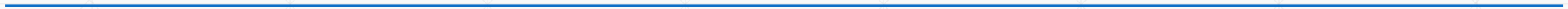


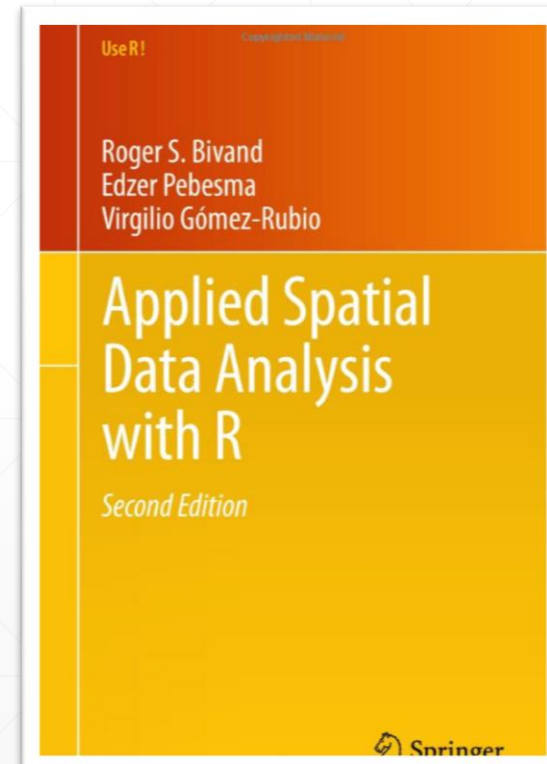
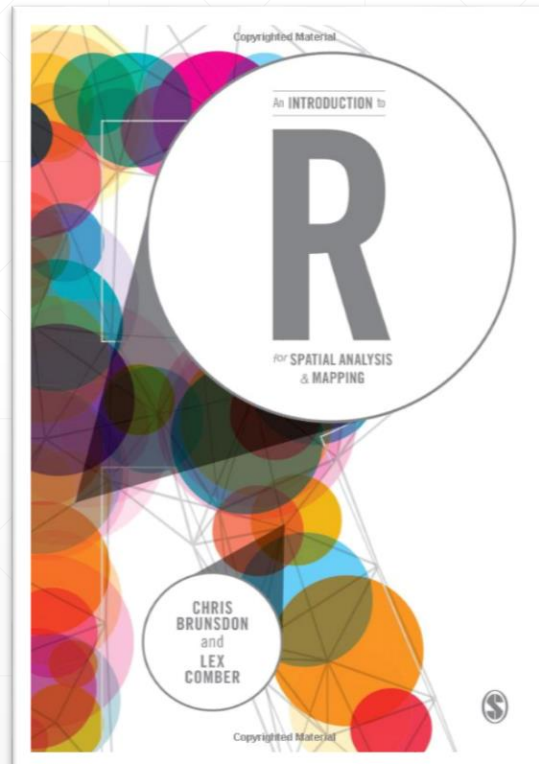
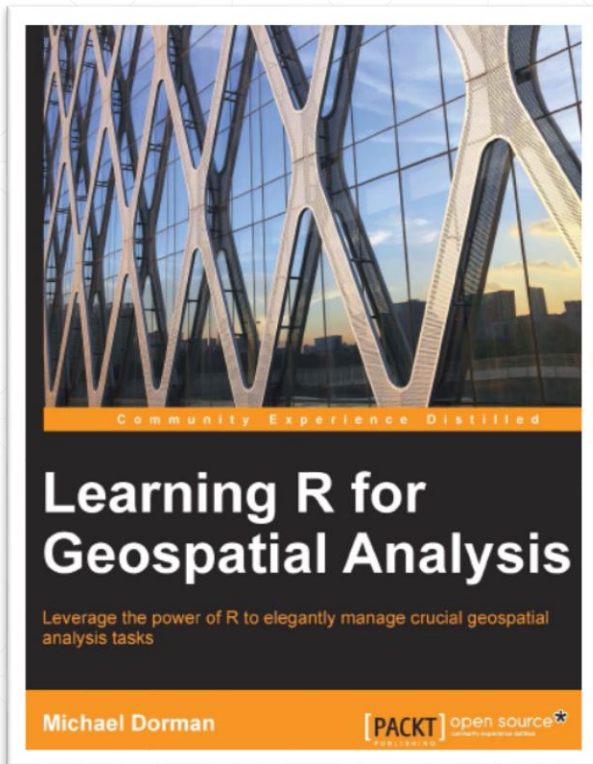
# ***Introduction to spatial data in R***



# Introduction to spatial data in R

- Introduction to spatial data in R
  - Packages for spatial data
  - Classes for vector and raster datasets
  - Reading and writing of spatial data
-

# Books



# Links

Overview of R packages for spatial data:

<http://cran.r-project.org/web/views/Spatial.html>

Description of the sp package:

<http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/sp/sp.pdf>

Description of the raster package:

<http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/raster/vignettes/Raster.pdf>

Spatial-analyst.net – a Wiki for spatial data analysis based on R:

<http://spatial-analyst.net/>

Some more tips:

<http://spatialanalysis.co.uk/r/>

Mailinglist of R special interest group on using geographical data and mapping

<https://stat.ethz.ch/mailman/listinfo/R-SIG-Geo/>

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# Packages for spatial data in R

Classes for spatial data

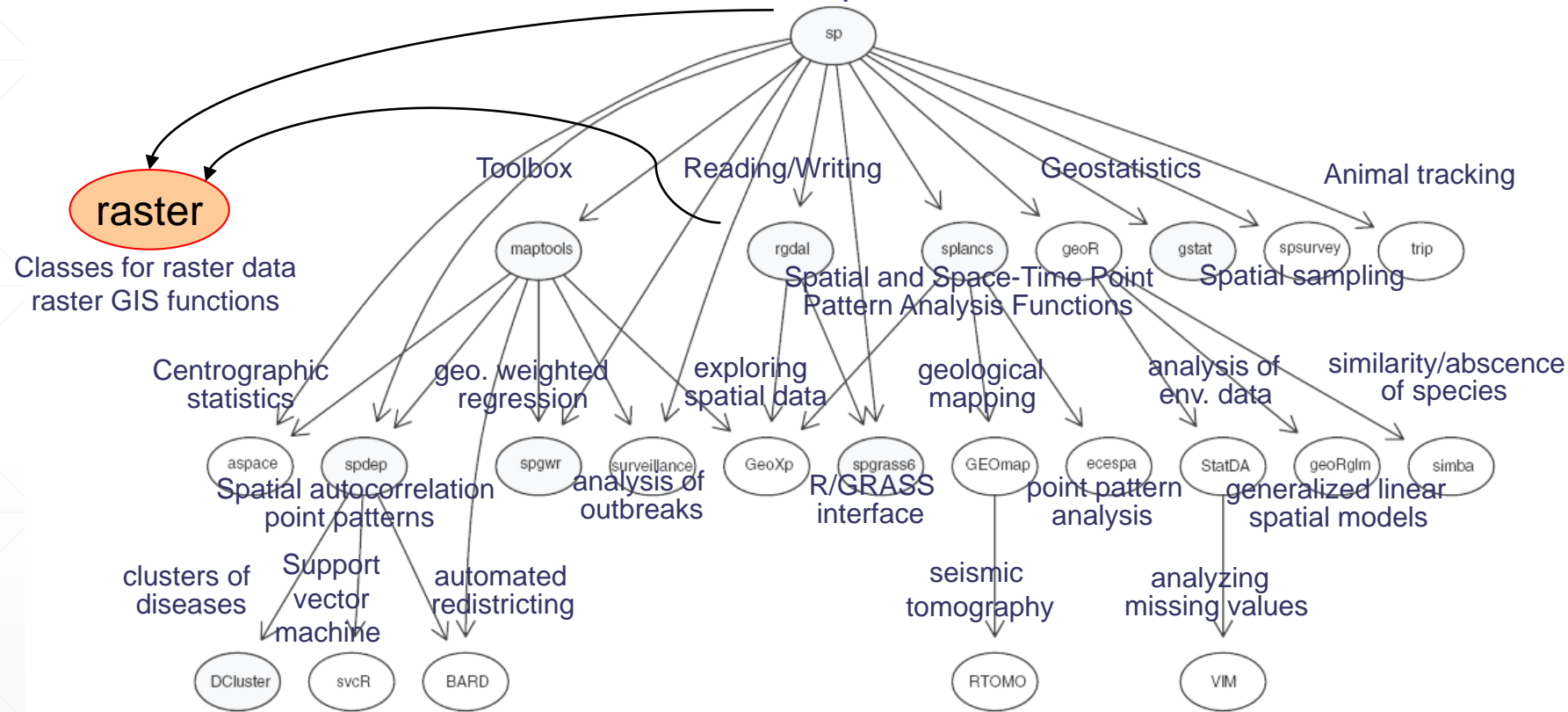


Fig. 1.1. Tree of R contributed packages on CRAN depending on or importing `sp` directly or indirectly; others suggest `sp` or use it without declaration in their package descriptions (status as of 2008-04-06)

Fig.: R packages depending on package `sp` (Bivand et al. 2008:5)  
 + **raster** package for geographic analysis and modeling with raster data

# Types of spatial data

## Vector data

Point



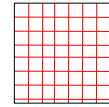
Line



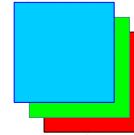
Polygon



## Raster data





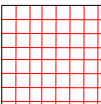
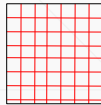
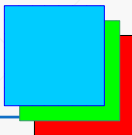


Rasterlayer



Rasterstack

# Classes for spatial data in R

	Data type	read/write	classes from <b>package sp</b>	Basic methods for classes	
Vector data		{ readOGR() writeOGR() }	SpatialPoints	{ Get extent: bbox()  Get projection: proj4string()  Get coordinates: coordinates()  Access data: @data }	
			SpatialLines		
			SpatialPolygons		
			SpatialPolygonsDataFrame		
Raster data		{ readGDAL() writeGDAL() }	SpatialPixels	{ Get extent: extent() Get resolution: res() Get projection: projection() Get data: <u>getValues()</u> }	
			SpatialPixelsDataFrame		
		{ raster() }	SpatialGrid		
			SpatialGridDataFrame		
		{ stack() brick() }	<b>classes from package raster:</b>		
			RasterLayer		
		RasterStack – multiple files RasterBrick – one file			

# Classes for vector data: Spatial\* classes

SpatialPoints, SpatialLines, SpatialPolygons, SpatialPixels

Read ESRI shapefile  
with country borders:

```
> admin <- readOGR(".", "110m_admin_0_countries")
OGR data source with driver: ESRI Shapefile
Source: ".", layer: "110m_admin_0_countries"
with 177 features and 24 fields
Feature type: wkbPolygon with 2 dimensions
```

```
> x <- admin@data
> is.data.frame(x)
[1] TRUE
```

```
> bbox(admin)
      min      max
x -180 180.00000
y  -90  83.64513
> proj4string(admin)
[1] "+proj=longlat +ellps=WGS84 +datum=WGS84 +no_defs +to"
```

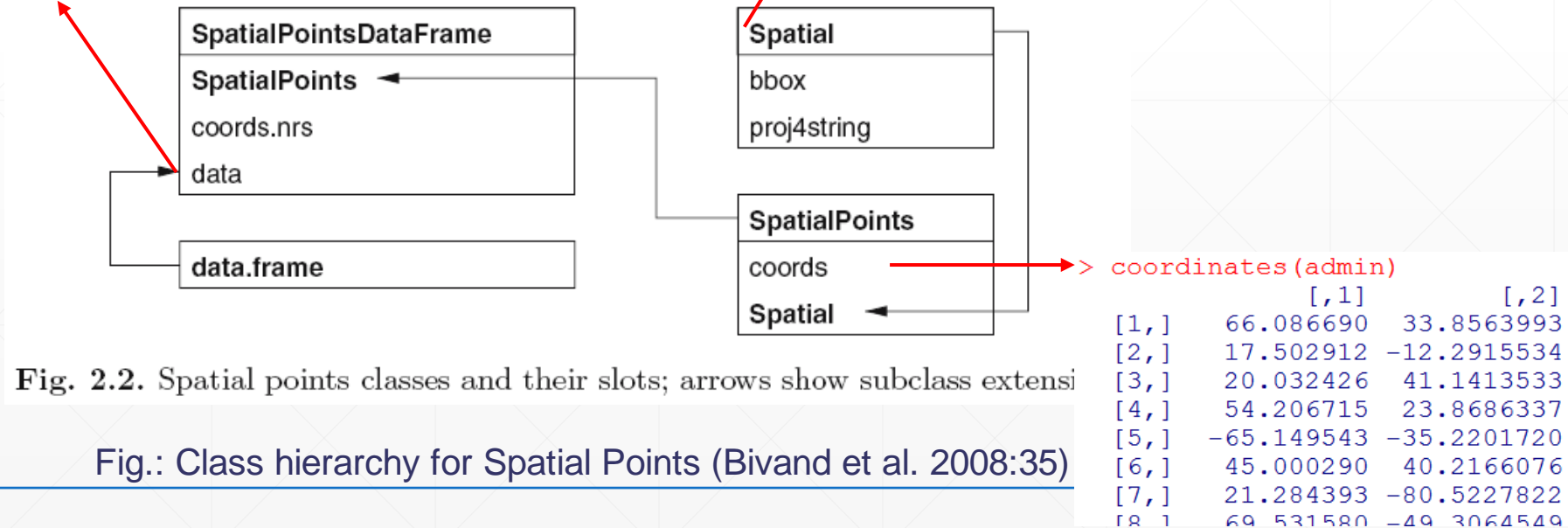


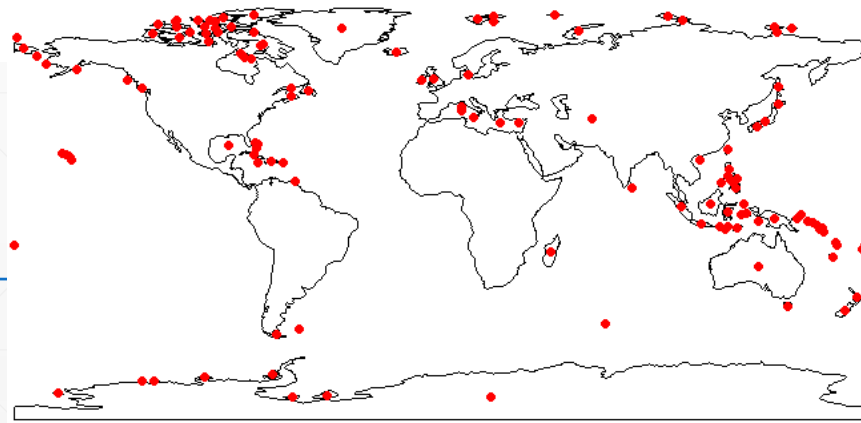
Fig. 2.2. Spatial points classes and their slots; arrows show subclass extensions

Fig.: Class hierarchy for Spatial Points (Bivand et al. 2008:35)



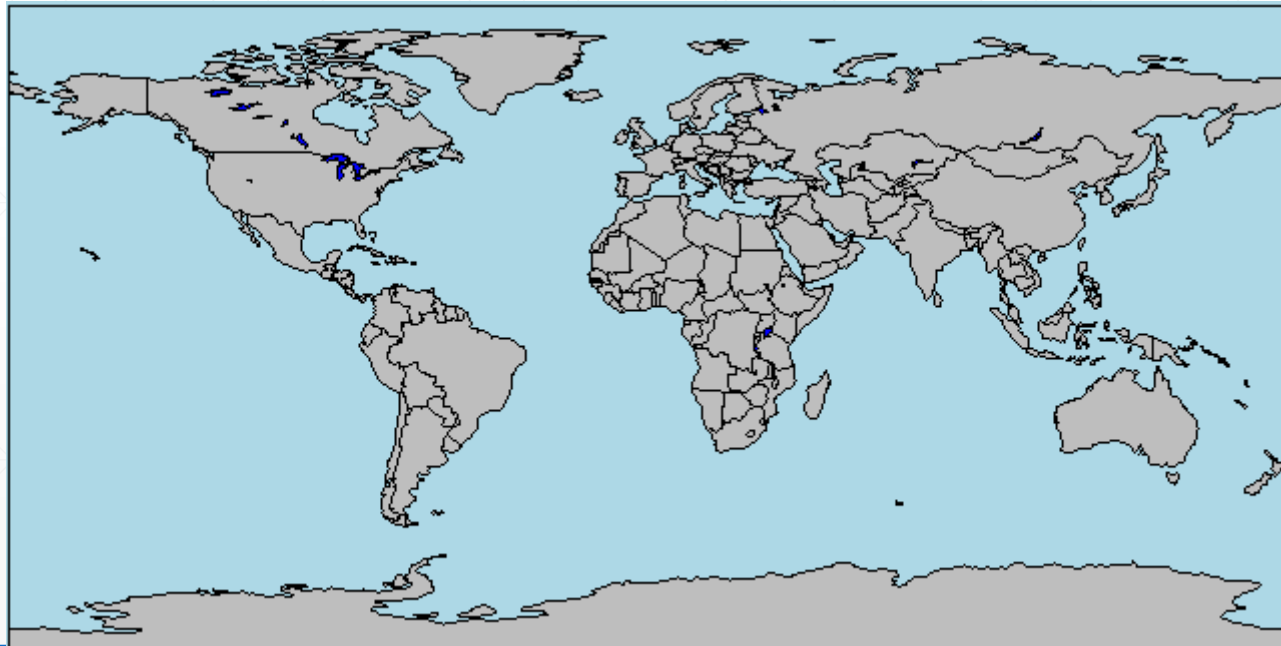
# Read shapefile

```
1 library(rgdal)
2 ### set working diectory
3 setwd("data/shp_global110")
4 getwd()
5 # read a shapefile (many other types of vector formats can be read with readOGR too)
6 land <- readOGR(".", "110m_land")
7 admin <- readOGR(".", "110m_admin_0_countries")
8 # have a look:
9 plot(land)
10 # structure of a sp object (SpatialPolygonsDataFrame)
11 class(land)
12 str(land)
13
14 # access some information about this object
15 proj <- proj4string(land) # get the projection / coordinate reference system
16 proj
17
18 bbox(land) # bounding box
19
20 xy <- coordinates(land) # coordinates
21 summary(xy)
22 points(xy, pch=16,col="red") # These are only the centre coordinates of the polygons!
23
24 # access the attribute table of a vector dataset with @data
25 data.df <- land@data
26 bbox(land)
27 land@bbox
28 summary(data.df)
```



# Plot shapefile

```
files <- list.files(pattern=".shp")  
files # filenames of the files to be read  
  
world <- readOGR(".", "110m_land")  
plot(world, col="grey", border="blue", bg = "lightblue")  
plot(admin, add=TRUE)  
  
lakes <- readOGR(".", "110m_lakes")  
plot(lakes, add=TRUE, col = "blue")  
  
ocean <- readOGR(".", "110m_ocean")  
plot(ocean, add=TRUE, col = "lightblue")
```



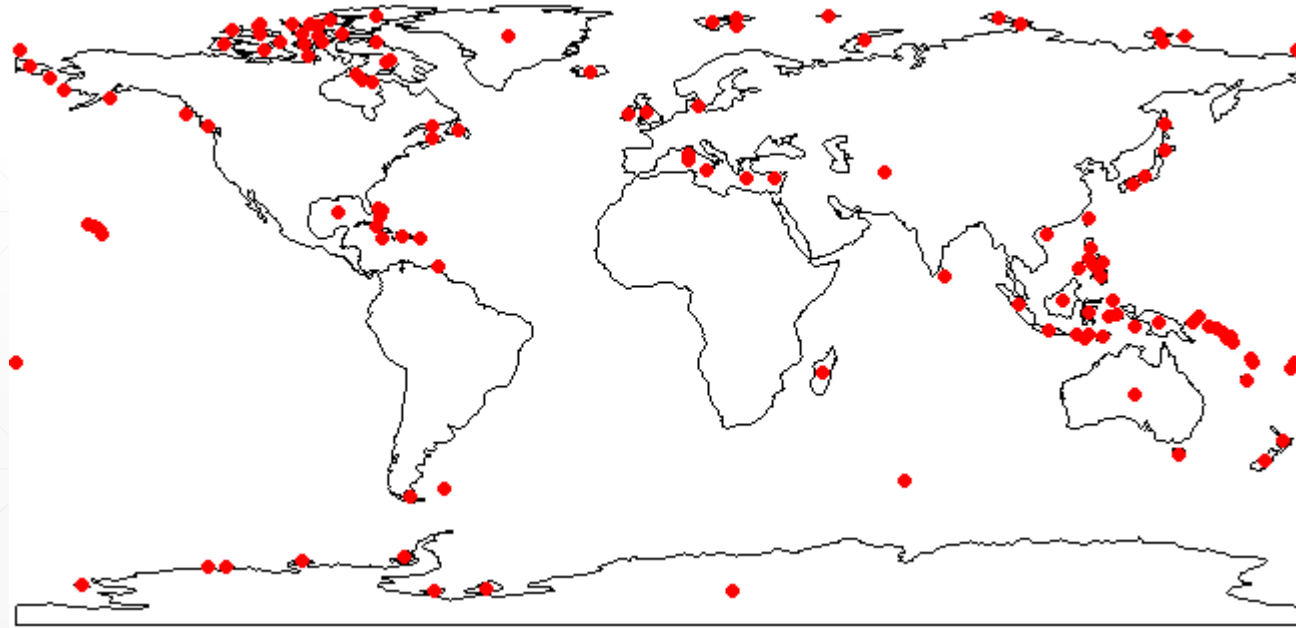
# Write shapefile

```
### write shapefile  
library(rgdal)  
getwd()  
writeOGR(land,dsn = ".",layer = "land",driver="ESRI shapefile")  
shp <- readOGR(dsn = ".", layer = "land")  
plot(shp)
```



# Shapefile properties

```
### information about shapefile  
bbox(shp)  
proj4string(shp)  
xy <- coordinates(shp)  
df <- shp@data  
names(df)  
names(xy)  
slotNames(shp)  
plot(shp)  
points(xy, pch=16,col="red")
```



# Select by attribute

```
library(rgdal)
folder <- "C:\\Program Files (x86)\\ArcGIS\\Desktop10.3\\ArcGlobeData"
shp <- readOGR(dsn = folder, layer = "continent")
plot(shp, col="grey")

plot(shp, lwd=2, add=TRUE)
df <- shp@data

sel <- df$CONTINENT == "North America"
shp[sel,]
plot(shp[sel,])
```



# Raster properties

## ➤ Single-band RasterLayer

`nrow(ndvi)`

`ncol(ndvi)`

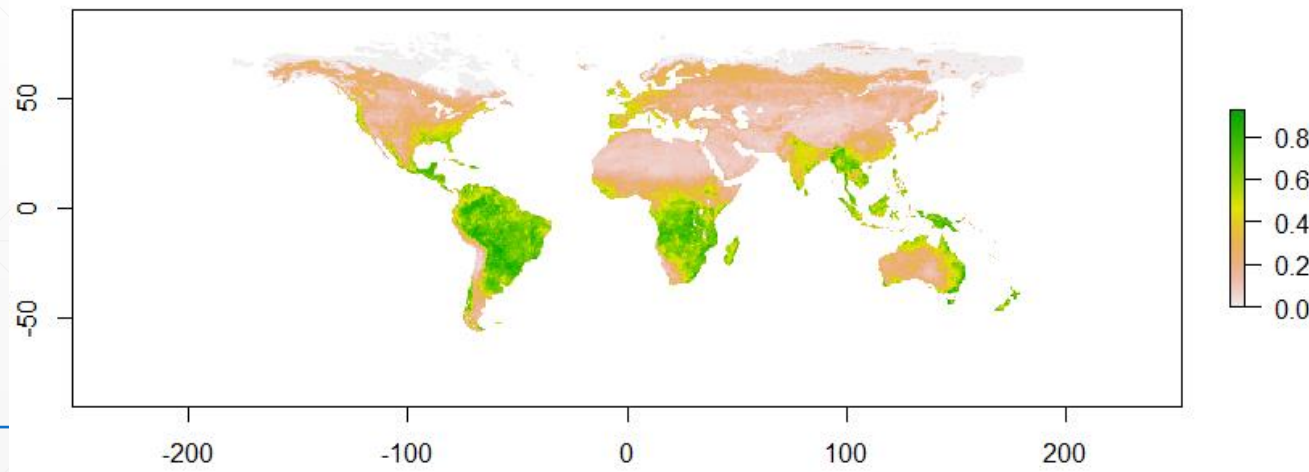
`ncell(ndvi)`

`extent(ndvi)`

`bbox(ndvi)`

`res(ndvi)`

`projection(ndvi)`



# Read Multi-band Raster

## ➤ Multi-band RasterBrick

```
ndvi.rb <- brick("GIMMS.NDVI.360.720.2000.2002.30days.nc")
```

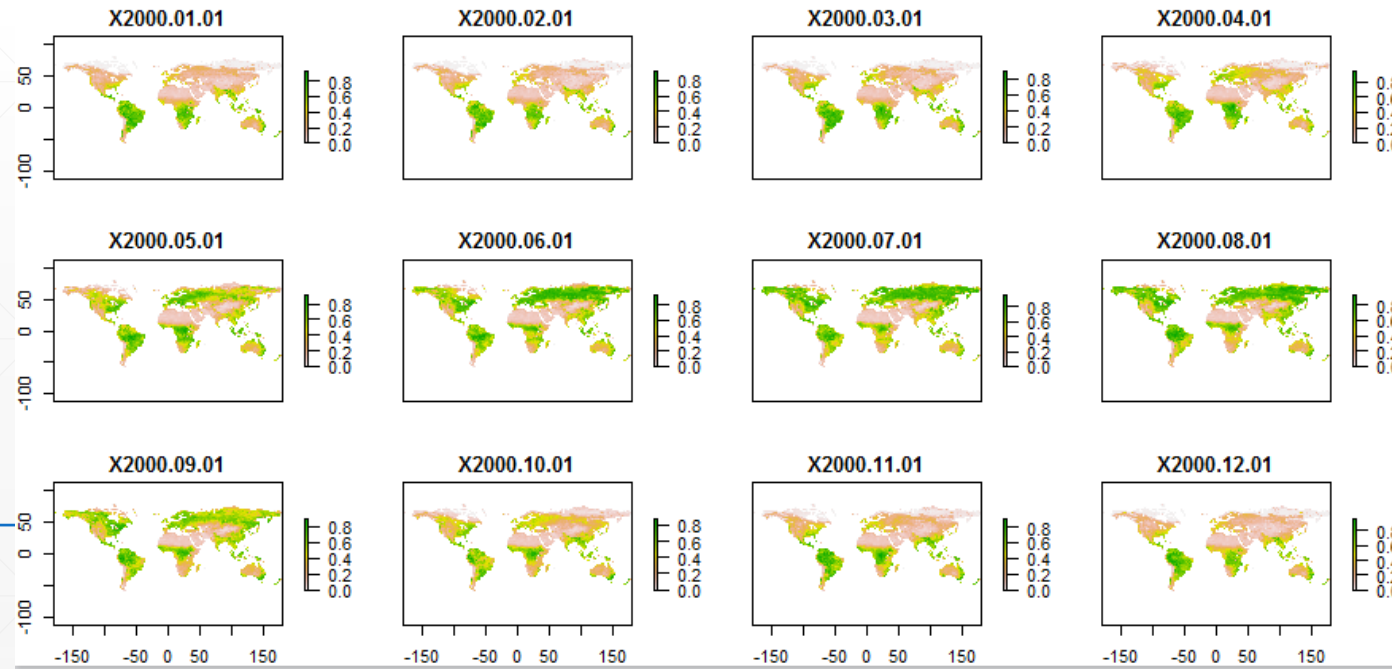
```
ndvi.rb
```

```
ndvi2000 <- ndvi.rb[[1:12]] # select bands as a new raster
```

```
plot(ndvi.rb) # plot all bands
```

```
plot(ndvi.rb,6) # plot a single band
```

```
plot(ndvi.rb,1:12) # plot selected bands
```



# Plot Raster Time Series

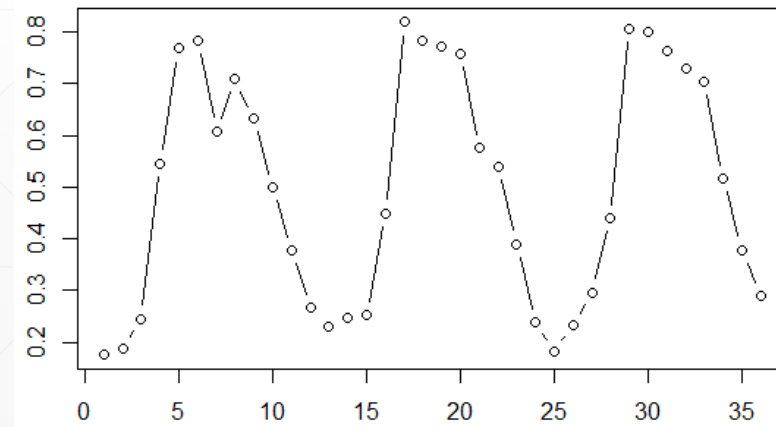
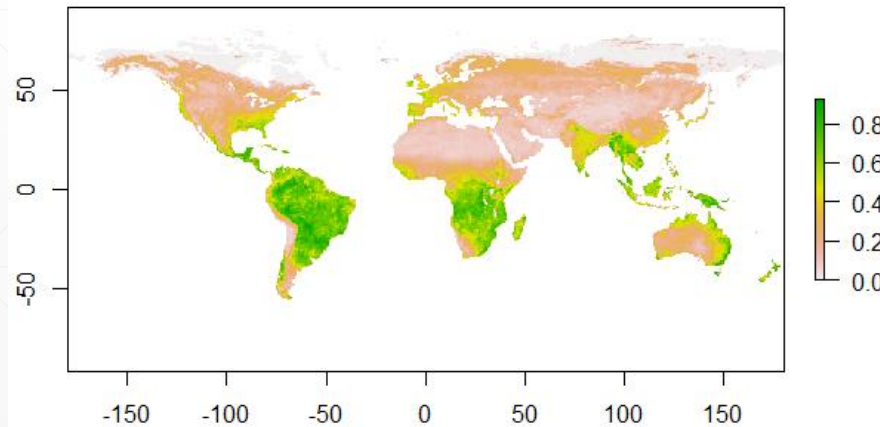
## ➤ Get cell values interactively

```
plot(ndvi.rb,1)
```

```
values <- click(ndvi.rb, n=1, xy=TRUE)
```

```
values <- click(ndvi.rb, n=1, xy=FALSE)
```

```
plot(as.vector(values), type="b")
```





# Plot Raster Time Series

## ➤ Get cell values by specifying coordinates

```
plot(ndvi.rb,1)
cell <- cellFromXY(ndvi.rb, cbind(15, 51))
cell.ts <- ndvi.rb[cell]
cell.ts
plot(as.vector(cell.ts), type="b")
values <- ndvi.rb[50,50]
plot(as.vector(values), type="b")
```

