# Additional Results for Convergence Diagnostic with SGDM

### 1 No Early Restarts with Pflug on SGDM

#### 1.1 SGD for convex

In [Pesme et al., 2020], the authors claim that Pflug's statistic fails to detect convergence of a simple SGD procedure for convex objective functions:

$$\theta_{n+1} = \theta_n - \gamma \nabla \ell(\theta_n, \xi_{n+1}) \tag{1}$$

Also denote the noise term  $\epsilon_n(\theta) = \nabla \ell(\theta_n, \xi_{n+1}) - \nabla \ell(\theta_n)$  as the gap between the stochastic gradient and the full one. On the simple example of a quadratic function and under the following assumption:

**H1.** (Quadratic semi-stochastic setting). There exists a symmetric positive semi-definite matrix H such that  $\ell(\theta) = \frac{1}{2}\theta^{\top}H\theta$  and the noise  $\epsilon_n(\theta) = \epsilon_n$  is independent of  $\theta$  with:

$$(\epsilon_n)_{n>0}$$
 are i.i.d.,  $\mathbb{E}\left[\epsilon_n\right] = 0$ ,  $\mathbb{E}\left[\epsilon_n^T \epsilon_n\right] = C$ . (2)

And also:

**H2.** Noise symmetry and continuity:

$$\mathbb{P}\left(\epsilon_1^T \epsilon_2 \ge x\right) = \mathbb{P}\left(\epsilon_1^T \epsilon_2 \le -x\right) \text{ for all } x \ge 0$$

Then under H 1 and H 2, they prove:

**Proposition 1.** Assume an initial point  $\theta_0 \sim \pi_{old}$  sampled from the stationary distribution  $\pi_{old}$  for a SGD trajectory ran with a constant stepsize  $\gamma_{old}$  and run SGD with the new decayed stepsize  $\gamma = r \times \gamma_{old}$ . Then for any  $0 < \alpha < 2$  and iteration number  $n_{\gamma} = O(\gamma^{-\alpha})$  we have:

$$\lim_{\gamma \to 0} \mathbb{P}_{\theta_0 \sim \pi_{\gamma_{old}}} \left( S_{n_{\gamma}} \le 0 \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

where  $S_{n_{\gamma}}$  is the Pflug statistic.

The signal during the transient phase is positive and if order  $O(\gamma)$ . However the variance of Sn is O(1/n). Hence  $\Omega(1/\gamma^2)$  iterations are typically needed in order to have a clean signal. Then, the main claim of this Proposition is that before this threshold,  $S_n$  resembles a random walk and its sign gives no information on whether saturation is reached or not, this leads to early on restart

#### 1.2 SGD with Momentum for convex

$$\theta_{n+1} = \theta_n - \gamma \nabla \ell(\theta_n, \xi_{n+1}) + \beta(\theta_n - \theta_{n-1}) \tag{3}$$

## References

[Pesme et al., 2020] Pesme, S., Dieuleveut, A., and Flammarion, N. (2020). On convergence-diagnostic based step sizes for stochastic gradient descent.  $arXiv\ preprint\ arXiv:2007.00534$ .