

# Optimal transport for machine learning

Practical sessions

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Data Science Summer School (DS3) 2018, Paris, France

## A day in Optimal Transport

**09:00 - 10:30** Introduction to OT

**11:00 - 12:30** Practical session 1

1. Intro to OT with POT
2. Regularized OT with Sinkhorn
3. Word Mover's Distance on text

**14:00 - 15:30** Advanced OT

**16:00 - 17:30** Practical session 2

- Domain Adaptation on digits
- Color grading
- Wasserstein GAN

# Files and solution

## Get the files



Github repository:

[https://github.com/rflamary/OTML\\_DS3\\_2018](https://github.com/rflamary/OTML_DS3_2018)

All files:

[https://github.com/rflamary/OTML\\_DS3\\_2018/archive/master.zip](https://github.com/rflamary/OTML_DS3_2018/archive/master.zip)

## Solution for all practical sessions

[https://remi.flamary.com/cours/otml/solution\\_\[NUMBER\].zip](https://remi.flamary.com/cours/otml/solution_[NUMBER].zip)

Where [NUMBER] is replaced by the integer part of the value of the Wasserstein distance obtained in Practical Session 1 Part 1 using the Manhattan/Cityblock ground metric.

# Required Python libraries

## Install POT (Python Optimal Transport)

- On Anaconda (in terminal) :  
`conda install -c conda-forge pot`
- With pip (requires C compiler) :  
`pip install pot`
- Test install by executing:  
`import ot`

## Install Keras (optional, only for WGAN session)

- On anaconda (in terminal) :  
`conda install -c conda-forge keras`
- With pip (requires C compiler) :  
`pip install keras`

# Practical Session 1

## Bakeries



## Cafés



## Part 1: Intro to OT with POT

- File: 0\_Intro\_OT.ipynb
- Problem of Cafés and Bakeries (in Manhattan).
- Visualize the problem (on the map and in matrix form).
- Solve OT with different ground metrics.
- Interpret the OT matrix.

# Practical Session 1

## Bakeries



## Cafés



## Part 2: Implement Sinkhorn [Cuturi, 2013]

- File: 0\_Intro\_OT.ipynb
- Implement the Sinkhorn-Knopp loop.
- Interpret the OT matrix.

# Practical Session 1



## Part 3: Word Mover's Distance [Kusner et al., 2015]

- File: 4\_WMD.ipynb
- Reproduce figure above.
- Interpret the OT matrix on words.
- Perform regression for sentence similarity.

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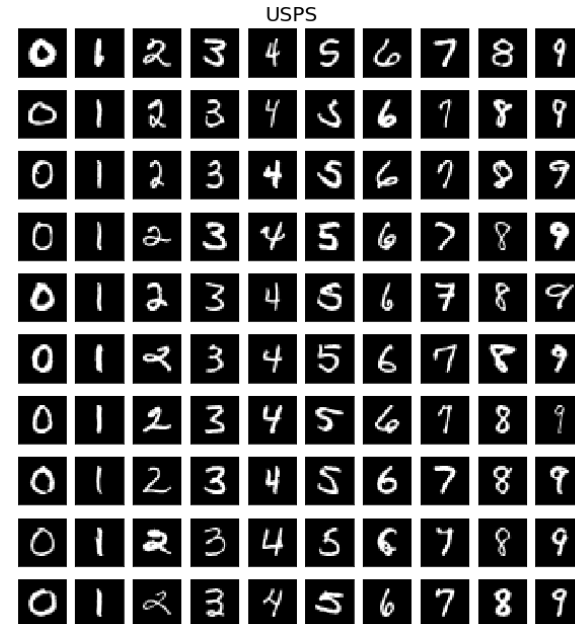
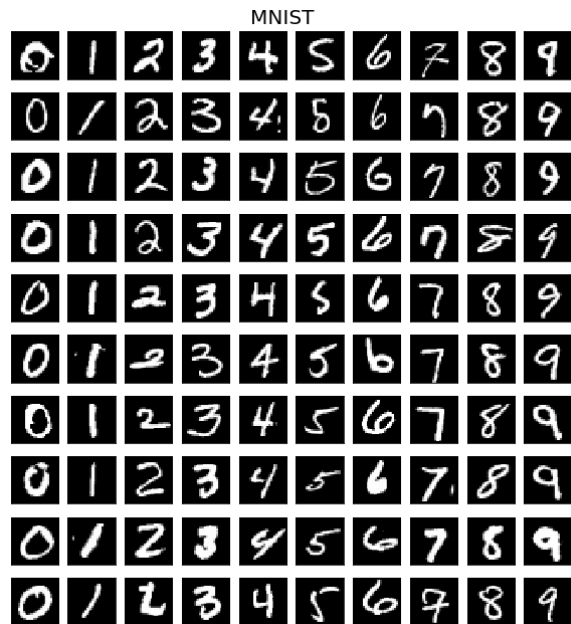
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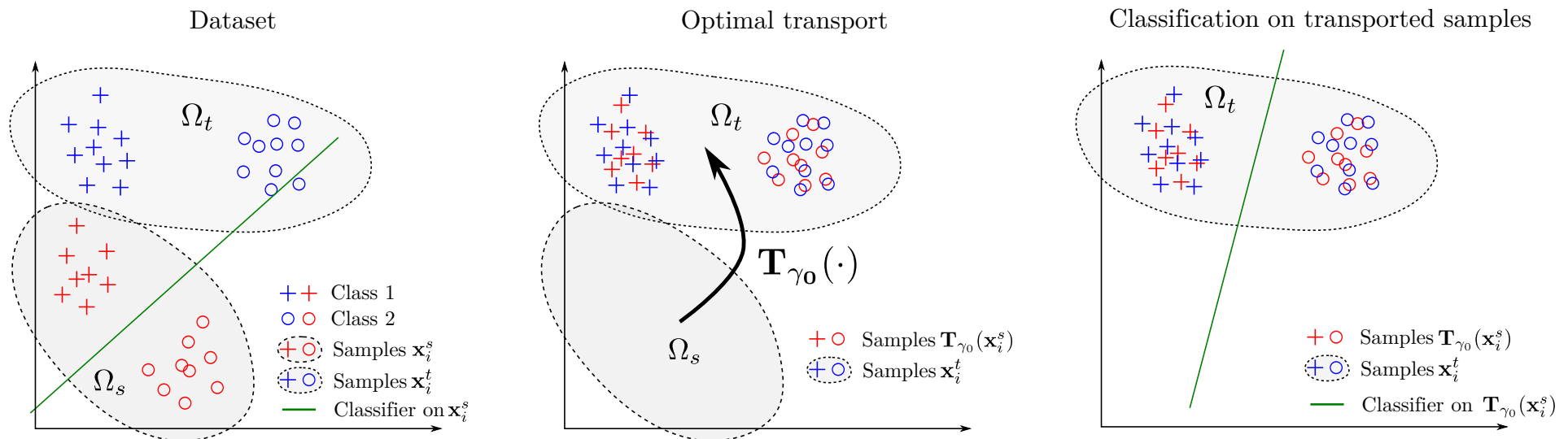
# Practical Session 2



## Domain adaptation with OT [Courty et al., 2016]

- File: 1\_DomainAdaptation.ipynb
- Adapting between MNIST and USPS digits datasets.
- Solve OT and apply approximate Monge Mapping.
- Look at displaced samples and train classifier.

# Practical Session 2



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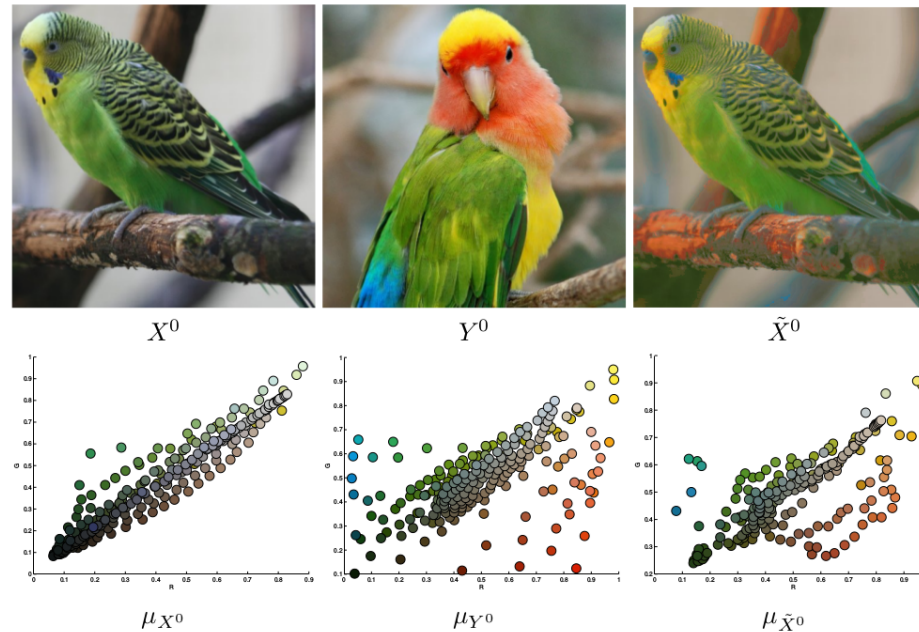
# Practical Session 2



## Color Grading [Ferradans et al., 2014]

- File: 2\_ColorGrading.ipynb
- Adapt between paintings from Gustav Klimt and Egon Schiele.
- Represent image as distribution of pixels in 3D.
- Compute OT and apply approximate Monge mapping.
- Reconstruct image.

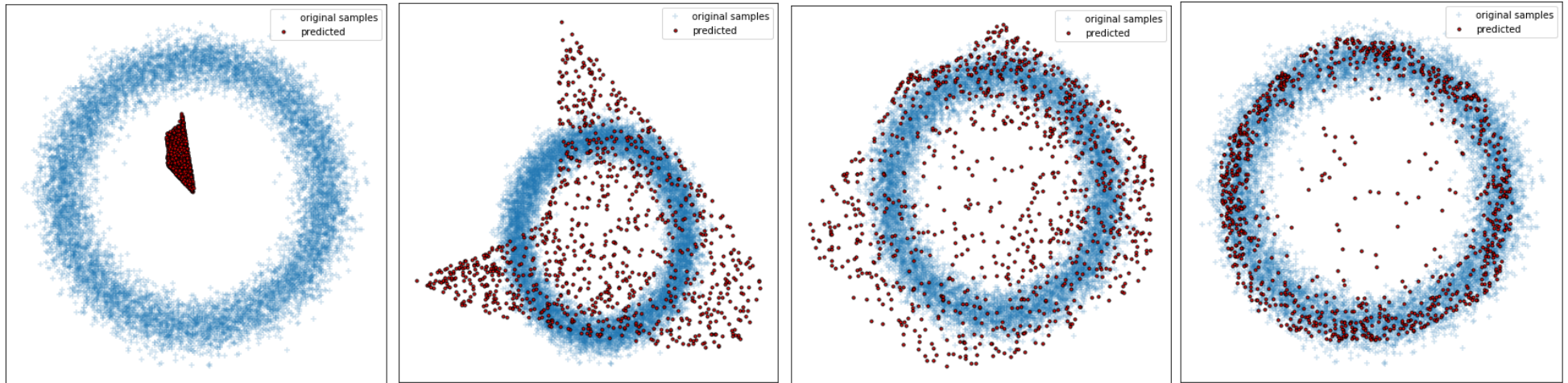
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# Practical Session 2



## Wasserstein GAN [Arjovsky et al., 2017]

- File: 3\_WGAN.ipynb
- Requires Keras and knowledge of neural networks.
- Design and learn Wasserstein GAN for 2D samples.
- Implement both original WGAN and improved WGAN (gradient penalty [Gulrajani et al., 2017]).
- Convergence in few minutes on laptops.



Arjovsky, M., Chintala, S., and Bottou, L. (2017).

**Wasserstein gan.**

*arXiv preprint arXiv:1701.07875.*



Courty, N., Flamary, R., Tuia, D., and Rakotomamonjy, A. (2016).

**Optimal transport for domain adaptation.**

*Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, IEEE Transactions on.*



Cuturi, M. (2013).

**Sinkhorn distances: Lightspeed computation of optimal transportation.**

*In Neural Information Processing Systems (NIPS), pages 2292–2300.*





Ferradans, S., Papadakis, N., Peyré, G., and Aujol, J.-F. (2014).

**Regularized discrete optimal transport.**

*SIAM Journal on Imaging Sciences*, 7(3).



Gulrajani, I., Ahmed, F., Arjovsky, M., Dumoulin, V., and Courville, A. C. (2017).

**Improved training of wasserstein gans.**

In *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems*, pages 5769–5779.



Kusner, M., Sun, Y., Kolkin, N., and Weinberger, K. (2015).

**From word embeddings to document distances.**

In *International Conference on Machine Learning*, pages 957–966.