

## proj06: Functions and Lists

### Part I:

Open proj06.py and proj06\_test.py. You can test your functions by running the proj05\_test file. This calls your functions in a separate file and prints out pass if the functions are working, and fail if they are not.

1. Create a function `divisors(num)` that returns the divisors of an integer stored in a list.

Example:

Calling `divisors(8)` should return `[1, 2, 4, 8]`. Therefore, if you write:

```
print divisors(8)
```

at the bottom of your program, the console should print:

```
[1,2,4,8]
```

**Hint:** to find the divisors of number `n`, loop over every number from 1 to `n` (including `n`). If `n` divided by the current number has a remainder of 0, the current number is a divisor of `n`. To find the remainder, use `%`. Example: `8%1 == 0`, but `8%3 == 2`.

2. Create a function `prime(num)` that returns `True` if the number is prime, and returns `False` if the number is not prime. **Call the `divisors` function inside the `prime` function** to help you solve the problem!

Example:

Calling `prime(8)` should return `True`. Therefore, if you write:

```
print prime(8)
```

at the bottom of your program, the console should print:

```
True
```

**Hint:** a number is prime if it only has two divisors – the number and itself.

## Part II:

REVIEW: Conditionals, for loops, lists, and functions

#INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Make the string "sentence\_string" into a list called "sentence\_list" sentence\_list should be a list of each letter in the string: ['H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o', ',', ' ', 'm', 'y', ' ', 'n', 'a', 'm', 'e', ' ', 'i', 's', ' ', ' ', 'M', 'o', 'n', 't', 'y', ' ', 'P', 'y', 't', 'h', 'o', 'n', '.']

**Hint:** Use a for loop and with an append function: list.append(letter)

sentence\_string = "Hello, my name is Monty Python."

2. Print every item of sentence\_list on a separate line using a for loop, like this:

H

e

l

l

o

,

m

y

.... keeps going on from here.

3: Write a for loop that goes through each letter in the list *vowels*. If the current letter is 'b', print out the index of the current letter (should print out the number 1).

vowels = ['a', 'b', 'i', 'o', 'u', 'y']

4: use the index found to change the list *vowels* so that the b is replaced with an e.

5: Loop through each letter in the sentence\_string. For each letter, check to see if the letter is in the *vowels* list. If the letter is in the *vowels* list, add one to a counter. Print out the counter at the end of the loop. This counter should show how many vowels are in *sentence\_string*.

6: Make a new function called "vowelFinder" that will return a list of the vowels found in a list (no duplicates). The function's parameters should be "list" and "vowels."

Example:

vowelList = vowelFinder(sentence\_list, vowels)

print vowelList

['a', 'e', 'i', 'o', 'y']