



In [5]: *#encoding the labels to numbers*

```
encoder = LabelEncoder()
encoder.fit(y_train)
encoder.fit(y_test)
train_encoded_y = encoder.transform(y_train)
test_encoded_y = encoder.transform(y_test)

#filling in the dummy values

y_train_dummy = np_utils.to_categorical(train_encoded_y)
y_test_dummy = np_utils.to_categorical(test_encoded_y)
```

In [6]: y\_train\_dummy

```
Out[6]: array([[0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
               ...,
               [0., 0., 0., ..., 1., 0., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., ..., 0., 0., 0.]], dtype=float32)
```

## building the model

```
In [7]: model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape =(D, )),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(254, activation = tf.nn.relu),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(41, activation = tf.nn.softmax),

]);

model.compile (optimizer = "adam", loss = "categorical_crossentropy", metrics = |
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 132)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 254)	33782
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 41)	10455
=====		
Total params: 44,237		
Trainable params: 44,237		
Non-trainable params: 0		

## training the model

```
In [8]: r =model.fit(x_train, y_train_dummy, validation_split = .2, epochs = 1)

score, acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test_dummy)

print("accuracy: ",acc," , score:", score)

123/123 [=====] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 1.5096 - accurac
y: 0.8946 - val_loss: 0.0994 - val_accuracy: 1.0000
2/2 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0994 - accuracy:
1.0000
accuracy: 1.0 , score: 0.09938153624534607
```

## visualizing the result of the training

```

In [17]: #increasing plot size
plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (25,20)

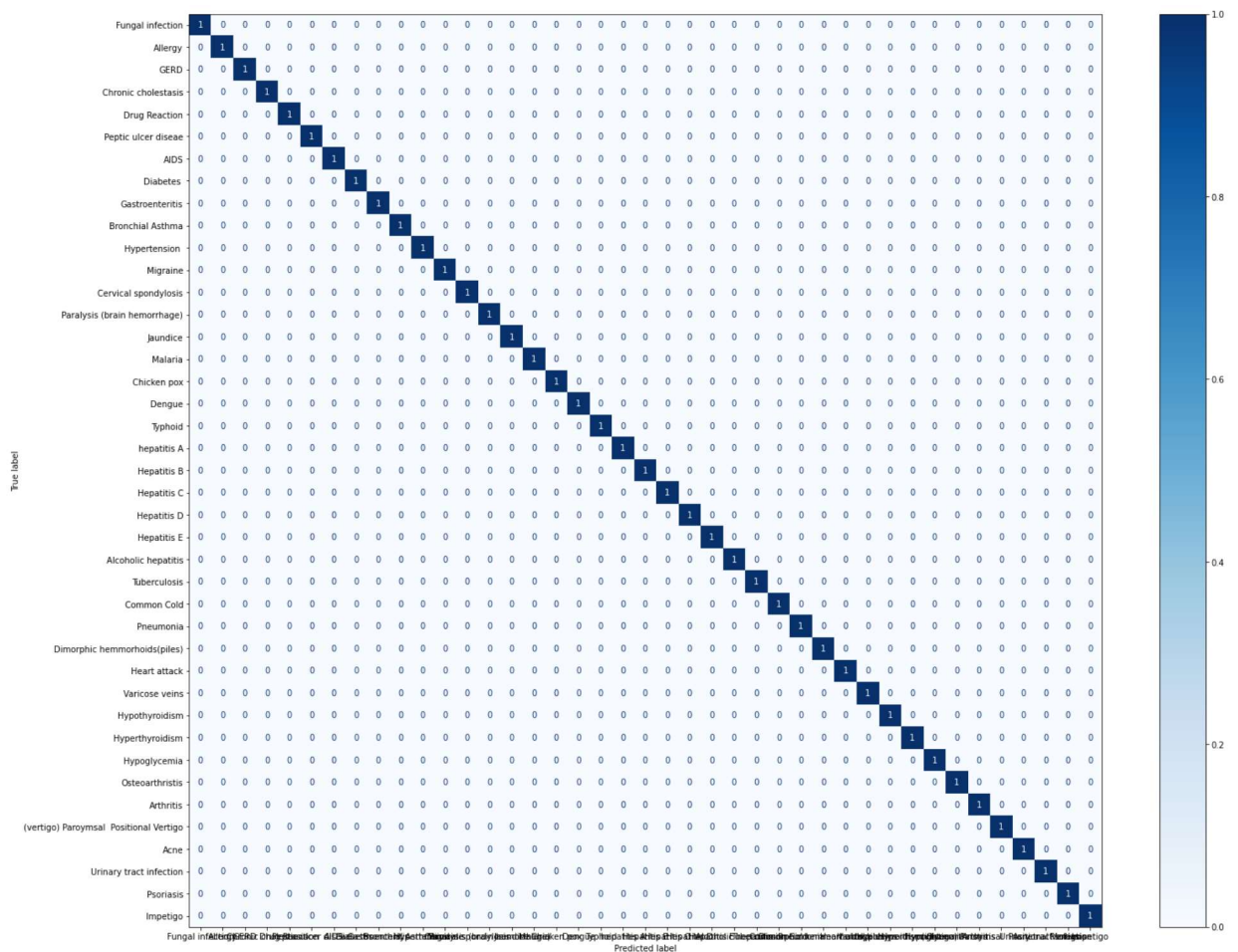
#running the classification tests
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
y_test_class = np.argmax(y_pred, axis=1)

#plotting the confussion matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(test_encoded_y, y_test_class)
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=cm, display_labels=y_test)

#displaying the plot
disp.plot(cmap=plt.cm.Blues)
plt.show()

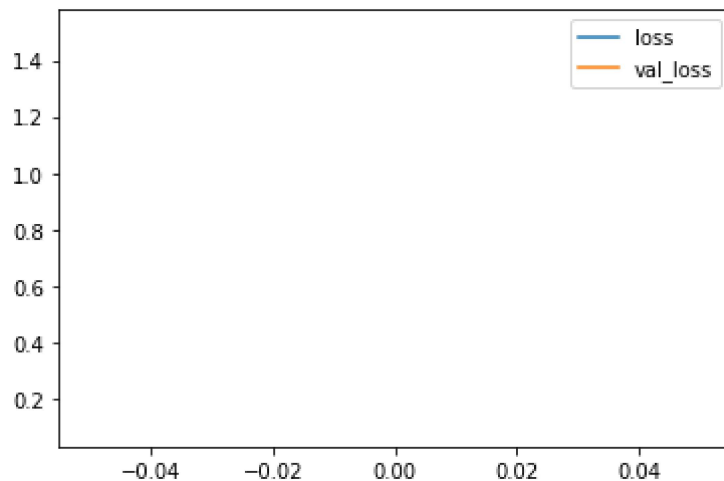
```

2/2 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step



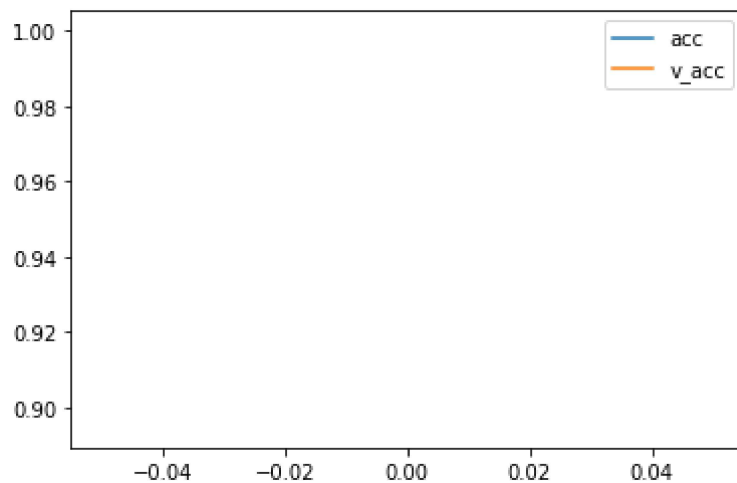
```
In [10]: plt.plot(r.history["loss"], label="loss")  
plt.plot(r.history["val_loss"],label = "val_loss")  
plt.legend()
```

Out[10]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x1ea31602f50>



```
In [11]: plt.plot(r.history['accuracy'], label="acc")  
plt.plot(r.history['val_accuracy'], label="v_acc")  
plt.legend()
```

Out[11]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x1ea363dfdc0>



## saving the model

```
In [12]: # model.save("medical_prognosis.h5")
```

## loading the model

```
In [13]: import tensorflow as tf
model = tf.keras.models.load_model('medical_prognosis.h5')
# print(model.summary())
```

## running a test prediction

```
In [14]: import numpy as np

pred = model.predict(np.zeros((1,132)).astype(float))
result = np.argmax(pred, axis=1)
print(result)

1/1 [=====] - 0s 48ms/step
[18]
```

In [ ]:

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