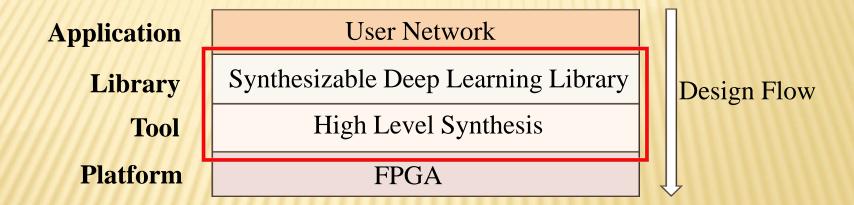
# 可综合深度学习库

金济芳 复旦大学 jfjin14@fudan. edu. cn 2016/11/22

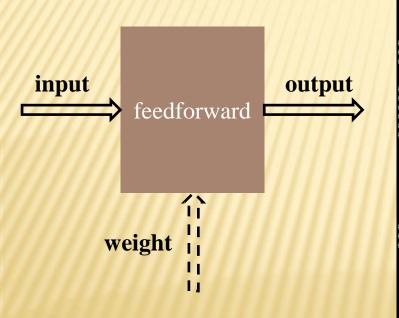
### 设计流程



## 概述

- \* Deep Network加速器
  - + 支持推断,不支持训练
- × 基于HLS和C++模板
  - + 编程灵活性、功能可配置性、结构可定制性
- \* 丰富的组件
  - + 全连接、激活、卷积、循环、Pooling、Embedding等核心组件
- \* 完善的优化指令
  - + 循环、高维数组、缓存等优化
- × 兼容开源Keras

### 模块化设计



```
* @note: the feedback function
     * @params: the input data is a 3D array, ROW * COL * INPUT DIM
    void feedforward(TYPE_T data[ROW][COL][INPUT DIM])
        for( int row = 0; row < OUT_ROW; row++)</pre>
            for( int col = 0; col < OUT COL; col++)</pre>
#if CONVOLUTION2D_PERF_MODE == PERF_HIGH
#pragma HLS pipeline
#endif
                for (int k = 0; k < NB_FILTER; k++)</pre>
#if CONVOLUTION2D_PERF_MODE == PERF_HIGH || CONVOLUTION2D_PERF_MODE == PERF_MEDIAN
#pragma HLS LOOP FLATTEN
#endif
#if CONVOLUTION2D_PERF_MODE == PERF_MEDIAN
#pragma HLS pipeline
#endif
                     TYPE T t = bias[k];
                     for (int m = 0; m < NB ROW; m++)</pre>
                         for (int n = 0; n < NB_COL; n++)</pre>
                             for (int v = 0; v < INPUT DIM; v++)</pre>
#if CONVOLUTION2D_PERF_MODE == PERF_LOW
#pragma HLS pipeline #endif
                                 t += data[row * SUBSAMPLE ROW + m][col * SUBSAMPLE COL + n][v] * weight[m][n][v][k];
                     /* calculate the activation function */
                     res[row][col][k] = activation_fn<AC FN>(t);
```

### 性能瓶颈

- \* 多层循环
  - + 二维卷积层包含6层循环

- \* 高维数组
  - + 二维卷积层Weight是4维数组

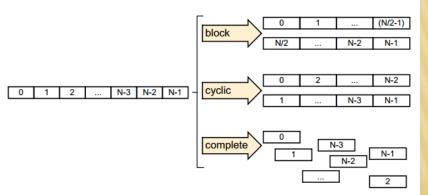
- \* 超大参数
  - + FPGA存储资源有限

### 多层循环优化

- × Pipeline
  - + #pragma HLS pipeline
  - + 越外层,性能越好,代价越高;越运用到内层,性能越差,代价越低

### 高维数组优化

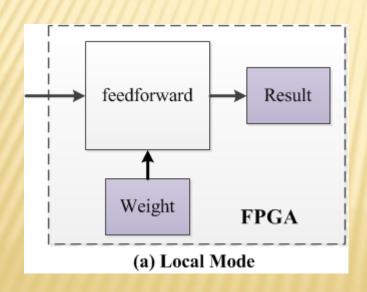
- \* Array Partition
  - + #pragma HLS ARRAY\_PARTITION
  - + BRAM资源换带宽

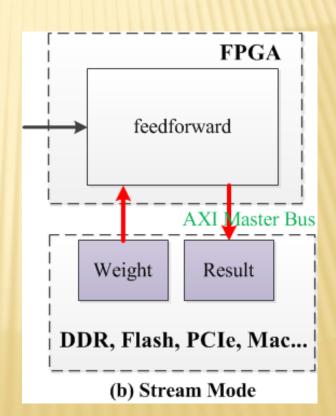


### 超大参数

### \* 存储模型

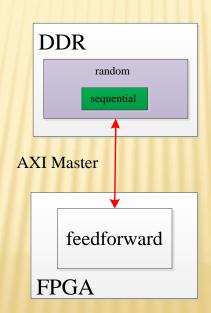
+Local & Stream Mode

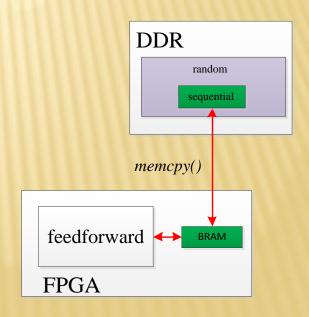




### STREAM MODE忧化

- \* AXI Master随机访问极大限制了性能。
- \* 优化方法
  - + OPT\_MEM
  - + OPT\_BUFFER





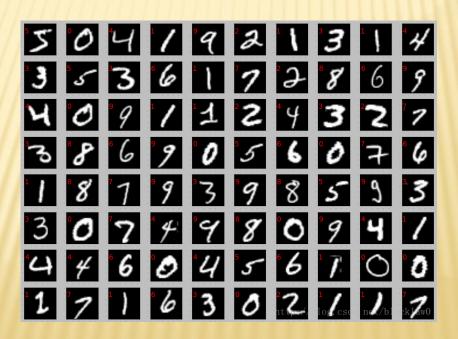
## 适用范围

- \*常用MLP, CNN, RNN等Deep Network
  - +丰富的组件
  - +Local和Stream模式
  - +可配置的优化指令
  - + 支持HLS和SDSoC

```
* @author: jjf, Fudan University
 * @date: 2016/10/21
#ifndef SDAI H
#define SDAI H
#include "../SDAI/activation.h"
#include "../SDAI/configure.h"
#include "../SDAI/convolution1D.h"
#include "../SDAI/convolution2D.h"
#include "../SDAI/dense.h"
#include "../SDAI/embedding.h"
#include "../SDAI/mem.h"
#include "../SDAI/pooling1D.h"
#include "../SDAI/pooling2D.h"
#include "../SDAI/recurrent.h"
#include "../SDAI/reshape.h"
#include "../SDAI/utils.h"
#endif
```

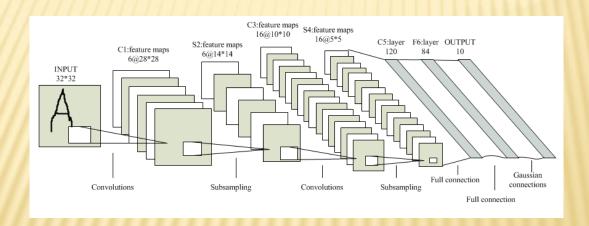
### MNIST手写字识别

× 28x28图像分类



## MNIST手写字识别

### \* LeNet5



## MNIST手写字识别-LENET5

\*6层网络、5360个参数、Float精度、97.4%准确率

```
/* the array for input */
TYPE T data[ROW][COL][INPUT DIM];
/* define the first Convolution2D layer */
Convolution2D<NB FILTER1, NB ROW, NB COL, ROW, COL, INPUT DIM, RELU, SUBSAMPLE ROW, SUBSAMPLE ROW>
                                                                                                         conv1 (weight1, bias1);
/* define the first MaxPooling2D layer */
MaxPooling2D<POOLING1 ROW, POOLING1 COL, NB FILTER1, POOLING ROW, POOLING COL>
                                                                                                         pool1;
/* define the second Convolution2D layer */
Convolution2D<NB FILTER2, NB ROW, NB COL, ROW2, COL2, INPUT DIM2, RELU, SUBSAMPLE ROW, SUBSAMPLE ROW>
                                                                                                         conv2 (weight2, bias2);
/* define the second MaxPooling2D laver */
MaxPooling2D<POOLING2 ROW, POOLING2 COL, NB FILTER2, POOLING ROW, POOLING COL>
                                                                                                         pool2;
Reshape3D 1D<POOLING2 ROW/POOLING ROW, POOLING2 COL/POOLING COL, NB FILTER2>
                                                                                                         reshape;
/* define the Dense laver */
Dense DENSE INPUT, DENSE OUTPUT, RELU>
                                                                                                         dense (weight3);
/* define the second Dense layer */
Dense<DENSE OUTPUT, DENSE2 OUTPUT, SOFTMAX>
                                                                                                         dense2 (weight4);
```

### MNIST手写字识别-LENET5

× LeNet v2 +Local Mode

\* LeNet Stream v3 + Mixed Mode

### ☐ Timing (ns)

### ■ Summary

Clock	Target	Estimated	Uncertainty
ap_clk	9.00	9.43	1.13

### □ Latency (clock cycles)

### ■ Summary

Latency		Interval		
min	max	min	max	Туре
9905	9900005	9906	9900006	none

### □ Detail

**H** Instance

± Loop

### **Utilization Estimates**

### ¬ Summarv

Name	BRAM_18K	DSP48E	FF	LUT
Expression	-	-	0	384
FIFO	-	-	-	-
Instance	32	234	42650	62500
Memory	18	-	448	83
Multiplexer	-	-	-	327
Register	-	-	407	-
Total	50	234	43505	63294
Available	1090	900	437200	218600
Utilization (%)	4	26	9	28

### ☐ Timing (ns)

### □ Summary

Clock	Target	Estimated	Uncertainty
ap_clk	9.00	8.72	1.13

### □ Latency (clock cycles)

### ■ Summary

Late	ency	Interval		
min	max	min	max	Туре
21890	21890	21891	21891	none

### □ Detail

+ Instance

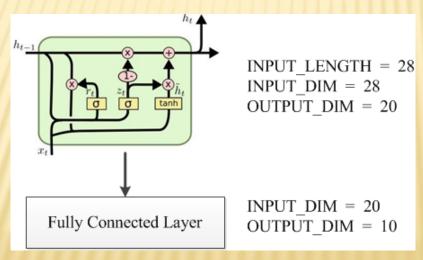
**±** Loop

### Utilization Estimates

∃ Summary					
Name	BRAM_18K	DSP48E	FF	LUT	
Expression	-	-	0	389	
FIFO	-	-	-	-	
Instance	10	163	47262	61886	
Memory	8	-	672	100	
Multiplexer	-	-	-	487	
Register	-	-	1424	-	
Total	18	163	49358	62862	
Available	1090	900	437200	218600	
Utilization (%)	1	18	11	28	

## MNIST手写字识别-LSTM

\*2层网络、4130个参数、Float精度、94.2%准确率



### MNIST手写字识别-LSTM

### × LSTM\_v2

```
roid Neural(float *sample, unsigned int *result, int N)
#pragma HLS INTERFACE axis port=sample depth=784000
#pragma HLS INTERFACE axis port=result depth=784000
#pragma HLS INTERFACE s axilite port=N
#pragma HLS INTERFACE s_axilite port=return
   TYPE T data[INPUT LENGTH][INPUT DIM];
    /* declare a Gated Recurrent Neural Network */
    LSTM<INPUT_LENGTH, INPUT_DIM, OUTPUT_DIM, TANH, SIGMOID>
                                                                            lstm_nn(weight_i, weight_c, weight_f, weight_o)
    /* add a dense layer for classification */
    Dense<OUTPUT DIM, NB CLASS, SOFTMAX>
                                                                            dense (dense weight);
    for (int k = 0; k < N; k++)
#pragma HLS LOOP TRIPCOUNT min=1 max=1000
        /* generate the test vector */
       for (int i = 0; i < INPUT_LENGTH; i++)</pre>
           for( int j = 0; j < INPUT_DIM; j++)</pre>
#pragma HLS pipeline
               data[i][j] = sample[i*INPUT_DIM + j + k*INPUT_DIM*INPUT_LENGTH];
       /* the 1stm laver process */
       1stm nn.feedforward(data);
       /* the fully connected layer process*/
       dense.feedforward(lstm_nn.res);
       result[k] = utils find category (NB CLASS) (dense.res);
```

### ☐ Timing (ns)

### ■ Summary

Clock	Target	Estimated	Uncertainty
ap_clk	9.00	18.59	1.13

### Latency (clock cycles)

### ■ Summary

Latency		In	Interval	
min	max	min	max	Туре
105997	105996001	105998	105996002	none

### □ Detail

**⊞** Instance

± Loop

### **Jtilization Estimates**

### Summary

Name	BRAM_18K	DSP48E	FF	LUT
Expression	-	-	0	198
FIFO	-	-	-	-
Instance	0	58	25931	29523
Memory	2	-	192	25
Multiplexer	-	-	-	169
Register	-	-	286	-
Total	2	58	26409	29915
Available	1090	900	437200	218600
Utilization (%)	~0	6	6	13

# THANK YOU!

Q&A