

lab4

December 27, 2020

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import random
import seaborn as sns
import math
#import copy
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
INFINITY = 10000000000
```

1

```
[2]: def initialize_map(p_no_connection, N):

    the_map = np.zeros((N, N))

    for i in range(N):
        for j in range(i):
            if random.random() > p_no_connection:
                value = np.random.randint(1, 10)
            else:
                value = INFINITY
            the_map[i][j] = value
            the_map[j][i] = value

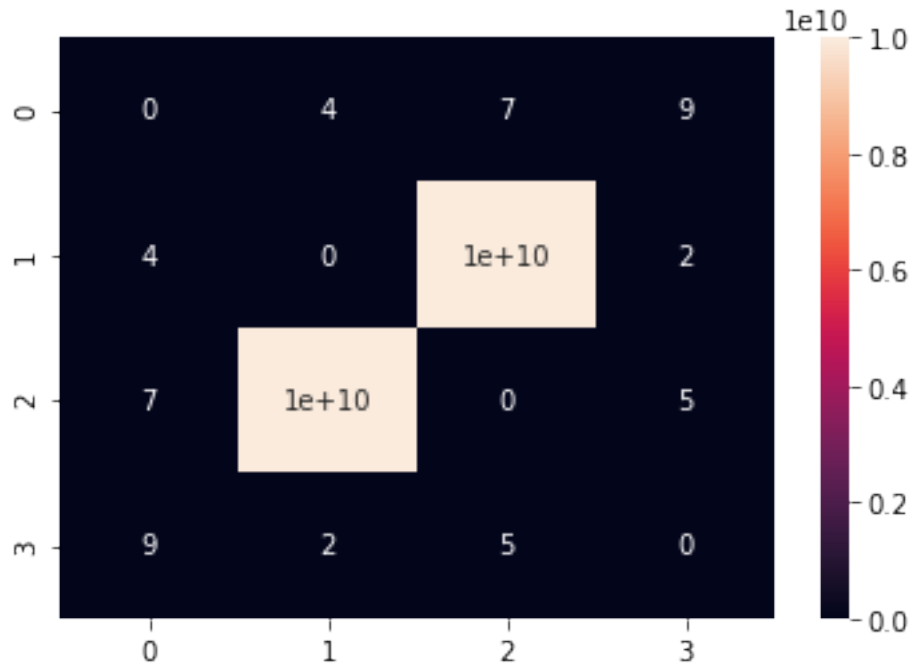
    return the_map
```

```
[3]: the_map = initialize_map(p_no_connection=0.5, N=4)
the_map
```

```
[3]: array([[0.e+00, 4.e+00, 7.e+00, 9.e+00],
          [4.e+00, 0.e+00, 1.e+10, 2.e+00],
          [7.e+00, 1.e+10, 0.e+00, 5.e+00],
          [9.e+00, 2.e+00, 5.e+00, 0.e+00]])
```

```
[4]: sns.heatmap(the_map, annot=True)
```

```
[4]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



```
[5]: def create_new_chromosome(map_len):
      chromosome = []
      for gene in range(map_len - 2):
          chromosome.append(np.random.randint(map_len))

      return chromosome
```

```
[6]: some_chromosome = create_new_chromosome(10)
      some_chromosome
```

```
[6]: [1, 3, 2, 6, 9, 8, 1, 4]
```

```
[7]: def crossover(a, b):
      if not len(a) == len(b):
          raise IndexError
      new = []
      for i in range(len(a)):
          if random.random() > 0.5:
              new.append(a[i])
          else:
              new.append(b[i])

      return new
```

```
[8]: crossover([1, 3, 5], [2, 4, 6])
```

```
[8]: [2, 3, 6]
```

```
[9]: def create_starting_population(size, map_size):  
  
    #this just creates a population of different routes of a fixed size.   
    ↪Pretty straightforward.  
  
    population = []  
  
    for i in range(0,size):  
        population.append(create_new_chromosome(map_size))  
  
    return population
```

```
[10]: def fitness(chromosome, the_map, start, end):  
  
    #  
    score = the_map[start][chromosome[0]]  
  
    for i in range(1, len(chromosome)):  
        score += the_map[chromosome[i-1]][chromosome[i]]  
  
    #  
    score += the_map[chromosome[len(chromosome)-1]][end]  
  
    return score
```

```
[11]: some_chromosome = create_new_chromosome(4)  
print(some_chromosome)  
fitness(some_chromosome, the_map, 0, 3)
```

```
[0, 1]
```

```
[11]: 6.0
```

```
[12]: def mutate(chromosome, probability, map_len):  
    new = []  
    for gene in chromosome:  
        if random.random() < probability:  
            new.append(np.random.randint(map_len))  
        else:  
            new.append(gene)  
    return new
```

```
[13]: mutate([1, 2, 3 ], 0.3, 4)
```

```
[13]: [2, 2, 3]
```

```
[14]: def choice_parent(parents):  
    index = np.random.randint(len(parents))  
    parent = parents[index]  
    del parents[index]  
    return parent
```

```
[15]: def score_population(population, the_map, start, end):  
    score = 0  
    for chromosome in population:  
        score += fitness(chromosome, the_map, start, end)  
    return score/len(population)
```

```
[16]: def bounds(x, bounds):  
    if bounds[0] < x < bounds[1]:  
        return x  
    elif x < bounds[0]:  
        return bounds[0]  
    else:  
        return bounds[1]
```

```
[17]: bounds(4., [1.,3.])
```

```
[17]: 3.0
```

```
[18]: def selection_loop(the_map, population, start, end, T, mutate_p):  
    #  
    #population_len = len(population)  
    #parents_count = int(T*population_len)  
    #population = sorted(population,  
    # key=lambda chromosome: fitness(chromosome, the_map,  
    #                                start, end))  
  
    #parents = population[:parents_count].copy()  
    parents = population.copy()  
    #for gene in population:  
    #    if fitness(gene, the_map, start, end) < T:  
    #        parents.append(gene)  
  
    #parents_score = score_population(parents, the_map, start, end)  
    #  
    new_population = []  
    #if(fitness(parents[0], the_map, start, end) == 0):  
    #    new_population.append(parents[0])  
    #    return new_population  
    while(len(parents)>1):
```

```

parent_a = choice_parent(parents)
parent_b = choice_parent(parents)
#children_num = bounds(int( 1 - float(fitness(parent_a, the_map, start,
↪end))+fitness(parent_b, the_map, start, end))/parents_score *
↪population_len), [0, int((1 - T)*population_len)])# some difficult function
#print(children_num)
for i in range(2):
    new_population.append(mutate(crossover(parent_a,
↪parent_b),mutate_p, len(the_map)))
    #check a
    fitness_value = fitness(parent_a, the_map, start, end)
    if fitness_value<T:
        new_population.append(parent_a)
        if fitness_value <=1:
            new_population.clear()
            new_population.append(parent_a)
            return new_population
    #check b
    fitness_value = fitness(parent_b, the_map, start, end)
    if fitness_value<T:
        new_population.append(parent_b)
        if fitness_value <=1:
            new_population.clear()
            new_population.append(parent_b)
            return new_population
new_population = sorted(new_population,
    key=lambda chromosome: fitness(chromosome, the_map,
                                start, end))
min_distance = fitness(new_population[0], the_map, start, end)
return new_population[:T].copy(), min_distance

```

```

[19]: def plot_best(the_map, route, start, end):
    ax = sns.heatmap(the_map)
    new_route = [start]
    new_route+=route
    new_route.append(end)

    x= [x + 0.5 for x in new_route[0:len(new_route)-1]]
    y= [x + 0.5 for x in new_route[1:len(new_route)]]

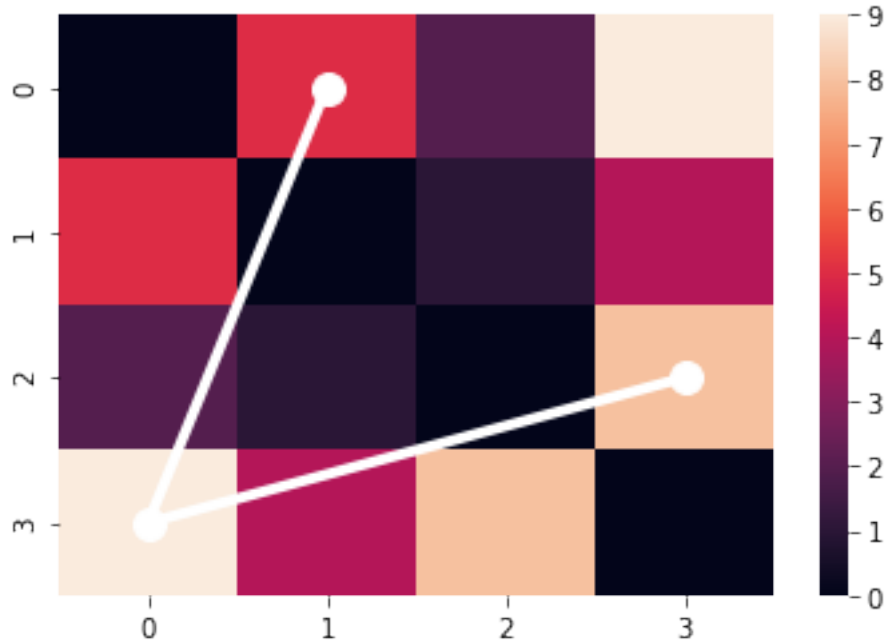
    plt.plot(x, y, marker = 'o', linewidth=4, markersize=12, linestyle = "-",
↪color='white')
    plt.show()

```

```

[20]: the_map = initialize_map(p_no_connection=0, N=4)
    plot_best(the_map, [0, 3], 1, 2)

```



2

```
[21]: MAP_SIZE = 4
NO_CONNECTION = 0.5
START_POPULATION_SIZE = 10
EARS = 100
EXIT_COUNTER = 10
START = np.random.randint(MAP_SIZE)
END = np.random.randint(MAP_SIZE)
while START == END:
    END = np.random.randint(MAP_SIZE)
print("      = {}".format(START))
print("      = {}".format(END))
MUTATE_P = 0.01
T = START_POPULATION_SIZE

the_map = initialize_map(p_no_connection=NO_CONNECTION, N=MAP_SIZE)
sns.heatmap(the_map, annot=True)
population = create_starting_population(START_POPULATION_SIZE, MAP_SIZE)
best_population = []
prev_distance = math.inf
exit_counter = 0
for i in range(EARS):
    population, distance = selection_loop(the_map, population, START, END, T,
    ↪MUTATE_P)
```

```

print('  {}:      : {}'.format(i, population))
if(len(population) == 0 or len(population) == 1):
    break
else:
    best_population = population.copy()

    if(distance == prev_distance):
        exit_counter += 1
    else:
        exit_counter == 0
        prev_distance = distance
    if( exit_counter == EXIT_COUNTER):
        break

best_population = sorted(best_population, key=lambda chromosome:
    ↪fitness(chromosome, the_map, START, END))
print("          = {}".format(START))
print("          = {}".format(END))
print('      : {}          {}'.format(best_population[0],
    ↪fitness(best_population[0], the_map, START, END)))
plot_best(the_map, best_population[0], START, END)

```

```

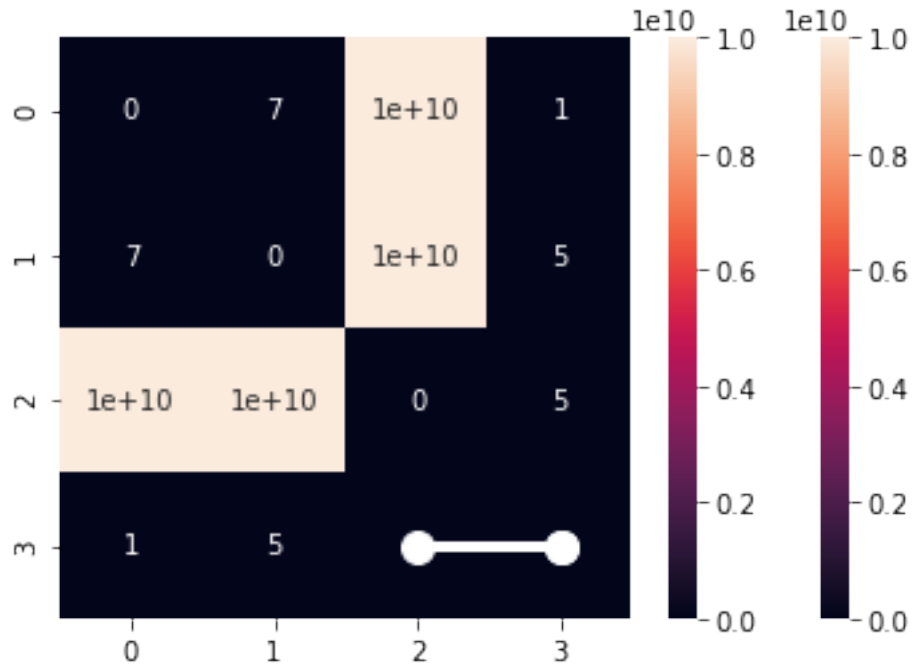
    = 2
    = 3
0:      : [[2, 3], [3, 3], [3, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [0, 3], [2, 1], [2,
1], [1, 1], [2, 1]]
1:      : [[3, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [3, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [3,
3], [2, 3], [2, 3]]
2:      : [[2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [3, 3], [2,
3], [2, 3], [2, 3]]
3:      : [[3, 3], [2, 3], [3, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2,
3], [2, 3], [2, 3]]
4:      : [[3, 3], [3, 3], [3, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2,
3], [2, 3], [2, 3]]
5:      : [[2, 3], [3, 3], [3, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2,
3], [2, 3], [3, 3]]
6:      : [[2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [3, 3], [2,
3], [2, 3], [2, 3]]
7:      : [[2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [3, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [3,
3], [2, 3], [2, 3]]
8:      : [[2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [3, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2, 3], [2,
3], [3, 3], [3, 3]]
9:      : [[3, 3], [3, 3], [3, 3], [3, 3], [2, 3], [3, 3], [2, 3], [3,
3], [2, 3], [2, 3]]
10:     : [[3, 3], [3, 3], [3, 3], [3, 3], [3, 3], [3, 3], [2, 3], [3,
3], [3, 3], [3, 3]]
    = 2

```

```

= 3
: [3, 3]          5.0

```



```

[22]: def example():
    MAP_SIZE = 10
    NO_CONNECTION = 0.4
    START_POPULATION_SIZE = 10000
    EARS = 10000
    EXIT_COUNTER = 100
    START = np.random.randint(MAP_SIZE)
    END = np.random.randint(MAP_SIZE)
    while START == END:
        END = np.random.randint(MAP_SIZE)
    print("      = {}".format(START))
    print("      = {}".format(END))
    MUTATE_P = 0.01
    T = START_POPULATION_SIZE//100

    the_map = initialize_map(p_no_connection=NO_CONNECTION, N=MAP_SIZE)
    sns.heatmap(the_map, annot=True)
    population = create_starting_population(START_POPULATION_SIZE, MAP_SIZE)
    best_population = []
    prev_distance = math.inf
    exit_counter = 0

```



```

try:
    for i in range(EARS):
        population, distance = selection_loop(the_map, population, START,
→END, T, MUTATE_P)
        if(len(population) == 0 or len(population) == 1):
            break
        else:
            best_population = population.copy()

        if(distance == prev_distance):
            exit_counter += 1
        else:
            exit_counter == 0
            prev_distance = distance
        if( exit_counter == EXIT_COUNTER):
            break

except (KeyboardInterrupt):
    pass
    best_population = sorted(best_population, key=lambda chromosome:
→fitness(chromosome, the_map, START, END))
    print("          = {}".format(START))
    print("          = {}".format(END))
    print('      : {}          {}'.format(best_population[0],
→fitness(best_population[0], the_map, START, END)))
    plot_best(the_map, best_population[0], START, END)

```

3 1

```

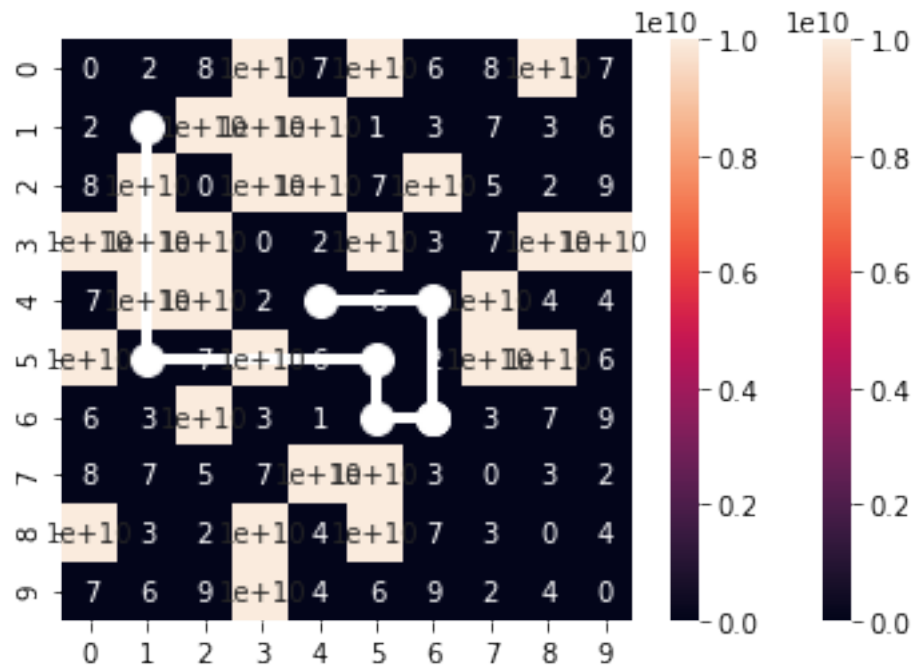
[23]: %%time
      example()

```

```

      = 1
      = 4
      = 1
      = 4
      : [1, 5, 5, 6, 6, 6, 6, 4]          4.0

```



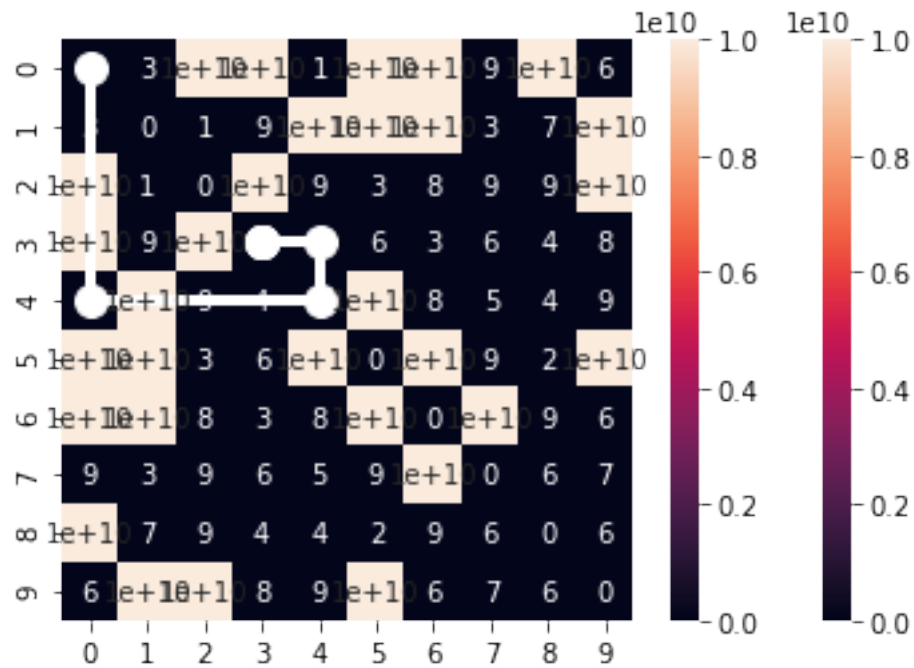
CPU times: user 971 ms, sys: 31.9 ms, total: 1 s
Wall time: 1 s

4 2

```
[24]: %%time
      example()
```

```

      = 0
      = 5
      = 0
      = 5
      : [0, 0, 0, 4, 4, 0, 4, 4]          7.0
```

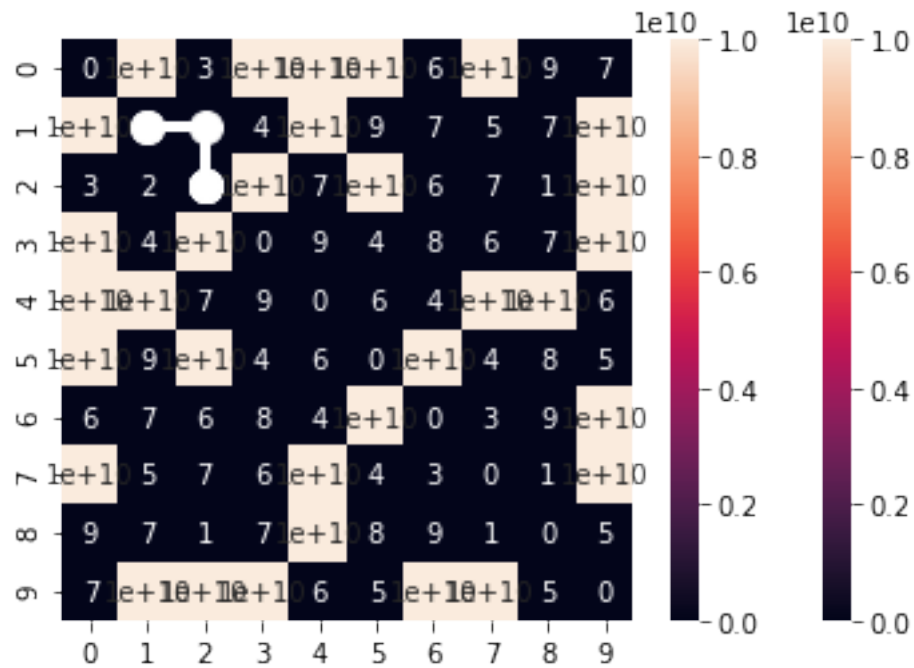



CPU times: user 971 ms, sys: 32.1 ms, total: 1 s
Wall time: 1 s

6 4

[26]: %%time
example()

```
= 2
= 1
= 2
= 1
: [2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1]          2.0
```

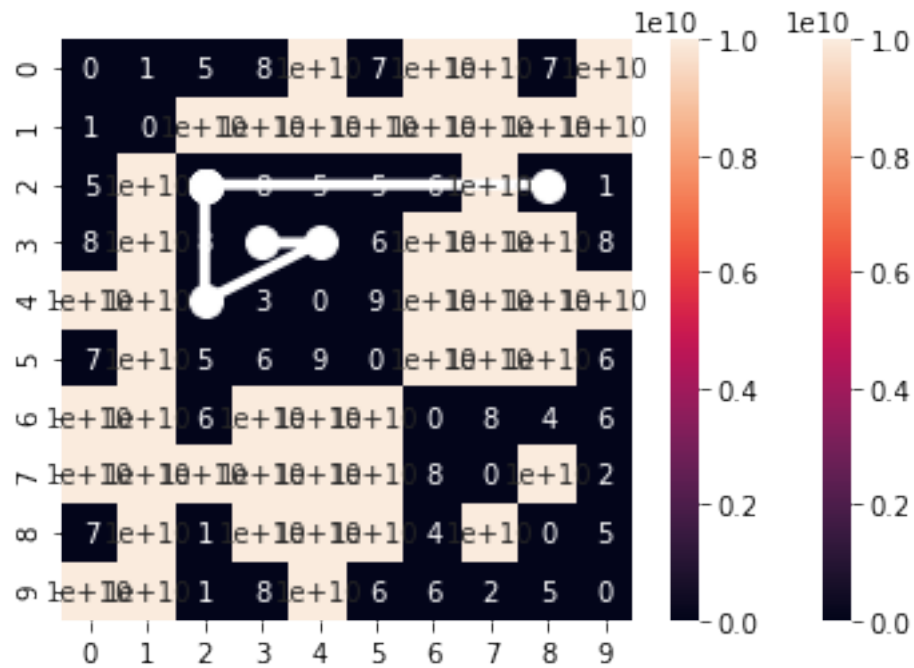


CPU times: user 1 s, sys: 36.1 ms, total: 1.04 s
Wall time: 1.04 s

7 5

```
[27]: %%time
      example()
```

```
      = 2
      = 0
      = 2
      = 0
      : [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 9, 0]          4.0
```

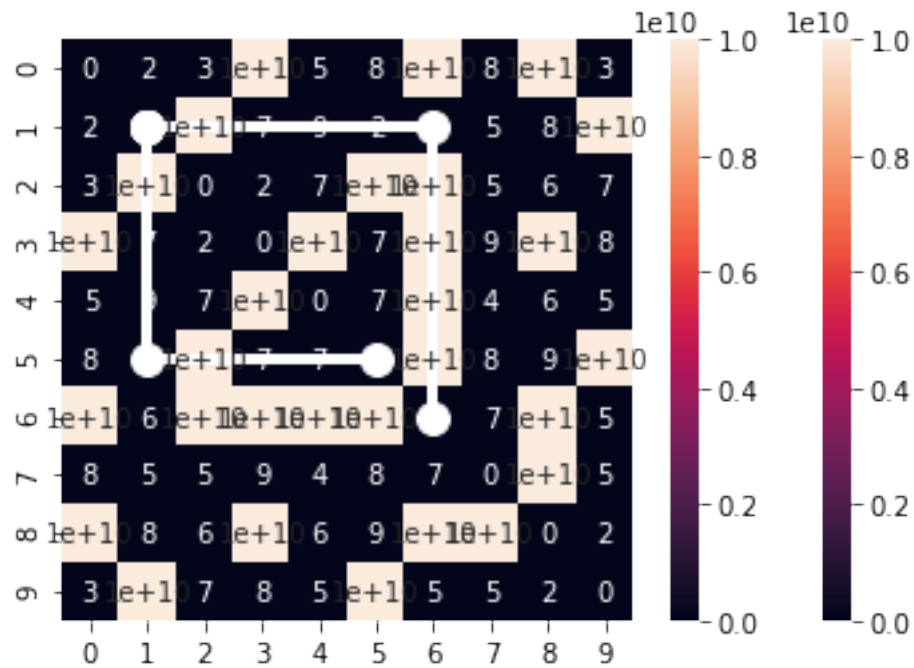



CPU times: user 1.02 s, sys: 31.5 ms, total: 1.05 s
Wall time: 1.05 s

9 7

```
[29]: %%time
      example()
```

```
      = 6
      = 5
      = 6
      = 5
      : [6, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 5]      8.0
```

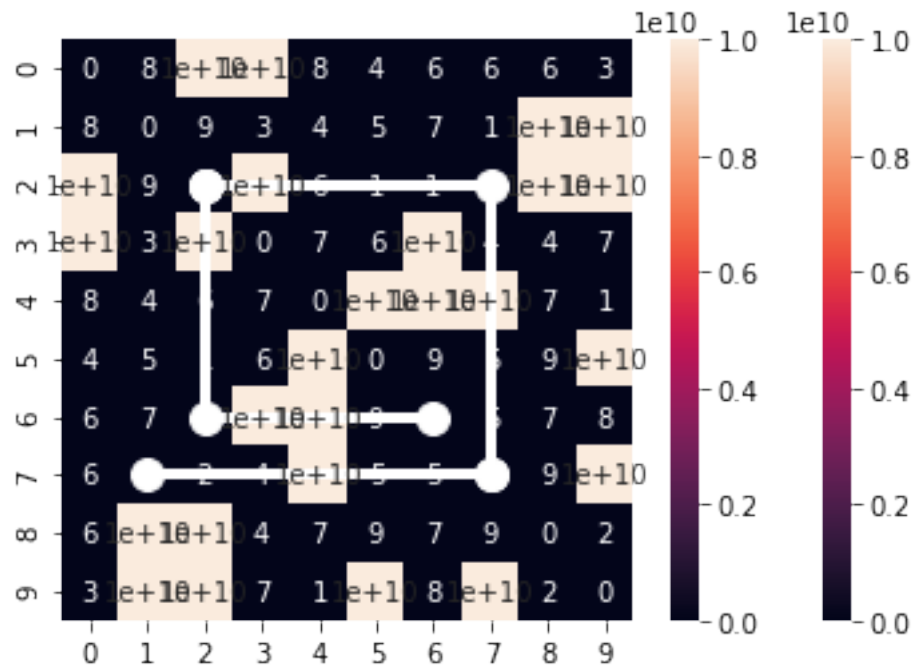


CPU times: user 954 ms, sys: 44.1 ms, total: 998 ms
 Wall time: 996 ms

10 8

```
[30]: %%time
      example()
```

```
      = 1
      = 6
      = 1
      = 6
      : [7, 7, 7, 2, 2, 2, 2, 6]      4.0
```

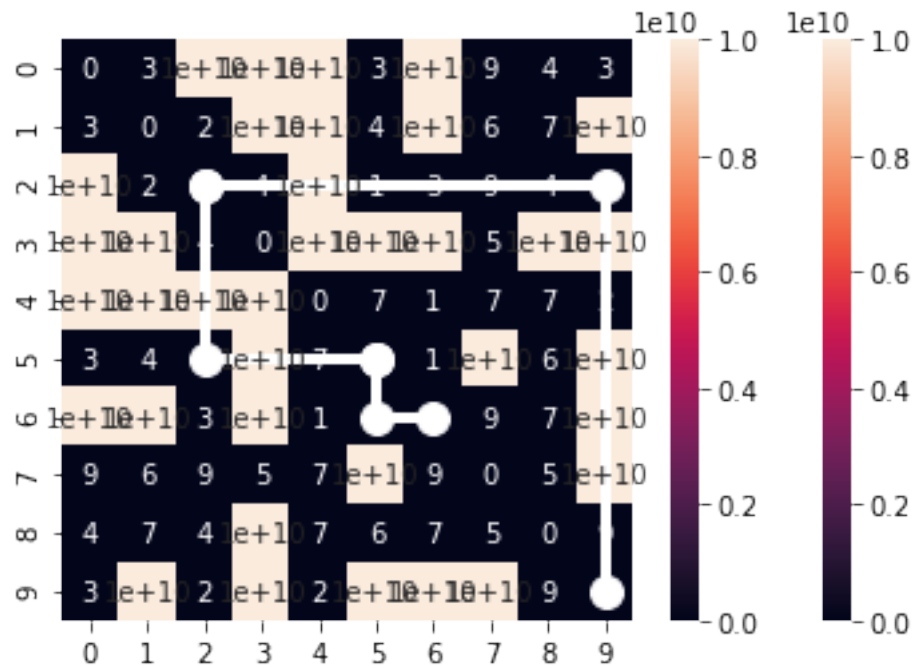



CPU times: user 975 ms, sys: 56.2 ms, total: 1.03 s
 Wall time: 1.03 s

11 9

```
[33]: %%time
      example()
```

```
      = 9
      = 6
      = 9
      = 6
      : [9, 2, 2, 2, 5, 5, 5, 6]      4.0
```

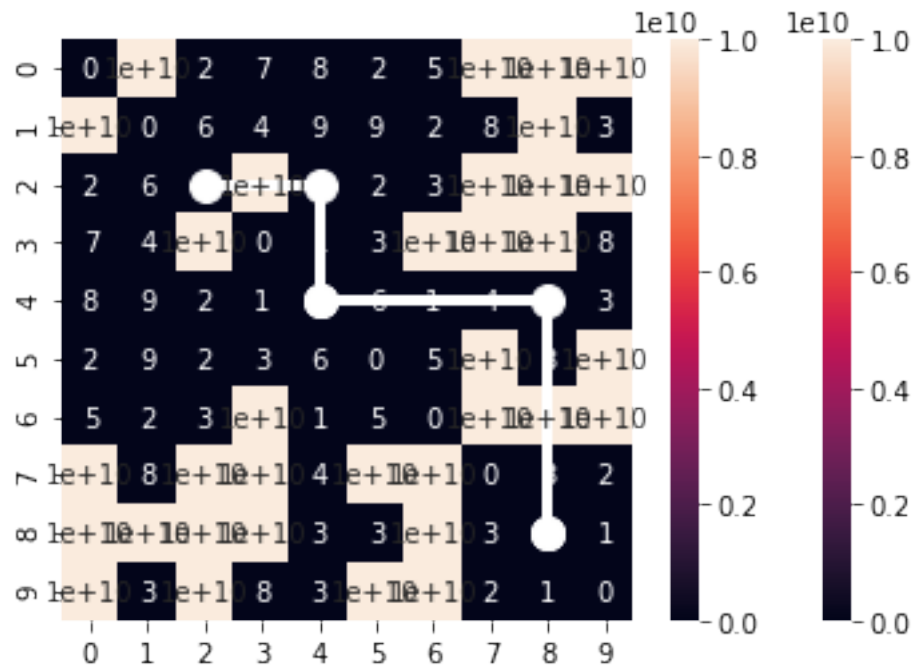


CPU times: user 986 ms, sys: 43.8 ms, total: 1.03 s
Wall time: 1.03 s

12 10

```
[32]: %%time
      example()
```

```
      = 8
      = 2
      = 8
      = 2
      : [8, 8, 8, 4, 4, 4, 4, 2]          5.0
```



CPU times: user 952 ms, sys: 40 ms, total: 992 ms

Wall time: 990 ms

[]: