

# Introduction to Statistical Learning

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## 2 Loss Functions

- Mean Absolute Error (MAE)
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# Exponential Linear Unit (ELU)

$$ELU(x) = \begin{cases} x & x \geq 0 \\ \alpha(e^x - 1) & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$ELU'(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x \geq 0 \\ \alpha e^x & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

# Exponential activation function

$$\exp(x) = \exp'(x) = x$$

# Gaussian error linear unit (GELU)

$$\begin{aligned} GELU(x) &= xP(X \leq x) = x\Phi(x) \\ &\approx 0.5x(1 + \tanh[\sqrt{2/\pi}(x + 0.044715x^3)]) \\ GELU'(x) &\approx 0.5(\tanh[\sqrt{2/\pi}(0.044715x^3 + x)] + 1) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}[x(0.134145x^2 + 1) \operatorname{sech}^2[\sqrt{2/\pi}(0.044715x^3)]] \end{aligned}$$

# Hard sigmoid

$$f(x) = \min(1, \max(0, \frac{(2x + 5)}{10}))$$

$$f'(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } |x| > 2.5 \\ 0.2 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

# Rectified Linear Unit (ReLU)

$$\text{ReLU}(x) = \max(0, x)$$

$$\text{ReLU}'(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

# Scaled Exponential Linear Unit (SELU)

$$SELU(x) = \begin{cases} x & x > 0 \\ \alpha(e^x - 1) & x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$SELU'(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x > 0 \\ \alpha e^x & x < 0 \end{cases}$$



# Sigmoid

$$\text{Sigmoid}(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

$$\text{Sigmoid}'(x) = \frac{e^x}{(1 + e^x)^2}$$

$$\text{Softplus}(x) = \log(e^x + 1)$$

$$\text{Softplus}'(x) = \frac{e^x}{1 + e^x}$$

$$\text{Softsign}(x) = \frac{x}{|x| + 1}$$

$$\text{Softsign}'(x) = \frac{1}{(|x| + 1)^2}$$

$$\text{Swish}(x) = x * \text{Sigmoid}(x) = \frac{x}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

$$\text{Swish}'(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}} + \frac{xe^{-x}}{(1 + e^{-x})^2}$$

# Hyperbolic Tangent

$$\tanh(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{\cosh x} = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

$$\tanh'(x) = \left(\frac{2e^x}{1 + e^{2x}}\right)^2$$

# Mean Absolute Error (MAE)

$$MAE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^n |y - \hat{y}_i|$$

Where  $\hat{y}$  is the predicted value

# Mean Absolute Percentage Error (MAPE)

$$MAPE = \frac{100\%}{n} \sum_{i=0}^n \left| \frac{y_i - \hat{y}_i}{y_i} \right|$$

Where  $\hat{y}$  is the predicted value

# Mean Squared Error (MSE)

$$MSE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^n (y - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

Where  $\hat{y}$  is the predicted value



# Mean Squared Logarithmic Error (MSLE)

$$MSE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^n (\log(y_i + 1) - \log(\hat{y}_i + 1))^2$$

Where  $\hat{y}$  is the predicted value

# Indicator function

$$I(X \in A) := \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } X \in A \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- $E[I(X \in A)] = P(X \in A)$