

Building an event sourced system in C#

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AXXES.

Who am I?

- Father of Arne (11), Joren (7) and Marit (5)
- Partner of Barbara (?)
- Head of L&D @ Axxes
- .NET backend dev
- Loves knowledge sharing
- Amateur guitar builder
- Guitarist @ Dylan Beattie & the Linebreakers
- Mountain biker
- Bad chess player
- Microsoft MVP



Who are you?

- What's your name?
- What is your background?
- What are you hoping to learn?
- Tell me 1 cool fact about you!

... or if you don't feel like sharing, just say:

I'm X and I'm here to see what happens.

Disclaimer (what to expect)

I am here for you, not the other way around

This means:

- If you have questions, ask!
- If you feel we can do things better/differently, speak up!

→ This workshop goes differently every time

PSA

1. Need a break? Others probably need one too.
→ Let me know! I tend to ramble on.
2. Learning happens best when you feel comfortable.
→ Eat snacks, drink, go to the bathroom, ...
3. I can talk for 2 days, but my voice gets hoarse.
→ Let's turn the coding parts into a conversation!
→ You learn, I learn something too
4. Need me to commit and push?

Agenda

1 _ DDD

2 _ Event Sourcing

3 _ CQRS

4 _ What are we building?

5 _ Optimizations

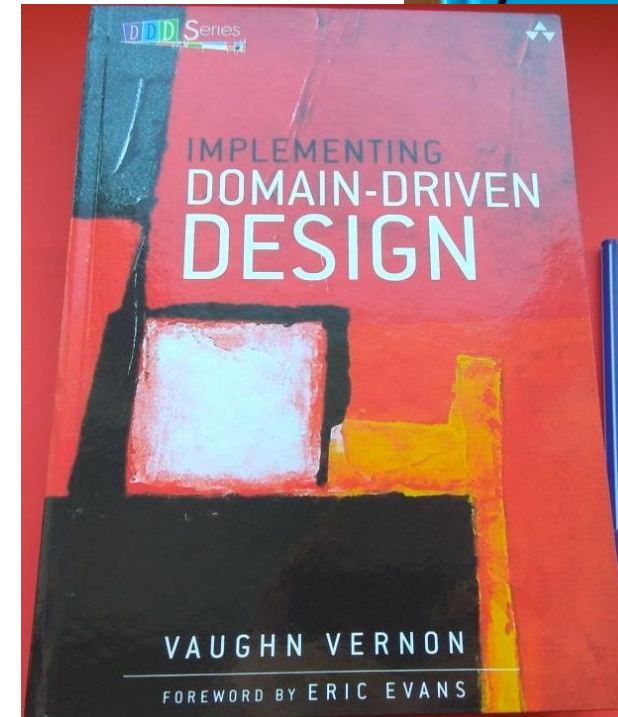
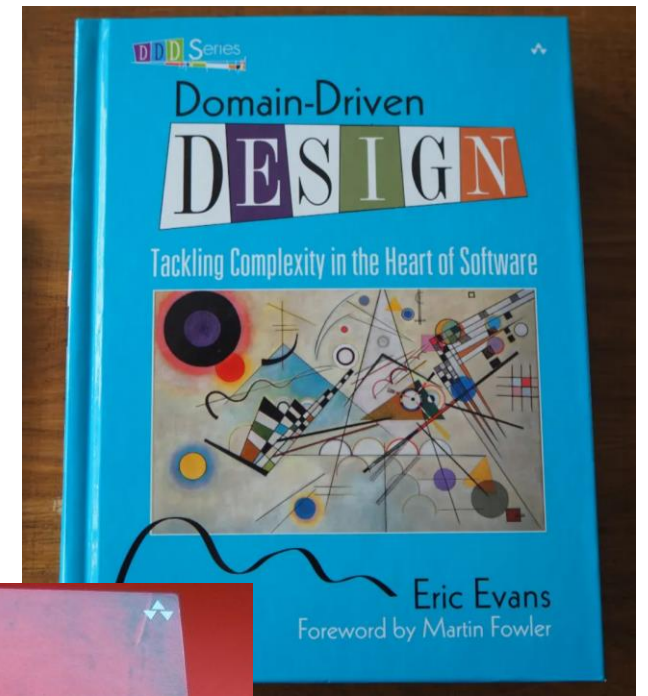
DDD

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Domain Driven Design in a nutshell

Where it started for me

- Eric Evans = the bible
 - Vaughn Vernon = easier to digest
- Written from an OOP perspective



How it often goes

Business need

→Analyst Interpretation

→Developer Interpretation

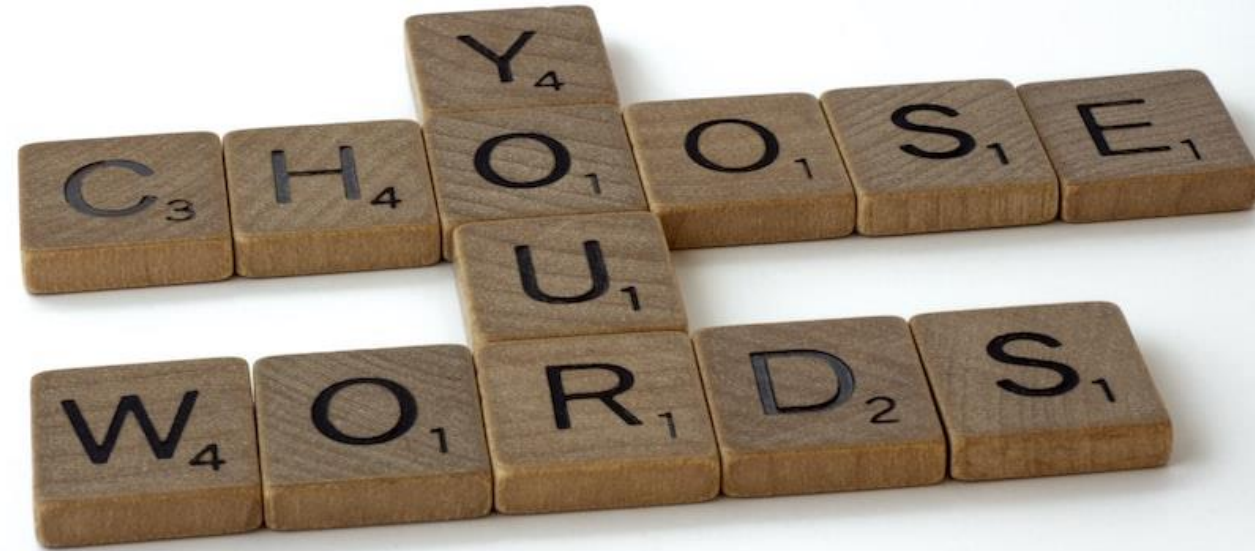
→Software



To remove interpretations,
we must share a language

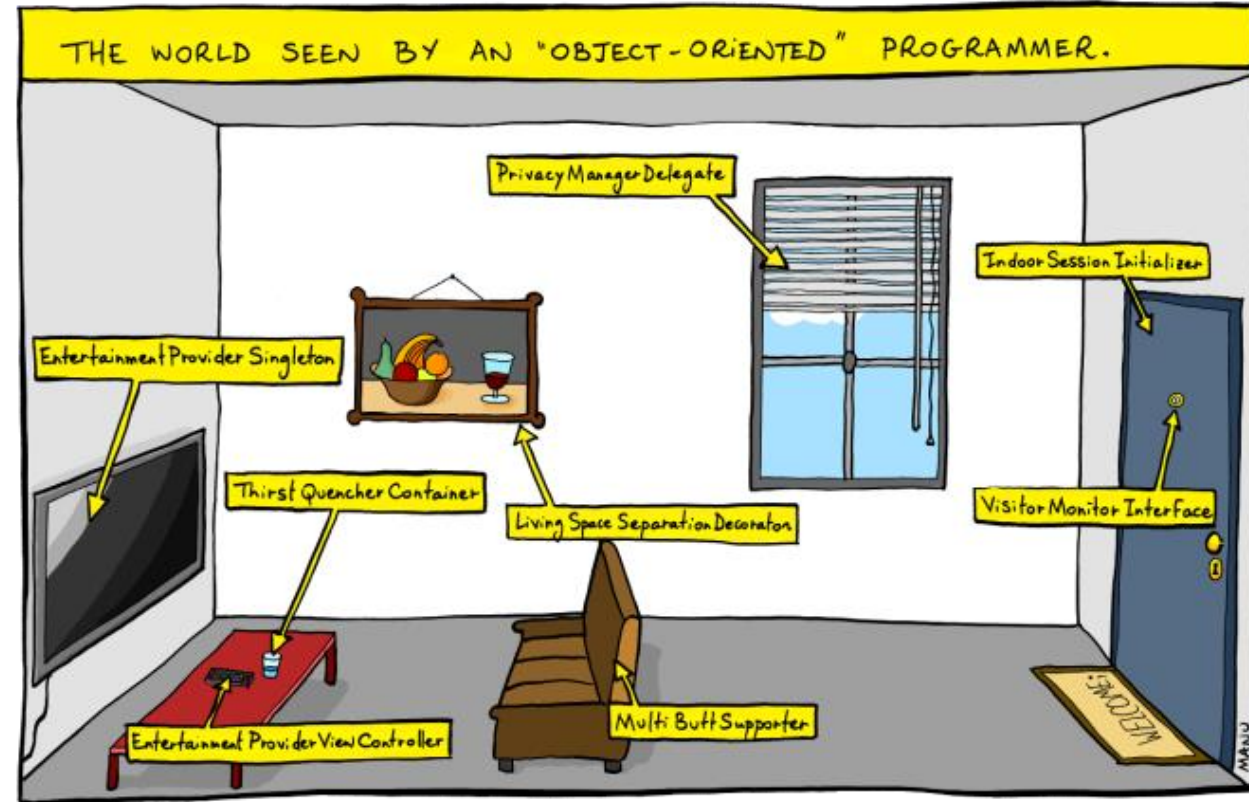
Ubiquitous Language

A ubiquitous language is a vocabulary shared by everyone involved in a project, from domain experts to stakeholders, to project managers, to developers



Ubiquitous Language

- Names in code
= names in conversations
- Strip meaningless terms
- Strip implementation details

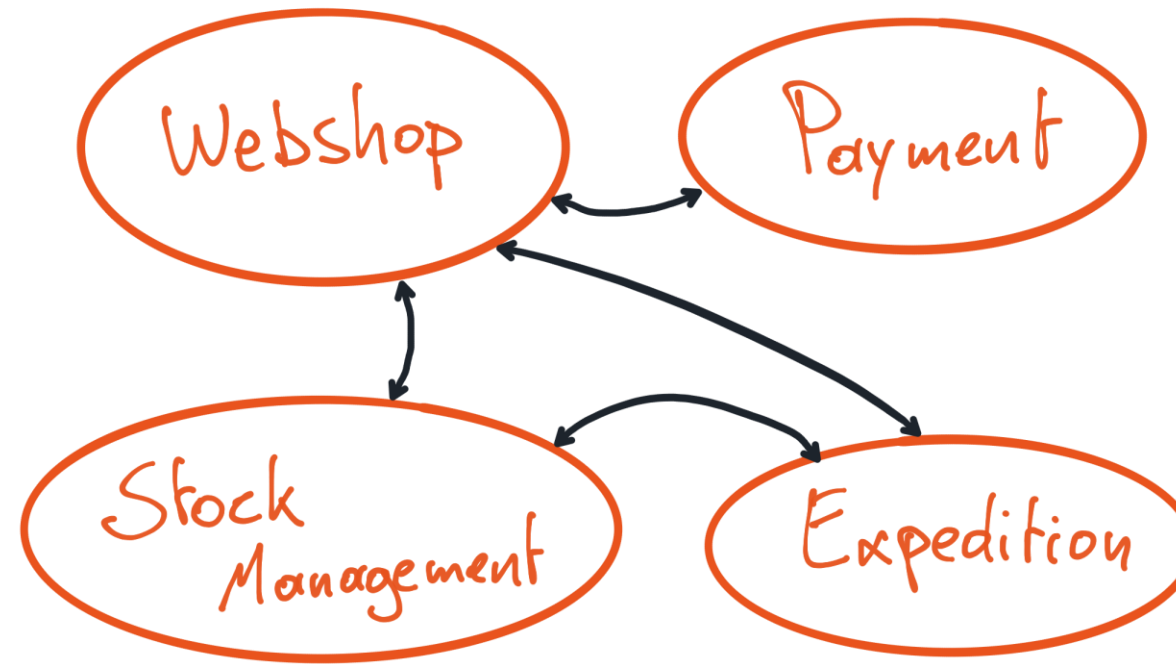


Organizations which design systems are
constrained to produce designs which are
copies of the communication structures
of these organizations

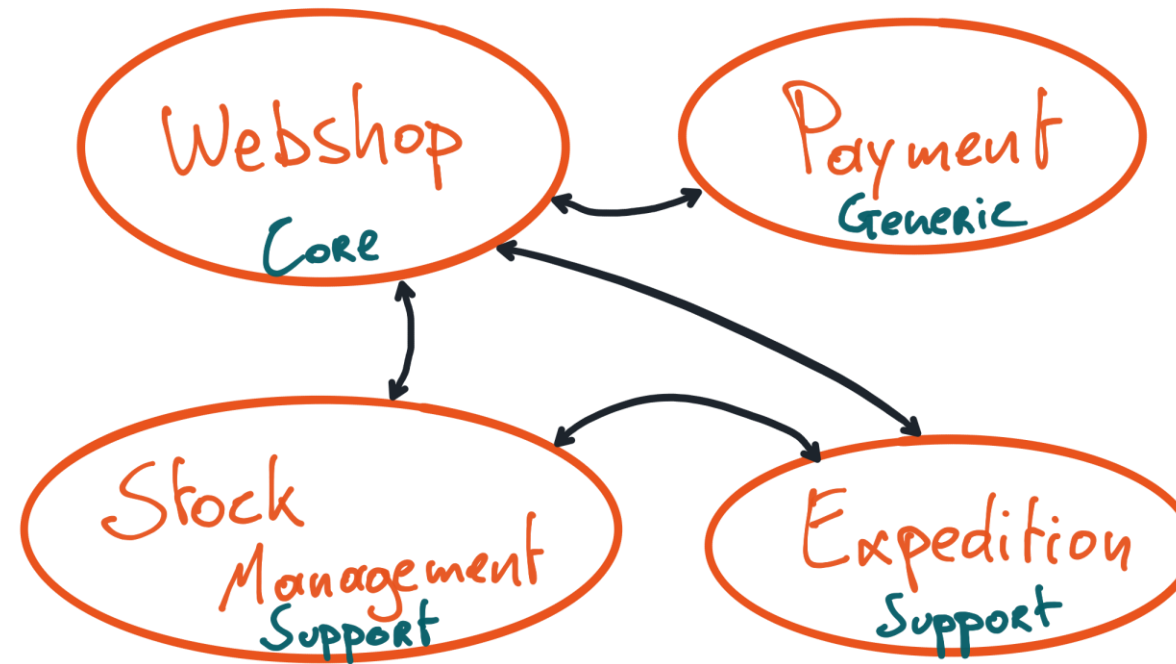
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Melvin Conway

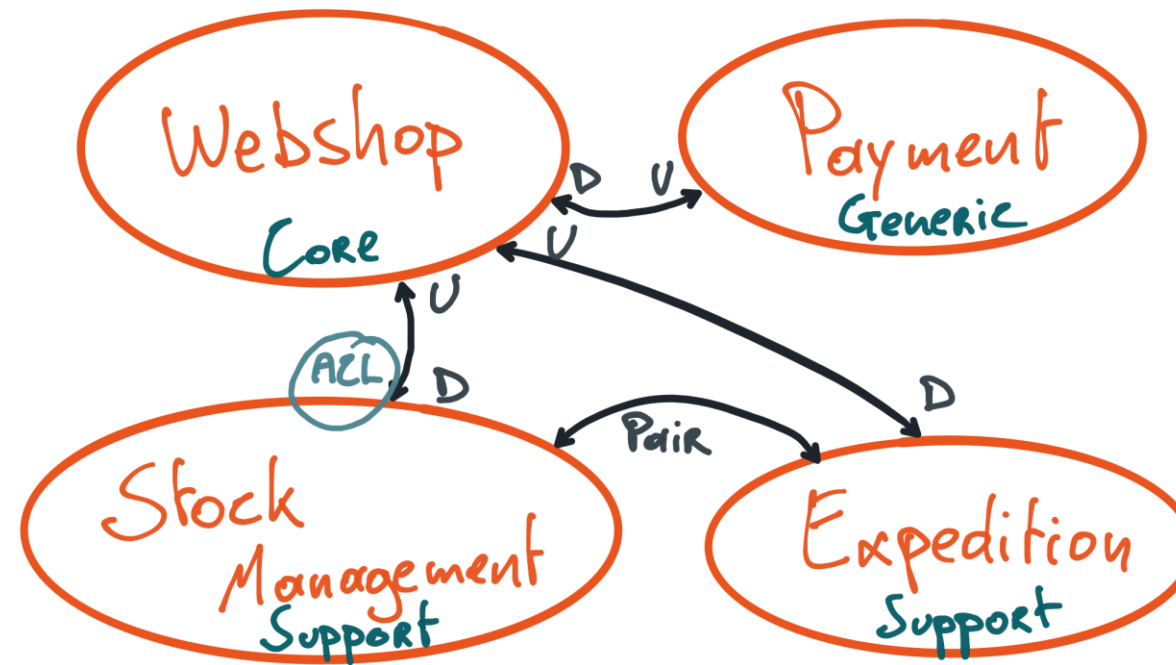
Bounded Context



Bounded Context



Bounded Context



Commands & Events

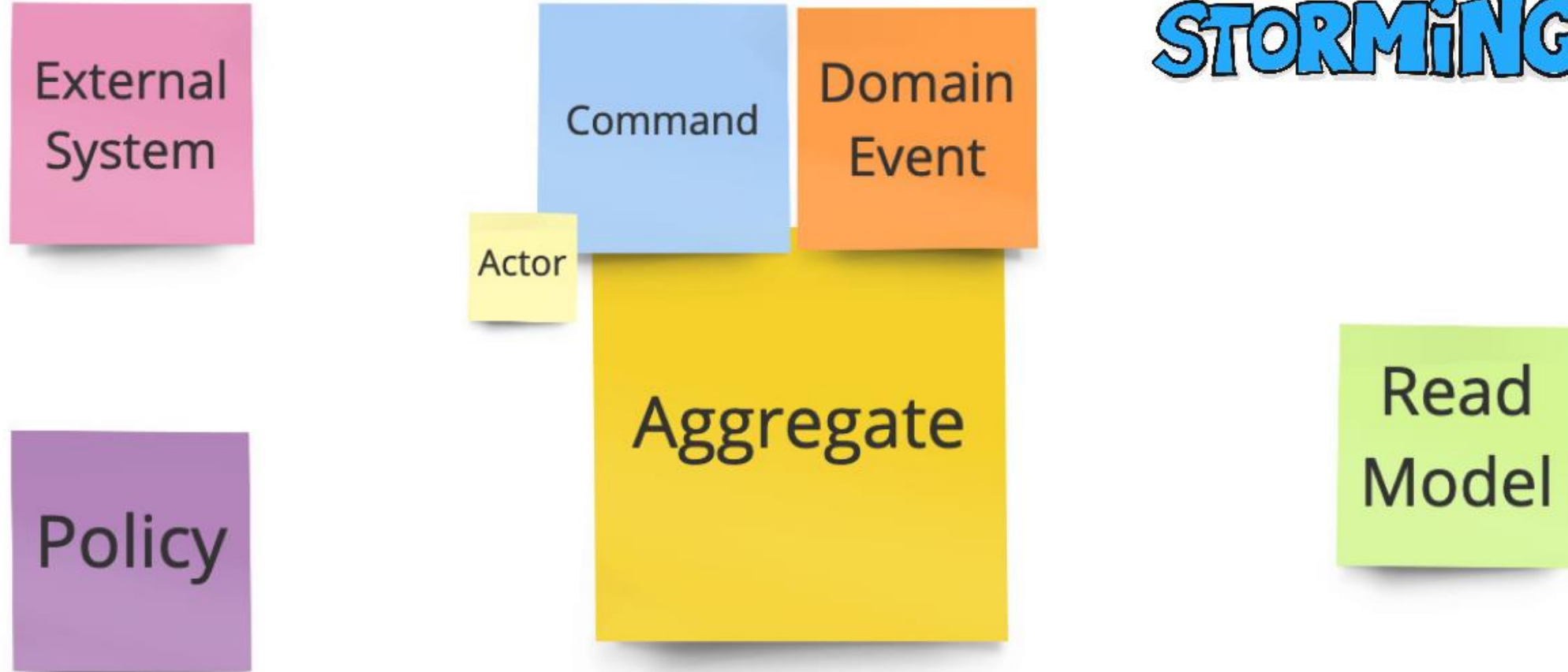
Commands

- Imperative form
- Request to perform an action
- *E.g. SendBeer*

Events

- Past tense
- Communicates that an action has been performed
- *E.g. BeerReceived*

EVENT STORMING



Event Storming



Aggregate

- Handles Commands
- Raises Events
- Is the root of reasoning (sometimes called Aggregate root)
- Holds all the info required to respond to Commands & Events
- Is small enough to reason about

After bounded contexts, aggregates are the hardest to define.

Value Types

- Help in bringing Ubiquitous language to Code
- Make the implicit explicit
- Group logic with data
- Easier to reason about
- Easier to test

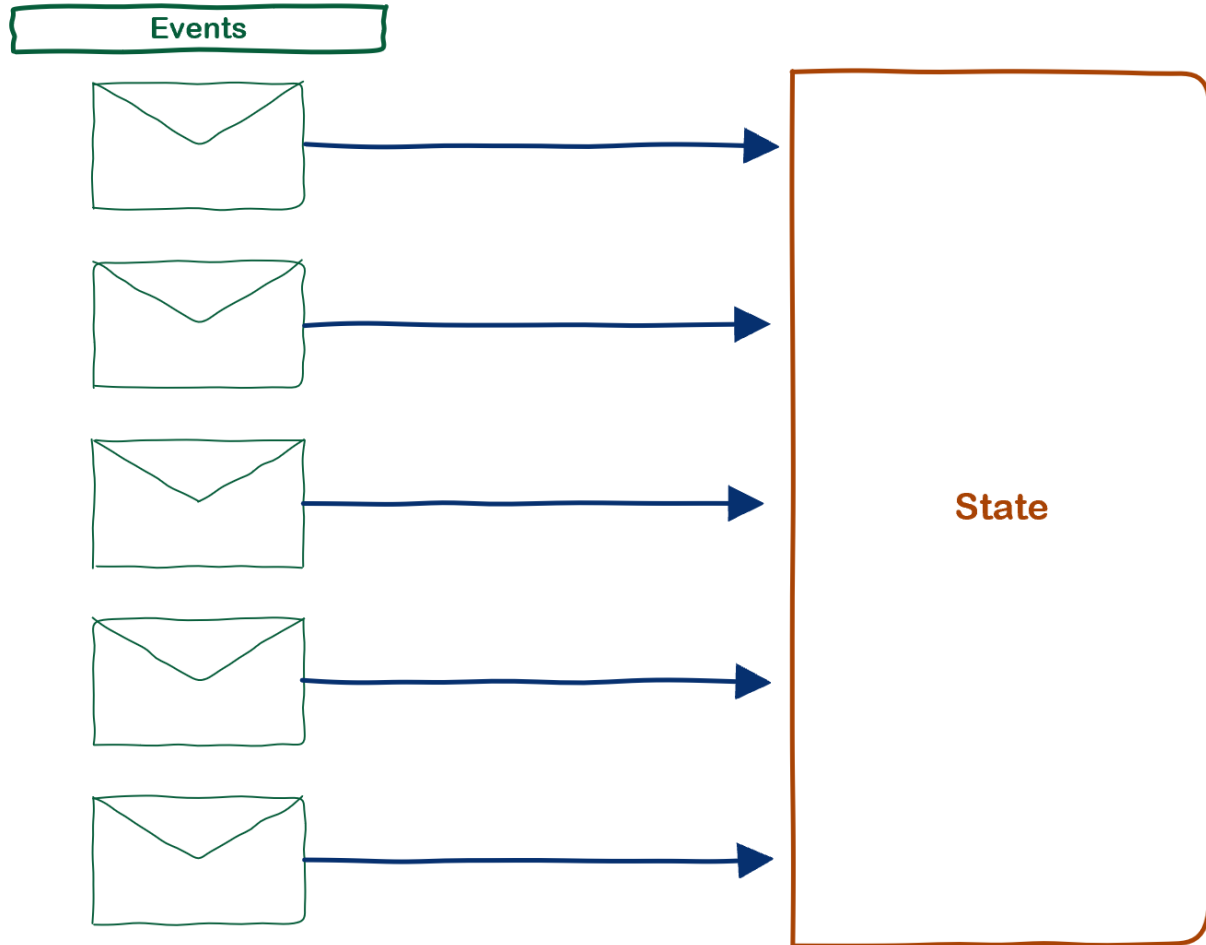
Now with C# records!

Event Sourcing

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Keep track of our history

Event Sourcing

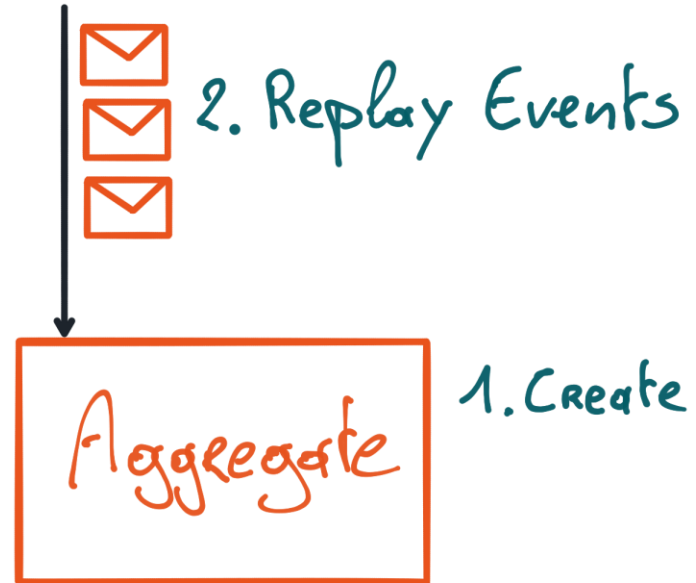


- Don't store state
- Store events
- Project state when needed

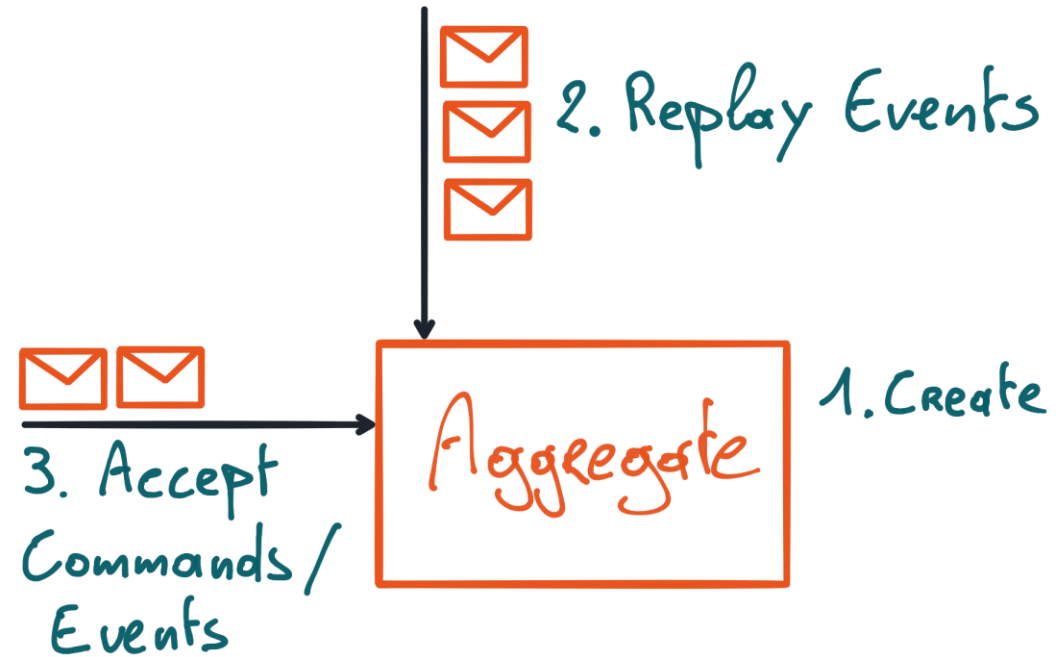
Aggregate life cycle



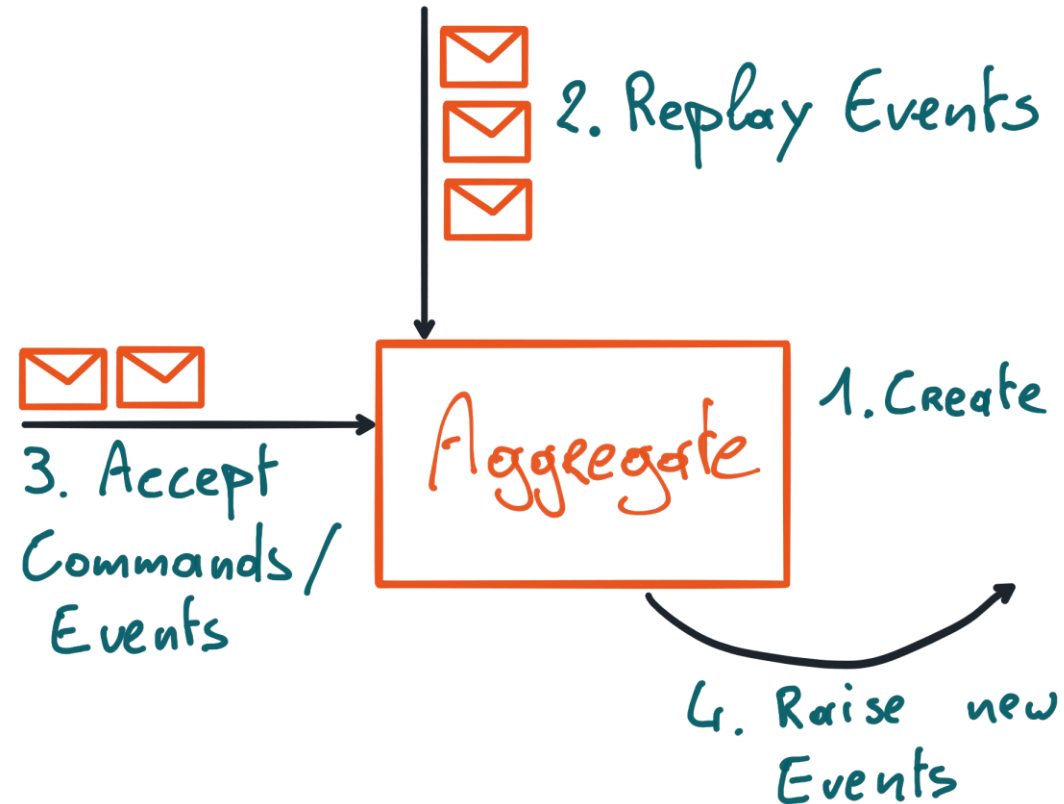
Aggregate life cycle



Aggregate life cycle



Aggregate life cycle



CQRS

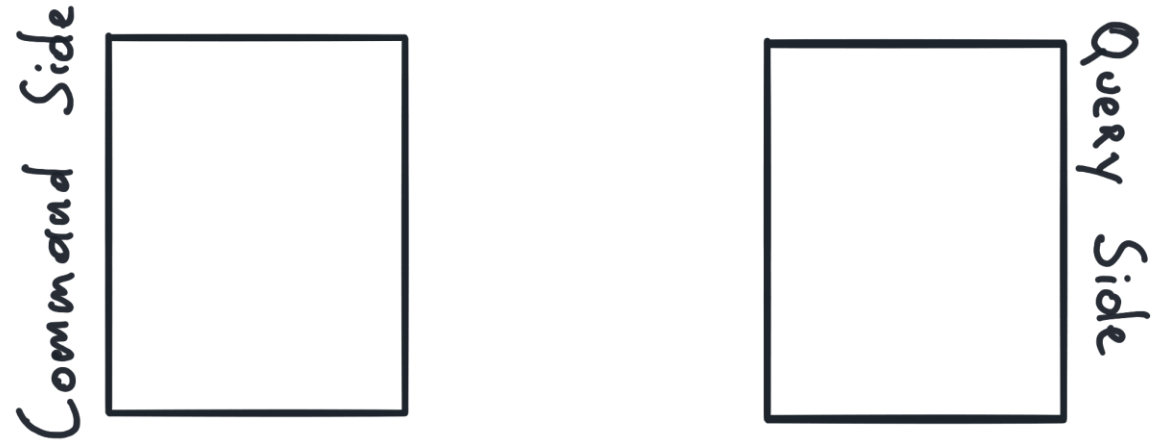
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Command – Query Responsibility Segregation

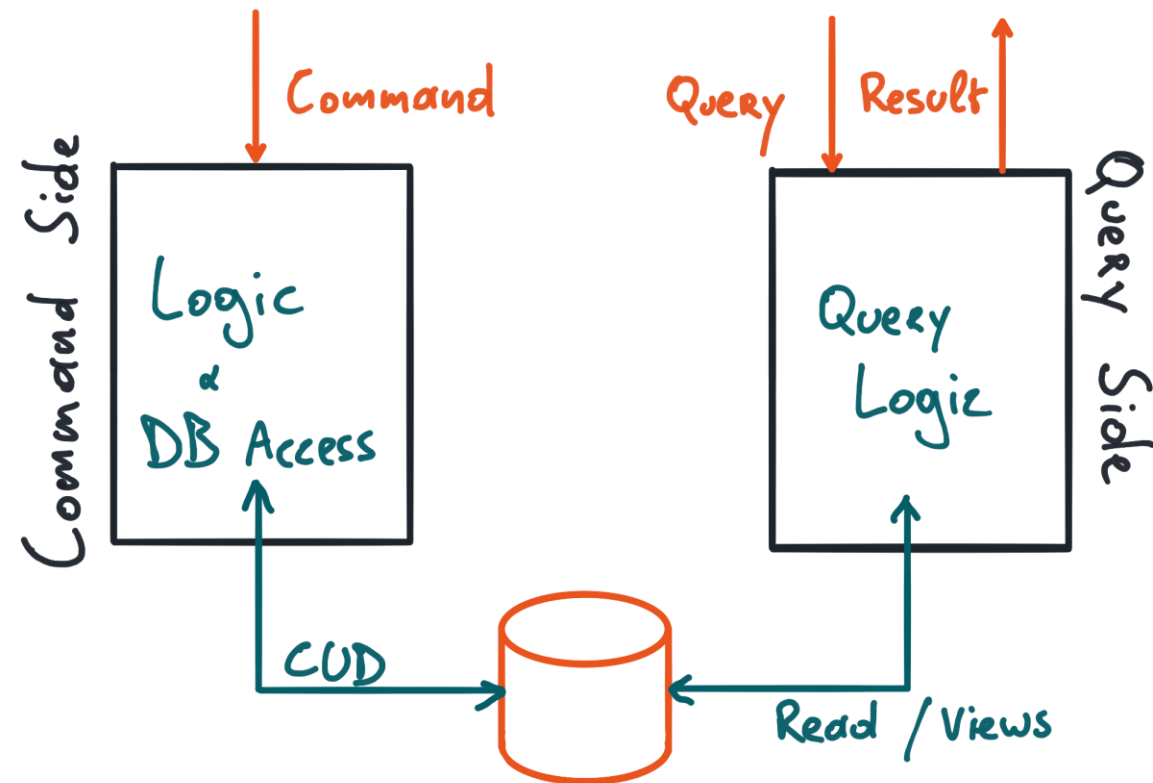
CQRS

- Separate the write from the read side
- Command side (write) responds to commands
- Query side (read) doesn't change state
- This enables:
 - Performance tuning sides separately
 - Eventual consistency
 - Keep history (when used with ES)
 - ...

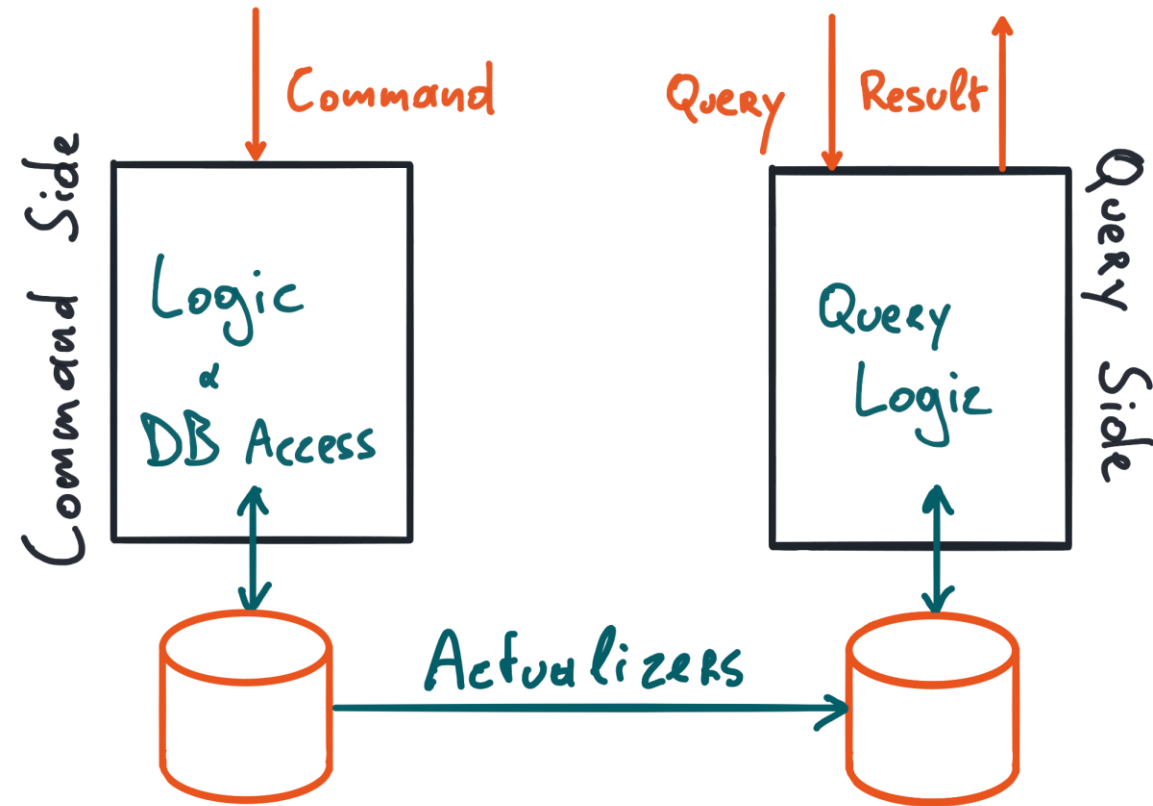
CQRS



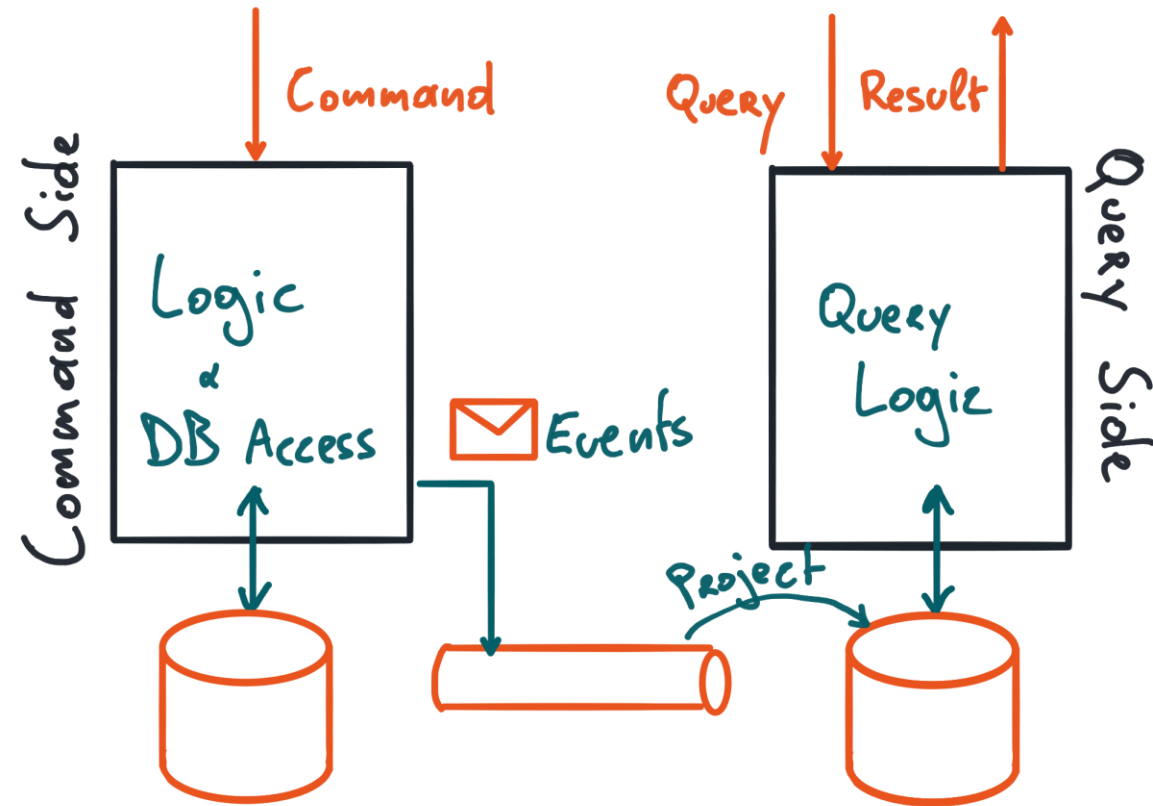
CQRS



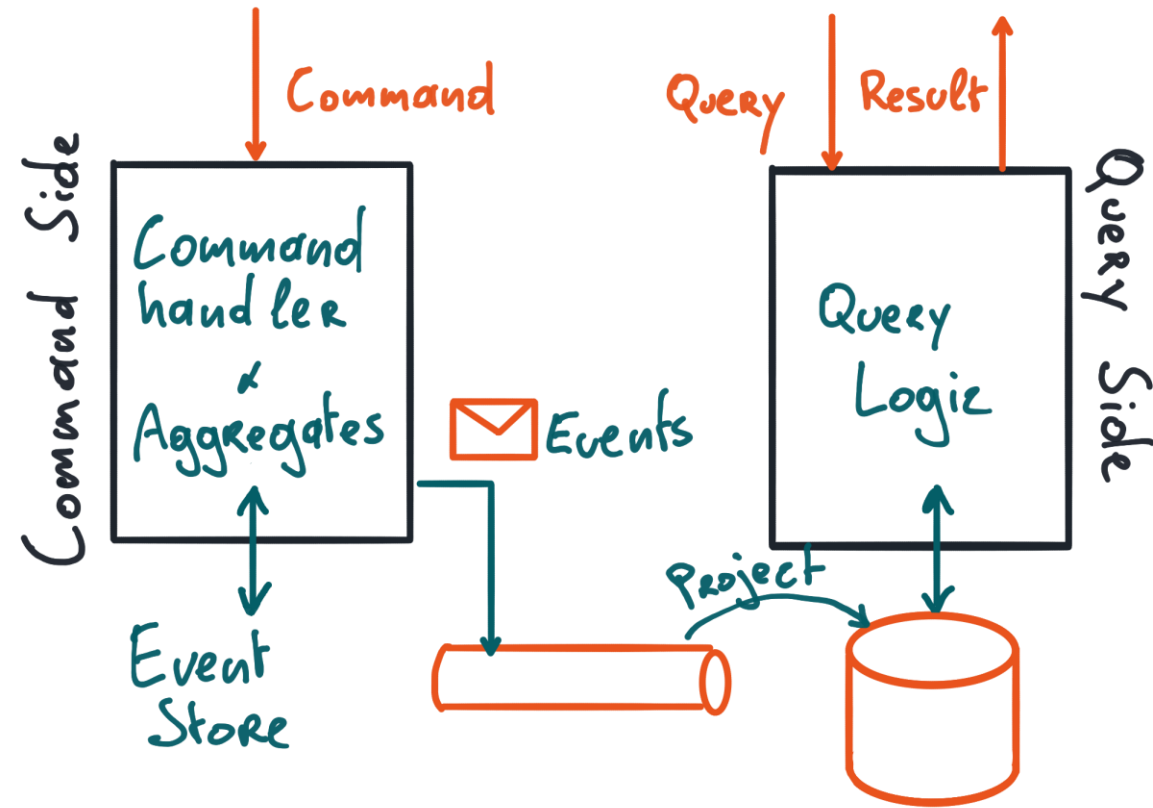
CQRS



CQRS



CQRS

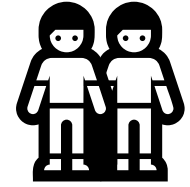
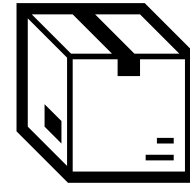


What are we building?

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BeerSender.NET

Lockdown boredom



Execution



Expectation



Reality

12/01/2022 15:41	Returned Returned to shipper MOL, BE
11/01/2022 19:07	Returning to Sender UPS initiated contact with receiver or importer for clearance information. Once received, UPS will submit for clearance. / The package will be returned to the sender. Lummen, Belgium
11/01/2022 13:02	UPS initiated contact with the sender to obtain clearance information. Once received, UPS will submit for clearance. / The information requested has been obtained and the hold has been resolved. Lummen, Belgium
10/01/2022 22:22	UPS initiated contact with the sender to obtain clearance information. Once received, UPS will submit for clearance. Lummen, Belgium
10/01/2022 22:21	A missing commercial invoice is causing a delay. We are currently waiting for information from the sender. Lummen, Belgium
10/01/2022 22:20	Warehouse Scan Lummen, Belgium
10/01/2022 19:40	Origin Scan Lummen, Belgium
10/01/2022 14:00	Collection Scan Lummen, Belgium
08/01/2022 11:41	Your parcel is currently at the UPS Access Point™ and is scheduled to be tendered to UPS. Lummen, Belgium
08/01/2022 11:41	Drop-Off Lummen, Belgium
07/01/2022 22:21	Your parcel is pending release from a Government Agency. Once they release it, your parcel will be on its way. Lummen, Belgium
07/01/2022 22:21	Your parcel is on the way
07/01/2022 22:20	Shipper created a label, UPS has not received the package yet. Belgium





Ended up being

- Tracking
- Providing extra customs info
- Emails
- UPS helpdesk 😞
- Packages returned
- Recuperating shipping costs
- Re-sending
- No delivery attempts
- Re-re-sending

Sending beer is tricky

- Making & filling boxes is fun
 - The rest, not so much
 - Follow-up is key!
- We need an app for that!



BeerSender.NET

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Because it's not written in VB6!

Let's start building!



tinyurl.com/dotnetdaysro-miro

Password: ???



tinyurl.com/dotnetdaysro-github

Optimizations

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How can we optimize this system further?

3 Types of projections

1. Immediate:

Completes together with the Command
Projected data is immediately available
Slows down Commands

2. Eventual:

Events get placed on a bus
Projections are processed ASAP
Slows down the availability
Speeds up Commands

3. From source events:

Queries are projected as required
No unnecessary processing
Might be slower with many source events

Caching Aggregates

Keeping aggregates in memory
=
lightning fast command processing

Snapshots

When aggregates get MANY events:

- Group the aggregate's state in a state object
- Save state sporadically
- Replay events from snapshot moment

Query indexing & caching

Step 1:

- Every query hits an index
- Every query hits a single table (ideally)

Step 2:

- API output caching