		Preparing for Long Division	Name:	
Determine the best answer for the following questions.				Answers
Ex)	7 times9	_ is as close to 65 as you can get, without going ov	ver. 7×9=63	Ex. 9
1)	9 times	_ is as close to 32 as you can get, without going ov	ver.	1.
2)	6 times	_ is as close to 13 as you can get, without going ov	ver.	2
3)	9 times	_ is as close to 38 as you can get, without going ov	ver.	3
4)	6 times	_ is as close to 34 as you can get, without going ov	er.	4
5)	9 times	_ is as close to 71 as you can get, without going ov	er.	5
6)	6 times	is as close to 61 as you can get, without going ov	ver.	6
7)	7 times	_ is as close to 44 as you can get, without going ov	ver.	7.
8)	4 times	is as close to 41 as you can get, without going ov	ver.	8
9)	5 times	_ is as close to 33 as you can get, without going ov	ver.	9
10)	2 times	_ is as close to 7 as you can get, without going over	er.	10
11)	6 times	_ is as close to 40 as you can get, without going ov	ver.	11
12)	10 times	is as close to 93 as you can get, without going o	over.	12
13)	8 times	_ is as close to 18 as you can get, without going ov	ver.	13
14)	5 times	_ is as close to 16 as you can get, without going ov	ver.	14
15)	10 times	is as close to 108 as you can get, without going	g over.	15
16)	10 times	is as close to 105 as you can get, without going	g over.	16
<b>17</b> )	2 times	_ is as close to 17 as you can get, without going ov	er.	17
18)	10 times	is as close to 77 as you can get, without going o	over.	18

10 times \_\_\_\_\_ is as close to 79 as you can get, without going over.

20) 6 times \_\_\_\_\_ is as close to 49 as you can get, without going over.

## Determine the best answer for the following questions.

- Ex) 7 times 9 is as close to 65 as you can get, without going over.  $7\times9=63$ 
  - 1) 9 times 3 is as close to 32 as you can get, without going over.  $9\times3=27$
  - 2) 6 times  $\underline{\phantom{0}}$  is as close to 13 as you can get, without going over.  $6\times2=12$
- 3) 9 times 4 is as close to 38 as you can get, without going over.  $9\times4=36$
- 4) 6 times  $\underline{\phantom{0}}$  is as close to 34 as you can get, without going over.  $6\times5=30$
- 5) 9 times  $\frac{7}{}$  is as close to 71 as you can get, without going over.  $9 \times 7 = 63$
- 6) 6 times  $\frac{10}{10}$  is as close to 61 as you can get, without going over.  $6 \times 10 = 60$
- 7) 7 times  $\underline{\phantom{0}}$  is as close to 44 as you can get, without going over.  $7\times6=42$
- 8) 4 times 10 is as close to 41 as you can get, without going over.  $4\times10=40$
- 9) 5 times 6 is as close to 33 as you can get, without going over.  $5\times6=30$
- 10) 2 times 3 is as close to 7 as you can get, without going over.  $2\times3=6$
- 11) 6 times  $\underline{\phantom{0}}$  is as close to 40 as you can get, without going over.  $6\times 6=36$
- 12) 10 times 9 is as close to 93 as you can get, without going over.  $10 \times 9 = 90$
- 13) 8 times 2 is as close to 18 as you can get, without going over.  $8\times2=16$
- 14) 5 times 3 is as close to 16 as you can get, without going over.  $5\times3=15$
- 15) 10 times 10 is as close to 108 as you can get, without going over.  $10 \times 10 = 100$
- 16) 10 times  $\underline{\phantom{0}}$  is as close to 105 as you can get, without going over.  $10 \times 10 = 100$
- 17) 2 times 8 is as close to 17 as you can get, without going over.  $2\times8=16$
- 18) 10 times  $\frac{7}{}$  is as close to 77 as you can get, without going over.  $10 \times 7 = 70$
- 19) 10 times  $\frac{7}{10}$  is as close to 79 as you can get, without going over.  $\frac{10 \times 7 = 70}{10}$
- 20) 6 times 8 is as close to 49 as you can get, without going over.  $6\times8=48$

## Answers

- Ex. 9
- **3**
- 2
- 3. **4**
- **4**. **5**
- 5. **7**
- 6. **10**
- 7. 6
- 8. **10**
- 10. \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 11. \_\_\_\_\_
- 12. \_\_\_\_\_
- 13. \_\_\_\_
- 14. \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 15. **10**
- 16. **10**
- 17. **8**
- 18. \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 19. **7**
- 20. \_\_\_\_\_\_8