

MyPL Type Inference Rules. The goal of the following rules are to help clarify type inference and type checking in **MyPL**. We make the following assumptions.

- The notation $e : t$ says that expression e has type t .
- The **null** value has type **void** (i.e., $\text{null} : \text{void}$) and literals (constants) c have their corresponding type t (i.e., $c : t$).
- In general, e denotes an expression, t a data type, x a variable/field name, s a struct name, and f a function name.
- Function types are denoted as mappings from parameter type lists (in the order of function parameters) to return types. For example, $f : \text{int}, \text{string} \rightarrow \text{char}$ says f takes an int and string, and returns a character.
- Struct types are denoted as dictionaries mapping field names to types.
- Function parameters and struct fields are assumed not to have function names as types.
- Array types are represented using square brackets, e.g., an int array is denoted as $[\text{int}]$.
- Γ is the typing context (environment). The notation $\Gamma \vdash e : t$ says that the current context implies that expression e has type t . Similarly, the notation $\Gamma, \text{stmt} \vdash e : t$ says that the current context extended with the statement implies e has type t . We take some liberties below by assuming we are “in” the statement (stmt) when it extends the scope.
- Unlike syntax rules, the typing rules are meant to provide a guide to some of the details as opposed to an implementation strategy.

Typing Rules for MyPL Expressions:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : t \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : t \quad t \in \{\text{int}, \text{double}\} \quad \text{op} \in \{+, -, *, \backslash\}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \text{ op } e_2 : t} \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : t_1 \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : t_2 \quad (t_1 = t_2 \vee t_1 = \text{void} \vee t_2 = \text{void}) \quad \text{op} \in \{==, !=\}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \text{ op } e_2 : \text{bool}} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : t \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : t \quad t \in \{\text{int}, \text{double}, \text{char}, \text{string}\} \quad \text{op} \in \{<, >, <=, >=\}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \text{ op } e_2 : \text{bool}} \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \text{bool} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \text{bool}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \text{ and } e_2 : \text{bool}} \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \text{bool} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \text{bool}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \text{ or } e_2 : \text{bool}} \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \text{bool}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{not } e : \text{bool}} \quad (6)$$

Typing Rules for MyPL Statements:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : t' \quad t' \in \{\mathbf{void}, t\}}{\Gamma, t \ x = e \vdash x : t} \quad (7)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash x : t}{\Gamma, x = e \vdash e : t' \quad t' \in \{\mathbf{void}, t\}} \quad (8)$$

$$\overline{\Gamma, \mathbf{while} \ (e) \ \dots \vdash e : \mathbf{bool}} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : t' \quad t' \in \{\mathbf{void}, t\}}{\Gamma, \mathbf{for} \ (t \ x = e; \dots; \dots) \ \dots \vdash x : t} \quad (10)$$

$$\overline{\Gamma, \mathbf{for} \ (\dots; e; \dots) \ \dots \vdash e : \mathbf{bool}} \quad (11)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \mathbf{for} \ (\dots; \dots; x = e) \ \dots \vdash x : t}{\Gamma, \mathbf{for} \ (\dots; \dots; x = e) \ \dots \vdash e : t' \quad t' \in \{\mathbf{void}, t\}} \quad (12)$$

$$\overline{\Gamma, \mathbf{if} \ (e) \ \dots \vdash e : \mathbf{bool}} \quad (13)$$

$$\overline{\Gamma, \dots \mathbf{elseif} \ (e) \ \dots \vdash e : \mathbf{bool}} \quad (14)$$

Typing Rules for MyPL Structs:

$$\frac{t_i \neq \mathbf{void}}{\Gamma, \mathbf{struct} \ s \ \{t_1 \ x_1, \dots, t_n \ x_n\} \vdash s : \{x_1 \rightarrow t_1, \dots, x_n \rightarrow t_n\}} \quad (15)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : s \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \{\dots, x_i \rightarrow t_i, \dots\}}{\Gamma \vdash e.x_i : t'_i \quad t'_i \in \{\mathbf{void}, t_i\}} \quad (16)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \{x_1 \rightarrow t_1, \dots, x_n \rightarrow t_n\}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{new} \ s : s} \quad (17)$$

Typing Rules for MyPL Functions:

$$\frac{t_i \neq \mathbf{void}}{\Gamma, t \ f(t_1 \ x_1, \dots, t_n \ x_n)\{ \dots \} \vdash f : t_1, \dots, t_n \rightarrow t} \quad (18)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash f : t_1, \dots, t_n \rightarrow t \quad \Gamma \vdash e_i : t'_i \quad t'_i \in \{\mathbf{void}, t_i\}}{\Gamma \vdash f(e_1, \dots, e_n) : t} \quad (19)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \mathit{return} : t}{\Gamma, \mathbf{return} \ e \vdash e : t' \quad t' \in \{\mathbf{void}, t\}} \quad \dagger \quad (20)$$

Typing Rules for MyPL Arrays:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : t' \quad t' \in \{\mathbf{void}, [t]\}}{\Gamma, \mathbf{array} \ t \ x = e \vdash x : [t]} \quad (21)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash x : [t]}{\Gamma, x = e \vdash e : t' \quad t' \in \{\mathbf{void}, [t]\}} \quad \ddagger \quad (22)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \mathbf{int} \quad t \notin \{\mathbf{void}, [t']\}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{new} \ t[e] : [t]} \quad (23)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : [t] \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \mathbf{int}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1[e_2] : t} \quad (24)$$

$$\frac{t_i \notin \{\mathbf{void}, [t']\}}{\Gamma, \mathbf{struct} \ s \{ \dots, \mathbf{array} \ t_i \ x_i, \dots \} \vdash s : \{ \dots, [t_i], \dots \}} \quad (25)$$

$$\frac{t_i \notin \{\mathbf{void}, [t']\}}{\Gamma, t \ f(\dots, \mathbf{array} \ t_i \ x_i, \dots) \vdash f : \dots, [t_i], \dots \rightarrow t} \quad (26)$$

$$\frac{t \notin \{\mathbf{void}, [t']\}}{\Gamma, \mathbf{array} \ t \ f(\dots) \vdash f : \dots \rightarrow [t]} \quad (27)$$

[†]where “*return*” is a special variable assumed in each function context with the corresponding return type

[‡]This rule is redundant with rule 8