



Chapter 6

Hardening and Security



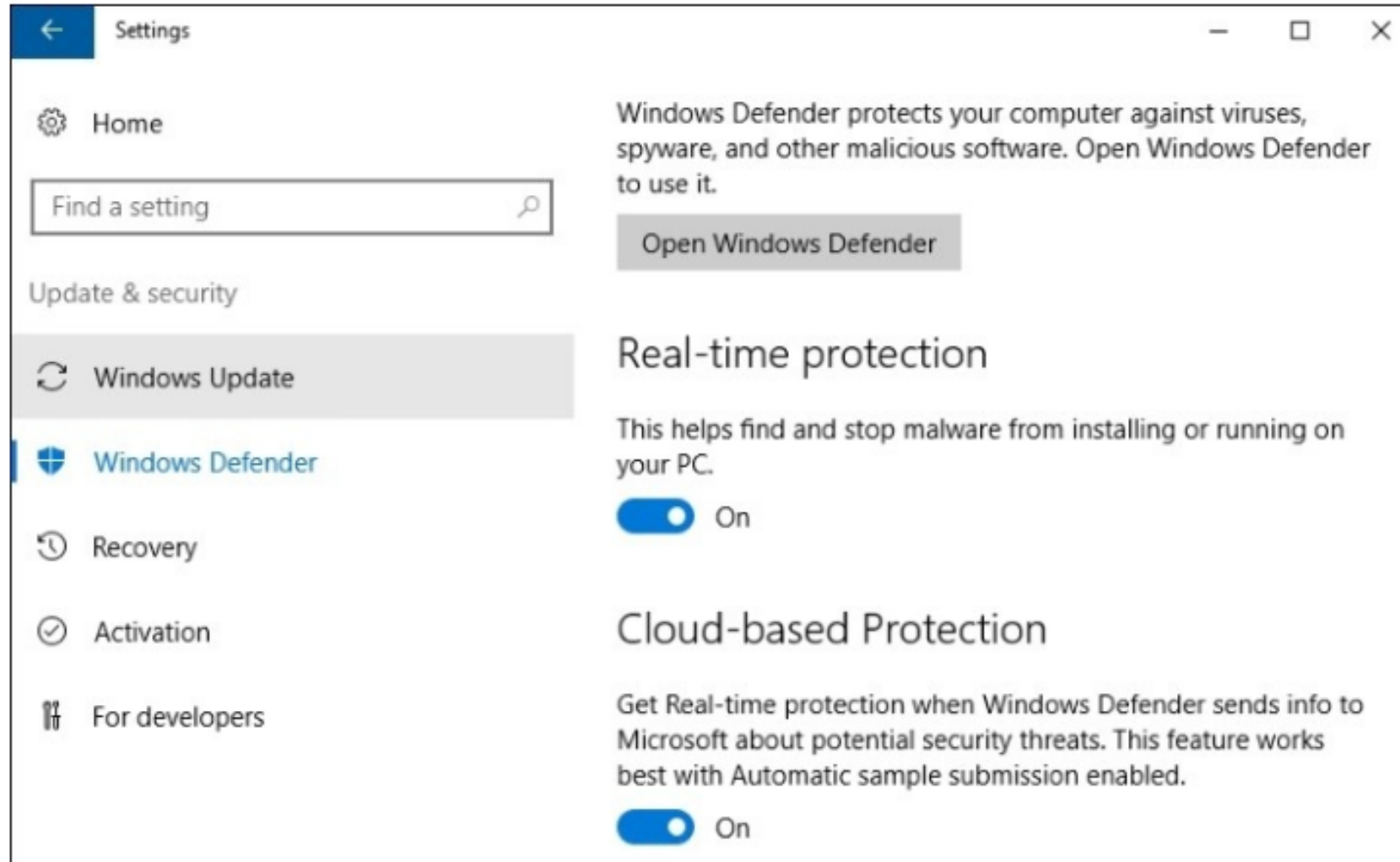
Windows Defender

Installing Windows Defender

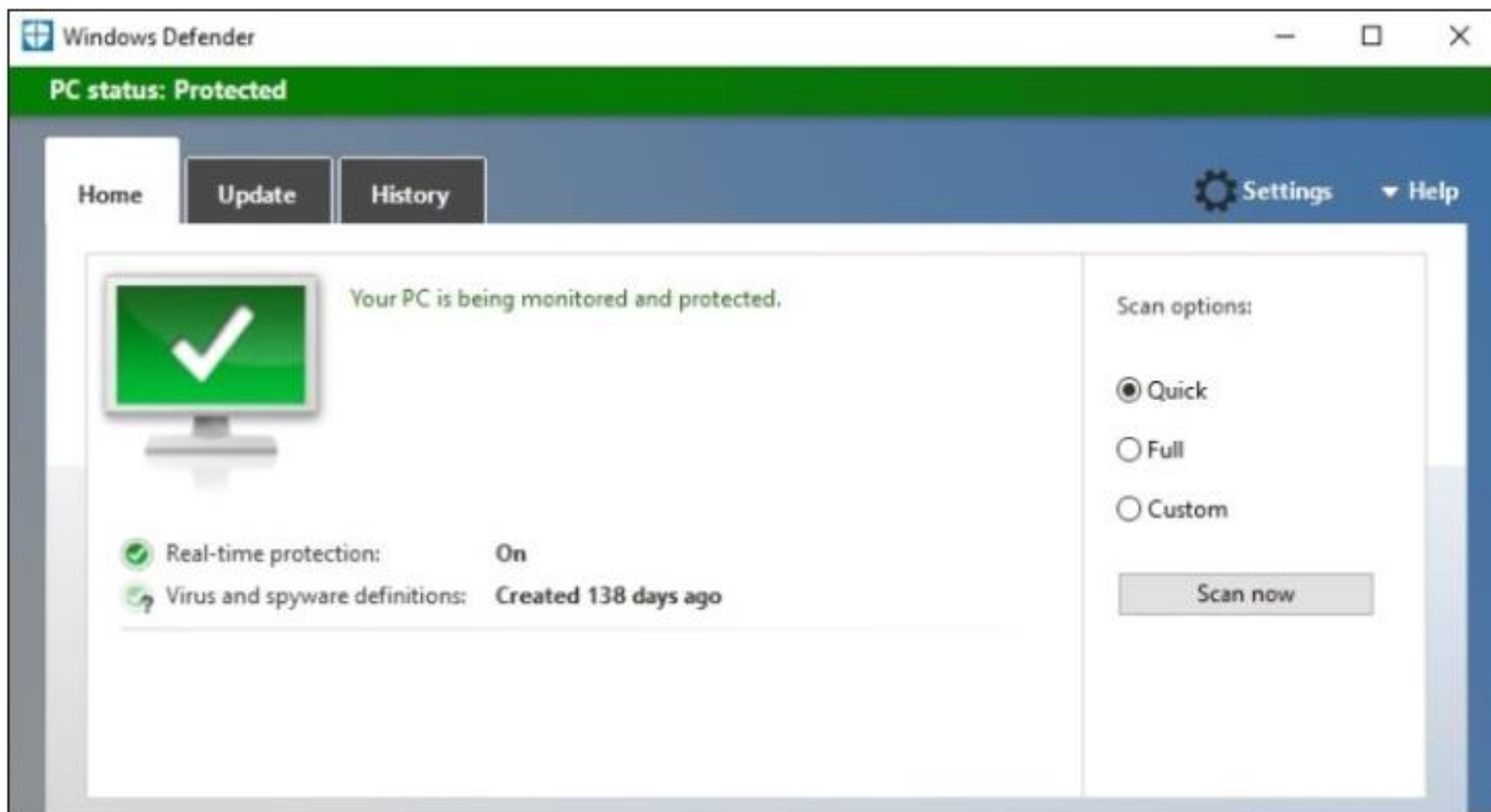
Windows Defender is installed by default in Windows Server 2016. However, the graphical user interface may not be available, depending on what specific SKU of Server 2016 you have installed. If you do not see a configuration console for Windows Defender, you can easily add the Windows Defender feature either from the Add Roles and Features wizard, or by using this PowerShell cmdlet:

Install-WindowsFeature –Name Windows-Defender-GUI

Windows Defender

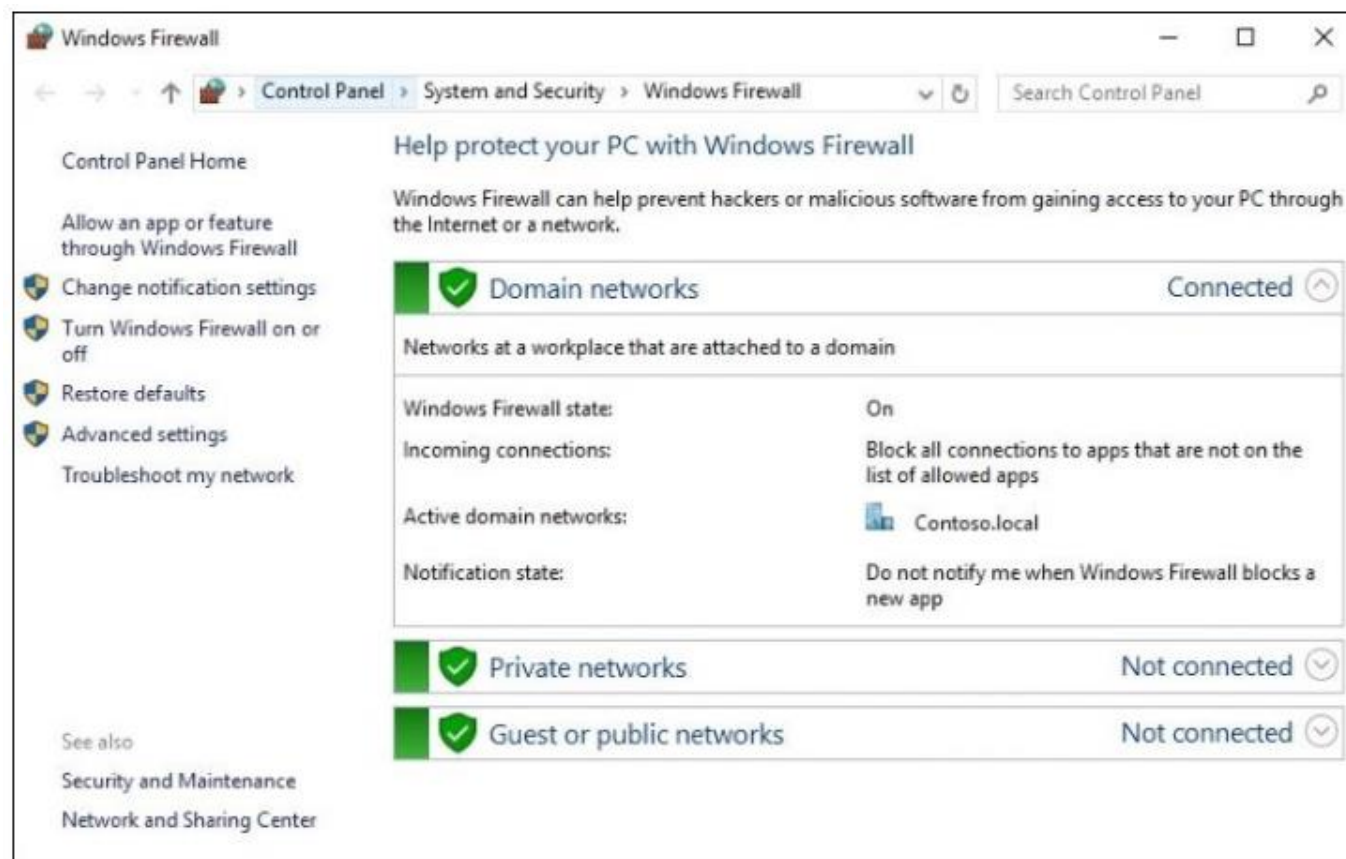


Windows Defender

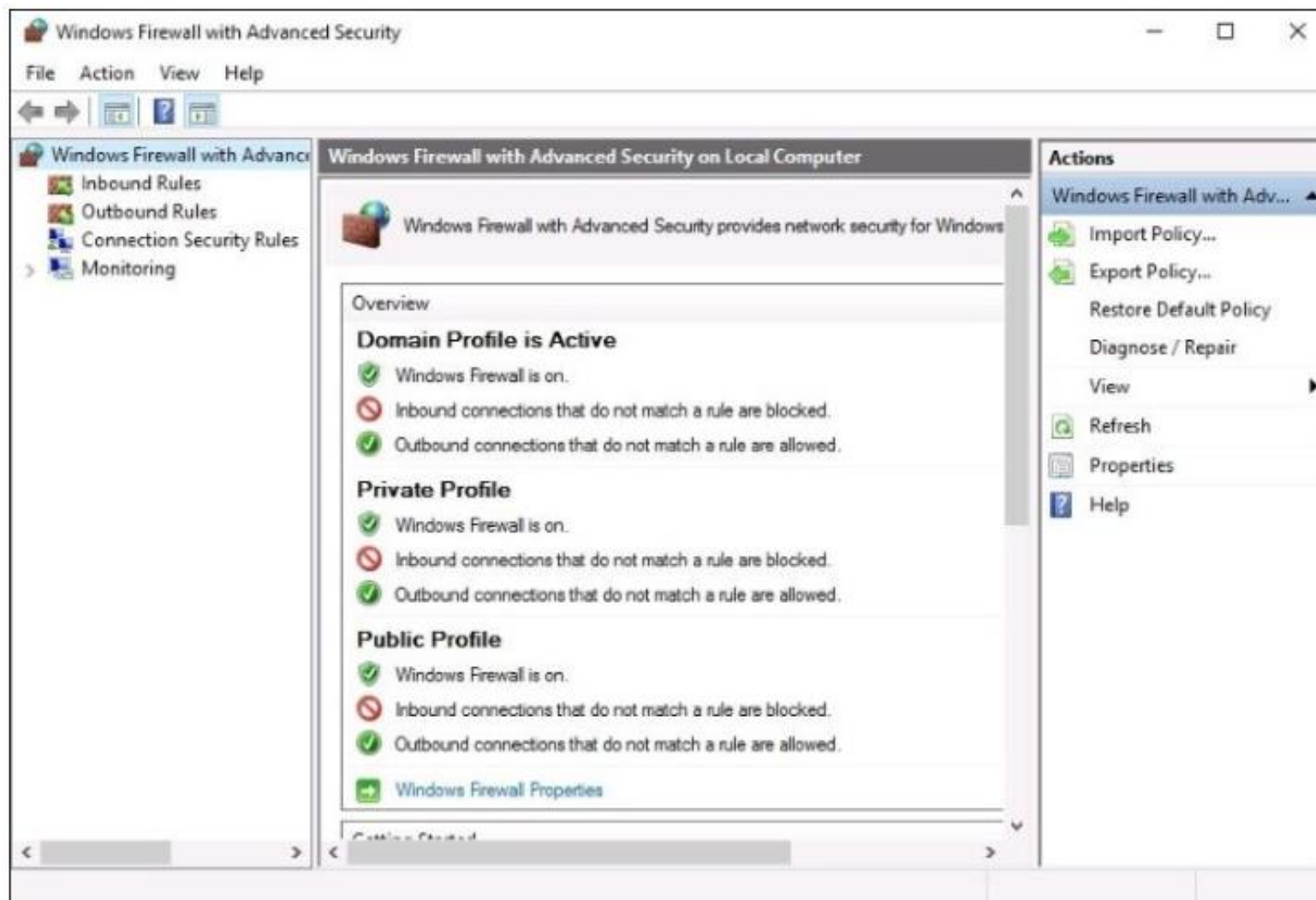


Windows Firewall

Windows Firewall settings



Windows Firewall





Windows Firewall

Building a new Inbound Rule

Steps:

- Rule Type
- Protocol and Ports
- Action
- Profile
- Name

Does this rule apply to TCP or UDP?

☒ TCP

☐ UDP

Does this rule apply to all local ports or specific local ports?

☐ All local ports

☒ Specific local ports:

Example: 80, 443, 5000-5010



Windows Firewall

Building a new Inbound Rule

What action should be taken when a connection matches the specified conditions?

☐ **Allow the connection**
This includes connections that are protected with IPsec as well as those are not.

☐ **Allow the connection if it is secure**
This includes only connections that have been authenticated by using IPsec. Connections will be secured using the settings in IPsec properties and rules in the Connection Security Rule node.

☒ **Block the connection**



Windows Firewall

Building a new Inbound Rule

☐ **Domain**

Applies when a computer is connected to its corporate domain.

☒ **Private**

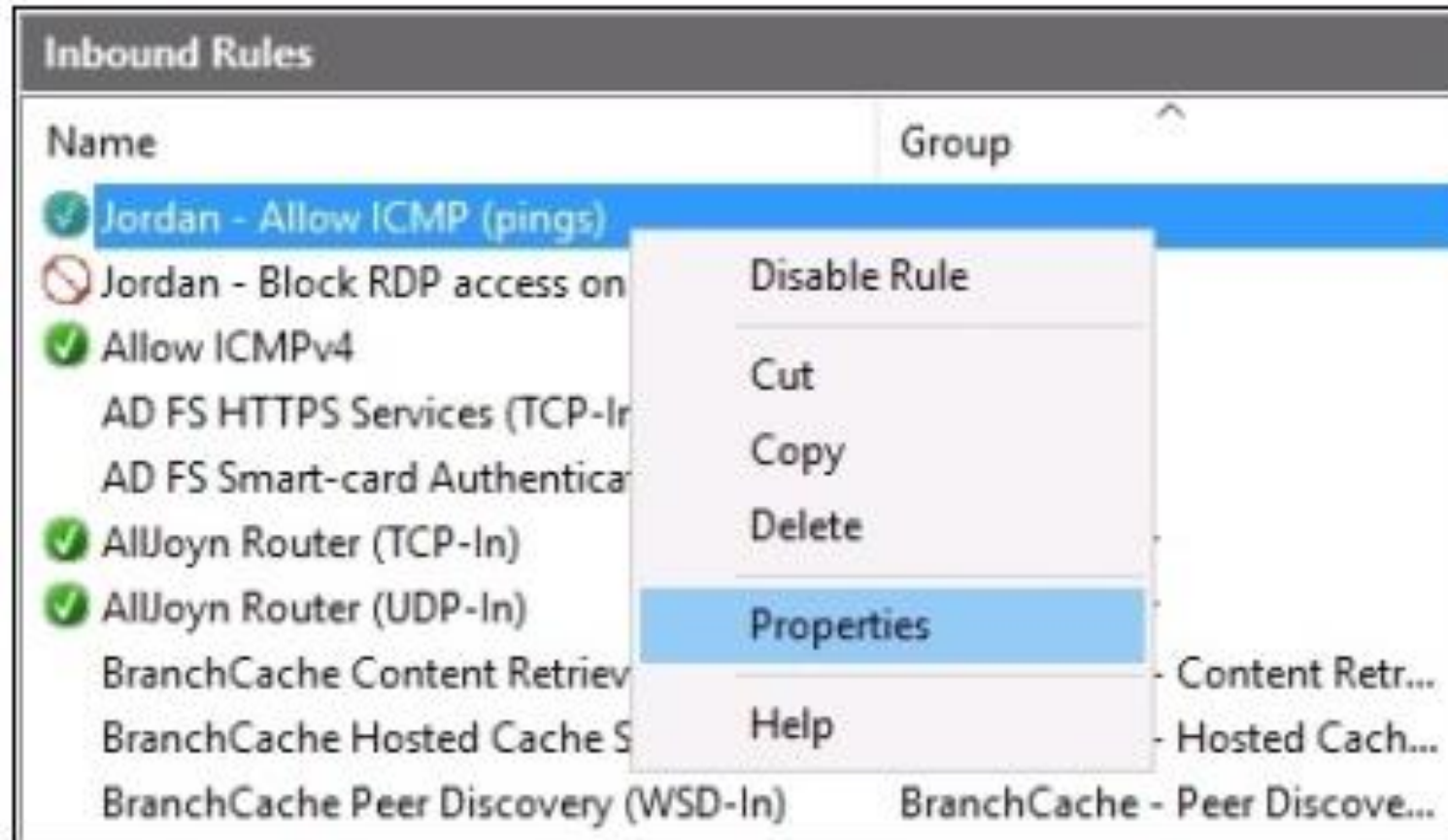
Applies when a computer is connected to a private network location, such as a home or work place.

☒ **Public**

Applies when a computer is connected to a public network location.

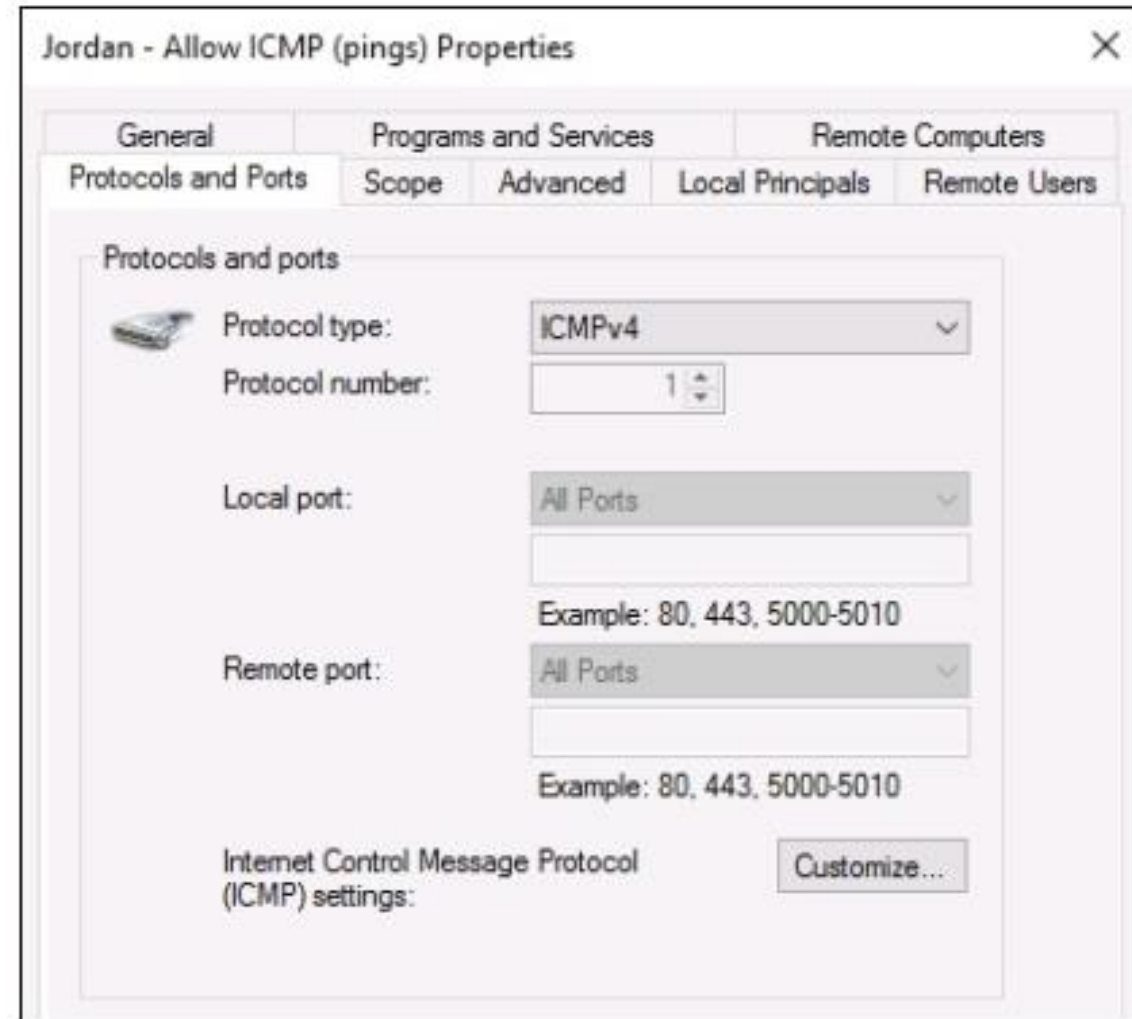
Windows Firewall

Ex: build a rule for ICMP



Windows Firewall

Ex: build a rule for ICMP





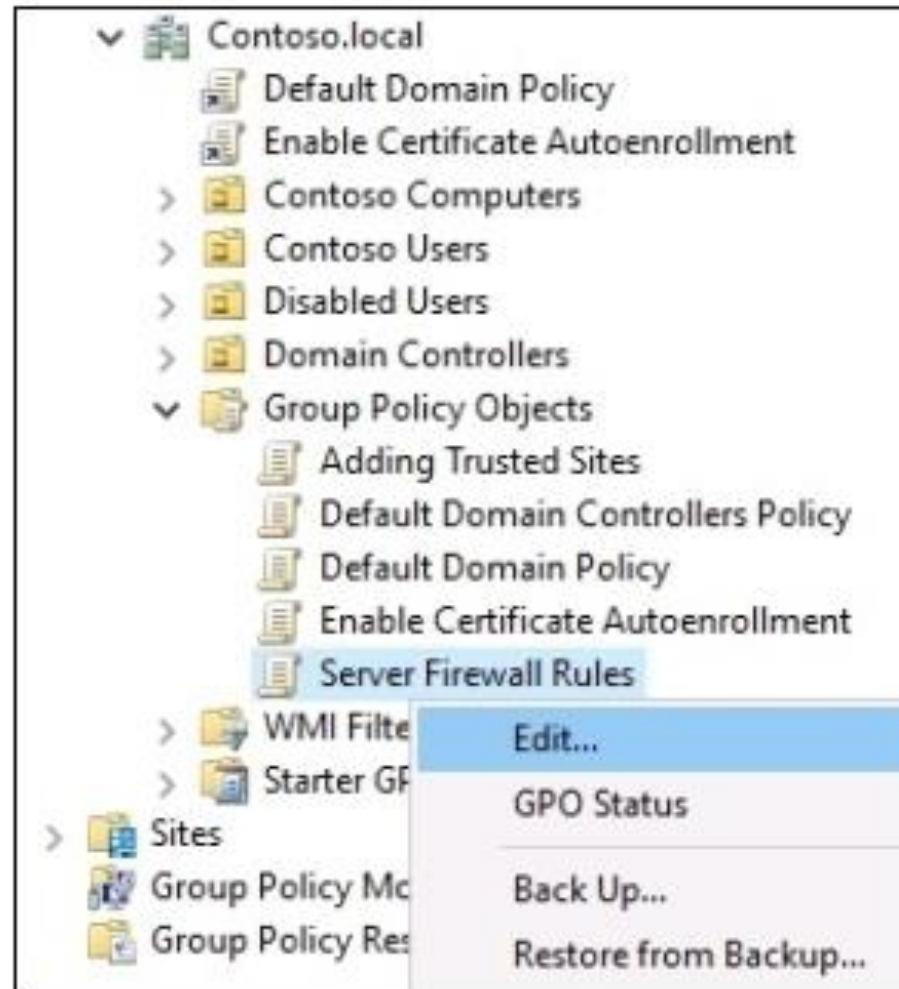
Windows Firewall

Managing WFAS with Group Policy

Managing firewall rules on your servers, and clients, can be a huge step toward a more secure environment for your company. The best part? This technology is enterprise class, and free to use since it's already built into the operating systems that you use. The only cost you have associated with firewalling at this level is the time it takes to put all of these rules into place, which would be an administrative nightmare if you had to implement your entire list of allows and blocks on every machine individually.

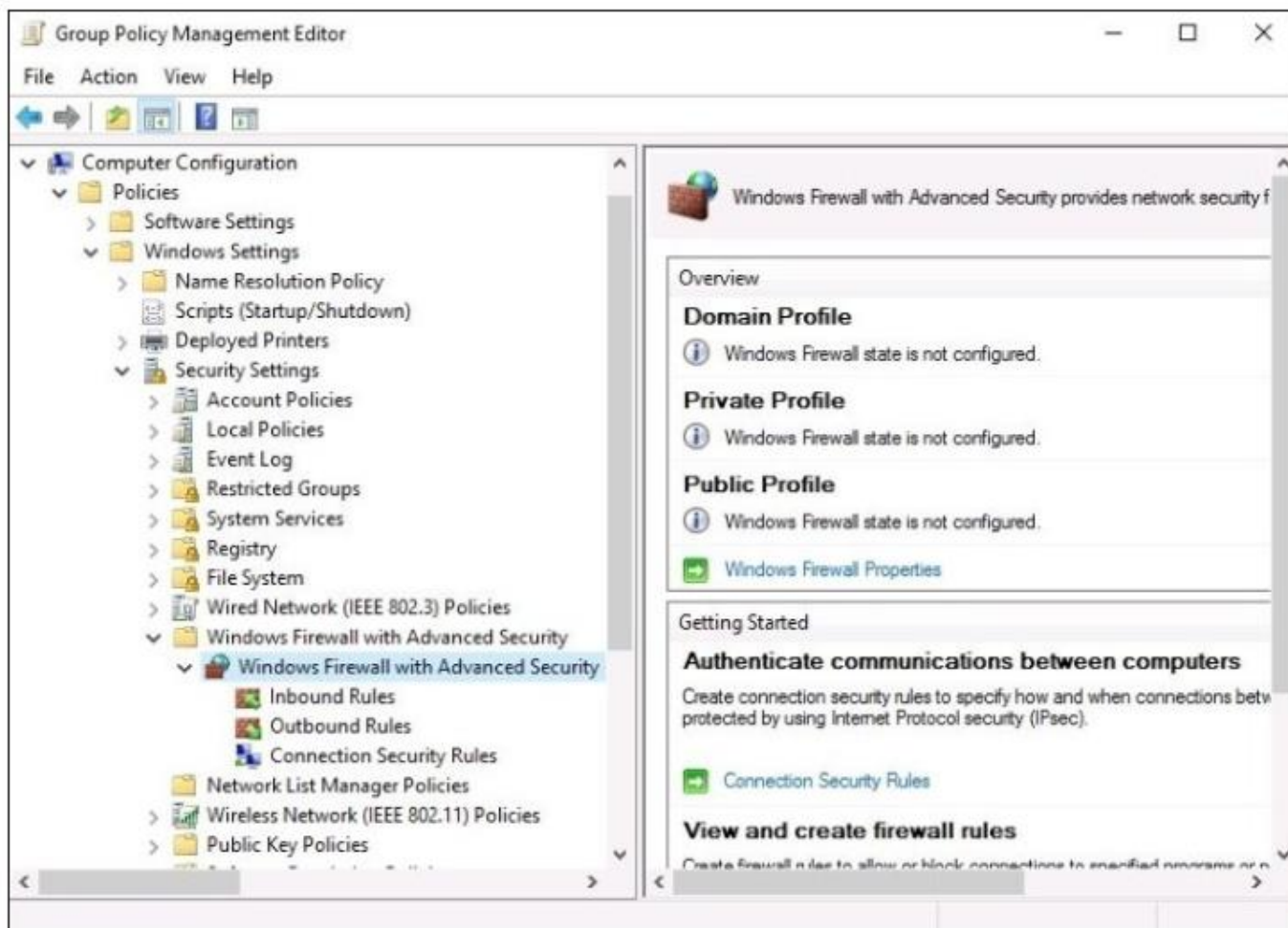
Windows Firewall

Managing WFAS with Group Policy



Windows Firewall

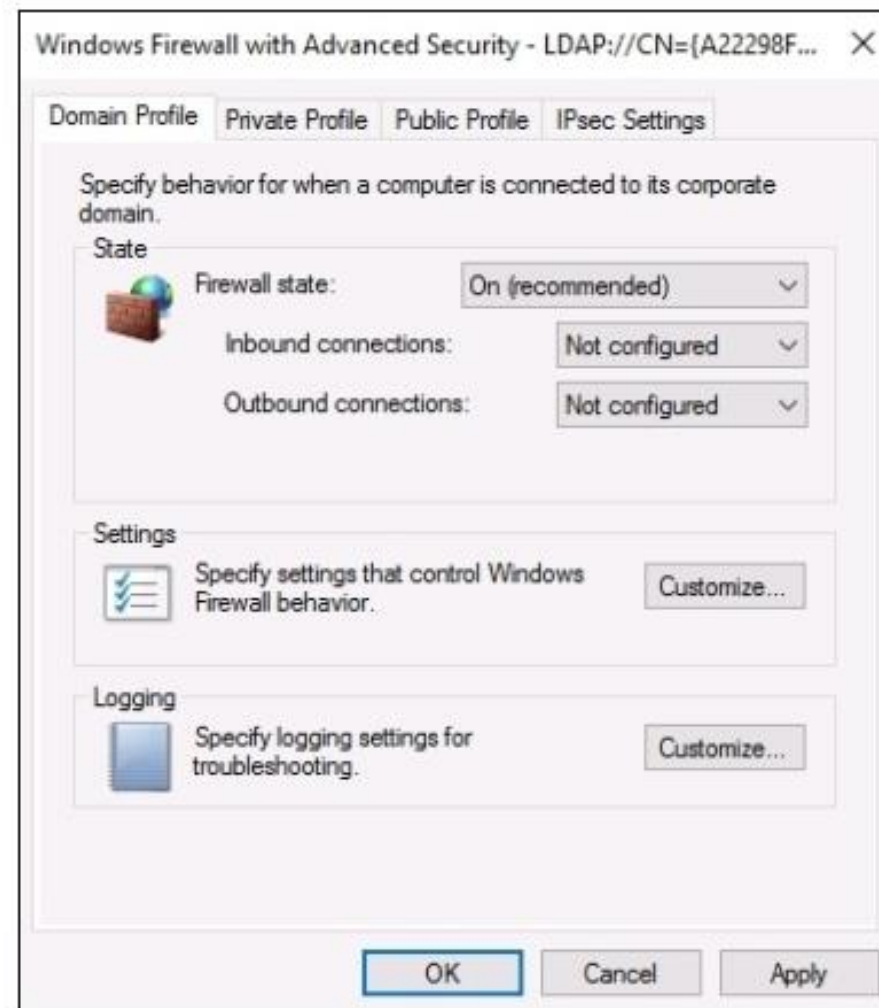
Managing WFAS with Group Policy





Windows Firewall

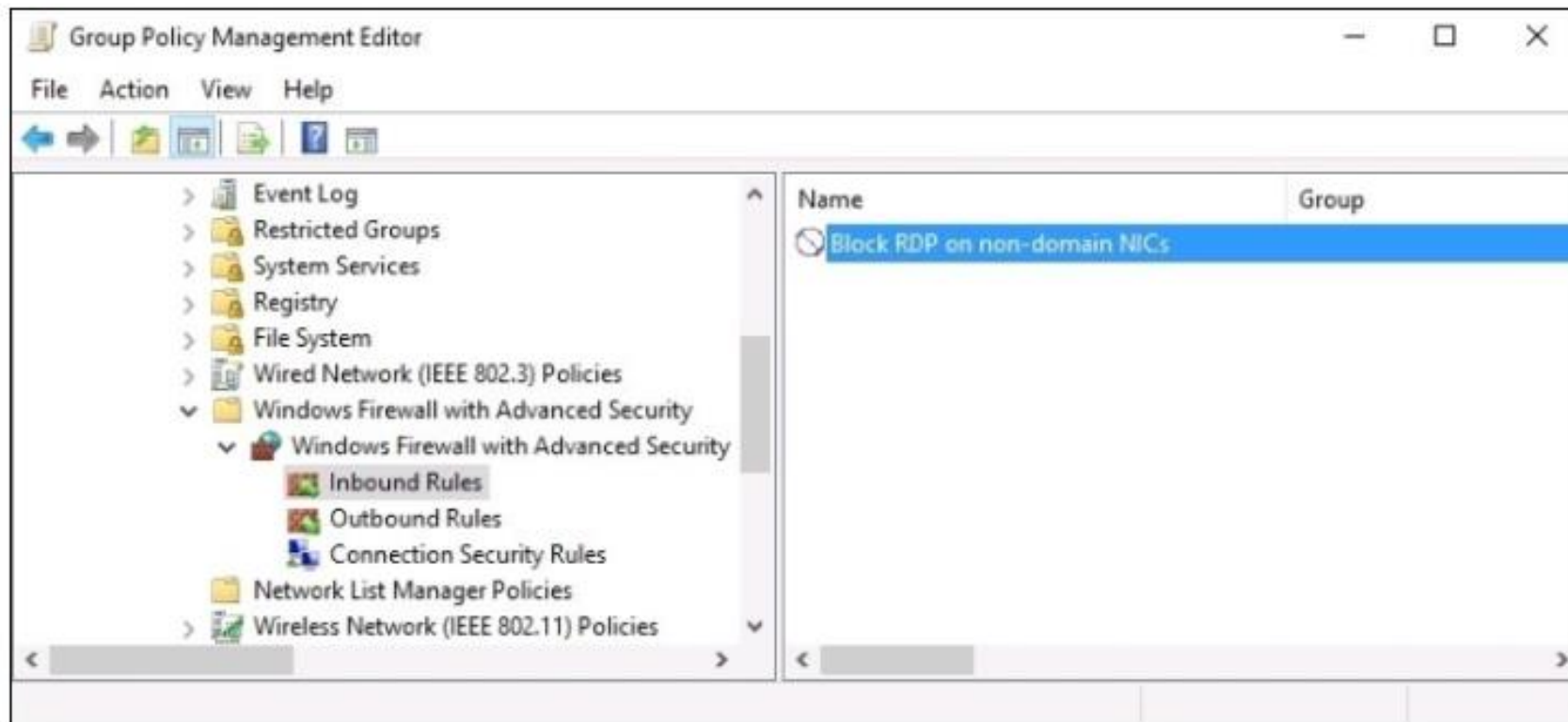
Managing WFAS with Group Policy





Windows Firewall

Managing WFAS with Group Policy



Q & A