

Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits



Security Assessment

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Disclaimer

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ContractWolf provides transparent report to all its "clients" and to its "clients participants" and will not claim any guarantee of bug-free code within its SMART CONTRACT.

ContractWolf presence is to analyze, audit and assess the client's smart contract's code.

Each company or projects should be liable to its security flaws and functionalities.

Scope of Work

Belifex team agreed and provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract.

The goal of this engagement was to identify if there is a possibility of security flaws in the implementation of the contract or system.

ContractWolf will be focusing on contract issues and functionalities along with the projects claims from smart contract to their website, whitepaper and repository which has been provided by **Belifex**.

Description

Belifex Blockchain Solutions is an open-source public blockchain and cryptocurrency project.

Belifex will be the beginning of a new era with the projects MVP called BeliPay, the ultrasonic speed Gateway/Processor Platform.

BeliSwap will provide staking and farming solutions for all projects build on Binance Smart Chain.

Risk Level Classification

Risk Level represents the classification or the probability that a certain function or threat that can exploit vulnerability and have an impact within the system or contract.

Risk Level is computed based on CVSS Version 3.0

Level	Value	Vulnerability
Critical	9 - 10	An Exposure that can affect the contract functions in several events that can risk and disrupt the contract
High	7 - 8.9	An Exposure that can affect the outcome when using the contract that can serve as an opening in manipulating the contract in an unwanted manner
Medium	4 - 6.9	An opening that could affect the outcome in executing the contract in a specific situation
Low	0.1 - 3.9	An opening but doesn't have an impact on the functionality of the contract
Informational	0	An opening that consists of information's but will not risk or affect the contract

Auditing Approach

Every line of code along with its functionalities will undergo manual review to check its security issues, quality, and contract scope of inheritance. The manual review will be done by our team that will document any issues that there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to ContractWolf to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - Manual review of code, our team will have a process of reading the code line-by-line with the intention of identifying potential vulnerabilities and security flaws.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes:
 - Testing the smart contract functions with common test cases and scenarios, to ensure that it returns the expected results.
- 3. Best practices review, the team will review the contract with the aim to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarifications, maintainability, security, and control within the smart contract.
- 4. Recommendations to help the project take steps to secure the smart contract.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (Direct Imports)

Imported Packages

- AddressUpgradeable
- Initializable
- ContextUpgradeable
- IERC20Upgradeable
- IERC20MetadataUpgradeable
- IterableMapping
- SafeMathUint
- SafeMathInt
- IUniswapV2Pair
- SafeMath
- OwnableUpgradeable
- ERC20Upgradeable
- Context
- IERC20
- IERC20Metadata
- IUniswapV2Router01
- IUniswapV2Router02
- IUniswapV2Factory
- Clones
- Ownable
- ERC20
- DividendPayingTokenInterface
- DividendPayingTokenOptionalInterface
- DividendPayingToken
- DividendTokenDividendTracker
- IGemAntibot
- IPancakeCaller
- DividendTokenWithAntibot

Description

Optimization enabled: Yes

Decimal: 18

Symbol: BEFX

Max / Total Supply: 100,000,000

Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	5	6	12	5

Exposed Functions

Version	Public	Private	External	Internal
1.0	56	9	116	67

State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	63	25

Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions Observed	Experimental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
1.0	v0.8.13		Yes	Yes	No

Inheritance Graph



Correct implementation of Token Standard

Tested	Verified
√	✓

Overall Checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
√	√

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Information about the total coin or token supply	√	√	√
BalanceOf	Details on the account balance from a specified address	√	√	√
Transfer	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token to a specified address	√	√	√
TransferFrom	An action that transfers a specified amount of coin or token from a specified address	√	√	√
Approve	Provides permission to withdraw specified number of coin or token from a specified address	√	✓	√

Verify Claims

Statement	Exist	Tested	Deployer
Renounce Ownership	√	✓	√
Mint	√	✓	X
Burn	√	✓	X
Block	_	_	_
Pause	_	_	_

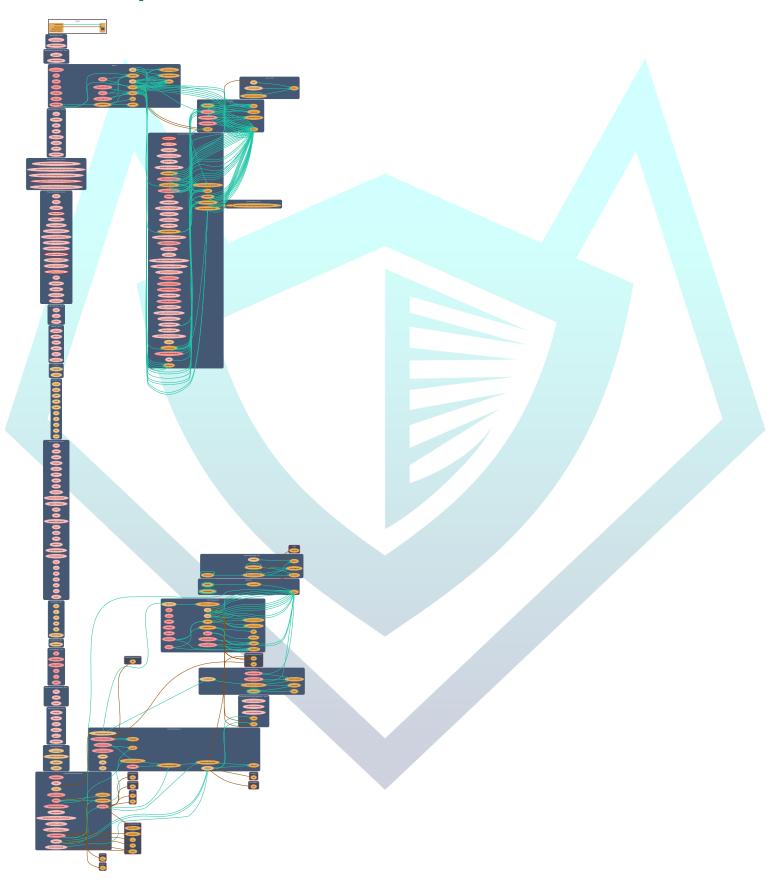
Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Can	✓
Verified / Cannot	X
Unverified / Not checked	
Not Available	_

Write Functions of Contract

1. approve	15. transferFrom
2. claim	16. transferOwnership
3. decreaseAllowance	17. updateClaimWait
4. excludeFromDividends	18. updateDividendTracker
5. excludeFromFees	19. updateGasForProcessing
6. excludeFromMaxTransactionAmount	20. updateLiquidityFee
7. increaseAllowance	21. updateMarketingFee
8. processDividendTracker	22. updateMaxTransactionAmount
9. renounceOwnership	23. updateMaxWallet
10. setAutomatedMarketMakerPair	24. updateMinimumTokenBalanceForDividends
11. setMarketingWallet	25. updateRewardFee
12. setSwapTokensAtAmount	26. updateTokenForMarketingFee
13. setUsingAntiBot	27. updateUniswapV2Pair
14. transfer	28. updateUniswapV2Router

Call Graph



SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Status
<u>SWC-136</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	PASSED
<u>SWC-135</u>	Code With No Effects	PASSED
<u>SWC-134</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	PASSED
<u>SWC-133</u>	Hash Collisions with Multiple Variable Length Arguments	PASSED
<u>SWC-132</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	PASSED
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	PASSED
SWC-130	Right-To Left Override control character (U+202E)	PASSED
SWC-129	Typographical Error	PASSED
<u>SWC-128</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	PASSED
<u>SWC-127</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	PASSED
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	PASSED
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	PASSED
<u>SWC-124</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	PASSED
<u>SWC-123</u>	Requirement Violation	PASSED
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	PASSED
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	PASSED
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	PASSED
<u>SWC-119</u>	Shadowing State Variables	PASSED
<u>SWC-118</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	PASSED
<u>SWC-117</u>	Signature Malleability	PASSED
<u>SWC-116</u>	Block values as a proxy for time	PASSED
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	PASSED
<u>SWC-114</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	PASSED
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	PASSED
<u>SWC-112</u>	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	PASSED
<u>SWC-111</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	PASSED

<u>SWC-110</u>	Assert Violation	PASSED
<u>SWC-109</u>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	PASSED
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	PASSED
<u>SWC-107</u>	Reentrancy	PASSED
<u>SWC-106</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	PASSED
<u>SWC-105</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	PASSED
<u>SWC-104</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	PASSED
<u>SWC-103</u>	Floating Pragma	LOW ISSUE
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	PASSED
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	PASSED
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	PASSED

AUDIT PASSED

Low Issues

	L: 2	DividendTokenWithAntibot.sol IUniswapV2Factory.sol IUniswapV2Router01.sol DividendTokenDividendTracker.sol SafeMathInt.sol SafeMathUint.sol IterableMapping.sol
A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)	L: 4	Ownable.sol Clones.sol IUniswapV2Factory.sol IUniswapV2Router02.sol IERC20.sol IERC20Metadata.sol Context.sol ERC20Upgradeable.sol OwnableUpgradeable.sol SafeMath.sol IERC20Upgradeable.sol IERC20Upgradeable.sol IERC20Upgradeable.sol IERC20MetadataUpgradeable.sol ContextUpgradeable.sol Initializable.sol AddressUpgradeable.sol

Findings

Description:

A floating pragma is set (SWC-103)

Suggestion:

Specific version to ensure that the bytecode does not vary between builds.

Owner can set liquidity buy/sell fees up to 20%

```
function updateLiquidityFee(
   uint16 _sellLiquidityFeet,
   uint16 buyLiquidityFee1
 external onlyOwner {
    require(
        sellLiquidityFee1+sellMarketingFee+sellRewardFee <= 200,
        "sell fee <= 20%"
    );
    require(
        buyLiquidityFee1+buyMarketingFee+buyRewardFee <= 200,
        "buy fee <= 20%"
    );
    emit UpdateLiquidityFee(
       _sellLiquidityFeet,
        buyLiquidityFeet,
        sellLiquidityFee,
        buyLiquidityFee
   sellLiquidityFee = sellLiquidityFee1;
    buyLiquidityFee = buyLiquidityFee1;
```

Owner can set marketing buy/sell fees up to 20%

```
function updateMarketingFee(
   uint16 _sellMarketingFeet,
   uint16 _buyMarketingFee1
) external onlyOwner {
   require(
       sellMarketingFee†+sellLiquidityFee+sellRewardFee <= 200
        "sell fee <= 20%"
    );
   require(
        buyMarketingFee1+buyLiquidityFee+buyRewardFee <= 200,
        "buy fee <= 20%"
    emit UpdateMarketingFee(
       _sellMarketingFeet,
        _buyMarketingFeet,
       sellMarketingFee,
       buyMarketingFee
    sellMarketingFee = _sellMarketingFeef;
    buyMarketingFee = _buyMarketingFee1;
```

Owner can set reward buy/sell fees up to 20%

```
function updateRewardFee(
   uint16 _sellRewardFeet,
   uint16 buyRewardFee1
 external onlyOwner {
   require(
        _sellRewardFee†+(sellLiquidityFee)+(sellMarketingFee) <= 200,
        "sell fee <= 20%"
    );
   require(
        _buyRewardFee1+(buyLiquidityFee)+(buyMarketingFee) <= 200,
        "buy fee <= 20%"
    );
   emit UpdateRewardFee(
       _sellRewardFeet,
        buyRewardFeet,
        sellRewardFee,
       buyRewardFee);
   sellRewardFee = sellRewardFeef;
   buyRewardFee = _buyRewardFee1;
```

Owner can set max wallet limit

```
function updateMaxWallet(uint256 _maxWallet) external onlyOwner {
    require(_maxWallet†>0, "maxWallet>0");
    emit UpdateMaxWallet(_maxWallet†, maxWallet);
    maxWallet = _maxWallet†;
}
```

Owner can set max tx limit

```
function updateMaxTransactionAmount(uint256 _maxTransactionAmount1)
    external
    onlyOwner

{
    require(_maxTransactionAmount1>0, "maxTransactionAmount>0");
    maxTransactionAmount = _maxTransactionAmount1;
    emit UpdateMaxTransactionAmount(_maxTransactionAmount1, maxTransactionAmount);
}
```

Audit Comments

- Owner can update buy/sell fees up to 20%
- Owner can set max wallet limit with an amount greater than 0
- Owner can set max tx limit with an amount greater than 0
- Owner can renounce ownership
- Owner can transfer ownership
- Owner can distribute CAKE dividends
- Owner can exclude addresses from dividends
- Owner can update claim wait between 1 to 24 hours
- Owner can update minimum token balance for dividends
- Owner can toggle antibot status
- Owner can set token swap threshold
- Owner can update dividend tracker address
- Owner can update pair address
- Owner can update router address
- Owner can include/exclude addresses from fees
- Owner can set marketing wallet address
- Owner can update token for marketing fee address
- Owner can set automated market maker pair address and status
- Owner can include/exclude addresses from max tx limit
- Owner can update gas with an amount between 200,000 to 500,000
- Owner cannot burn tokens
- Owner cannot block user
- Owner cannot pause contract
- Owner cannot mint after initial deployment



CONTRACTWOLF

Blockchain Security - Smart Contract Audits