views::enumerate

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Abstract

We propose a view enumerate whose value type is a struct with 2 members index and value representing respectively the position and value of the elements in the adapted range.

Tony tables

Before	After
<pre>std::vector days{"Mon", "Tue", "Wed", "Thu", "Fri", "Sat", "Sun"};</pre>	<pre>std::vector days{"Mon", "Tue", "Wed", "Thu", "Fri", "Sat", "Sun"};</pre>
<pre>int index = 0; for(const auto & d : days) { print("{} {} \n", i, d); index++; }</pre>	<pre>for(const auto & [idx, d] : enumerate(days)) { print("{} {} \n", idx, d); }</pre>

Motivation

The impossibility to extract an index from a range-based for loop leads to the use of non-range based for loop, or the introduction of a variable in the outer scope. This is both more verbose and error-prone: in the example above, the type of index is incorrect.

enumerate is a library solution solving this problem, enabling the use of range-based for loops in more cases.

It also composes nicely with other range facilities: The following creates a map from a vector using the position of each element as key.

```
my_vector | views::enumerate | ranges::to<map>;
```

This feature exists in some form in Python, Rust, Go (backed into the language), and in many C++ libraries: ranges-v3, folly, boost::ranges (indexed).

The existence of this feature or lack thereof is the subject of recurring stackoverflow questions.

Design

The result is a simple aggregate

Following the trend of using meaningful names instead of returning pairs or tuples, this proposal uses a simple aggregate return type

```
struct __result {
    difference_type index;
    reference value;
};
```

This design was previously discussed by LEWGI in the context of [?]

constness

The index is always const, value is conditionnally const like all other views

Performance

An optimizing compiler can generate the same machine code for views::enumerate as it would for an equivalent for loop. Compiler Explorer

Implementation

This proposal has been implemented (Github) There exist an implementation in ranges-v3 (where the enumerate view uses zip_with and a pair value type).

Proposal

We propose a view enumerate whose value type is a struct with 2 members index and value representing respectively the position and value of the elements in the adapted range.

Wording

Enumerate view

[range.enumerate]

Overview

[range.enumerate.overview]

enumerate_view presents a view with a value type that represents both the position and value of the adapted view's value-type.

The name views::enumerate denotes a range adaptor object. Given the subexpressions E the expression views::enumerate(E) is expression-equivalent to enumerate_view{E}.

[Example:

```
vector<int> vec{ 1, 2, 3 };
for (auto [index, value] : enumerate(vec) )
    cout << index << ":" << value ' '; // prints: 0:1 1:2 2:3

— end example]</pre>
```

Class template enumerate_view

[range.enumerate.view]

```
namespace std::ranges {
   template<input_range V>
    requires view<V>
   class enumerate_view : public view_interface<enumerate_view<V>>> {
     private:
       V base_ = {};
       template <bool Const>
       class iterator; // exposition only
        template <bool Const>
       struct sentinel; // exposition only
       public:
        constexpr enumerate_view() = default;
        constexpr enumerate_view(V base);
        constexpr auto begin() requires (!simple_view<V>)
        { return iterator<false>(ranges::begin(base_), 0); }
        constexpr auto begin() const requires simple_view<V>
        { return iterator<true>(ranges::begin(base_), 0); }
        constexpr auto end()
        { return sentinel<false>{end(base_)}; }
        constexpr auto end()
        requires common_range<V> && sized_range<V>
```

```
{ return iterator<false>{ranges::end(base_),
                 static_cast<range_difference_t<V>>(size()) }; }
        constexpr auto end() const
        requires range<const V>
        { return sentinel<true>{ranges::end(base_)}; }
        constexpr auto end() const
        requires common_range<const V> && sized_range<V>
        { return iterator<true>{ranges::end(base_),
                 static_cast<range_difference_t<V>>(size())); }
        constexpr auto size()
        requires sized_range<V>
        { return ranges::size(base_); }
        constexpr auto size() const
        requires sized_range<const V>
        { return ranges::size(base_); }
        constexpr V base() const & requires copy_constructible<V> { return base_; }
        constexpr V base() && { return move(base_); }
    };
    template<class R>
    enumerate_view(R&&) -> enumerate_view<views::all_t<R>>>;
    constexpr enumerate_view(V base);
     Effects: Initializes base_ with move(base).
      Class enumerate_view::iterator
                                                                [range.enumerate.iterator]
namespace std::ranges {
    template<input_range V>
    requires view<V>
    template<bool Const>
    class enumerate_view<V>::iterator {
       using Base = conditional_t<Const, const V, V>;
       struct result {
            const range_difference_t<View> index;
            range_reference_t<Base> value;
       };
```

iterator_t<Base> current_ = iterator_t<Base>();

range_difference_t<Base> pos_ = 0;

public:

```
using iterator_category = typename iterator_traits<iterator_t<Base>>::iterator_category;
using reference = result;
using value_type = result;
using difference_type = range_difference_t<Base>;
iterator() = default;
constexpr explicit iterator(iterator_t<Base> current, range_difference_t<Base> pos);
constexpr iterator(iterator<!Const> i)
requires Const && convertible_to<iterator_t<V>, iterator_t<Base>>;
constexpr iterator_t<Base> base() const&
requires copyable<iterator_t<Base>>;
constexpr iterator_t<Base> base() &&;
constexpr decltype(auto) operator*() const {
     return result{pos_, *current_};
constexpr iterator& operator++();
constexpr void operator++(int) requires (!forward_range<Base>);
constexpr iterator operator++(int) requires forward_range<Base>;
constexpr iterator& operator--() requires bidirectional_range<Base>;
constexpr iterator operator--(int) requires bidirectional_range<Base>;
constexpr iterator& operator+=(difference_type x)
requires random_access_range<Base>;
constexpr iterator& operator==(difference_type x)
requires random_access_range<Base>;
constexpr decltype(auto) operator[](difference_type n) const
requires random_access_range<Base>
{ return result{static_cast<difference_type>(pos_ + n), *(current_ + n) }; }
friend constexpr bool operator==(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)
requires equality_comparable<iterator_t<Base>>;
friend constexpr bool operator<(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)</pre>
requires random_access_range<Base>;
friend constexpr bool operator>(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)
requires random_access_range<Base>;
friend constexpr bool operator<=(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)</pre>
requires random_access_range<Base>;
friend constexpr bool operator>=(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)
requires random_access_range<Base>;
friend constexpr auto operator<=>(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)
requires random_access_range<Base> && three_way_comparable<iterator_t<Base>>;
```

```
friend constexpr iterator operator+(const iterator& x, difference_type y)
        requires random_access_range<Base>;
        friend constexpr iterator operator+(difference_type x, const iterator& y)
        requires random_access_range<Base>;
        friend constexpr iterator operator-(const iterator& x, difference_type y)
        requires random_access_range<Base>;
        friend constexpr difference_type operator-(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)
        requires random_access_range<Base>;
   };
}
    constexpr explicit iterator(iterator_t<Base> current, range_difference_t<Base> pos = 0);
     Effects: Initializes current_ with move(current) and pos with pos.
    constexpr iterator(iterator<!Const> i)
    requires Const && convertible_to<iterator_t<V>, iterator_t<Base>>;
     Effects: Initializes current_ with move(i.current_) and pos with pos..
    constexpr iterator_t<Base> base() const&
    requires copyable<iterator_t<Base>>;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return current_;
    constexpr iterator_t<Base> base() &&;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return move(current_);
    constexpr iterator& operator++();
     Effects: Equivalent to:
             ++pos;
             ++current_;
             return *this;
    constexpr void operator++(int) requires (!forward_range<Base>);
     Effects: Equivalent to:
             ++pos;
             ++current_;
    constexpr iterator operator++(int) requires forward_range<Base>;
     Effects: Equivalent to:
             auto temp = *this;
             ++pos;
             ++current_;
             return temp;
```

```
constexpr iterator& operator--() requires bidirectional_range<Base>;
 Effects: Equivalent to:
         --pos_;
         --current_;
         return *this;
constexpr iterator operator--(int) requires bidirectional_range<Base>;
 Effects: Equivalent to:
         auto temp = *this;
         --current_;
         --pos_;
         return temp;
constexpr iterator& operator+=(difference_type n);
requires random_access_range<Base>;
 Effects: Equivalent to:
         current_ += n;
         pos_ += n;
         return *this;
constexpr iterator& operator==(difference_type n)
requires random_access_range<Base>;
 Effects: Equivalent to:
         current_ -= n;
         pos_ -= n;
         return *this;
friend constexpr bool operator==(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)
requires equality_comparable<Base>;
 Effects: Equivalent to: return x.current_ == y.current_;
friend constexpr bool operator<(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)</pre>
requires random_access_range<Base>;
 Effects: Equivalent to: return x.current_ < y.current_;</pre>
friend constexpr bool operator>(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)
requires random_access_range<Base>;
```

```
Effects: Equivalent to: return y < x;
    friend constexpr bool operator<=(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)
    requires random_access_range<Base>;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return !(y < x);
    friend constexpr bool operator>=(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)
    requires random_access_range<Base>;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return !(x < y);
    friend constexpr auto operator<=>(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)
    requires random_access_range<Base> && three_way_comparable<iterator_t<Base>>;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return x.current_ <=> y.current_;
    friend constexpr iterator operator+(const iterator& x, difference_type y)
    requires random_access_range<Base>;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return iterator{x} += y;
    friend constexpr iterator operator+(difference_type x, const iterator& y)
    requires random_access_range<Base>;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return v + x;
    constexpr iterator operator-(const iterator& x, difference_type y)
    requires random_access_range<Base>;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return iterator{x} -= y;
    constexpr difference_type operator-(const iterator& x, const iterator& y)
    requires random_access_range<Base>;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return x.current_ - y.current_;
      Class template enumerate_view::sentinel
                                                               [range.enumerate.sentinel]
namespace std::ranges {
    template<input_range V, size_t N>
    requires view<V>
    template<bool Const>
    class enumerate_view<V, N>::sentinel {
                                               // exposition only
       private:
       using Base = conditional_t<Const, const V, V>;  // exposition only
        sentinel_t<Base> end_ = sentinel_t<Base>();
                                                         // exposition only
       public:
        sentinel() = default;
       constexpr explicit sentinel(sentinel_t<Base> end);
       constexpr sentinel(sentinel<!Const> other)
```

requires Const && convertible_to<sentinel_t<V>, sentinel_t<Base>>;

```
constexpr sentinel_t<Base> base() const;
        friend constexpr bool operator==(const iterator<Const>& x, const sentinel& y);
        friend constexpr range_difference_t<Base>
        operator-(const iterator<Const>& x, const sentinel& y)
        requires sized_sentinel_for<sentinel_t<Base>>, iterator_t<Base>>;
        friend constexpr range_difference_t<Base>
        operator-(const sentinel& x, const iterator<Const>& y)
        requires sized_sentinel_for<sentinel_t<Base>, iterator_t<Base>>;
    };
}
    constexpr explicit sentinel(sentinel_t<Base> end);
     Effects: Initializes end_ with end.
    constexpr sentinel(sentinel<!Const> other)
    requires Const && convertible_to<sentinel_t<V>, sentinel_t<Base>>;
     Effects: Initializes end_ with move(other. end_).
    constexpr sentinel_t<Base> base() const;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return end_;
    friend constexpr bool operator==(const iterator<Const>& x, const sentinel& y);
     Effects: Equivalent to: return x.current_ == y.end_;
    friend constexpr range_difference_t<Base>
    operator-(const iterator<Const>& x, const sentinel& y)
    requires sized_sentinel_for<sentinel_t<Base>>, iterator_t<Base>>;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return x.current_ - y.end_;
    friend constexpr range_difference_t<Base>
    operator-(const sentinel& x, const iterator<Const>& y)
    requires sized_sentinel_for<sentinel_t<Base>>, iterator_t<Base>>;
     Effects: Equivalent to: return x.end_ - y.current_;
```

References

[N4861] Richard Smith Working Draft, Standard for Programming Language C++ https://wg21.link/N4861