\int_{X} ||\int_{X$ LIATINA . ILA

(三)条件数 (定义:条件数)/A/キロ 加的 A re森体数 + Lond (A)。到面了A与b公提动避到距的解的相对 深差的倍数 and (4)越太 A越病态 7 = AA Cond(A) >> | (条件数性质)[1] 1-1111/A/1/A/1/A/1/ (2) $Cond(CA)_{17} = Cond(A)_{19}$ (3) 在 A 建筑 (ATX-I) 剂 (cond(A)2 = 1 2) and (A)2=

(三)条件数

(三)条件数 (条件数大的情形):(1) 大型多程组(石窟) (2) | A) 银小(|A|=入1×12×--入n),有小搭红值)

公直解众近级 水分溪差 AX-AX=b-AX和残差 (四)误差与残差 (定理: 残差误差估计) 1A1=10 AX=10 发星X近红椰 Y=AX-10强 $|x| \frac{|x-x|}{|x|} \leq cord(A) \frac{|x|}{|b|}$ X-X= ATY 117-711 =11A 11171) 11611 = 11A11 1X11 / 1831 35/6 小的弹差不足。保证小的误差 古图第 Cond (A) 信

(四)误差与残差 (迭代改善法) 不近风解 $|A(\gamma_{2}) = A(\gamma_{1} + \delta_{1}) = A\gamma_{3} + A\delta_{1} = A\gamma_{3} + bA\gamma_{3}$ (x) (=) PAOK = PTX LUOK= 兰的一样之人和一个大人可有解放