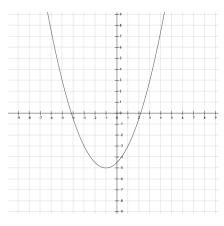
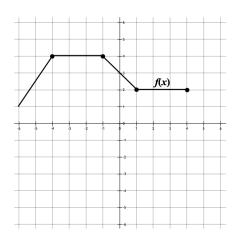
1) Sketch the graph of the inverse of each function. Is the inverse of f(x) a function? Explain.

a)



b)



2) Determine the equation of the inverse of each function.

a)
$$f(x) = 2x$$

b)
$$f(x) = 6x - 5$$

$$\mathbf{c)}\,f(x)=\frac{2x+4}{5}$$

3) Determine the equation of the inverse of each function

a)
$$f(x) = x^2 + 6$$

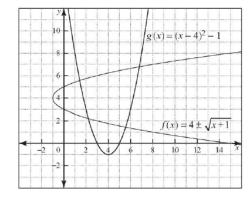
b)
$$f(x) = (x+8)^2$$

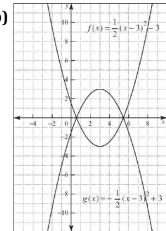
a)
$$f(x) = x^2 + 6x + 15$$

b)
$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 24x - 3$$

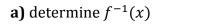
5) Determine if the two relations shown are inverses of each other. Justify your conclusion.



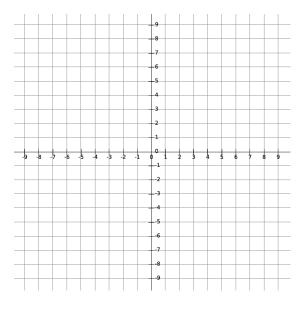




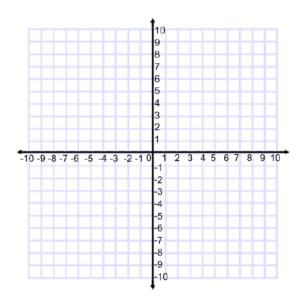
6) For the function f(x) = -5x + 6

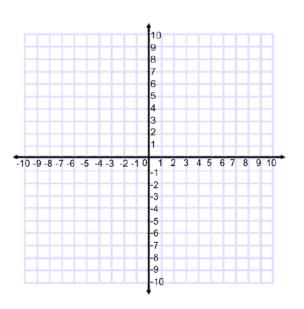


b) Graph f(x) and its inverse



7) Use transformations to graph the function $f(x) = 2(x-2)^2 + 1$. Find the inverse function $f^{-1}(x)$ and graph it by reflecting f(x) over the line y = x (switch x and y co-ordinates)





8) Determine the equation of the inverse for the given functions and state the domain and range.

a)
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$$

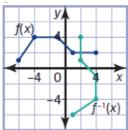
b)
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{x-2} + 2$$

Answers

1) a)

the inverse is NOT a function **b)**





inverse is NOT a function

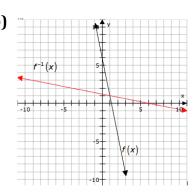
2) a)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{2}$$
 b) $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+5}{6}$ **c)** $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{5x-4}{2}$

3) a)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt{x-6}$$
 b) $f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt{x} - 8$

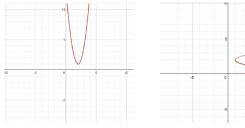
4) a)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt{x-6} - 3$$
 b) $f^{-1}(x) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{x+75}{2}} - 6$

5) a) yes **b)** no

6) a)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{-x+6}{5}$$
 b)



7)
$$f^{-1}(x) = 2 \pm \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{3}}$$



8) a)
$$f^{-1}(x) = x^2 - 3$$
; Domain for $f(x)$: $\{X \in \mathbb{R} | x \ge -3\}$, Range for $f(x)$: $\{Y \in \mathbb{R} | y \ge 0\}$ Domain for $f^{-1}(x)$: $\{X \in \mathbb{R} | x \ge 0\}$, Range for $f(x)$: $\{Y \in \mathbb{R} | y \ge -3\}$

b)
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{3}{x-2} + 2$$
; Domain for $f(x)$: $\{X \in \mathbb{R} | x \neq 2\}$, Range for $f(x)$: $\{Y \in \mathbb{R} | y \neq 2\}$
Domain for $f^{-1}(x)$: $\{X \in \mathbb{R} | x \neq 2\}$, Range for $f(x)$: $\{Y \in \mathbb{R} | y \neq 2\}$